

Think-Pair-Share

- Get into pairs and share at least one of your research questions
- Does your question:
 - generalize beyond one instance?
 - apply to groups instead of a specific person/event?
 - examine empirically observable patterns?
- Does your research question:
 - elicit more than a yes/no response?
 - add to what we already know about a topic
 - answerable with a simulation (brainstorm)
- Is your question:
 - feasible?
 - socially important?
 - scientifically relevant?

Annotated Bibliography

- Search recent literature for topic (2010-present)
- Resources:
 - Duke library sociology guide: https://guides.library.duke.edu/c.php?g=613305&p=4261020
 - Annual Review of Sociology: https://www.annualreviews.org/journal/soc
 - University of Washington libraries annotated bibliography guide: https://guides.lib.uw.edu/research/iss/bibliography

Finding Sources

- Google Scholar
- Duke Libraries→ Research Databases → Sociology Database
- Duke Libraries→ Research Databases → JSTOR
- Duke Libraries→ Research DB → Academic Search Complete
- Follow articles that cite an article you found.
- Look up citations that appear often in other articles



https://scholar.google.com/

Example walkthrough

How to read social research

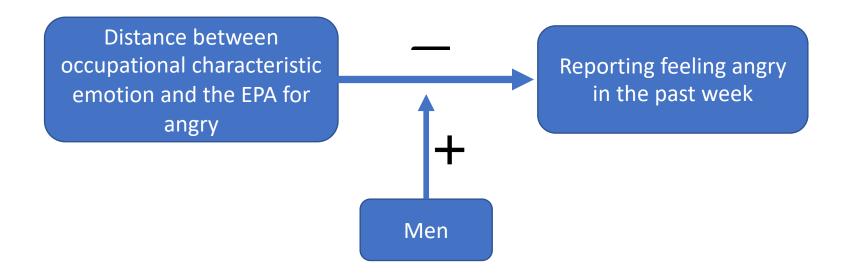
- Begin with the abstract.
 - Summary of a research article.
 - Usually begins the article and states the purpose, methods used, and major findings.
- Skim the piece.
- Read the conclusion to get a good sense of what it is about.
- Form questions as you read and take notes.

