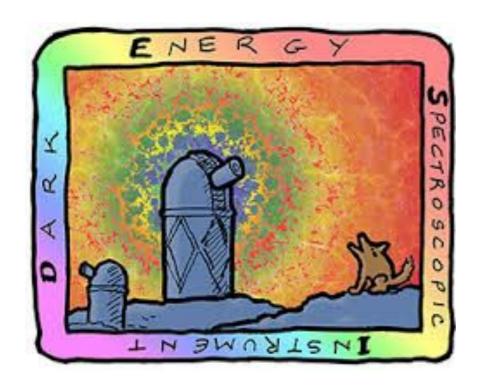
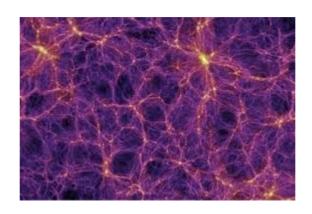
Lecture 1 Introductions

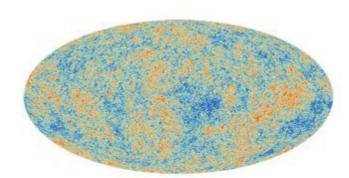
Ellie Kitanidis

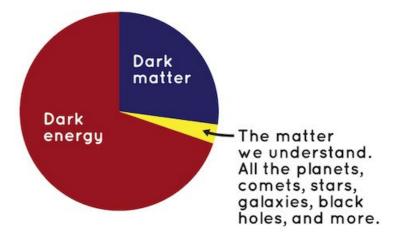
Stanford Pre-Collegiate Studies Summer Institutes, 2019

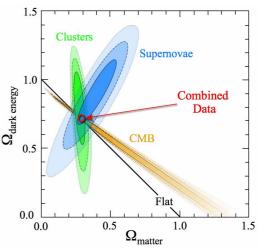
- Who am I?
 - Ellie Kitanidis ("kitten eat us")
 - Cosmologist, physics PhD at UC Berkeley
 - Was a physics major at Stanford University
 - My research:











• Who are you?

- Who are you?
 - Preferred name
 - If you want: preferred pronouns

- Who are you?
 - Preferred name
 - If you want: preferred pronouns
 - Grade (as of next fall)

- Who are you?
 - Preferred name
 - If you want: preferred pronouns
 - Grade (as of next fall)
 - Where you come from
 - One or more of the following:

- Who are you?
 - Preferred name
 - If you want: preferred pronouns
 - Grade (as of next fall)
 - Where you come from
 - One or more of the following:
 - If you woke up tomorrow as an animal, what animal would you want to be and why?

- Who are you?
 - Preferred name
 - If you want: preferred pronouns
 - Grade (as of next fall)
 - Where you come from
 - One or more of the following:
 - If you woke up tomorrow as an animal, what animal would you want to be and why?
 - If you could live in any movie or book, which would you choose and why?

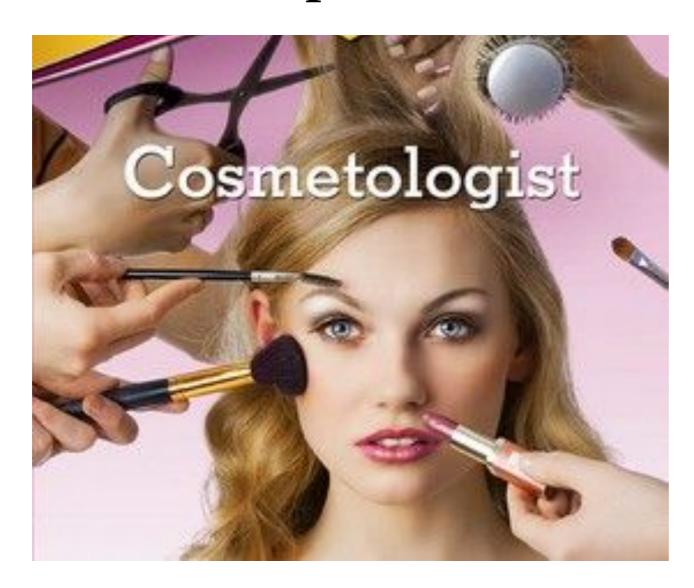
- Who are you?
 - Preferred name
 - If you want: preferred pronouns
 - Grade (as of next fall)
 - Where you come from
 - One or more of the following:
 - If you woke up tomorrow as an animal, what animal would you want to be and why?
 - If you could live in any movie or book, which would you choose and why?
 - If you had your own talk show, who would your first three guests be?

