

# Embedding of the Theory of Abstract Objects in Isabelle/HOL

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## Abstract

This document constitutes a core contribution of the MSc project of Daniel Kirchner. The supervisor of this project is Christoph Benzmüller. The project idea results from an ongoing collaboration between Benzmüller and Zalta since 2015 and from the Computational Metaphysics lecture course held at FU Berlin in 2016.

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# 1 Representation Layer

## 1.1 Primitives

**typedecl**  $i$  — possible worlds

**typedecl**  $j$  — states

**consts**  $dw :: i$  — actual world

**consts**  $dj :: j$  — actual state

**typedecl**  $\omega$  — ordinary objects

**typedecl**  $\sigma$  — special urelements

**datatype**  $v = \omega v \ \omega \mid \sigma v \ \sigma$  — urelements

## 1.2 Derived Types

**typedef**  $o = UNIV :: (j \Rightarrow i \Rightarrow bool)$  *set*

**morphisms** *evalo makeo ..* — truth values

**type-synonym**  $\Pi_0 = o$  — zero place relations

**typedef**  $\Pi_1 = UNIV :: (v \Rightarrow j \Rightarrow i \Rightarrow bool)$  *set*

**morphisms** *eval $\Pi_1$  make $\Pi_1$  ..* — one place relations

**typedef**  $\Pi_2 = UNIV :: (v \Rightarrow v \Rightarrow j \Rightarrow i \Rightarrow bool)$  *set*

**morphisms** *eval $\Pi_2$  make $\Pi_2$  ..* — two place relations

**typedef**  $\Pi_3 = UNIV :: (v \Rightarrow v \Rightarrow v \Rightarrow j \Rightarrow i \Rightarrow bool)$  *set*

**morphisms** *eval $\Pi_3$  make $\Pi_3$  ..* — three place relations

**type-synonym**  $\alpha = \Pi_1$  *set* — abstract objects

**datatype**  $\nu = \omega \nu \ \omega \mid \alpha \nu \ \alpha$  — individuals

**typedef**  $\kappa = UNIV :: (\nu \text{ option})$  *set*

**morphisms** *eval $\kappa$  make $\kappa$  ..* — individual terms

**setup-lifting** *type-definition-o*

**setup-lifting** *type-definition- $\kappa$*

**setup-lifting** *type-definition- $\Pi_1$*   
**setup-lifting** *type-definition- $\Pi_2$*   
**setup-lifting** *type-definition- $\Pi_3$*

### 1.3 Individual Terms and Definite Descriptions

**lift-definition**  $\nu\kappa :: \nu \Rightarrow \kappa \text{ } (-^P \text{ } [90] \text{ } 90)$  is *Some* .  
**lift-definition** *proper* ::  $\kappa \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  is *op*  $\neq$  *None* .  
**lift-definition** *rep* ::  $\kappa \Rightarrow \nu$  is *the* .

**lift-definition** *that*:: $(\nu \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow \kappa$  (**binder**  $\iota$   $[8]$   $9$ ) is  
 $\lambda \varphi . \text{ if } (\exists ! x . (\varphi x) \text{ } dj \text{ } dw)$   
 $\text{ then } \text{Some } (THE x . (\varphi x) \text{ } dj \text{ } dw)$   
 $\text{ else } \text{None} .$

### 1.4 Mapping from Individuals to Urelements

**consts**  $\alpha\sigma :: \alpha \Rightarrow \sigma$   
**axiomatization** **where**  $\alpha\sigma\text{-surj}$ : *surj*  $\alpha\sigma$   
**definition**  $\nu\nu :: \nu \Rightarrow \nu$  **where**  $\nu\nu \equiv \text{case-}\nu \text{ } \omega\nu \text{ } (\sigma\nu \circ \alpha\sigma)$

### 1.5 Exemplification of n-place-Relations.

**lift-definition** *exel*:: $\Pi_0 \Rightarrow o$  ( $(\lfloor \cdot \rfloor)$ ) is *id* .  
**lift-definition** *exel*:: $\Pi_1 \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow o$  ( $(\lfloor \cdot, \cdot \rfloor)$ ) is  
 $\lambda F x s w . (\text{proper } x) \wedge F (\nu\nu (\text{rep } x)) s w .$   
**lift-definition** *exel*:: $\Pi_2 \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow o$  ( $(\lfloor \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \rfloor)$ ) is  
 $\lambda F x y s w . (\text{proper } x) \wedge (\text{proper } y) \wedge$   
 $F (\nu\nu (\text{rep } x)) (\nu\nu (\text{rep } y)) s w .$   
**lift-definition** *exel*:: $\Pi_3 \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow o$  ( $(\lfloor \cdot, \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \rfloor)$ ) is  
 $\lambda F x y z s w . (\text{proper } x) \wedge (\text{proper } y) \wedge (\text{proper } z) \wedge$   
 $F (\nu\nu (\text{rep } x)) (\nu\nu (\text{rep } y)) (\nu\nu (\text{rep } z)) s w .$

### 1.6 Encoding

**lift-definition** *enc* ::  $\kappa \Rightarrow \Pi_1 \Rightarrow o$  ( $\lfloor \cdot, \cdot \rfloor$ ) is  
 $\lambda x F s w . (\text{proper } x) \wedge \text{case-}\nu (\lambda \omega . \text{False}) (\lambda \alpha . F \in \alpha) (\text{rep } x) .$

### 1.7 Connectives and Quantifiers

**consts** *I-NOT* ::  $j \Rightarrow (i \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow i \Rightarrow \text{bool}$   
**consts** *I-IMPL* ::  $j \Rightarrow (i \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow (i \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow (i \Rightarrow \text{bool})$

**lift-definition** *not* ::  $o \Rightarrow o$  ( $\neg \cdot$   $[54]$   $70$ ) is  
 $\lambda p s w . s = dj \wedge \neg p \text{ } dj \text{ } w \vee s \neq dj \wedge (I\text{-NOT } s \text{ } (p \text{ } s) \text{ } w) .$   
**lift-definition** *impl* ::  $o \Rightarrow o \Rightarrow o$  (**infixl**  $\rightarrow$   $51$ ) is  
 $\lambda p q s w . s = dj \wedge (p \text{ } dj \text{ } w \longrightarrow q \text{ } dj \text{ } w) \vee s \neq dj \wedge (I\text{-IMPL } s \text{ } (p \text{ } s) \text{ } (q \text{ } s) \text{ } w) .$   
**lift-definition** *forall <sub>$\nu$</sub>*  ::  $(\nu \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  (**binder**  $\forall_\nu$   $[8]$   $9$ ) is  
 $\lambda \varphi s w . \forall x :: \nu . (\varphi x) s w .$   
**lift-definition** *forall<sub>0</sub>* ::  $(\Pi_0 \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  (**binder**  $\forall_0$   $[8]$   $9$ ) is  
 $\lambda \varphi s w . \forall x :: \Pi_0 . (\varphi x) s w .$   
**lift-definition** *forall<sub>1</sub>* ::  $(\Pi_1 \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  (**binder**  $\forall_1$   $[8]$   $9$ ) is  
 $\lambda \varphi s w . \forall x :: \Pi_1 . (\varphi x) s w .$   
**lift-definition** *forall<sub>2</sub>* ::  $(\Pi_2 \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  (**binder**  $\forall_2$   $[8]$   $9$ ) is  
 $\lambda \varphi s w . \forall x :: \Pi_2 . (\varphi x) s w .$   
**lift-definition** *forall<sub>3</sub>* ::  $(\Pi_3 \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  (**binder**  $\forall_3$   $[8]$   $9$ ) is  
 $\lambda \varphi s w . \forall x :: \Pi_3 . (\varphi x) s w .$   
**lift-definition** *forall<sub>o</sub>* ::  $(o \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  (**binder**  $\forall_o$   $[8]$   $9$ ) is  
 $\lambda \varphi s w . \forall x :: o . (\varphi x) s w .$   
**lift-definition** *box* ::  $o \Rightarrow o$  ( $\Box \cdot$   $[62]$   $63$ ) is  
 $\lambda p s w . \forall v . p s v .$

**lift-definition**  $actual :: o \Rightarrow o$  ( $\mathcal{A}$ - [64] 65) is  
 $\lambda p s w . p s dw .$

**Remark 1.** *The connectives behave classically if evaluated for the actual state  $dj$ , whereas their behavior is governed by uninterpreted constants for any other state.*

## 1.8 Lambda Expressions

**Remark 2.** *Lambda expressions have to convert maps from individuals to propositions to relations that are represented by maps from urelements to truth values.*

**lift-definition**  $lambdabinder0 :: o \Rightarrow \Pi_0 (\lambda^0)$  is  $id$  .

**lift-definition**  $lambdabinder1 :: (\nu \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow \Pi_1$  ( $binder \lambda$  [8] 9) is

$\lambda \varphi u s w . \exists x . \nu v x = u \wedge \varphi x s w .$

**lift-definition**  $lambdabinder2 :: (\nu \Rightarrow \nu \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow \Pi_2 (\lambda^2)$  is

$\lambda \varphi u v s w . \exists x y . \nu v x = u \wedge \nu v y = v \wedge \varphi x y s w .$

**lift-definition**  $lambdabinder3 :: (\nu \Rightarrow \nu \Rightarrow \nu \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow \Pi_3 (\lambda^3)$  is

$\lambda \varphi u v r s w . \exists x y z . \nu v x = u \wedge \nu v y = v \wedge \nu v z = r \wedge \varphi x y z s w .$

## 1.9 Proper Maps

**Remark 3.** *The embedding introduces the notion of proper maps from individual terms to propositions.*

*Such a map is proper if and only if for all proper individual terms its truth evaluation in the actual state only depends on the urelements corresponding to the individuals the terms denote.*

*Proper maps are exactly those maps that - when used as matrix of a lambda-expression - unconditionally allow beta-reduction.*

**lift-definition**  $IsProperInX :: (\kappa \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow bool$  is

$\lambda \varphi . \forall x v . (\exists a . \nu v a = \nu v x \wedge (\varphi (a^P) dj v)) = (\varphi (x^P) dj v) .$

**lift-definition**  $IsProperInXY :: (\kappa \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow bool$  is

$\lambda \varphi . \forall x y v . (\exists a b . \nu v a = \nu v x \wedge \nu v b = \nu v y \wedge (\varphi (a^P) (b^P) dj v)) = (\varphi (x^P) (y^P) dj v) .$

**lift-definition**  $IsProperInXYZ :: (\kappa \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow bool$  is

$\lambda \varphi . \forall x y z v . (\exists a b c . \nu v a = \nu v x \wedge \nu v b = \nu v y \wedge \nu v c = \nu v z \wedge (\varphi (a^P) (b^P) (c^P) dj v)) = (\varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P) dj v) .$

## 1.10 Validity

**lift-definition**  $valid-in :: i \Rightarrow o \Rightarrow bool$  ( $infixl \models$  5) is

$\lambda v \varphi . \varphi dj v .$

**Remark 4.** *A formula is considered semantically valid for a possible world, if it evaluates to True for the actual state  $dj$  and the given possible world.*

## 1.11 Concreteness

**consts**  $ConcreteInWorld :: \omega \Rightarrow i \Rightarrow bool$

**abbreviation** (*input*)  $OrdinaryObjectsPossiblyConcrete$  **where**

$OrdinaryObjectsPossiblyConcrete \equiv \forall x . \exists v . ConcreteInWorld x v$

**abbreviation** (*input*)  $PossiblyContingentObjectExists$  **where**

$PossiblyContingentObjectExists \equiv \exists x v . ConcreteInWorld x v \wedge (\exists w . \neg ConcreteInWorld x w)$

**abbreviation** (*input*)  $PossiblyNoContingentObjectExists$  **where**

$PossiblyNoContingentObjectExists \equiv \exists w . \forall x . ConcreteInWorld x w \longrightarrow (\forall v . ConcreteInWorld x v)$

**axiomatization** **where**

*OrdinaryObjectsPossiblyConcreteAxiom:*  
*OrdinaryObjectsPossiblyConcrete*  
**and** *PossiblyContingentObjectExistsAxiom:*  
*PossiblyContingentObjectExists*  
**and** *PossiblyNoContingentObjectExistsAxiom:*  
*PossiblyNoContingentObjectExists*

**Remark 5.** Care has to be taken that the defined notion of concreteness coincides with the meta-logical distinction between abstract objects and ordinary objects. Furthermore the axioms about concreteness have to be satisfied. This is achieved by introducing an uninterpreted constant *ConcreteInWorld* that determines whether an ordinary object is concrete in a given possible world. This constant is axiomatized, such that all ordinary objects are possibly concrete, contingent objects possibly exist and possibly no contingent objects exist.

**lift-definition** *Concrete:: $\Pi_1$  (E!)* is  
 $\lambda u s w . \text{case } u \text{ of } \omega v x \Rightarrow \text{ConcreteInWorld } x w \mid - \Rightarrow \text{False} .$

**Remark 6.** Concreteness of ordinary objects is now defined using this axiomatized uninterpreted constant. Abstract objects on the other hand are never concrete.

## 1.12 Collection of Meta-Definitions

**named-theorems** *meta-defs*

**declare** *not-def[meta-defs] impl-def[meta-defs] forall<sub>v</sub>-def[meta-defs]*  
*forall<sub>0</sub>-def[meta-defs] forall<sub>1</sub>-def[meta-defs]*  
*forall<sub>2</sub>-def[meta-defs] forall<sub>3</sub>-def[meta-defs] forall<sub>o</sub>-def[meta-defs]*  
*box-def[meta-defs] actual-def[meta-defs] that-def[meta-defs]*  
*lambdabinder0-def[meta-defs] lambdabinder1-def[meta-defs]*  
*lambdabinder2-def[meta-defs] lambdabinder3-def[meta-defs]*  
*exe0-def[meta-defs] exe1-def[meta-defs] exe2-def[meta-defs]*  
*exe3-def[meta-defs] enc-def[meta-defs] inv-def[meta-defs]*  
*that-def[meta-defs] valid-in-def[meta-defs] Concrete-def[meta-defs]*

**declare** *[[smt-solver = cvc4]]*  
**declare** *[[simp-depth-limit = 10]]*  
**declare** *[[unify-search-bound = 40]]*

## 1.13 Auxiliary Lemmata

**named-theorems** *meta-aux*

**declare** *make $\kappa$ -inverse[meta-aux] eval $\kappa$ -inverse[meta-aux]*  
*make $\omega$ -inverse[meta-aux] eval $\omega$ -inverse[meta-aux]*  
*make $\Pi_1$ -inverse[meta-aux] eval $\Pi_1$ -inverse[meta-aux]*  
*make $\Pi_2$ -inverse[meta-aux] eval $\Pi_2$ -inverse[meta-aux]*  
*make $\Pi_3$ -inverse[meta-aux] eval $\Pi_3$ -inverse[meta-aux]*  
**lemma**  *$\nu v$ - $\omega v$ -is- $\omega v$ [meta-aux]:  $\nu v (\omega v x) = \omega v x$  by (simp add:  $\nu v$ -def)*  
**lemma** *rep-proper-id[meta-aux]: rep ( $x^P$ ) =  $x$*   
**by** (simp add: meta-aux  $\nu \kappa$ -def rep-def)  
**lemma**  *$\nu \kappa$ -proper[meta-aux]: proper ( $x^P$ )*  
**by** (simp add: meta-aux  $\nu \kappa$ -def proper-def)  
**lemma** *no- $\alpha \omega$ [meta-aux]:  $\neg(\nu v (\alpha v x) = \omega v y)$  by (simp add:  $\nu v$ -def)*  
**lemma** *no- $\sigma \omega$ [meta-aux]:  $\neg(\sigma v x = \omega v y)$  by blast*  
**lemma**  *$\nu v$ -surj[meta-aux]: surj  $\nu v$*   
**using**  $\alpha \sigma$ -surj **unfolding**  $\nu v$ -def surj-def  
**by** (metis  $\nu$ .simps(5)  $\nu$ .simps(6)  $v$ .exhaust comp-apply)  
**lemma** *lambda $\Pi_1$ -aux[meta-aux]:*  
*make $\Pi_1$  ( $\lambda u s w . \exists x . \nu v x = u \wedge \text{eval}\Pi_1 F (\nu v x) s w) = F$*   
**proof** –  
**have**  $\bigwedge u s w \varphi . (\exists x . \nu v x = u \wedge \varphi (\nu v x) (s::j) (w::i)) \longleftrightarrow \varphi u s w$

```

    using  $\nu v$ -surj unfolding surj-def by metis
  thus ?thesis apply transfer by simp
qed
lemma lambdaPi2-aux[meta-aux]:
  makePi2 ( $\lambda u v s w. \exists x. \nu v x = u \wedge (\exists y. \nu v y = v \wedge \text{evalPi2 } F (\nu v x) (\nu v y) s w)$ ) = F
proof -
  have  $\bigwedge u v (s :: j) (w :: i) \varphi. (\exists x. \nu v x = u \wedge (\exists y. \nu v y = v \wedge \varphi (\nu v x) (\nu v y) s w)) \longleftrightarrow \varphi u v s w$ 
  using  $\nu v$ -surj unfolding surj-def by metis
  thus ?thesis apply transfer by simp
qed
lemma lambdaPi3-aux[meta-aux]:
  makePi3 ( $\lambda u v r s w. \exists x. \nu v x = u \wedge (\exists y. \nu v y = v \wedge (\exists z. \nu v z = r \wedge \text{evalPi3 } F (\nu v x) (\nu v y) (\nu v z) s w))$ ) = F
proof -
  have  $\bigwedge u v r (s :: j) (w :: i) \varphi. \exists x. \nu v x = u \wedge (\exists y. \nu v y = v \wedge (\exists z. \nu v z = r \wedge \varphi (\nu v x) (\nu v y) (\nu v z) s w)) = \varphi u v r s w$ 
  using  $\nu v$ -surj unfolding surj-def by metis
  thus ?thesis apply transfer apply (rule ext)+ by metis
qed

```

## 2 Semantic Abstraction

### 2.1 Semantics

```

locale Semantics
begin
  named-theorems semantics

```

#### 2.1.1 Semantic Domains

```

type-synonym  $R_\kappa = \nu$ 
type-synonym  $R_0 = j \Rightarrow i \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ 
type-synonym  $R_1 = v \Rightarrow R_0$ 
type-synonym  $R_2 = v \Rightarrow v \Rightarrow R_0$ 
type-synonym  $R_3 = v \Rightarrow v \Rightarrow v \Rightarrow R_0$ 
type-synonym  $W = i$ 

```

#### 2.1.2 Denotation Functions

```

lift-definition  $d_\kappa :: \kappa \Rightarrow R_\kappa$  option is id .
lift-definition  $d_0 :: \Pi_0 \Rightarrow R_0$  option is Some .
lift-definition  $d_1 :: \Pi_1 \Rightarrow R_1$  option is Some .
lift-definition  $d_2 :: \Pi_2 \Rightarrow R_2$  option is Some .
lift-definition  $d_3 :: \Pi_3 \Rightarrow R_3$  option is Some .

```

#### 2.1.3 Actual World

```

definition  $w_0$  where  $w_0 \equiv dw$ 

```

#### 2.1.4 Exemplification Extensions

```

definition  $ex0 :: R_0 \Rightarrow W \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ 
  where  $ex0 \equiv \lambda F. F \text{ dj}$ 
definition  $ex1 :: R_1 \Rightarrow W \Rightarrow (R_\kappa \text{ set})$ 
  where  $ex1 \equiv \lambda F w. \{ x. F (\nu v x) \text{ dj } w \}$ 
definition  $ex2 :: R_2 \Rightarrow W \Rightarrow ((R_\kappa \times R_\kappa) \text{ set})$ 
  where  $ex2 \equiv \lambda F w. \{ (x, y). F (\nu v x) (\nu v y) \text{ dj } w \}$ 
definition  $ex3 :: R_3 \Rightarrow W \Rightarrow ((R_\kappa \times R_\kappa \times R_\kappa) \text{ set})$ 
  where  $ex3 \equiv \lambda F w. \{ (x, y, z). F (\nu v x) (\nu v y) (\nu v z) \text{ dj } w \}$ 

```

### 2.1.5 Encoding Extensions

**definition**  $en :: R_1 \Rightarrow (R_\kappa \text{ set})$   
**where**  $en \equiv \lambda F . \{ x . \text{case } x \text{ of } \alpha \nu y \Rightarrow \text{make} \Pi_1 (\lambda x . F x) \in y \mid - \Rightarrow \text{False} \}$

### 2.1.6 Collection of Semantic Definitions

**named-theorems** *semantics-defs*  
**declare**  $d_0\text{-def}[semantics-defs]$   $d_1\text{-def}[semantics-defs]$   
 $d_2\text{-def}[semantics-defs]$   $d_3\text{-def}[semantics-defs]$   
 $ex0\text{-def}[semantics-defs]$   $ex1\text{-def}[semantics-defs]$   
 $ex2\text{-def}[semantics-defs]$   $ex3\text{-def}[semantics-defs]$   
 $en\text{-def}[semantics-defs]$   $d_\kappa\text{-def}[semantics-defs]$   
 $w_0\text{-def}[semantics-defs]$

### 2.1.7 Truth Conditions of Exemplification Formulas

**lemma**  $T1\text{-}1[semantics]$ :  
 $(w \models \langle F, x \rangle) = (\exists r \ o_1 . \text{Some } r = d_1 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 \in ex1 \ r \ w)$   
**unfolding** *semantics-defs*  
**apply** (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux rep-def proper-def*)  
**by** (*metis option.discI option.exhaust option.sel*)

**lemma**  $T1\text{-}2[semantics]$ :  
 $(w \models \langle F, x, y \rangle) = (\exists r \ o_1 \ o_2 . \text{Some } r = d_2 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge (o_1, o_2) \in ex2 \ r \ w)$   
**unfolding** *semantics-defs*  
**apply** (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux rep-def proper-def*)  
**by** (*metis option.discI option.exhaust option.sel*)

**lemma**  $T1\text{-}3[semantics]$ :  
 $(w \models \langle F, x, y, z \rangle) = (\exists r \ o_1 \ o_2 \ o_3 . \text{Some } r = d_3 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge \text{Some } o_3 = d_\kappa z \wedge (o_1, o_2, o_3) \in ex3 \ r \ w)$   
**unfolding** *semantics-defs*  
**apply** (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux rep-def proper-def*)  
**by** (*metis option.discI option.exhaust option.sel*)

**lemma**  $T3[semantics]$ :  
 $(w \models \langle F \rangle) = (\exists r . \text{Some } r = d_0 F \wedge ex0 \ r \ w)$   
**unfolding** *semantics-defs*  
**by** (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux*)

### 2.1.8 Truth Conditions of Encoding Formulas

**lemma**  $T2[semantics]$ :  
 $(w \models \langle x, F \rangle) = (\exists r \ o_1 . \text{Some } r = d_1 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 \in en \ r)$   
**unfolding** *semantics-defs*  
**apply** (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux rep-def proper-def split:  $\nu$ .split*)  
**by** (*metis  $\nu$ .exhaust  $\nu$ .inject(2)  $\nu$ .simps(4)  $\nu\kappa$ .rep-eq option.collapse option.discI rep.rep-eq rep-proper-id*)

### 2.1.9 Truth Conditions of Complex Formulas

**lemma**  $T4[semantics]$ :  $(w \models \neg \psi) = (\neg(w \models \psi))$   
**by** (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux*)

**lemma**  $T5[semantics]$ :  $(w \models \psi \rightarrow \chi) = (\neg(w \models \psi) \vee (w \models \chi))$   
**by** (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux*)

**lemma**  $T6[semantics]$ :  $(w \models \Box \psi) = (\forall v . (v \models \psi))$



by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)

**lemma** *T7[semantics]*:  $(w \models \mathcal{A}\psi) = (dw \models \psi)$   
 by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)

**lemma** *T8-ν[semantics]*:  $(w \models \forall_\nu x. \psi x) = (\forall x. (w \models \psi x))$   
 by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)

**lemma** *T8-0[semantics]*:  $(w \models \forall_0 x. \psi x) = (\forall x. (w \models \psi x))$   
 by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)

**lemma** *T8-1[semantics]*:  $(w \models \forall_1 x. \psi x) = (\forall x. (w \models \psi x))$   
 by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)

**lemma** *T8-2[semantics]*:  $(w \models \forall_2 x. \psi x) = (\forall x. (w \models \psi x))$   
 by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)

**lemma** *T8-3[semantics]*:  $(w \models \forall_3 x. \psi x) = (\forall x. (w \models \psi x))$   
 by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)

**lemma** *T8-o[semantics]*:  $(w \models \forall_o x. \psi x) = (\forall x. (w \models \psi x))$   
 by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)

### 2.1.10 Denotations of Descriptions

**lemma** *D3[semantics]*:  

$$d_\kappa (\iota x. \psi x) = (\text{if } (\exists x. (w_0 \models \psi x) \wedge (\forall y. (w_0 \models \psi y) \longrightarrow y = x))$$
  

$$\text{then } (\text{Some } (THE x. (w_0 \models \psi x))) \text{ else None})$$
  
 unfolding semantics-defs  
 by (auto simp: meta-defs meta-aux)

### 2.1.11 Denotations of Lambda Expressions

**lemma** *D4-1[semantics]*:  $d_1 (\lambda x. \langle F, x^P \rangle) = d_1 F$   
 by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)

**lemma** *D4-2[semantics]*:  $d_2 (\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. \langle F, x^P, y^P \rangle)) = d_2 F$   
 by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)

**lemma** *D4-3[semantics]*:  $d_3 (\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \langle F, x^P, y^P, z^P \rangle)) = d_3 F$   
 by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)

**lemma** *D5-1[semantics]*:  
 assumes *IsProperInX*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $\bigwedge w o_1 r. \text{Some } r = d_1 (\lambda x. (\varphi (x^P))) \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x$   
 $\longrightarrow (o_1 \in \text{ex1 } r w) = (w \models \varphi x)$   
 using assms unfolding *IsProperInX-def* semantics-defs  
 by (auto simp: meta-defs meta-aux rep-def proper-def  $\nu\kappa.\text{abs-eq}$ )

**lemma** *D5-2[semantics]*:  
 assumes *IsProperInXY*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $\bigwedge w o_1 o_2 r. \text{Some } r = d_2 (\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. \varphi (x^P) (y^P)))$   
 $\wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y$   
 $\longrightarrow ((o_1, o_2) \in \text{ex2 } r w) = (w \models \varphi x y)$   
 using assms unfolding *IsProperInXY-def* semantics-defs  
 by (auto simp: meta-defs meta-aux rep-def proper-def  $\nu\kappa.\text{abs-eq}$ )

**lemma** *D5-3[semantics]*:  
 assumes *IsProperInXYZ*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $\bigwedge w o_1 o_2 o_3 r. \text{Some } r = d_3 (\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)))$   
 $\wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge \text{Some } o_3 = d_\kappa z$   
 $\longrightarrow ((o_1, o_2, o_3) \in \text{ex3 } r w) = (w \models \varphi x y z)$   
 using assms unfolding *IsProperInXYZ-def* semantics-defs

**lemma** *D6[semantics]*:  $(\bigwedge w r . \text{Some } r = d_0 (\lambda^0 \varphi) \longrightarrow \text{exl } r w = (w \models \varphi))$   
**by** (*auto simp: meta-defs meta-aux semantics-defs*)

```

lemma proper0:  $\exists r . \text{Some } r = d_1 F$ 
  unfolding  $d_0\text{-def}$  by simp
lemma proper1:  $\exists r . \text{Some } r = d_1 F$ 
  unfolding  $d_1\text{-def}$  by simp
lemma proper2:  $\exists r . \text{Some } r = d_2 F$ 
  unfolding  $d_2\text{-def}$  by simp
lemma proper3:  $\exists r . \text{Some } r = d_3 F$ 
  unfolding  $d_3\text{-def}$  by simp
lemma  $d_\kappa\text{-proper}$ :  $d_\kappa (u^P) = \text{Some } u$ 
  unfolding  $d_\kappa\text{-def}$  by (simp add:  $\nu\kappa\text{-def meta-aux}$ )
lemma ConcretenessSemantics1:
   $\text{Some } r = d_1 E! \implies (\exists w . \omega\nu x \in \text{ex1 } r w)$ 
  unfolding semantics-defs apply transfer
  by (simp add: OrdinaryObjectsPossiblyConcreteAxiom  $\nu\nu\text{-is-}\omega\nu$ )
lemma ConcretenessSemantics2:
   $\text{Some } r = d_1 E! \implies (x \in \text{ex1 } r w \longrightarrow (\exists y . x = \omega\nu y))$ 
  unfolding semantics-defs apply transfer apply simp
  by (metis  $\nu.\text{exhaust } v.\text{exhaust } v.\text{sims}(6) \text{ no-}\omega\nu$ )
lemma  $d_0\text{-inject}$ :  $\bigwedge x y . d_0 x = d_0 y \implies x = y$ 
  unfolding  $d_0\text{-def}$  by (simp add: eval0-inject)
lemma  $d_1\text{-inject}$ :  $\bigwedge x y . d_1 x = d_1 y \implies x = y$ 
  unfolding  $d_1\text{-def}$  by (simp add: eval $\Pi_1$ -inject)
lemma  $d_2\text{-inject}$ :  $\bigwedge x y . d_2 x = d_2 y \implies x = y$ 
  unfolding  $d_2\text{-def}$  by (simp add: eval $\Pi_2$ -inject)
lemma  $d_3\text{-inject}$ :  $\bigwedge x y . d_3 x = d_3 y \implies x = y$ 
  unfolding  $d_3\text{-def}$  by (simp add: eval $\Pi_3$ -inject)
lemma  $d_\kappa\text{-inject}$ :  $\bigwedge x y o_1 . \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa y \implies x = y$ 
proof -
  fix  $x :: \kappa$  and  $y :: \kappa$  and  $o_1 :: \nu$ 
  assume  $\text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa y$ 
  thus  $x = y$  apply transfer by auto
qed
nd

```

**Remark 7.** *Every map whose arguments only occur in exemplification expressions is proper.*

**lemma** *IsProperInX-intro*[*IsProper-intros*]:  
*IsProperInX* ( $\lambda x . \chi$ )  
 (\* one place \*) ( $\lambda F . (\llbracket F, x \rrbracket)$ )  
 (\* two place \*) ( $\lambda F . (\llbracket F, x, x \rrbracket) (\lambda F a . (\llbracket F, x, a \rrbracket) (\lambda F a . (\llbracket F, a, x \rrbracket))$ )  
 (\* three place three x \*) ( $\lambda F . (\llbracket F, x, x, x \rrbracket)$ )  
 (\* three place two x \*) ( $\lambda F a . (\llbracket F, x, x, a \rrbracket) (\lambda F a . (\llbracket F, x, a, x \rrbracket)$   
                              ( $\lambda F a . (\llbracket F, a, x, x \rrbracket)$ )  
 (\* three place one x \*) ( $\lambda F a b . (\llbracket F, x, a, b \rrbracket) (\lambda F a b . (\llbracket F, a, x, b \rrbracket)$   
                              ( $\lambda F a b . (\llbracket F, a, b, x \rrbracket)$ )  
**unfolding** *IsProperInX-def*  
**by** (*auto simp: meta-defs meta-aux*)

10



```

      (λ F . (|F,y,y,x|))
(* three place (x,x,x) *) (λ F . (|F,x,x,x|))
(* three place (y,y,y) *) (λ F . (|F,y,y,y|))
(* x and z *)
(* two place *) (λ F . (|F,x,z|)) (λ F . (|F,z,x|))
(* three place (x,z) *) (λ F a . (|F,x,z,a|)) (λ F a . (|F,x,a,z|))
      (λ F a . (|F,a,x,z|))
(* three place (z,x) *) (λ F a . (|F,z,x,a|)) (λ F a . (|F,z,a,x|))
      (λ F a . (|F,a,z,x|))
(* three place (x,x,z) *) (λ F . (|F,x,x,z|)) (λ F . (|F,x,z,x|))
      (λ F . (|F,z,x,x|))
(* three place (x,z,z) *) (λ F . (|F,x,z,z|)) (λ F . (|F,z,x,z|))
      (λ F . (|F,z,z,x|))
(* three place (x,x,x) *) (λ F . (|F,x,x,x|))
(* three place (z,z,z) *) (λ F . (|F,z,z,z|))
(* y and z *)
(* two place *) (λ F . (|F,y,z|)) (λ F . (|F,z,y|))
(* three place (y,z) *) (λ F a . (|F,y,z,a|)) (λ F a . (|F,y,a,z|))
      (λ F a . (|F,a,y,z|))
(* three place (z,y) *) (λ F a . (|F,z,y,a|)) (λ F a . (|F,z,a,y|))
      (λ F a . (|F,a,z,y|))
(* three place (y,y,z) *) (λ F . (|F,y,y,z|)) (λ F . (|F,y,z,y|))
      (λ F . (|F,z,y,y|))
(* three place (y,z,z) *) (λ F . (|F,y,z,z|)) (λ F . (|F,z,y,z|))
      (λ F . (|F,z,z,y|))
(* three place (y,y,y) *) (λ F . (|F,y,y,y|))
(* three place (z,z,z) *) (λ F . (|F,z,z,z|))
(* x y z *)
(* three place (x,...) *) (λ F . (|F,x,y,z|)) (λ F . (|F,x,z,y|))
(* three place (y,...) *) (λ F . (|F,y,x,z|)) (λ F . (|F,y,z,x|))
(* three place (z,...) *) (λ F . (|F,z,x,y|)) (λ F . (|F,z,y,x|))
unfolding IsProperInXYZ-def
by (auto simp: meta-defs meta-aux)

```

method show-proper = (fast intro: IsProper-intros)

## 2.3 Validity Syntax

**abbreviation** *validity-in* ::  $\text{o} \Rightarrow i \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  ( $[- \text{ in } -] [1]$ ) **where**

*validity-in*  $\equiv \lambda \varphi \ v . \ v \models \varphi$

**definition** *actual-validity* ::  $\text{o} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  ( $[-] [1]$ ) **where**

*actual-validity*  $\equiv \lambda \varphi . \ dw \models \varphi$

**definition** *necessary-validity* ::  $\text{o} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  ( $\Box[-] [1]$ ) **where**

*necessary-validity*  $\equiv \lambda \varphi . \forall \ v . (v \models \varphi)$

## 3 General Quantification

**Remark 8.** In order to define general quantifiers that can act on individuals as well as relations a type class is introduced which assumes the semantics of the all quantifier. This type class is then instantiated for individuals and relations.

### 3.1 Type Class

```

class quantifiable = fixes forall :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  o)  $\Rightarrow$  o (binder  $\forall$  [8] 9)
  assumes quantifiable-T8:  $(w \models (\forall \ x . \psi \ x)) = (\forall \ x . (w \models (\psi \ x)))$ 
begin
end

```

**lemma** (in *Semantics*) *T8*: **shows**  $(w \models \forall x . \psi x) = (\forall x . (w \models \psi x))$   
**using** *quantifiable-T8* .

## 3.2 Instantiations

**instantiation**  $\nu :: \text{quantifiable}$

**begin**

**definition** *forall- $\nu$*  ::  $(\nu \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  **where** *forall- $\nu$*   $\equiv$  *forall $_{\nu}$*

**instance proof**

**fix**  $w :: i$  **and**  $\psi :: \nu \Rightarrow o$

**show**  $(w \models \forall x . \psi x) = (\forall x . (w \models \psi x))$

**unfolding** *forall- $\nu$ -def* **using** *Semantics.T8- $\nu$*  .

**qed**

**end**

**instantiation**  $o :: \text{quantifiable}$

**begin**

**definition** *forall- $o$*  ::  $(o \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  **where** *forall- $o$*   $\equiv$  *forall $_o$*

**instance proof**

**fix**  $w :: i$  **and**  $\psi :: o \Rightarrow o$

**show**  $(w \models \forall x . \psi x) = (\forall x . (w \models \psi x))$

**unfolding** *forall- $o$ -def* **using** *Semantics.T8- $o$*  .

**qed**

**end**

**instantiation**  $\Pi_1 :: \text{quantifiable}$

**begin**

**definition** *forall- $\Pi_1$*  ::  $(\Pi_1 \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  **where** *forall- $\Pi_1$*   $\equiv$  *forall $_1$*

**instance proof**

**fix**  $w :: i$  **and**  $\psi :: \Pi_1 \Rightarrow o$

**show**  $(w \models \forall x . \psi x) = (\forall x . (w \models \psi x))$

**unfolding** *forall- $\Pi_1$ -def* **using** *Semantics.T8-1* .

**qed**

**end**

**instantiation**  $\Pi_2 :: \text{quantifiable}$

**begin**

**definition** *forall- $\Pi_2$*  ::  $(\Pi_2 \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  **where** *forall- $\Pi_2$*   $\equiv$  *forall $_2$*

**instance proof**

**fix**  $w :: i$  **and**  $\psi :: \Pi_2 \Rightarrow o$

**show**  $(w \models \forall x . \psi x) = (\forall x . (w \models \psi x))$

**unfolding** *forall- $\Pi_2$ -def* **using** *Semantics.T8-2* .

**qed**

**end**

**instantiation**  $\Pi_3 :: \text{quantifiable}$

**begin**

**definition** *forall- $\Pi_3$*  ::  $(\Pi_3 \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  **where** *forall- $\Pi_3$*   $\equiv$  *forall $_3$*

**instance proof**

**fix**  $w :: i$  **and**  $\psi :: \Pi_3 \Rightarrow o$

**show**  $(w \models \forall x . \psi x) = (\forall x . (w \models \psi x))$

**unfolding** *forall- $\Pi_3$ -def* **using** *Semantics.T8-3* .

**qed**

**end**

## 4 Basic Definitions

### 4.1 Derived Connectives

**definition** *conj*:: $o \Rightarrow o \Rightarrow o$  (**infixl** & 53) **where**

*conj*  $\equiv \lambda x y . \neg(x \rightarrow \neg y)$

**definition**  $disj::o \Rightarrow o \Rightarrow o$  (**infixl**  $\vee$  52) **where**  
 $disj \equiv \lambda x y . \neg x \rightarrow y$   
**definition**  $equiv::o \Rightarrow o \Rightarrow o$  (**infixl**  $\equiv$  51) **where**  
 $equiv \equiv \lambda x y . (x \rightarrow y) \ \& \ (y \rightarrow x)$   
**definition**  $diamond::o \Rightarrow o$  ( $\Diamond$ - [62] 63) **where**  
 $diamond \equiv \lambda \varphi . \neg \Box \neg \varphi$   
**definition** (**in quantifiable**)  $exists :: ('a \Rightarrow o) \Rightarrow o$  (**binder**  $\exists$  [8] 9) **where**  
 $exists \equiv \lambda \varphi . \neg (\forall x . \neg \varphi x)$

**named-theorems**  $conn-defs$   
**declare**  $diamond-def[conn-defs]$   $conj-def[conn-defs]$   
 $disj-def[conn-defs]$   $equiv-def[conn-defs]$   
 $exists-def[conn-defs]$

## 4.2 Abstract and Ordinary Objects

**definition**  $Ordinary :: \Pi_1 (O!)$  **where**  $Ordinary \equiv \lambda x . \Diamond (\|E!, x^P\|)$   
**definition**  $Abstract :: \Pi_1 (A!)$  **where**  $Abstract \equiv \lambda x . \neg \Diamond (\|E!, x^P\|)$

## 4.3 Identity Definitions

**definition**  $basic-identity_E :: \Pi_2$  **where**  
 $basic-identity_E \equiv \lambda^2 (\lambda x y . (\|O!, x^P\| \ \& \ \|O!, y^P\|$   
 $\ \& \ \Box (\forall F . (\|F, x^P\| \equiv \|F, y^P\|)))$

**definition**  $basic-identity_E-infix :: \kappa \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow o$  (**infixl**  $=_E$  63) **where**  
 $x =_E y \equiv (\|basic-identity_E, x, y\|)$

**definition**  $basic-identity_\kappa$  (**infixl**  $=_\kappa$  63) **where**  
 $basic-identity_\kappa \equiv \lambda x y . (x =_E y) \vee (\|A!, x\| \ \& \ (\|A!, y\|$   
 $\ \& \ \Box (\forall F . \|x, F\| \equiv \|y, F\|)))$

**definition**  $basic-identity_1$  (**infixl**  $=_1$  63) **where**  
 $basic-identity_1 \equiv \lambda F G . \Box (\forall x . \|x^P, F\| \equiv \|x^P, G\|)$

**definition**  $basic-identity_2 :: \Pi_2 \Rightarrow \Pi_2 \Rightarrow o$  (**infixl**  $=_2$  63) **where**  
 $basic-identity_2 \equiv \lambda F G . \forall x . ((\lambda y . (\|F, x^P, y^P\|) =_1 (\lambda y . (\|G, x^P, y^P\|)))$   
 $\ \& \ ((\lambda y . (\|F, y^P, x^P\|) =_1 (\lambda y . (\|G, y^P, x^P\|)))$

**definition**  $basic-identity_3 :: \Pi_3 \Rightarrow \Pi_3 \Rightarrow o$  (**infixl**  $=_3$  63) **where**  
 $basic-identity_3 \equiv \lambda F G . \forall x y . (\lambda z . (\|F, z^P, x^P, y^P\|) =_1 (\lambda z . (\|G, z^P, x^P, y^P\|)$   
 $\ \& \ (\lambda z . (\|F, x^P, z^P, y^P\|) =_1 (\lambda z . (\|G, x^P, z^P, y^P\|)))$   
 $\ \& \ (\lambda z . (\|F, x^P, y^P, z^P\|) =_1 (\lambda z . (\|G, x^P, y^P, z^P\|)))$

**definition**  $basic-identity_0 :: o \Rightarrow o \Rightarrow o$  (**infixl**  $=_0$  63) **where**  
 $basic-identity_0 \equiv \lambda F G . (\lambda y . F) =_1 (\lambda y . G)$

## 5 MetaSolver

**Remark 9.** *meta-solver is a resolution prover that translates expressions in the embedded logic to expressions in the meta-logic, resp. semantic expressions. The rules for connectives, quantifiers, exemplification and encoding are straightforward. Furthermore, rules for the defined identities are derived. The defined identities in the embedded logic coincide with the meta-logical equality.*

**locale**  $MetaSolver$   
**begin**  
**interpretation**  $Semantics$  .

**named-theorems**  $meta-intro$

**named-theorems** *meta-elim*  
**named-theorems** *meta-subst*  
**named-theorems** *meta-cong*

**method** *meta-solver* = (*assumption* | *rule meta-intro*  
| *erule meta-elim* | *drule meta-elim* | *subst meta-subst*  
| *subst (asm) meta-subst* | (*erule notE*; (*meta-solver*; *fail*))  
)+

## 5.1 Rules for Implication

**lemma** *ImplI*[*meta-intro*]:  $([\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow ([\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*simp add: Semantics.T5*)  
**lemma** *ImplE*[*meta-elim*]:  $([\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \longrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*simp add: Semantics.T5*)  
**lemma** *ImplS*[*meta-subst*]:  $([\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]) = ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \longrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*simp add: Semantics.T5*)

## 5.2 Rules for Negation

**lemma** *NotI*[*meta-intro*]:  $\neg[\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
by (*simp add: Semantics.T4*)  
**lemma** *NotE*[*meta-elim*]:  $[\neg\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow \neg[\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
by (*simp add: Semantics.T4*)  
**lemma** *NotS*[*meta-subst*]:  $[\neg\varphi \text{ in } v] = (\neg[\varphi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*simp add: Semantics.T4*)

## 5.3 Rules for Conjunction

**lemma** *ConjI*[*meta-intro*]:  $([\varphi \text{ in } v] \wedge [\psi \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow [\varphi \ \&\ \psi \text{ in } v]$   
by (*simp add: conj-def NotS ImplS*)  
**lemma** *ConjE*[*meta-elim*]:  $[\varphi \ \&\ \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \wedge [\psi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*simp add: conj-def NotS ImplS*)  
**lemma** *ConjS*[*meta-subst*]:  $[\varphi \ \&\ \psi \text{ in } v] = ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \wedge [\psi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*simp add: conj-def NotS ImplS*)

## 5.4 Rules for Equivalence

**lemma** *EquivI*[*meta-intro*]:  $([\varphi \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow [\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]$   
by (*simp add: equiv-def NotS ImplS ConjS*)  
**lemma** *EquivE*[*meta-elim*]:  $[\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*auto simp: equiv-def NotS ImplS ConjS*)  
**lemma** *EquivS*[*meta-subst*]:  $[\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v] = ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*auto simp: equiv-def NotS ImplS ConjS*)

## 5.5 Rules for Disjunction

**lemma** *DisjI*[*meta-intro*]:  $([\varphi \text{ in } v] \vee [\psi \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow [\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v]$   
by (*auto simp: disj-def NotS ImplS*)  
**lemma** *DisjE*[*meta-elim*]:  $[\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \vee [\psi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*auto simp: disj-def NotS ImplS*)  
**lemma** *DisjS*[*meta-subst*]:  $[\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v] = ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \vee [\psi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*auto simp: disj-def NotS ImplS*)

## 5.6 Rules for Necessity

**lemma** *BoxI*[*meta-intro*]:  $(\bigwedge v. [\varphi \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow [\Box\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
by (*simp add: Semantics.T6*)  
**lemma** *BoxE*[*meta-elim*]:  $[\Box\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge v. [\varphi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*simp add: Semantics.T6*)  
**lemma** *BoxS*[*meta-subst*]:  $[\Box\varphi \text{ in } v] = (\bigwedge v. [\varphi \text{ in } v])$   
by (*simp add: Semantics.T6*)

## 5.7 Rules for Possibility

**lemma** *DiaI[meta-intro]*:  $(\exists v. [\varphi \text{ in } v]) \implies [\Diamond \varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*metis BoxS NotS diamond-def*)  
**lemma** *DiaE[meta-elim]*:  $[\Diamond \varphi \text{ in } v] \implies (\exists v. [\varphi \text{ in } v])$   
**by** (*metis BoxS NotS diamond-def*)  
**lemma** *DiaS[meta-subst]*:  $[\Diamond \varphi \text{ in } v] = (\exists v. [\varphi \text{ in } v])$   
**by** (*metis BoxS NotS diamond-def*)

## 5.8 Rules for Quantification

**lemma** *AllI[meta-intro]*:  $(\bigwedge x. [\varphi \text{ in } v]) \implies [\forall x. \varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*auto simp: T8*)  
**lemma** *AllE[meta-elim]*:  $[\forall x. \varphi \text{ in } v] \implies (\bigwedge x. [\varphi \text{ in } v])$   
**by** (*auto simp: T8*)  
**lemma** *AllS[meta-subst]*:  $[\forall x. \varphi \text{ in } v] = (\forall x. [\varphi \text{ in } v])$   
**by** (*auto simp: T8*)

### 5.8.1 Rules for Existence

**lemma** *ExIRule*:  $([\varphi \text{ in } v]) \implies [\exists x. \varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*auto simp: exists-def Semantics.T8 Semantics.T4*)  
**lemma** *ExI[meta-intro]*:  $(\exists y. [\varphi \text{ in } v]) \implies [\exists x. \varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*auto simp: exists-def Semantics.T8 Semantics.T4*)  
**lemma** *ExE[meta-elim]*:  $[\exists x. \varphi \text{ in } v] \implies (\exists y. [\varphi \text{ in } v])$   
**by** (*auto simp: exists-def Semantics.T8 Semantics.T4*)  
**lemma** *ExS[meta-subst]*:  $[\exists x. \varphi \text{ in } v] = (\exists y. [\varphi \text{ in } v])$   
**by** (*auto simp: exists-def Semantics.T8 Semantics.T4*)  
**lemma** *ExERule*: **assumes**  $[\exists x. \varphi \text{ in } v]$  **obtains**  $x$  **where**  $[\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *ExE assms* **by** *auto*

## 5.9 Rules for Actuality

**lemma** *ActualI[meta-intro]*:  $[\varphi \text{ in } dw] \implies [\mathcal{A}\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T7*)  
**lemma** *ActualE[meta-elim]*:  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi \text{ in } v] \implies [\varphi \text{ in } dw]$   
**by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T7*)  
**lemma** *ActualS[meta-subst]*:  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi \text{ in } v] = [\varphi \text{ in } dw]$   
**by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T7*)

## 5.10 Rules for Encoding

**lemma** *EncI[meta-intro]*:  
**assumes**  $\exists r \ o_1. \text{Some } r = d_1 \ F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa \ x \wedge o_1 \in en \ r$   
**shows**  $[\llbracket x, F \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T2*)  
**lemma** *EncE[meta-elim]*:  
**assumes**  $[\llbracket x, F \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $\exists r \ o_1. \text{Some } r = d_1 \ F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa \ x \wedge o_1 \in en \ r$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T2*)  
**lemma** *EncS[meta-subst]*:  
 $[\llbracket x, F \rrbracket \text{ in } v] = (\exists r \ o_1. \text{Some } r = d_1 \ F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa \ x \wedge o_1 \in en \ r)$   
**by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T2*)

## 5.11 Rules for Exemplification

### 5.11.1 Zero-place Relations

**lemma** *ExeOI[meta-intro]*:  
**assumes**  $\exists r. \text{Some } r = d_0 \ p \wedge ex0 \ r \ v$   
**shows**  $[\llbracket p \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T3*)



**lemma** *Exe0E*[*meta-elim*]:  
**assumes**  $[(p)] \text{ in } v$   
**shows**  $\exists r . \text{Some } r = d_0 p \wedge \text{ex0 } r v$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T3*)  
**lemma** *Exe0S*[*meta-subst*]:  
 $[(p)] \text{ in } v = (\exists r . \text{Some } r = d_0 p \wedge \text{ex0 } r v)$   
**by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T3*)

### 5.11.2 One-Place Relations

**lemma** *Exe1I*[*meta-intro*]:  
**assumes**  $\exists r o_1 . \text{Some } r = d_1 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 \in \text{ex1 } r v$   
**shows**  $[(F, x)] \text{ in } v$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T1-1*)  
**lemma** *Exe1E*[*meta-elim*]:  
**assumes**  $[(F, x)] \text{ in } v$   
**shows**  $\exists r o_1 . \text{Some } r = d_1 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 \in \text{ex1 } r v$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T1-1*)  
**lemma** *Exe1S*[*meta-subst*]:  
 $[(F, x)] \text{ in } v = (\exists r o_1 . \text{Some } r = d_1 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 \in \text{ex1 } r v)$   
**by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T1-1*)

### 5.11.3 Two-Place Relations

**lemma** *Exe2I*[*meta-intro*]:  
**assumes**  $\exists r o_1 o_2 . \text{Some } r = d_2 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x$   
 $\wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge (o_1, o_2) \in \text{ex2 } r v$   
**shows**  $[(F, x, y)] \text{ in } v$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T1-2*)  
**lemma** *Exe2E*[*meta-elim*]:  
**assumes**  $[(F, x, y)] \text{ in } v$   
**shows**  $\exists r o_1 o_2 . \text{Some } r = d_2 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x$   
 $\wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge (o_1, o_2) \in \text{ex2 } r v$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T1-2*)  
**lemma** *Exe2S*[*meta-subst*]:  
 $[(F, x, y)] \text{ in } v = (\exists r o_1 o_2 . \text{Some } r = d_2 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x$   
 $\wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge (o_1, o_2) \in \text{ex2 } r v)$   
**by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T1-2*)

