

# Typical magnetic field stability in the Meson Hall

New source meeting

10/09/2019

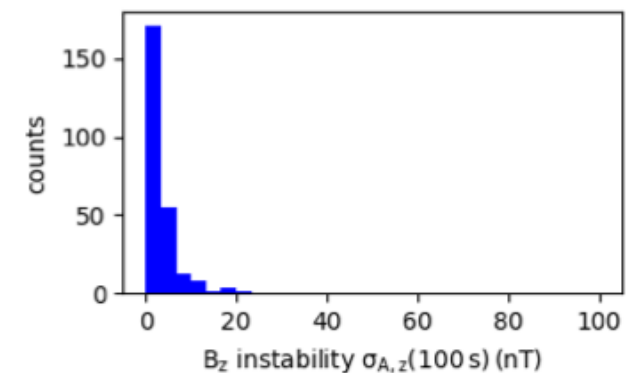
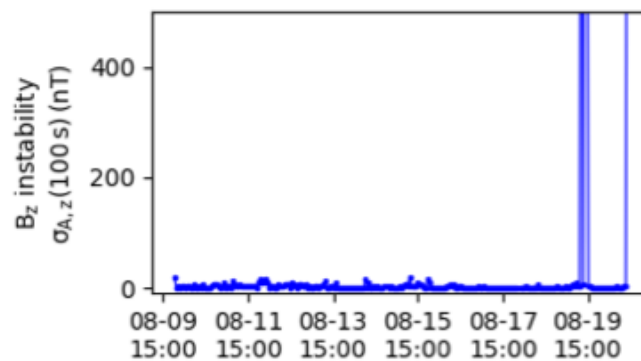
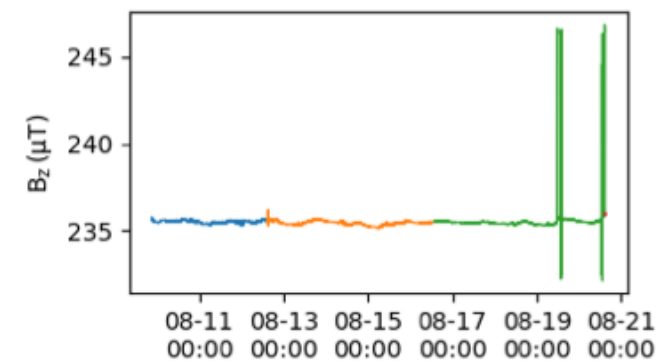
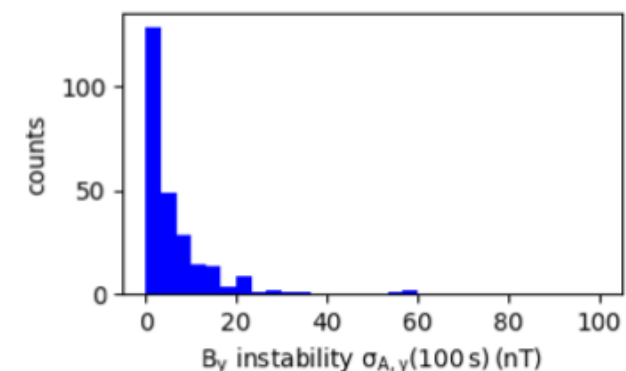