- Who are you?
 - Preferred name
 - If you want: preferred pronouns
 - Grade (as of next fall)
 - Where you come from
 - One or more of the following:
 - If you woke up tomorrow as an animal, what animal would you want to be and why?
 - If you could live in any movie or book, which would you choose and why?
 - If you had your own talk show, who would your first three guests be?
 - Or any fact about yourself!

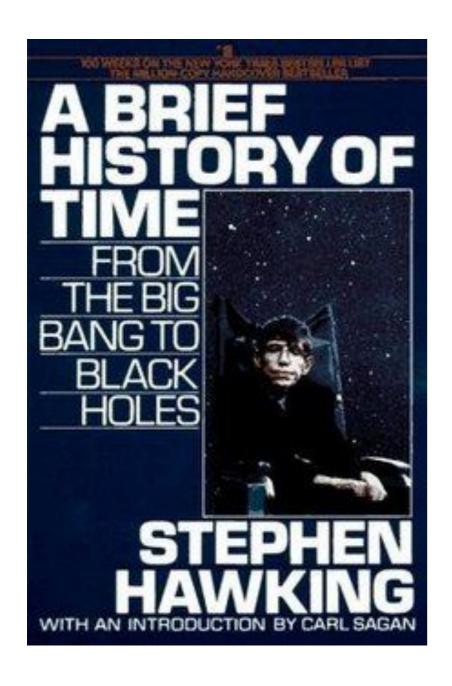
• What is cosmology?

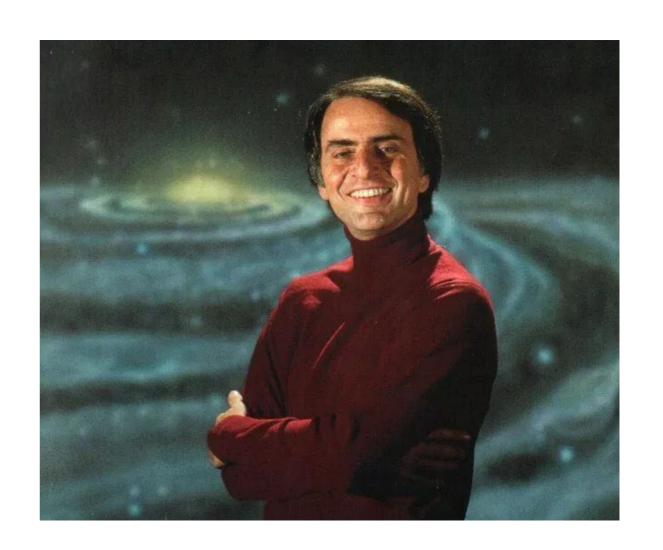
• What is cosmology?

Not makeup and hair!



• What is cosmology?







• What is cosmology?

Ancient Greek for "study of the world"

κόσμος + λογία

• What is cosmology?

The branch of physics devoted to understanding the structure, dynamics, composition, origin, and fate of the universe.

A brief history of cosmology

COSMOLOGY MARCHES ON



www.sciencefry.com



• The universe has structure on so many different scales:

- The universe has structure on so many different scales:
 - Subatomic particles

- The universe has structure on so many different scales:
 - Subatomic particles
 - Atoms and molecules

- The universe has structure on so many different scales:
 - Subatomic particles
 - Atoms and molecules
 - You and me

- The universe has structure on so many different scales:
 - Subatomic particles
 - Atoms and molecules
 - You and me
 - Planets orbiting stars

- The universe has structure on so many different scales:
 - Subatomic particles
 - Atoms and molecules
 - You and me
 - Planets orbiting stars
 - Stars in galaxies

- The universe has structure on so many different scales:
 - Subatomic particles
 - Atoms and molecules
 - You and me
 - Planets orbiting stars
 - Stars in galaxies
 - Galaxies in galaxy clusters

- The universe has structure on so many different scales:
 - Subatomic particles
 - Atoms and molecules
 - You and me
 - Planets orbiting stars
 - Stars in galaxies
 - Galaxies in galaxy clusters
 - The Cosmic Web great walls, filements, and voids

- The universe has structure on so many different scales:
 - Subatomic particles
 - Atoms and molecules
 - You and me
 - Planets orbiting stars
 - Stars in galaxies
 - Galaxies in galaxy clusters
 - The Cosmic Web great walls, filements, and voids

• On cosmological scales, it's all about gravity.