### 5.11.4 Three-Place Relations

**lemma** *Exe3I*[*meta-intro*]:  
**assumes**  $\exists r o_1 o_2 o_3 . \text{Some } r = d_3 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x$   
 $\wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge \text{Some } o_3 = d_\kappa z$   
 $\wedge (o_1, o_2, o_3) \in \text{ex3 } r v$   
**shows**  $[(F, x, y, z)] \text{ in } v$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T1-3*)  
**lemma** *Exe3E*[*meta-elim*]:  
**assumes**  $[(F, x, y, z)] \text{ in } v$   
**shows**  $\exists r o_1 o_2 o_3 . \text{Some } r = d_3 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x$   
 $\wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge \text{Some } o_3 = d_\kappa z$   
 $\wedge (o_1, o_2, o_3) \in \text{ex3 } r v$   
**using** *assms* **by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T1-3*)  
**lemma** *Exe3S*[*meta-subst*]:  
 $[(F, x, y, z)] \text{ in } v = (\exists r o_1 o_2 o_3 . \text{Some } r = d_3 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x$   
 $\wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge \text{Some } o_3 = d_\kappa z$   
 $\wedge (o_1, o_2, o_3) \in \text{ex3 } r v)$   
**by** (*auto simp: Semantics.T1-3*)

## 5.12 Rules for Being Ordinary

**lemma** *OrdI*[*meta-intro*]:  
**assumes**  $\exists o_1 y . \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 = \omega\nu y$   
**shows**  $[(O!, x)] \text{ in } v$

```

proof –
  have IsProperInX ( $\lambda x. \Diamond(|E!, x|)$ )
    by show-proper
  moreover have  $[ \Diamond(|E!, x|) \text{ in } v ]$ 
    apply meta-solver
    using ConcretenessSemantics1 proper1 assms by fast
  ultimately show  $[(|O!, x|) \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding Ordinary-def
    using D5-1 proper1 assms ConcretenessSemantics1 Exe1S
    by blast
qed
lemma OrdE[meta-elim]:
  assumes  $[(|O!, x|) \text{ in } v]$ 
  shows  $\exists o_1 y. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 = \omega\nu y$ 
proof –
  have  $\exists r o_1. \text{Some } r = d_1 O! \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 \in \text{ex1 } r v$ 
    using assms Exe1E by simp
  moreover have IsProperInX ( $\lambda x. \Diamond(|E!, x|)$ )
    by show-proper
  ultimately have  $[ \Diamond(|E!, x|) \text{ in } v ]$ 
    using D5-1 unfolding Ordinary-def by fast
  thus ?thesis
    apply – apply meta-solver
    using ConcretenessSemantics2 by blast
qed
lemma OrdS[meta-cong]:
   $[(|O!, x|) \text{ in } v] = (\exists o_1 y. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 = \omega\nu y)$ 
  using OrdI OrdE by blast

```

### 5.13 Rules for Being Abstract

```

lemma AbsI[meta-intro]:
  assumes  $\exists o_1 y. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 = \alpha\nu y$ 
  shows  $[(|A!, x|) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof –
  have IsProperInX ( $\lambda x. \neg\Diamond(|E!, x|)$ )
    by show-proper
  moreover have  $[ \neg\Diamond(|E!, x|) \text{ in } v ]$ 
    apply meta-solver
    using ConcretenessSemantics2 proper1 assms
    by (metis  $\nu.\text{distinct}(1) \text{ option.sel}$ )
  ultimately show  $[(|A!, x|) \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding Abstract-def
    using D5-1 proper1 assms ConcretenessSemantics1 Exe1S
    by blast
qed
lemma AbsE[meta-elim]:
  assumes  $[(|A!, x|) \text{ in } v]$ 
  shows  $\exists o_1 y. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 = \alpha\nu y$ 
proof –
  have 1: IsProperInX ( $\lambda x. \neg\Diamond(|E!, x|)$ )
    by show-proper
  have  $\exists r o_1. \text{Some } r = d_1 A! \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 \in \text{ex1 } r v$ 
    using assms Exe1E by simp
  moreover hence  $[ \neg\Diamond(|E!, x|) \text{ in } v ]$ 
    using D5-1[OF 1]
    unfolding Abstract-def by fast
  ultimately show ?thesis
    apply – apply meta-solver
    using ConcretenessSemantics1 proper1
    by (metis  $\nu.\text{exhaust}$ )
qed
lemma AbsS[meta-cong]:

```

$[(\lambda!x) \text{ in } v] = (\exists \ o_1 \ y. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 = \alpha\nu \ y)$   
**using** *AbsI AbsE* **by** *blast*

## 5.14 Rules for Definite Descriptions

**lemma** *TheEqI*:  
**assumes**  $\bigwedge x. [\varphi \ x \text{ in } dw] = [\psi \ x \text{ in } dw]$   
**shows**  $(\iota x. \varphi \ x) = (\iota x. \psi \ x)$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $1: d_\kappa (\iota x. \varphi \ x) = d_\kappa (\iota x. \psi \ x)$   
**using** *assms D3 unfolding w<sub>0</sub>-def by simp*  
**{**  
**assume**  $\exists \ o_1. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa (\iota x. \varphi \ x)$   
**hence** *?thesis* **using**  $1 \ d_\kappa\text{-inject}$  **by** *force*  
**}**  
**moreover** **{**  
**assume**  $\neg(\exists \ o_1. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa (\iota x. \varphi \ x))$   
**hence** *?thesis* **using**  $1 \ D3$   
**by** *(metis d<sub>κ</sub>.rep-eq evalκ-inverse)*  
**}**  
**ultimately show** *?thesis* **by** *blast*  
**qed**

## 5.15 Rules for Identity

### 5.15.1 Ordinary Objects

**lemma** *Eq<sub>E</sub>I[meta-intro]*:  
**assumes**  $\exists \ o_1 \ o_2. \text{Some } (\omega\nu \ o_1) = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } (\omega\nu \ o_2) = d_\kappa y \wedge o_1 = o_2$   
**shows**  $[x =_E y \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** –  
**obtain**  $o_1 \ o_2$  **where**  $1:$   
 $\text{Some } (\omega\nu \ o_1) = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } (\omega\nu \ o_2) = d_\kappa y \wedge o_1 = o_2$   
**using** *assms* **by** *auto*  
**obtain**  $r$  **where**  $2:$   
 $\text{Some } r = d_2 \text{ basic-identity}_E$   
**using** *propex<sub>2</sub>* **by** *auto*  
**have**  $[(\lambda O!,x) \ \& \ (\lambda O!,y) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F. (\lambda F,x) \equiv (\lambda F,y)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** –  
**have**  $[(\lambda O!,x) \text{ in } v] \wedge [(\lambda O!,y) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *OrdI 1* **by** *blast*  
**moreover have**  $[\Box(\forall F. (\lambda F,x) \equiv (\lambda F,y)) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** *meta-solver* **using**  $1$  **by** *force*  
**ultimately show** *?thesis* **using** *ConjI* **by** *simp*  
**qed**  
**moreover have** *IsProperInXY*  $(\lambda x \ y. (\lambda O!,x) \ \& \ (\lambda O!,y) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F. (\lambda F,x) \equiv (\lambda F,y)))$   
**by** *show-proper*  
**ultimately have**  $(\omega\nu \ o_1, \omega\nu \ o_2) \in \text{ex2 } r \ v$   
**using** *D5-2 1 2*  
**unfolding** *basic-identity<sub>E</sub>-def* **by** *fast*  
**thus**  $[x =_E y \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *Exe2I 1 2*  
**unfolding** *basic-identity<sub>E</sub>-infix-def basic-identity<sub>E</sub>-def*  
**by** *blast*  
**qed**  
**lemma** *Eq<sub>E</sub>E[meta-elim]*:  
**assumes**  $[x =_E y \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $\exists \ o_1 \ o_2. \text{Some } (\omega\nu \ o_1) = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } (\omega\nu \ o_2) = d_\kappa y \wedge o_1 = o_2$   
**proof** –  
**have** *IsProperInXY*  $(\lambda x \ y. (\lambda O!,x) \ \& \ (\lambda O!,y) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F. (\lambda F,x) \equiv (\lambda F,y)))$   
**by** *show-proper*  
**hence**  $1: [(\lambda O!,x) \ \& \ (\lambda O!,y) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F. (\lambda F,x) \equiv (\lambda F,y)) \text{ in } v]$

```

    using assms unfolding basic-identityE-def basic-identityE-infix-def
    using D4-2 T1-2 D5-2 by meson
  hence 2:  $\exists o_1 o_2 . \text{Some } (\omega\nu o_1) = d_\kappa x$ 
              $\wedge \text{Some } (\omega\nu o_2) = d_\kappa y$ 
    apply (subst (asm) ConjS)
    apply (subst (asm) ConjS)
    using OrdE by auto
  then obtain  $o_1 o_2$  where 3:
     $\text{Some } (\omega\nu o_1) = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } (\omega\nu o_2) = d_\kappa y$ 
    by auto
  have  $\exists r . \text{Some } r = d_1 (\lambda z . \text{makeo } (\lambda w s . d_\kappa (z^P) = \text{Some } (\omega\nu o_1)))$ 
    using properx1 by auto
  then obtain  $r$  where 4:
     $\text{Some } r = d_1 (\lambda z . \text{makeo } (\lambda w s . d_\kappa (z^P) = \text{Some } (\omega\nu o_1)))$ 
    by auto
  hence 5:  $r = (\lambda u s w . \exists x . \nu\nu x = u \wedge \text{Some } x = \text{Some } (\omega\nu o_1))$ 
    unfolding lambdabinder1-def d1-def dκ-proper
    apply transfer
    by simp
  have  $[\Box(\forall F . \langle F, x \rangle \equiv \langle F, y \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using 1 using ConjE by blast
  hence 6:  $\forall v F . [\langle F, x \rangle \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [\langle F, y \rangle \text{ in } v]$ 
    using BoxE EquivE AllE by fast
  hence  $\forall v . ((\omega\nu o_1) \in \text{ex1 } r v) = ((\omega\nu o_2) \in \text{ex1 } r v)$ 
    using 2 4 unfolding valid-in-def
    by (metis 3 6 d1.rep-eq dκ-inject dκ-proper ex1-def evalo-inverse exe1.rep-eq
        mem-Collect-eq option.sel rep-proper-id νκ-proper valid-in.abs-eq)
  moreover have  $(\omega\nu o_1) \in \text{ex1 } r v$ 
    unfolding 5 ex1-def by simp
  ultimately have  $(\omega\nu o_2) \in \text{ex1 } r v$ 
    by auto
  hence  $o_1 = o_2$  unfolding 5 ex1-def by (auto simp: meta-ax)
  thus ?thesis
    using 3 by auto
qed
lemma EqES[meta-subst]:
   $[x =_E y \text{ in } v] = (\exists o_1 o_2 . \text{Some } (\omega\nu o_1) = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } (\omega\nu o_2) = d_\kappa y$ 
              $\wedge o_1 = o_2)$ 
  using EqEI EqEE by blast

```

### 5.15.2 Individuals

```

lemma EqκI[meta-intro]:
  assumes  $\exists o_1 o_2 . \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge o_1 = o_2$ 
  shows  $[x =_\kappa y \text{ in } v]$ 
  proof –
    have  $x = y$  using assms dκ-inject by meson
    moreover have  $[x =_\kappa x \text{ in } v]$ 
      unfolding basic-identityκ-def
      apply meta-solver
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) assms AbsI Exe1E ν.exhaust)
    ultimately show ?thesis by auto
  qed
lemma Eqκ-prop:
  assumes  $[x =_\kappa y \text{ in } v]$ 
  shows  $[\varphi x \text{ in } v] = [\varphi y \text{ in } v]$ 
  proof –
    have  $[x =_E y \vee \langle A!, x \rangle \ \& \ \langle A!, y \rangle \ \& \ \Box(\forall F . \langle x, F \rangle \equiv \langle y, F \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using assms unfolding basic-identityκ-def by simp
    moreover {
      assume  $[x =_E y \text{ in } v]$ 
      hence  $(\exists o_1 o_2 . \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge o_1 = o_2)$ 
        using EqEE by fast
    }
  
```

```

}
moreover {
  assume 1:  $[(\downarrow A!, x) \ \& \ (\downarrow A!, y) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F. \llbracket x, F \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket y, F \rrbracket)]$  in v
  hence 2:  $(\exists o_1 o_2 X Y. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y$ 
     $\wedge o_1 = \alpha\nu X \wedge o_2 = \alpha\nu Y)$ 
    using AbsE ConjE by meson
  moreover then obtain  $o_1 o_2 X Y$  where 3:
     $\text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge o_1 = \alpha\nu X \wedge o_2 = \alpha\nu Y$ 
    by auto
  moreover have 4:  $[\Box(\forall F. \llbracket x, F \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket y, F \rrbracket)]$  in v
    using 1 ConjE by blast
  hence 6:  $\forall v F. [\llbracket x, F \rrbracket \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [\llbracket y, F \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$ 
    using BoxE AllE EquivE by fast
  hence 7:  $\forall v r. (\exists o_1. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge o_1 \in \text{en } r)$ 
     $= (\exists o_1. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa y \wedge o_1 \in \text{en } r)$ 
    apply – apply meta-solver
    using properx1 d1-inject apply simp
    apply transfer by simp
  hence 8:  $\forall r. (o_1 \in \text{en } r) = (o_2 \in \text{en } r)$ 
    using 3 dκ-inject dκ-proper apply simp
    by (metis option.inject)
  hence  $\forall r. (o_1 \in r) = (o_2 \in r)$ 
    unfolding en-def using 3
    by (metis Collect-cong Collect-mem-eq v.simps(6)
      mem-Collect-eq makeΠ1-cases)
  hence  $(o_1 \in \{x \mid o_1 = x\}) = (o_2 \in \{x \mid o_1 = x\})$ 
    by metis
  hence  $o_1 = o_2$  by simp
  hence  $(\exists o_1 o_2. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge o_1 = o_2)$ 
    using 3 by auto
}
ultimately have  $x = y$ 
  using DisjS using Semantics.dκ-inject by auto
thus  $(v \models (\varphi x)) = (v \models (\varphi y))$  by simp
qed
lemma EqκE[meta-elim]:
  assumes  $[x =_\kappa y \text{ in } v]$ 
  shows  $\exists o_1 o_2. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge o_1 = o_2$ 
proof –
  have  $\forall \varphi. (v \models \varphi x) = (v \models \varphi y)$ 
    using assms Eqκ-prop by blast
  moreover obtain  $\varphi$  where  $\varphi\text{-prop}$ :
     $\varphi = (\lambda \alpha. \text{makeo } (\lambda w s. (\exists o_1 o_2. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x$ 
       $\wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa \alpha \wedge o_1 = o_2)))$ 
    by auto
  ultimately have  $(v \models \varphi x) = (v \models \varphi y)$  by metis
  moreover have  $(v \models \varphi x)$ 
    using assms unfolding  $\varphi\text{-prop}$  basic-identityκ-def
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) AbsS ConjE DisjS
      EqES valid-in.abs-eq)
  ultimately have  $(v \models \varphi y)$  by auto
  thus ?thesis
    unfolding  $\varphi\text{-prop}$ 
    by (simp add: valid-in-def meta-aux)
qed
lemma EqκS[meta-subst]:
   $[x =_\kappa y \text{ in } v] = (\exists o_1 o_2. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa x \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa y \wedge o_1 = o_2)$ 
  using EqκI EqκE by blast

```

### 5.15.3 One-Place Relations

```

lemma Eq1I[meta-intro]:  $F = G \implies [F =_1 G \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding basic-identity1-def

```

```

apply (rule BoxI, rule AllI, rule EquivI)
by simp
lemma Eq1E[meta-elim]:  $[F =_1 G \text{ in } v] \implies F = G$ 
unfolding basic-identity1-def
apply (drule BoxE, drule-tac  $x=(\alpha\nu \{ F \})$  in AllE, drule EquivE)
apply (simp add: Semantics.T2)
unfolding en-def dκ-def d1-def
using νκ-proper rep-proper-id
by (simp add: rep-def proper-def meta-aux νκ.rep-eq)
lemma Eq1S[meta-subst]:  $[F =_1 G \text{ in } v] = (F = G)$ 
using Eq1I Eq1E by auto
lemma Eq1-prop:  $[F =_1 G \text{ in } v] \implies [\varphi F \text{ in } v] = [\varphi G \text{ in } v]$ 
using Eq1E by blast

```

#### 5.15.4 Two-Place Relations

```

lemma Eq2I[meta-intro]:  $F = G \implies [F =_2 G \text{ in } v]$ 
unfolding basic-identity2-def
apply (rule AllI, rule ConjI, (subst Eq1S)+)
by simp
lemma Eq2E[meta-elim]:  $[F =_2 G \text{ in } v] \implies F = G$ 
proof –
assume  $[F =_2 G \text{ in } v]$ 
hence  $1: [\forall x. (\lambda y. \langle F, x^P, y^P \rangle) =_1 (\lambda y. \langle G, x^P, y^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
unfolding basic-identity2-def
apply – apply meta-solver by auto
{
fix  $u \ v \ s \ w$ 
obtain  $x$  where  $x\text{-def}: \nu\nu \ x = v$  by (metis νν-surj surj-def)
obtain  $a$  where  $a\text{-def}$ :
 $a = (\lambda u \ s \ w. \exists xa. \nu\nu \ xa = u \wedge \text{eval}\Pi_2 \ F \ (\nu\nu \ x) \ (\nu\nu \ xa) \ s \ w)$ 
by auto
obtain  $b$  where  $b\text{-def}$ :
 $b = (\lambda u \ s \ w. \exists xa. \nu\nu \ xa = u \wedge \text{eval}\Pi_2 \ G \ (\nu\nu \ x) \ (\nu\nu \ xa) \ s \ w)$ 
by auto
have  $a = b$  unfolding  $a\text{-def}$   $b\text{-def}$ 
using  $1$  apply – apply meta-solver
by (auto simp: meta-defs meta-aux makeΠ1-inject)
hence  $a \ u \ s \ w = b \ u \ s \ w$  by auto
hence  $(\text{eval}\Pi_2 \ F \ (\nu\nu \ x) \ u \ s \ w) = (\text{eval}\Pi_2 \ G \ (\nu\nu \ x) \ u \ s \ w)$ 
unfolding  $a\text{-def}$   $b\text{-def}$ 
by (metis (no-types, hide-lams) νν-surj surj-def)
hence  $(\text{eval}\Pi_2 \ F \ v \ u \ s \ w) = (\text{eval}\Pi_2 \ G \ v \ u \ s \ w)$ 
unfolding  $x\text{-def}$  by auto
}
hence  $(\text{eval}\Pi_2 \ F) = (\text{eval}\Pi_2 \ G)$  by blast
thus  $F = G$  by (simp add: evalΠ2-inject)
qed
lemma Eq2S[meta-subst]:  $[F =_2 G \text{ in } v] = (F = G)$ 
using Eq2I Eq2E by auto
lemma Eq2-prop:  $[F =_2 G \text{ in } v] \implies [\varphi F \text{ in } v] = [\varphi G \text{ in } v]$ 
using Eq2E by blast

```

#### 5.15.5 Three-Place Relations

```

lemma Eq3I[meta-intro]:  $F = G \implies [F =_3 G \text{ in } v]$ 
apply (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux conn-defs forall-ν-def basic-identity3-def)
using MetaSolver.Eq1I valid-in.rep-eq by auto
lemma Eq3E[meta-elim]:  $[F =_3 G \text{ in } v] \implies F = G$ 
proof –
assume  $[F =_3 G \text{ in } v]$ 
hence  $1: [\forall x \ y. (\lambda z. \langle F, x^P, y^P, z^P \rangle) =_1 (\lambda z. \langle G, x^P, y^P, z^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 

```

```

unfolding basic-identity3-def
apply – apply meta-solver by auto
{
  fix u v r s w
  obtain x where x-def:  $\nu v\ x = v$  by (metis  $\nu v$ -surj surj-def)
  obtain y where y-def:  $\nu v\ y = r$  by (metis  $\nu v$ -surj surj-def)
  obtain a where a-def:
     $a = (\lambda u\ s\ w. \exists x a. \nu v\ x a = u \wedge \text{eval}\Pi_3\ F\ (\nu v\ x)\ (\nu v\ y)\ (\nu v\ x a)\ s\ w)$ 
    by auto
  obtain b where b-def:
     $b = (\lambda u\ s\ w. \exists x a. \nu v\ x a = u \wedge \text{eval}\Pi_3\ G\ (\nu v\ x)\ (\nu v\ y)\ (\nu v\ x a)\ s\ w)$ 
    by auto
  have  $a = b$  unfolding a-def b-def
    using 1 apply – apply meta-solver
    by (auto simp: meta-defs meta-aux make $\Pi_1$ -inject)
  hence  $a\ u\ s\ w = b\ u\ s\ w$  by auto
  hence  $(\text{eval}\Pi_3\ F\ (\nu v\ x)\ (\nu v\ y)\ u\ s\ w) = (\text{eval}\Pi_3\ G\ (\nu v\ x)\ (\nu v\ y)\ u\ s\ w)$ 
    unfolding a-def b-def
    by (metis (no-types, hide-lams)  $\nu v$ -surj surj-def)
  hence  $(\text{eval}\Pi_3\ F\ v\ r\ u\ s\ w) = (\text{eval}\Pi_3\ G\ v\ r\ u\ s\ w)$ 
    unfolding x-def y-def by auto
}
hence  $(\text{eval}\Pi_3\ F) = (\text{eval}\Pi_3\ G)$  by blast
thus  $F = G$  by (simp add: eval $\Pi_3$ -inject)
qed
lemma Eq3S[meta-subst]:  $[F =_3\ G\ \text{in}\ v] = (F = G)$ 
using Eq3I Eq3E by auto
lemma Eq3-prop:  $[F =_3\ G\ \text{in}\ v] \implies [\varphi\ F\ \text{in}\ v] = [\varphi\ G\ \text{in}\ v]$ 
using Eq3E by blast

```

### 5.15.6 Propositions

```

lemma Eq0I[meta-intro]:  $x = y \implies [x =_0\ y\ \text{in}\ v]$ 
unfolding basic-identity0-def by (simp add: Eq1S)
lemma Eq0E[meta-elim]:  $[F =_0\ G\ \text{in}\ v] \implies F = G$ 
proof –
  assume  $[F =_0\ G\ \text{in}\ v]$ 
  hence  $[(\lambda y. F) =_1\ (\lambda y. G)\ \text{in}\ v]$ 
    unfolding basic-identity0-def by simp
  hence  $(\lambda y. F) = (\lambda y. G)$ 
    using Eq1S by simp
  hence  $(\lambda u\ s\ w. (\exists x. \nu v\ x = u) \wedge \text{evalo}\ F\ s\ w)$ 
     $= (\lambda u\ s\ w. (\exists x. \nu v\ x = u) \wedge \text{evalo}\ G\ s\ w)$ 
    apply (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) UNIV-I make $\Pi_1$ -inverse)
  hence  $\bigwedge s\ w. (\text{evalo}\ F\ s\ w) = (\text{evalo}\ G\ s\ w)$ 
    by metis
  hence  $(\text{evalo}\ F) = (\text{evalo}\ G)$  by blast
  thus  $F = G$ 
  by (metis evalo-inverse)
qed
lemma Eq0S[meta-subst]:  $[F =_0\ G\ \text{in}\ v] = (F = G)$ 
using Eq0I Eq0E by auto
lemma Eq0-prop:  $[F =_0\ G\ \text{in}\ v] \implies [\varphi\ F\ \text{in}\ v] = [\varphi\ G\ \text{in}\ v]$ 
using Eq0E by blast

```

**end**

## 6 General Identity

**Remark 10.** *In order to define a general identity symbol that can act on all types of terms a type class is introduced which assumes the substitution property which is needed to derive the corresponding axiom. This type class is instantiated for all relation types, individual terms and individuals.*

### 6.1 Type Classes

```

class identifiable =
fixes identity :: 'a⇒'a⇒o (infixl = 63)
assumes l-identity:
  w ⊢ x = y ⇒ w ⊢ φ x ⇒ w ⊢ φ y
begin
  abbreviation notequal (infixl ≠ 63) where
    notequal ≡ λ x y . ¬(x = y)
end

class quantifiable-and-identifiable = quantifiable + identifiable
begin
  definition exists-unique::('a⇒o)⇒o (binder ∃! [8] 9) where
    exists-unique ≡ λ φ . ∃ α . φ α & (∀ β. φ β → β = α)

  declare exists-unique-def[conn-defs]
end

```

### 6.2 Instantiations

```

instantiation κ :: identifiable
begin
  definition identity-κ where identity-κ ≡ basic-identity_κ
  instance proof
    fix x y :: κ and w φ
    show [x = y in w] ⇒ [φ x in w] ⇒ [φ y in w]
      unfolding identity-κ-def
      using MetaSolver.Eqκ-prop ..
    qed
end

instantiation ν :: identifiable
begin
  definition identity-ν where identity-ν ≡ λ x y . xP = yP
  instance proof
    fix α :: ν and β :: ν and v φ
    assume v ⊢ α = β
    hence v ⊢ αP = βP
      unfolding identity-ν-def by auto
    hence ∧φ.(v ⊢ φ (αP)) ⇒ (v ⊢ φ (βP))
      using l-identity by auto
    hence (v ⊢ φ (rep (αP))) ⇒ (v ⊢ φ (rep (βP)))
      by meson
    thus (v ⊢ φ α) ⇒ (v ⊢ φ β)
      by (simp only: rep-proper-id)
    qed
end

instantiation Π1 :: identifiable
begin
  definition identity-Π1 where identity-Π1 ≡ basic-identity1
  instance proof
    fix F G :: Π1 and w φ

```



```

    show  $(w \models F = G) \implies (w \models \varphi F) \implies (w \models \varphi G)$ 
      unfolding identity- $\Pi_1$ -def using MetaSolver.Eq1-prop ..
  qed
end

```

```

instantiation  $\Pi_2 :: \text{identifiable}$ 
begin
  definition identity- $\Pi_2$  where identity- $\Pi_2 \equiv \text{basic-identity}_2$ 
  instance proof
    fix  $F G :: \Pi_2$  and  $w \varphi$ 
    show  $(w \models F = G) \implies (w \models \varphi F) \implies (w \models \varphi G)$ 
      unfolding identity- $\Pi_2$ -def using MetaSolver.Eq2-prop ..
  qed
end

```

```

instantiation  $\Pi_3 :: \text{identifiable}$ 
begin
  definition identity- $\Pi_3$  where identity- $\Pi_3 \equiv \text{basic-identity}_3$ 
  instance proof
    fix  $F G :: \Pi_3$  and  $w \varphi$ 
    show  $(w \models F = G) \implies (w \models \varphi F) \implies (w \models \varphi G)$ 
      unfolding identity- $\Pi_3$ -def using MetaSolver.Eq3-prop ..
  qed
end

```

```

instantiation  $\circ :: \text{identifiable}$ 
begin
  definition identity- $\circ$  where identity- $\circ \equiv \text{basic-identity}_0$ 
  instance proof
    fix  $F G :: \circ$  and  $w \varphi$ 
    show  $(w \models F = G) \implies (w \models \varphi F) \implies (w \models \varphi G)$ 
      unfolding identity- $\circ$ -def using MetaSolver.Eq0-prop ..
  qed
end

```

```

instance  $\nu :: \text{quantifiable-and-identifiable} ..$ 
instance  $\Pi_1 :: \text{quantifiable-and-identifiable} ..$ 
instance  $\Pi_2 :: \text{quantifiable-and-identifiable} ..$ 
instance  $\Pi_3 :: \text{quantifiable-and-identifiable} ..$ 
instance  $\circ :: \text{quantifiable-and-identifiable} ..$ 

```

### 6.3 New Identity Definitions

**Remark 11.** *The basic definitions of identity use type specific quantifiers and identity symbols. Equivalent definitions that use the general identity symbol and general quantifiers are provided.*

```

named-theorems identity-defs
lemma identityE-def[identity-defs]:
  basic-identityE  $\equiv \lambda^2 x y. (\llbracket O!, x^P \rrbracket \ \& \ \llbracket O!, y^P \rrbracket \ \& \ \Box(\forall F. (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket)))$ 
  unfolding basic-identityE-def forall- $\Pi_1$ -def by simp
lemma identityE-infix-def[identity-defs]:
   $x =_E y \equiv (\llbracket \text{basic-identity}_E, x, y \rrbracket \text{ using basic-identity}_E\text{-infix-def} .$ 
lemma identity $\kappa$ -def[identity-defs]:
   $op \equiv \lambda x y. x =_E y \vee (\llbracket A!, x \rrbracket \ \& \ \llbracket A!, y \rrbracket \ \& \ \Box(\forall F. \llbracket x, F \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket y, F \rrbracket))$ 
  unfolding identity- $\kappa$ -def basic-identity $\kappa$ -def forall- $\Pi_1$ -def by simp
lemma identity $\nu$ -def[identity-defs]:
   $op \equiv \lambda x y. (x^P =_E y^P) \vee (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket \ \& \ \llbracket A!, y^P \rrbracket \ \& \ \Box(\forall F. \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket y^P, F \rrbracket))$ 
  unfolding identity- $\nu$ -def identity $\kappa$ -def by simp
lemma identity1-def[identity-defs]:
   $op \equiv \lambda F G. \Box(\forall x. \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket x^P, G \rrbracket)$ 
  unfolding identity- $\Pi_1$ -def basic-identity1-def forall- $\nu$ -def by simp
lemma identity2-def[identity-defs]:

```

```

op = ≡ λF G. ∀ x. (λy. (|F, xP, yP|)) = (λy. (|G, xP, yP|))
      & (λy. (|F, yP, xP|)) = (λy. (|G, yP, xP|))
unfolding identity-Π2-def identity-Π1-def basic-identity2-def forall-ν-def by simp
lemma identity3-def[identity-defs]:
op = ≡ λF G. ∀ x y. (λz. (|F, zP, xP, yP|)) = (λz. (|G, zP, xP, yP|))
      & (λz. (|F, xP, zP, yP|)) = (λz. (|G, xP, zP, yP|))
      & (λz. (|F, xP, yP, zP|)) = (λz. (|G, xP, yP, zP|))
unfolding identity-Π3-def identity-Π1-def basic-identity3-def forall-ν-def by simp
lemma identityo-def[identity-defs]: op = ≡ λF G. (λy. F) = (λy. G)
unfolding identity-o-def identity-Π1-def basic-identity0-def by simp

```

## 7 The Axioms of PLM

**Remark 12.** *The axioms of PLM can now be derived from the Semantics and the model structure.*

```

locale Axioms
begin
  interpretation MetaSolver .
  interpretation Semantics .
  named-theorems axiom

```

**Remark 13.** *The special syntax  $[[\cdot]]$  is introduced for stating the axioms. Modally-fragile axioms are stated with the syntax for actual validity  $[\cdot]$ .*

```

definition axiom :: o ⇒ bool ([[·]]) where axiom ≡ λ φ . ∀ v . [φ in v]

method axiom-meta-solver = (((unfold axiom-def) ?, rule allI) | (unfold actual-validity-def) ?),
meta-solver,
(simp | (auto; fail)) ?

```

### 7.1 Closures

**Remark 14.** *Rules resembling the concepts of closures in PLM are derived. Theorem attributes are introduced to aid in the instantiation of the axioms.*

```

lemma axiom-instance[axiom]: [[φ]] ⇒ [φ in v]
  unfolding axiom-def by simp
lemma closures-universal[axiom]: (Λx. [[φ x]]) ⇒ [[∀ x. φ x]]
  by axiom-meta-solver
lemma closures-actualization[axiom]: [[φ]] ⇒ [[A φ]]
  by axiom-meta-solver
lemma closures-necessitation[axiom]: [[φ]] ⇒ [[□ φ]]
  by axiom-meta-solver
lemma necessitation-averse-axiom-instance[axiom]: [φ] ⇒ [φ in dw]
  by axiom-meta-solver
lemma necessitation-averse-closures-universal[axiom]: (Λx. [φ x]) ⇒ [∀ x. φ x]
  by axiom-meta-solver

attribute-setup axiom-instance = ⟨
  Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []
    (fn - => fn thm => thm RS @ {thm axiom-instance}))
⟩
attribute-setup necessitation-averse-axiom-instance = ⟨
  Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []
    (fn - => fn thm => thm RS @ {thm necessitation-averse-axiom-instance}))
⟩
attribute-setup axiom-necessitation = ⟨

```

```

Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []
  (fn - => fn thm => thm RS @ {thm closures-necessitation}))
))

attribute-setup axiom-actualization = <<
  Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []
    (fn - => fn thm => thm RS @ {thm closures-actualization}))
  >>

attribute-setup axiom-universal = <<
  Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []
    (fn - => fn thm => thm RS @ {thm closures-universal}))
  >>

```

## 7.2 Axioms for Negations and Conditionals

```

lemma pl-1[axiom]:
  [[ $\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \varphi)$ ]]
  by axiom-meta-solver
lemma pl-2[axiom]:
  [[ $(\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \chi)) \rightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \chi))$ ]]
  by axiom-meta-solver
lemma pl-3[axiom]:
  [[ $(\neg\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi) \rightarrow ((\neg\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow \varphi)$ ]]
  by axiom-meta-solver

```

## 7.3 Axioms of Identity

```

lemma l-identity[axiom]:
  [[ $\alpha = \beta \rightarrow (\varphi \alpha \rightarrow \varphi \beta)$ ]]
  using l-identity apply - by axiom-meta-solver

```

## 7.4 Axioms of Quantification

```

lemma cqt-1[axiom]:
  [[ $(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow \varphi \alpha$ ]]
  by axiom-meta-solver
lemma cqt-1- $\kappa$ [axiom]:
  [[ $(\forall \alpha. \varphi (\alpha^P)) \rightarrow ((\exists \beta. (\beta^P) = \alpha) \rightarrow \varphi \alpha)$ ]]
  proof -
  {
    fix v
    assume 1: [ $(\forall \alpha. \varphi (\alpha^P))$  in v]
    assume [ $(\exists \beta. (\beta^P) = \alpha)$  in v]
    then obtain  $\beta$  where 2:
      [ $(\beta^P) = \alpha$  in v] by (rule ExERule)
    hence [ $\varphi (\beta^P)$  in v] using 1 Alle by fast
    hence [ $\varphi \alpha$  in v]
      using l-identity[where  $\varphi=\varphi$ , axiom-instance]
      ImplS 2 by simp
  }
  thus [[ $(\forall \alpha. \varphi (\alpha^P)) \rightarrow ((\exists \beta. (\beta^P) = \alpha) \rightarrow \varphi \alpha)$ ]]
    unfolding axiom-def using ImplI by blast
qed
lemma cqt-3[axiom]:
  [[ $(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \psi \alpha) \rightarrow ((\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. \psi \alpha))$ ]]
  by axiom-meta-solver
lemma cqt-4[axiom]:
  [[ $\varphi \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. \varphi)$ ]]
  by axiom-meta-solver

```

inductive SimpleExOrEnc

```

where SimpleExOrEnc ( $\lambda x . (|F, x|)$ )
  | SimpleExOrEnc ( $\lambda x . (|F, x, y|)$ )
  | SimpleExOrEnc ( $\lambda x . (|F, y, x|)$ )
  | SimpleExOrEnc ( $\lambda x . (|F, x, y, z|)$ )
  | SimpleExOrEnc ( $\lambda x . (|F, y, x, z|)$ )
  | SimpleExOrEnc ( $\lambda x . (|F, y, z, x|)$ )
  | SimpleExOrEnc ( $\lambda x . \{x, F\}$ )

```

```

lemma cqt-5[axiom]:
  assumes SimpleExOrEnc  $\psi$ 
  shows  $[(\psi (\iota x . \varphi x)) \rightarrow (\exists \alpha . (\alpha^P) = (\iota x . \varphi x))]$ 
  proof -
    have  $\forall w . ((\psi (\iota x . \varphi x)) \text{ in } w) \longrightarrow (\exists o_1 . \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa (\iota x . \varphi x))$ 
      using assms apply induct by (meta-solver;metis)+
    thus ?thesis
      apply - unfolding identity- $\kappa$ -def
      apply axiom-meta-solver
      using  $d_\kappa$ -proper by auto
  qed

```

```

lemma cqt-5-mod[axiom]:
  assumes SimpleExOrEnc  $\psi$ 
  shows  $[(\psi \tau \rightarrow (\exists \alpha . (\alpha^P) = \tau))]$ 
  proof -
    have  $\forall w . ((\psi \tau) \text{ in } w) \longrightarrow (\exists o_1 . \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa \tau)$ 
      using assms apply induct by (meta-solver;metis)+
    thus ?thesis
      apply - unfolding identity- $\kappa$ -def
      apply axiom-meta-solver
      using  $d_\kappa$ -proper by auto
  qed

```

## 7.5 Axioms of Actuality

```

lemma logic-actual[axiom]:  $[(\mathcal{A}\varphi) \equiv \varphi]$ 
  by axiom-meta-solver
lemma  $[(\mathcal{A}\varphi) \equiv \varphi]$ 
  nitpick[user-axioms, expect = genuine, card = 1, card i = 2]
  oops — Counter-model by nitpick

```

```

lemma logic-actual-nec-1[axiom]:
   $[(\mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \equiv \neg\mathcal{A}\varphi)]$ 
  by axiom-meta-solver

```

```

lemma logic-actual-nec-2[axiom]:
   $[(\mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\psi)]$ 
  by axiom-meta-solver

```

```

lemma logic-actual-nec-3[axiom]:
   $[(\mathcal{A}(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha) \equiv (\forall \alpha . \mathcal{A}(\varphi \alpha)))]$ 
  by axiom-meta-solver

```

```

lemma logic-actual-nec-4[axiom]:
   $[(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}\varphi)]$ 
  by axiom-meta-solver

```

## 7.6 Axioms of Necessity

```

lemma qml-1[axiom]:
   $[(\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi))]$ 
  by axiom-meta-solver

```

```

lemma qml-2[axiom]:
   $[(\Box\varphi \rightarrow \varphi)]$ 
  by axiom-meta-solver

```

```

lemma qml-3[axiom]:
   $[(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Box\Diamond\varphi)]$ 

```

```

by axiom-meta-solver
lemma qml-4[axiom]:
  [[ $\Diamond(\exists x. (\langle E!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \Diamond \neg(\langle E!, x^P \rangle)) \ \& \ \Diamond \neg(\exists x. (\langle E!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \Diamond \neg(\langle E!, x^P \rangle)))$ ]]
  unfolding axiom-def
  using PossiblyContingentObjectExistsAxiom
    PossiblyNoContingentObjectExistsAxiom
  apply (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux conn-defs forall- $\nu$ -def
    split:  $\nu$ .split  $v$ .split)
  by (metis  $\nu v$ - $\omega \nu$ -is- $\omega v$   $v$ .distinct(1)  $v$ .inject(1))

```

## 7.7 Axioms of Necessity and Actuality

```

lemma qml-act-1[axiom]:
  [[ $\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \Box \mathcal{A}\varphi$ ]]
  by axiom-meta-solver
lemma qml-act-2[axiom]:
  [[ $\Box \varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}(\Box \varphi)$ ]]
  by axiom-meta-solver

```

## 7.8 Axioms of Descriptions

```

lemma descriptions[axiom]:
  [[ $x^P = (\iota x. \varphi x) \equiv (\forall z. (\mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \equiv z = x))$ ]]
  unfolding axiom-def
  proof (rule allI, rule EquivI; rule)
    fix v
    assume [ $x^P = (\iota x. \varphi x)$  in  $v$ ]
    moreover hence 1:
       $\exists o_1 o_2. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa(x^P) \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa(\iota x. \varphi x) \wedge o_1 = o_2$ 
      apply - unfolding identity- $\kappa$ -def by meta-solver
    then obtain  $o_1 o_2$  where 2:
       $\text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa(x^P) \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa(\iota x. \varphi x) \wedge o_1 = o_2$ 
      by auto
    hence 3:
      ( $\exists x. ((w_0 \models \varphi x) \wedge (\forall y. (w_0 \models \varphi y) \longrightarrow y = x))$ 
         $\wedge d_\kappa(\iota x. \varphi x) = \text{Some } (\text{THE } x. (w_0 \models \varphi x))$ )
      using D3 by (metis option.distinct(1))
    then obtain  $X$  where 4:
      ( $(w_0 \models \varphi X) \wedge (\forall y. (w_0 \models \varphi y) \longrightarrow y = X)$ )
      by auto
    moreover have  $o_1 = (\text{THE } x. (w_0 \models \varphi x))$ 
      using 2 3 by auto
    ultimately have 5:  $X = o_1$ 
      by (metis (mono-tags) theI)
    have  $\forall z. [\mathcal{A}\varphi z \text{ in } v] = [(z^P) = (x^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
    proof
      fix z
      have  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi z \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [(z^P) = (x^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
        unfolding identity- $\kappa$ -def apply meta-solver
        using 4 5 2  $d_\kappa$ -proper  $w_0$ -def by auto
      moreover have  $[(z^P) = (x^P) \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\mathcal{A}\varphi z \text{ in } v]$ 
        unfolding identity- $\kappa$ -def apply meta-solver
        using 2 4 5
        by (simp add:  $d_\kappa$ -proper  $w_0$ -def)
      ultimately show  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi z \text{ in } v] = [(z^P) = (x^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
        by auto
    qed
    thus  $[\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi z \equiv (z) = (x) \text{ in } v]$ 
      unfolding identity- $\nu$ -def
      by (simp add: AllI EquivS)
  next
  fix v
  assume  $[\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi z \equiv (z) = (x) \text{ in } v]$ 

```

hence  $\bigwedge z. (dw \models \varphi z) = (\exists o_1 o_2. \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa (z^P) \wedge \text{Some } o_2 = d_\kappa (x^P) \wedge o_1 = o_2)$   
 apply – unfolding *identity- $\nu$ -def identity- $\kappa$ -def* by *meta-solver*  
 hence  $\forall z. (dw \models \varphi z) = (z = x)$   
 by (*simp add: d $\kappa$ -proper*)  
 moreover hence  $x = (THE z. (dw \models \varphi z))$  by *simp*  
 ultimately have  $x^P = (\iota x. \varphi x)$   
 using *D3 d $\kappa$ -inject d $\kappa$ -proper w<sub>0</sub>-def* by *presburger*  
 thus  $[x^P = (\iota x. \varphi x)]$  in *v*  
 using *Eq $\kappa$ S unfolding identity- $\kappa$ -def* by (*metis d $\kappa$ -proper*)  
 qed

## 7.9 Axioms for Complex Relation Terms

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-1*[*axiom*]:

$(\lambda x. \varphi x) = (\lambda y. \varphi y) ..$

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-2-1*[*axiom*]:

assumes *IsProperInX*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $[(\lambda x. \varphi (x^P), x^P) \equiv \varphi (x^P)]$   
 apply *axiom-meta-solver*  
 using *D5-1[OF assms] d $\kappa$ -proper proper<sub>x1</sub>*  
 by *metis*

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-2-2*[*axiom*]:

assumes *IsProperInXY*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $[(\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. \varphi (x^P) (y^P))), x^P, y^P] \equiv \varphi (x^P) (y^P)]$   
 apply *axiom-meta-solver*  
 using *D5-2[OF assms] d $\kappa$ -proper proper<sub>x2</sub>*  
 by *metis*

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-2-3*[*axiom*]:

assumes *IsProperInXYZ*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $[(\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P))), x^P, y^P, z^P] \equiv \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)]$   
 proof –  
 have  $[(\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P))), x^P, y^P, z^P] \rightarrow \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)]$   
 apply *axiom-meta-solver* using *D5-3[OF assms] by auto*  
 moreover have  
 $[(\varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P) \rightarrow (\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P))), x^P, y^P, z^P]$   
 apply *axiom-meta-solver*  
 using *D5-3[OF assms] d $\kappa$ -proper proper<sub>x3</sub>*  
 by (*metis (no-types, lifting)*)  
 ultimately show *?thesis* unfolding *axiom-def equiv-def ConjS* by *blast*  
 qed

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-3-0*[*axiom*]:

$[(\lambda^0 \varphi) = \varphi]$   
 unfolding *identity-defs*  
 apply *axiom-meta-solver*  
 by (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux*)

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-3-1*[*axiom*]:

$[(\lambda x. (\lambda F. x^P) = F)]$   
 unfolding *axiom-def*  
 apply (*rule allI*)  
 unfolding *identity- $\Pi_1$ -def* apply (*rule Eq<sub>1</sub>I*)  
 using *D4-1 d<sub>1</sub>-inject* by *simp*

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-3-2*[*axiom*]:

$[(\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. (\lambda F. x^P, y^P)) = F)]$   
 unfolding *axiom-def*  
 apply (*rule allI*)  
 unfolding *identity- $\Pi_2$ -def* apply (*rule Eq<sub>2</sub>I*)

using *D4-2 d2-inject* by *simp*

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-3-3*[*axiom*]:  
 $[[(\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z . (\mathcal{F}, x^P, y^P, z^P))) = F]]$   
**unfolding** *axiom-def*  
**apply** (*rule allI*)  
**unfolding** *identity- $\Pi_3$ -def* **apply** (*rule Eq3I*)  
**using** *D4-3 d3-inject* by *simp*

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-4-0*[*axiom*]:  
**assumes**  $\bigwedge x. [(\mathcal{A}(\varphi x \equiv \psi x)) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[[ (\lambda^0 (\chi (\iota x. \varphi x)) = \lambda^0 (\chi (\iota x. \psi x))) ]]$   
**unfolding** *axiom-def identity-o-def* **apply** – **apply** (*rule allI*; *rule Eq0I*)  
**using** *TheEqI*[*OF assms*[*THEN ActualE*, *THEN EquivE*]] by *auto*

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-4-1*[*axiom*]:  
**assumes**  $\bigwedge x. [(\mathcal{A}(\varphi x \equiv \psi x)) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[[ (\lambda x . \chi (\iota x. \varphi x) x) = (\lambda x . \chi (\iota x. \psi x) x) ]]$   
**unfolding** *axiom-def identity- $\Pi_1$ -def* **apply** – **apply** (*rule allI*; *rule Eq1I*)  
**using** *TheEqI*[*OF assms*[*THEN ActualE*, *THEN EquivE*]] by *auto*

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-4-2*[*axiom*]:  
**assumes**  $\bigwedge x. [(\mathcal{A}(\varphi x \equiv \psi x)) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[[ (\lambda^2 (\lambda x y . \chi (\iota x. \varphi x) x y)) = (\lambda^2 (\lambda x y . \chi (\iota x. \psi x) x y)) ]]$   
**unfolding** *axiom-def identity- $\Pi_2$ -def* **apply** – **apply** (*rule allI*; *rule Eq2I*)  
**using** *TheEqI*[*OF assms*[*THEN ActualE*, *THEN EquivE*]] by *auto*

**lemma** *lambda-predicates-4-3*[*axiom*]:  
**assumes**  $\bigwedge x. [(\mathcal{A}(\varphi x \equiv \psi x)) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[[ (\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z . \chi (\iota x. \varphi x) x y z)) = (\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z . \chi (\iota x. \psi x) x y z)) ]]$   
**unfolding** *axiom-def identity- $\Pi_3$ -def* **apply** – **apply** (*rule allI*; *rule Eq3I*)  
**using** *TheEqI*[*OF assms*[*THEN ActualE*, *THEN EquivE*]] by *auto*

## 7.10 Axioms of Encoding

**lemma** *encoding*[*axiom*]:  
 $[[ \{x, F\} \rightarrow \Box \{x, F\} ]]$   
**by** *axiom-meta-solver*  
**lemma** *nocoder*[*axiom*]:  
 $[[ (\Box O!, x) \rightarrow \neg (\exists F . \{x, F\}) ]]$   
**unfolding** *axiom-def*  
**apply** (*rule allI*, *rule ImplI*, *subst (asm)* *OrdS*)  
**apply** *meta-solver* **unfolding** *en-def*  
**by** (*metis v.simps*(5) *mem-Collect-eq option.sel*)

**lemma** *A-objects*[*axiom*]:  
 $[[ (\exists x. (\Box A!, x^P) \& (\forall F . (\{x^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F)) ) ]]$   
**unfolding** *axiom-def*  
**proof** (*rule allI*, *rule ExIRule*)  
**fix** *v*  
**let**  $?x = \alpha v \{ F . [\varphi F \text{ in } v] \}$   
**have**  $[(\Box A!, ?x^P) \text{ in } v]$  **by** (*simp add: AbsS d $\kappa$ -proper*)  
**moreover** **have**  $[(\forall F. \{?x^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** *meta-solver* **unfolding** *en-def*  
**using** *d1.rep-eq d $\kappa$ -def d $\kappa$ -proper eval $\Pi_1$ -inverse* **by** *auto*  
**ultimately** **show**  $[(\Box A!, ?x^P) \& (\forall F. \{?x^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*simp only: ConjS*)  
**qed**

end

## 8 Definitions

### 8.1 Property Negations

```

consts propnot :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a ( $-^{\cdot}$  [90] 90)
overloading propnot0  $\equiv$  propnot ::  $\Pi_0 \Rightarrow \Pi_0$ 
               propnot1  $\equiv$  propnot ::  $\Pi_1 \Rightarrow \Pi_1$ 
               propnot2  $\equiv$  propnot ::  $\Pi_2 \Rightarrow \Pi_2$ 
               propnot3  $\equiv$  propnot ::  $\Pi_3 \Rightarrow \Pi_3$ 

begin
  definition propnot0 ::  $\Pi_0 \Rightarrow \Pi_0$  where
    propnot0  $\equiv$   $\lambda p . \lambda^0 (\neg p)$ 
  definition propnot1 where
    propnot1  $\equiv$   $\lambda F . \lambda x . \neg(|F, x^P|)$ 
  definition propnot2 where
    propnot2  $\equiv$   $\lambda F . \lambda^2 (\lambda x y . \neg(|F, x^P, y^P|))$ 
  definition propnot3 where
    propnot3  $\equiv$   $\lambda F . \lambda^3 (\lambda x y z . \neg(|F, x^P, y^P, z^P|))$ 
end

```

```

named-theorems propnot-defs
declare propnot0-def[propnot-defs] propnot1-def[propnot-defs]
         propnot2-def[propnot-defs] propnot3-def[propnot-defs]

```

### 8.2 Noncontingent and Contingent Relations

```

consts Necessary :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  o
overloading Necessary0  $\equiv$  Necessary ::  $\Pi_0 \Rightarrow$  o
               Necessary1  $\equiv$  Necessary ::  $\Pi_1 \Rightarrow$  o
               Necessary2  $\equiv$  Necessary ::  $\Pi_2 \Rightarrow$  o
               Necessary3  $\equiv$  Necessary ::  $\Pi_3 \Rightarrow$  o

begin
  definition Necessary0 where
    Necessary0  $\equiv$   $\lambda p . \Box p$ 
  definition Necessary1 ::  $\Pi_1 \Rightarrow$  o where
    Necessary1  $\equiv$   $\lambda F . \Box(\forall x . (|F, x^P|))$ 
  definition Necessary2 where
    Necessary2  $\equiv$   $\lambda F . \Box(\forall x y . (|F, x^P, y^P|))$ 
  definition Necessary3 where
    Necessary3  $\equiv$   $\lambda F . \Box(\forall x y z . (|F, x^P, y^P, z^P|))$ 
end

```

```

named-theorems Necessary-defs
declare Necessary0-def[Necessary-defs] Necessary1-def[Necessary-defs]
         Necessary2-def[Necessary-defs] Necessary3-def[Necessary-defs]

```

```

consts Impossible :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  o
overloading Impossible0  $\equiv$  Impossible ::  $\Pi_0 \Rightarrow$  o
               Impossible1  $\equiv$  Impossible ::  $\Pi_1 \Rightarrow$  o
               Impossible2  $\equiv$  Impossible ::  $\Pi_2 \Rightarrow$  o
               Impossible3  $\equiv$  Impossible ::  $\Pi_3 \Rightarrow$  o

begin
  definition Impossible0 where
    Impossible0  $\equiv$   $\lambda p . \Box \neg p$ 
  definition Impossible1 where
    Impossible1  $\equiv$   $\lambda F . \Box(\forall x . \neg(|F, x^P|))$ 
  definition Impossible2 where
    Impossible2  $\equiv$   $\lambda F . \Box(\forall x y . \neg(|F, x^P, y^P|))$ 
  definition Impossible3 where
    Impossible3  $\equiv$   $\lambda F . \Box(\forall x y z . \neg(|F, x^P, y^P, z^P|))$ 
end