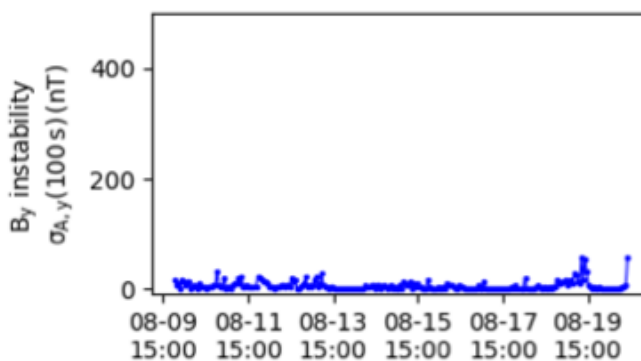
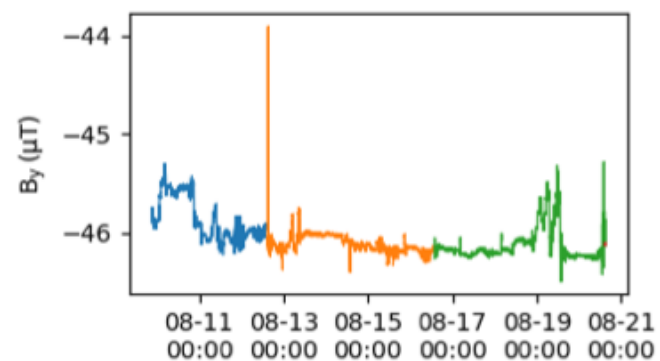
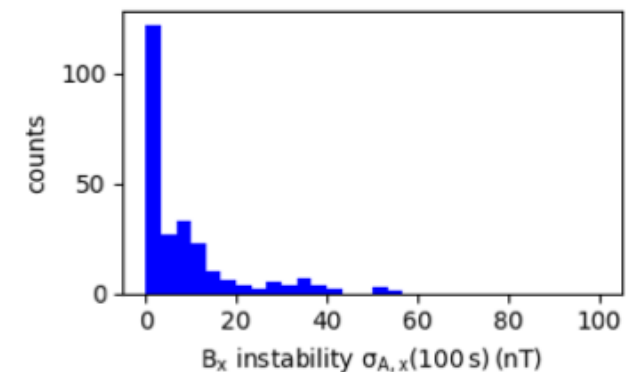
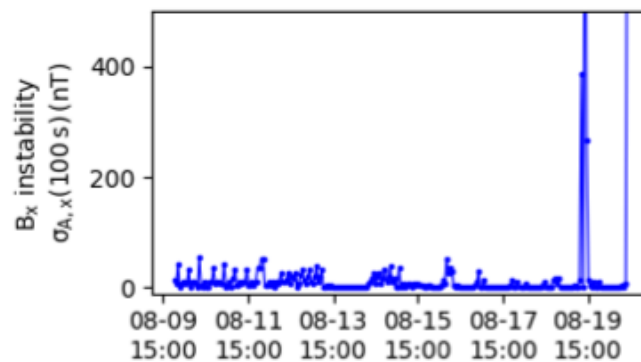
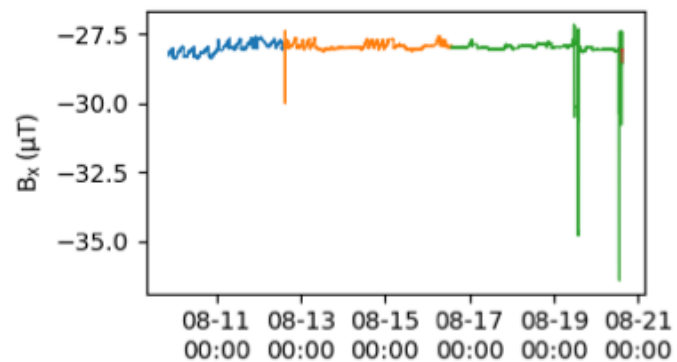
Takashi Higuchi