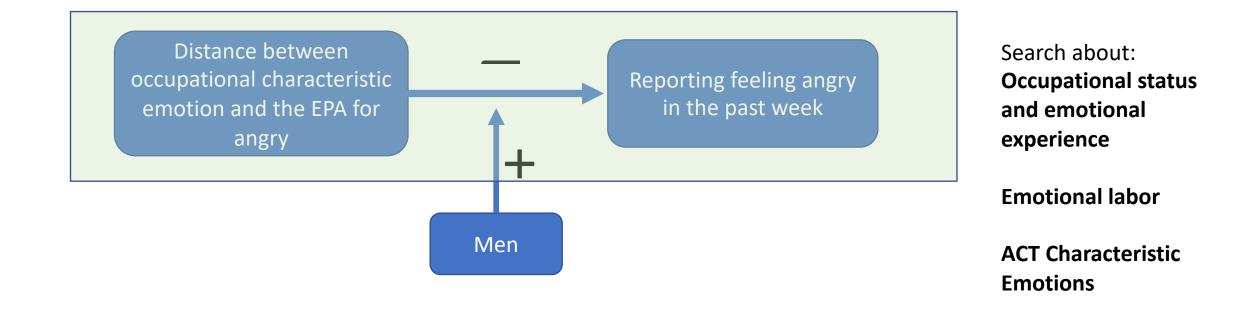


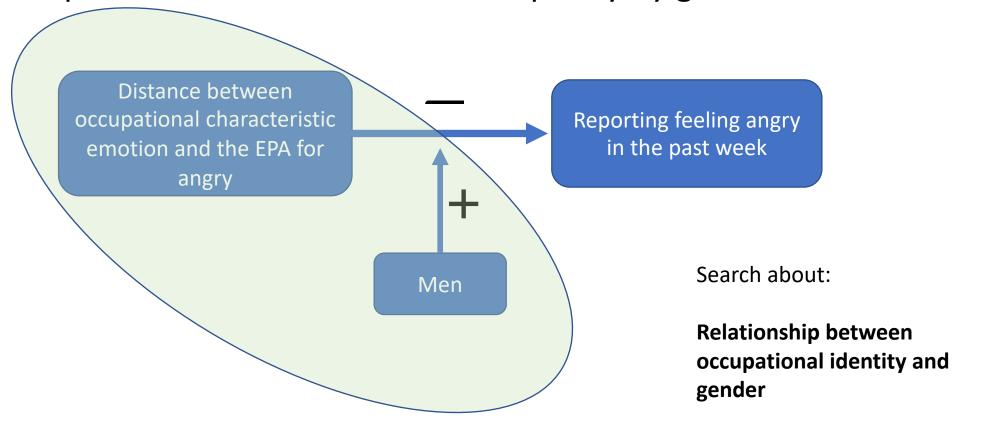
Ask yourself...

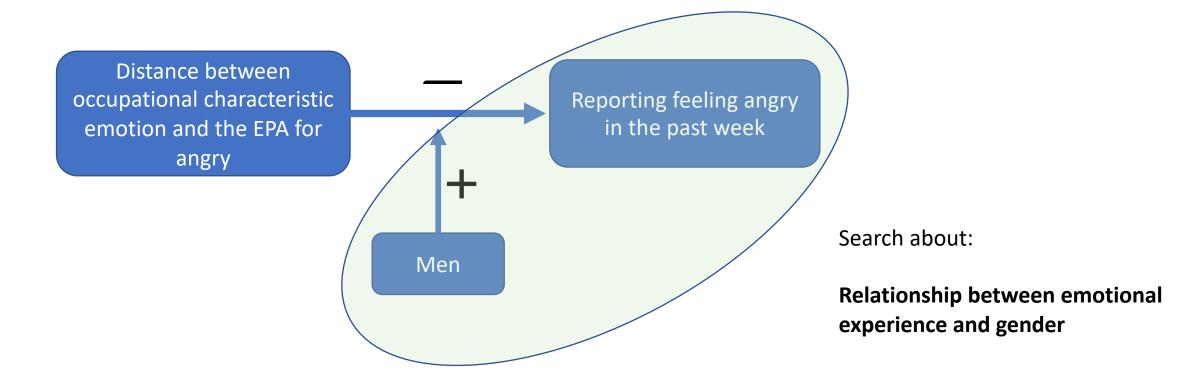
- What was the author(s) research question?
- Was their method adequate to answer the research question?
- Did the article largely agree with prior literature or point out an issue with prior research?
 - If the former, how does it extend our prior knowledge?
 - If the latter, has the debate been resolved or is the debate still active?
- How applicable are the findings to what you want to study? Does it contribute more to your substantive topic or possible methods?











Types of sources

Background source

- Generally accepted information about the topic
- Providing definitions of concepts, statistics

Argument source

- Providing evidence to support your hypothesis / overall argument
- Show existing viewpoints in the literature

Theory source

 Sociological theories and ideas (classic – Marx, Goffman, Weber; contemporary – ACT!)

Method source

 Justify your method, how to measure something, why do a simulation, ACT inner workings

Citation – APA Format

- <u>Journal articles</u> should follow this format:
 Author, A. A., Author, B. B., & Author, C. C. (Year). Title of
 article. *Title of Periodical, volume number* (issue number), pages.
- <u>Books</u> should follow this format:
 Author, A. A. (Year of publication). *Title of work: Capital letter also for subtitle*. Location: Publisher.
- <u>Chapters in edited book</u> should follow this format:
 Author, A. A., & Author, B. B. (Year of publication). Title of chapter.
 In A. A. Editor & B. B. Editor (Eds.), *Title of book* (pages of chapter).
 Location: Publisher.

Citation – APA Format

- Government document:
 - Name of Organization or Agency. (Year of publication). *Title of publication* (Report No. XXX). Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office.
- Report from Organization
 Name of Organization. (Year of Publication). Title of publication. Organization's base city: Author (or organization if no author).

Zotero example

https://www.zotero.org/

• Guide: https://guides.lib.berkeley.edu/zotero

Annotated Bibliography Assignment

- Choose one research question based on your conversation with your partner or a broad topic that covers one or two of your questions
- 15-20 sources
- Rubric on the website
- Email to em.k.maloney@duke.edu by midnight on March 10