```

```

named-theorems Impossible-defs

```



**declare** *Impossible*<sub>0</sub>-def[*Impossible-defs*] *Impossible*<sub>1</sub>-def[*Impossible-defs*]  
*Impossible*<sub>2</sub>-def[*Impossible-defs*] *Impossible*<sub>3</sub>-def[*Impossible-defs*]

**definition** *NonContingent* **where**  
*NonContingent*  $\equiv \lambda F . (Necessary\ F) \vee (Impossible\ F)$

**definition** *Contingent* **where**  
*Contingent*  $\equiv \lambda F . \neg(Necessary\ F \vee Impossible\ F)$

**definition** *ContingentlyTrue* ::  $\circ \Rightarrow \circ$  **where**  
*ContingentlyTrue*  $\equiv \lambda p . p \ \& \ \Diamond \neg p$

**definition** *ContingentlyFalse* ::  $\circ \Rightarrow \circ$  **where**  
*ContingentlyFalse*  $\equiv \lambda p . \neg p \ \& \ \Diamond p$

**definition** *WeaklyContingent* **where**  
*WeaklyContingent*  $\equiv \lambda F . Contingent\ F \ \& \ (\forall x . \Diamond(|F, x^P|) \rightarrow \Box(|F, x^P|))$

### 8.3 Null and Universal Objects

**definition** *Null* ::  $\kappa \Rightarrow \circ$  **where**  
*Null*  $\equiv \lambda x . (|A!, x|) \ \& \ \neg(\exists F . |x, F|)$

**definition** *Universal* ::  $\kappa \Rightarrow \circ$  **where**  
*Universal*  $\equiv \lambda x . (|A!, x|) \ \& \ (\forall F . |x, F|)$

**definition** *NullObject* ::  $\kappa\ (a_\emptyset)$  **where**  
*NullObject*  $\equiv (\iota x . Null\ (x^P))$

**definition** *UniversalObject* ::  $\kappa\ (a_\forall)$  **where**  
*UniversalObject*  $\equiv (\iota x . Universal\ (x^P))$

### 8.4 Propositional Properties

**definition** *Propositional* **where**  
*Propositional*  $F \equiv \exists p . F = (\lambda x . p)$

### 8.5 Indiscriminate Properties

**definition** *Indiscriminate* ::  $\Pi_1 \Rightarrow \circ$  **where**  
*Indiscriminate*  $\equiv \lambda F . \Box((\exists x . (|F, x^P|)) \rightarrow (\forall x . (|F, x^P|)))$

### 8.6 Miscellaneous

**definition** *not-identical*<sub>E</sub> ::  $\kappa \Rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow \circ$  (**infixl**  $\neq_E$  63)  
**where** *not-identical*<sub>E</sub>  $\equiv \lambda x\ y . (|(\lambda^2 (\lambda x\ y . x^P =_E y^P))^\neg, x, y|)$

## 9 The Deductive System PLM

**declare** *meta-defs*[*no-atp*] *meta-aux*[*no-atp*]

**locale** *PLM* = *Axioms*  
**begin**

### 9.1 Automatic Solver

**named-theorems** *PLM*  
**named-theorems** *PLM-intro*  
**named-theorems** *PLM-elim*  
**named-theorems** *PLM-dest*  
**named-theorems** *PLM-subst*

**method** *PLM-solver* **declares** *PLM-intro* *PLM-elim* *PLM-subst* *PLM-dest* *PLM*  
 $= ((assumption \mid (match\ axiom\ in\ A: [[\varphi]]\ for\ \varphi \Rightarrow \langle fact\ A[axiom-instance] \rangle)$   
 $\mid fact\ PLM \mid rule\ PLM-intro \mid subst\ PLM-subst \mid subst\ (asm)\ PLM-subst$   
 $\mid fastforce \mid safe \mid drule\ PLM-dest \mid erule\ PLM-elim); (PLM-solver) ?)$

## 9.2 Modus Ponens

```
lemma modus-ponens[PLM]:
   $[[\varphi \text{ in } v]; [\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (simp add: Semantics.T5)
```

## 9.3 Axioms

```
interpretation Axioms .
declare axiom[PLM]
declare conn-defs[PLM]
```

## 9.4 (Modally Strict) Proofs and Derivations

```
lemma vdash-properties-6[no-atp]:
   $[[\varphi \text{ in } v]; [\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using modus-ponens .
lemma vdash-properties-9[PLM]:
   $[\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\psi \rightarrow \varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using modus-ponens pl-1[axiom-instance] by blast
lemma vdash-properties-10[PLM]:
   $[\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$ 
  using vdash-properties-6 .

attribute-setup deduction = <<
  Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []
    (fn => fn thm => thm RS @{thm vdash-properties-10}))
  >>
```

## 9.5 GEN and RN

```
lemma rule-gen[PLM]:
   $[[\wedge \alpha . [\varphi \alpha \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \text{ in } v]]$ 
  by (simp add: Semantics.T8)

lemma RN-2[PLM]:
   $(\wedge v . [\psi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v]) \Rightarrow ([\Box \psi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\Box \varphi \text{ in } v])$ 
  by (simp add: Semantics.T6)

lemma RN[PLM]:
   $(\wedge v . [\varphi \text{ in } v]) \Rightarrow [\Box \varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using gml-3[axiom-necessitation, axiom-instance] RN-2 by blast
```

## 9.6 Negations and Conditionals

```
lemma if-p-then-p[PLM]:
   $[\varphi \rightarrow \varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using pl-1 pl-2 vdash-properties-10 axiom-instance by blast

lemma deduction-theorem[PLM, PLM-intro]:
   $[[\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (simp add: Semantics.T5)
lemmas CP = deduction-theorem

lemma ded-thm-cor-3[PLM]:
   $[[\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]; [\psi \rightarrow \chi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\varphi \rightarrow \chi \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (meson pl-2 vdash-properties-10 vdash-properties-9 axiom-instance)
lemma ded-thm-cor-4[PLM]:
   $[[\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \chi) \text{ in } v]; [\psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\varphi \rightarrow \chi \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (meson pl-2 vdash-properties-10 vdash-properties-9 axiom-instance)

lemma useful-tautologies-1[PLM]:
```

$[\neg\neg\varphi \rightarrow \varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*meson pl-1 pl-3 ded-thm-cor-3 ded-thm-cor-4 axiom-instance*)  
**lemma** *useful-tautologies-2*[PLM]:  
 $[\varphi \rightarrow \neg\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*meson pl-1 pl-3 ded-thm-cor-3 useful-tautologies-1*  
*vdash-properties-10 axiom-instance*)  
**lemma** *useful-tautologies-3*[PLM]:  
 $[\neg\varphi \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*meson pl-1 pl-2 pl-3 ded-thm-cor-3 ded-thm-cor-4 axiom-instance*)  
**lemma** *useful-tautologies-4*[PLM]:  
 $[(\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*meson pl-1 pl-2 pl-3 ded-thm-cor-3 ded-thm-cor-4 axiom-instance*)  
**lemma** *useful-tautologies-5*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*metis CP useful-tautologies-4 vdash-properties-10*)  
**lemma** *useful-tautologies-6*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi) \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*metis CP useful-tautologies-4 vdash-properties-10*)  
**lemma** *useful-tautologies-7*[PLM]:  
 $[(\neg\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\neg\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *ded-thm-cor-3 useful-tautologies-4 useful-tautologies-5*  
*useful-tautologies-6* **by** *blast*  
**lemma** *useful-tautologies-8*[PLM]:  
 $[\varphi \rightarrow (\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*meson ded-thm-cor-3 CP useful-tautologies-5*)  
**lemma** *useful-tautologies-9*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow ((\neg\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*metis CP useful-tautologies-4 vdash-properties-10*)  
**lemma** *useful-tautologies-10*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow \neg\varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*metis ded-thm-cor-3 CP useful-tautologies-6*)  
  
**lemma** *modus-tollens-1*[PLM]:  
 $[[\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]; [\neg\psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*metis ded-thm-cor-3 ded-thm-cor-4 useful-tautologies-3*  
*useful-tautologies-7 vdash-properties-10*)  
**lemma** *modus-tollens-2*[PLM]:  
 $[[\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi \text{ in } v]; [\psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *modus-tollens-1 useful-tautologies-2*  
*vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*  
  
**lemma** *contraposition-1*[PLM]:  
 $[\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v] = [\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *useful-tautologies-4 useful-tautologies-5*  
*vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*  
**lemma** *contraposition-2*[PLM]:  
 $[\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi \text{ in } v] = [\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *contraposition-1 ded-thm-cor-3*  
*useful-tautologies-1* **by** *blast*  
  
**lemma** *reductio-aa-1*[PLM]:  
 $[[\neg\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\neg\psi \text{ in } v]; [\neg\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *CP modus-tollens-2 useful-tautologies-1*  
*vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*  
**lemma** *reductio-aa-2*[PLM]:  
 $[[\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\neg\psi \text{ in } v]; [\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*meson contraposition-1 reductio-aa-1*)  
**lemma** *reductio-aa-3*[PLM]:  
 $[[\neg\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi \text{ in } v]; [\neg\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *reductio-aa-1 vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*  
**lemma** *reductio-aa-4*[PLM]:  
 $[[\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi \text{ in } v]; [\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *reductio-aa-2 vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *raa-cor-1*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \text{ in } v]; [\neg\psi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$$
**using** *reductio-aa-1* *vdash-properties-9* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *raa-cor-2*[PLM]:  

$$[[\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]; [\neg\psi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow ([\neg\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$$
**using** *reductio-aa-1* *vdash-properties-9* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *raa-cor-3*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \text{ in } v]; [\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$$
**using** *raa-cor-1* *vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *raa-cor-4*[PLM]:  

$$[[\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]; [\neg\psi \rightarrow \varphi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow ([\neg\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$$
**using** *raa-cor-2* *vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*

**Remark 15.** *In contrast to PLM the classical introduction and elimination rules are proven before the tautologies. The statements proven so far are sufficient for the proofs and using the derived rules the tautologies can be derived automatically.*

**lemma** *intro-elim-1*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \text{ in } v]; [\psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\varphi \ \& \ \psi \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *conj-def* **using** *ded-thm-cor-4* *if-p-then-p* *modus-tollens-2* **by** *blast*

**lemmas**  $\&I = \text{intro-elim-1}$

**lemma** *intro-elim-2-a*[PLM]:  

$$[\varphi \ \& \ \psi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *conj-def* **using** *CP* *reductio-aa-1* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *intro-elim-2-b*[PLM]:  

$$[\varphi \ \& \ \psi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *conj-def* **using** *pl-1* *CP* *reductio-aa-1* *axiom-instance* **by** *blast*

**lemmas**  $\&E = \text{intro-elim-2-a}$  *intro-elim-2-b*

**lemma** *intro-elim-3-a*[PLM]:  

$$[\varphi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *disj-def* **using** *ded-thm-cor-4* *useful-tautologies-3* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *intro-elim-3-b*[PLM]:  

$$[\psi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow [\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v]$$
**by** (*simp only: disj-def* *vdash-properties-9*)

**lemmas**  $\vee I = \text{intro-elim-3-a}$  *intro-elim-3-b*

**lemma** *intro-elim-4-a*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v]; [\varphi \rightarrow \chi \text{ in } v]; [\psi \rightarrow \chi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\chi \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *disj-def* **by** (*meson* *reductio-aa-2* *vdash-properties-10*)

**lemma** *intro-elim-4-b*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v]; [\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *disj-def* **using** *vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *intro-elim-4-c*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v]; [\neg\psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *disj-def* **using** *raa-cor-2* *vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *intro-elim-4-d*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v]; [\varphi \rightarrow \chi \text{ in } v]; [\psi \rightarrow \Theta \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\chi \vee \Theta \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *disj-def* **using** *contraposition-1* *ded-thm-cor-3* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *intro-elim-4-e*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v]; [\varphi \equiv \chi \text{ in } v]; [\psi \equiv \Theta \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\chi \vee \Theta \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *equiv-def* **using**  $\&E(1)$  *intro-elim-4-d* **by** *blast*

**lemmas**  $\vee E = \text{intro-elim-4-a}$  *intro-elim-4-b* *intro-elim-4-c* *intro-elim-4-d*

**lemma** *intro-elim-5*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]; [\psi \rightarrow \varphi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]$$
**by** (*simp only: equiv-def*  $\&I$ )

**lemmas**  $\equiv I = \text{intro-elim-5}$

**lemma** *intro-elim-6-a*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]; [\varphi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *equiv-def* **using**  $\&E(1)$  *vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *intro-elim-6-b*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]; [\psi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *equiv-def* **using**  $\&E(2)$  *vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *intro-elim-6-c*[PLM]:  

$$[[\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]; [\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]] \Rightarrow [\neg\psi \text{ in } v]$$

**unfolding** *equiv-def* **using**  $\&E(2)$  *modus-tollens-1* **by** *blast*  
**lemma** *intro-elim-6-d*[*PLM*]:  
 $[[\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]; [\neg\psi \text{ in } v]] \Longrightarrow [\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *equiv-def* **using**  $\&E(1)$  *modus-tollens-1* **by** *blast*  
**lemma** *intro-elim-6-e*[*PLM*]:  
 $[[\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]; [\psi \equiv \chi \text{ in } v]] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \equiv \chi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*metis equiv-def ded-thm-cor-3*  $\&E \equiv I$ )  
**lemma** *intro-elim-6-f*[*PLM*]:  
 $[[\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]; [\varphi \equiv \chi \text{ in } v]] \Longrightarrow [\chi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*metis equiv-def ded-thm-cor-3*  $\&E \equiv I$ )  
**lemmas**  $\equiv E = \text{intro-elim-6-a intro-elim-6-b intro-elim-6-c}$   
 $\text{intro-elim-6-d intro-elim-6-e intro-elim-6-f}$   
**lemma** *intro-elim-7*[*PLM*]:  
 $[\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\neg\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *if-p-then-p* *modus-tollens-2* **by** *blast*  
**lemmas**  $\neg\neg I = \text{intro-elim-7}$   
**lemma** *intro-elim-8*[*PLM*]:  
 $[\neg\neg\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *if-p-then-p* *raa-cor-2* **by** *blast*  
**lemmas**  $\neg\neg E = \text{intro-elim-8}$

**context**

**begin**

**private lemma** *NotNotI*[*PLM-intro*]:

$[\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\neg(\neg\varphi) \text{ in } v]$

**by** (*simp add:*  $\neg\neg I$ )

**private lemma** *NotNotD*[*PLM-dest*]:

$[\neg(\neg\varphi) \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v]$

**using**  $\neg\neg E$  **by** *blast*

**private lemma** *ImplI*[*PLM-intro*]:

$([\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow [\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]$

**using** *CP* .

**private lemma** *ImplE*[*PLM-elim, PLM-dest*]:

$[\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$

**using** *modus-ponens* .

**private lemma** *ImplS*[*PLM-subst*]:

$[\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v] = ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \longrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$

**using** *ImplI ImplE* **by** *blast*

**private lemma** *NotI*[*PLM-intro*]:

$([\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge \psi . [\psi \text{ in } v])) \Longrightarrow [\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$

**using** *CP* *modus-tollens-2* **by** *blast*

**private lemma** *NotE*[*PLM-elim, PLM-dest*]:

$[\neg\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \longrightarrow (\forall \psi . [\psi \text{ in } v]))$

**using**  $\forall I(2)$   $\forall E(3)$  **by** *blast*

**private lemma** *NotS*[*PLM-subst*]:

$[\neg\varphi \text{ in } v] = ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \longrightarrow (\forall \psi . [\psi \text{ in } v]))$

**using** *NotI NotE* **by** *blast*

**private lemma** *ConjI*[*PLM-intro*]:

$[[\varphi \text{ in } v]; [\psi \text{ in } v]] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \& \psi \text{ in } v]$

**using**  $\&I$  **by** *blast*

**private lemma** *ConjE*[*PLM-elim, PLM-dest*]:

$[\varphi \& \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow (([\varphi \text{ in } v] \wedge [\psi \text{ in } v]))$

**using** *CP*  $\&E$  **by** *blast*

**private lemma** *ConjS*[*PLM-subst*]:

$[\varphi \& \psi \text{ in } v] = (([\varphi \text{ in } v] \wedge [\psi \text{ in } v]))$

**using** *ConjI ConjE* **by** *blast*

**private lemma** *DisjI*[*PLM-intro*]:

$[\varphi \text{ in } v] \vee [\psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v]$

**using**  $\vee I$  **by** *blast*

```

private lemma DisjE[PLM-elim,PLM-dest]:
   $[\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v] \vee [\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using CP  $\vee E(1)$  by blast
private lemma DisjS[PLM-subst]:
   $[\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v] = ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \vee [\psi \text{ in } v])$ 
  using DisjI DisjE by blast

private lemma EquivI[PLM-intro]:
   $\llbracket [\varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]; [\psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v] \rrbracket \Longrightarrow [\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using CP  $\equiv I$  by blast
private lemma EquivE[PLM-elim,PLM-dest]:
   $[\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow (([\varphi \text{ in } v] \longrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v]) \wedge ([\psi \text{ in } v] \longrightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v]))$ 
  using  $\equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$  by blast
private lemma EquivS[PLM-subst]:
   $[\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v] = ([\varphi \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [\psi \text{ in } v])$ 
  using EquivI EquivE by blast

private lemma NotOrD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\varphi \vee \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow \neg[\varphi \text{ in } v] \wedge \neg[\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using  $\vee I$  by blast
private lemma NotAndD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\varphi \ \& \ \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow \neg[\varphi \text{ in } v] \vee \neg[\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using  $\& I$  by blast
private lemma NotEquivD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \text{ in } v] \neq [\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (meson NotI contraposition-1  $\equiv I$  vdash-properties-9)

private lemma BoxI[PLM-intro]:
   $(\bigwedge v . [\varphi \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow [\Box \varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using RN by blast
private lemma NotBoxD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\Box \varphi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow (\exists v . \neg[\varphi \text{ in } v])$ 
  using BoxI by blast

private lemma AllI[PLM-intro]:
   $(\bigwedge x . [\varphi x \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow [\forall x . \varphi x \text{ in } v]$ 
  using rule-gen by blast
lemma NotAllD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\forall x . \varphi x \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow (\exists x . \neg[\varphi x \text{ in } v])$ 
  using AllI by fastforce
end

lemma oth-class-taut-1-a[PLM]:
   $[\neg(\varphi \ \& \ \neg\varphi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by PLM-solver
lemma oth-class-taut-1-b[PLM]:
   $[\neg(\varphi \equiv \neg\varphi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by PLM-solver
lemma oth-class-taut-2[PLM]:
   $[\varphi \vee \neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  by PLM-solver
lemma oth-class-taut-3-a[PLM]:
   $[(\varphi \ \& \ \varphi) \equiv \varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  by PLM-solver
lemma oth-class-taut-3-b[PLM]:
   $[(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \equiv (\psi \ \& \ \varphi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by PLM-solver
lemma oth-class-taut-3-c[PLM]:
   $[(\varphi \ \& \ (\psi \ \& \ \chi)) \equiv ((\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \ \& \ \chi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by PLM-solver
lemma oth-class-taut-3-d[PLM]:
   $[(\varphi \vee \varphi) \equiv \varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  by PLM-solver

```

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-3-e*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv (\psi \vee \varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-3-f*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \vee (\psi \vee \chi)) \equiv ((\varphi \vee \psi) \vee \chi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-3-g*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv (\psi \equiv \varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-3-i*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \equiv (\psi \equiv \chi)) \equiv ((\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv \chi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-4-a*[PLM]:  
 $[\varphi \equiv \varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-4-b*[PLM]:  
 $[\varphi \equiv \neg\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-5-a*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv \neg(\varphi \ \& \ \neg\psi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-5-b*[PLM]:  
 $[\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\varphi \ \& \ \neg\psi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-5-c*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow ((\psi \rightarrow \chi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \chi)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-5-d*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv (\neg\varphi \equiv \neg\psi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-5-e*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \chi) \equiv (\psi \rightarrow \chi)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-5-f*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow ((\chi \rightarrow \varphi) \equiv (\chi \rightarrow \psi)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-5-g*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \equiv \chi) \equiv (\psi \equiv \chi)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-5-h*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow ((\chi \equiv \varphi) \equiv (\chi \equiv \psi)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-5-i*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv ((\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \vee (\neg\varphi \ \& \ \neg\psi)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-5-j*[PLM]:  
 $[(\neg(\varphi \equiv \psi)) \equiv ((\varphi \ \& \ \neg\psi) \vee (\neg\varphi \ \& \ \psi)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-5-k*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\neg\varphi \vee \psi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-6-a*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \equiv \neg(\neg\varphi \vee \neg\psi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-6-b*[PLM]:  
 $[(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \neg(\neg\varphi \ \& \ \neg\psi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-6-c*[PLM]:  
 $[\neg(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \equiv (\neg\varphi \vee \neg\psi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-6-d*[PLM]:  
 $[\neg(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv (\neg\varphi \ \& \ \neg\psi) \text{ in } v]$

by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-7-a*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \ \& \ (\psi \vee \chi)) \equiv ((\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \vee (\varphi \ \& \ \chi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-7-b*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \vee (\psi \ \& \ \chi)) \equiv ((\varphi \vee \psi) \ \& \ (\varphi \vee \chi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-8-a*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \rightarrow \chi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \chi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-8-b*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \chi)) \rightarrow ((\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \rightarrow \chi) \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-9-a*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \rightarrow \varphi \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-9-b*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-10-a*[*PLM*]:  
 $[\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \ \& \ \psi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-10-b*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \chi)) \equiv (\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \chi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-10-c*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \rightarrow \chi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \ \& \ \chi))) \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-10-d*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow \chi) \rightarrow ((\psi \rightarrow \chi) \rightarrow ((\varphi \vee \psi) \rightarrow \chi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-10-e*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow ((\chi \rightarrow \Theta) \rightarrow ((\varphi \ \& \ \chi) \rightarrow (\psi \ \& \ \Theta))) \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-10-f*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \equiv (\varphi \ \& \ \chi)) \equiv (\varphi \rightarrow (\psi \equiv \chi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *oth-class-taut-10-g*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \equiv (\chi \ \& \ \psi)) \equiv (\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \equiv \chi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

**attribute-setup** *equiv-lr* =  $\ll$   
*Scan.succeed* (*Thm.rule-attribute* []  
 (*fn* - => *fn thm* => *thm RS* @{\i{thm}  $\equiv E(1)$ }))  
 $\gg$

**attribute-setup** *equiv-rl* =  $\ll$   
*Scan.succeed* (*Thm.rule-attribute* []  
 (*fn* - => *fn thm* => *thm RS* @{\i{thm}  $\equiv E(2)$ }))  
 $\gg$

**attribute-setup** *equiv-sym* =  $\ll$   
*Scan.succeed* (*Thm.rule-attribute* []  
 (*fn* - => *fn thm* => *thm RS* @{\i{thm} *oth-class-taut-3-g*[*equiv-lr*]}))  
 $\gg$

**attribute-setup** *conj1* =  $\ll$   
*Scan.succeed* (*Thm.rule-attribute* []  
 (*fn* - => *fn thm* => *thm RS* @{\i{thm}  $\& E(1)$ }))



»

```

attribute-setup conj2 = ⟨⟨
  Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []
    (fn - => fn thm => thm RS @ {thm &E(2)}))
  ⟩⟩

```

```

attribute-setup conj-sym = ⟨⟨
  Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []
    (fn - => fn thm => thm RS @ {thm oth-class-taut-3-b[equiv-lr]}))
  ⟩⟩

```

## 9.7 Identity

```

lemma id-eq-prop-prop-1[PLM]:
  [(F::Π1) = F in v]
  unfolding identity-defs by PLM-solver
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-2[PLM]:
  [((F::Π1) = G) → (G = F) in v]
  by (meson id-eq-prop-prop-1 CP ded-thm-cor-3 l-identity[axiom-instance])
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-3[PLM]:
  [(((F::Π1) = G) & (G = H)) → (F = H) in v]
  by (metis l-identity[axiom-instance] ded-thm-cor-4 CP &E)
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-4-a[PLM]:
  [(F::Π2) = F in v]
  unfolding identity-defs by PLM-solver
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-4-b[PLM]:
  [(F::Π3) = F in v]
  unfolding identity-defs by PLM-solver
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-5-a[PLM]:
  [((F::Π2) = G) → (G = F) in v]
  by (meson id-eq-prop-prop-4-a CP ded-thm-cor-3 l-identity[axiom-instance])
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-5-b[PLM]:
  [((F::Π3) = G) → (G = F) in v]
  by (meson id-eq-prop-prop-4-b CP ded-thm-cor-3 l-identity[axiom-instance])
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-6-a[PLM]:
  [(((F::Π2) = G) & (G = H)) → (F = H) in v]
  by (metis l-identity[axiom-instance] ded-thm-cor-4 CP &E)
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-6-b[PLM]:
  [(((F::Π3) = G) & (G = H)) → (F = H) in v]
  by (metis l-identity[axiom-instance] ded-thm-cor-4 CP &E)
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-7[PLM]:
  [(p::Π0) = p in v]
  unfolding identity-defs by PLM-solver
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-7-b[PLM]:
  [(p::o) = p in v]
  unfolding identity-defs by PLM-solver
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-8[PLM]:
  [((p::Π0) = q) → (q = p) in v]
  by (meson id-eq-prop-prop-7 CP ded-thm-cor-3 l-identity[axiom-instance])
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-8-b[PLM]:
  [((p::o) = q) → (q = p) in v]
  by (meson id-eq-prop-prop-7-b CP ded-thm-cor-3 l-identity[axiom-instance])
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-9[PLM]:
  [(((p::Π0) = q) & (q = r)) → (p = r) in v]
  by (metis l-identity[axiom-instance] ded-thm-cor-4 CP &E)
lemma id-eq-prop-prop-9-b[PLM]:
  [(((p::o) = q) & (q = r)) → (p = r) in v]
  by (metis l-identity[axiom-instance] ded-thm-cor-4 CP &E)

lemma eq-E-simple-1[PLM]:
  [(x =E y) ≡ ((O!,x) & (O!,y) & □(∀ F . (F,x) ≡ (F,y))) in v]
  proof (rule ≡I; rule CP)

```

```

assume 1:  $[x =_E y \text{ in } v]$ 
have  $[\forall x y . ((x^P =_E (y^P)) \equiv ((O!, x^P) \& (O!, y^P) \& \Box(\forall F . (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P))) \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding identityE-infix-def identityE-def
  apply (rule lambda-predicates-2-2[axiom-universal, axiom-universal, axiom-instance])
  by show-proper
moreover have  $[\exists \alpha . (\alpha^P) = x \text{ in } v]$ 
  apply (rule cqt-5-mod[where  $\psi = \lambda x . x =_E y$ , axiom-instance, deduction])
  unfolding identityE-infix-def
  apply (rule SimpleExOrEnc.intros)
  using 1 unfolding identityE-infix-def by auto
moreover have  $[\exists \beta . (\beta^P) = y \text{ in } v]$ 
  apply (rule cqt-5-mod[where  $\psi = \lambda y . x =_E y$ , axiom-instance, deduction])
  unfolding identityE-infix-def
  apply (rule SimpleExOrEnc.intros) using 1
  unfolding identityE-infix-def by auto
ultimately have  $[(x =_E y) \equiv ((O!, x) \& (O!, y) \& \Box(\forall F . (F, x) \equiv (F, y))) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using cqt-1-κ[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by meson
thus  $[(\Box(O!, x) \& \Box(O!, y) \& \Box(\forall F . (F, x) \equiv (F, y))) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using 1  $\equiv E(1)$  by blast

next
assume 1:  $[(\Box(O!, x) \& \Box(O!, y) \& \Box(\forall F . (F, x) \equiv (F, y))) \text{ in } v]$ 
have  $[\forall x y . ((x^P =_E (y^P)) \equiv ((O!, x^P) \& (O!, y^P) \& \Box(\forall F . (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P))) \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding identityE-def identityE-infix-def
  apply (rule lambda-predicates-2-2[axiom-universal, axiom-universal, axiom-instance])
  by show-proper
moreover have  $[\exists \alpha . (\alpha^P) = x \text{ in } v]$ 
  apply (rule cqt-5-mod[where  $\psi = \lambda x . (\Box(O!, x), \text{axiom-instance, deduction})$ ])
  apply (rule SimpleExOrEnc.intros)
  using 1[conj1, conj1] by auto
moreover have  $[\exists \beta . (\beta^P) = y \text{ in } v]$ 
  apply (rule cqt-5-mod[where  $\psi = \lambda y . (\Box(O!, y), \text{axiom-instance, deduction})$ ])
  apply (rule SimpleExOrEnc.intros)
  using 1[conj1, conj2] by auto
ultimately have  $[(x =_E y) \equiv ((\Box(O!, x) \& \Box(O!, y) \& \Box(\forall F . (F, x) \equiv (F, y))) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using cqt-1-κ[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by meson
thus  $[(x =_E y) \text{ in } v]$  using 1  $\equiv E(2)$  by blast

qed
lemma eq-E-simple-2[PLM]:
   $[(x =_E y) \rightarrow (x = y) \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding identity-defs by PLM-solver
lemma eq-E-simple-3[PLM]:
   $[(x = y) \equiv (((\Box(O!, x) \& \Box(O!, y) \& \Box(\forall F . (F, x) \equiv (F, y))) \vee (\Box(A!, x) \& \Box(A!, y) \& \Box(\forall F . (F, x) \equiv (F, y)))) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using eq-E-simple-1
  apply – unfolding identity-defs
  by PLM-solver

lemma id-eq-obj-1[PLM]:  $[(x^P) = (x^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof –
  have  $[(\Diamond(\Box(E!, x^P)) \vee (\neg\Diamond(\Box(E!, x^P))) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using PLM.oth-class-taut-2 by simp
  hence  $[(\Diamond(\Box(E!, x^P)) \text{ in } v] \vee [(\neg\Diamond(\Box(E!, x^P)) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using CP ∨E(1) by blast
  moreover {
    assume  $[(\Diamond(\Box(E!, x^P)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    hence  $[(\Box(\lambda x . \Diamond(\Box(E!, x^P), x^P)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply (rule lambda-predicates-2-1[axiom-instance, equiv-rl, rotated])
    by show-proper
    hence  $[(\Box(\lambda x . \Diamond(\Box(E!, x^P), x^P) \& (\lambda x . \Diamond(\Box(E!, x^P), x^P)) \text{ in } v]$ 
  }

```

```

      &  $\Box(\forall F. (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply – by PLM-solver
  hence  $[(x^P) =_E (x^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using eq-E-simple-1 [equiv-rl] unfolding Ordinary-def by fast
}
moreover {
  assume  $[(\neg\Diamond(\llbracket E!, x^P \rrbracket)) \text{ in } v]$ 
  hence  $[(\llbracket \lambda x. \neg\Diamond(\llbracket E!, x^P \rrbracket), x^P \rrbracket) \text{ in } v]$ 
  apply (rule lambda-predicates-2-1 [axiom-instance, equiv-rl, rotated])
  by show-proper
  hence  $[(\llbracket \lambda x. \neg\Diamond(\llbracket E!, x^P \rrbracket), x^P \rrbracket \ \&\ (\llbracket \lambda x. \neg\Diamond(\llbracket E!, x^P \rrbracket), x^P \rrbracket)$ 
    &  $\Box(\forall F. \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket) \text{ in } v]$ 
  apply – by PLM-solver
}
ultimately show ?thesis unfolding identity-defs Ordinary-def Abstract-def
  using  $\forall I$  by blast
qed
lemma id-eq-obj-2 [PLM]:
   $[(\llbracket (x^P) = (y^P) \rrbracket) \rightarrow (\llbracket (y^P) = (x^P) \rrbracket) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (meson l-identity [axiom-instance] id-eq-obj-1 CP ded-thm-cor-3)
lemma id-eq-obj-3 [PLM]:
   $[(\llbracket (x^P) = (y^P) \rrbracket) \ \&\ (\llbracket (y^P) = (z^P) \rrbracket) \rightarrow (\llbracket (x^P) = (z^P) \rrbracket) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (metis l-identity [axiom-instance] ded-thm-cor-4 CP  $\&E$ )
end

```

**Remark 16.** To unify the statements of the properties of equality a type class is introduced.

```

class id-eq = quantifiable-and-identifiable +
  assumes id-eq-1:  $[(x :: 'a) = x \text{ in } v]$ 
  assumes id-eq-2:  $[(\llbracket (x :: 'a) = y \rrbracket) \rightarrow (y = x) \text{ in } v]$ 
  assumes id-eq-3:  $[(\llbracket (x :: 'a) = y \rrbracket) \ \&\ (y = z) \rightarrow (x = z) \text{ in } v]$ 

```

```

instantiation  $\nu :: \text{id-eq}$ 
begin
  instance proof
    fix  $x :: \nu$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[x = x \text{ in } v]$ 
      using PLM.id-eq-obj-1
      by (simp add: identity- $\nu$ -def)
  next
    fix  $x y :: \nu$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[x = y \rightarrow y = x \text{ in } v]$ 
      using PLM.id-eq-obj-2
      by (simp add: identity- $\nu$ -def)
  next
    fix  $x y z :: \nu$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[(\llbracket (x = y) \rrbracket \ \&\ (y = z)) \rightarrow x = z \text{ in } v]$ 
      using PLM.id-eq-obj-3
      by (simp add: identity- $\nu$ -def)
  qed
end

```

```

instantiation  $o :: \text{id-eq}$ 
begin
  instance proof
    fix  $x :: o$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[x = x \text{ in } v]$ 
      using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-7 .
  next
    fix  $x y :: o$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[x = y \rightarrow y = x \text{ in } v]$ 
      using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-8 .
  next
    fix  $x y z :: o$  and  $v$ 

```

```

    show  $[(x = y) \ \&\ (y = z)] \rightarrow x = z \text{ in } v$ 
    using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-9 .
qed
end

```

```

instantiation  $\Pi_1 :: id\text{-}eq$ 
begin
  instance proof
    fix  $x :: \Pi_1$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[x = x \text{ in } v]$ 
    using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-1 .
  next
    fix  $x \ y :: \Pi_1$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[x = y \rightarrow y = x \text{ in } v]$ 
    using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-2 .
  next
    fix  $x \ y \ z :: \Pi_1$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[(x = y) \ \&\ (y = z)] \rightarrow x = z \text{ in } v$ 
    using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-3 .
  qed
end

```

```

instantiation  $\Pi_2 :: id\text{-}eq$ 
begin
  instance proof
    fix  $x :: \Pi_2$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[x = x \text{ in } v]$ 
    using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-4-a .
  next
    fix  $x \ y :: \Pi_2$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[x = y \rightarrow y = x \text{ in } v]$ 
    using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-5-a .
  next
    fix  $x \ y \ z :: \Pi_2$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[(x = y) \ \&\ (y = z)] \rightarrow x = z \text{ in } v$ 
    using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-6-a .
  qed
end

```

```

instantiation  $\Pi_3 :: id\text{-}eq$ 
begin
  instance proof
    fix  $x :: \Pi_3$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[x = x \text{ in } v]$ 
    using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-4-b .
  next
    fix  $x \ y :: \Pi_3$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[x = y \rightarrow y = x \text{ in } v]$ 
    using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-5-b .
  next
    fix  $x \ y \ z :: \Pi_3$  and  $v$ 
    show  $[(x = y) \ \&\ (y = z)] \rightarrow x = z \text{ in } v$ 
    using PLM.id-eq-prop-prop-6-b .
  qed
end

```

```

context PLM
begin
  lemma id-eq-1[PLM]:
     $[(x :: 'a :: id\text{-}eq) = x \text{ in } v]$ 
    using id-eq-1 .
  lemma id-eq-2[PLM]:
     $[(x :: 'a :: id\text{-}eq) = y] \rightarrow (y = x) \text{ in } v$ 

```

```

using id-eq-2 .
lemma id-eq-3[PLM]:
  [((x :: 'a::id-eq) = y) & (y = z) → (x = z) in v]
using id-eq-3 .

attribute-setup eq-sym = <<
  Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute []
    (fn - => fn thm => thm RS @{thm id-eq-2[deduction]})
  >>

lemma all-self-eq-1[PLM]:
  [□(∀ α :: 'a::id-eq . α = α) in v]
by PLM-solver
lemma all-self-eq-2[PLM]:
  [∀ α :: 'a::id-eq . □(α = α) in v]
by PLM-solver

lemma t-id-t-proper-1[PLM]:
  [τ = τ' → (∃ β . (βP) = τ) in v]
proof (rule CP)
  assume [τ = τ' in v]
  moreover {
    assume [τ =E τ' in v]
    hence [∃ β . (βP) = τ in v]
    apply -
    apply (rule cqt-5-mod[where ψ=λ τ . τ =E τ', axiom-instance, deduction])
    subgoal unfolding identity-defs by (rule SimpleExOrEnc.intros)
    by simp
  }
  moreover {
    assume [(|A!,τ)| & (|A!,τ')| & □(∀ F. {τ,F} ≡ {τ',F}) in v]
    hence [∃ β . (βP) = τ in v]
    apply -
    apply (rule cqt-5-mod[where ψ=λ τ . (|A!,τ)|, axiom-instance, deduction])
    subgoal unfolding identity-defs by (rule SimpleExOrEnc.intros)
    by PLM-solver
  }
  ultimately show [∃ β . (βP) = τ in v] unfolding identityκ-def
  using intro-elim-4-b reductio-aa-1 by blast
qed

lemma t-id-t-proper-2[PLM]: [τ = τ' → (∃ β . (βP) = τ') in v]
proof (rule CP)
  assume [τ = τ' in v]
  moreover {
    assume [τ =E τ' in v]
    hence [∃ β . (βP) = τ' in v]
    apply -
    apply (rule cqt-5-mod[where ψ=λ τ . τ =E τ', axiom-instance, deduction])
    subgoal unfolding identity-defs by (rule SimpleExOrEnc.intros)
    by simp
  }
  moreover {
    assume [(|A!,τ)| & (|A!,τ')| & □(∀ F. {τ,F} ≡ {τ',F}) in v]
    hence [∃ β . (βP) = τ' in v]
    apply -
    apply (rule cqt-5-mod[where ψ=λ τ . (|A!,τ)|, axiom-instance, deduction])
    subgoal unfolding identity-defs by (rule SimpleExOrEnc.intros)
    by PLM-solver
  }
  ultimately show [∃ β . (βP) = τ' in v] unfolding identityκ-def
  using intro-elim-4-b reductio-aa-1 by blast

```

qed

**lemma** *id-nec*[*PLM*]:  $[(\alpha :: 'a :: id\text{-}eq) = (\beta)) \equiv \Box((\alpha) = (\beta)) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*rule*  $\equiv I$ )  
**using** *l-identity*[**where**  $\varphi = (\lambda \beta . \Box((\alpha) = (\beta)))$ , *axiom-instance*]  
*id-eq-1 RN ded-thm-cor-4 unfolding identity- $\nu$ -def*  
**apply** *blast*  
**using** *qml-2*[*axiom-instance*] **by** *blast*

**lemma** *id-nec-desc*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\iota x . \varphi x) = (\iota x . \psi x)) \equiv \Box((\iota x . \varphi x) = (\iota x . \psi x)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (*cases*  $[(\exists \alpha . (\alpha^P) = (\iota x . \varphi x)) \text{ in } v] \wedge [(\exists \beta . (\beta^P) = (\iota x . \psi x)) \text{ in } v]$ )  
**assume**  $[(\exists \alpha . (\alpha^P) = (\iota x . \varphi x)) \text{ in } v] \wedge [(\exists \beta . (\beta^P) = (\iota x . \psi x)) \text{ in } v]$   
**then obtain**  $\alpha$  **and**  $\beta$  **where**  
 $[(\alpha^P) = (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } v] \wedge [(\beta^P) = (\iota x . \psi x) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** – **unfolding** *conn-defs* **by** *PLM-solver*  
**moreover** {  
**moreover have**  $[(\alpha) = (\beta) \equiv \Box((\alpha) = (\beta)) \text{ in } v]$  **by** *PLM-solver*  
**ultimately have**  $[(\iota x . \varphi x) = (\beta^P) \equiv \Box((\iota x . \varphi x) = (\beta^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *l-identity*[**where**  $\varphi = \lambda \alpha . (\alpha) = (\beta^P) \equiv \Box((\alpha) = (\beta^P))$ , *axiom-instance*]  
*modus-ponens unfolding identity- $\nu$ -def by metis*  
**}**  
**ultimately show** *?thesis*  
**using** *l-identity*[**where**  $\varphi = \lambda \alpha . (\iota x . \varphi x) = (\alpha)$   
 $\equiv \Box((\iota x . \varphi x) = (\alpha))$ , *axiom-instance*]  
*modus-ponens by metis*  
**next**  
**assume**  $\neg[(\exists \alpha . (\alpha^P) = (\iota x . \varphi x)) \text{ in } v] \wedge [(\exists \beta . (\beta^P) = (\iota x . \psi x)) \text{ in } v]$   
**hence**  $\neg[(\Box A, (\iota x . \varphi x)) \text{ in } v] \wedge \neg[(\iota x . \varphi x) =_E (\iota x . \psi x) \text{ in } v]$   
 $\vee \neg[(\Box A, (\iota x . \psi x)) \text{ in } v] \wedge \neg[(\iota x . \varphi x) =_E (\iota x . \psi x) \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *identity<sub>E</sub>-infix-def*  
**using** *cqt-5*[*axiom-instance*] *PLM.contraposition-1 SimpleExOrEnc.intros*  
*vdash-properties-10 by meson*  
**hence**  $\neg[(\iota x . \varphi x) = (\iota x . \psi x) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** – **unfolding** *identity-defs* **by** *PLM-solver*  
**thus** *?thesis* **apply** – **apply** *PLM-solver*  
**using** *qml-2*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*] **by** *auto*  
 qed

## 9.8 Quantification

**lemma** *rule-ui*[*PLM*, *PLM-elim*, *PLM-dest*]:  
 $[\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \beta \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*meson cqt-1*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*])  
**lemmas**  $\forall E = \text{rule-ui}$

**lemma** *rule-ui-2*[*PLM*, *PLM-elim*, *PLM-dest*]:  
 $[[\forall \alpha . \varphi (\alpha^P) \text{ in } v]; [\exists \alpha . (\alpha)^P = \beta \text{ in } v]] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \beta \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *cqt-1- $\kappa$* [*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*] **by** *blast*

**lemma** *cqt-orig-1*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow \varphi \beta \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *cqt-orig-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\forall \alpha . \varphi \rightarrow \psi \alpha) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow (\forall \alpha . \psi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *universal*[*PLM*]:  
 $(\bigwedge \alpha . [\varphi \alpha \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow [\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *rule-gen* .  
**lemmas**  $\forall I = \text{universal}$

**lemma** *cqt-basic-1*[*PLM*]:

$[(\forall \alpha. (\forall \beta. \varphi \alpha \beta)) \equiv (\forall \beta. (\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \beta)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-basic-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \equiv \psi \alpha) \equiv ((\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \psi \alpha) \ \&\ (\forall \alpha. \psi \alpha \rightarrow \varphi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-basic-3*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \equiv \psi \alpha) \rightarrow ((\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \equiv (\forall \alpha. \psi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-basic-4*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \ \&\ \psi \alpha) \equiv ((\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \ \&\ (\forall \alpha. \psi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-basic-6*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\forall \alpha. (\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha)) \equiv (\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-basic-7*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\varphi \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. \psi \alpha)) \equiv (\forall \alpha. (\varphi \rightarrow \psi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-basic-8*[*PLM*]:  
 $[((\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \vee (\forall \alpha. \psi \alpha)) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. (\varphi \alpha \vee \psi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-basic-9*[*PLM*]:  
 $[((\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \psi \alpha) \ \&\ (\forall \alpha. \psi \alpha \rightarrow \chi \alpha)) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-basic-10*[*PLM*]:  
 $[((\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \equiv \psi \alpha) \ \&\ (\forall \alpha. \psi \alpha \equiv \chi \alpha)) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \equiv \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-basic-11*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \equiv \psi \alpha) \equiv (\forall \alpha. \psi \alpha \equiv \varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-basic-12*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \equiv (\forall \beta. \varphi \beta) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *existential*[*PLM,PLM-intro*]:  
 $[\varphi \alpha \text{ in } v] \implies [\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *exists-def* **by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemmas**  $\exists I = \text{existential}$   
**lemma** *instantiation*-[*PLM,PLM-elim,PLM-dest*]:  
 $[[\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha \text{ in } v]; (\bigwedge \alpha. [\varphi \alpha \text{ in } v] \implies [\psi \text{ in } v])] \implies [\psi \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *exists-def* **by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *Instantiate*:  
**assumes**  $[\exists x. \varphi x \text{ in } v]$   
**obtains**  $x$  **where**  $[\varphi x \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*insert assms*) **unfolding** *exists-def* **by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemmas**  $\exists E = \text{Instantiate}$

**lemma** *cqt-further-1*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow (\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-further-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\neg(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha)) \equiv (\exists \alpha. \neg \varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *exists-def* **by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-further-3*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \equiv \neg(\exists \alpha. \neg \varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *exists-def* **by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-further-4*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\neg(\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha)) \equiv (\forall \alpha. \neg \varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *exists-def* **by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-further-5*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha \ \&\ \psi \alpha) \rightarrow ((\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \ \&\ (\exists \alpha. \psi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *exists-def* **by** *PLM-solver*  
**lemma** *cqt-further-6*[*PLM*]:

```


$$[(\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha \vee \psi \alpha) \equiv ((\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \vee (\exists \alpha. \psi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$$

unfolding exists-def by PLM-solver
lemma cqt-further-10[PLM]:

$$[(\varphi(\alpha :: 'a :: id\text{-}eq) \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \equiv (\forall \beta. \varphi \beta \equiv \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$$

apply PLM-solver
using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] id-eq-2[deduction]
apply blast
using id-eq-1 by auto
lemma cqt-further-11[PLM]:

$$[((\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \ \& \ (\forall \alpha. \psi \alpha)) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \equiv \psi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$$

by PLM-solver
lemma cqt-further-12[PLM]:

$$[(\neg(\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \ \& \ (\neg(\exists \alpha. \psi \alpha))) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \equiv \psi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$$

unfolding exists-def by PLM-solver
lemma cqt-further-13[PLM]:

$$[(\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\neg(\exists \alpha. \psi \alpha))) \rightarrow (\neg(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \equiv \psi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$$

unfolding exists-def by PLM-solver
lemma cqt-further-14[PLM]:

$$[(\exists \alpha. \exists \beta. \varphi \alpha \beta) \equiv (\exists \beta. \exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha \beta) \text{ in } v]$$

unfolding exists-def by PLM-solver

lemma nec-exist-unique[PLM]:

$$[(\forall x. \varphi x \rightarrow \Box(\varphi x)) \rightarrow ((\exists !x. \varphi x) \rightarrow (\exists !x. \Box(\varphi x))) \text{ in } v]$$

proof (rule CP)
assume a:  $[\forall x. \varphi x \rightarrow \Box \varphi x \text{ in } v]$ 
show  $[(\exists !x. \varphi x) \rightarrow (\exists !x. \Box \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule CP)
assume  $[(\exists !x. \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$ 
hence  $[\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
by (simp only: exists-unique-def)
then obtain  $\alpha$  where 1:
 $[\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
by (rule  $\exists E$ )
{
fix  $\beta$ 
have  $[\Box \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha \text{ in } v]$ 
using 1 & E(2) qml-2[axiom-instance]
ded-thm-cor-3  $\forall E$  by fastforce
}
hence  $[\forall \beta. \Box \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha \text{ in } v]$  by (rule  $\forall I$ )
moreover have  $[\Box(\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
using 1 & E(1) a vdash-properties-10 cqt-orig-1[deduction]
by fast
ultimately have  $[\exists \alpha. \Box(\varphi \alpha) \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \Box \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
using & I  $\exists I$  by fast
thus  $[(\exists !x. \Box \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$ 
unfolding exists-unique-def by assumption
qed
qed

```

## 9.9 Actuality and Descriptions

```

lemma nec-imp-act[PLM]:  $[\Box \varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
apply (rule CP)
using qml-act-2[axiom-instance, equiv-lr]
qml-2[axiom-actualization, axiom-instance]
logic-actual-nec-2[axiom-instance, equiv-lr, deduction]
by blast
lemma act-conj-act-1[PLM]:
 $[\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \text{ in } v]$ 
using equiv-def logic-actual-nec-2[axiom-instance]
logic-actual-nec-4[axiom-instance] & E(2)  $\equiv E(2)$ 
by metis

```



```

lemma act-conj-act-2[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi)$  in v]
  using logic-actual-nec-2[axiom-instance] qml-act-1[axiom-instance]
    ded-thm-cor-3  $\equiv E(2)$  nec-imp-act
  by blast
lemma act-conj-act-3[PLM]:
  [ $(\mathcal{A}\varphi \ \& \ \mathcal{A}\psi) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}(\varphi \ \& \ \psi)$  in v]
  unfolding conn-defs
  by (metis logic-actual-nec-2[axiom-instance]
    logic-actual-nec-1[axiom-instance]
     $\equiv E(2)$  CP  $\equiv E(4)$  reductio-aa-2
    vdash-properties-10)
lemma act-conj-act-4[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi)$  in v]
  unfolding equiv-def
  by (PLM-solver PLM-intro: act-conj-act-3[where  $\varphi = \mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \varphi$ 
    and  $\psi = \varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi$ , deduction])
lemma closure-act-1a[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi)$  in v]
  using logic-actual-nec-4[axiom-instance]
    act-conj-act-4  $\equiv E(1)$ 
  by blast
lemma closure-act-1b[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi)$  in v]
  using logic-actual-nec-4[axiom-instance]
    act-conj-act-4  $\equiv E(1)$ 
  by blast
lemma closure-act-1c[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi)$  in v]
  using logic-actual-nec-4[axiom-instance]
    act-conj-act-4  $\equiv E(1)$ 
  by blast
lemma closure-act-2[PLM]:
  [ $\forall \alpha. \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{A}(\varphi \ \alpha) \equiv \varphi \ \alpha)$  in v]
  by PLM-solver
lemma closure-act-3[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\forall \alpha. \mathcal{A}(\varphi \ \alpha) \equiv \varphi \ \alpha)$  in v]
  by (PLM-solver PLM-intro: logic-actual-nec-3[axiom-instance, equiv-rl])
lemma closure-act-4[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\forall \alpha_1 \ \alpha_2. \mathcal{A}(\varphi \ \alpha_1 \ \alpha_2) \equiv \varphi \ \alpha_1 \ \alpha_2)$  in v]
  by (PLM-solver PLM-intro: logic-actual-nec-3[axiom-instance, equiv-rl])
lemma closure-act-4-b[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\forall \alpha_1 \ \alpha_2 \ \alpha_3. \mathcal{A}(\varphi \ \alpha_1 \ \alpha_2 \ \alpha_3) \equiv \varphi \ \alpha_1 \ \alpha_2 \ \alpha_3)$  in v]
  by (PLM-solver PLM-intro: logic-actual-nec-3[axiom-instance, equiv-rl])
lemma closure-act-4-c[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\forall \alpha_1 \ \alpha_2 \ \alpha_3 \ \alpha_4. \mathcal{A}(\varphi \ \alpha_1 \ \alpha_2 \ \alpha_3 \ \alpha_4) \equiv \varphi \ \alpha_1 \ \alpha_2 \ \alpha_3 \ \alpha_4)$  in v]
  by (PLM-solver PLM-intro: logic-actual-nec-3[axiom-instance, equiv-rl])
lemma RA[PLM,PLM-intro]:
  ( $[\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in dw]  $\implies [\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in dw]
  using logic-actual[necessitation-averse-axiom-instance, equiv-rl] .
lemma RA-2[PLM,PLM-intro]:
  ( $[\psi$  in dw]  $\implies [\varphi$  in dw]  $\implies ([\mathcal{A}\psi$  in dw]  $\implies [\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in dw])
  using RA logic-actual[necessitation-averse-axiom-instance] intro-elim-6-a by blast
context
begin
  private lemma ActualE[PLM,PLM-elim,PLM-dest]:
    [ $\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in dw]  $\implies [\varphi$  in dw]
    using logic-actual[necessitation-averse-axiom-instance, equiv-lr] .