# Contents

- Evaluation of magnetic field stability by the probe used for mapping, read out by three commercial DMMs
- Why not use the five-sensor monitoring system?
  - Some of them have noise with amplitudes on the order of 10 nT
- The probe monitored at a fixed probe position  $(u,v,w) \simeq (20\text{cm}, 110\text{cm}, 200\text{cm})$   
(On the SCM plate, I will write down a more precise number later)
- Duration: from the 9<sup>th</sup> of August to around the 5<sup>th</sup> of September  
Data in this report contains only until the 21<sup>st</sup> of August. Will be extended as soon as I recuperate the data

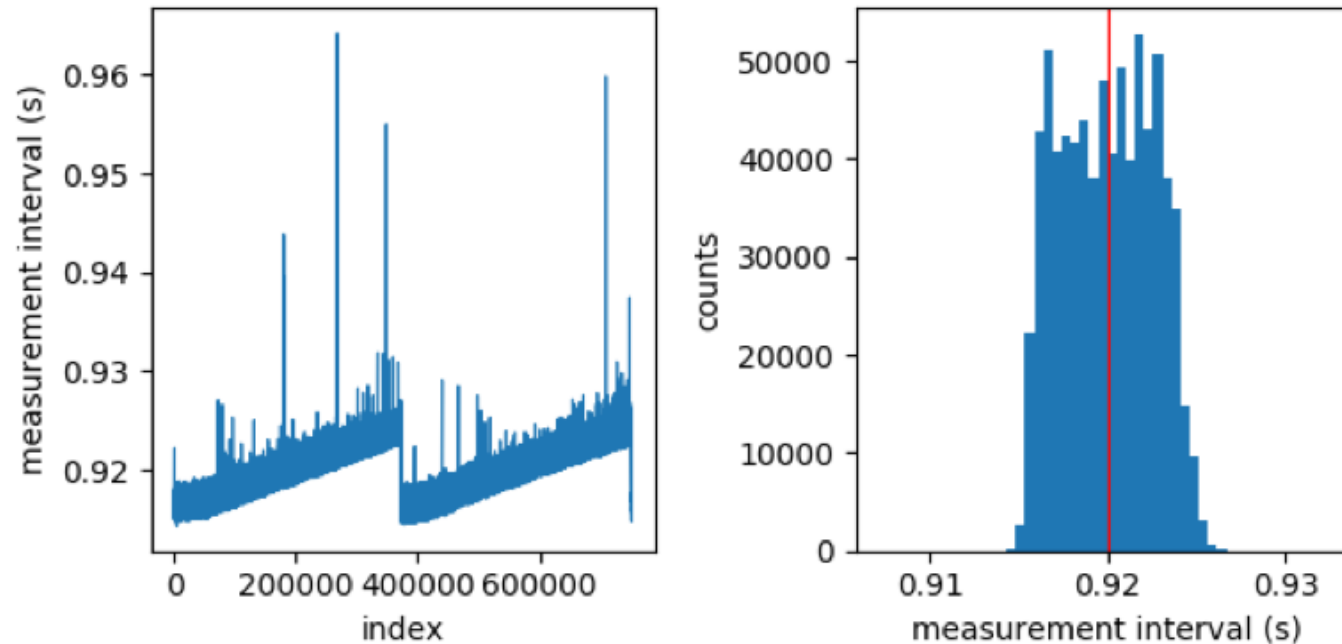
## Data evaluation method:

cut data with 1-hour time windows, and evaluate 100s Allan deviation in each window



