Homework #7

Solve Kepler's equation with Newton's method.

The Kepler equation is $M = E - e \sin E$, where M is the mean anomaly (linear in time), E the eccentric anomaly, and e the eccentricity. The distance from the sun is $r = a(1 - e \cos E)$. Use a reasonable criterion to decide how many iterations are necessary. Test the program with exact solutions. Use e = 0.9671, appropriate for Halley's comet. Calculate the time average of $(a/r)^2$, which the mean solar flux is proportional to. (This average can be obtained analytically, but the task here is to obtain it numerically.)

Exercise

(Not for credit, but a preparation for next week's homework.)

This is a quick familiarization exercise for one of the computational resources we have at IfA and for basic Linux.

Log into node31

ssh username@node31.ifa.hawaii.edu

The login credentials are the same as on galileo, and the home directory is the same as well.

Copy your program onto node31, e.g. with

scp filename username@node31.ifa.hawaii.edu:

The colon at the end indicates that the last argument is not a filename but a remote machine.

Run the program (here called a.out), redirect the output to a temporary file tmp, and send the job in the background with &

a.out > tmp &

Copy the output back to your machine.