```

```

private lemma NotActualD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\mathcal{A}\varphi \text{ in } dw] \implies \neg[\varphi \text{ in } dw]$ 
  using RA by metis

private lemma ActualImplI[PLM-intro]:
   $[\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\psi \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using logic-actual-nec-2[axiom-instance, equiv-rl] .
private lemma ActualImplE[PLM-dest, PLM-elim]:
   $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using logic-actual-nec-2[axiom-instance, equiv-lr] .
private lemma NotActualImplD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v] \implies \neg[\mathcal{A}\varphi \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using ActualImplI by blast

private lemma ActualNotI[PLM-intro]:
   $[\neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using logic-actual-nec-1[axiom-instance, equiv-rl] .
lemma ActualNotE[PLM-elim, PLM-dest]:
   $[\mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \text{ in } v] \implies [\neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using logic-actual-nec-1[axiom-instance, equiv-lr] .
lemma NotActualNotD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \text{ in } v] \implies \neg[\neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using ActualNotI by blast

private lemma ActualConjI[PLM-intro]:
   $[\mathcal{A}\varphi \ \& \ \mathcal{A}\psi \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding equiv-def
  by (PLM-solver PLM-intro: act-conj-act-3[deduction])
private lemma ActualConjE[PLM-elim, PLM-dest]:
   $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}\varphi \ \& \ \mathcal{A}\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding conj-def by PLM-solver

private lemma ActualEquivI[PLM-intro]:
   $[\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}\psi \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding equiv-def
  by (PLM-solver PLM-intro: act-conj-act-3[deduction])
private lemma ActualEquivE[PLM-elim, PLM-dest]:
   $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding equiv-def by PLM-solver

private lemma ActualBoxI[PLM-intro]:
   $[\Box\varphi \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}(\Box\varphi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using qml-act-2[axiom-instance, equiv-lr] .
private lemma ActualBoxE[PLM-elim, PLM-dest]:
   $[\mathcal{A}(\Box\varphi) \text{ in } v] \implies [\Box\varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using qml-act-2[axiom-instance, equiv-rl] .
private lemma NotActualBoxD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\mathcal{A}(\Box\varphi) \text{ in } v] \implies \neg[\Box\varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using ActualBoxI by blast

private lemma ActualDisjI[PLM-intro]:
   $[\mathcal{A}\varphi \vee \mathcal{A}\psi \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}(\varphi \vee \psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding disj-def by PLM-solver
private lemma ActualDisjE[PLM-elim, PLM-dest]:
   $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \vee \psi) \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}\varphi \vee \mathcal{A}\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding disj-def by PLM-solver
private lemma NotActualDisjD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \vee \psi) \text{ in } v] \implies \neg[\mathcal{A}\varphi \vee \mathcal{A}\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using ActualDisjI by blast

private lemma ActualForallI[PLM-intro]:
   $[\forall x . \mathcal{A}(\varphi x) \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}(\forall x . \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using logic-actual-nec-3[axiom-instance, equiv-rl] .

```

```

lemma ActualForallE[PLM-elim,PLM-dest]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\forall x . \varphi x)$  in  $v$ ]  $\implies$  [ $\forall x . \mathcal{A}(\varphi x)$  in  $v$ ]
  using logic-actual-nec-3[axiom-instance, equiv-lr] .
lemma NotActualForallD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\mathcal{A}(\forall x . \varphi x)$  in  $v$ ]  $\implies$   $\neg[\forall x . \mathcal{A}(\varphi x)$  in  $v$ ]
  using ActualForallI by blast

lemma ActualActualI[PLM-intro]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in  $v$ ]  $\implies$  [ $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in  $v$ ]
  using logic-actual-nec-4[axiom-instance, equiv-lr] .
lemma ActualActualE[PLM-elim,PLM-dest]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in  $v$ ]  $\implies$  [ $\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in  $v$ ]
  using logic-actual-nec-4[axiom-instance, equiv-rl] .
lemma NotActualActualD[PLM-dest]:
   $\neg[\mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in  $v$ ]  $\implies$   $\neg[\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in  $v$ ]
  using ActualActualI by blast
end

lemma ANeg-1[PLM]:
  [ $\neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \neg\varphi$  in  $dw$ ]
  by PLM-solver
lemma ANeg-2[PLM]:
  [ $\neg\mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \equiv \varphi$  in  $dw$ ]
  by PLM-solver
lemma Act-Basic-1[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}\varphi \vee \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi$  in  $v$ ]
  by PLM-solver
lemma Act-Basic-2[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi \ \& \ \mathcal{A}\psi)$  in  $v$ ]
  by PLM-solver
lemma Act-Basic-3[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv ((\mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \ \& \ (\mathcal{A}(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)))$  in  $v$ ]
  by PLM-solver
lemma Act-Basic-4[PLM]:
  [ $(\mathcal{A}(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ \mathcal{A}(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}\psi)$  in  $v$ ]
  by PLM-solver
lemma Act-Basic-5[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}\psi)$  in  $v$ ]
  by PLM-solver
lemma Act-Basic-6[PLM]:
  [ $\Diamond\varphi \equiv \mathcal{A}(\Diamond\varphi)$  in  $v$ ]
  unfolding diamond-def by PLM-solver
lemma Act-Basic-7[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \Box\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in  $v$ ]
  by (simp add: qml-act-2[axiom-instance] qml-act-1[axiom-instance]  $\equiv I$ )
lemma Act-Basic-8[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\Box\varphi) \rightarrow \Box\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in  $v$ ]
  by (metis qml-act-2[axiom-instance] CP Act-Basic-7  $\equiv E(1)$ 
     $\equiv E(2)$  nec-imp-act vdash-properties-10)
lemma Act-Basic-9[PLM]:
  [ $\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\mathcal{A}\varphi$  in  $v$ ]
  using qml-act-1[axiom-instance] ded-thm-cor-3 nec-imp-act by blast
lemma Act-Basic-10[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \mathcal{A}\varphi \vee \mathcal{A}\psi$  in  $v$ ]
  by PLM-solver

lemma Act-Basic-11[PLM]:
  [ $\mathcal{A}(\exists \alpha . \varphi \ \alpha) \equiv (\exists \alpha . \mathcal{A}(\varphi \ \alpha))$  in  $v$ ]
  proof -
    have [ $\mathcal{A}(\forall \alpha . \neg\varphi \ \alpha) \equiv (\forall \alpha . \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \ \alpha)$  in  $v$ ]
      using logic-actual-nec-3[axiom-instance] by blast
    hence [ $\neg\mathcal{A}(\forall \alpha . \neg\varphi \ \alpha) \equiv \neg(\forall \alpha . \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \ \alpha)$  in  $v$ ]
      using oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr] by blast

```

moreover have  $[\mathcal{A}\neg(\forall \alpha . \neg\varphi \alpha) \equiv \neg\mathcal{A}(\forall \alpha . \neg\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *logic-actual-nec-1*[*axiom-instance*] by *blast*  
 ultimately have  $[\mathcal{A}\neg(\forall \alpha . \neg\varphi \alpha) \equiv \neg(\forall \alpha . \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\equiv E(5)$  by *auto*  
 moreover {  
 have  $[\forall \alpha . \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \alpha \equiv \neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \alpha \text{ in } v]$   
 using *logic-actual-nec-1*[*axiom-universal*, *axiom-instance*] by *blast*  
 hence  $[(\forall \alpha . \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \alpha) \equiv (\forall \alpha . \neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *cqt-basic-3*[*deduction*] by *fast*  
 hence  $[(\neg(\forall \alpha . \mathcal{A}\neg\varphi \alpha)) \equiv \neg(\forall \alpha . \neg\mathcal{A}\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *oth-class-taut-5-d*[*equiv-lr*] by *blast*  
 }  
 ultimately show *?thesis unfolding exists-def* using  $\equiv E(5)$  by *auto*  
 qed

lemma *act-quant-uniq*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\forall z . \mathcal{A}\varphi z \equiv z = x) \equiv (\forall z . \varphi z \equiv z = x) \text{ in } dw]$   
 by *PLM-solver*

lemma *fund-cont-desc*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(x^P = (\iota x . \varphi x)) \equiv (\forall z . \varphi z \equiv (z = x)) \text{ in } dw]$   
 using *descriptions*[*axiom-instance*] *act-quant-uniq*  $\equiv E(5)$  by *fast*

lemma *hintikka*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(x^P = (\iota x . \varphi x)) \equiv (\varphi x \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = x)) \text{ in } dw]$   
 proof –  
 have  $[(\forall z . \varphi z \equiv z = x) \equiv (\varphi x \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = x)) \text{ in } dw]$   
 unfolding *identity-ν-def* apply *PLM-solver* using *id-eq-obj-1* apply *simp*  
 using *l-identity*[*where*  $\varphi = \lambda x . \varphi x$ , *axiom-instance*,  
*deduction*, *deduction*]  
 using *id-eq-obj-2*[*deduction*] unfolding *identity-ν-def* by *fastforce*  
 thus *?thesis* using  $\equiv E(5)$  *fund-cont-desc* by *blast*  
 qed

lemma *russell-axiom-a*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\langle F, \iota x . \varphi x \rangle) \equiv (\exists x . \varphi x \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = x) \ \& \ (\langle F, x^P \rangle)) \text{ in } dw]$   
 (is [*?lhs*  $\equiv$  *?rhs* in *dw*])  
 proof –  
 {  
 assume 1: [*?lhs* in *dw*]  
 hence  $[\exists \alpha . \alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } dw]$   
 using *cqt-5*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*]  
*SimpleExOrEnc.intros*  
 by *blast*  
 then obtain  $\alpha$  where 2:  
 $[\alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } dw]$   
 using  $\exists E$  by *auto*  
 hence 3:  $[\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = \alpha) \text{ in } dw]$   
 using *hintikka*[*equiv-lr*] by *simp*  
 from 2 have  $[(\iota x . \varphi x) = (\alpha^P) \text{ in } dw]$   
 using *l-identity*[*where*  $\alpha = \alpha^P$  and  $\beta = \iota x . \varphi x$  and  $\varphi = \lambda x . x = \alpha^P$ ,  
*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*]  
*id-eq-obj-1*[*where*  $x = \alpha$ ] by *auto*  
 hence  $[(\langle F, \alpha^P \rangle) \text{ in } dw]$   
 using 1 *l-identity*[*where*  $\beta = \alpha^P$  and  $\alpha = \iota x . \varphi x$  and  $\varphi = \lambda x . (\langle F, x \rangle)$ ,  
*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*] by *auto*  
 with 3 have  $[\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = \alpha) \ \& \ (\langle F, \alpha^P \rangle) \text{ in } dw]$  by (rule  $\&I$ )  
 hence [*?rhs* in *dw*] using  $\exists I$ [*where*  $\alpha = \alpha$ ] by *simp*  
 }  
 moreover {  
 assume [*?rhs* in *dw*]  
 then obtain  $\alpha$  where 4:  
 $[\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = \alpha) \ \& \ (\langle F, \alpha^P \rangle) \text{ in } dw]$

```

    using  $\exists E$  by auto
  hence  $[\alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } dw] \wedge [(F, \alpha^P) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using hintikka[equiv-rl] &E by blast
  hence [ $?lhs \text{ in } dw$ ]
    using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
    by blast
}
ultimately show ?thesis by PLM-solver
qed

```

**lemma** *russell-axiom-g*[PLM]:

```

[ $\{\iota x . \varphi x, F\} \equiv (\exists x . \varphi x \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = x) \ \& \ \{\alpha^P, F\}) \text{ in } dw$ ]
(is [ $?lhs \equiv ?rhs \text{ in } dw$ ])

```

**proof** –

```

{
  assume 1: [ $?lhs \text{ in } dw$ ]
  hence  $[\exists \alpha . \alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using cqt-5[axiom-instance, deduction] SimpleExOrEnc.intros by blast
  then obtain  $\alpha$  where 2:  $[\alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } dw]$  by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  hence 3:  $[(\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = \alpha)) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using hintikka[equiv-lr] by simp
  from 2 have  $[(\iota x . \varphi x) = \alpha^P \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using l-identity[where  $\alpha = \alpha^P$  and  $\beta = \iota x . \varphi x$  and  $\varphi = \lambda x . x = \alpha^P$ ,
      axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
      id-eq-obj-1[where  $x = \alpha$ ] by auto
  hence  $[\{\alpha^P, F\} \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using 1 l-identity[where  $\beta = \alpha^P$  and  $\alpha = \iota x . \varphi x$  and  $\varphi = \lambda x . \{x, F\}$ ,
      axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by auto
  with 3 have  $[(\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = \alpha)) \ \& \ \{\alpha^P, F\} \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using &I by auto
  hence [ $?rhs \text{ in } dw$ ] using  $\exists I$ [where  $\alpha = \alpha$ ] by (simp add: identity-defs)
}
moreover {
  assume [ $?rhs \text{ in } dw$ ]
  then obtain  $\alpha$  where 4:
     $[\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = \alpha) \ \& \ \{\alpha^P, F\} \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using  $\exists E$  by auto
  hence  $[\alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } dw] \wedge [\{\alpha^P, F\} \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using hintikka[equiv-rl] &E by blast
  hence [ $?lhs \text{ in } dw$ ]
    using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
    by fast
}
ultimately show ?thesis by PLM-solver
qed

```

**lemma** *russell-axiom*[PLM]:

**assumes** *SimpleExOrEnc*  $\psi$

```

shows  $[\psi (\iota x . \varphi x) \equiv (\exists x . \varphi x \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = x) \ \& \ \psi (\alpha^P)) \text{ in } dw]$ 
(is [ $?lhs \equiv ?rhs \text{ in } dw$ ])

```

**proof** –

```

{
  assume 1: [ $?lhs \text{ in } dw$ ]
  hence  $[\exists \alpha . \alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using cqt-5[axiom-instance, deduction] assms by blast
  then obtain  $\alpha$  where 2:  $[\alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } dw]$  by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  hence 3:  $[(\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall z . \varphi z \rightarrow z = \alpha)) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using hintikka[equiv-lr] by simp
  from 2 have  $[(\iota x . \varphi x) = (\alpha^P) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using l-identity[where  $\alpha = \alpha^P$  and  $\beta = \iota x . \varphi x$  and  $\varphi = \lambda x . x = \alpha^P$ ,
      axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
      id-eq-obj-1[where  $x = \alpha$ ] by auto
  hence  $[\psi (\alpha^P) \text{ in } dw]$ 

```

```

    using 1 l-identity[where  $\beta = \alpha^P$  and  $\alpha = \iota x. \varphi x$  and  $\varphi = \lambda x. \psi x$ ,
                        axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by auto
  with  $\beta$  have  $[\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall z. \varphi z \rightarrow z = \alpha) \ \& \ \psi(\alpha^P) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using &I by auto
  hence [ $?rhs$  in  $dw$ ] using  $\exists I$ [where  $\alpha = \alpha$ ] by (simp add: identity-defs)
}
moreover {
  assume [ $?rhs$  in  $dw$ ]
  then obtain  $\alpha$  where  $\mathcal{A}$ :
     $[\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall z. \varphi z \rightarrow z = \alpha) \ \& \ \psi(\alpha^P) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using  $\exists E$  by auto
  hence  $[\alpha^P = (\iota x. \varphi x) \text{ in } dw] \wedge [\psi(\alpha^P) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using hintikka[equiv-rl] &E by blast
  hence [ $?lhs$  in  $dw$ ]
    using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
    by fast
}
ultimately show  $?thesis$  by PLM-solver
qed

```

**lemma** *unique-exists*[PLM]:

```

 $[(\exists y. y^P = (\iota x. \varphi x)) \equiv (\exists !x. \varphi x) \text{ in } dw]$ 
proof((rule  $\equiv I$ , rule CP, rule-tac[2] CP))
  assume  $[\exists y. y^P = (\iota x. \varphi x) \text{ in } dw]$ 
  then obtain  $\alpha$  where
     $[\alpha^P = (\iota x. \varphi x) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  hence  $[\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using hintikka[equiv-lr] by auto
  thus  $[\exists !x. \varphi x \text{ in } dw]$ 
    unfolding exists-unique-def using  $\exists I$  by fast
next
  assume  $[\exists !x. \varphi x \text{ in } dw]$ 
  then obtain  $\alpha$  where
     $[\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    unfolding exists-unique-def by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  hence  $[\alpha^P = (\iota x. \varphi x) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using hintikka[equiv-rl] by auto
  thus  $[\exists y. y^P = (\iota x. \varphi x) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using  $\exists I$  by fast
qed

```

**lemma** *y-in-1*[PLM]:

```

 $[x^P = (\iota x. \varphi) \rightarrow \varphi \text{ in } dw]$ 
using hintikka[equiv-lr, conj1] by (rule CP)

```

**lemma** *y-in-2*[PLM]:

```

 $[z^P = (\iota x. \varphi x) \rightarrow \varphi z \text{ in } dw]$ 
using hintikka[equiv-lr, conj1] by (rule CP)

```

**lemma** *y-in-3*[PLM]:

```

 $[(\exists y. y^P = (\iota x. \varphi(x^P))) \rightarrow \varphi(\iota x. \varphi(x^P)) \text{ in } dw]$ 
proof (rule CP)
  assume  $[(\exists y. y^P = (\iota x. \varphi(x^P))) \text{ in } dw]$ 
  then obtain  $y$  where  $\mathcal{A}$ :
     $[y^P = (\iota x. \varphi(x^P)) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  hence  $[\varphi(y^P) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using y-in-2[deduction] unfolding identity-v-def by blast
  thus  $[\varphi(\iota x. \varphi(x^P)) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction,
                    deduction] 1 by fast
qed

```

**lemma** *act-quant-nec*[PLM]:  
 $[(\forall z . (\mathcal{A}\varphi z \equiv z = x)) \equiv (\forall z . \mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}\varphi z \equiv z = x)]$  in  $v$   
**by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *equi-desc-descA-1*[PLM]:  
 $[(x^P = (\iota x . \varphi x)) \equiv (x^P = (\iota x . \mathcal{A}\varphi x))]$  in  $v$   
**using** *descriptions*[*axiom-instance*] **apply** (*rule*  $\equiv E(5)$ )  
**using** *act-quant-nec* **apply** (*rule*  $\equiv E(5)$ )  
**using** *descriptions*[*axiom-instance*]  
**by** (*meson*  $\equiv E(6)$  *oth-class-taut-4-a*)

**lemma** *equi-desc-descA-2*[PLM]:  
 $[(\exists y . y^P = (\iota x . \varphi x)) \rightarrow ((\iota x . \varphi x) = (\iota x . \mathcal{A}\varphi x))]$  in  $v$   
**proof** (*rule* *CP*)  
**assume**  $[\exists y . y^P = (\iota x . \varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**then obtain**  $y$  **where**  
 $[y^P = (\iota x . \varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**by** (*rule*  $\exists E$ )  
**moreover hence**  $[y^P = (\iota x . \mathcal{A}\varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**using** *equi-desc-descA-1*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *auto*  
**ultimately show**  $[(\iota x . \varphi x) = (\iota x . \mathcal{A}\varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**using** *l-identity*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*]  
**by** *fast*  
**qed**

**lemma** *equi-desc-descA-3*[PLM]:  
**assumes** *SimpleExOrEnc*  $\psi$   
**shows**  $[\psi (\iota x . \varphi x) \rightarrow (\exists y . y^P = (\iota x . \mathcal{A}\varphi x))]$  in  $v$   
**proof** (*rule* *CP*)  
**assume**  $[\psi (\iota x . \varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**hence**  $[\exists \alpha . \alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**using** *cqt-5*[*OF assms*, *axiom-instance*, *deduction*] **by** *auto*  
**then obtain**  $\alpha$  **where**  $[\alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x)]$  in  $v$  **by** (*rule*  $\exists E$ )  
**hence**  $[\alpha^P = (\iota x . \mathcal{A}\varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**using** *equi-desc-descA-1*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *auto*  
**thus**  $[\exists y . y^P = (\iota x . \mathcal{A}\varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**using**  $\exists I$  **by** *fast*  
**qed**

**lemma** *equi-desc-descA-4*[PLM]:  
**assumes** *SimpleExOrEnc*  $\psi$   
**shows**  $[\psi (\iota x . \varphi x) \rightarrow ((\iota x . \varphi x) = (\iota x . \mathcal{A}\varphi x))]$  in  $v$   
**proof** (*rule* *CP*)  
**assume**  $[\psi (\iota x . \varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**hence**  $[\exists \alpha . \alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**using** *cqt-5*[*OF assms*, *axiom-instance*, *deduction*] **by** *auto*  
**then obtain**  $\alpha$  **where**  $[\alpha^P = (\iota x . \varphi x)]$  in  $v$  **by** (*rule*  $\exists E$ )  
**moreover hence**  $[\alpha^P = (\iota x . \mathcal{A}\varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**using** *equi-desc-descA-1*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *auto*  
**ultimately show**  $[(\iota x . \varphi x) = (\iota x . \mathcal{A}\varphi x)]$  in  $v$   
**using** *l-identity*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*] **by** *fast*  
**qed**

**lemma** *nec-hintikka-scheme*[PLM]:  
 $[(x^P = (\iota x . \varphi x)) \equiv (\mathcal{A}\varphi x \ \& \ (\forall z . \mathcal{A}\varphi z \rightarrow z = x))]$  in  $v$   
**using** *descriptions*[*axiom-instance*]  
**apply** (*rule*  $\equiv E(5)$ )  
**apply** *PLM-solver*  
**using** *id-eq-obj-1* **apply** *simp*  
**using** *id-eq-obj-2*[*deduction*]  
*l-identity*[**where**  $\alpha = x$ , *axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*]  
**unfolding** *identity- $\nu$ -def*

apply *blast*  
 using *l-identity*[where  $\alpha=x$ , *axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*]  
*id-eq-2*[where ' $a=\nu$ , *deduction*] **unfolding** *identity- $\nu$ -def* **by** *meson*

**lemma** *equiv-desc-eq*[*PLM*]:  
 assumes  $\bigwedge x. [\mathcal{A}(\varphi x \equiv \psi x) \text{ in } v]$   
 shows  $[(\forall x. ((x^P = (\iota x. \varphi x)) \equiv (x^P = (\iota x. \psi x)))) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof**(*rule*  $\forall I$ )  
 fix  $x$   
 {  
 assume  $[x^P = (\iota x. \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence 1:  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi z \rightarrow z = x) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *nec-hintikka-scheme*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *auto*  
 hence 2:  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi x \text{ in } v] \wedge [(\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi z \rightarrow z = x) \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\&E$  **by** *blast*  
 {  
 fix  $z$   
 {  
 assume  $[\mathcal{A}\psi z \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi z \text{ in } v]$   
 using *assms*[where  $x=z$ ] **apply** – **by** *PLM-solver*  
 moreover have  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi z \rightarrow z = x \text{ in } v]$   
 using 2 *cqt-1*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*] **by** *auto*  
 ultimately have  $[z = x \text{ in } v]$   
 using *vdash-properties-10* **by** *auto*  
 }  
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}\psi z \rightarrow z = x \text{ in } v]$  **by** (*rule* *CP*)  
 }  
 hence  $[(\forall z. \mathcal{A}\psi z \rightarrow z = x) \text{ in } v]$  **by** (*rule*  $\forall I$ )  
 moreover have  $[\mathcal{A}\psi x \text{ in } v]$   
 using 1[*conj1*] *assms*[where  $x=x$ ]  
**apply** – **by** *PLM-solver*  
 ultimately have  $[\mathcal{A}\psi x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\psi z \rightarrow z = x) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
 hence  $[x^P = (\iota x. \psi x) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *nec-hintikka-scheme*[where  $\varphi=\psi$ , *equiv-rl*] **by** *auto*  
 }  
 moreover {  
 assume  $[x^P = (\iota x. \psi x) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence 1:  $[\mathcal{A}\psi x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\psi z \rightarrow z = x) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *nec-hintikka-scheme*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *auto*  
 hence 2:  $[\mathcal{A}\psi x \text{ in } v] \wedge [(\forall z. \mathcal{A}\psi z \rightarrow z = x) \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\&E$  **by** *blast*  
 {  
 fix  $z$   
 {  
 assume  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi z \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}\psi z \text{ in } v]$   
 using *assms*[where  $x=z$ ]  
**apply** – **by** *PLM-solver*  
 moreover have  $[\mathcal{A}\psi z \rightarrow z = x \text{ in } v]$   
 using 2 *cqt-1*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*] **by** *auto*  
 ultimately have  $[z = x \text{ in } v]$   
 using *vdash-properties-10* **by** *auto*  
 }  
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi z \rightarrow z = x \text{ in } v]$  **by** (*rule* *CP*)  
 }  
 hence  $[(\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi z \rightarrow z = x) \text{ in } v]$  **by** (*rule*  $\forall I$ )  
 moreover have  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi x \text{ in } v]$   
 using 1[*conj1*] *assms*[where  $x=x$ ]  
**apply** – **by** *PLM-solver*  
 ultimately have  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi z \rightarrow z = x) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*



hence  $[x^P = (\iota x. \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *nec-hintikka-scheme*[**where**  $\varphi=\varphi, \text{equiv-rl}$ ]  
 by *auto*  
 }  
 ultimately show  $[x^P = (\iota x. \varphi x) \equiv (x^P) = (\iota x. \psi x) \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\equiv I$  *CP* by *auto*  
 qed

lemma *UniqueAux*:

assumes  $[(\mathcal{A}\varphi (\alpha::\nu) \ \& \ (\forall z . \mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \rightarrow z = \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
 shows  $[(\forall z . (\mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \equiv (z = \alpha))) \text{ in } v]$   
 proof –  
 {  
 fix  $z$   
 {  
 assume  $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[z = \alpha \text{ in } v]$   
 using *assms*[*conj2*, *THEN cqt-1*[**where**  $\alpha=z$ ,  
*axiom-instance*, *deduction*],  
*deduction*] by *auto*  
 }  
 moreover {  
 assume  $[z = \alpha \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\alpha = z \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *identity- $\nu$ -def*  
 using *id-eq-obj-2*[*deduction*] by *fast*  
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \text{ in } v]$  using *assms*[*conj1*]  
 using *l-identity*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*,  
*deduction*] by *fast*  
 }  
 ultimately have  $[(\mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \equiv (z = \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\equiv I$  *CP* by *auto*  
 }  
 thus  $[(\forall z . (\mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \equiv (z = \alpha))) \text{ in } v]$   
 by (*rule*  $\forall I$ )  
 qed

lemma *nec-russell-axiom*[*PLM*]:

assumes *SimpleExOrEnc*  $\psi$   
 shows  $[(\psi (\iota x. \varphi x)) \equiv (\exists x . (\mathcal{A}\varphi x \ \& \ (\forall z . \mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \rightarrow z = x)) \ \& \ \psi (x^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
 (is  $[?lhs \equiv ?rhs \text{ in } v]$ )  
 proof –  
 {  
 assume 1:  $[?lhs \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\exists \alpha. (\alpha^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *cqt-5*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*] *assms* by *blast*  
 then obtain  $\alpha$  where 2:  $[(\alpha^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$  by (*rule*  $\exists E$ )  
 hence  $[(\forall z . (\mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \equiv (z = \alpha))) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *descriptions*[*axiom-instance*, *equiv-lr*] by *auto*  
 hence 3:  $[(\mathcal{A}\varphi \alpha) \ \& \ (\forall z . (\mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \rightarrow (z = \alpha))) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *cqt-1*[**where**  $\alpha=\alpha$  and  $\varphi=\lambda z . (\mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \equiv (z = \alpha))$ ,  
*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *equiv-rl*]  
 using *id-eq-obj-1*[**where**  $x=\alpha$ ] unfolding *identity- $\nu$ -def*  
 using *hintikka*[*equiv-lr*] *cqt-basic-2*[*equiv-lr*, *conj1*]  
 & *I* by *fast*  
 from 2 have  $[(\iota x. \varphi x) = (\alpha^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *l-identity*[**where**  $\beta=(\iota x. \varphi x)$  and  $\varphi=\lambda x . x = (\alpha^P)$ ,  
*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*]  
*id-eq-obj-1*[**where**  $x=\alpha$ ] by *auto*  
 hence  $[\psi (\alpha^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 using 1 *l-identity*[**where**  $\alpha=(\iota x. \varphi x)$  and  $\varphi=\lambda x . \psi x$ ,  
*axiom-instance*, *deduction*,

```

      deduction] by auto
with  $\beta$  have  $[(\mathcal{A}\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall z . \mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \rightarrow (z = \alpha))) \ \& \ \psi(\alpha^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using  $\&I$  by simp
hence  $[?rhs \text{ in } v]$ 
  using  $\exists I$ [where  $\alpha=\alpha$ ]
  by (simp add: identity-defs)
}
moreover {
  assume  $[?rhs \text{ in } v]$ 
  then obtain  $\alpha$  where  $\beta$ :
     $[(\mathcal{A}\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall z . \mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \rightarrow z = \alpha)) \ \& \ \psi(\alpha^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $\exists E$  by auto
  hence  $[(\forall z . (\mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \equiv (z = \alpha))) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using UniqueAux  $\&E(I)$  by auto
  hence  $[(\alpha^P) = (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } v] \wedge [\psi(\alpha^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using descriptions[axiom-instance, equiv-rl]
     $\beta$ [conj2] by blast
  hence  $[?lhs \text{ in } v]$ 
    using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction,
      deduction]
    by fast
}
ultimately show  $?thesis$  by PLM-solver
qed

```

lemma actual-desc-1[PLM]:

```

 $[(\exists y . (y^P) = (\iota x . \varphi x)) \equiv (\exists! x . \mathcal{A}(\varphi x)) \text{ in } v]$  (is  $[?lhs \equiv ?rhs \text{ in } v]$ )
proof -
{
  assume  $[?lhs \text{ in } v]$ 
  then obtain  $\alpha$  where
     $[(\alpha^P) = (\iota x . \varphi x)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  hence  $[(\lambda! . (\iota x . \varphi x)) \text{ in } v] \vee [(\alpha^P) =_E (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply - unfolding identity-defs by PLM-solver
  then obtain  $x$  where
     $[(\mathcal{A}\varphi x \ \& \ (\forall z . \mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \rightarrow z = x)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using nec-russell-axiom[where  $\psi=\lambda x . (\lambda! . x)$ , equiv-lr, THEN  $\exists E$ ]
    using nec-russell-axiom[where  $\psi=\lambda x . (\alpha^P) =_E x$ , equiv-lr, THEN  $\exists E$ ]
    using SimpleExOrEnc.intros unfolding identityE-infix-def
    by (meson  $\&E$ )
  hence  $[?rhs \text{ in } v]$  unfolding exists-unique-def by (rule  $\exists I$ )
}
moreover {
  assume  $[?rhs \text{ in } v]$ 
  then obtain  $x$  where
     $[(\mathcal{A}\varphi x \ \& \ (\forall z . \mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \rightarrow z = x)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding exists-unique-def by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  hence  $[\forall z . \mathcal{A}\varphi z \equiv z = x \text{ in } v]$ 
    using UniqueAux by auto
  hence  $[(x^P) = (\iota x . \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using descriptions[axiom-instance, equiv-rl] by auto
  hence  $[?lhs \text{ in } v]$  by (rule  $\exists I$ )
}
ultimately show  $?thesis$ 
  using  $\equiv I$  CP by auto
qed

```

lemma actual-desc-2[PLM]:

```

 $[(x^P) = (\iota x . \varphi) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}\varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
using nec-hintikka-scheme[equiv-lr, conj1]
by (rule CP)

```

**lemma** *actual-desc-3*[PLM]:

$[(z^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}(\varphi z) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *nec-hintikka-scheme*[*equiv-lr*, *conj1*]  
**by** (*rule CP*)

**lemma** *actual-desc-4*[PLM]:

$[(\exists y. ((y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi (x^P)))) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}(\varphi (\iota x. \varphi (x^P))) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (*rule CP*)  
**assume**  $[(\exists y. (y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi (x^P))) \text{ in } v]$   
**then obtain**  $y$  **where**  $1$ :  
 $[y^P = (\iota x. \varphi (x^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*rule*  $\exists E$ )  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi (y^P)) \text{ in } v]$  **using** *actual-desc-3*[*deduction*] **by** *fast*  
**thus**  $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi (\iota x. \varphi (x^P))) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *l-identity*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*,  
*deduction*]  $1$  **by** *fast*

**qed**

**lemma** *unique-box-desc-1*[PLM]:

$[(\exists !x. \Box(\varphi x)) \rightarrow (\forall y. (y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x) \rightarrow \varphi y) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (*rule CP*)  
**assume**  $[(\exists !x. \Box(\varphi x)) \text{ in } v]$   
**then obtain**  $\alpha$  **where**  $1$ :  
 $[\Box \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \Box(\varphi \beta) \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *exists-unique-def* **by** (*rule*  $\exists E$ )  
{  
**fix**  $y$   
{  
**assume**  $[(y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$   
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A} \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \alpha = y \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *nec-hintikka-scheme*[**where**  $x=y$  **and**  $\varphi=\varphi$ , *equiv-lr*, *conj2*,  
*THEN* *cqt-1*[**where**  $\alpha=\alpha$ , *axiom-instance*, *deduction*]] **by** *simp*  
**hence**  $[\alpha = y \text{ in } v]$   
**using**  $1$ [*conj1*] *nec-imp-act vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*  
**hence**  $[\varphi y \text{ in } v]$   
**using**  $1$ [*conj1*] *qml-2*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*]  
*l-identity*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*]  
**by** *fast*  
}  
**hence**  $[(y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x) \rightarrow \varphi y \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*rule CP*)  
}  
**thus**  $[(\forall y. (y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x) \rightarrow \varphi y) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*rule*  $\forall I$ )  
**qed**

**lemma** *unique-box-desc*[PLM]:

$[(\forall x. (\varphi x \rightarrow \Box(\varphi x))) \rightarrow ((\exists !x. \varphi x) \rightarrow (\forall y. (y^P = (\iota x. \varphi x)) \rightarrow \varphi y)) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*rule CP*, *rule CP*)  
**using** *nec-exist-unique*[*deduction*, *deduction*]  
*unique-box-desc-1*[*deduction*] **by** *blast*

## 9.10 Necessity

**lemma** *RM-1*[PLM]:

$(\bigwedge v. [\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]) \implies [\Box \varphi \rightarrow \Box \psi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *RN qml-1*[*axiom-instance*] *vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*

**lemma** *RM-1-b*[PLM]:

$(\bigwedge v. [\chi \text{ in } v] \implies [\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]) \implies ([\Box \chi \text{ in } v] \implies [\Box \varphi \rightarrow \Box \psi \text{ in } v])$   
**using** *RN-2 qml-1*[*axiom-instance*] *vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*

```

lemma RM-2[PLM]:
  ( $\bigwedge v. [\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v] \implies [\Diamond \varphi \rightarrow \Diamond \psi \text{ in } v]$ )
  unfolding diamond-def
  using RM-1 contraposition-1 by auto

lemma RM-2-b[PLM]:
  ( $\bigwedge v. [\chi \text{ in } v] \implies [\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v] \implies ([\Box \chi \text{ in } v] \implies [\Diamond \varphi \rightarrow \Diamond \psi \text{ in } v])$ )
  unfolding diamond-def
  using RM-1-b contraposition-1 by blast

lemma KBasic-1[PLM]:
  ( $\Box \varphi \rightarrow \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \text{ in } v$ )
  by (simp only: pl-1[axiom-instance] RM-1)
lemma KBasic-2[PLM]:
  ( $\Box(\neg \varphi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v$ )
  by (simp only: RM-1 useful-tautologies-3)
lemma KBasic-3[PLM]:
  ( $\Box(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \equiv \Box \varphi \ \& \ \Box \psi \text{ in } v$ )
  apply (rule  $\equiv I$ )
  apply (rule CP)
  apply (rule  $\& I$ )
  using RM-1 oth-class-taut-9-a vdash-properties-6 apply blast
  using RM-1 oth-class-taut-9-b vdash-properties-6 apply blast
  using qml-1[axiom-instance] RM-1 ded-thm-cor-3 oth-class-taut-10-a
    oth-class-taut-8-b vdash-properties-10
  by blast
lemma KBasic-4[PLM]:
  ( $\Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \equiv (\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \text{ in } v$ )
  apply (rule  $\equiv I$ )
  unfolding equiv-def using KBasic-3 PLM.CP  $\equiv E(1)$ 
  apply blast
  using KBasic-3 PLM.CP  $\equiv E(2)$ 
  by blast
lemma KBasic-5[PLM]:
  ( $(\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \ \& \ \Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi)) \rightarrow (\Box \varphi \equiv \Box \psi) \text{ in } v$ )
  by (metis qml-1[axiom-instance] CP  $\& E \equiv I$  vdash-properties-10)
lemma KBasic-6[PLM]:
  ( $\Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \rightarrow (\Box \varphi \equiv \Box \psi) \text{ in } v$ )
  using KBasic-4 KBasic-5 by (metis equiv-def ded-thm-cor-3  $\& E(1)$ )
lemma ( $(\Box \varphi \equiv \Box \psi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v$ )
  nitpick[expect=genuine, user-axioms, card = 1, card i = 2]
  oops — countermodel as desired
lemma KBasic-7[PLM]:
  ( $(\Box \varphi \ \& \ \Box \psi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v$ )
  proof (rule CP)
    assume  $\Box \varphi \ \& \ \Box \psi \text{ in } v$ 
    hence  $\Box(\psi \rightarrow \varphi) \text{ in } v \wedge \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v$ 
      using  $\& E$  KBasic-1 vdash-properties-10 by blast
    thus  $\Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v$ 
      using KBasic-4  $\equiv E(2)$  intro-elim-1 by blast
  qed

lemma KBasic-8[PLM]:
  ( $\Box(\varphi \ \& \ \psi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v$ )
  using KBasic-7 KBasic-3
  by (metis equiv-def PLM.ded-thm-cor-3  $\& E(1)$ )
lemma KBasic-9[PLM]:
  ( $\Box((\neg \varphi) \ \& \ (\neg \psi)) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v$ )
  proof (rule CP)
    assume  $\Box((\neg \varphi) \ \& \ (\neg \psi)) \text{ in } v$ 
    hence  $\Box((\neg \varphi) \equiv (\neg \psi)) \text{ in } v$ 
      using KBasic-8 vdash-properties-10 by blast
    moreover have  $\bigwedge v. [(\neg \varphi) \equiv (\neg \psi)] \rightarrow (\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v$ 

```

```

    using CP  $\equiv E(2)$  oth-class-taut-5-d by blast
    ultimately show  $[\Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using RM-1 PLM.vdash-properties-10 by blast
qed

lemma rule-sub-lem-1-a[PLM]:
   $[\Box(\psi \equiv \chi) \text{ in } v] \implies [(\neg\psi) \equiv (\neg\chi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using qml-2[axiom-instance]  $\equiv E(1)$  oth-class-taut-5-d
    vdash-properties-10
  by blast
lemma rule-sub-lem-1-b[PLM]:
   $[\Box(\psi \equiv \chi) \text{ in } v] \implies [(\psi \rightarrow \Theta) \equiv (\chi \rightarrow \Theta) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (metis equiv-def contraposition-1 CP &E(2)  $\equiv I$ 
     $\equiv E(1)$  rule-sub-lem-1-a)
lemma rule-sub-lem-1-c[PLM]:
   $[\Box(\psi \equiv \chi) \text{ in } v] \implies [(\Theta \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\Theta \rightarrow \chi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (metis CP  $\equiv I \equiv E(3) \equiv E(4) \neg\neg I$ 
     $\neg\neg E$  rule-sub-lem-1-a)
lemma rule-sub-lem-1-d[PLM]:
   $(\bigwedge x. [\Box(\psi x \equiv \chi x) \text{ in } v]) \implies [(\forall \alpha. \psi \alpha) \equiv (\forall \alpha. \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (metis equiv-def  $\forall I$  CP &E  $\equiv I$  raa-cor-1
    vdash-properties-10 rule-sub-lem-1-a  $\forall E$ )
lemma rule-sub-lem-1-e[PLM]:
   $[\Box(\psi \equiv \chi) \text{ in } v] \implies [\mathcal{A}\psi \equiv \mathcal{A}\chi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using Act-Basic-5  $\equiv E(1)$  nec-imp-act
    vdash-properties-10
  by blast
lemma rule-sub-lem-1-f[PLM]:
   $[\Box(\psi \equiv \chi) \text{ in } v] \implies [\Box\psi \equiv \Box\chi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using KBasic-6  $\equiv I \equiv E(1)$  vdash-properties-9
  by blast

named-theorems Substable-intros

definition Substable :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  o)  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where Substable  $\equiv (\lambda \text{ cond } \varphi . \forall \psi \chi v . (\text{cond } \psi \chi) \longrightarrow [\varphi \psi \equiv \varphi \chi \text{ in } v])$ 

lemma Substable-intro-const[Substable-intros]:
  Substable cond  $(\lambda \varphi . \Theta)$ 
  unfolding Substable-def using oth-class-taut-4-a by blast

lemma Substable-intro-not[Substable-intros]:
  assumes Substable cond  $\psi$ 
  shows Substable cond  $(\lambda \varphi . \neg(\psi \varphi))$ 
  using assms unfolding Substable-def
  using rule-sub-lem-1-a RN-2  $\equiv E$  oth-class-taut-5-d by metis
lemma Substable-intro-impl[Substable-intros]:
  assumes Substable cond  $\psi$ 
  and Substable cond  $\chi$ 
  shows Substable cond  $(\lambda \varphi . \psi \varphi \rightarrow \chi \varphi)$ 
  using assms unfolding Substable-def
  by (metis  $\equiv I$  CP intro-elim-6-a intro-elim-6-b)
lemma Substable-intro-box[Substable-intros]:
  assumes Substable cond  $\psi$ 
  shows Substable cond  $(\lambda \varphi . \Box(\psi \varphi))$ 
  using assms unfolding Substable-def
  using rule-sub-lem-1-f RN by meson
lemma Substable-intro-actual[Substable-intros]:
  assumes Substable cond  $\psi$ 
  shows Substable cond  $(\lambda \varphi . \mathcal{A}(\psi \varphi))$ 
  using assms unfolding Substable-def
  using rule-sub-lem-1-e RN by meson

```

```

lemma Substable-intro-all[Substable-intros]:
  assumes  $\forall x . \text{Substable cond } (\psi x)$ 
  shows  $\text{Substable cond } (\lambda \varphi . \forall x . \psi x \varphi)$ 
  using assms unfolding Substable-def
  by (simp add: RN rule-sub-lem-1-d)

named-theorems Substable-Cond-defs
end

class Substable =
  fixes Substable-Cond :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  assumes rule-sub-nec:
     $\bigwedge \varphi \psi \chi \Theta v . \llbracket \text{PLM.Substable Substable-Cond } \varphi ; \text{Substable-Cond } \psi \chi \rrbracket$ 
     $\Rightarrow \Theta [\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] \Rightarrow \Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$ 

instantiation o :: Substable
begin
  definition Substable-Cond-o where [PLM.Substable-Cond-defs]:
     $\text{Substable-Cond-o} \equiv \lambda \varphi \psi . \forall v . [\varphi \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]$ 
  instance proof
    interpret PLM .
    fix  $\varphi :: o \Rightarrow o$  and  $\psi \chi :: o \Rightarrow o$  and  $\Theta :: \text{bool} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  and  $v :: i$ 
    assume Substable Substable-Cond  $\varphi$ 
    moreover assume Substable-Cond  $\psi \chi$ 
    ultimately have  $[\varphi \psi \equiv \varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding Substable-def by blast
    hence  $[\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] = [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  using  $\equiv E$  by blast
    moreover assume  $\Theta [\varphi \psi \text{ in } v]$ 
    ultimately show  $\Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  by simp
  qed
end

instantiation fun :: (type, Substable) Substable
begin
  definition Substable-Cond-fun where [PLM.Substable-Cond-defs]:
     $\text{Substable-Cond-fun} \equiv \lambda \varphi \psi . \forall x . \text{Substable-Cond } (\varphi x) (\psi x)$ 
  instance proof
    interpret PLM .
    fix  $\varphi :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow o$  and  $\psi \chi :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b$  and  $\Theta v$ 
    assume Substable Substable-Cond  $\varphi$ 
    moreover assume Substable-Cond  $\psi \chi$ 
    ultimately have  $[\varphi \psi \equiv \varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding Substable-def by blast
    hence  $[\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] = [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  using  $\equiv E$  by blast
    moreover assume  $\Theta [\varphi \psi \text{ in } v]$ 
    ultimately show  $\Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  by simp
  qed
end

context PLM
begin

  lemma Substable-intro-equiv[Substable-intros]:
    assumes Substable cond  $\psi$ 
    and Substable cond  $\chi$ 
    shows  $\text{Substable cond } (\lambda \varphi . \psi \varphi \equiv \chi \varphi)$ 
    unfolding conn-defs by (simp add: assms Substable-intros)
  lemma Substable-intro-conj[Substable-intros]:
    assumes Substable cond  $\psi$ 
    and Substable cond  $\chi$ 
    shows  $\text{Substable cond } (\lambda \varphi . \psi \varphi \ \& \ \chi \varphi)$ 
    unfolding conn-defs by (simp add: assms Substable-intros)
  lemma Substable-intro-disj[Substable-intros]:

```

```

assumes Substable cond  $\psi$ 
and Substable cond  $\chi$ 
shows Substable cond  $(\lambda \varphi . \psi \varphi \vee \chi \varphi)$ 
unfolding conn-defs by (simp add: assms Substable-intros)
lemma Substable-intro-diamond[Substable-intros]:
assumes Substable cond  $\psi$ 
shows Substable cond  $(\lambda \varphi . \Diamond(\psi \varphi))$ 
unfolding conn-defs by (simp add: assms Substable-intros)
lemma Substable-intro-exist[Substable-intros]:
assumes  $\forall x . \text{Substable cond } (\psi x)$ 
shows Substable cond  $(\lambda \varphi . \exists x . \psi x \varphi)$ 
unfolding conn-defs by (simp add: assms Substable-intros)

lemma Substable-intro-id-o[Substable-intros]:
Substable Substable-Cond  $(\lambda \varphi . \varphi)$ 
unfolding Substable-def Substable-Cond-o-def by blast
lemma Substable-intro-id-fun[Substable-intros]:
assumes Substable Substable-Cond  $\psi$ 
shows Substable Substable-Cond  $(\lambda \varphi . \psi (\varphi x))$ 
using assms unfolding Substable-def Substable-Cond-fun-def
by blast

method PLM-subst-method for  $\psi::'a::\text{Substable}$  and  $\chi::'a::\text{Substable} =$ 
(match conclusion in  $\Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  for  $\Theta$  and  $\varphi$  and  $v \Rightarrow$ 
  (rule rule-sub-nec[where  $\Theta=\Theta$  and  $\chi=\chi$  and  $\psi=\psi$  and  $\varphi=\varphi$  and  $v=v$ ],
    ((fast intro: Substable-intros, ((assumption) $+$ ) $?$ ) $+$ ; fail),
    unfold Substable-Cond-defs))

method PLM-autosubst =
(match premises in  $\bigwedge v . [\psi \equiv \chi \text{ in } v]$  for  $\psi$  and  $\chi \Rightarrow$ 
  (match conclusion in  $\Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  for  $\Theta$   $\varphi$  and  $v \Rightarrow$ 
    (rule rule-sub-nec[where  $\Theta=\Theta$  and  $\chi=\chi$  and  $\psi=\psi$  and  $\varphi=\varphi$  and  $v=v$ ],
      ((fast intro: Substable-intros, ((assumption) $+$ ) $?$ ) $+$ ; fail),
      unfold Substable-Cond-defs)) )

method PLM-autosubst1 =
(match premises in  $\bigwedge v x . [\psi x \equiv \chi x \text{ in } v]$ 
for  $\psi::'a::\text{type} \Rightarrow o$  and  $\chi::'a \Rightarrow o \Rightarrow$ 
  (match conclusion in  $\Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  for  $\Theta$   $\varphi$  and  $v \Rightarrow$ 
    (rule rule-sub-nec[where  $\Theta=\Theta$  and  $\chi=\chi$  and  $\psi=\psi$  and  $\varphi=\varphi$  and  $v=v$ ],
      ((fast intro: Substable-intros, ((assumption) $+$ ) $?$ ) $+$ ; fail),
      unfold Substable-Cond-defs)) )

method PLM-autosubst2 =
(match premises in  $\bigwedge v x y . [\psi x y \equiv \chi x y \text{ in } v]$ 
for  $\psi::'a::\text{type} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow o$  and  $\chi::'a::\text{type} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow o \Rightarrow$ 
  (match conclusion in  $\Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  for  $\Theta$   $\varphi$  and  $v \Rightarrow$ 
    (rule rule-sub-nec[where  $\Theta=\Theta$  and  $\chi=\chi$  and  $\psi=\psi$  and  $\varphi=\varphi$  and  $v=v$ ],
      ((fast intro: Substable-intros, ((assumption) $+$ ) $?$ ) $+$ ; fail),
      unfold Substable-Cond-defs)) )

method PLM-subst-goal-method for  $\varphi::'a::\text{Substable} \Rightarrow o$  and  $\psi::'a =$ 
(match conclusion in  $\Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  for  $\Theta$  and  $\chi$  and  $v \Rightarrow$ 
  (rule rule-sub-nec[where  $\Theta=\Theta$  and  $\chi=\chi$  and  $\psi=\psi$  and  $\varphi=\varphi$  and  $v=v$ ],
    ((fast intro: Substable-intros, ((assumption) $+$ ) $?$ ) $+$ ; fail),
    unfold Substable-Cond-defs))

lemma rule-sub-nec[PLM]:
assumes Substable Substable-Cond  $\varphi$ 
shows  $(\bigwedge v . ((\psi \equiv \chi) \text{ in } v)) \Longrightarrow \Theta [\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow \Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$ 
proof –

```

**assume** ( $\bigwedge v.[(\psi \equiv \chi) \text{ in } v]$ )  
**hence**  $[\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] = [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *assms RN unfolding Substable-def Substable-Cond-defs*  
**using**  $\equiv I \text{ CP } \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$  **by** *meson*  
**thus**  $\Theta [\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow \Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  **by** *auto*  
**qed**

**lemma** *rule-sub-nec1[PLM]*:  
**assumes** *Substable Substable-Cond*  $\varphi$   
**shows**  $(\bigwedge v x.[(\psi x \equiv \chi x) \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow \Theta [\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow \Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** –  
**assume** ( $\bigwedge v x.[(\psi x \equiv \chi x) \text{ in } v]$ )  
**hence**  $[\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] = [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *assms RN unfolding Substable-def Substable-Cond-defs*  
**using**  $\equiv I \text{ CP } \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$  **by** *metis*  
**thus**  $\Theta [\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow \Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  **by** *auto*  
**qed**

**lemma** *rule-sub-nec2[PLM]*:  
**assumes** *Substable Substable-Cond*  $\varphi$   
**shows**  $(\bigwedge v x y.[\psi x y \equiv \chi x y \text{ in } v]) \Longrightarrow \Theta [\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow \Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** –  
**assume** ( $\bigwedge v x y.[\psi x y \equiv \chi x y \text{ in } v]$ )  
**hence**  $[\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] = [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *assms RN unfolding Substable-def Substable-Cond-defs*  
**using**  $\equiv I \text{ CP } \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$  **by** *metis*  
**thus**  $\Theta [\varphi \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow \Theta [\varphi \chi \text{ in } v]$  **by** *auto*  
**qed**