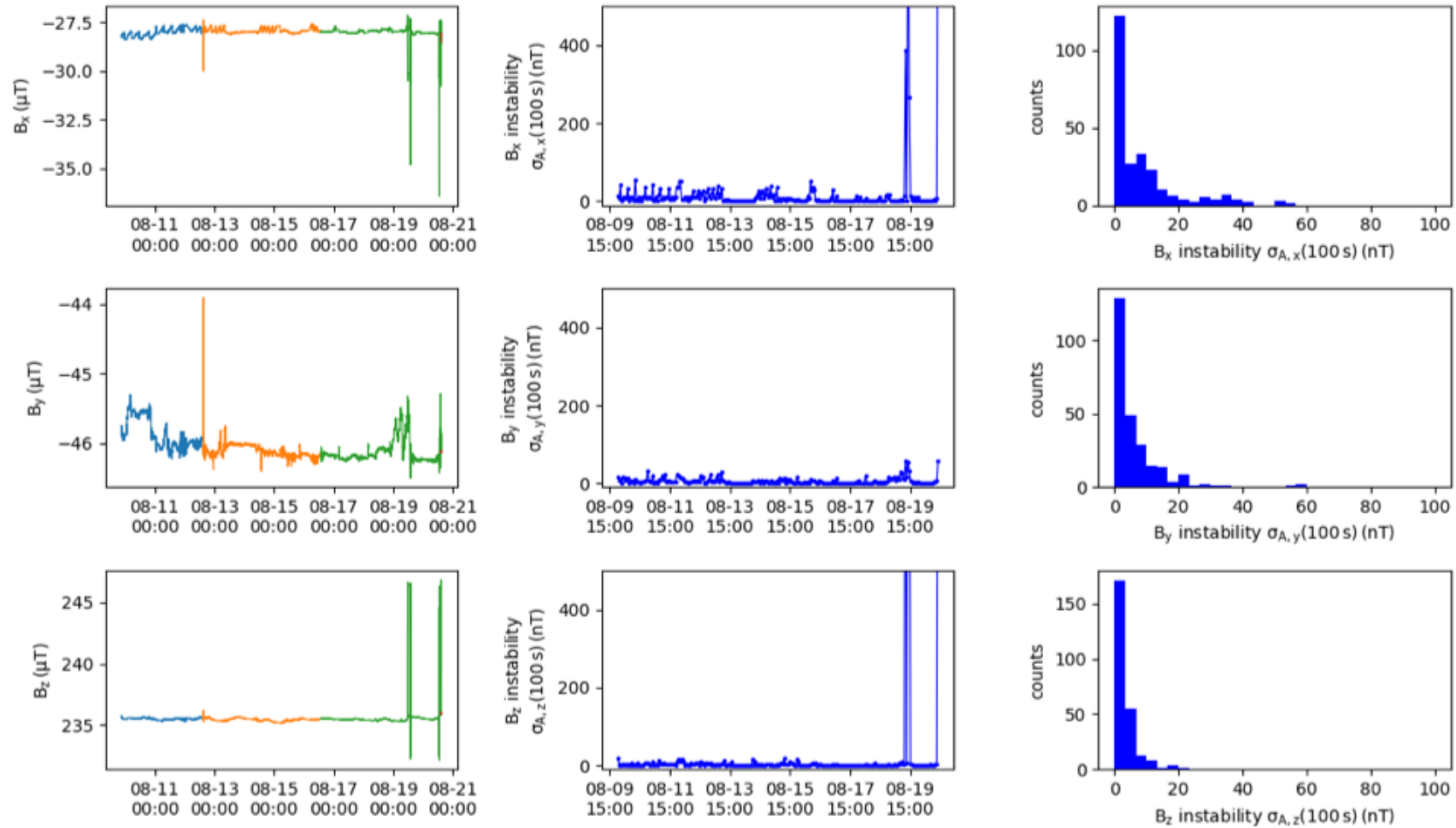
- The jumps are by the crane
- Typical 100s stability