- On cosmological scales, it's all about gravity.
 - Strong force: short range (10⁻¹⁵ m or less)

- On cosmological scales, it's all about gravity.
 - Strong force: short range (10⁻¹⁵ m or less)
 - Weak force: short range (10⁻¹⁸ m or less)

- On cosmological scales, it's all about gravity.
 - Strong force: short range (10⁻¹⁵ m or less)
 - Weak force: short range (10⁻¹⁸ m or less)
 - Electromagnetism: long range, but universe is charge neutral on large scales!

Course info

Syllabus

Final projects

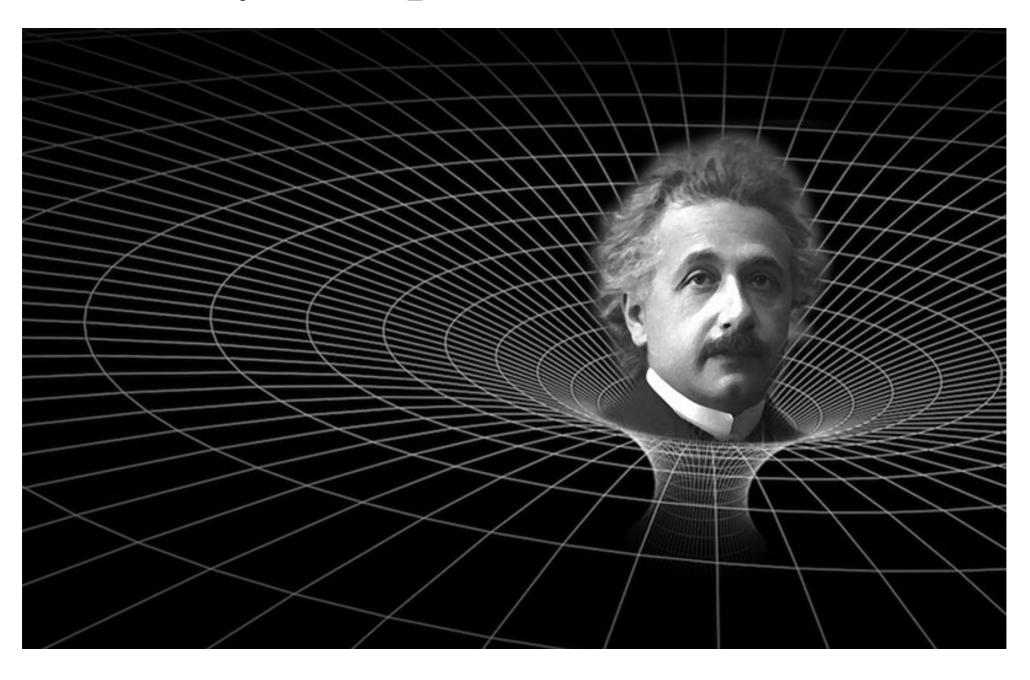
Course website:

ekitanidis.github.io/cosmo-spcs

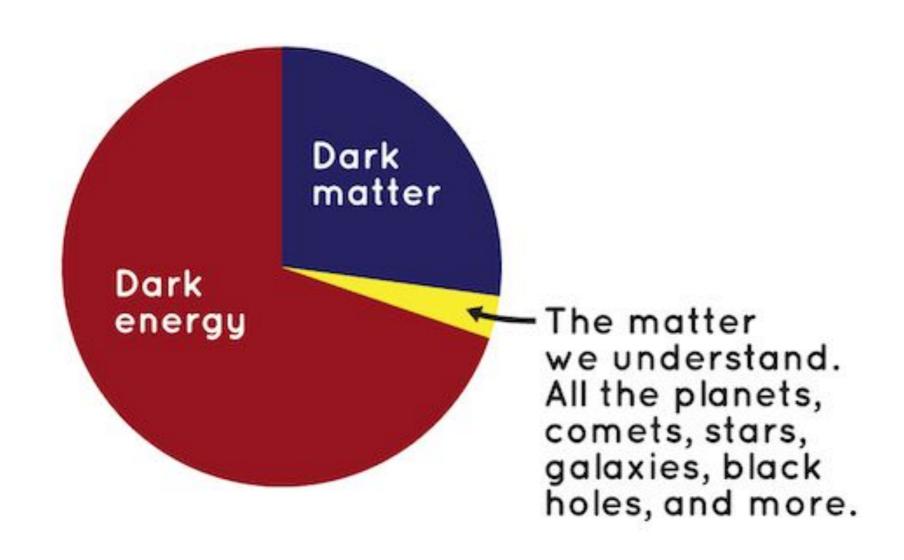
Course methodology

- Ask questions!
 - Good reasons to ask a question:
 - You want to know the answer
 - You are confused
 - Not-so-good reason to ask a question:
 - To sound smart and impressive
- Take advantage of resources:
 - Check out list of supplementary material
 - Talk to your TAs
 - Talk to your classmates
- Let me know if the content or pace need to be adjusted!