**lemma** *rule-sub-remark-1-autosubst*:  
**assumes** ( $\bigwedge v.[(\langle A!,x \rangle \equiv (\neg(\Diamond(\langle E!,x \rangle))) \text{ in } v]$ )  
**and**  $[\neg(\langle A!,x \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[\neg\neg\Diamond(\langle E!,x \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*insert assms*) **apply** *PLM-autosubst* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *rule-sub-remark-1*:  
**assumes** ( $\bigwedge v.[(\langle A!,x \rangle \equiv (\neg(\Diamond(\langle E!,x \rangle))) \text{ in } v]$ )  
**and**  $[\neg(\langle A!,x \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[\neg\neg\Diamond(\langle E!,x \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $(\langle A!,x \rangle) (\neg(\Diamond(\langle E!,x \rangle)))$ )  
**apply** (*simp add: assms(1)*)  
**by** (*simp add: assms(2)*)

**lemma** *rule-sub-remark-2*:  
**assumes** ( $\bigwedge v.[(\langle R,x,y \rangle \equiv (\langle R,x,y \rangle \ \& \ (\langle Q,a \rangle \vee (\neg(\langle Q,a \rangle)))) \text{ in } v]$ )  
**and**  $[p \rightarrow (\langle R,x,y \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[p \rightarrow ((\langle R,x,y \rangle \ \& \ (\langle Q,a \rangle \vee (\neg(\langle Q,a \rangle)))) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*insert assms*) **apply** *PLM-autosubst* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *rule-sub-remark-3-autosubst*:  
**assumes** ( $\bigwedge v x.[(\langle A!,x^P \rangle \equiv (\neg(\Diamond(\langle E!,x^P \rangle))) \text{ in } v]$ )  
**and**  $[\exists x. (\langle A!,x^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[\exists x. (\neg(\Diamond(\langle E!,x^P \rangle))) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*insert assms*) **apply** *PLM-autosubst1* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *rule-sub-remark-3*:  
**assumes** ( $\bigwedge v x.[(\langle A!,x^P \rangle \equiv (\neg(\Diamond(\langle E!,x^P \rangle))) \text{ in } v]$ )  
**and**  $[\exists x. (\langle A!,x^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[\exists x. (\neg(\Diamond(\langle E!,x^P \rangle))) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\lambda x. (\langle A!,x^P \rangle) \lambda x. (\neg(\Diamond(\langle E!,x^P \rangle)))$ )  
**apply** (*simp add: assms(1)*)  
**by** (*simp add: assms(2)*)



**lemma** *rule-sub-remark-4*:  
 assumes  $\bigwedge v x. [\neg(\neg(|P, x^P|)) \equiv (|P, x^P|) \text{ in } v]$   
 and  $[\mathcal{A}(\neg(\neg(|P, x^P|))) \text{ in } v]$   
 shows  $[\mathcal{A}(|P, x^P|) \text{ in } v]$   
 apply (*insert assms*) **apply** *PLM-autosubst1* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *rule-sub-remark-5*:  
 assumes  $\bigwedge v. [(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv ((\neg\psi) \rightarrow (\neg\varphi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 and  $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v]$   
 shows  $[\Box((\neg\psi) \rightarrow (\neg\varphi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 apply (*insert assms*) **apply** *PLM-autosubst* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *rule-sub-remark-6*:  
 assumes  $\bigwedge v. [\psi \equiv \chi \text{ in } v]$   
 and  $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v]$   
 shows  $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \chi) \text{ in } v]$   
 apply (*insert assms*) **apply** *PLM-autosubst* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *rule-sub-remark-7*:  
 assumes  $\bigwedge v. [\varphi \equiv (\neg(\neg\varphi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 and  $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
 shows  $[\Box((\neg(\neg\varphi)) \rightarrow \varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
 apply (*insert assms*) **apply** *PLM-autosubst* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *rule-sub-remark-8*:  
 assumes  $\bigwedge v. [\mathcal{A}\varphi \equiv \varphi \text{ in } v]$   
 and  $[\Box(\mathcal{A}\varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
 shows  $[\Box(\varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
 apply (*insert assms*) **apply** *PLM-autosubst* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *rule-sub-remark-9*:  
 assumes  $\bigwedge v. [(|P, a| \equiv (|P, a| \ \& \ ((|Q, b| \vee (\neg(|Q, b|)))))) \text{ in } v]$   
 and  $[(|P, a|) = (|P, a|) \text{ in } v]$   
 shows  $[(|P, a|) = (|P, a| \ \& \ ((|Q, b| \vee (\neg(|Q, b|)))) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *identity-defs* **apply** (*insert assms*)  
**apply** *PLM-autosubst* **oops** — no match as desired

— *dr-alphabetic-rules* implicitly holds  
 — *dr-alphabetic-thm* implicitly holds

**lemma** *KBasic2-1*[*PLM*]:  
 $[\Box\varphi \equiv \Box(\neg(\neg\varphi)) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\varphi \ (\neg(\neg\varphi))$ )  
**by** *PLM-solver+*

**lemma** *KBasic2-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\neg(\Box\varphi)) \equiv \Diamond(\neg\varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *diamond-def*  
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\varphi \ \neg(\neg\varphi)$ )  
**by** *PLM-solver+*

**lemma** *KBasic2-3*[*PLM*]:  
 $[\Box\varphi \equiv (\neg(\Diamond(\neg\varphi))) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *diamond-def*  
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\varphi \ \neg(\neg\varphi)$ )  
**apply** *PLM-solver*  
**by** (*simp add: oth-class-taut-4-b*)

**lemmas** *Df* $\Box = KBasic2-3$

**lemma** *KBasic2-4*[*PLM*]:  
 $[\Box(\neg(\varphi)) \equiv (\neg(\Diamond\varphi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *diamond-def*  
**by** (*simp add: oth-class-taut-4-b*)

**lemma** *KBasic2-5[PLM]*:

$[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\psi) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*simp only: CP RM-2-b*)

**lemmas**  $K\Diamond = KBasic2-5$

**lemma** *KBasic2-6[PLM]*:

$[\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv (\Diamond\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi) \text{ in } v]$

**proof** –

**have**  $[\Box((\neg\varphi) \& (\neg\psi)) \equiv (\Box(\neg\varphi) \& \Box(\neg\psi)) \text{ in } v]$

**using** *KBasic-3* **by** *blast*

**hence**  $[(\neg(\Diamond(\neg((\neg\varphi) \& (\neg\psi)))))) \equiv (\Box(\neg\varphi) \& \Box(\neg\psi)) \text{ in } v]$

**using** *DfBox* **by** (*rule*  $\equiv E(6)$ )

**hence**  $[(\neg(\Diamond(\neg((\neg\varphi) \& (\neg\psi)))))) \equiv ((\neg(\Diamond\varphi)) \& (\neg(\Diamond\psi))) \text{ in } v]$

**apply** – **apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\Box(\neg\varphi) \neg(\Diamond\varphi)$ )

**apply** (*simp add: KBasic2-4*)

**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\Box(\neg\psi) \neg(\Diamond\psi)$ )

**apply** (*simp add: KBasic2-4*)

**unfolding** *diamond-def* **by** *assumption*

**hence**  $[(\neg(\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi))) \equiv ((\neg(\Diamond\varphi)) \& (\neg(\Diamond\psi))) \text{ in } v]$

**apply** – **apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\neg((\neg\varphi) \& (\neg\psi)) \varphi \vee \psi$ )

**using** *oth-class-taut-6-b[equiv-sym]* **by** *auto*

**hence**  $[(\neg(\neg(\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi)))) \equiv (\neg((\neg(\Diamond\varphi)) \& (\neg(\Diamond\psi)))) \text{ in } v]$

**by** (*rule oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr]*)

**hence**  $[\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv (\neg((\neg(\Diamond\varphi)) \& (\neg(\Diamond\psi)))) \text{ in } v]$

**apply** – **apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\neg(\neg(\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi))) \Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi)$ )

**using** *oth-class-taut-4-b[equiv-sym]* **by** *auto*

**thus** *?thesis*

**apply** – **apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\neg((\neg(\Diamond\varphi)) \& (\neg(\Diamond\psi))) (\Diamond\varphi) \vee (\Diamond\psi)$ )

**using** *oth-class-taut-6-b[equiv-sym]* **by** *auto*

**qed**

**lemma** *KBasic2-7[PLM]*:

$[(\Box\varphi \vee \Box\psi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \vee \psi) \text{ in } v]$

**proof** –

**have**  $\bigwedge v. [\varphi \rightarrow (\varphi \vee \psi) \text{ in } v]$

**by** (*metis contraposition-1 contraposition-2 useful-tautologies-3 disj-def*)

**hence**  $[\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \vee \psi) \text{ in } v]$  **using** *RM-1* **by** *auto*

**moreover** {

**have**  $\bigwedge v. [\psi \rightarrow (\varphi \vee \psi) \text{ in } v]$

**by** (*simp only: pl-1[axiom-instance] disj-def*)

**hence**  $[\Box\psi \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \vee \psi) \text{ in } v]$

**using** *RM-1* **by** *auto*

}

**ultimately show** *?thesis*

**using** *oth-class-taut-10-d vdash-properties-10* **by** *blast*

**qed**

**lemma** *KBasic2-8[PLM]*:

$[\Diamond(\varphi \& \psi) \rightarrow (\Diamond\varphi \& \Diamond\psi) \text{ in } v]$

**by** (*metis CP RM-2 &I oth-class-taut-9-a*

*oth-class-taut-9-b vdash-properties-10*)

**lemma** *KBasic2-9[PLM]*:

$[\Diamond(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \equiv (\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\psi) \text{ in } v]$

**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $(\neg(\Box\varphi)) \vee (\Diamond\psi) \Box\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\psi$ )

**using** *oth-class-taut-5-k[equiv-sym]* **apply** *simp*

**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $(\neg\varphi) \vee \psi \varphi \rightarrow \psi$ )

**using** *oth-class-taut-5-k[equiv-sym]* **apply** *simp*

**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\Diamond(\neg\varphi) \neg(\Box\varphi)$ )

**using** *KBasic2-2[equiv-sym]* **apply** *simp*

**using** *KBasic2-6* .

```

lemma KBasic2-10[PLM]:
  [ $\Diamond(\Box\varphi) \equiv (\neg(\Box\Diamond(\neg\varphi)))$  in v]
  unfolding diamond-def apply (PLM-subst-method  $\varphi \neg\neg\varphi$ )
  using oth-class-taut-4-b oth-class-taut-4-a by auto

lemma KBasic2-11[PLM]:
  [ $\Diamond\Diamond\varphi \equiv (\neg(\Box\Box(\neg\varphi)))$  in v]
  unfolding diamond-def
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\Box(\neg\varphi) \neg(\neg(\Box(\neg\varphi)))$ )
  using oth-class-taut-4-b oth-class-taut-4-a by auto

lemma KBasic2-12[PLM]: [ $\Box(\varphi \vee \psi) \rightarrow (\Box\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi)$  in v]
  proof –
    have [ $\Box(\psi \vee \varphi) \rightarrow (\Box(\neg\psi) \rightarrow \Box\varphi)$  in v]
      using CP RM-1-b  $\vee E(2)$  by blast
    hence [ $\Box(\psi \vee \varphi) \rightarrow (\Diamond\psi \vee \Box\varphi)$  in v]
      unfolding diamond-def disj-def
      by (meson CP  $\neg\neg E$  vdash-properties-6)
    thus ?thesis apply –
      apply (PLM-subst-method  $(\Diamond\psi \vee \Box\varphi) (\Box\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi)$ )
      apply (simp add: PLM.oth-class-taut-3-e)
      apply (PLM-subst-method  $(\psi \vee \varphi) (\varphi \vee \psi)$ )
      apply (simp add: PLM.oth-class-taut-3-e)
      by assumption
  qed

lemma TBasic[PLM]:
  [ $\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\varphi$  in v]
  unfolding diamond-def
  apply (subst contraposition-1)
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\Box\neg\varphi \neg\neg\Box\neg\varphi$ )
  apply (simp add: PLM.oth-class-taut-4-b)
  using qml-2[where  $\varphi = \neg\varphi$ , axiom-instance]
  by simp
lemmas T $\Diamond$  = TBasic

lemma S5Basic-1[PLM]:
  [ $\Diamond\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi$  in v]
  proof (rule CP)
    assume [ $\Diamond\Box\varphi$  in v]
    hence [ $\neg\Box\Diamond\neg\varphi$  in v]
      using KBasic2-10[equiv-lr] by simp
    moreover have [ $\Diamond(\neg\varphi) \rightarrow \Box\Diamond(\neg\varphi)$  in v]
      by (simp add: qml-3[axiom-instance])
    ultimately have [ $\neg\Diamond\neg\varphi$  in v]
      by (simp add: PLM.modus-tollens-1)
    thus [ $\Box\varphi$  in v]
      unfolding diamond-def apply –
        apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg\neg\varphi \varphi$ )
        using oth-class-taut-4-b[equiv-sym] apply simp
        unfolding diamond-def using oth-class-taut-4-b[equiv-rl]
        by simp
  qed
lemmas S $\Diamond$  = S5Basic-1

lemma S5Basic-2[PLM]:
  [ $\Box\varphi \equiv \Diamond\Box\varphi$  in v]
  using S $\Diamond$  T $\Diamond$   $\equiv I$  by blast

lemma S5Basic-3[PLM]:
  [ $\Diamond\varphi \equiv \Box\Diamond\varphi$  in v]
  using qml-3[axiom-instance] qml-2[axiom-instance]  $\equiv I$  by blast

```

```

lemma S5Basic-4[PLM]:
  [ $\varphi \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \varphi$  in v]
  using T $\Diamond$ [deduction, THEN S5Basic-3[equiv-lr]]
  by (rule CP)

lemma S5Basic-5[PLM]:
  [ $\Diamond \Box \varphi \rightarrow \varphi$  in v]
  using S5Basic-2[equiv-rl, THEN qml-2[axiom-instance, deduction]]
  by (rule CP)
lemmas B $\Diamond$  = S5Basic-5

lemma S5Basic-6[PLM]:
  [ $\Box \varphi \rightarrow \Box \Box \varphi$  in v]
  using S5Basic-4[deduction] RM-1[OF S5Basic-1, deduction] CP by auto
lemmas 4 $\Box$  = S5Basic-6

lemma S5Basic-7[PLM]:
  [ $\Box \varphi \equiv \Box \Box \varphi$  in v]
  using 4 $\Box$  qml-2[axiom-instance] by (rule  $\equiv I$ )

lemma S5Basic-8[PLM]:
  [ $\Diamond \Diamond \varphi \rightarrow \Diamond \varphi$  in v]
  using S5Basic-6[where  $\varphi = \neg \varphi$ , THEN contraposition-1[THEN iffD1], deduction]
  KBasic2-11[equiv-lr] CP unfolding diamond-def by auto
lemmas 4 $\Diamond$  = S5Basic-8

lemma S5Basic-9[PLM]:
  [ $\Diamond \Diamond \varphi \equiv \Diamond \varphi$  in v]
  using 4 $\Diamond$  T $\Diamond$  by (rule  $\equiv I$ )

lemma S5Basic-10[PLM]:
  [ $\Box(\varphi \vee \Box \psi) \equiv (\Box \varphi \vee \Box \psi)$  in v]
  apply (rule  $\equiv I$ )
  apply (PLM-subst-goal-method  $\lambda \chi . \Box(\varphi \vee \Box \psi) \rightarrow (\Box \varphi \vee \chi) \Diamond \Box \psi$ )
  using S5Basic-2[equiv-sym] apply simp
  using KBasic2-12 apply assumption
  apply (PLM-subst-goal-method  $\lambda \chi . (\Box \varphi \vee \chi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \vee \Box \psi) \Box \Box \psi$ )
  using S5Basic-7[equiv-sym] apply simp
  using KBasic2-7 by auto

lemma S5Basic-11[PLM]:
  [ $\Box(\varphi \vee \Diamond \psi) \equiv (\Box \varphi \vee \Diamond \psi)$  in v]
  apply (rule  $\equiv I$ )
  apply (PLM-subst-goal-method  $\lambda \chi . \Box(\varphi \vee \Diamond \psi) \rightarrow (\Box \varphi \vee \chi) \Diamond \Diamond \psi$ )
  using S5Basic-9 apply simp
  using KBasic2-12 apply assumption
  apply (PLM-subst-goal-method  $\lambda \chi . (\Box \varphi \vee \chi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \vee \Diamond \psi) \Box \Diamond \psi$ )
  using S5Basic-3[equiv-sym] apply simp
  using KBasic2-7 by assumption

lemma S5Basic-12[PLM]:
  [ $\Diamond(\varphi \ \& \ \Diamond \psi) \equiv (\Diamond \varphi \ \& \ \Diamond \psi)$  in v]
  proof –
  have [ $\Box((\neg \varphi) \vee \Box(\neg \psi)) \equiv (\Box(\neg \varphi) \vee \Box(\neg \psi))$  in v]
  using S5Basic-10 by auto
  hence 1: [ $(\neg \Box((\neg \varphi) \vee \Box(\neg \psi))) \equiv \neg(\Box(\neg \varphi) \vee \Box(\neg \psi))$  in v]
  using oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr] by auto
  have 2: [ $(\Diamond(\neg((\neg \varphi) \vee (\neg(\Diamond \psi)))) \equiv (\neg((\neg(\Diamond \varphi)) \vee (\neg(\Diamond \psi))))$  in v]
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\Box \neg \psi \neg \Diamond \psi$ )
  using KBasic2-4 apply simp
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\Box \neg \varphi \neg \Diamond \varphi$ )
  using KBasic2-4 apply simp
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $(\neg \Box((\neg \varphi) \vee \Box(\neg \psi))) (\Diamond(\neg((\neg \varphi) \vee (\Box(\neg \psi))))))$ 

```

```

    unfolding diamond-def
    apply (simp add: RN oth-class-taut-4-b rule-sub-lem-1-a rule-sub-lem-1-f)
    using 1 by assumption
  show ?thesis
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg((\neg\varphi) \vee (\neg\Diamond\psi)) \varphi \ \& \ \Diamond\psi$ )
    using oth-class-taut-6-a[equiv-sym] apply simp
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg((\neg(\Diamond\varphi)) \vee (\neg\Diamond\psi)) \Diamond\varphi \ \& \ \Diamond\psi$ )
    using oth-class-taut-6-a[equiv-sym] apply simp
    using 2 by assumption
qed

```

```

lemma S5Basic-13[PLM]:
 $[\Diamond(\varphi \ \& \ (\Box\psi)) \equiv (\Diamond\varphi \ \& \ (\Box\psi)) \text{ in } v]$ 
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\Diamond\Box\psi \ \Box\psi$ )
  using S5Basic-2[equiv-sym] apply simp
  using S5Basic-12 by simp

```

```

lemma S5Basic-14[PLM]:
 $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow (\Box\psi)) \equiv \Box(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule CP)
    assume  $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
    moreover {
      have  $\bigwedge v. [\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \rightarrow (\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
      proof (rule CP)
        fix v
        assume  $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
        hence  $[\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\Box\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
        using K $\Diamond$ [deduction] by auto
        thus  $[\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]$ 
        using B $\Diamond$  ded-thm-cor-3 by blast
      qed
      hence  $[\Box(\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \rightarrow (\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \text{ in } v]$ 
      by (rule RN)
      hence  $[\Box(\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi)) \rightarrow \Box((\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi)) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using qml-1[axiom-instance, deduction] by auto
    }
    ultimately show  $[\Box(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using S5Basic-6 CP vdash-properties-10 by meson
  next
    assume  $[\Box(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
    moreover {
      fix v
      {
        assume  $[\Box(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
        hence 1:  $[\Box\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
        using qml-1[axiom-instance, deduction] by auto
        assume  $[\varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
        hence  $[\Box\Diamond\varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
        using S5Basic-4[deduction] by auto
        hence  $[\Box\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
        using 1[deduction] by auto
      }
      hence  $[\Box(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \text{ in } v] \implies [\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi \text{ in } v]$ 
      using CP by auto
    }
    ultimately show  $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using S5Basic-6 RN-2 vdash-properties-10 by blast
  qed

```

```

lemma sc-eq-box-box-1[PLM]:
 $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rightarrow (\Diamond\varphi \equiv \Box\varphi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  proof (rule CP)
    assume 1:  $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \text{ in } v]$ 

```

hence  $[\Box(\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *S5Basic-14*[*equiv-lr*] by *auto*  
 hence  $[\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \varphi \text{ in } v]$   
 using *qml-2*[*axiom-instance, deduction*] by *auto*  
 moreover from 1 have  $[\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
 using *qml-2*[*axiom-instance, deduction*] by *auto*  
 ultimately have  $[\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
 using *ded-thm-cor-3* by *auto*  
 moreover have  $[\Box\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
 using *qml-2*[*axiom-instance*] *T* $\Diamond$   
 by (rule *ded-thm-cor-3*)  
 ultimately show  $[\Diamond\varphi \equiv \Box\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
 by (rule  $\equiv I$ )  
 qed

**lemma** *sc-eq-box-box-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \rightarrow ((\neg\Box\varphi) \equiv (\Box(\neg\varphi))) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (rule *CP*)  
 assume  $[\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[(\neg\Box(\neg\varphi)) \equiv \Box\varphi \text{ in } v]$   
 using *sc-eq-box-box-1*[*deduction*] unfolding *diamond-def* by *auto*  
 thus  $[(\neg\Box\varphi) \equiv (\Box(\neg\varphi))] \text{ in } v]$   
 by (*meson*  $CP \equiv I \equiv E(3)$   
 $\equiv E(4) \neg\neg I \neg\neg E$ )  
 qed

**lemma** *sc-eq-box-box-3*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \ \& \ \Box(\psi \rightarrow \Box\psi)) \rightarrow ((\Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (rule *CP*)  
 assume 1:  $[(\Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Box\varphi) \ \& \ \Box(\psi \rightarrow \Box\psi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 {  
 assume  $[\Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[(\Box\varphi \ \& \ \Box\psi) \vee ((\neg\Box\varphi) \ \& \ (\neg\Box\psi))] \text{ in } v]$   
 using *oth-class-taut-5-i*[*equiv-lr*] by *auto*  
 moreover {  
 assume  $[\Box\varphi \ \& \ \Box\psi \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *KBasic-7*[*deduction*] by *auto*  
 }  
 moreover {  
 assume  $[(\neg\Box\varphi) \ \& \ (\neg\Box\psi)] \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\Box(\neg\varphi) \ \& \ \Box(\neg\psi) \text{ in } v]$   
 using 1 & *E* & *I* *sc-eq-box-box-2*[*deduction, equiv-lr*]  
 by *metis*  
 hence  $[\Box((\neg\varphi) \ \& \ (\neg\psi)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *KBasic-3*[*equiv-rl*] by *auto*  
 hence  $[\Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *KBasic-9*[*deduction*] by *auto*  
 }  
 ultimately have  $[\Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *CP*  $\vee E(1)$  by *blast*  
 }  
 thus  $[\Box\varphi \equiv \Box\psi \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \equiv \psi) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *CP* by *auto*  
 qed

**lemma** *derived-S5-rules-1-a*[*PLM*]:  
 assumes  $\bigwedge v. [\chi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]$   
 shows  $[\Box\chi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** –  
 have  $[\Box\chi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\Box\Diamond\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi \text{ in } v]$   
 using *assms* *RM-1-b* by *metis*  
 thus  $[\Box\chi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [\varphi \rightarrow \Box\psi \text{ in } v]$

using *S5Basic-4 vdash-properties-10 CP* by *metis*  
qed

**lemma** *derived-S5-rules-1-b[PLM]*:  
assumes  $\bigwedge v. [\Diamond \varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]$   
shows  $[\varphi \rightarrow \Box \psi \text{ in } v]$   
using *derived-S5-rules-1-a all-self-eq-1 assms* by *blast*

**lemma** *derived-S5-rules-2-a[PLM]*:  
assumes  $\bigwedge v. [\chi \text{ in } v] \implies [\varphi \rightarrow \Box \psi \text{ in } v]$   
shows  $[\Box \chi \text{ in } v] \implies [\Diamond \varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** –  
have  $[\Box \chi \text{ in } v] \implies [\Diamond \varphi \rightarrow \Diamond \Box \psi \text{ in } v]$   
using *RM-2-b assms* by *metis*  
thus  $[\Box \chi \text{ in } v] \implies [\Diamond \varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]$   
using *B $\Diamond$  vdash-properties-10 CP* by *metis*  
qed

**lemma** *derived-S5-rules-2-b[PLM]*:  
assumes  $\bigwedge v. [\varphi \rightarrow \Box \psi \text{ in } v]$   
shows  $[\Diamond \varphi \rightarrow \psi \text{ in } v]$   
using *assms derived-S5-rules-2-a all-self-eq-1* by *blast*

**lemma** *BFs-1[PLM]*:  $[(\forall \alpha. \Box(\varphi \alpha)) \rightarrow \Box(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (*rule derived-S5-rules-1-b*)  
fix *v*  
{  
  fix  $\alpha$   
  have  $\bigwedge v. [(\forall \alpha. \Box(\varphi \alpha)) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
  using *cqt-orig-1* by *metis*  
  hence  $[\Diamond(\forall \alpha. \Box(\varphi \alpha)) \rightarrow \Diamond \Box(\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
  using *RM-2* by *metis*  
  moreover have  $[\Diamond \Box(\varphi \alpha) \rightarrow (\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
  using *B $\Diamond$*  by *auto*  
  ultimately have  $[\Diamond(\forall \alpha. \Box(\varphi \alpha)) \rightarrow (\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
  using *ded-thm-cor-3* by *auto*  
}  
hence  $[\forall \alpha. \Diamond(\forall \alpha. \Box(\varphi \alpha)) \rightarrow (\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
using  $\forall I$  by *metis*  
thus  $[\Diamond(\forall \alpha. \Box(\varphi \alpha)) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
using *cqt-orig-2[deduction]* by *auto*  
qed  
**lemmas** *BF = BFs-1*

**lemma** *BFs-2[PLM]*:  
 $[\Box(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. \Box(\varphi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** –  
{  
  fix  $\alpha$   
  {  
    fix *v*  
    have  $[(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow \varphi \alpha \text{ in } v]$  using *cqt-orig-1* by *metis*  
  }  
  hence  $[\Box(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$  using *RM-1* by *auto*  
}  
hence  $[\forall \alpha. \Box(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$  using  $\forall I$  by *metis*  
thus *?thesis* using *cqt-orig-2[deduction]* by *metis*  
qed  
**lemmas** *CBF = BFs-2*

**lemma** *BFs-3[PLM]*:  
 $[\Diamond(\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow (\exists \alpha. \Diamond(\varphi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** –

```

have [( $\forall \alpha. \Box(\neg(\varphi \alpha)) \rightarrow \Box(\forall \alpha. \neg(\varphi \alpha))$ ) in v]
  using BF by metis
hence 1: [( $\neg(\Box(\forall \alpha. \neg(\varphi \alpha))) \rightarrow (\neg(\forall \alpha. \Box(\neg(\varphi \alpha)))$ ) in v]
  using contraposition-1 by simp
have 2: [ $\Diamond(\neg(\forall \alpha. \neg(\varphi \alpha))) \rightarrow (\neg(\forall \alpha. \Box(\neg(\varphi \alpha)))$ ) in v]
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg\Box(\forall \alpha. \neg(\varphi \alpha)) \Diamond(\neg(\forall \alpha. \neg(\varphi \alpha)))$ )
  using KBasic2-2 1 by simp+
have [ $\Diamond(\neg(\forall \alpha. \neg(\varphi \alpha))) \rightarrow (\exists \alpha. \neg(\Box(\neg(\varphi \alpha)))$ ) in v]
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg(\forall \alpha. \Box(\neg(\varphi \alpha))) \exists \alpha. \neg(\Box(\neg(\varphi \alpha)))$ )
  using cqt-further-2 apply metis
  using 2 by metis
thus ?thesis
  unfolding exists-def diamond-def by auto
qed
lemmas BF $\Diamond = \text{BFs-3}$ 

```

lemma *BFs-4*[*PLM*]:

```

[( $\exists \alpha. \Diamond(\varphi \alpha) \rightarrow \Diamond(\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha)$ ) in v]
proof -
  have 1: [ $\Box(\forall \alpha. \neg(\varphi \alpha)) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. \Box(\neg(\varphi \alpha)))$ ] in v]
    using CBF by auto
  have 2: [( $\exists \alpha. (\neg(\Box(\neg(\varphi \alpha)))) \rightarrow (\neg(\Box(\forall \alpha. \neg(\varphi \alpha))))$ ] in v]
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg(\forall \alpha. \Box(\neg(\varphi \alpha))) (\exists \alpha. (\neg(\Box(\neg(\varphi \alpha))))$ )
    using cqt-further-2 apply blast
    using 1 using contraposition-1 by metis
  have [( $\exists \alpha. (\neg(\Box(\neg(\varphi \alpha)))) \rightarrow \Diamond(\neg(\forall \alpha. \neg(\varphi \alpha)))$ ] in v]
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg(\Box(\forall \alpha. \neg(\varphi \alpha))) \Diamond(\neg(\forall \alpha. \neg(\varphi \alpha)))$ )
    using KBasic2-2 apply blast
    using 2 by assumption
  thus ?thesis
    unfolding diamond-def exists-def by auto
qed
lemmas CBF $\Diamond = \text{BFs-4}$ 

```

lemma *sign-S5-thm-1*[*PLM*]:

```

[( $\exists \alpha. \Box(\varphi \alpha) \rightarrow \Box(\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha)$ ] in v]
proof (rule CP)
  assume [ $\exists \alpha. \Box(\varphi \alpha)$ ] in v]
  then obtain  $\tau$  where [ $\Box(\varphi \tau)$ ] in v]
    by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  moreover {
    fix v
    assume [ $\varphi \tau$ ] in v]
    hence [ $\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha$ ] in v]
      by (rule  $\exists I$ )
  }
  ultimately show [ $\Box(\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha)$ ] in v]
    using RN-2 by blast
qed
lemmas Buridan = sign-S5-thm-1

```

lemma *sign-S5-thm-2*[*PLM*]:

```

[( $\Diamond(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow (\forall \alpha. \Diamond(\varphi \alpha))$ ] in v]
proof -
  {
    fix  $\alpha$ 
    {
      fix v
      have [( $\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \varphi \alpha$ ] in v]
        using cqt-orig-1 by metis
    }
    hence [ $\Diamond(\forall \alpha. \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow \Diamond(\varphi \alpha)$ ] in v]
      using RM-2 by metis
  }

```



```

}
hence  $[\forall \alpha . \Diamond(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha) \rightarrow \Diamond(\varphi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using  $\forall I$  by metis
thus ?thesis
  using cqt-orig-2[deduction] by metis
qed
lemmas Buridan $\Diamond = \text{sign-S5-thm-2}$ 

lemma sign-S5-thm-3[PLM]:
 $[\Diamond(\exists \alpha . \varphi \alpha \ \& \ \psi \alpha) \rightarrow \Diamond((\exists \alpha . \varphi \alpha) \ \& \ (\exists \alpha . \psi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (simp only: RM-2 cqt-further-5)

lemma sign-S5-thm-4[PLM]:
 $[(\Box(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \psi \alpha) \ \& \ (\Box(\forall \alpha . \psi \alpha \rightarrow \chi \alpha))) \rightarrow \Box(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
  proof (rule CP)
    assume  $[\Box(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \psi \alpha) \ \& \ \Box(\forall \alpha . \psi \alpha \rightarrow \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
    hence  $[\Box((\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \psi \alpha) \ \& \ (\forall \alpha . \psi \alpha \rightarrow \chi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using KBasic-3[equiv-rl] by blast
    moreover {
      fix v
      assume  $[(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \psi \alpha) \ \& \ (\forall \alpha . \psi \alpha \rightarrow \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
      hence  $[(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
        using cqt-basic-9[deduction] by blast
    }
    ultimately show  $[\Box(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \rightarrow \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using RN-2 by blast
  qed

lemma sign-S5-thm-5[PLM]:
 $[(\Box(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \equiv \psi \alpha) \ \& \ (\Box(\forall \alpha . \psi \alpha \equiv \chi \alpha))) \rightarrow (\Box(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \equiv \chi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$ 
  proof (rule CP)
    assume  $[\Box(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \equiv \psi \alpha) \ \& \ \Box(\forall \alpha . \psi \alpha \equiv \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
    hence  $[\Box((\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \equiv \psi \alpha) \ \& \ (\forall \alpha . \psi \alpha \equiv \chi \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using KBasic-3[equiv-rl] by blast
    moreover {
      fix v
      assume  $[(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \equiv \psi \alpha) \ \& \ (\forall \alpha . \psi \alpha \equiv \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
      hence  $[(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \equiv \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
        using cqt-basic-10[deduction] by blast
    }
    ultimately show  $[\Box(\forall \alpha . \varphi \alpha \equiv \chi \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using RN-2 by blast
  qed

lemma id-nec2-1[PLM]:
 $[\Diamond((\alpha::'a::id-eq) = \beta) \equiv (\alpha = \beta) \text{ in } v]$ 
  apply (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule CP)
  using id-nec[equiv-lr] derived-S5-rules-2-b CP modus-ponens apply blast
  using T $\Diamond$ [deduction] by auto

lemma id-nec2-2-Aux:
 $[(\Diamond \varphi) \equiv \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [(\neg \psi) \equiv \Box(\neg \varphi) \text{ in } v]$ 
  proof -
    assume  $[(\Diamond \varphi) \equiv \psi \text{ in } v]$ 
    moreover have  $\bigwedge \varphi \psi. [(\neg \varphi) \equiv \psi \text{ in } v] \Longrightarrow [(\neg \psi) \equiv \varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
      by PLM-solver
    ultimately show ?thesis
      unfolding diamond-def by blast
  qed

lemma id-nec2-2[PLM]:
 $[(\alpha::'a::id-eq) \neq \beta] \equiv \Box(\alpha \neq \beta) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using id-nec2-1[THEN id-nec2-2-Aux] by auto

```

```

lemma id-nec2-3[PLM]:
  [( $\Diamond((\alpha::'a::id-eq) \neq \beta)) \equiv (\alpha \neq \beta)$  in v]
  using T $\Diamond \equiv I$  id-nec2-2[equiv-lr]
  CP derived-S5-rules-2-b by metis

lemma exists-desc-box-1[PLM]:
  [( $\exists y. (y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x) \rightarrow (\exists y. \Box((y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x)))$ ) in v]
  proof (rule CP)
    assume [ $\exists y. (y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x)$  in v]
    then obtain y where [( $y^P = (\iota x. \varphi x)$  in v)]
    by (rule  $\exists E$ )
    hence [ $\Box(y^P = (\iota x. \varphi x))$  in v]
    using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
      cqt-1[axiom-instance] all-self-eq-2[where 'a=v']
      modus-ponens unfolding identity- $\nu$ -def by fast
    thus [ $\exists y. \Box((y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x))$  in v]
    by (rule  $\exists I$ )
  qed

lemma exists-desc-box-2[PLM]:
  [( $\exists y. (y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x) \rightarrow \Box(\exists y. (y^P) = (\iota x. \varphi x))$ ) in v]
  using exists-desc-box-1 Buridan ded-thm-cor-3 by fast

lemma en-eq-1[PLM]:
  [( $\Diamond\{x, F\} \equiv \Box\{x, F\}$  in v)]
  using encoding[axiom-instance] RN
  sc-eq-box-box-1 modus-ponens by blast

lemma en-eq-2[PLM]:
  [( $\{x, F\} \equiv \Box\{x, F\}$  in v)]
  using encoding[axiom-instance] qml-2[axiom-instance] by (rule  $\equiv I$ )

lemma en-eq-3[PLM]:
  [( $\Diamond\{x, F\} \equiv \{x, F\}$  in v)]
  using encoding[axiom-instance] derived-S5-rules-2-b  $\equiv I$  T $\Diamond$  by auto

lemma en-eq-4[PLM]:
  [( $\{x, F\} \equiv \{y, G\} \equiv (\Box\{x, F\} \equiv \Box\{y, G\})$  in v)]
  by (metis CP en-eq-2  $\equiv I \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$ )

lemma en-eq-5[PLM]:
  [( $\Box(\{x, F\} \equiv \{y, G\}) \equiv (\Box\{x, F\} \equiv \Box\{y, G\})$  in v)]
  using  $\equiv I$  KBasic-6 encoding[axiom-necessitation, axiom-instance]
  sc-eq-box-box-3[deduction]  $\&I$  by simp

lemma en-eq-6[PLM]:
  [( $\{x, F\} \equiv \{y, G\} \equiv \Box(\{x, F\} \equiv \{y, G\})$  in v)]
  using en-eq-4 en-eq-5 oth-class-taut-4-a  $\equiv E(6)$  by meson

lemma en-eq-7[PLM]:
  [( $\neg\{x, F\} \equiv \Box(\neg\{x, F\})$  in v)]
  using en-eq-3[THEN id-nec2-2-Aux] by blast

lemma en-eq-8[PLM]:
  [( $\Diamond(\neg\{x, F\}) \equiv (\neg\{x, F\})$  in v)]
  unfolding diamond-def apply (PLM-subst-method  $\{x, F\} \neg\neg\{x, F\}$ )
  using oth-class-taut-4-b apply simp
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\{x, F\} \Box\{x, F\}$ )
  using en-eq-2 apply simp
  using oth-class-taut-4-a by assumption

lemma en-eq-9[PLM]:
  [( $\Diamond(\neg\{x, F\}) \equiv \Box(\neg\{x, F\})$  in v)]
  using en-eq-8 en-eq-7  $\equiv E(5)$  by blast

lemma en-eq-10[PLM]:
  [( $\mathcal{A}\{x, F\} \equiv \{x, F\}$  in v)]
  apply (rule  $\equiv I$ )
  using encoding[axiom-actualization, axiom-instance,
    THEN logic-actual-nec-2[axiom-instance, equiv-lr],
    deduction, THEN qml-act-2[axiom-instance, equiv-rl],

```

*THEN en-eq-2[equiv-rl]] CP*

**apply** *simp*  
**using** *encoding[axiom-instance] nec-imp-act ded-thm-cor-3* **by** *blast*

## 9.11 The Theory of Relations

**lemma** *beta-equiv-eq-1-1[PLM]*:

**assumes** *IsProperInX*  $\varphi$   
**and** *IsProperInX*  $\psi$   
**and**  $\bigwedge x. [\varphi (x^P) \equiv \psi (x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[(\lambda y. \varphi (y^P), x^P) \equiv (\lambda y. \psi (y^P), x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *lambda-predicates-2-1[OF assms(1), axiom-instance]*  
**using** *lambda-predicates-2-1[OF assms(2), axiom-instance]*  
**using** *assms(3)* **by** (*meson*  $\equiv E(6)$  *oth-class-taut-4-a*)

**lemma** *beta-equiv-eq-1-2[PLM]*:

**assumes** *IsProperInXY*  $\varphi$   
**and** *IsProperInXY*  $\psi$   
**and**  $\bigwedge x y. [\varphi (x^P) (y^P) \equiv \psi (x^P) (y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[(\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. \varphi (x^P) (y^P)), x^P, y^P) \equiv (\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. \psi (x^P) (y^P)), x^P, y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *lambda-predicates-2-2[OF assms(1), axiom-instance]*  
**using** *lambda-predicates-2-2[OF assms(2), axiom-instance]*  
**using** *assms(3)* **by** (*meson*  $\equiv E(6)$  *oth-class-taut-4-a*)

**lemma** *beta-equiv-eq-1-3[PLM]*:

**assumes** *IsProperInXYZ*  $\varphi$   
**and** *IsProperInXYZ*  $\psi$   
**and**  $\bigwedge x y z. [\varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P) \equiv \psi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**shows**  $[(\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)), x^P, y^P, z^P) \equiv (\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \psi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)), x^P, y^P, z^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *lambda-predicates-2-3[OF assms(1), axiom-instance]*  
**using** *lambda-predicates-2-3[OF assms(2), axiom-instance]*  
**using** *assms(3)* **by** (*meson*  $\equiv E(6)$  *oth-class-taut-4-a*)

**lemma** *beta-equiv-eq-2-1[PLM]*:

**assumes** *IsProperInX*  $\varphi$   
**and** *IsProperInX*  $\psi$   
**shows**  $[(\Box (\forall x. \varphi (x^P) \equiv \psi (x^P))) \rightarrow (\Box (\forall x. (\lambda y. \varphi (y^P), x^P) \equiv (\lambda y. \psi (y^P), x^P))) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*rule qml-1[axiom-instance, deduction]*)  
**apply** (*rule RN*)  
**proof** (*rule CP, rule*  $\forall I$ )  
**fix**  $v x$   
**assume**  $[\forall x. \varphi (x^P) \equiv \psi (x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**hence**  $\bigwedge x. [\varphi (x^P) \equiv \psi (x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *PLM-solver*  
**thus**  $[(\lambda y. \varphi (y^P), x^P) \equiv (\lambda y. \psi (y^P), x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *assms beta-equiv-eq-1-1* **by** *auto*  
**qed**

**lemma** *beta-equiv-eq-2-2[PLM]*:

**assumes** *IsProperInXY*  $\varphi$   
**and** *IsProperInXY*  $\psi$   
**shows**  $[(\Box (\forall x y. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) \equiv \psi (x^P) (y^P))) \rightarrow (\Box (\forall x y. (\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. \varphi (x^P) (y^P)), x^P, y^P) \equiv (\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. \psi (x^P) (y^P)), x^P, y^P))) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*rule qml-1[axiom-instance, deduction]*)  
**apply** (*rule RN*)  
**proof** (*rule CP, rule*  $\forall I$ , *rule*  $\forall I$ )  
**fix**  $v x y$   
**assume**  $[\forall x y. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) \equiv \psi (x^P) (y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**hence**  $(\bigwedge x y. [\varphi (x^P) (y^P) \equiv \psi (x^P) (y^P) \text{ in } v])$

by (*meson*  $\forall E$ )  
 thus  $[(\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. \varphi (x^P) (y^P)), x^P, y^P) \equiv (\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. \psi (x^P) (y^P)), x^P, y^P)]$  in  $v$   
 using *assms beta-equiv-eq-1-2* by *auto*  
 qed

**lemma** *beta-equiv-eq-2-3*[*PLM*]:  
 assumes *IsProperInXYZ*  $\varphi$   
 and *IsProperInXYZ*  $\psi$   
 shows  $[(\Box(\forall x y z. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)) \equiv \psi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)) \rightarrow$   
 $(\Box(\forall x y z. (\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)), x^P, y^P, z^P) \equiv$   
 $(\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \psi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)), x^P, y^P, z^P))] in v$   
 apply (*rule qml-1*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*])  
 apply (*rule RN*)  
 proof (*rule CP*, *rule*  $\forall I$ , *rule*  $\forall I$ , *rule*  $\forall I$ )  
 fix  $v x y z$   
 assume  $[\forall x y z. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P) \equiv \psi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)]$  in  $v$   
 hence  $[\bigwedge x y z. [\varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P) \equiv \psi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)] in v]$   
 by (*meson*  $\forall E$ )  
 thus  $[(\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)), x^P, y^P, z^P) \equiv$   
 $(\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \psi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)), x^P, y^P, z^P)] in v$   
 using *assms beta-equiv-eq-1-3* by *auto*  
 qed

**lemma** *beta-C-meta-1*[*PLM*]:  
 assumes *IsProperInX*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $[(\lambda y. \varphi (y^P), x^P) \equiv \varphi (x^P)]$  in  $v$   
 using *lambda-predicates-2-1*[*OF assms*, *axiom-instance*] by *auto*

**lemma** *beta-C-meta-2*[*PLM*]:  
 assumes *IsProperInXY*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $[(\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. \varphi (x^P) (y^P)), x^P, y^P) \equiv \varphi (x^P) (y^P)]$  in  $v$   
 using *lambda-predicates-2-2*[*OF assms*, *axiom-instance*] by *auto*

**lemma** *beta-C-meta-3*[*PLM*]:  
 assumes *IsProperInXYZ*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $[(\lambda^3 (\lambda x y z. \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)), x^P, y^P, z^P) \equiv \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P)]$  in  $v$   
 using *lambda-predicates-2-3*[*OF assms*, *axiom-instance*] by *auto*

**lemma** *relations-1*[*PLM*]:  
 assumes *IsProperInX*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $[\exists F. \Box(\forall x. (F, x^P) \equiv \varphi (x^P))] in v$   
 using *assms* apply – by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *relations-2*[*PLM*]:  
 assumes *IsProperInXY*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $[\exists F. \Box(\forall x y. (F, x^P, y^P) \equiv \varphi (x^P) (y^P))] in v$   
 using *assms* apply – by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *relations-3*[*PLM*]:  
 assumes *IsProperInXYZ*  $\varphi$   
 shows  $[\exists F. \Box(\forall x y z. (F, x^P, y^P, z^P) \equiv \varphi (x^P) (y^P) (z^P))] in v$   
 using *assms* apply – by *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *prop-equiv*[*PLM*]:  
 shows  $[(\forall x. (\{x^P, F\} \equiv \{x^P, G\})) \rightarrow F = G] in v$   
 proof (*rule CP*)  
 assume 1:  $[\forall x. \{x^P, F\} \equiv \{x^P, G\}] in v$   
 {  
 fix  $x$   
 have  $[\{x^P, F\} \equiv \{x^P, G\}] in v$   
 using 1 by (*rule*  $\forall E$ )  
 hence  $[\Box(\{x^P, F\} \equiv \{x^P, G\})] in v$

```

    using PLM.en-eq-6  $\equiv E(1)$  by blast
  }
  hence  $[\forall x. \Box(\llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket x^P, G \rrbracket) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule  $\forall I$ )
  thus  $[F = G \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding identity-defs
    by (rule BF[deduction])
qed

lemma propositions-lemma-1[PLM]:
   $[\lambda^0 \varphi = \varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using lambda-predicates-3-0[axiom-instance] .

lemma propositions-lemma-2[PLM]:
   $[\lambda^0 \varphi \equiv \varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
  using lambda-predicates-3-0[axiom-instance, THEN id-eq-prop-prop-8-b[deduction]]
  apply (rule l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction])
  by PLM-solver

lemma propositions-lemma-4[PLM]:
  assumes  $\bigwedge x. [\mathcal{A}(\varphi x \equiv \psi x) \text{ in } v]$ 
  shows  $[(\chi :: \kappa \Rightarrow o) (\iota x. \varphi x) = \chi (\iota x. \psi x) \text{ in } v]$ 
  proof -
    have  $[\lambda^0 (\chi (\iota x. \varphi x)) = \lambda^0 (\chi (\iota x. \psi x)) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using assms lambda-predicates-4-0[axiom-instance]
      by blast
    hence  $[(\chi (\iota x. \varphi x)) = \lambda^0 (\chi (\iota x. \psi x)) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using propositions-lemma-1[THEN id-eq-prop-prop-8-b[deduction]]
      id-eq-prop-prop-9-b[deduction] & I
      by blast
    thus ?thesis
      using propositions-lemma-1 id-eq-prop-prop-9-b[deduction] & I
      by blast
  qed

lemma propositions[PLM]:
   $[\exists p. \Box(p \equiv p') \text{ in } v]$ 
  by PLM-solver

lemma pos-not-equiv-then-not-eq[PLM]:
   $[\Diamond(\neg(\forall x. (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv (\llbracket G, x^P \rrbracket))) \rightarrow F \neq G \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding diamond-def
  proof (subst contraposition-1[symmetric], rule CP)
    assume  $[F = G \text{ in } v]$ 
    thus  $[\Box(\neg(\neg(\forall x. (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv (\llbracket G, x^P \rrbracket)))) \text{ in } v]$ 
      apply (rule l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction])
      by PLM-solver
  qed

lemma thm-relation-negation-1-1[PLM]:
   $[(\llbracket F^-, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \neg(\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket) \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding propnot-defs
  apply (rule lambda-predicates-2-1[axiom-instance])
  by show-proper

lemma thm-relation-negation-1-2[PLM]:
   $[(\llbracket F^-, x^P, y^P \rrbracket \equiv \neg(\llbracket F, x^P, y^P \rrbracket) \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding propnot-defs
  apply (rule lambda-predicates-2-2[axiom-instance])
  by show-proper

lemma thm-relation-negation-1-3[PLM]:
   $[(\llbracket F^-, x^P, y^P, z^P \rrbracket \equiv \neg(\llbracket F, x^P, y^P, z^P \rrbracket) \text{ in } v]$ 

```

**unfolding** *propnot-defs*  
**apply** (*rule lambda-predicates-2-3*[*axiom-instance*])  
**by** *show-proper*

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-2-1*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\neg(\langle F^-, x^P \rangle)) \equiv \langle F, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *thm-relation-negation-1-1*[*THEN oth-class-taut-5-d*[*equiv-lr*]]  
**apply** – **by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-2-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\neg(\langle F^-, x^P, y^P \rangle)) \equiv \langle F, x^P, y^P \rangle \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *thm-relation-negation-1-2*[*THEN oth-class-taut-5-d*[*equiv-lr*]]  
**apply** – **by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-2-3*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\neg(\langle F^-, x^P, y^P, z^P \rangle)) \equiv \langle F, x^P, y^P, z^P \rangle \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *thm-relation-negation-1-3*[*THEN oth-class-taut-5-d*[*equiv-lr*]]  
**apply** – **by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-3*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(p)^- \equiv \neg p \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *propnot-defs*  
**using** *propositions-lemma-2* **by** *simp*

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-4*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\neg((p::o)^-)) \equiv p \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *thm-relation-negation-3*[*THEN oth-class-taut-5-d*[*equiv-lr*]]  
**apply** – **by** *PLM-solver*

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-5-1*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(F::\Pi_1) \not\equiv (F^-) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *id-eq-prop-prop-2*[*deduction*]  
*l-identity*[**where**  $\varphi = \lambda G . \langle G, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle F^-, x^P \rangle$ , *axiom-instance*,  
*deduction*, *deduction*]  
*oth-class-taut-4-a* *thm-relation-negation-1-1*  $\equiv E(5)$   
*oth-class-taut-1-b* *modus-tollens-1* *CP*  
**by** *meson*

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-5-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(F::\Pi_2) \not\equiv (F^-) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *id-eq-prop-prop-5-a*[*deduction*]  
*l-identity*[**where**  $\varphi = \lambda G . \langle G, x^P, y^P \rangle \equiv \langle F^-, x^P, y^P \rangle$ , *axiom-instance*,  
*deduction*, *deduction*]  
*oth-class-taut-4-a* *thm-relation-negation-1-2*  $\equiv E(5)$   
*oth-class-taut-1-b* *modus-tollens-1* *CP*  
**by** *meson*

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-5-3*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(F::\Pi_3) \not\equiv (F^-) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *id-eq-prop-prop-5-b*[*deduction*]  
*l-identity*[**where**  $\varphi = \lambda G . \langle G, x^P, y^P, z^P \rangle \equiv \langle F^-, x^P, y^P, z^P \rangle$ ,  
*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*]  
*oth-class-taut-4-a* *thm-relation-negation-1-3*  $\equiv E(5)$   
*oth-class-taut-1-b* *modus-tollens-1* *CP*  
**by** *meson*

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-6*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(p::o) \not\equiv (p^-) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *id-eq-prop-prop-8-b*[*deduction*]  
*l-identity*[**where**  $\varphi = \lambda G . G \equiv (p^-)$ , *axiom-instance*,  
*deduction*, *deduction*]  
*oth-class-taut-4-a* *thm-relation-negation-3*  $\equiv E(5)$   
*oth-class-taut-1-b* *modus-tollens-1* *CP*

by meson

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-7*[PLM]:  
 $[(p::o)^-] = \neg p$  in  $v$   
**unfolding** *propnot-defs* **using** *propositions-lemma-1* **by** *simp*