# Check sampling interval



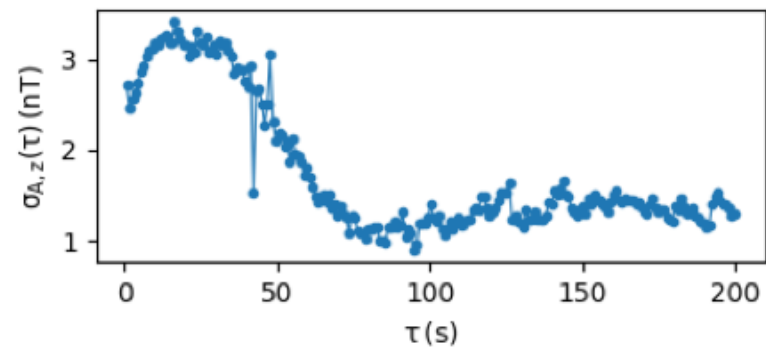
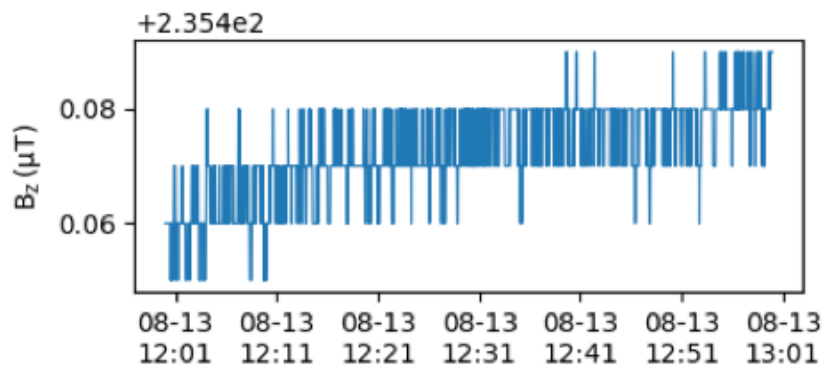
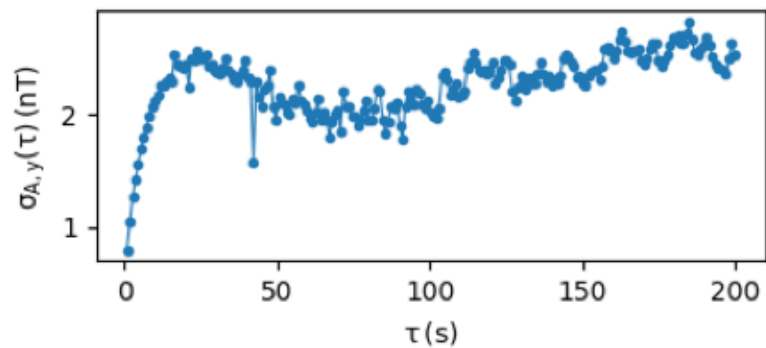
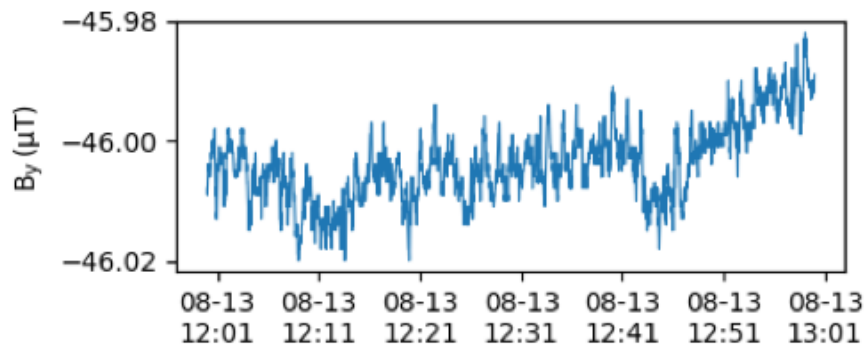
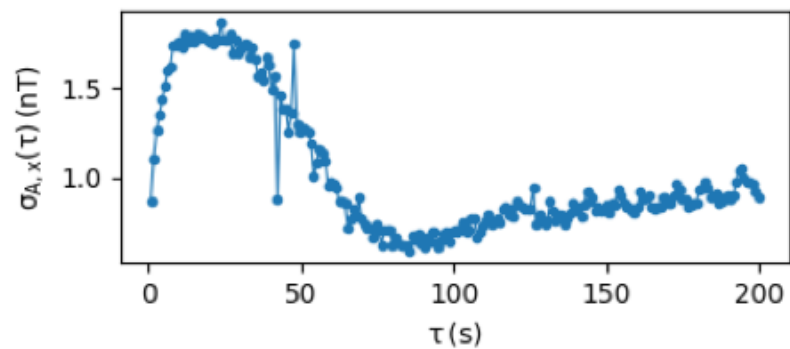
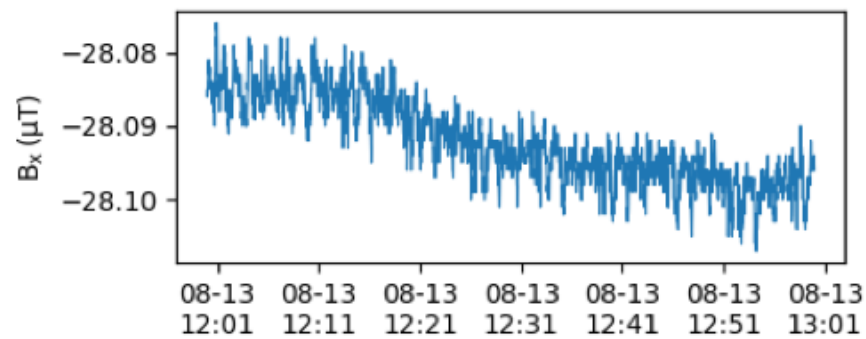
- For some reason the sampling interval drifted
- Cut with  $5 \cdot \sigma$   $\rightarrow$  average : 0.91998 s
- $N_A = 100$  ( $\tau = 100.242$ ) was used to evaluate 100s stability