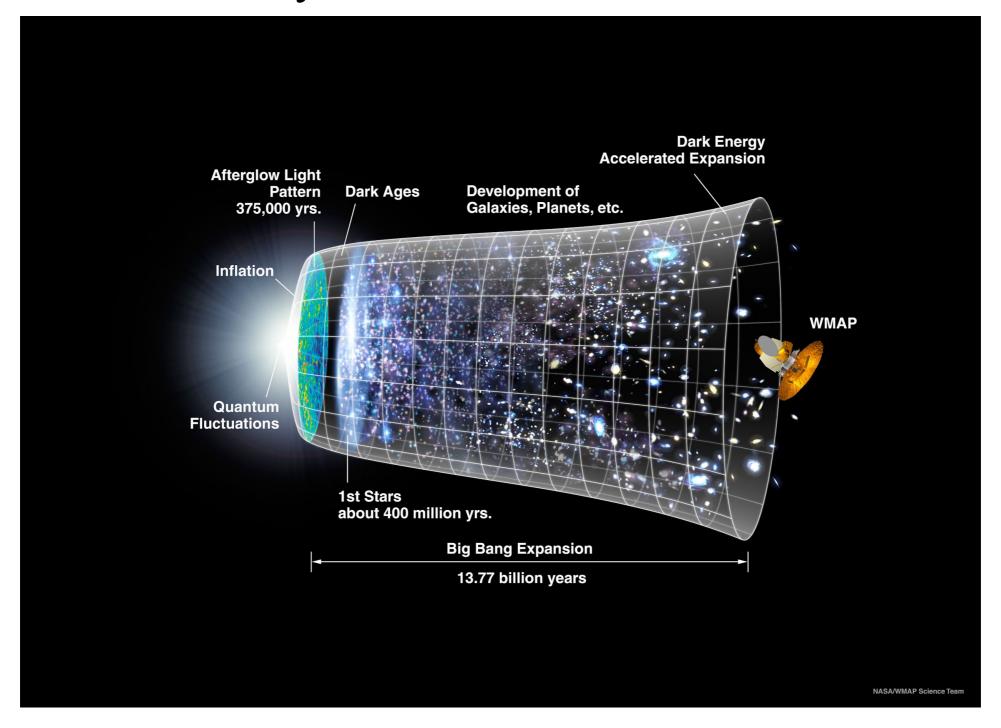
• Relativity and spacetime



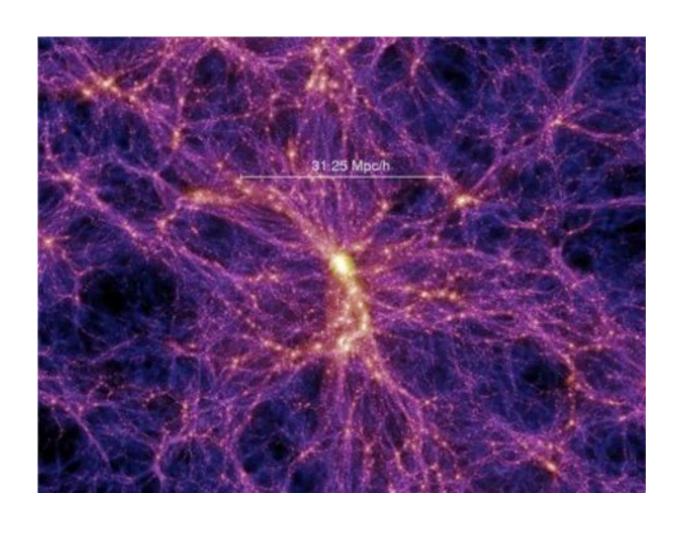
• Dark energy and dark matter



• The history of the universe

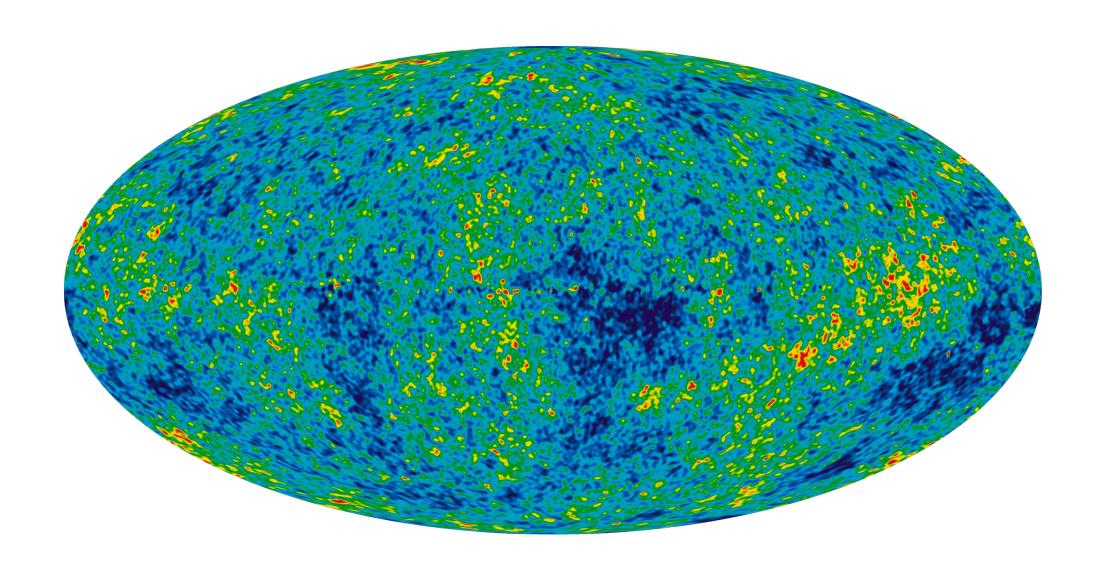


• Large-scale structure and galaxy formation





• The "first light" of the universe



Course topics overview

Modern methods of observation



Field trips and special events

- Guest lecture by Professor Risa Wechshler
- Field trip to SLAC with tour of VizLab
- Liquid nitrogen ice cream party with Stanford physics majors

Powers of Ten (1977 film)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0fKBhvDjuy0

An order of magnitude is an approximate measure of the number of digits that a number has in the base-ten number system.

Earth $\sim 10^7$ m Solar System $\sim 10^{13}$ m Milky Way galaxy $\sim 10^{16}$ m Visible universe $\sim 10^{26}$ m

How many orders of magnitude bigger than Earth is our Solar System?

How many "times" bigger is it?

Earth $\sim 10^7$ m Solar System $\sim 10^{13}$ m Milky Way galaxy $\sim 10^{16}$ m Visible universe $\sim 10^{26}$ m

How many orders of magnitude bigger than Earth is our Solar System? Answer: 6

How many "times" bigger is it?