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-8*[PLM]:  
 $[(p::o) \neq \neg p]$  in  $v$   
**unfolding** *propnot-defs*  
**using** *id-eq-prop-prop-8-b*[*deduction*]  
 $l$ -identity[**where**  $\varphi = \lambda G . G \equiv \neg(p)$ , *axiom-instance*,  
 $deduction$ ,  $deduction$ ]  
 $oth$ -class-*taut-4-a*  $oth$ -class-*taut-1-b*  
 $modus$ -*tollens-1*  $CP$   
by meson

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-9*[PLM]:  
 $[(p::o) = q] \rightarrow ((\neg p) = (\neg q))$  in  $v$   
**using**  $l$ -identity[**where**  $\alpha = p$  and  $\beta = q$  and  $\varphi = \lambda x . (\neg p) = (\neg x)$ ,  
*axiom-instance*,  $deduction$ ]  
 $id$ - $eq$ - $prop$ - $prop-7-b$  **using**  $CP$   $modus$ - $ponens$  **by** *blast*

**lemma** *thm-relation-negation-10*[PLM]:  
 $[(p::o) = q] \rightarrow ((p^-) = (q^-))$  in  $v$   
**using**  $l$ -identity[**where**  $\alpha = p$  and  $\beta = q$  and  $\varphi = \lambda x . (p^-) = (x^-)$ ,  
*axiom-instance*,  $deduction$ ]  
 $id$ - $eq$ - $prop$ - $prop-7-b$  **using**  $CP$   $modus$ - $ponens$  **by** *blast*

**lemma** *thm-cont-prop-1*[PLM]:  
 $[NonContingent (F::\Pi_1) \equiv NonContingent (F^-)]$  in  $v$   
**proof** ( $rule \equiv I$ ;  $rule CP$ )  
**assume**  $[NonContingent F]$  in  $v$   
**hence**  $[\Box(\forall x. (F, x^P)) \vee \Box(\forall x. \neg(F, x^P))]$  in  $v$   
**unfolding** *NonContingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs* .  
**hence**  $[\Box(\forall x. \neg(F^-, x^P)) \vee \Box(\forall x. \neg(F, x^P))]$  in  $v$   
**apply**  $-$   
**apply** ( $PLM$ -*subst-method*  $\lambda x . (F, x^P) \lambda x . \neg(F^-, x^P)$ )  
**using** *thm-relation-negation-2-1*[*equiv-sym*] **by** *auto*  
**hence**  $[\Box(\forall x. \neg(F^-, x^P)) \vee \Box(\forall x. (F^-, x^P))]$  in  $v$   
**apply**  $-$   
**apply** ( $PLM$ -*subst-goal-method*  $\lambda \varphi . \Box(\forall x. \neg(F^-, x^P)) \vee \Box(\forall x. \varphi x) \lambda x . \neg(F, x^P)$ )  
**using** *thm-relation-negation-1-1*[*equiv-sym*] **by** *auto*  
**hence**  $[\Box(\forall x. (F^-, x^P)) \vee \Box(\forall x. \neg(F^-, x^P))]$  in  $v$   
**by** ( $rule$  *oth-class- $taut-3-e$* [*equiv-lr*])  
**thus**  $[NonContingent (F^-)]$  in  $v$   
**unfolding** *NonContingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs* .  
**next**  
**assume**  $[NonContingent (F^-)]$  in  $v$   
**hence**  $[\Box(\forall x. \neg(F^-, x^P)) \vee \Box(\forall x. (F^-, x^P))]$  in  $v$   
**unfolding** *NonContingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs*  
**by** ( $rule$  *oth-class- $taut-3-e$* [*equiv-lr*])  
**hence**  $[\Box(\forall x. (F, x^P)) \vee \Box(\forall x. (F^-, x^P))]$  in  $v$   
**apply**  $-$   
**apply** ( $PLM$ -*subst-method*  $\lambda x . \neg(F^-, x^P) \lambda x . (F, x^P)$ )  
**using** *thm-relation-negation-2-1* **by** *auto*  
**hence**  $[\Box(\forall x. (F, x^P)) \vee \Box(\forall x. \neg(F, x^P))]$  in  $v$   
**apply**  $-$   
**apply** ( $PLM$ -*subst-method*  $\lambda x . (F^-, x^P) \lambda x . \neg(F, x^P)$ )  
**using** *thm-relation-negation-1-1* **by** *auto*  
**thus**  $[NonContingent F]$  in  $v$   
**unfolding** *NonContingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs* .  
**qed**

**lemma** *thm-cont-prop-2*[PLM]:  
 $[Contingent\ F \equiv \Diamond(\exists\ x . (\lceil F, x^P \rceil)) \ \&\ \Diamond(\exists\ x . \neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil))\ in\ v]$   
**proof** (*rule*  $\equiv I$ ; *rule* *CP*)  
  **assume** [*Contingent F in v*]  
  **hence**  $[\neg(\Box(\forall x. (\lceil F, x^P \rceil)) \vee \Box(\forall x. \neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))\ in\ v]$   
  **unfolding** *Contingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs* .  
  **hence**  $[(\neg\Box(\forall x. (\lceil F, x^P \rceil))) \ \&\ (\neg\Box(\forall x. \neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))\ in\ v]$   
  **by** (*rule oth-class-taut-6-d*[*equiv-lr*])  
  **hence**  $[(\Diamond\neg(\forall x. \neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil))) \ \&\ (\Diamond\neg(\forall x. (\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))\ in\ v]$   
  **using** *KBasic2-2*[*equiv-lr*] **&I &E by meson**  
**thus**  $[(\Diamond(\exists\ x. (\lceil F, x^P \rceil))) \ \&\ (\Diamond(\exists\ x. \neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))\ in\ v]$   
  **unfolding exists-def apply -**  
  **apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\lambda\ x . (\lceil F, x^P \rceil)\ \lambda\ x . \neg\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)$ )  
  **using** *oth-class-taut-4-b* **by auto**  
**next**  
  **assume**  $[(\Diamond(\exists\ x. (\lceil F, x^P \rceil))) \ \&\ (\Diamond(\exists\ x. \neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))\ in\ v]$   
  **hence**  $[(\Diamond\neg(\forall x. \neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil))) \ \&\ (\Diamond\neg(\forall x. (\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))\ in\ v]$   
  **unfolding exists-def apply -**  
  **apply** (*PLM-subst-goal-method*  $\lambda\ \varphi . (\Diamond\neg(\forall x. \neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil))) \ \&\ (\Diamond\neg(\forall x. \varphi\ x))\ \lambda\ x . \neg\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)$ )  
  **using** *oth-class-taut-4-b*[*equiv-sym*] **by auto**  
  **hence**  $[(\neg\Box(\forall x. (\lceil F, x^P \rceil))) \ \&\ (\neg\Box(\forall x. \neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))\ in\ v]$   
  **using** *KBasic2-2*[*equiv-rl*] **&I &E by meson**  
  **hence**  $[\neg(\Box(\forall x. (\lceil F, x^P \rceil)) \vee \Box(\forall x. \neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))\ in\ v]$   
  **by** (*rule oth-class-taut-6-d*[*equiv-rl*])  
**thus** [*Contingent F in v*]  
  **unfolding** *Contingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs* .  
**qed**

**lemma** *thm-cont-prop-3*[PLM]:  
 $[Contingent\ (F::\Pi_1) \equiv Contingent\ (F^-)\ in\ v]$   
**using** *thm-cont-prop-1*  
**unfolding** *NonContingent-def Contingent-def*  
**by** (*rule oth-class-taut-5-d*[*equiv-lr*])

**lemma** *lem-cont-e*[PLM]:  
 $[\Diamond(\exists\ x . (\lceil F, x^P \rceil) \ \&\ (\Diamond(\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))) \equiv \Diamond(\exists\ x . ((\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)) \ \&\ \Diamond(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))\ in\ v]$   
**proof -**  
  **have**  $[\Diamond(\exists\ x . (\lceil F, x^P \rceil) \ \&\ (\Diamond(\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil))))\ in\ v]$   
   $= [(\exists\ x . \Diamond((\lceil F, x^P \rceil) \ \&\ \Diamond(\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil))))\ in\ v]$   
  **using** *BF* $\Diamond$ [*deduction*] *CBF* $\Diamond$ [*deduction*] **by fast**  
**also have**  $... = [\exists\ x . (\Diamond(\lceil F, x^P \rceil) \ \&\ \Diamond(\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))\ in\ v]$   
  **apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\lambda\ x . \Diamond((\lceil F, x^P \rceil) \ \&\ \Diamond(\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))$   
 $\lambda\ x . \Diamond(\lceil F, x^P \rceil) \ \&\ \Diamond(\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil))$ )  
  **using** *S5Basic-12* **by auto**  
**also have**  $... = [\exists\ x . \Diamond(\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)) \ \&\ \Diamond(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)\ in\ v]$   
  **apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\lambda\ x . \Diamond(\lceil F, x^P \rceil) \ \&\ \Diamond(\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil))$   
 $\lambda\ x . \Diamond(\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)) \ \&\ \Diamond(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)$ )  
  **using** *oth-class-taut-3-b* **by auto**  
**also have**  $... = [\exists\ x . \Diamond((\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)) \ \&\ \Diamond(\lceil F, x^P \rceil))\ in\ v]$   
  **apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\lambda\ x . \Diamond(\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)) \ \&\ \Diamond(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)$   
 $\lambda\ x . \Diamond((\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)) \ \&\ \Diamond(\lceil F, x^P \rceil))$ )  
  **using** *S5Basic-12*[*equiv-sym*] **by auto**  
**also have**  $... = [\Diamond(\exists\ x . ((\neg(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)) \ \&\ \Diamond(\lceil F, x^P \rceil)))\ in\ v]$   
  **using** *CBF* $\Diamond$ [*deduction*] *BF* $\Diamond$ [*deduction*] **by fast**  
**finally show** *?thesis* **using**  $\equiv I$  *CP* **by blast**  
**qed**

**lemma** *lem-cont-e-2*[PLM]:



$$[\Diamond(\exists x . (\|F, x^P\| \ \& \ \Diamond(\neg(\|F, x^P\|))) \equiv \Diamond(\exists x . (\|F^-, x^P\| \ \& \ \Diamond(\neg(\|F^-, x^P\|))) \text{ in } v]$$
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\lambda x . (\|F, x^P\| \ \lambda x . \neg(\|F^-, x^P\|))$   
**using** *thm-relation-negation-2-1*[*equiv-sym*] **apply** *simp*  
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\lambda x . \neg(\|F, x^P\| \ \lambda x . (\|F^-, x^P\|))$   
**using** *thm-relation-negation-1-1*[*equiv-sym*] **apply** *simp*  
**using** *lem-cont-e* **by** *simp*

**lemma** *thm-cont-e-1*[*PLM*]:  

$$[\Diamond(\exists x . ((\neg(\|E!, x^P\|) \ \& \ (\Diamond(\|E!, x^P\|)))) \text{ in } v]$$
**using** *lem-cont-e*[**where**  $F=E!$ , *equiv-lr*] *qml-4*[*axiom-instance*, *conj1*]  
**by** *blast*

**lemma** *thm-cont-e-2*[*PLM*]:  

$$[Contingent(E!) \text{ in } v]$$
**using** *thm-cont-prop-2*[*equiv-rl*] **&I** *qml-4*[*axiom-instance*, *conj1*]  
*KBasic2-8*[*deduction*, *OF sign-S5-thm-3*[*deduction*], *conj1*]  
*KBasic2-8*[*deduction*, *OF sign-S5-thm-3*[*deduction*, *OF thm-cont-e-1*], *conj1*]  
**by** *fast*

**lemma** *thm-cont-e-3*[*PLM*]:  

$$[Contingent(E!^\neg) \text{ in } v]$$
**using** *thm-cont-e-2* *thm-cont-prop-3*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *blast*

**lemma** *thm-cont-e-4*[*PLM*]:  

$$[\exists (F::\Pi_1) G . (F \neq G \ \& \ Contingent F \ \& \ Contingent G) \text{ in } v]$$
**apply** (*rule-tac*  $\alpha=E!$  **in**  $\exists I$ , *rule-tac*  $\alpha=E!^\neg$  **in**  $\exists I$ )  
**using** *thm-cont-e-2* *thm-cont-e-3* *thm-relation-negation-5-1* **&I** **by** *auto*

**context**

**begin**

**qualified definition** *L* **where**  $L \equiv (\lambda x . (\|E!, x^P\| \rightarrow (\|E!, x^P\|)))$

**lemma** *thm-noncont-e-e-1*[*PLM*]:  

$$[Necessary L \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *Necessary-defs* *L-def* **apply** (*rule RN*, *rule*  $\forall I$ )  
**apply** (*rule lambda-predicates-2-1*[*axiom-instance*, *equiv-rl*])  
**apply** *show-proper*  
**using** *if-p-then-p* .

**lemma** *thm-noncont-e-e-2*[*PLM*]:  

$$[Impossible(L^-) \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *Impossible-defs* *L-def* **apply** (*rule RN*, *rule*  $\forall I$ )  
**apply** (*rule thm-relation-negation-2-1*[*equiv-rl*])  
**apply** (*rule lambda-predicates-2-1*[*axiom-instance*, *equiv-rl*])  
**apply** *show-proper*  
**using** *if-p-then-p* .

**lemma** *thm-noncont-e-e-3*[*PLM*]:  

$$[NonContingent(L) \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *NonContingent-def* **using** *thm-noncont-e-e-1*  
**by** (*rule*  $\forall I(1)$ )

**lemma** *thm-noncont-e-e-4*[*PLM*]:  

$$[NonContingent(L^-) \text{ in } v]$$
**unfolding** *NonContingent-def* **using** *thm-noncont-e-e-2*  
**by** (*rule*  $\forall I(2)$ )

**lemma** *thm-noncont-e-e-5*[*PLM*]:  

$$[\exists (F::\Pi_1) G . F \neq G \ \& \ NonContingent F \ \& \ NonContingent G \text{ in } v]$$
**apply** (*rule-tac*  $\alpha=L$  **in**  $\exists I$ , *rule-tac*  $\alpha=L^-$  **in**  $\exists I$ )  
**using**  $\exists I$  *thm-relation-negation-5-1* *thm-noncont-e-e-3*  
*thm-noncont-e-e-4* **&I**  
**by** *simp*

**lemma** *four-distinct-1*[PLM]:  
 $[NonContingent (F::\Pi_1) \rightarrow \neg(\exists G . (Contingent G \ \& \ G = F)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (*rule CP*)  
 assume  $[NonContingent F \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\neg(Contingent F) \text{ in } v]$   
   **unfolding** *NonContingent-def Contingent-def*  
   **apply** – **by** *PLM-solver*  
 moreover {  
   assume  $[\exists G . Contingent G \ \& \ G = F \text{ in } v]$   
   **then obtain**  $P$  **where**  $[Contingent P \ \& \ P = F \text{ in } v]$   
   **by** (*rule  $\exists E$* )  
   hence  $[Contingent F \text{ in } v]$   
   **using** *&E l-identity*[*axiom-instance, deduction, deduction*]  
   **by** *blast*  
 }  
**ultimately show**  $[\neg(\exists G . Contingent G \ \& \ G = F) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *modus-tollens-1 CP* **by** *blast*  
**qed**

**lemma** *four-distinct-2*[PLM]:  
 $[Contingent (F::\Pi_1) \rightarrow \neg(\exists G . (NonContingent G \ \& \ G = F)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (*rule CP*)  
 assume  $[Contingent F \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\neg(NonContingent F) \text{ in } v]$   
   **unfolding** *NonContingent-def Contingent-def*  
   **apply** – **by** *PLM-solver*  
 moreover {  
   assume  $[\exists G . NonContingent G \ \& \ G = F \text{ in } v]$   
   **then obtain**  $P$  **where**  $[NonContingent P \ \& \ P = F \text{ in } v]$   
   **by** (*rule  $\exists E$* )  
   hence  $[NonContingent F \text{ in } v]$   
   **using** *&E l-identity*[*axiom-instance, deduction, deduction*]  
   **by** *blast*  
 }  
**ultimately show**  $[\neg(\exists G . NonContingent G \ \& \ G = F) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *modus-tollens-1 CP* **by** *blast*  
**qed**

**lemma** *four-distinct-3*[PLM]:  
 $[L \neq (L^-) \ \& \ L \neq E! \ \& \ L \neq (E!^-) \ \& \ (L^-) \neq E!$   
 $\ \& \ (L^-) \neq (E!^-) \ \& \ E! \neq (E!^-) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (*rule &I*)  
**show**  $[L \neq (L^-) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*rule thm-relation-negation-5-1*)  
**next**  
 {  
   **assume**  $[L = E! \text{ in } v]$   
   **hence**  $[NonContingent L \ \& \ L = E! \text{ in } v]$   
   **using** *thm-noncont-e-e-3 &I* **by** *auto*  
   **hence**  $[\exists G . NonContingent G \ \& \ G = E! \text{ in } v]$   
   **using** *thm-noncont-e-e-3 &I  $\exists I$*  **by** *fast*  
 }  
**thus**  $[L \neq E! \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *four-distinct-2*[*deduction, OF thm-cont-e-2*]  
   *modus-tollens-1 CP*  
**by** *blast*  
**next**  
 {  
   **assume**  $[L = (E!^-) \text{ in } v]$   
   **hence**  $[NonContingent L \ \& \ L = (E!^-) \text{ in } v]$   
   **using** *thm-noncont-e-e-3 &I* **by** *auto*  
 }

```

    hence  $[\exists G . \text{NonContingent } G \ \& \ G = (E!)^\neg \text{ in } v]$ 
      using thm-noncont-e-e-3 &  $\exists I$  by fast
  }
  thus  $[L \neq (E!)^\neg \text{ in } v]$ 
    using four-distinct-2[deduction, OF thm-cont-e-3]
      modus-tollens-1 CP
    by blast
next
{
  assume  $[(L^\neg) = E! \text{ in } v]$ 
  hence  $[\text{NonContingent } (L^\neg) \ \& \ (L^\neg) = E! \text{ in } v]$ 
    using thm-noncont-e-e-4 &  $\exists I$  by auto
  hence  $[\exists G . \text{NonContingent } G \ \& \ G = E! \text{ in } v]$ 
    using thm-noncont-e-e-3 &  $\exists I$  by fast
}
thus  $[(L^\neg) \neq E! \text{ in } v]$ 
  using four-distinct-2[deduction, OF thm-cont-e-2]
    modus-tollens-1 CP
  by blast
next
{
  assume  $[(L^\neg) = (E!)^\neg \text{ in } v]$ 
  hence  $[\text{NonContingent } (L^\neg) \ \& \ (L^\neg) = (E!)^\neg \text{ in } v]$ 
    using thm-noncont-e-e-4 &  $\exists I$  by auto
  hence  $[\exists G . \text{NonContingent } G \ \& \ G = (E!)^\neg \text{ in } v]$ 
    using thm-noncont-e-e-3 &  $\exists I$  by fast
}
thus  $[(L^\neg) \neq (E!)^\neg \text{ in } v]$ 
  using four-distinct-2[deduction, OF thm-cont-e-3]
    modus-tollens-1 CP
  by blast
next
  show  $[E! \neq (E!)^\neg \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule thm-relation-negation-5-1)
qed
end

lemma thm-cont-propos-1[PLM]:
 $[\text{NonContingent } (p::o) \equiv \text{NonContingent } (p^\neg) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule CP)
  assume  $[\text{NonContingent } p \text{ in } v]$ 
  hence  $[\Box p \vee \Box \neg p \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding NonContingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs .
  hence  $[\Box(\neg(p^\neg)) \vee \Box(\neg p) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply -
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $p \neg(p^\neg)$ )
    using thm-relation-negation-4[equiv-sym] by auto
  hence  $[\Box(\neg(p^\neg)) \vee \Box(p^\neg) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply -
    apply (PLM-subst-goal-method  $\lambda\varphi . \Box(\neg(p^\neg)) \vee \Box(\varphi) \neg p$ )
    using thm-relation-negation-3[equiv-sym] by auto
  hence  $[\Box(p^\neg) \vee \Box(\neg(p^\neg)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule oth-class-taut-3-e[equiv-lr])
  thus  $[\text{NonContingent } (p^\neg) \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding NonContingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs .
next
  assume  $[\text{NonContingent } (p^\neg) \text{ in } v]$ 
  hence  $[\Box(\neg(p^\neg)) \vee \Box(p^\neg) \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding NonContingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs
    by (rule oth-class-taut-3-e[equiv-lr])
  hence  $[\Box(p) \vee \Box(p^\neg) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply -
    apply (PLM-subst-goal-method  $\lambda\varphi . \Box\varphi \vee \Box(p^\neg) \neg(p^\neg)$ )

```

```

    using thm-relation-negation-4 by auto
  hence  $[\Box(p) \vee \Box(\neg p) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply -
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $p^- \neg p$ )
    using thm-relation-negation-3 by auto
  thus  $[NonContingent\ p \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding NonContingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs .
qed

```

```

lemma thm-cont-propos-2[PLM]:
   $[Contingent\ p \equiv \Diamond p \ \& \ \Diamond(\neg p) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule CP)
  assume  $[Contingent\ p \text{ in } v]$ 
  hence  $[\neg(\Box p \vee \Box(\neg p)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding Contingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs .
  hence  $[(\neg\Box p) \ \& \ (\neg\Box(\neg p)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule oth-class-taut-6-d[equiv-lr])
  hence  $[(\Diamond\neg(\neg p)) \ \& \ (\Diamond\neg p) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using KBasic2-2[equiv-lr] &I&E by meson
  thus  $[(\Diamond p) \ \& \ (\Diamond(\neg p)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply - apply PLM-solver
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg\neg p\ p$ )
    using oth-class-taut-4-b[equiv-sym] by auto
next
  assume  $[(\Diamond p) \ \& \ (\Diamond\neg(p)) \text{ in } v]$ 
  hence  $[(\Diamond\neg(\neg p)) \ \& \ (\Diamond\neg(p)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply - apply PLM-solver
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $p\ \neg\neg p$ )
    using oth-class-taut-4-b by auto
  hence  $[(\neg\Box p) \ \& \ (\neg\Box(\neg p)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using KBasic2-2[equiv-rl] &I&E by meson
  hence  $[\neg(\Box(p) \vee \Box(\neg p)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule oth-class-taut-6-d[equiv-rl])
  thus  $[Contingent\ p \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding Contingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs .
qed

```

```

lemma thm-cont-propos-3[PLM]:
   $[Contingent\ (p::o) \equiv Contingent\ (p^-) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using thm-cont-propos-1
  unfolding NonContingent-def Contingent-def
  by (rule oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr])

```

context

begin

```

private definition  $p_0$  where
   $p_0 \equiv \forall x. (\lvert E! , x^P \rvert \rightarrow (\lvert E! , x^P \rvert))$ 

```

```

lemma thm-noncont-propos-1[PLM]:
   $[Necessary\ p_0 \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding Necessary-defs  $p_0$ -def
  apply (rule RN, rule  $\forall I$ )
  using if-p-then-p .

```

```

lemma thm-noncont-propos-2[PLM]:
   $[Impossible\ (p_0^-) \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding Impossible-defs
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg p_0\ p_0^-$ )
    using thm-relation-negation-3[equiv-sym] apply simp
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $p_0\ \neg\neg p_0$ )
    using oth-class-taut-4-b apply simp
  using thm-noncont-propos-1 unfolding Necessary-defs
  by simp

```

```

lemma thm-noncont-propos-3[PLM]:
  [NonContingent ( $p_0$ ) in  $v$ ]
  unfolding NonContingent-def using thm-noncont-propos-1
  by (rule  $\vee I(1)$ )

lemma thm-noncont-propos-4[PLM]:
  [NonContingent ( $p_0^-$ ) in  $v$ ]
  unfolding NonContingent-def using thm-noncont-propos-2
  by (rule  $\vee I(2)$ )

lemma thm-noncont-propos-5[PLM]:
  [ $\exists (p::o) \ q . \ p \neq q \ \& \ \text{NonContingent } p \ \& \ \text{NonContingent } q$  in  $v$ ]
  apply (rule-tac  $\alpha=p_0$  in  $\exists I$ , rule-tac  $\alpha=p_0^-$  in  $\exists I$ )
  using  $\exists I$  thm-relation-negation-6 thm-noncont-propos-3
  thm-noncont-propos-4 &I by simp

private definition  $q_0$  where
   $q_0 \equiv \exists \ x . (\|E!, x^P\|) \ \& \ \Diamond(\neg(\|E!, x^P\|))$ 

lemma basic-prop-1[PLM]:
  [ $\exists \ p . \Diamond p \ \& \ \Diamond(\neg p)$  in  $v$ ]
  apply (rule-tac  $\alpha=q_0$  in  $\exists I$ ) unfolding  $q_0\text{-def}$ 
  using qml-4[axiom-instance] by simp

lemma basic-prop-2[PLM]:
  [Contingent  $q_0$  in  $v$ ]
  unfolding Contingent-def Necessary-defs Impossible-defs
  apply (rule oth-class-taut-6-d[equiv-rl])
  apply (PLM-subst-goal-method  $\lambda \ \varphi . (\neg\Box(\varphi)) \ \& \ \neg\Box\neg q_0 \ \neg\neg q_0$ )
  using oth-class-taut-4-b[equiv-sym] apply simp
  using qml-4[axiom-instance, conj-sym]
  unfolding  $q_0\text{-def}$  diamond-def by simp

lemma basic-prop-3[PLM]:
  [Contingent ( $q_0^-$ ) in  $v$ ]
  apply (rule thm-cont-propos-3[equiv-lr])
  using basic-prop-2 .

lemma basic-prop-4[PLM]:
  [ $\exists (p::o) \ q . \ p \neq q \ \& \ \text{Contingent } p \ \& \ \text{Contingent } q$  in  $v$ ]
  apply (rule-tac  $\alpha=q_0$  in  $\exists I$ , rule-tac  $\alpha=q_0^-$  in  $\exists I$ )
  using thm-relation-negation-6 basic-prop-2 basic-prop-3 &I by simp

lemma four-distinct-props-1[PLM]:
  [NonContingent ( $p::\Pi_0$ )  $\rightarrow (\neg(\exists \ q . \ \text{Contingent } q \ \& \ q = p))$  in  $v$ ]
  proof (rule CP)
    assume [NonContingent  $p$  in  $v$ ]
    hence [ $\neg(\text{Contingent } p)$  in  $v$ ]
    unfolding NonContingent-def Contingent-def
    apply – by PLM-solver
    moreover {
      assume [ $\exists \ q . \ \text{Contingent } q \ \& \ q = p$  in  $v$ ]
      then obtain  $r$  where [Contingent  $r \ \& \ r = p$  in  $v$ ]
      by (rule  $\exists E$ )
      hence [Contingent  $p$  in  $v$ ]
      using  $\&E$  l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
      by blast
    }
    ultimately show [ $\neg(\exists \ q . \ \text{Contingent } q \ \& \ q = p)$  in  $v$ ]
    using modus-tollens-1 CP by blast
  qed

```

**lemma** *four-distinct-props-2*[PLM]:  
 $[Contingent(p::o) \rightarrow \neg(\exists q. (NonContingent\ q \ \& \ q = p)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (rule CP)  
 assume  $[Contingent\ p \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\neg(NonContingent\ p) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *NonContingent-def* *Contingent-def*  
 apply – by *PLM-solver*  
 moreover {  
 assume  $[\exists q. NonContingent\ q \ \& \ q = p \text{ in } v]$   
 then obtain *r* where  $[NonContingent\ r \ \& \ r = p \text{ in } v]$   
 by (rule  $\exists E$ )  
 hence  $[NonContingent\ p \text{ in } v]$   
 using *&E l-identity*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*]  
 by blast  
 }  
 ultimately show  $[\neg(\exists q. NonContingent\ q \ \& \ q = p) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *modus-tollens-1 CP* by blast  
 qed

**lemma** *four-distinct-props-4*[PLM]:  
 $[p_0 \neq (p_0^-) \ \& \ p_0 \neq q_0 \ \& \ p_0 \neq (q_0^-) \ \& \ (p_0^-) \neq q_0$   
 $\ \& \ (p_0^-) \neq (q_0^-) \ \& \ q_0 \neq (q_0^-) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (rule *&I*) +  
 show  $[p_0 \neq (p_0^-) \text{ in } v]$   
 by (rule *thm-relation-negation-6*)  
 next  
 {  
 assume  $[p_0 = q_0 \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\exists q. NonContingent\ q \ \& \ q = q_0 \text{ in } v]$   
 using *&I thm-noncont-propos-3*  $\exists I$ [where  $\alpha=p_0$ ]  
 by simp  
 }  
 thus  $[p_0 \neq q_0 \text{ in } v]$   
 using *four-distinct-props-2*[*deduction*, *OF basic-prop-2*]  
*modus-tollens-1 CP*  
 by blast  
 next  
 {  
 assume  $[p_0 = (q_0^-) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\exists q. NonContingent\ q \ \& \ q = (q_0^-) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *thm-noncont-propos-3 &I*  $\exists I$ [where  $\alpha=p_0^-$ ] by simp  
 }  
 thus  $[p_0 \neq (q_0^-) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *four-distinct-props-2*[*deduction*, *OF basic-prop-3*]  
*modus-tollens-1 CP*  
 by blast  
 next  
 {  
 assume  $[(p_0^-) = q_0 \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\exists q. NonContingent\ q \ \& \ q = q_0 \text{ in } v]$   
 using *thm-noncont-propos-4 &I*  $\exists I$ [where  $\alpha=p_0^-$ ] by auto  
 }  
 thus  $[(p_0^-) \neq q_0 \text{ in } v]$   
 using *four-distinct-props-2*[*deduction*, *OF basic-prop-2*]  
*modus-tollens-1 CP*  
 by blast  
 next  
 {  
 assume  $[(p_0^-) = (q_0^-) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\exists q. NonContingent\ q \ \& \ q = (q_0^-) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *thm-noncont-propos-4 &I*  $\exists I$ [where  $\alpha=p_0^-$ ] by auto  
 }  
 thus  $[(p_0^-) \neq (q_0^-) \text{ in } v]$

```

    using four-distinct-props-2[deduction, OF basic-prop-3]
      modus-tollens-1 CP
    by blast
  next
    show  $[q_0 \neq (q_0^-) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule thm-relation-negation-6)
  qed

lemma cont-true-cont-1[PLM]:
  [ContingentlyTrue  $p \rightarrow$  Contingent  $p$  in  $v$ ]
  apply (rule CP, rule thm-cont-propos-2[equiv-rl])
  unfolding ContingentlyTrue-def
  apply (rule &I, drule &E(1))
  using  $T\Diamond$ [deduction] apply simp
  by (rule &E(2))

lemma cont-true-cont-2[PLM]:
  [ContingentlyFalse  $p \rightarrow$  Contingent  $p$  in  $v$ ]
  apply (rule CP, rule thm-cont-propos-2[equiv-rl])
  unfolding ContingentlyFalse-def
  apply (rule &I, drule &E(2))
  apply simp
  apply (drule &E(1))
  using  $T\Diamond$ [deduction] by simp

lemma cont-true-cont-3[PLM]:
  [ContingentlyTrue  $p \equiv$  ContingentlyFalse  $(p^-)$  in  $v$ ]
  unfolding ContingentlyTrue-def ContingentlyFalse-def
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg p^-$ )
  using thm-relation-negation-3[equiv-sym] apply simp
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $p \neg \neg p$ )
  by PLM-solver+

lemma cont-true-cont-4[PLM]:
  [ContingentlyFalse  $p \equiv$  ContingentlyTrue  $(p^-)$  in  $v$ ]
  unfolding ContingentlyTrue-def ContingentlyFalse-def
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg p^-$ )
  using thm-relation-negation-3[equiv-sym] apply simp
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $p \neg \neg p$ )
  by PLM-solver+

lemma cont-tf-thm-1[PLM]:
  [ContingentlyTrue  $q_0 \vee$  ContingentlyFalse  $q_0$  in  $v$ ]
  proof -
    have  $[q_0 \vee \neg q_0 \text{ in } v]$ 
    by PLM-solver
    moreover {
      assume  $[q_0 \text{ in } v]$ 
      hence  $[q_0 \ \& \ \Diamond \neg q_0 \text{ in } v]$ 
      unfolding  $q_0$ -def
      using  $qml$ -4[axiom-instance, conj2] &I
      by auto
    }
    moreover {
      assume  $[\neg q_0 \text{ in } v]$ 
      hence  $[(\neg q_0) \ \& \ \Diamond q_0 \text{ in } v]$ 
      unfolding  $q_0$ -def
      using  $qml$ -4[axiom-instance, conj1] &I
      by auto
    }
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis
  unfolding ContingentlyTrue-def ContingentlyFalse-def
  using  $\vee E$ (4) CP by auto

```

```

qed

lemma cont-tf-thm-2[PLM]:
  [ContingentlyFalse  $q_0 \vee$  ContingentlyFalse ( $q_0^-$ ) in  $v$ ]
  using cont-tf-thm-1 cont-true-cont-3[where  $p=q_0$ ]
    cont-true-cont-4[where  $p=q_0$ ]
  apply - by PLM-solver

lemma cont-tf-thm-3[PLM]:
  [ $\exists p .$  ContingentlyTrue  $p$  in  $v$ ]
  proof (rule  $\vee E(1)$ ; (rule CP) ?)
    show [ContingentlyTrue  $q_0 \vee$  ContingentlyFalse  $q_0$  in  $v$ ]
      using cont-tf-thm-1 .
  next
    assume [ContingentlyTrue  $q_0$  in  $v$ ]
    thus ?thesis
      using  $\exists I$  by metis
  next
    assume [ContingentlyFalse  $q_0$  in  $v$ ]
    hence [ContingentlyTrue ( $q_0^-$ ) in  $v$ ]
      using cont-true-cont-4[equiv-lr] by simp
    thus ?thesis
      using  $\exists I$  by metis
  qed

lemma cont-tf-thm-4[PLM]:
  [ $\exists p .$  ContingentlyFalse  $p$  in  $v$ ]
  proof (rule  $\vee E(1)$ ; (rule CP) ?)
    show [ContingentlyTrue  $q_0 \vee$  ContingentlyFalse  $q_0$  in  $v$ ]
      using cont-tf-thm-1 .
  next
    assume [ContingentlyTrue  $q_0$  in  $v$ ]
    hence [ContingentlyFalse ( $q_0^-$ ) in  $v$ ]
      using cont-true-cont-3[equiv-lr] by simp
    thus ?thesis
      using  $\exists I$  by metis
  next
    assume [ContingentlyFalse  $q_0$  in  $v$ ]
    thus ?thesis
      using  $\exists I$  by metis
  qed

lemma cont-tf-thm-5[PLM]:
  [ContingentlyTrue  $p$  & Necessary  $q \rightarrow p \neq q$  in  $v$ ]
  proof (rule CP)
    assume [ContingentlyTrue  $p$  & Necessary  $q$  in  $v$ ]
    hence 1: [ $\Diamond(\neg p)$  &  $\Box q$  in  $v$ ]
      unfolding ContingentlyTrue-def Necessary-defs
      using &E &I by blast
    hence [ $\neg\Box p$  in  $v$ ]
      apply - apply (drule &E(1))
      unfolding diamond-def
      apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg\neg p$   $p$ )
      using oth-class-taut-4-b[equiv-sym] by auto
    moreover {
      assume [ $p = q$  in  $v$ ]
      hence [ $\Box p$  in  $v$ ]
        using l-identity[where  $\alpha=q$  and  $\beta=p$  and  $\varphi=\lambda x . \Box x$ ,
          axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
          1[conj2] id-eq-prop-prop-8-b[deduction]
        by blast
    }
    ultimately show [ $p \neq q$  in  $v$ ]

```



```

    using modus-tollens-1 CP by blast
qed

lemma cont-tf-thm-6[PLM]:
  [(ContingentlyFalse  $p$  & Impossible  $q$ )  $\rightarrow p \neq q$  in  $v$ ]
proof (rule CP)
  assume [ContingentlyFalse  $p$  & Impossible  $q$  in  $v$ ]
  hence 1: [ $\Diamond p$  &  $\Box(\neg q)$  in  $v$ ]
    unfolding ContingentlyFalse-def Impossible-defs
    using &E &I by blast
  hence [ $\neg \Diamond q$  in  $v$ ]
    unfolding diamond-def apply – by PLM-solver
  moreover {
    assume [ $p = q$  in  $v$ ]
    hence [ $\Diamond q$  in  $v$ ]
      using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] 1[conj1]
      id-eq-prop-prop-8-b[deduction]
    by blast
  }
  ultimately show [ $p \neq q$  in  $v$ ]
    using modus-tollens-1 CP by blast
qed
end

```

```

lemma oa-contingent-1[PLM]:
  [ $O! \neq A!$  in  $v$ ]
proof –
  {
    assume [ $O! = A!$  in  $v$ ]
    hence [( $\lambda x. \Diamond(E!, x^P)$ ) = ( $\lambda x. \neg \Diamond(E!, x^P)$ ) in  $v$ ]
      unfolding Ordinary-def Abstract-def .
    moreover have [( $\Diamond(\lambda x. \Diamond(E!, x^P)), x^P$ )  $\equiv \Diamond(E!, x^P)$  in  $v$ ]
      apply (rule beta-C-meta-1)
      by show-proper
    ultimately have [( $\Diamond(\lambda x. \neg \Diamond(E!, x^P)), x^P$ )  $\equiv \Diamond(E!, x^P)$  in  $v$ ]
      using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by fast
    moreover have [( $\Diamond(\lambda x. \neg \Diamond(E!, x^P)), x^P$ )  $\equiv \neg \Diamond(E!, x^P)$  in  $v$ ]
      apply (rule beta-C-meta-1)
      by show-proper
    ultimately have [ $\Diamond(E!, x^P) \equiv \neg \Diamond(E!, x^P)$  in  $v$ ]
      apply – by PLM-solver
  }
  thus ?thesis
    using oth-class-taut-1-b modus-tollens-1 CP
    by blast
qed

```

```

lemma oa-contingent-2[PLM]:
  [( $\Diamond(O!, x^P) \equiv \neg \Diamond(A!, x^P)$  in  $v$ )]
proof –
  have [( $\Diamond(\lambda x. \neg \Diamond(E!, x^P)), x^P$ )  $\equiv \neg \Diamond(E!, x^P)$  in  $v$ ]
    apply (rule beta-C-meta-1)
    by show-proper
  hence [( $\neg \Diamond(\lambda x. \neg \Diamond(E!, x^P)), x^P$ )  $\equiv \Diamond(E!, x^P)$  in  $v$ ]
    using oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr] oth-class-taut-4-b[equiv-sym]
     $\equiv E(5)$  by blast
  moreover have [( $\Diamond(\lambda x. \Diamond(E!, x^P)), x^P$ )  $\equiv \Diamond(E!, x^P)$  in  $v$ ]
    apply (rule beta-C-meta-1)
    by show-proper
  ultimately show ?thesis
    unfolding Ordinary-def Abstract-def
    apply – by PLM-solver
qed

```

```

lemma oa-contingent-3[PLM]:
  [( $A!, x^P$ )  $\equiv \neg(O!, x^P)$  in v]
  using oa-contingent-2
  apply – by PLM-solver

lemma oa-contingent-4[PLM]:
  [Contingent  $O!$  in v]
  apply (rule thm-cont-prop-2[equiv-rl], rule &I)
  subgoal
    unfolding Ordinary-def
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $\lambda x . \Diamond(E!, x^P) \lambda x . (\lambda x . \Diamond(E!, x^P), x^P)$ )
    apply (safe intro!: beta-C-meta-1[equiv-sym])
    apply show-proper
    using BF $\Diamond$ [deduction, OF thm-cont-prop-2[equiv-lr, OF thm-cont-e-2, conj1]]
    by (rule T $\Diamond$ [deduction])
  subgoal
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $\lambda x . (A!, x^P) \lambda x . \neg(O!, x^P)$ )
    using oa-contingent-3 apply simp
    using cqt-further-5[deduction, conj1, OF A-objects[axiom-instance]]
    by (rule T $\Diamond$ [deduction])
  done

lemma oa-contingent-5[PLM]:
  [Contingent  $A!$  in v]
  apply (rule thm-cont-prop-2[equiv-rl], rule &I)
  subgoal
    using cqt-further-5[deduction, conj1, OF A-objects[axiom-instance]]
    by (rule T $\Diamond$ [deduction])
  subgoal
    unfolding Abstract-def
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $\lambda x . \neg\Diamond(E!, x^P) \lambda x . (\lambda x . \neg\Diamond(E!, x^P), x^P)$ )
    apply (safe intro!: beta-C-meta-1[equiv-sym])
    apply show-proper
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $\lambda x . \Diamond(E!, x^P) \lambda x . \neg\neg\Diamond(E!, x^P)$ )
    using oth-class-taut-4-b apply simp
    using BF $\Diamond$ [deduction, OF thm-cont-prop-2[equiv-lr, OF thm-cont-e-2, conj1]]
    by (rule T $\Diamond$ [deduction])
  done

lemma oa-contingent-6[PLM]:
  [( $O!^\neg$ )  $\neq (A!^\neg)$  in v]
  proof –
  {
    assume [( $O!^\neg$ ) = ( $A!^\neg$ ) in v]
    hence [( $\lambda x . \neg(O!, x^P)$ ) = ( $\lambda x . \neg(A!, x^P)$ ) in v]
    unfolding propnot-defs .
    moreover have [( $\lambda x . \neg(O!, x^P)$ ),  $x^P$ ]  $\equiv \neg(O!, x^P)$  in v]
    apply (rule beta-C-meta-1)
    by show-proper
    ultimately have [( $\lambda x . \neg(A!, x^P), x^P$ )  $\equiv \neg(O!, x^P)$  in v]
    using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
    by fast
    hence [( $\neg(A!, x^P)$ )  $\equiv \neg(O!, x^P)$  in v]
    apply –
    apply (PLM-subst-method ( $\lambda x . \neg(A!, x^P), x^P$ ) ( $\neg(A!, x^P)$ ))
    apply (safe intro!: beta-C-meta-1)
    by show-proper
    hence [( $O!, x^P$ )  $\equiv \neg(O!, x^P)$  in v]
    using oa-contingent-2 apply – by PLM-solver
  }
  thus ?thesis
  using oth-class-taut-1-b modus-tollens-1 CP

```

by *blast*  
qed

**lemma** *oa-contingent-7*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\Box O!, x^P) \equiv \neg(\Box A!, x^P)] \text{ in } v$   
**proof** –  
 have  $[(\neg(\Box \lambda x. \neg(\Box A!, x^P)), x^P) \equiv (\Box A!, x^P)] \text{ in } v$   
 apply (*PLM-subst-method*  $(\neg(\Box A!, x^P)) (\Box \lambda x. \neg(\Box A!, x^P), x^P)$ )  
 apply (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-1*[*equiv-sym*])  
 apply *show-proper*  
 using *oth-class-taut-4-b*[*equiv-sym*] **by** *auto*  
 moreover have  $[(\Box \lambda x. \neg(\Box O!, x^P), x^P) \equiv \neg(\Box O!, x^P)] \text{ in } v$   
 apply (*rule beta-C-meta-1*)  
 by *show-proper*  
 ultimately show *?thesis*  
 unfolding *propnot-defs*  
 using *oa-contingent-3*  
 apply – **by** *PLM-solver*  
 qed

**lemma** *oa-contingent-8*[*PLM*]:  
 $[Contingent (O!^\neg) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *oa-contingent-4 thm-cont-prop-3*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *auto*

**lemma** *oa-contingent-9*[*PLM*]:  
 $[Contingent (A!^\neg) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *oa-contingent-5 thm-cont-prop-3*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *auto*

**lemma** *oa-facts-1*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\Box O!, x^P) \rightarrow \Box(\Box O!, x^P)] \text{ in } v$   
**proof** (*rule CP*)  
 assume  $[(\Box O!, x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\Diamond(\Box E!, x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *Ordinary-def* **apply** –  
 apply (*rule beta-C-meta-1*[*equiv-lr*])  
 by *show-proper*  
 hence  $[\Box(\Box(\Box E!, x^P) \text{ in } v)]$   
 using *qml-3*[*axiom-instance, deduction*] **by** *auto*  
 thus  $[\Box(\Box O!, x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *Ordinary-def*  
**apply** –  
 apply (*PLM-subst-method*  $\Diamond(\Box E!, x^P) (\Box \lambda x. \Diamond(\Box E!, x^P), x^P)$ )  
 apply (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-1*[*equiv-sym*])  
 by *show-proper*  
 qed

**lemma** *oa-facts-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\Box A!, x^P) \rightarrow \Box(\Box A!, x^P)] \text{ in } v$   
**proof** (*rule CP*)  
 assume  $[(\Box A!, x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\neg\Diamond(\Box E!, x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *Abstract-def* **apply** –  
 apply (*rule beta-C-meta-1*[*equiv-lr*])  
 by *show-proper*  
 hence  $[\Box\Box\neg(\Box E!, x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *KBasic2-4*[*equiv-rl*] *4* $\Box$ [*deduction*] **by** *auto*  
 hence  $[\Box\neg\Diamond(\Box E!, x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** –  
 apply (*PLM-subst-method*  $\Box\neg(\Box E!, x^P) \neg\Diamond(\Box E!, x^P)$ )  
 using *KBasic2-4* **by** *auto*  
 thus  $[\Box(\Box A!, x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *Abstract-def*  
**apply** –

**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\neg\Diamond(|E!,x^P|)$  ( $| \lambda x. \neg\Diamond(|E!,x^P|),x^P |$ ))  
**apply** (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-1*[*equiv-sym*])  
**by** *show-proper*  
**qed**

**lemma** *oa-facts-3*[*PLM*]:  
 $[ \Diamond(|O!,x^P|) \rightarrow (|O!,x^P|) \text{ in } v ]$   
**using** *oa-facts-1* **by** (*rule derived-S5-rules-2-b*)

**lemma** *oa-facts-4*[*PLM*]:  
 $[ \Diamond(|A!,x^P|) \rightarrow (|A!,x^P|) \text{ in } v ]$   
**using** *oa-facts-2* **by** (*rule derived-S5-rules-2-b*)

**lemma** *oa-facts-5*[*PLM*]:  
 $[ \Diamond(|O!,x^P|) \equiv \Box(|O!,x^P|) \text{ in } v ]$   
**using** *oa-facts-1*[*deduction*, *OF oa-facts-3*[*deduction*]]  
 $T\Diamond[\text{deduction}, \text{OF qml-2}[\text{axiom-instance}, \text{deduction}]]$   
 $\equiv I \text{ CP}$  **by** *blast*

**lemma** *oa-facts-6*[*PLM*]:  
 $[ \Diamond(|A!,x^P|) \equiv \Box(|A!,x^P|) \text{ in } v ]$   
**using** *oa-facts-2*[*deduction*, *OF oa-facts-4*[*deduction*]]  
 $T\Diamond[\text{deduction}, \text{OF qml-2}[\text{axiom-instance}, \text{deduction}]]$   
 $\equiv I \text{ CP}$  **by** *blast*

**lemma** *oa-facts-7*[*PLM*]:  
 $[ (|O!,x^P|) \equiv \mathcal{A}(|O!,x^P|) \text{ in } v ]$   
**apply** (*rule*  $\equiv I$ ; *rule* *CP*)  
**apply** (*rule nec-imp-act*[*deduction*, *OF oa-facts-1*[*deduction*]]; *assumption*)  
**proof** –  
**assume** [ $\mathcal{A}(|O!,x^P|) \text{ in } v$ ]  
**hence** [ $\mathcal{A}(\Diamond(|E!,x^P|)) \text{ in } v$ ]  
**unfolding** *Ordinary-def* **apply** –  
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method* ( $| \lambda x. \Diamond(|E!,x^P|),x^P |$   $\Diamond(|E!,x^P|)$ )  
**apply** (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-1*)  
**by** *show-proper*  
**hence** [ $\Diamond(|E!,x^P|) \text{ in } v$ ]  
**using** *Act-Basic-6*[*equiv-rl*] **by** *auto*  
**thus** [ $(|O!,x^P|) \text{ in } v$ ]  
**unfolding** *Ordinary-def* **apply** –  
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $\Diamond(|E!,x^P|) (| \lambda x. \Diamond(|E!,x^P|),x^P |)$ )  
**apply** (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-1*[*equiv-sym*])  
**by** *show-proper*  
**qed**

**lemma** *oa-facts-8*[*PLM*]:  
 $[ (|A!,x^P|) \equiv \mathcal{A}(|A!,x^P|) \text{ in } v ]$   
**apply** (*rule*  $\equiv I$ ; *rule* *CP*)  
**apply** (*rule nec-imp-act*[*deduction*, *OF oa-facts-2*[*deduction*]]; *assumption*)  
**proof** –  
**assume** [ $\mathcal{A}(|A!,x^P|) \text{ in } v$ ]  
**hence** [ $\mathcal{A}(\neg\Diamond(|E!,x^P|)) \text{ in } v$ ]  
**unfolding** *Abstract-def* **apply** –  
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method* ( $| \lambda x. \neg\Diamond(|E!,x^P|),x^P |$   $\neg\Diamond(|E!,x^P|)$ )  
**apply** (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-1*)  
**by** *show-proper*  
**hence** [ $\mathcal{A}(\Box\neg(|E!,x^P|)) \text{ in } v$ ]  
**apply** –  
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method* ( $\neg\Diamond(|E!,x^P|) (\Box\neg(|E!,x^P|))$ )  
**using** *KBasic2-4*[*equiv-sym*] **by** *auto*  
**hence** [ $\neg\Diamond(|E!,x^P|) \text{ in } v$ ]  
**using** *qml-act-2*[*axiom-instance*, *equiv-rl*] *KBasic2-4*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *auto*  
**thus** [ $(|A!,x^P|) \text{ in } v$ ]

unfolding *Abstract-def* apply –  
 apply (*PLM-subst-method*  $\neg\Diamond(|E|, x^P)$  ( $\lambda x. \neg\Diamond(|E|, x^P), x^P$ ))  
 apply (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-1*[*equiv-sym*])  
 by *show-proper*  
 qed

**lemma** *cont-nec-fact1-1*[*PLM*]:

[*WeaklyContingent*  $F \equiv \text{WeaklyContingent } (F^-)$  in  $v$ ]

**proof** (*rule*  $\equiv I$ ; *rule* *CP*)

assume [*WeaklyContingent*  $F$  in  $v$ ]

hence *wc-def*: [*Contingent*  $F \ \& \ (\forall x. (\Diamond(|F, x^P|) \rightarrow \Box(|F, x^P|)))$  in  $v$ ]

unfolding *WeaklyContingent-def* .

have [*Contingent*  $(F^-)$  in  $v$ ]

using *wc-def*[*conj1*] **by** (*rule* *thm-cont-prop-3*[*equiv-lr*])

moreover {

{

fix  $x$

assume [ $\Diamond(|F^-, x^P|)$  in  $v$ ]

hence [ $\neg\Box(|F, x^P|)$  in  $v$ ]

unfolding *diamond-def* apply –

apply (*PLM-subst-method*  $\neg(|F^-, x^P|)$  ( $|F, x^P|$ ))

using *thm-relation-negation-2-1* **by** *auto*

moreover {

assume [ $\neg\Box(|F^-, x^P|)$  in  $v$ ]

hence [ $\neg\Box(\lambda x. \neg(|F, x^P|), x^P)$  in  $v$ ]

unfolding *propnot-defs* .

hence [ $\Diamond(|F, x^P|)$  in  $v$ ]

unfolding *diamond-def*

apply – apply (*PLM-subst-method* ( $\lambda x. \neg(|F, x^P|), x^P$ )  $\neg(|F, x^P|)$ )

apply (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-1*)

by *show-proper*

hence [ $\Box(|F, x^P|)$  in  $v$ ]

using *wc-def*[*conj2*] *cqt-1*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*]