# Transient of 100s magnetic field ADEV

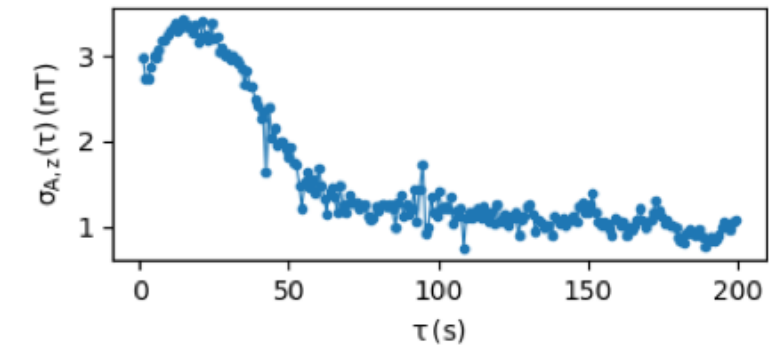
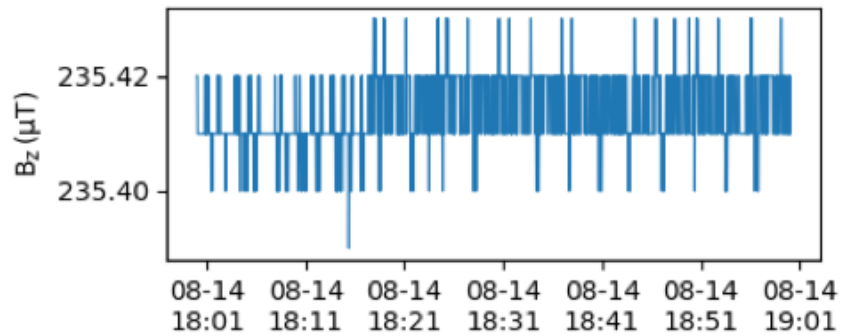
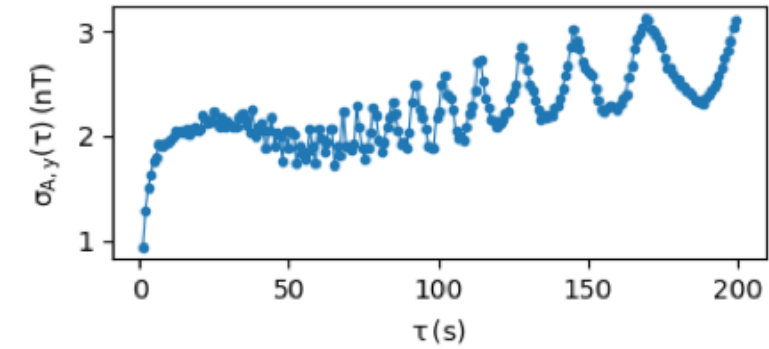
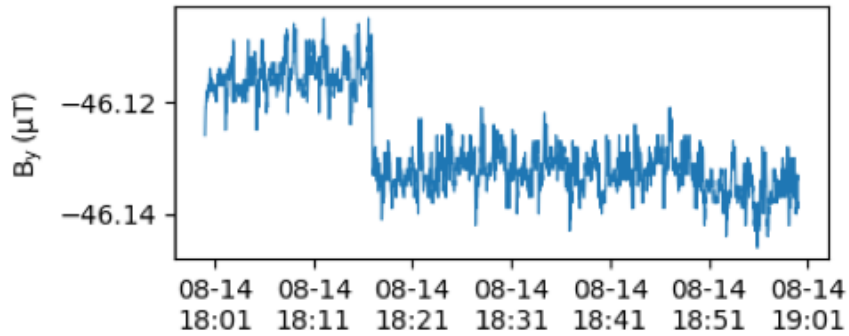
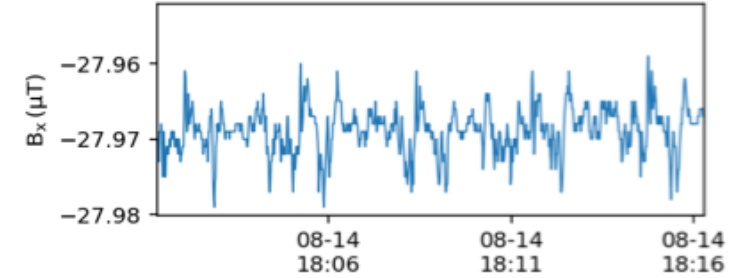
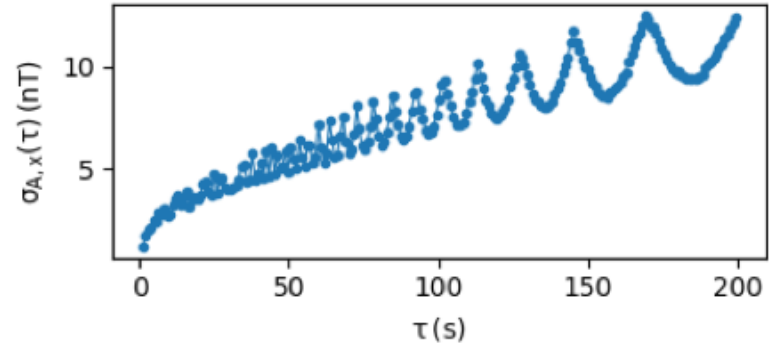
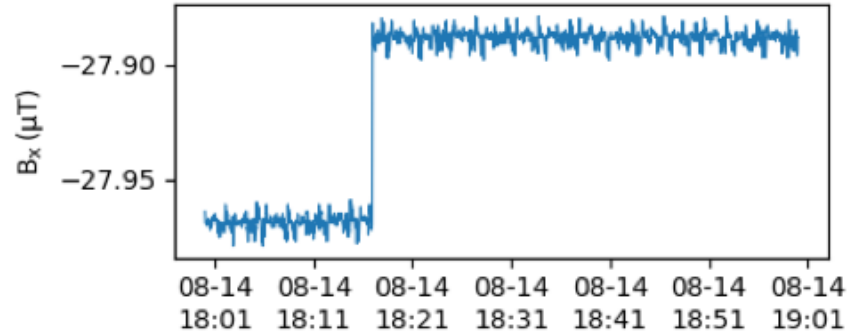


- Horizontal components are more unstable <- from experiments and beamline components
- Typically  $< 60$  nT for horizontal,  $< 30$  nT for vertical  $\rightarrow |B|$  fluctuation  $< 90$  nT

# Aug. 13 12:00-13:00 (stable)



# Aug. 14 18:00-19:00 (oscillations)



# Aug. 14 20:00-21:00 (M20 steps+oscillations)