Answer: 1,000,000x

Earth $\sim 10^7$ m Solar System $\sim 10^{13}$ m Milky Way galaxy $\sim 10^{16}$ m Visible universe $\sim 10^{26}$ m

How many orders of magnitude bigger than our solar system is our galaxy?

How many "times" bigger is it?

Earth $\sim 10^7$ m Solar System $\sim 10^{13}$ m Milky Way galaxy $\sim 10^{16}$ m Visible universe $\sim 10^{26}$ m

How many orders of magnitude bigger than our solar system is our galaxy? Answer: 3

How many "times" bigger is it?

Answer: 1,000x

Earth $\sim 10^7$ m Solar System $\sim 10^{13}$ m Milky Way galaxy $\sim 10^{16}$ m Visible universe $\sim 10^{26}$ m

How many orders of magnitude bigger than the visible universe is our galaxy?

How many "times" bigger is it?

Earth $\sim 10^7$ m Solar System $\sim 10^{13}$ m Milky Way galaxy $\sim 10^{16}$ m Visible universe $\sim 10^{26}$ m

How many orders of magnitude bigger than the visible universe is our galaxy? Answer: 10

How many "times" bigger is it?

Answer: 10,000,000,000x

Earth diameter $\sim 1.5 \times 10^7$ m Speed of light $\sim 3 \times 10^5$ km/s

How many Earths, side by side, would light travel past in one second?

No calculators. Watch the units!

Earth diameter $\sim 1.5 \times 10^7$ m Speed of light $\sim 3 \times 10^5$ km/s

How many Earths, side by side, would light travel past in one second?

No calculators. Watch the units!

Answer: about 20

Earth diameter $\sim 1.5 \times 10^7$ m Speed of light $\sim 3 \times 10^5$ km/s

How many Earths, side by side, would light travel past in one <u>year</u>? Round to the nearest order of magnitude.

Hint: There are $60 \times 60 = 3600$ seconds in an hour.

Earth diameter $\sim 1.5 \times 10^7$ m Speed of light $\sim 3 \times 10^5$ km/s

How many Earths, side by side, would light travel past in one <u>year</u>? Round to the nearest order of magnitude.

Hint: There are $60 \times 60 = 3600$ seconds in an hour.

Answer: about 1,000,000,000.

Mount Everest is 29,029 feet tall. Estimate Mount Everest's height by rewriting it as a number in the form $x \times 10^y$, where x and y are single digit numbers.

Mount Everest is 29,029 feet tall. Estimate Mount Everest's height by rewriting it as a number in the form $x \times 10^y$, where x and y are single digit numbers.

Answer: 3×10^4

Dimensional Analysis is a problem-solving method that uses the fact that any number or expression can be multiplied by one without changing its value.

A physics teacher spends 5 minutes grading 1 student's lab. She has 150 students who turn in lab papers for each lab.

If we do 25 labs in class, how many minutes will she spend grading lab papers?

Eggs are shipped from a poultry farm in trucks. Each carton of eggs holds 12 eggs. The cartons of eggs are then placed in a crate that holds 20 cartons. The cartons are packed in trucks that carry 3125 crates of eggs.

How many truckloads will it take to carry 3.75 x 10⁶ eggs?

In the average US household, the television is on 6.75 hours a day. How many hours will have passed after 77.7 years (the average life expectancy of an American)?

Jonathan raised 60 goats, then entered into a series of business transactions. He traded all the goats for sheep at an exchange rate of 5 goats for 7 sheep. Next, he exchanged all the sheep for hogs at a rate of 4 sheep for 2 hogs. How many hogs did he get?

On average, there are 3 pages in every chapter of a James Patterson novel. Each book has approximately 79 chapters. James Patterson has published 58 books. Approximately how many pages has James Patterson written?

Units of Cosmology

Distance:

```
Mpc = 10<sup>6</sup> pc
Where 1 pc ("parsec") = 20 trillion miles !!!
[Why Mpc? Typical scale of galaxy clusters]
```

Ly (light year)
Distance light travels in a year ~ 6 x 10¹² mi

Masses:

Solar Mass (> 300,000 x Earth mass)

Math Survey

https://forms.gle/NY7qFwDuooVTFhKG9