*modus-ponens* **by** *fast*

}

ultimately have [ $\Box(|F^-, x^P|)$  in  $v$ ]

using  $\neg\neg E$  *modus-tollens-1* *CP* **by** *blast*

}

hence [ $\forall x. \Diamond(|F^-, x^P|) \rightarrow \Box(|F^-, x^P|)$  in  $v$ ]

using  $\forall I$  *CP* **by** *fast*

}

ultimately show [*WeaklyContingent*  $(F^-)$  in  $v$ ]

unfolding *WeaklyContingent-def* **by** (*rule*  $\&I$ )

**next**

assume [*WeaklyContingent*  $(F^-)$  in  $v$ ]

hence *wc-def*: [*Contingent*  $(F^-) \ \& \ (\forall x. (\Diamond(|F^-, x^P|) \rightarrow \Box(|F^-, x^P|)))$  in  $v$ ]

unfolding *WeaklyContingent-def* .

have [*Contingent*  $F$  in  $v$ ]

using *wc-def*[*conj1*] **by** (*rule* *thm-cont-prop-3*[*equiv-rl*])

moreover {

{

fix  $x$

assume [ $\Diamond(|F, x^P|)$  in  $v$ ]

hence [ $\neg\Box(|F^-, x^P|)$  in  $v$ ]

unfolding *diamond-def* apply –

apply (*PLM-subst-method*  $\neg(|F, x^P|)$  ( $|F^-, x^P|$ ))

using *thm-relation-negation-1-1*[*equiv-sym*] **by** *auto*

moreover {

assume [ $\neg\Box(|F, x^P|)$  in  $v$ ]

hence [ $\Diamond(|F^-, x^P|)$  in  $v$ ]

unfolding *diamond-def*

apply – apply (*PLM-subst-method* ( $|F, x^P|$ )  $\neg(|F^-, x^P|)$ )

using *thm-relation-negation-2-1*[*equiv-sym*] **by** *auto*

```

    hence  $\Box(\langle F^-, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v)$ 
    using wc-def[conj2] cqt-1[axiom-instance, deduction]
    modus-ponens by fast
  }
  ultimately have  $\Box(\langle F, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v)$ 
  using  $\neg\neg E$  modus-tollens-1 CP by blast
}
hence  $[\forall x . \Diamond(\langle F, x^P \rangle) \rightarrow \Box(\langle F, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v)]$ 
using  $\forall I$  CP by fast
}
ultimately show  $[WeaklyContingent(F) \text{ in } v]$ 
unfolding WeaklyContingent-def by (rule  $\&I$ )
qed

```

```

lemma cont-nec-fact1-2[PLM]:
 $[(WeaklyContingent F \ \& \ \neg(WeaklyContingent G)) \rightarrow (F \neq G) \text{ in } v]$ 
using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]  $\&E$   $\&I$ 
modus-tollens-1 CP by metis

```

```

lemma cont-nec-fact2-1[PLM]:
 $[WeaklyContingent(O!) \text{ in } v]$ 
unfolding WeaklyContingent-def
apply (rule  $\&I$ )
using oa-contingent-4 apply simp
using oa-facts-5 unfolding equiv-def
using  $\&E(1) \forall I$  by fast

```

```

lemma cont-nec-fact2-2[PLM]:
 $[WeaklyContingent(A!) \text{ in } v]$ 
unfolding WeaklyContingent-def
apply (rule  $\&I$ )
using oa-contingent-5 apply simp
using oa-facts-6 unfolding equiv-def
using  $\&E(1) \forall I$  by fast

```

```

lemma cont-nec-fact2-3[PLM]:
 $[\neg(WeaklyContingent(E!)) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule modus-tollens-1, rule CP)
  assume  $[WeaklyContingent E! \text{ in } v]$ 
  thus  $[\forall x . \Diamond(\langle E!, x^P \rangle) \rightarrow \Box(\langle E!, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v)]$ 
  unfolding WeaklyContingent-def using  $\&E(2)$  by fast
next
  {
    assume 1:  $[\forall x . \Diamond(\langle E!, x^P \rangle) \rightarrow \Box(\langle E!, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v)]$ 
    have  $[\exists x . \Diamond(\langle E!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \Diamond(\neg(\langle E!, x^P \rangle))) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using qml-4[axiom-instance, conj1, THEN BFs-3[deduction]] .
    then obtain  $x$  where  $[\Diamond(\langle E!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \Diamond(\neg(\langle E!, x^P \rangle))) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule  $\exists E$ )
    hence  $[\Diamond(\langle E!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \Diamond(\neg(\langle E!, x^P \rangle))) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using KBasic2-8[deduction] S5Basic-8[deduction]
     $\&I$   $\&E$  by blast
    hence  $[\Box(\langle E!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ (\neg\Box(\langle E!, x^P \rangle))) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using 1[THEN  $\forall E$ , deduction]  $\&E$   $\&I$ 
    KBasic2-2[equiv-rl] by blast
    hence  $[\neg(\forall x . \Diamond(\langle E!, x^P \rangle) \rightarrow \Box(\langle E!, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using oth-class-taut-1-a modus-tollens-1 CP by blast
  }
  thus  $[\neg(\forall x . \Diamond(\langle E!, x^P \rangle) \rightarrow \Box(\langle E!, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v)) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using reductio-aa-2 if-p-then-p CP by meson
qed

```

```

lemma cont-nec-fact2-4[PLM]:
 $[\neg(WeaklyContingent(PLM.L)) \text{ in } v]$ 

```

```

proof -
{
  assume [WeaklyContingent PLM.L in v]
  hence [Contingent PLM.L in v]
    unfolding WeaklyContingent-def using &E(1) by blast
}
thus ?thesis
  using thm-noncont-e-e-3
  unfolding Contingent-def NonContingent-def
  using modus-tollens-2 CP by blast
qed

```

```

lemma cont-nec-fact2-5[PLM]:
[O! ≠ E! & O! ≠ (E!⁻) & O! ≠ PLM.L & O! ≠ (PLM.L⁻) in v]
proof ((rule &I)+)
  show [O! ≠ E! in v]
    using cont-nec-fact2-1 cont-nec-fact2-3
    cont-nec-fact1-2[deduction] &I by simp
next
  have [¬(WeaklyContingent (E!⁻)) in v]
    using cont-nec-fact1-1[THEN oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr], equiv-lr]
    cont-nec-fact2-3 by auto
  thus [O! ≠ (E!⁻) in v]
    using cont-nec-fact2-1 cont-nec-fact1-2[deduction] &I by simp
next
  show [O! ≠ PLM.L in v]
    using cont-nec-fact2-1 cont-nec-fact2-4
    cont-nec-fact1-2[deduction] &I by simp
next
  have [¬(WeaklyContingent (PLM.L⁻)) in v]
    using cont-nec-fact1-1[THEN oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr], equiv-lr]
    cont-nec-fact2-4 by auto
  thus [O! ≠ (PLM.L⁻) in v]
    using cont-nec-fact2-1 cont-nec-fact1-2[deduction] &I by simp
qed

```

```

lemma cont-nec-fact2-6[PLM]:
[A! ≠ E! & A! ≠ (E!⁻) & A! ≠ PLM.L & A! ≠ (PLM.L⁻) in v]
proof ((rule &I)+)
  show [A! ≠ E! in v]
    using cont-nec-fact2-2 cont-nec-fact2-3
    cont-nec-fact1-2[deduction] &I by simp
next
  have [¬(WeaklyContingent (E!⁻)) in v]
    using cont-nec-fact1-1[THEN oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr], equiv-lr]
    cont-nec-fact2-3 by auto
  thus [A! ≠ (E!⁻) in v]
    using cont-nec-fact2-2 cont-nec-fact1-2[deduction] &I by simp
next
  show [A! ≠ PLM.L in v]
    using cont-nec-fact2-2 cont-nec-fact2-4
    cont-nec-fact1-2[deduction] &I by simp
next
  have [¬(WeaklyContingent (PLM.L⁻)) in v]
    using cont-nec-fact1-1[THEN oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr],
    equiv-lr] cont-nec-fact2-4 by auto
  thus [A! ≠ (PLM.L⁻) in v]
    using cont-nec-fact2-2 cont-nec-fact1-2[deduction] &I by simp
qed

```

```

lemma id-nec3-1[PLM]:
[((xP) =E (yP)) ≡ (□((xP) =E (yP))) in v]
proof (rule ≡I; rule CP)

```

```

assume  $[(x^P) =_E (y^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
hence  $[(\Box(O!, x^P) \text{ in } v) \wedge (\Box(O!, y^P) \text{ in } v) \wedge (\Box(\forall F. (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P)) \text{ in } v)]$ 
  using eq-E-simple-1[equiv-lr] using &E by blast
hence  $[\Box(\Box(O!, x^P) \text{ in } v) \wedge (\Box(O!, y^P) \text{ in } v)]$ 
   $\wedge [\Box(\Box(\forall F. (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P)) \text{ in } v)]$ 
  using oa-facts-1[deduction] S5Basic-6[deduction] by blast
hence  $[\Box((\Box(O!, x^P) \ \& \ (\Box(O!, y^P) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F. (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P)))) \text{ in } v)]$ 
  using &I KBasic-3[equiv-rl] by presburger
thus  $[\Box((x^P) =_E (y^P)) \text{ in } v]$ 
apply  $-$ 
apply (PLM-subst-method
   $(\Box(O!, x^P) \ \& \ (\Box(O!, y^P) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F. (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P)))$ 
   $(x^P) =_E (y^P))$ 
  using eq-E-simple-1[equiv-sym] by auto
next
assume  $[\Box((x^P) =_E (y^P)) \text{ in } v]$ 
thus  $[(x^P) =_E (y^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
using qml-2[axiom-instance, deduction] by simp
qed

```

**lemma** *id-nec3-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $[\Diamond((x^P) =_E (y^P)) \equiv ((x^P) =_E (y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (*rule*  $\equiv I$ ; *rule* *CP*)  
**assume**  $[\Diamond((x^P) =_E (y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**thus**  $[(x^P) =_E (y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *derived-S5-rules-2-b*[*deduction*] *id-nec3-1*[*equiv-lr*]  
*CP modus-ponens* **by** *blast*  
**next**  
**assume**  $[(x^P) =_E (y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**thus**  $[\Diamond((x^P) =_E (y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*rule* *TBasic*[*deduction*])  
**qed**

**lemma** *thm-neg-eqE*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(x^P) \neq_E (y^P) \equiv (\neg((x^P) =_E (y^P))) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof**  $-$   
**have**  $[(x^P) \neq_E (y^P) \text{ in } v] = [(\Box(\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. (x^P) =_E (y^P)))^-, x^P, y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *not-identicalE-def* **by** *simp*  
**also have**  $\dots = [\neg(\Box(\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. (x^P) =_E (y^P))), x^P, y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *propnot-defs*  
**apply** (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-2*[*equiv-lr*] *beta-C-meta-2*[*equiv-rl*])  
**by** *show-proper+*  
**also have**  $\dots = [\neg((x^P) =_E (y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*
 $(\Box(\lambda^2 (\lambda x y. (x^P) =_E (y^P))), x^P, y^P)$ 
 $(x^P) =_E (y^P))$ 
**apply** (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-2*)  
**unfolding** *identity-defs* **by** *show-proper*  
**finally show** *?thesis*  
**using**  $\equiv I$  *CP* **by** *presburger*  
**qed**

**lemma** *id-nec4-1*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(x^P) \neq_E (y^P) \equiv \Box((x^P) \neq_E (y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof**  $-$   
**have**  $[(\neg((x^P) =_E (y^P))) \equiv \Box(\neg((x^P) =_E (y^P))) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *id-nec3-2*[*equiv-sym*] *oth-class-taut-5-d*[*equiv-lr*]  
*KBasic2-4*[*equiv-sym*] *intro-elim-6-e* **by** *fast*  
**thus** *?thesis*  
**apply**  $-$   
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $(\neg((x^P) =_E (y^P))) (x^P) \neq_E (y^P)$ )  
**using** *thm-neg-eqE*[*equiv-sym*] **by** *auto*  
**qed**



**lemma** *id-nec4-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $\Diamond((x^P) \neq_E (y^P)) \equiv ((x^P) \neq_E (y^P))$  in  $v$   
**using**  $\equiv I$  *id-nec4-1*[*equiv-lr*] *derived-S5-rules-2-b CP T*  $\Diamond$  **by** *simp*

**lemma** *id-act-1*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(x^P) =_E (y^P)] \equiv (\mathcal{A}((x^P) =_E (y^P)))$  in  $v$   
**proof** (*rule*  $\equiv I$ ; *rule CP*)  
**assume**  $[(x^P) =_E (y^P)]$  in  $v$   
**hence**  $[\Box((x^P) =_E (y^P))]$  in  $v$   
**using** *id-nec3-1*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *auto*  
**thus**  $[\mathcal{A}((x^P) =_E (y^P))]$  in  $v$   
**using** *nec-imp-act*[*deduction*] **by** *fast*  
**next**  
**assume**  $[\mathcal{A}((x^P) =_E (y^P))]$  in  $v$   
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}(\Box O!, x^P) \ \& \ \Box O!, y^P) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F . (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P))]$  in  $v$   
**apply**  $-$   
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  
 $(x^P) =_E (y^P)$   
 $(\Box O!, x^P) \ \& \ (\Box O!, y^P) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F . (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P))$ )  
**using** *eq-E-simple-1* **by** *auto*  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}(\Box O!, x^P) \ \& \ \mathcal{A}(\Box O!, y^P) \ \& \ \mathcal{A}(\Box(\forall F . (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P)))]$  in  $v$   
**using** *Act-Basic-2*[*equiv-lr*]  $\& I$   $\& E$  **by** *meson*  
**thus**  $[(x^P) =_E (y^P)]$  in  $v$   
**apply**  $-$  **apply** (*rule eq-E-simple-1*[*equiv-rl*])  
**using** *oa-facts-7*[*equiv-rl*] *qml-act-2*[*axiom-instance, equiv-rl*]  
 $\& I$   $\& E$  **by** *meson*  
**qed**

**lemma** *id-act-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(x^P) \neq_E (y^P)] \equiv (\mathcal{A}((x^P) \neq_E (y^P)))$  in  $v$   
**apply** (*PLM-subst-method*  $(\neg((x^P) =_E (y^P)))$   $((x^P) \neq_E (y^P))$ )  
**using** *thm-neg-eqE*[*equiv-sym*] **apply** *simp*  
**using** *id-act-1 oth-class-taut-5-d*[*equiv-lr*] *thm-neg-eqE intro-elim-6-e*  
*logic-actual-nec-1*[*axiom-instance, equiv-sym*] **by** *meson*

**end**

**class** *id-act* = *id-eq* +  
**assumes** *id-act-prop*:  $[\mathcal{A}(\alpha = \beta)]$  in  $v \implies [(\alpha = \beta)]$  in  $v$

**instantiation**  $\nu :: id-act$

**begin**

**instance proof**  
**interpret** *PLM* .  
**fix**  $x::\nu$  **and**  $y::\nu$  **and**  $v::i$   
**assume**  $[\mathcal{A}(x = y)]$  in  $v$   
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}((x^P) =_E (y^P)) \vee (\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\Box A!, y^P) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F . \{x^P, F\} \equiv \{y^P, F\})]$  in  $v$   
**unfolding** *identity-defs* **by** *auto*  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}((x^P) =_E (y^P)) \vee \mathcal{A}((\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\Box A!, y^P) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F . \{x^P, F\} \equiv \{y^P, F\}))]$  in  $v$   
**using** *Act-Basic-10*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *auto*  
**moreover** {  
**assume**  $[\mathcal{A}((x^P) =_E (y^P))]$  in  $v$   
**hence**  $[(x^P) = (y^P)]$  in  $v$   
**using** *id-act-1*[*equiv-rl*] *eq-E-simple-2*[*deduction*] **by** *auto*  
**}**  
**moreover** {  
**assume**  $[\mathcal{A}((\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\Box A!, y^P) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F . \{x^P, F\} \equiv \{y^P, F\}))]$  in  $v$   
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}(\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ \mathcal{A}(\Box A!, y^P) \ \& \ \mathcal{A}(\Box(\forall F . \{x^P, F\} \equiv \{y^P, F\}))]$  in  $v$   
**using** *Act-Basic-2*[*equiv-lr*]  $\& I$   $\& E$  **by** *meson*  
**hence**  $[(\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\Box A!, y^P) \ \& \ (\Box(\forall F . \{x^P, F\} \equiv \{y^P, F\}))]$  in  $v$   
**}**

```

    using oa-facts-8[equiv-rl] qml-act-2[axiom-instance, equiv-rl]
    &I &E by meson
  hence  $[(x^P) = (y^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding identity-defs using  $\forall I$  by auto
}
ultimately have  $[(x^P) = (y^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using intro-elim-4-a CP by meson
thus  $[x = y \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding identity-defs by auto
qed
end

instantiation  $\Pi_1 :: id-act$ 
begin
  instance proof
    interpret PLM .
    fix  $F :: \Pi_1$  and  $G :: \Pi_1$  and  $v :: i$ 
    show  $[\mathcal{A}(F = G) \text{ in } v] \implies [(F = G) \text{ in } v]$ 
      unfolding identity-defs
      using qml-act-2[axiom-instance, equiv-rl] by auto
    qed
  end

instantiation  $o :: id-act$ 
begin
  instance proof
    interpret PLM .
    fix  $p :: o$  and  $q :: o$  and  $v :: i$ 
    show  $[\mathcal{A}(p = q) \text{ in } v] \implies [p = q \text{ in } v]$ 
      unfolding identityo-def using id-act-prop by blast
    qed
  end

instantiation  $\Pi_2 :: id-act$ 
begin
  instance proof
    interpret PLM .
    fix  $F :: \Pi_2$  and  $G :: \Pi_2$  and  $v :: i$ 
    assume  $a: [\mathcal{A}(F = G) \text{ in } v]$ 
    {
      fix  $x$ 
      have  $[\mathcal{A}((\lambda y. \langle F, x^P, y^P \rangle) = (\lambda y. \langle G, x^P, y^P \rangle))$ 
        &  $(\lambda y. \langle F, y^P, x^P \rangle) = (\lambda y. \langle G, y^P, x^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
        using a logic-actual-nec-3[axiom-instance, equiv-rl] cqt-basic-4[equiv-rl]  $\forall E$ 
        unfolding identity2-def by fast
      hence  $[((\lambda y. \langle F, x^P, y^P \rangle) = (\lambda y. \langle G, x^P, y^P \rangle))$ 
        &  $((\lambda y. \langle F, y^P, x^P \rangle) = (\lambda y. \langle G, y^P, x^P \rangle)) \text{ in } v]$ 
        using &I &E id-act-prop Act-Basic-2[equiv-rl] by metis
    }
    thus  $[F = G \text{ in } v]$  unfolding identity-defs by (rule  $\forall I$ )
    qed
  end

instantiation  $\Pi_3 :: id-act$ 
begin
  instance proof
    interpret PLM .
    fix  $F :: \Pi_3$  and  $G :: \Pi_3$  and  $v :: i$ 
    assume  $a: [\mathcal{A}(F = G) \text{ in } v]$ 
    let  $?p = \lambda x y. (\lambda z. \langle F, z^P, x^P, y^P \rangle) = (\lambda z. \langle G, z^P, x^P, y^P \rangle)$ 
      &  $(\lambda z. \langle F, x^P, z^P, y^P \rangle) = (\lambda z. \langle G, x^P, z^P, y^P \rangle)$ 
      &  $(\lambda z. \langle F, x^P, y^P, z^P \rangle) = (\lambda z. \langle G, x^P, y^P, z^P \rangle)$ 
    {

```

```

fix x
{
  fix y
  have [ $\mathcal{A}(\text{?}p \ x \ y) \text{ in } v$ ]
    using  $a \text{ logic-actual-nec-3}[axiom-instance, equiv-lr]$ 
       $cqt-basic-4[equiv-lr] \ \forall E[\text{where } 'a=\nu]$ 
    unfolding  $identity_3-def$  by blast
  hence [ $\text{?}p \ x \ y \text{ in } v$ ]
    using  $\&I \ \&E \ id-act-prop \ Act-Basic-2[equiv-lr]$  by metis
}
hence [ $\forall \ y . \ \text{?}p \ x \ y \text{ in } v$ ]
  by (rule  $\forall I$ )
}
thus [ $F = G \text{ in } v$ ]
  unfolding  $identity_3-def$  by (rule  $\forall I$ )
qed
end

```

context  $PLM$

begin

lemma  $id-act-3[PLM]$ :

[ $((\alpha::('a::id-act)) = \beta) \equiv \mathcal{A}(\alpha = \beta) \text{ in } v$ ]  
 using  $\equiv I \ CP \ id-nec[equiv-lr, THEN \ nec-imp-act[deduction]]$   
 $id-act-prop$  by metis

lemma  $id-act-4[PLM]$ :

[ $((\alpha::('a::id-act)) \neq \beta) \equiv \mathcal{A}(\alpha \neq \beta) \text{ in } v$ ]  
 using  $id-act-3[THEN \ oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr]]$   
 $logic-actual-nec-1[axiom-instance, equiv-sym]$   
 $intro-elim-6-e$  by blast

lemma  $id-act-desc[PLM]$ :

[ $(y^P) = (\iota x . x = y) \text{ in } v$ ]  
 using  $descriptions[axiom-instance, equiv-rl]$   
 $id-act-3[equiv-sym] \ \forall I$  by fast

lemma  $eta-conversion-lemma-1[PLM]$ :

[ $(\lambda x . (F, x^P)) = F \text{ in } v$ ]  
 using  $lambda-predicates-3-1[axiom-instance]$  .

lemma  $eta-conversion-lemma-0[PLM]$ :

[ $(\lambda^0 p) = p \text{ in } v$ ]  
 using  $lambda-predicates-3-0[axiom-instance]$  .

lemma  $eta-conversion-lemma-2[PLM]$ :

[ $(\lambda^2 (\lambda x \ y . (F, x^P, y^P))) = F \text{ in } v$ ]  
 using  $lambda-predicates-3-2[axiom-instance]$  .

lemma  $eta-conversion-lemma-3[PLM]$ :

[ $(\lambda^3 (\lambda x \ y \ z . (F, x^P, y^P, z^P))) = F \text{ in } v$ ]  
 using  $lambda-predicates-3-3[axiom-instance]$  .

lemma  $lambda-p-q-p-eq-q[PLM]$ :

[ $((\lambda^0 p) = (\lambda^0 q)) \equiv (p = q) \text{ in } v$ ]  
 using  $eta-conversion-lemma-0$   
 $l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]$   
 $eta-conversion-lemma-0[eq-sym] \equiv I \ CP$   
 by metis

## 9.12 The Theory of Objects

lemma  $partition-1[PLM]$ :

[ $\forall \ x . (O!, x^P) \vee (A!, x^P) \text{ in } v$ ]

```

proof (rule  $\forall I$ )
  fix  $x$ 
  have  $[\Diamond(\langle E!, x^P \rangle) \vee \neg \Diamond(\langle E!, x^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by PLM-solver
  moreover have  $[\Diamond(\langle E!, x^P \rangle) \equiv (\lambda y . \Diamond(\langle E!, y^P \rangle), x^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply (rule beta-C-meta-1[equiv-sym])
    by show-proper
  moreover have  $[(\neg \Diamond(\langle E!, x^P \rangle)) \equiv (\lambda y . \neg \Diamond(\langle E!, y^P \rangle), x^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply (rule beta-C-meta-1[equiv-sym])
    by show-proper
  ultimately show  $[(\langle O!, x^P \rangle) \vee (\langle A!, x^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding Ordinary-def Abstract-def by PLM-solver
qed

```

```

lemma partition-2[PLM]:
   $[\neg(\exists x . (\langle O!, x^P \rangle) \ \& \ (\langle A!, x^P \rangle)) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof –
  {
    assume  $[\exists x . (\langle O!, x^P \rangle) \ \& \ (\langle A!, x^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
    then obtain  $b$  where  $[(\langle O!, b^P \rangle) \ \& \ (\langle A!, b^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
      by (rule  $\exists E$ )
    hence ?thesis
      using  $\&E$  oa-contingent-2[equiv-lr]
        reductio-aa-2 by fast
  }
  thus ?thesis
    using reductio-aa-2 by blast
qed

```

```

lemma ord-eg-Eequiv-1[PLM]:
   $[(\langle O!, x \rangle) \rightarrow (x =_E x) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule CP)
  assume  $[(\langle O!, x \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
  moreover have  $[\Box(\forall F . (\langle F, x \rangle) \equiv (\langle F, x \rangle)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by PLM-solver
  ultimately show  $[(x) =_E (x) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $\&I$  eq-E-simple-1[equiv-rl] by blast
qed

```

```

lemma ord-eg-Eequiv-2[PLM]:
   $[(x =_E y) \rightarrow (y =_E x) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule CP)
  assume  $[x =_E y \text{ in } v]$ 
  hence  $I: [(\langle O!, x \rangle) \ \& \ (\langle O!, y \rangle) \ \& \ \Box(\forall F . (\langle F, x \rangle) \equiv (\langle F, y \rangle)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using eq-E-simple-1[equiv-lr] by simp
  have  $[\Box(\forall F . (\langle F, y \rangle) \equiv (\langle F, x \rangle)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply (PLM-subst-method
       $\lambda F . (\langle F, x \rangle) \equiv (\langle F, y \rangle)$ 
       $\lambda F . (\langle F, y \rangle) \equiv (\langle F, x \rangle)$ 
    )
    using oth-class-taut-3-g 1[conj2] by auto
  thus  $[y =_E x \text{ in } v]$ 
    using eq-E-simple-1[equiv-rl] 1[conj1]
       $\&E$   $\&I$  by meson
qed

```

```

lemma ord-eg-Eequiv-3[PLM]:
   $[(x =_E y) \ \& \ (y =_E z) \rightarrow (x =_E z) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule CP)
  assume  $a: [(x =_E y) \ \& \ (y =_E z) \text{ in } v]$ 
  have  $[\Box(\forall F . (\langle F, x \rangle) \equiv (\langle F, y \rangle)) \ \& \ (\forall F . (\langle F, y \rangle) \equiv (\langle F, z \rangle)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using KBasic-3[equiv-rl]  $a[conj1]$ , THEN eq-E-simple-1[equiv-lr, conj2]
       $a[conj2]$ , THEN eq-E-simple-1[equiv-lr, conj2]  $\&I$  by blast
  moreover {

```

```

{
  fix w
  have [(( $\forall F . \langle F, x \rangle \equiv \langle F, y \rangle$ ) & ( $\forall F . \langle F, y \rangle \equiv \langle F, z \rangle$ ))
         $\rightarrow (\forall F . \langle F, x \rangle \equiv \langle F, z \rangle)$  in w]
    by PLM-solver
}
hence [ $\Box((\forall F . \langle F, x \rangle \equiv \langle F, y \rangle) \& (\forall F . \langle F, y \rangle \equiv \langle F, z \rangle))$ 
        $\rightarrow (\forall F . \langle F, x \rangle \equiv \langle F, z \rangle)$  in v]
  by (rule RN)
}
ultimately have [ $\Box(\forall F . \langle F, x \rangle \equiv \langle F, z \rangle)$  in v]
  using qml-1[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by blast
thus [ $x =_E z$  in v]
  using a[conj1, THEN eq-E-simple-1[equiv-lr, conj1, conj1]]
  using a[conj2, THEN eq-E-simple-1[equiv-lr, conj1, conj2]]
        eq-E-simple-1[equiv-rl] & I
  by presburger
qed

```

**lemma** *ord-eq-E-eq[PLM]*:

```

[[( $\langle O!, x^P \rangle \vee \langle O!, y^P \rangle$ )  $\rightarrow ((x^P = y^P) \equiv (x^P =_E y^P))$  in v]
proof (rule CP)
  assume [ $\langle O!, x^P \rangle \vee \langle O!, y^P \rangle$  in v]
  moreover {
    assume [ $\langle O!, x^P \rangle$  in v]
    hence [ $(x^P = y^P) \equiv (x^P =_E y^P)$  in v]
      using  $\equiv I$  CP l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
            ord-eq-Eequiv-1[deduction] eq-E-simple-2[deduction] by metis
  }
  moreover {
    assume [ $\langle O!, y^P \rangle$  in v]
    hence [ $(x^P = y^P) \equiv (x^P =_E y^P)$  in v]
      using  $\equiv I$  CP l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
            ord-eq-Eequiv-1[deduction] eq-E-simple-2[deduction] id-eq-2[deduction]
            ord-eq-Eequiv-2[deduction] identity-v-def by metis
  }
  ultimately show [ $(x^P = y^P) \equiv (x^P =_E y^P)$  in v]
    using intro-elim-4-a CP by blast
qed

```

**lemma** *ord-eq-E[PLM]*:

```

[[( $\langle O!, x^P \rangle \& \langle O!, y^P \rangle$ )  $\rightarrow ((\forall F . \langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle F, y^P \rangle) \rightarrow x^P =_E y^P)$  in v]
proof (rule CP; rule CP)
  assume ord-xy: [ $\langle O!, x^P \rangle \& \langle O!, y^P \rangle$  in v]
  assume [ $\forall F . \langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle F, y^P \rangle$  in v]
  hence [ $\langle \lambda z . z^P =_E x^P, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle \lambda z . z^P =_E x^P, y^P \rangle$  in v]
    by (rule  $\forall E$ )
  moreover have [ $\langle \lambda z . z^P =_E x^P, x^P \rangle$  in v]
    apply (rule beta-C-meta-1[equiv-rl])
    unfolding identity_E-infix-def
    apply show-proper
    using ord-eq-Eequiv-1[deduction] ord-xy[conj1]
    unfolding identity_E-infix-def by simp
  ultimately have [ $\langle \lambda z . z^P =_E x^P, y^P \rangle$  in v]
    using  $\equiv E$  by blast
  hence [ $y^P =_E x^P$  in v]
    unfolding identity_E-infix-def
    apply (safe intro!:
      beta-C-meta-1[where  $\varphi = \lambda z . \langle basic-identity_{E,z}, x^P \rangle, equiv-lr$ ])
    by show-proper
  thus [ $x^P =_E y^P$  in v]
    by (rule ord-eq-Eequiv-2[deduction])
qed

```

**lemma** *ord-eq-E2*[PLM]:  

$$[(\langle O!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle O!, y^P \rangle) \rightarrow ((x^P \neq y^P) \equiv (\lambda z . z^P =_E x^P) \neq (\lambda z . z^P =_E y^P)) \text{ in } v]$$
  
**proof** (*rule CP*; *rule  $\equiv I$* ; *rule CP*)  
**assume** *ord-xy*:  $[(\langle O!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle O!, y^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**assume**  $[x^P \neq y^P \text{ in } v]$   
**hence**  $[\neg(x^P =_E y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *eq-E-simple-2 modus-tollens-1* **by** *fast*  
**moreover** {  
**assume**  $[(\lambda z . z^P =_E x^P) = (\lambda z . z^P =_E y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**moreover have**  $[(\lambda z . z^P =_E x^P, x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*rule beta-C-meta-1*[*equiv-rl*])  
**unfolding** *identity<sub>E</sub>-infix-def*  
**apply** *show-proper*  
**using** *ord-eq-Eequiv-1*[*deduction*] *ord-xy*[*conjI*]  
**unfolding** *identity<sub>E</sub>-infix-def* **by** *presburger*  
**ultimately have**  $[(\lambda z . z^P =_E y^P, x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *l-identity*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*] **by** *fast*  
**hence**  $[x^P =_E y^P \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *identity<sub>E</sub>-infix-def*  
**apply** (*safe intro!*:  
*beta-C-meta-1*[**where**  $\varphi = \lambda z . (\langle \text{basic-identity}_{E,z,y^P} \rangle, \text{equiv-lr})$ ]  
**by** *show-proper*  
**}**  
**ultimately show**  $[(\lambda z . z^P =_E x^P) \neq (\lambda z . z^P =_E y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *modus-tollens-1 CP* **by** *blast*  
**next**  
**assume** *ord-xy*:  $[(\langle O!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle O!, y^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**assume**  $[(\lambda z . z^P =_E x^P) \neq (\lambda z . z^P =_E y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**moreover** {  
**assume**  $[x^P = y^P \text{ in } v]$   
**hence**  $[(\lambda z . z^P =_E x^P) = (\lambda z . z^P =_E y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *id-eq-1 l-identity*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*]  
**by** *fast*  
**}**  
**ultimately show**  $[x^P \neq y^P \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *modus-tollens-1 CP* **by** *blast*  
**qed**

**lemma** *ab-obey-1*[PLM]:  

$$[(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle A!, y^P \rangle) \rightarrow ((\forall F . \langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv \langle y^P, F \rangle) \rightarrow x^P = y^P) \text{ in } v]$$
  
**proof**(*rule CP*; *rule CP*)  
**assume** *abs-xy*:  $[(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle A!, y^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**assume** *enc-equiv*:  $[\forall F . \langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv \langle y^P, F \rangle \text{ in } v]$   
**{**  
**fix** *P*  
**have**  $[\langle x^P, P \rangle \equiv \langle y^P, P \rangle \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *enc-equiv* **by** (*rule  $\forall E$* )  
**hence**  $[\Box(\langle x^P, P \rangle \equiv \langle y^P, P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *en-eq-2 intro-elim-6-e intro-elim-6-f*  
*en-eq-5*[*equiv-rl*] **by** *meson*  
**}**  
**hence**  $[\Box(\forall F . \langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv \langle y^P, F \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *BF*[*deduction*]  $\forall I$  **by** *fast*  
**thus**  $[x^P = y^P \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *identity-defs*  
**using**  $\forall I(2)$  *abs-xy*  $\& I$  **by** *presburger*  
**qed**

**lemma** *ab-obey-2*[PLM]:  

$$[(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle A!, y^P \rangle) \rightarrow ((\exists F . \langle x^P, F \rangle \ \& \ \neg \langle y^P, F \rangle) \rightarrow x^P \neq y^P) \text{ in } v]$$
  
**proof**(*rule CP*; *rule CP*)

```

assume abs-xy: [ $\langle A!, x^P \rangle$  &  $\langle A!, y^P \rangle$  in  $v$ ]
assume [ $\exists F . \langle x^P, F \rangle$  &  $\neg \langle y^P, F \rangle$  in  $v$ ]
then obtain  $P$  where  $P$ -prop:
  [ $\langle x^P, P \rangle$  &  $\neg \langle y^P, P \rangle$  in  $v$ ]
  by (rule  $\exists E$ )
{
  assume [ $x^P = y^P$  in  $v$ ]
  hence [ $\langle x^P, P \rangle \equiv \langle y^P, P \rangle$  in  $v$ ]
    using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
      oth-class-taut-4-a by fast
  hence [ $\langle y^P, P \rangle$  in  $v$ ]
    using  $P$ -prop[conj1] by (rule  $\equiv E$ )
}
thus [ $x^P \neq y^P$  in  $v$ ]
  using  $P$ -prop[conj2] modus-tollens-1 CP by blast
qed

```

```

lemma ordnecfail[PLM]:
  [ $\langle O!, x^P \rangle \rightarrow \Box(\neg(\exists F . \langle x^P, F \rangle))$  in  $v$ ]
  proof (rule CP)
    assume [ $\langle O!, x^P \rangle$  in  $v$ ]
    hence [ $\Box(\langle O!, x^P \rangle)$  in  $v$ ]
      using oa-facts-1[deduction] by simp
    moreover hence [ $\Box(\langle O!, x^P \rangle \rightarrow (\neg(\exists F . \langle x^P, F \rangle)))$  in  $v$ ]
      using nocoder[axiom-necessitation, axiom-instance] by simp
    ultimately show [ $\Box(\neg(\exists F . \langle x^P, F \rangle))$  in  $v$ ]
      using qml-1[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by fast
  qed

```

```

lemma o-objects-exist-1[PLM]:
  [ $\Diamond(\exists x . \langle E!, x^P \rangle)$  in  $v$ ]
  proof –
    have [ $\Diamond(\exists x . \langle E!, x^P \rangle \text{ \& } \Diamond(\neg \langle E!, x^P \rangle))$  in  $v$ ]
      using qml-4[axiom-instance, conj1] .
    hence [ $\Diamond((\exists x . \langle E!, x^P \rangle) \text{ \& } (\exists x . \Diamond(\neg \langle E!, x^P \rangle)))$  in  $v$ ]
      using sign-S5-thm-3[deduction] by fast
    hence [ $\Diamond(\exists x . \langle E!, x^P \rangle) \text{ \& } \Diamond(\exists x . \Diamond(\neg \langle E!, x^P \rangle))$  in  $v$ ]
      using KBasic2-8[deduction] by blast
    thus ?thesis using &E by blast
  qed

```

```

lemma o-objects-exist-2[PLM]:
  [ $\Box(\exists x . \langle O!, x^P \rangle)$  in  $v$ ]
  apply (rule RN) unfolding Ordinary-def
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\lambda x . \Diamond \langle E!, x^P \rangle \lambda x . (\lambda y . \Diamond \langle E!, y^P \rangle, x^P)$ )
  apply (safe intro!: beta-C-meta-1[equiv-sym])
  apply show-proper
  using o-objects-exist-1 BF $\Diamond$ [deduction] by blast

```

```

lemma o-objects-exist-3[PLM]:
  [ $\Box(\neg(\forall x . \langle A!, x^P \rangle))$  in  $v$ ]
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $(\exists x . \neg \langle A!, x^P \rangle) \neg(\forall x . \langle A!, x^P \rangle)$ )
    using cqt-further-2[equiv-sym] apply fast
  apply (PLM-subst-method  $\lambda x . \langle O!, x^P \rangle \lambda x . \neg \langle A!, x^P \rangle$ )
  using oa-contingent-2 o-objects-exist-2 by auto

```

```

lemma a-objects-exist-1[PLM]:
  [ $\Box(\exists x . \langle A!, x^P \rangle)$  in  $v$ ]
  proof –
  {
    fix  $v$ 
    have [ $\exists x . \langle A!, x^P \rangle \text{ \& } (\forall F . \langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv (F = F))$  in  $v$ ]
      using A-objects[axiom-instance] by simp
  }

```

hence  $[\exists x . (|A!, x^P|) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *cqt-further-5*[*deduction, conj1*] by *fast*  
 }  
 thus *?thesis* by (rule *RN*)  
 qed

**lemma** *a-objects-exist-2*[*PLM*]:  
 $[\Box(\neg(\forall x . (|O!, x^P|)) \text{ in } v)]$   
 apply (*PLM-subst-method*  $(\exists x . \neg(|O!, x^P|) \neg(\forall x . (|O!, x^P|)))$ )  
 using *cqt-further-2*[*equiv-sym*] apply *fast*  
 apply (*PLM-subst-method*  $\lambda x . (|A!, x^P|) \lambda x . \neg(|O!, x^P|)$ )  
 using *oa-contingent-3 a-objects-exist-1* by *auto*

**lemma** *a-objects-exist-3*[*PLM*]:  
 $[\Box(\neg(\forall x . (|E!, x^P|)) \text{ in } v)]$   
**proof** –  
 {  
 fix *v*  
 have  $[\exists x . (|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F . \{x^P, F\} \equiv (F = F)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *A-objects*[*axiom-instance*] by *simp*  
 hence  $[\exists x . (|A!, x^P|) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *cqt-further-5*[*deduction, conj1*] by *fast*  
 then obtain *a* where  
 $[(|A!, a^P|) \text{ in } v]$   
 by (rule  $\exists E$ )  
 hence  $[\neg(\Diamond(|E!, a^P|)) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *Abstract-def*  
 apply (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-1*[*equiv-lr*])  
 by *show-proper*  
 hence  $[(\neg(|E!, a^P|)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *KBasic2-4*[*equiv-rl*] *qml-2*[*axiom-instance, deduction*]  
 by *simp*  
 hence  $[\neg(\forall x . (|E!, x^P|)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\exists I$  *cqt-further-2*[*equiv-rl*]  
 by *fast*  
 }  
 thus *?thesis*  
 by (rule *RN*)  
 qed

**lemma** *encoders-are-abstract*[*PLM*]:  
 $[(\exists F . \{x^P, F\} \rightarrow (|A!, x^P|) \text{ in } v)]$   
 using *nocoder*[*axiom-instance*] *contraposition-2*  
*oa-contingent-2*[*THEN oth-class-taut-5-d*[*equiv-lr*], *equiv-lr*]  
*useful-tautologies-1*[*deduction*]  
*vdash-properties-10 CP* by *metis*

**lemma** *A-objects-unique*[*PLM*]:  
 $[\exists! x . (|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F . \{x^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** –  
 have  $[\exists x . (|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F . \{x^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *A-objects*[*axiom-instance*] by *simp*  
 then obtain *a* where *a-prop*:  
 $[(|A!, a^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F . \{a^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F) \text{ in } v]$  by (rule  $\exists E$ )  
**moreover** have  $[\forall y . (|A!, y^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F . \{y^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F) \rightarrow (y = a) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (rule  $\forall I$ ; rule *CP*)  
 fix *b*  
 assume *b-prop*:  $[(|A!, b^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F . \{b^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F) \text{ in } v]$   
 {  
 fix *P*  
 have  $[\{b^P, P\} \equiv \{a^P, P\} \text{ in } v]$   
 using *a-prop*[*conj2*] *b-prop*[*conj2*]  $\equiv I \equiv E(1) \equiv E(2)$   
*CP vdash-properties-10*  $\forall E$  by *metis*



```

}
hence  $[\forall F . \llbracket b^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket a^P, F \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$ 
  using  $\forall I$  by fast
thus  $[b = a \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding identity- $\nu$ -def
  using ab-obey-1[deduction, deduction]
        a-prop[conj1] b-prop[conj1] &I by blast
qed
ultimately show ?thesis
  unfolding exists-unique-def
  using &I  $\exists I$  by fast
qed

```

**lemma** *obj-oth-1[PLM]*:  
 $[\exists! x . (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv (\llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *A-objects-unique* .

**lemma** *obj-oth-2[PLM]*:  
 $[\exists! x . (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv ((\llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ (\llbracket F, z^P \rrbracket))) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *A-objects-unique* .

**lemma** *obj-oth-3[PLM]*:  
 $[\exists! x . (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv ((\llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket) \vee (\llbracket F, z^P \rrbracket))) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *A-objects-unique* .

**lemma** *obj-oth-4[PLM]*:  
 $[\exists! x . (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv (\Box(\llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket))) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *A-objects-unique* .

**lemma** *obj-oth-5[PLM]*:  
 $[\exists! x . (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv (F = G)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *A-objects-unique* .

**lemma** *obj-oth-6[PLM]*:  
 $[\exists! x . (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \Box(\forall y . (\llbracket G, y^P \rrbracket \rightarrow (\llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket))) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *A-objects-unique* .

**lemma** *A-Exists-1[PLM]*:  
 $[\mathcal{A}(\exists! x :: ('a :: id-act) . \varphi x) \equiv (\exists! x . \mathcal{A}(\varphi x)) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding exists-unique-def  
 proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule CP)  
 assume  $[\mathcal{A}(\exists \alpha . \varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta . \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\exists \alpha . \mathcal{A}(\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta . \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using Act-Basic-11[equiv-lr] by blast  
 then obtain  $\alpha$  where  
 $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta . \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$   
 by (rule  $\exists E$ )  
 hence 1:  $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \alpha) \ \& \ \mathcal{A}(\forall \beta . \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 using Act-Basic-2[equiv-lr] by blast  
 have 2:  $[\forall \beta . \mathcal{A}(\varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 using 1[conj2] logic-actual-nec-3[axiom-instance, equiv-lr] by blast  
 {  
 fix  $\beta$   
 have  $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 using 2 by (rule  $\forall E$ )  
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \beta) \rightarrow (\beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 using logic-actual-nec-2[axiom-instance, equiv-lr, deduction]  
 id-act-3[equiv-rl] CP by blast  
 }  
 hence  $[\forall \beta . \mathcal{A}(\varphi \beta) \rightarrow (\beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 by (rule  $\forall I$ )  
 thus  $[\exists \alpha . \mathcal{A} \varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta . \mathcal{A} \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 using 1[conj1] &I  $\exists I$  by fast

```

next
  assume  $[\exists \alpha. \mathcal{A}\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \mathcal{A}\varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
  then obtain  $\alpha$  where 1:
     $[\mathcal{A}\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \mathcal{A}\varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  {
    fix  $\beta$ 
    have  $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \beta) \rightarrow \beta = \alpha \text{ in } v]$ 
      using 1[conj2] by (rule  $\forall E$ )
    hence  $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using logic-actual-nec-2[axiom-instance, equiv-rl] id-act-3[equiv-lr]
      vdash-properties-10 CP by blast
  }
  hence  $[\forall \beta. \mathcal{A}(\varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule  $\forall I$ )
  hence  $[\mathcal{A}(\forall \beta. \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using logic-actual-nec-3[axiom-instance, equiv-rl] by fast
  hence  $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using 1[conj1] Act-Basic-2[equiv-rl] &I by blast
  hence  $[\exists \alpha. \mathcal{A}(\varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $\exists I$  by fast
  thus  $[\mathcal{A}(\exists \alpha. \varphi \alpha \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \varphi \beta \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using Act-Basic-11[equiv-rl] by fast
qed

```

**lemma** *A-Exists-2*[PLM]:  
 $[(\exists y. y^P = (\iota x. \varphi x)) \equiv \mathcal{A}(\exists !x. \varphi x) \text{ in } v]$   
 using actual-desc-1 A-Exists-1[equiv-sym]  
 intro-elim-6-e by blast

**lemma** *A-descriptions*[PLM]:  
 $[\exists y. y^P = (\iota x. (|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using A-objects-unique[THEN RN, THEN nec-imp-act[deduction]]  
 A-Exists-2[equiv-rl] by auto

**lemma** *thm-can-terms2*[PLM]:  
 $[(y^P = (\iota x. (|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F)))$   
 $\rightarrow ((|A!, y^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F. \{y^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F)) \text{ in } dw]$   
 using y-in-2 by auto

**lemma** *can-ab2*[PLM]:  
 $[(y^P = (\iota x. (|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F))) \rightarrow (|A!, y^P|) \text{ in } v]$   
 proof (rule CP)  
 assume  $[y^P = (\iota x. (|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F)) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}(|A!, y^P|) \ \& \ \mathcal{A}(\forall F. \{y^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F) \text{ in } v]$   
 using nec-hintikka-scheme[equiv-lr, conj1]  
 Act-Basic-2[equiv-lr] by blast  
 thus  $[(|A!, y^P|) \text{ in } v]$   
 using oa-facts-8[equiv-rl] &E by blast  
 qed

**lemma** *desc-encode*[PLM]:  
 $[(\iota x. (|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F), G) \equiv \varphi G \text{ in } dw]$   
 proof –  
 obtain  $a$  where  
 $[a^P = (\iota x. (|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \equiv \varphi F)) \text{ in } dw]$   
 using A-descriptions by (rule  $\exists E$ )  
 moreover hence  $[\{a^P, G\} \equiv \varphi G \text{ in } dw]$   
 using hintikka[equiv-lr, conj1] &E  $\forall E$  by fast  
 ultimately show ?thesis  
 using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by fast  
 qed

**lemma** *desc-nec-encode*[PLM]:  
 $[\llbracket \iota x . (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \varphi F), G \rrbracket \equiv \mathcal{A}(\varphi G) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** –  
**obtain** *a* **where**  
 $[a^P = (\iota x . (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \varphi F)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *A-descriptions* **by** (rule  $\exists E$ )  
**moreover** {  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}(\llbracket A!, a^P \rrbracket \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket a^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \varphi F)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *nec-hintikka-scheme*[*equiv-lr*, *conj1*] **by** *fast*  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}(\forall F . \llbracket a^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \varphi F) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *Act-Basic-2*[*equiv-lr*, *conj2*] **by** *blast*  
**hence**  $[\forall F . \mathcal{A}(\llbracket a^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \varphi F) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *logic-actual-nec-3*[*axiom-instance*, *equiv-lr*] **by** *blast*  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}(\llbracket a^P, G \rrbracket \equiv \varphi G) \text{ in } v]$   
**using**  $\forall E$  **by** *fast*  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}\llbracket a^P, G \rrbracket \equiv \mathcal{A}(\varphi G) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *Act-Basic-5*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *fast*  
**hence**  $[\llbracket a^P, G \rrbracket \equiv \mathcal{A}(\varphi G) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *en-eq-10*[*equiv-sym*] *intro-elim-6-e* **by** *blast*  
}  
**ultimately show** *?thesis*  
**using** *l-identity*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*] **by** *fast*  
**qed**

**notepad**  
**begin**  
**fix** *v*  
**let**  $?x = \iota x . (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv (\exists q . q \ \& \ F = (\lambda y . q)))$   
**have**  $[\Box(\exists p . \text{ContingentlyTrue } p) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *cont-tf-thm-3* *RN* **by** *auto*  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}(\exists p . \text{ContingentlyTrue } p) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *nec-imp-act*[*deduction*] **by** *simp*  
**hence**  $[\exists p . \mathcal{A}(\text{ContingentlyTrue } p) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *Act-Basic-11*[*equiv-lr*] **by** *auto*  
**then obtain**  $p_1$  **where**  
 $[\mathcal{A}(\text{ContingentlyTrue } p_1) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (rule  $\exists E$ )  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}p_1 \text{ in } v]$   
**unfolding** *ContingentlyTrue-def*  
**using** *Act-Basic-2*[*equiv-lr*]  $\&E$  **by** *fast*  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}p_1 \ \& \ \mathcal{A}((\lambda y . p_1) = (\lambda y . p_1)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using**  $\&I$  *id-eq-1*[*THEN RN*, *THEN nec-imp-act*[*deduction*]] **by** *fast*  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}(p_1 \ \& \ (\lambda y . p_1) = (\lambda y . p_1)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *Act-Basic-2*[*equiv-rl*] **by** *fast*  
**hence**  $[\exists q . \mathcal{A}(q \ \& \ (\lambda y . p_1) = (\lambda y . q)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using**  $\exists I$  **by** *fast*  
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}(\exists q . q \ \& \ (\lambda y . p_1) = (\lambda y . q)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *Act-Basic-11*[*equiv-rl*] **by** *fast*  
**moreover have**  $[\llbracket ?x, \lambda y . p_1 \rrbracket \equiv \mathcal{A}(\exists q . q \ \& \ (\lambda y . p_1) = (\lambda y . q)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *desc-nec-encode* **by** *fast*  
**ultimately have**  $[\llbracket ?x, \lambda y . p_1 \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$   
**using**  $\equiv E$  **by** *blast*  
**end**

**lemma** *Box-desc-encode-I*[PLM]:  
 $[\Box(\varphi G \rightarrow \llbracket \iota x . (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \varphi F)), G \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (rule *CP*)  
**assume**  $[\Box(\varphi G) \text{ in } v]$   
**hence**  $[\mathcal{A}(\varphi G) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *nec-imp-act*[*deduction*] **by** *auto*  
**thus**  $[\llbracket \iota x . (\llbracket A!, x^P \rrbracket \ \& \ (\forall F . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \varphi F)), G \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *desc-nec-encode*[*equiv-rl*] **by** *simp*  
**qed**

**lemma** *Box-desc-encode-2*[PLM]:  
 $\boxed{(\varphi \ G) \rightarrow \boxed{(\iota x . (\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F))}, G \equiv \varphi \ G \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (*rule CP*)  
  **assume**  $a: \boxed{(\varphi \ G) \text{ in } v}$   
  **hence**  $\boxed{(\iota x . (\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F))}, G \rightarrow \varphi \ G \text{ in } v]$   
    **using** *KBasic-1*[*deduction*] **by** *simp*  
  **moreover** {  
    **have**  $\boxed{(\iota x . (\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F))}, G \text{ in } v]$   
      **using** *a Box-desc-encode-1*[*deduction*] **by** *auto*  
    **hence**  $\boxed{(\iota x . (\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F))}, G \text{ in } v]$   
      **using** *encoding*[*axiom-instance, deduction*] **by** *blast*  
    **hence**  $\boxed{(\varphi \ G \rightarrow \Box(\iota x . (\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F))}, G \text{ in } v]$   
      **using** *KBasic-1*[*deduction*] **by** *simp*  
  }  
  **ultimately show**  $\boxed{(\iota x . (\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F))}, G \equiv \varphi \ G \text{ in } v]$   
    **using** *&I KBasic-4*[*equiv-rl*] **by** *blast*  
**qed**

**lemma** *box-phi-a-1*[PLM]:  
**assumes**  $\boxed{(\forall F . \varphi \ F \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \ F)) \text{ in } v}$   
**shows**  $\boxed{(\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F)} \rightarrow \boxed{(\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F)} \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (*rule CP*)  
  **assume**  $a: \boxed{(\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F)} \text{ in } v]$   
  **have**  $\boxed{(\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F)} \text{ in } v]$   
    **using** *oa-facts-2*[*deduction*] *a*[*conj1*] **by** *auto*  
  **moreover have**  $\boxed{(\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F)} \text{ in } v]$   
  **proof** (*rule BF*[*deduction*]; *rule*  $\forall I$ )  
    **fix**  $F$   
    **have**  $\vartheta: \boxed{(\varphi \ F \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \ F)) \text{ in } v}$   
      **using** *assms*[*THEN CBF*[*deduction*]] **by** (*rule*  $\forall E$ )  
    **moreover have**  $\boxed{(\Box x^P, F) \rightarrow \Box \Box x^P, F)} \text{ in } v]$   
      **using** *encoding*[*axiom-necessitation, axiom-instance*] **by** *simp*  
    **moreover have**  $\boxed{(\Box \Box x^P, F) \equiv \Box(\varphi \ F) \text{ in } v}]$   
    **proof** (*rule*  $\equiv I$ ; *rule* *CP*)  
      **assume**  $\boxed{(\Box \Box x^P, F) \text{ in } v}]$   
      **hence**  $\boxed{(\Box x^P, F) \text{ in } v}]$   
      **using** *qml-2*[*axiom-instance, deduction*] **by** *blast*  
      **hence**  $\varphi \ F \text{ in } v]$   
      **using** *a*[*conj2*]  $\forall E$ [*where*  $'a = \Pi_1$ ]  $\equiv E$  **by** *blast*  
      **thus**  $\boxed{(\varphi \ F) \text{ in } v}]$   
      **using**  $\vartheta$ [*THEN qml-2*[*axiom-instance, deduction*], *deduction*] **by** *simp*  
    **next**  
    **assume**  $\boxed{(\varphi \ F) \text{ in } v}]$   
    **hence**  $\varphi \ F \text{ in } v]$   
      **using** *qml-2*[*axiom-instance, deduction*] **by** *blast*  
    **hence**  $\boxed{(\Box x^P, F) \text{ in } v}]$   
      **using** *a*[*conj2*]  $\forall E$ [*where*  $'a = \Pi_1$ ]  $\equiv E$  **by** *blast*  
    **thus**  $\boxed{(\Box \Box x^P, F) \text{ in } v}]$   
      **using** *encoding*[*axiom-instance, deduction*] **by** *simp*  
    **qed**  
  **ultimately show**  $\boxed{(\Box(\Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F) \text{ in } v}]$   
    **using** *sc-eg-box-box-3*[*deduction, deduction*] *&I* **by** *blast*  
**qed**  
  **ultimately show**  $\boxed{(\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F)} \text{ in } v]$   
    **using** *&I KBasic-3*[*equiv-rl*] **by** *blast*  
**qed**

**lemma** *box-phi-a-2*[PLM]:  
**assumes**  $\boxed{(\forall F . \varphi \ F \rightarrow \Box(\varphi \ F)) \text{ in } v}]$   
**shows**  $\Box y^P = (\iota x . (\Box A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \Box x^P, F) \equiv \varphi \ F))$

```

      → (( $\downarrow A!, y^P$ ) & ( $\forall F . \downarrow y^P, F \equiv \varphi F$ )) in v]
proof -
  let  $? \psi = \lambda x . (\downarrow A!, x^P) \& (\forall F . \downarrow x^P, F \equiv \varphi F)$ 
  have [ $\forall x . ? \psi x \rightarrow \Box(? \psi x)$  in v]
    using box-phi-a-1[OF assms]  $\forall I$  by fast
  hence [ $(\exists! x . ? \psi x) \rightarrow (\forall y . y^P = (\iota x . ? \psi x) \rightarrow ? \psi y)$  in v]
    using unique-box-desc[deduction] by fast
  hence [ $(\forall y . y^P = (\iota x . ? \psi x) \rightarrow ? \psi y)$  in v]
    using A-objects-unique modus-ponens by blast
  thus ?thesis by (rule  $\forall E$ )
qed

lemma box-phi-a-3[PLM]:
  assumes [ $\Box(\forall F . \varphi F \rightarrow \Box(\varphi F))$  in v]
  shows [ $\downarrow \iota x . (\downarrow A!, x^P) \& (\forall F . \downarrow x^P, F \equiv \varphi F), G \equiv \varphi G$  in v]
proof -
  obtain a where
    [ $a^P = (\iota x . (\downarrow A!, x^P) \& (\forall F . \downarrow x^P, F \equiv \varphi F))$  in v]
    using A-descriptions by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  moreover {
    hence [ $(\forall F . \downarrow a^P, F \equiv \varphi F)$  in v]
      using box-phi-a-2[OF assms, deduction, conj2] by blast
    hence [ $\downarrow a^P, G \equiv \varphi G$  in v] by (rule  $\forall E$ )
  }
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by fast
qed

lemma null-uni-uniq-1[PLM]:
  [ $\exists! x . \text{Null}(x^P)$  in v]
proof -
  have [ $\exists x . (\downarrow A!, x^P) \& (\forall F . \downarrow x^P, F \equiv (F \neq F))$  in v]
    using A-objects[axiom-instance] by simp
  then obtain a where a-prop:
    [ $\downarrow A!, a^P \& (\forall F . \downarrow a^P, F \equiv (F \neq F))$  in v]
    by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  have 1: [ $\downarrow A!, a^P \& (\neg(\exists F . \downarrow a^P, F))$  in v]
    using a-prop[conj1] apply (rule  $\&I$ )
  proof -
    {
      assume [ $\exists F . \downarrow a^P, F$  in v]
      then obtain P where
        [ $\downarrow a^P, P$  in v] by (rule  $\exists E$ )
      hence [ $P \neq P$  in v]
        using a-prop[conj2, THEN  $\forall E$ , equiv-lr] by simp
      hence [ $\neg(\exists F . \downarrow a^P, F)$  in v]
        using id-eq-1 reductio-aa-1 by fast
    }
    thus [ $\neg(\exists F . \downarrow a^P, F)$  in v]
      using reductio-aa-1 by blast
  qed
  moreover have [ $\forall y . ((\downarrow A!, y^P) \& (\neg(\exists F . \downarrow y^P, F))) \rightarrow y = a$  in v]
  proof (rule  $\forall I$ ; rule CP)
    fix y
    assume 2: [ $\downarrow A!, y^P \& (\neg(\exists F . \downarrow y^P, F))$  in v]
    have [ $\forall F . \downarrow y^P, F \equiv \downarrow a^P, F$  in v]
      using cqt-further-12[deduction] 1[conj2] 2[conj2] &I by blast
    thus [ $y = a$  in v]
      using ab-obey-1[deduction, deduction]
      &I[OF 2[conj1] 1[conj1]] identity- $\nu$ -def by presburger
  qed
  ultimately show ?thesis
    using &I  $\exists I$ 

```

unfolding *Null-def exists-unique-def* by fast  
qed

**lemma** *null-uni-uniq-2[PLM]*:  
 $[\exists! x . \text{Universal}(x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** –  
 have  $[\exists x . (\downarrow A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \downarrow x^P, F) \equiv (F = F)] \text{ in } v$   
 using *A-objects[axiom-instance]* by simp  
 then obtain *a* where *a-prop*:  
 $[(\downarrow A!, a^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \downarrow a^P, F) \equiv (F = F)] \text{ in } v$   
 by (*rule*  $\exists E$ )  
 have *1*:  $[(\downarrow A!, a^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \downarrow a^P, F)] \text{ in } v$   
 using *a-prop[conj1]* apply (*rule*  $\&I$ )  
 using  $\forall I$  *a-prop[conj2]*, *THEN*  $\forall E$ , *equiv-rl* *id-eq-1* by fast  
 moreover have  $[\forall y . ((\downarrow A!, y^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \downarrow y^P, F)) \rightarrow y = a] \text{ in } v$   
**proof** (*rule*  $\forall I$ ; *rule* *CP*)  
 fix *y*  
 assume *2*:  $[(\downarrow A!, y^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \downarrow y^P, F)] \text{ in } v$   
 have  $[\forall F . \downarrow y^P, F] \equiv \downarrow a^P, F] \text{ in } v$   
 using *cqt-further-11[deduction]* *1[conj2]* *2[conj2]*  $\&I$  by blast  
 thus  $[y = a] \text{ in } v$   
 using *ab-obey-1[deduction, deduction]*  
 $\&I[OF \ 2[conj1] \ 1[conj1]]$  *identity-ν-def*  
 by *presburger*  
 qed  
 ultimately show *?thesis*  
 using  $\&I \exists I$   
 unfolding *Universal-def exists-unique-def* by fast  
 qed

**lemma** *null-uni-uniq-3[PLM]*:  
 $[\exists y . y^P = (\iota x . \text{Null}(x^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *null-uni-uniq-1[THEN RN, THEN nec-imp-act[deduction]]*  
*A-Exists-2[equiv-rl]* by auto

**lemma** *null-uni-uniq-4[PLM]*:  
 $[\exists y . y^P = (\iota x . \text{Universal}(x^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *null-uni-uniq-2[THEN RN, THEN nec-imp-act[deduction]]*  
*A-Exists-2[equiv-rl]* by auto

**lemma** *null-uni-facts-1[PLM]*:  
 $[\text{Null}(x^P) \rightarrow \Box(\text{Null}(x^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof** (*rule* *CP*)  
 assume  $[\text{Null}(x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence *1*:  $[(\downarrow A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\neg(\exists F . \downarrow x^P, F))] \text{ in } v$   
 unfolding *Null-def* .  
 have  $[\Box(\downarrow A!, x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *1[conj1]* *oa-facts-2[deduction]* by simp  
 moreover have  $[\Box(\neg(\exists F . \downarrow x^P, F))] \text{ in } v$   
**proof** –  
 {  
 assume  $[\neg\Box(\neg(\exists F . \downarrow x^P, F))] \text{ in } v$   
 hence  $[\Diamond(\exists F . \downarrow x^P, F) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *diamond-def* .  
 hence  $[\exists F . \Diamond \downarrow x^P, F] \text{ in } v$   
 using *BF $\Diamond$ [deduction]* by blast  
 then obtain *P* where  $[\Diamond \downarrow x^P, P] \text{ in } v$   
 by (*rule*  $\exists E$ )  
 hence  $[\downarrow x^P, P] \text{ in } v$   
 using *en-eq-3[equiv-lr]* by simp  
 hence  $[\exists F . \downarrow x^P, F] \text{ in } v$   
 using  $\exists I$  by fast  
 }  
 qed

```

    thus ?thesis
      using 1[conj2] modus-tollens-1 CP
            useful-tautologies-1[deduction] by metis
  qed
ultimately show [□Null (xP) in v]
  unfolding Null-def
  using &I KBasic-3[equiv-rl] by blast
qed

```

```

lemma null-uni-facts-2[PLM]:
  [Universal (xP) → □(Universal (xP)) in v]
proof (rule CP)
  assume [Universal (xP) in v]
  hence 1: [(!A!, xP) & (∀ F . !xP, F)] in v
  unfolding Universal-def .
  have [□(!A!, xP) in v]
  using 1[conj1] oa-facts-2[deduction] by simp
  moreover have [□(∀ F . !xP, F)] in v
  proof (rule BF[deduction]; rule ∀ I)
    fix F
    have [!xP, F] in v
    using 1[conj2] by (rule ∀ E)
    thus [□!xP, F] in v
    using encoding[axiom-instance, deduction] by auto
  qed
  ultimately show [□Universal (xP) in v]
  unfolding Universal-def
  using &I KBasic-3[equiv-rl] by blast
qed

```

```

lemma null-uni-facts-3[PLM]:
  [Null (a∅) in v]
proof -
  let ?ψ = λ x . Null x
  have [((∃! x . ?ψ (xP)) → (∀ y . yP = (ιx . ?ψ (xP)) → ?ψ (yP))) in v]
  using unique-box-desc[deduction] null-uni-facts-1[THEN ∀ I] by fast
  have 1: [(∀ y . yP = (ιx . ?ψ (xP)) → ?ψ (yP)) in v]
  using unique-box-desc[deduction, deduction] null-uni-uniq-1
        null-uni-facts-1[THEN ∀ I] by fast
  have [∃ y . yP = (a∅) in v]
  unfolding NullObject-def using null-uni-uniq-3 .
  then obtain y where [yP = (a∅) in v]
  by (rule ∃ E)
  moreover hence [?ψ (yP) in v]
  using 1[THEN ∀ E, deduction] unfolding NullObject-def by simp
  ultimately show [?ψ (a∅) in v]
  using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by blast
qed

```

```

lemma null-uni-facts-4[PLM]:
  [Universal (aV) in v]
proof -
  let ?ψ = λ x . Universal x
  have [((∃! x . ?ψ (xP)) → (∀ y . yP = (ιx . ?ψ (xP)) → ?ψ (yP))) in v]
  using unique-box-desc[deduction] null-uni-facts-2[THEN ∀ I] by fast
  have 1: [(∀ y . yP = (ιx . ?ψ (xP)) → ?ψ (yP)) in v]
  using unique-box-desc[deduction, deduction] null-uni-uniq-2
        null-uni-facts-2[THEN ∀ I] by fast
  have [∃ y . yP = (aV) in v]
  unfolding UniversalObject-def using null-uni-uniq-4 .
  then obtain y where [yP = (aV) in v]
  by (rule ∃ E)
  moreover hence [?ψ (yP) in v]

```

using 1[*THEN*  $\forall E$ , *deduction*]  
 unfolding *UniversalObject-def* by *simp*  
 ultimately show [ $\psi$  ( $\mathbf{a}_V$ ) in  $v$ ]  
 using *l-identity*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*] by *blast*  
 qed

lemma *aclassical-1*[*PLM*]:

$[\forall R . \exists x y . (A!, x^P) \ \& \ (A!, y^P) \ \& \ (x \neq y)$   
 $\ \& \ (\lambda z . (R, z^P, x^P)) = (\lambda z . (R, z^P, y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
 proof (rule  $\forall I$ )  
 fix  $R$   
 obtain  $a$  where  $\vartheta$ :  
 $[(A!, a^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \{a^P, F\} \equiv (\exists y . (A!, y^P) \ \& \ F = (\lambda z . (R, z^P, y^P)) \ \& \ \neg\{y^P, F\}))) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *A-objects*[*axiom-instance*] by (rule  $\exists E$ )  
 {  
 assume  $[\neg\{a^P, (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P))\} \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\neg((A!, a^P) \ \& \ (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P)) = (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P))$   
 $\ \& \ \neg\{a^P, (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P))\}) \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\vartheta$ [*conj2*, *THEN*  $\forall E$ , *THEN oth-class-taut-5-d*[*equiv-lr*], *equiv-lr*]  
*cqt-further-4*[*equiv-lr*]  $\forall E$  by *fast*  
 hence  $[(A!, a^P) \ \& \ (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P)) = (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P))$   
 $\rightarrow \{a^P, (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P))\} \text{ in } v]$   
 apply – by *PLM-solver*  
 hence  $[\{a^P, (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P))\} \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\vartheta$ [*conj1*] *id-eq-1* & *I vdash-properties-10* by *fast*  
 }  
 hence 1:  $[\{a^P, (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P))\} \text{ in } v]$   
 using *reductio-aa-1* *CP if-p-then-p* by *blast*  
 then obtain  $b$  where  $\xi$ :  
 $[(A!, b^P) \ \& \ (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P)) = (\lambda z . (R, z^P, b^P))$   
 $\ \& \ \neg\{b^P, (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P))\} \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\vartheta$ [*conj2*, *THEN*  $\forall E$ , *equiv-lr*]  $\exists E$  by *blast*  
 have  $[a \neq b \text{ in } v]$   
 proof –  
 {  
 assume  $[a = b \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\{b^P, (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P))\} \text{ in } v]$   
 using 1 *l-identity*[*axiom-instance*, *deduction*, *deduction*] by *fast*  
 hence *?thesis*  
 using  $\xi$ [*conj2*] *reductio-aa-1* by *blast*  
 }  
 thus *?thesis* using *reductio-aa-1* by *blast*  
 qed  
 hence  $[(A!, a^P) \ \& \ (A!, b^P) \ \& \ a \neq b$   
 $\ \& \ (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P)) = (\lambda z . (R, z^P, b^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\vartheta$ [*conj1*]  $\xi$ [*conj1*, *conj1*]  $\xi$ [*conj1*, *conj2*] & *I* by *presburger*  
 hence  $[\exists y . (A!, a^P) \ \& \ (A!, y^P) \ \& \ a \neq y$   
 $\ \& \ (\lambda z . (R, z^P, a^P)) = (\lambda z . (R, z^P, y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\exists I$  by *fast*  
 thus  $[\exists x y . (A!, x^P) \ \& \ (A!, y^P) \ \& \ x \neq y$   
 $\ \& \ (\lambda z . (R, z^P, x^P)) = (\lambda z . (R, z^P, y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\exists I$  by *fast*  
 qed

lemma *aclassical-2*[*PLM*]:

$[\forall R . \exists x y . (A!, x^P) \ \& \ (A!, y^P) \ \& \ (x \neq y)$   
 $\ \& \ (\lambda z . (R, x^P, z^P)) = (\lambda z . (R, y^P, z^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
 proof (rule  $\forall I$ )  
 fix  $R$   
 obtain  $a$  where  $\vartheta$ :  
 $[(A!, a^P) \ \& \ (\forall F . \{a^P, F\} \equiv (\exists y . (A!, y^P) \ \& \ F = (\lambda z . (R, y^P, z^P)) \ \& \ \neg\{y^P, F\}))) \text{ in } v]$



```

using A-objects[axiom-instance] by (rule  $\exists E$ )
{
  assume  $[\neg \{a^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
  hence  $[\neg(\langle A!, a^P \rangle \ \& \ (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle)) = (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle)$ 
     $\& \neg \{a^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $\vartheta[\text{conj2}, \text{THEN } \forall E, \text{THEN oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr], equiv-lr}]$ 
     $\text{cqt-further-4[equiv-lr]} \ \forall E \text{ by fast}$ 
  hence  $[\langle A!, a^P \rangle \ \& \ (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle) = (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle)$ 
     $\rightarrow \{a^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply – by PLM-solver
  hence  $[\{a^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $\vartheta[\text{conj1}] \text{ id-eq-1 } \& I \text{ vdash-properties-10 by fast}$ 
}
hence 1:  $[\{a^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
  using reductio-aa-1 CP if-p-then-p by blast
then obtain b where  $\xi$ :
 $[\langle A!, b^P \rangle \ \& \ (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle) = (\lambda z. \langle R, b^P, z^P \rangle)$ 
 $\& \neg \{b^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
  using  $\vartheta[\text{conj2}, \text{THEN } \forall E, \text{equiv-lr}] \ \exists E \text{ by blast}$ 
have  $[a \neq b \text{ in } v]$ 
  proof –
  {
    assume  $[a = b \text{ in } v]$ 
    hence  $[\{b^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
      using 1 l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by fast
    hence ?thesis using  $\xi[\text{conj2}] \text{ reductio-aa-1 by blast}$ 
  }
  thus ?thesis using  $\xi[\text{conj2}] \text{ reductio-aa-1 by blast}$ 
qed
hence  $[\langle A!, a^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle A!, b^P \rangle \ \& \ a \neq b$ 
 $\& \ (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle) = (\lambda z. \langle R, b^P, z^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using  $\vartheta[\text{conj1}] \ \xi[\text{conj1}, \text{conj2}] \ \& I \text{ by presburger}$ 
hence  $[\exists y. \langle A!, a^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle A!, y^P \rangle \ \& \ a \neq y$ 
 $\& \ (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P, z^P \rangle) = (\lambda z. \langle R, y^P, z^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using  $\exists I \text{ by fast}$ 
thus  $[\exists x y. \langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle A!, y^P \rangle \ \& \ x \neq y$ 
 $\& \ (\lambda z. \langle R, x^P, z^P \rangle) = (\lambda z. \langle R, y^P, z^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$ 
  using  $\exists I \text{ by fast}$ 
qed

```

**lemma** *aclassical-3[PLM]*:

```

 $[\forall F. \exists x y. \langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle A!, y^P \rangle \ \& \ (x \neq y)$ 
 $\& \ ((\lambda^0 \langle F, x^P \rangle) = (\lambda^0 \langle F, y^P \rangle)) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule  $\forall I$ )
  fix R
  obtain a where  $\vartheta$ :
     $[\langle A!, a^P \rangle \ \& \ (\forall F. \{a^P, F\} \equiv (\exists y. \langle A!, y^P \rangle$ 
 $\& \ F = (\lambda z. \langle R, y^P \rangle) \ \& \ \neg \{y^P, F\})) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using A-objects[axiom-instance] by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  {
    assume  $[\neg \{a^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
    hence  $[\neg(\langle A!, a^P \rangle \ \& \ (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P \rangle)) = (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P \rangle)$ 
       $\& \neg \{a^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
      using  $\vartheta[\text{conj2}, \text{THEN } \forall E, \text{THEN oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr], equiv-lr}]$ 
       $\text{cqt-further-4[equiv-lr]} \ \forall E \text{ by fast}$ 
    hence  $[\langle A!, a^P \rangle \ \& \ (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P \rangle) = (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P \rangle)$ 
       $\rightarrow \{a^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
      apply – by PLM-solver
    hence  $[\{a^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
      using  $\vartheta[\text{conj1}] \text{ id-eq-1 } \& I \text{ vdash-properties-10 by fast}$ 
  }
  hence 1:  $[\{a^P, (\lambda z. \langle R, a^P \rangle)\} \text{ in } v]$ 
    using reductio-aa-1 CP if-p-then-p by blast

```

**then obtain  $b$  where  $\xi$ :**  
 $[(\lambda! , b^P) \ \& \ (\lambda \ z \ . \ (R, a^P)) = (\lambda \ z \ . \ (R, b^P))$   
 $\ \& \ \neg \llbracket b^P, (\lambda \ z \ . \ (R, a^P)) \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$   
**using  $\vartheta[conj2, THEN \forall E, equiv-lr] \exists E$  by *blast***  
**have  $[a \neq b \text{ in } v]$**   
**proof –**  
 $\{$   
 $\ \text{assume } [a = b \text{ in } v]$   
 $\ \text{hence } [\llbracket b^P, (\lambda \ z \ . \ (R, a^P)) \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$   
 $\ \ \text{using } 1 \text{ l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by fast}$   
 $\ \text{hence } ?thesis$   
 $\ \ \text{using } \xi[conj2] \text{ reductio-aa-1 by blast}$   
 $\}$   
**thus  $?thesis$  using *reductio-aa-1* by *blast***  
**qed**  
**moreover  $\{$**   
 $\ \text{have } [(R, a^P) = (R, b^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 $\ \ \text{unfolding identity}_o\text{-def}$   
 $\ \ \text{using } \xi[conj1, conj2] \text{ by auto}$   
 $\ \text{hence } [(\lambda^0 (R, a^P)) = (\lambda^0 (R, b^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
 $\ \ \text{using lambda-p-q-p-eq-q[equiv-rl] by simp}$   
 $\}$   
**ultimately have  $[(\lambda! , a^P) \ \& \ (\lambda! , b^P) \ \& \ a \neq b$**   
 $\ \ \& \ ((\lambda^0 (R, a^P)) = (\lambda^0 (R, b^P))) \text{ in } v]$   
**using  $\vartheta[conj1] \xi[conj1, conj1] \xi[conj1, conj2] \ \& I$**   
**by *presburger***  
**hence  $[\exists \ y \ . \ (\lambda! , a^P) \ \& \ (\lambda! , y^P) \ \& \ a \neq y$**   
 $\ \ \& \ (\lambda^0 (R, a^P)) = (\lambda^0 (R, y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using  $\exists I$  by *fast***  
**thus  $[\exists \ x \ y \ . \ (\lambda! , x^P) \ \& \ (\lambda! , y^P) \ \& \ x \neq y$**   
 $\ \ \& \ (\lambda^0 (R, x^P)) = (\lambda^0 (R, y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using  $\exists I$  by *fast***  
**qed**

**lemma *aclassical2[PLM]*:**

$[\exists \ x \ y \ . \ (\lambda! , x^P) \ \& \ (\lambda! , y^P) \ \& \ x \neq y \ \& \ (\forall \ F \ . \ (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**proof –**  
 $\text{let } ?R_1 = \lambda^2 (\lambda \ x \ y \ . \ \forall \ F \ . \ (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P))$   
**have  $[\exists \ x \ y \ . \ (\lambda! , x^P) \ \& \ (\lambda! , y^P) \ \& \ x \neq y$**   
 $\ \ \& \ (\lambda z. (\lambda^2 ?R_1, z^P, x^P)) = (\lambda z. (\lambda^2 ?R_1, z^P, y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using *aclassical-1* by (rule  $\forall E$ )**  
**then obtain  $a$  where**  
 $[\exists \ y \ . \ (\lambda! , a^P) \ \& \ (\lambda! , y^P) \ \& \ a \neq y$   
 $\ \ \& \ (\lambda z. (\lambda^2 ?R_1, z^P, a^P)) = (\lambda z. (\lambda^2 ?R_1, z^P, y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by (rule  $\exists E$ )**  
**then obtain  $b$  where *ab-prop*:**  
 $[(\lambda! , a^P) \ \& \ (\lambda! , b^P) \ \& \ a \neq b$   
 $\ \ \& \ (\lambda z. (\lambda^2 ?R_1, z^P, a^P)) = (\lambda z. (\lambda^2 ?R_1, z^P, b^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by (rule  $\exists E$ )**  
**have  $[(\lambda^2 ?R_1, a^P, a^P) \text{ in } v]$**   
**apply (rule *beta-C-meta-2[equiv-rl]*)**  
**apply *show-proper***  
**using *oth-class-taut-4-a[THEN  $\forall I$ ]* by *fast***  
**hence  $[(\lambda \ z \ . \ (\lambda^2 ?R_1, z^P, a^P), a^P) \text{ in } v]$**   
**apply – apply (rule *beta-C-meta-1[equiv-rl]*)**  
**apply *show-proper***  
**by *auto***  
**hence  $[(\lambda \ z \ . \ (\lambda^2 ?R_1, z^P, b^P), a^P) \text{ in } v]$**   
**using *ab-prop[conj2] l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]***  
**by *fast***  
**hence  $[(\lambda^2 ?R_1, a^P, b^P) \text{ in } v]$**   
**apply (*safe intro!*: *beta-C-meta-1*[**where  $\varphi =$****   
 $\ \lambda z \ . \ (\lambda^2 (\lambda \ x \ y \ . \ \forall \ F \ . \ (F, x^P) \equiv (F, y^P)), z, b^P), equiv-lr])$

```

    by show-proper
  moreover have IsProperInXY ( $\lambda x y. \forall F. (\llbracket F, x \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, y \rrbracket)$ )
    by show-proper
  ultimately have  $[\forall F. (\llbracket F, a^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, b^P \rrbracket) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using beta-C-meta-2[equiv-lr] by blast
  hence  $[(\llbracket A!, a^P \rrbracket \ \& \ \llbracket A!, b^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ a \neq b \ \& \ (\forall F. (\llbracket F, a^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, b^P \rrbracket)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using ab-prop[conj1] & I by presburger
  hence  $[\exists y. (\llbracket A!, a^P \rrbracket \ \& \ \llbracket A!, y^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ a \neq y \ \& \ (\forall F. (\llbracket F, a^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $\exists I$  by fast
  thus ?thesis using  $\exists I$  by fast
qed

```

### 9.13 Propositional Properties

**lemma** *prop-prop2-1*:

```

 $[\forall p. \exists F. F = (\lambda x. p) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule  $\forall I$ )
  fix p
  have  $[(\lambda x. p) = (\lambda x. p) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using id-eq-prop-prop-1 by auto
  thus  $[\exists F. F = (\lambda x. p) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by PLM-solver
qed

```

**lemma** *prop-prop2-2*:

```

 $[F = (\lambda x. p) \rightarrow \Box(\forall x. (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv p) \text{ in } v)]$ 
proof (rule CP)
  assume 1:  $[F = (\lambda x. p) \text{ in } v]$ 
  {
    fix v
    {
      fix x
      have  $[(\llbracket (\lambda x. p), x^P \rrbracket \equiv p) \text{ in } v]$ 
        apply (rule beta-C-meta-1)
        by show-proper
    }
    hence  $[\forall x. (\llbracket (\lambda x. p), x^P \rrbracket \equiv p) \text{ in } v]$ 
      by (rule  $\forall I$ )
  }
  hence  $[\Box(\forall x. (\llbracket (\lambda x. p), x^P \rrbracket \equiv p) \text{ in } v)]$ 
    by (rule RN)
  thus  $[\Box(\forall x. (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv p) \text{ in } v)]$ 
    using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction,
      OF 1[THEN id-eq-prop-prop-2[deduction]]] by fast
qed

```

**lemma** *prop-prop2-3*:

```

 $[Propositional F \rightarrow \Box(Propositional F) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule CP)
  assume  $[Propositional F \text{ in } v]$ 
  hence  $[\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p) \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding Propositional-def .
  then obtain q where  $[F = (\lambda x. q) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  hence  $[\Box(F = (\lambda x. q)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using id-nec[equiv-lr] by auto
  hence  $[\exists p. \Box(F = (\lambda x. p)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $\exists I$  by fast
  thus  $[\Box(Propositional F) \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding Propositional-def
    using sign-S5-thm-1[deduction] by fast
qed

```

**lemma prop-indis:**

```

[Indiscriminate  $F \rightarrow (\neg(\exists x y . (F, x^P) \ \& \ (\neg(F, y^P)))$ ) in  $v$ ]
proof (rule CP)
  assume [Indiscriminate  $F$  in  $v$ ]
  hence 1: [ $\Box((\exists x . (F, x^P)) \rightarrow (\forall x . (F, x^P)))$ ] in  $v$ 
    unfolding Indiscriminate-def .
  {
    assume [ $\exists x y . (F, x^P) \ \& \ \neg(F, y^P)$ ] in  $v$ 
    then obtain  $x$  where [ $\exists y . (F, x^P) \ \& \ \neg(F, y^P)$ ] in  $v$ 
      by (rule  $\exists E$ )
    then obtain  $y$  where 2: [ $(F, x^P) \ \& \ \neg(F, y^P)$ ] in  $v$ 
      by (rule  $\exists E$ )
    hence [ $\exists x . (F, x^P)$ ] in  $v$ 
      using  $\&E(1) \ \exists I$  by fast
    hence [ $\forall x . (F, x^P)$ ] in  $v$ 
      using 1[THEN qml-2[axiom-instance, deduction], deduction] by fast
    hence [ $(F, y^P)$ ] in  $v$ 
      using cqt-orig-1[deduction] by fast
    hence [ $(F, y^P) \ \& \ (\neg(F, y^P))$ ] in  $v$ 
      using 2  $\&I \ \&E$  by fast
    hence [ $\neg(\exists x y . (F, x^P) \ \& \ \neg(F, y^P))$ ] in  $v$ 
      using pl-1[axiom-instance, deduction, THEN modus-tollens-1]
        oth-class-taut-1-a by blast
  }
  thus [ $\neg(\exists x y . (F, x^P) \ \& \ \neg(F, y^P))$ ] in  $v$ 
    using reductio-aa-2 if-p-then-p deduction-theorem by blast
qed

```

**lemma prop-in-thm:**

```

[Propositional  $F \rightarrow$  Indiscriminate  $F$  in  $v$ ]
proof (rule CP)
  assume [Propositional  $F$  in  $v$ ]
  hence [ $\Box(\text{Propositional } F)$ ] in  $v$ 
    using prop-prop2-3[deduction] by auto
  moreover {
    fix  $w$ 
    assume [ $\exists p . (F = (\lambda y . p))$ ] in  $w$ 
    then obtain  $q$  where q-prop: [ $F = (\lambda y . q)$ ] in  $w$ 
      by (rule  $\exists E$ )
    {
      assume [ $\exists x . (F, x^P)$ ] in  $w$ 
      then obtain  $a$  where [ $(F, a^P)$ ] in  $w$ 
        by (rule  $\exists E$ )
      hence [ $(\lambda y . q, a^P)$ ] in  $w$ 
        using q-prop l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by fast
      hence  $q$ : [ $q$  in  $w$ ]
        apply (safe intro!: beta-C-meta-1[where  $\varphi = \lambda y. q$ , equiv-lr])
        apply show-proper
        by simp
    }
    {
      fix  $x$ 
      have [ $(\lambda y . q, x^P)$ ] in  $w$ 
        apply (safe intro!: q beta-C-meta-1[equiv-rl])
        by show-proper
      hence [ $(F, x^P)$ ] in  $w$ 
        using q-prop[eq-sym] l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
        by fast
    }
  }
  hence [ $\forall x . (F, x^P)$ ] in  $w$ 
    by (rule  $\forall I$ )
}

```

hence  $[(\exists x . \langle F, x^P \rangle) \rightarrow (\forall x . \langle F, x^P \rangle)]$  in  $w$   
 by (rule CP)  
 }  
 ultimately show  $[Indiscriminate F$  in  $v]$   
 unfolding Propositional-def Indiscriminate-def  
 using RM-1[deduction] deduction-theorem by blast  
 qed

lemma prop-in-f-1:  
 [Necessary  $F \rightarrow Indiscriminate F$  in  $v]$   
 unfolding Necessary-defs Indiscriminate-def  
 using pl-1[axiom-instance, THEN RM-1] by simp

lemma prop-in-f-2:  
 [Impossible  $F \rightarrow Indiscriminate F$  in  $v]$   
 proof –  
 {  
 fix  $w$   
 have  $[(\neg(\exists x . \langle F, x^P \rangle)) \rightarrow ((\exists x . \langle F, x^P \rangle) \rightarrow (\forall x . \langle F, x^P \rangle))] in w$   
 using useful-tautologies-3 by auto  
 hence  $[(\forall x . \neg\langle F, x^P \rangle) \rightarrow ((\exists x . \langle F, x^P \rangle) \rightarrow (\forall x . \langle F, x^P \rangle))] in w$   
 apply – apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg(\exists x . \langle F, x^P \rangle) (\forall x . \neg\langle F, x^P \rangle)$ )  
 using cqt-further-4 unfolding exists-def by fast+  
 }  
 thus ?thesis  
 unfolding Impossible-defs Indiscriminate-def using RM-1 CP by blast  
 qed

lemma prop-in-f-3-a:  
 $[\neg(Indiscriminate (E!))$  in  $v]$   
 proof (rule reductio-aa-2)  
 show  $[\Box \neg(\forall x . \langle E!, x^P \rangle)]$  in  $v$   
 using a-objects-exist-3 .  
 next  
 assume  $[Indiscriminate E!]$  in  $v$   
 thus  $[\Box \neg(\forall x . \langle E!, x^P \rangle)]$  in  $v$   
 unfolding Indiscriminate-def  
 using o-objects-exist-1 KBasic2-5[deduction, deduction]  
 unfolding diamond-def by blast  
 qed

lemma prop-in-f-3-b:  
 $[\neg(Indiscriminate (E!^\neg))$  in  $v]$   
 proof (rule reductio-aa-2)  
 assume  $[Indiscriminate (E!^\neg)]$  in  $v$   
 moreover have  $[\Box(\exists x . \langle E!^\neg, x^P \rangle)]$  in  $v$   
 apply (PLM-subst-method  $\lambda x . \neg\langle E!, x^P \rangle \lambda x . \langle E!^\neg, x^P \rangle$ )  
 using thm-relation-negation-1-1[equiv-sym] apply simp  
 unfolding exists-def  
 apply (PLM-subst-method  $\lambda x . \langle E!, x^P \rangle \lambda x . \neg\langle E!, x^P \rangle$ )  
 using oth-class-taut-4-b apply simp  
 using a-objects-exist-3 by auto  
 ultimately have  $[\Box(\forall x . \langle E!^\neg, x^P \rangle)]$  in  $v$   
 unfolding Indiscriminate-def  
 using qml-1[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by blast  
 thus  $[\Box(\forall x . \neg\langle E!, x^P \rangle)]$  in  $v$   
 apply –  
 apply (PLM-subst-method  $\lambda x . \langle E!^\neg, x^P \rangle \lambda x . \neg\langle E!, x^P \rangle$ )  
 using thm-relation-negation-1-1 by auto  
 next  
 show  $[\Box \neg(\forall x . \neg\langle E!, x^P \rangle)]$  in  $v$   
 using o-objects-exist-1  
 unfolding diamond-def exists-def

```

    apply -
    apply (PLM-subst-method  $\neg\neg(\forall x. \neg(|E!, x^P|)) \forall x. \neg(|E!, x^P|)$ )
    using oth-class-taut-4-b[equiv-sym] by auto
qed

lemma prop-in-f-3-c:
  [ $\neg(\text{Indiscriminate } (O!))$  in v]
proof (rule reductio-aa-2)
  show [ $\neg(\forall x. (|O!, x^P|))$  in v]
    using a-objects-exist-2[THEN qml-2[axiom-instance, deduction]]
    by blast
next
  assume [Indiscriminate O! in v]
  thus [ $(\forall x. (|O!, x^P|))$  in v]
    unfolding Indiscriminate-def
    using o-objects-exist-2 qml-1[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
    qml-2[axiom-instance, deduction] by blast
qed

lemma prop-in-f-3-d:
  [ $\neg(\text{Indiscriminate } (A!))$  in v]
proof (rule reductio-aa-2)
  show [ $\neg(\forall x. (|A!, x^P|))$  in v]
    using o-objects-exist-3[THEN qml-2[axiom-instance, deduction]]
    by blast
next
  assume [Indiscriminate A! in v]
  thus [ $(\forall x. (|A!, x^P|))$  in v]
    unfolding Indiscriminate-def
    using a-objects-exist-1 qml-1[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
    qml-2[axiom-instance, deduction] by blast
qed

lemma prop-in-f-4-a:
  [ $\neg(\text{Propositional } E!)$  in v]
  using prop-in-thm[deduction] prop-in-f-3-a modus-tollens-1 CP
  by meson

lemma prop-in-f-4-b:
  [ $\neg(\text{Propositional } (E!^\neg))$  in v]
  using prop-in-thm[deduction] prop-in-f-3-b modus-tollens-1 CP
  by meson

lemma prop-in-f-4-c:
  [ $\neg(\text{Propositional } (O!))$  in v]
  using prop-in-thm[deduction] prop-in-f-3-c modus-tollens-1 CP
  by meson

lemma prop-in-f-4-d:
  [ $\neg(\text{Propositional } (A!))$  in v]
  using prop-in-thm[deduction] prop-in-f-3-d modus-tollens-1 CP
  by meson

lemma prop-prop-nec-1:
  [ $\Diamond(\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p)) \rightarrow (\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p))$  in v]
proof (rule CP)
  assume [ $\Diamond(\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p))$  in v]
  hence [ $\exists p. \Diamond(F = (\lambda x. p))$  in v]
    using BF $\Diamond$ [deduction] by auto
  then obtain p where [ $\Diamond(F = (\lambda x. p))$  in v]
    by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  hence [ $\Diamond(\forall x. \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket x^P, \lambda x. p \rrbracket)$  in v]
    unfolding identity-defs .

```

```

hence [ $\Box(\forall x. \{x^P, F\} \equiv \{x^P, \lambda x. p\})$  in  $v$ ]
  using 5 $\Diamond$ [deduction] by auto
hence [ $(F = (\lambda x. p))$  in  $v$ ]
  unfolding identity-defs .
thus [ $\exists p. (F = (\lambda x. p))$  in  $v$ ]
  by PLM-solver
qed

lemma prop-prop-nec-2:
  [ $(\forall p. F \neq (\lambda x. p)) \rightarrow \Box(\forall p. F \neq (\lambda x. p))$  in  $v$ ]
  apply (PLM-subst-method
     $\neg(\exists p. (F = (\lambda x. p)))$ 
     $(\forall p. \neg(F = (\lambda x. p)))$ )
  using cqt-further-4 apply blast
  apply (PLM-subst-method
     $\neg\Diamond(\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p))$ 
     $\Box\neg(\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p))$ )
  using KBasic2-4[equiv-sym] prop-prop-nec-1
    contraposition-1 by auto

lemma prop-prop-nec-3:
  [ $(\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p)) \rightarrow \Box(\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p))$  in  $v$ ]
  using prop-prop-nec-1 derived-S5-rules-1-b by simp

lemma prop-prop-nec-4:
  [ $\Diamond(\forall p. F \neq (\lambda x. p)) \rightarrow (\forall p. F \neq (\lambda x. p))$  in  $v$ ]
  using prop-prop-nec-2 derived-S5-rules-2-b by simp

lemma enc-prop-nec-1:
  [ $\Diamond(\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \rightarrow (\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p)))$ 
   $\rightarrow (\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \rightarrow (\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p)))$  in  $v$ ]
  proof (rule CP)
    assume [ $\Diamond(\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \rightarrow (\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p)))$  in  $v$ ]
    hence 1: [ $(\forall F. \Diamond(\{x^P, F\} \rightarrow (\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p))))$  in  $v$ ]
      using Buridan $\Diamond$ [deduction] by auto
    {
      fix Q
      assume [ $\{x^P, Q\}$  in  $v$ ]
      hence [ $\Box\{x^P, Q\}$  in  $v$ ]
        using encoding[axiom-instance, deduction] by auto
      moreover have [ $\Diamond(\{x^P, Q\} \rightarrow (\exists p. Q = (\lambda x. p)))$  in  $v$ ]
        using cqt-1[axiom-instance, deduction] 1 by fast
      ultimately have [ $\Diamond(\exists p. Q = (\lambda x. p))$  in  $v$ ]
        using KBasic2-9[equiv-lr, deduction] by auto
      hence [ $(\exists p. Q = (\lambda x. p))$  in  $v$ ]
        using prop-prop-nec-1[deduction] by auto
    }
    thus [ $(\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \rightarrow (\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p)))$  in  $v$ ]
      apply – by PLM-solver
  qed

lemma enc-prop-nec-2:
  [ $(\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \rightarrow (\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p))) \rightarrow \Box(\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \rightarrow (\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p)))$  in  $v$ ]
  using derived-S5-rules-1-b enc-prop-nec-1 by blast
end
end

```

## 10 Possible Worlds

```

locale PossibleWorlds = PLM
begin

```

## 10.1 Definitions

**definition** *Situation* where

$Situation\ x \equiv (\downarrow A!, x) \ \& \ (\forall\ F. \ \downarrow\{x, F\} \rightarrow Propositional\ F)$

**definition** *EncodeProposition* (infixl  $\Sigma\ 70$ ) where

$x\Sigma p \equiv (\downarrow A!, x) \ \& \ \{x, \lambda x. p\}$

**definition** *TrueInSituation* (infixl  $\models 10$ ) where

$x \models p \equiv Situation\ x \ \& \ x\Sigma p$

**definition** *PossibleWorld* where

$PossibleWorld\ x \equiv Situation\ x \ \& \ \Diamond(\forall\ p. \ x\Sigma p \equiv p)$

## 10.2 Auxiliary Lemmas

**lemma** *possit-sit-1*:

$[Situation\ (x^P) \equiv \Box(Situation\ (x^P))\ in\ v]$

**proof** (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule *CP*)

**assume**  $[Situation\ (x^P)\ in\ v]$

**hence**  $1: [\downarrow\{A!, x^P\} \ \& \ (\forall\ F. \ \downarrow\{x^P, F\} \rightarrow Propositional\ F)\ in\ v]$

**unfolding** *Situation-def* **by** *auto*

**have**  $[\Box(\downarrow\{A!, x^P\})\ in\ v]$

**using**  $1[conj1, THEN\ oa-facts-2[deduction]]$ .

**moreover have**  $[\Box(\forall\ F. \ \downarrow\{x^P, F\} \rightarrow Propositional\ F)\ in\ v]$

**using**  $1[conj2]$  **unfolding** *Propositional-def*

**by** (rule *enc-prop-nec-2[deduction]*)

**ultimately show**  $[\Box Situation\ (x^P)\ in\ v]$

**unfolding** *Situation-def*

**apply** *cut-tac* **apply** (rule *KBasic-3[equiv-rl]*)

**by** (rule *intro-elim-1*)

**next**

**assume**  $[\Box Situation\ (x^P)\ in\ v]$

**thus**  $[Situation\ (x^P)\ in\ v]$

**using** *qml-2[axiom-instance, deduction]* **by** *auto*

**qed**

**lemma** *possworld-nec*:

$[PossibleWorld\ (x^P) \equiv \Box(PossibleWorld\ (x^P))\ in\ v]$

**apply** (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule *CP*)

**subgoal unfolding** *PossibleWorld-def*

**apply** (rule *KBasic-3[equiv-rl]*)

**apply** (rule *intro-elim-1*)

**using** *possit-sit-1[equiv-lr]*  $\&E(1)$  **apply** *blast*

**using** *qml-3[axiom-instance, deduction]*  $\&E(2)$  **by** *blast*

**using** *qml-2[axiom-instance, deduction]* **by** *auto*

**lemma** *TrueInWorldNec*:

$[((x^P) \models p) \equiv \Box((x^P) \models p)\ in\ v]$

**proof** (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule *CP*)

**assume**  $[x^P \models p\ in\ v]$

**hence**  $[Situation\ (x^P) \ \& \ (\downarrow A!, x^P) \ \& \ \{x^P, \lambda x. p\}\ in\ v]$

**unfolding** *TrueInSituation-def* *EncodeProposition-def*.

**hence**  $[(\Box Situation\ (x^P) \ \& \ \Box(\downarrow A!, x^P)) \ \& \ \Box\{x^P, \lambda x. p\}\ in\ v]$

**using**  $\&I \ \&E\ possit-sit-1[equiv-lr]\ oa-facts-2[deduction]$

**encoding** $[axiom-instance, deduction]$  **by** *metis*

**thus**  $[\Box((x^P) \models p)\ in\ v]$

**unfolding** *TrueInSituation-def* *EncodeProposition-def*

**using** *KBasic-3[equiv-rl]*  $\&I \ \&E$  **by** *metis*

**next**

**assume**  $[\Box(x^P \models p)\ in\ v]$

**thus**  $[x^P \models p\ in\ v]$

**using** *qml-2[axiom-instance, deduction]* **by** *auto*

**qed**



**lemma** *PossWorldAux*:

$$[(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ (\forall F. \langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv (\exists p. p \ \& \ (F = (\lambda x. p)))) \rightarrow (\text{PossibleWorld } (x^P)) \text{ in } v]$$

**proof** (*rule CP*)

**assume** *DefX*:  $[(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ (\forall F. \langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv (\exists p. p \ \& \ (F = (\lambda x. p)))) \text{ in } v]$

**have** [*Situation* ( $x^P$ ) *in v*]

**proof** –

**have**  $[(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v]$

**using** *DefX[conj1]* .

**moreover have**  $[(\forall F. \langle x^P, F \rangle \rightarrow \text{Propositional } F) \text{ in } v]$

**proof** (*rule*  $\forall I$ ; *rule CP*)

**fix** *F*

**assume**  $[\langle x^P, F \rangle \text{ in } v]$

**moreover have**  $[\langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv (\exists p. p \ \& \ (F = (\lambda x. p))) \text{ in } v]$

**using** *DefX[conj2]* *cqt-1[axiom-instance, deduction]* **by** *auto*

**ultimately have**  $[(\exists p. p \ \& \ (F = (\lambda x. p))) \text{ in } v]$

**using**  $\equiv E(1)$  **by** *blast*

**then obtain** *p* **where**  $[p \ \& \ (F = (\lambda x. p)) \text{ in } v]$

**by** (*rule*  $\exists E$ )

**hence**  $[(F = (\lambda x. p)) \text{ in } v]$

**by** (*rule*  $\&E(2)$ )

**hence**  $[(\exists p. (F = (\lambda x. p))) \text{ in } v]$

**by** *PLM-solver*

**thus** [*Propositional F in v*]

**unfolding** *Propositional-def* .

**qed**

**ultimately show** [*Situation* ( $x^P$ ) *in v*]

**unfolding** *Situation-def* **by** (*rule*  $\&I$ )

**qed**

**moreover have**  $[\Diamond(\forall p. x^P \ \Sigma p \equiv p) \text{ in } v]$

**unfolding** *EncodeProposition-def*

**proof** (*rule* *TBasic[deduction]*; *rule*  $\forall I$ )

**fix** *q*

**have** *EncodeLambda*:

$[\langle x^P, \lambda x. q \rangle \equiv (\exists p. p \ \& \ ((\lambda x. q) = (\lambda x. p))) \text{ in } v]$

**using** *DefX[conj2]* **by** (*rule cqt-1[axiom-instance, deduction]*)

**moreover {**

**assume** [*q in v*]

**moreover have**  $[(\lambda x. q) = (\lambda x. p) \text{ in } v]$

**using** *id-eq-prop-prop-1* **by** *auto*

**ultimately have**  $[q \ \& \ ((\lambda x. q) = (\lambda x. p)) \text{ in } v]$

**by** (*rule*  $\&I$ )

**hence**  $[\exists p. p \ \& \ ((\lambda x. q) = (\lambda x. p)) \text{ in } v]$

**by** *PLM-solver*

**moreover have**  $[(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v]$

**using** *DefX[conj1]* .

**ultimately have**  $[(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle x^P, \lambda x. q \rangle \text{ in } v]$

**using** *EncodeLambda[equiv-rl]*  $\&I$  **by** *auto*

**}**

**moreover {**

**assume**  $[(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle x^P, \lambda x. q \rangle \text{ in } v]$

**hence**  $[\langle x^P, \lambda x. q \rangle \text{ in } v]$

**using**  $\&E(2)$  **by** *auto*

**hence**  $[\exists p. p \ \& \ ((\lambda x. q) = (\lambda x. p)) \text{ in } v]$

**using** *EncodeLambda[equiv-lr]* **by** *auto*

**then obtain** *p* **where** *p-and-lambda-q-is-lambda-p*:

$[p \ \& \ ((\lambda x. q) = (\lambda x. p)) \text{ in } v]$

**by** (*rule*  $\exists E$ )

**have**  $[(\langle \lambda x. p \rangle, x^P) \equiv p \text{ in } v]$

**apply** (*rule beta-C-meta-1*)

```

    by show-proper
  hence  $[(\lambda x . p), x^P] \text{ in } v$ 
    using p-and-lambda-q-is-lambda-p[conj1]  $\equiv E(2)$  by auto
  hence  $[(\lambda x . q), x^P] \text{ in } v$ 
    using p-and-lambda-q-is-lambda-p[conj2, THEN id-eq-prop-prop-2[deduction]]
    l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction] by fast
  moreover have  $[(\lambda x . q), x^P] \equiv q \text{ in } v$ 
    apply (rule beta-C-meta-1) by show-proper
  ultimately have  $[q \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $\equiv E(1)$  by blast
}
ultimately show  $[(A!, x^P) \ \& \ x^P, \lambda x. q] \equiv q \text{ in } v$ 
  using  $\&I \equiv I \text{ CP}$  by auto
qed

ultimately show  $[PossibleWorld(x^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding PossibleWorld-def by (rule \&I)
qed

```

### 10.3 For every syntactic Possible World there is a semantic Possible World

**theorem** *SemanticPossibleWorldForSyntacticPossibleWorlds:*

$\forall x . [PossibleWorld(x^P) \text{ in } w] \longrightarrow$   
 $(\exists v . \forall p . [(x^P \models p) \text{ in } w] \longleftrightarrow [p \text{ in } v])$

**proof**

```

fix x
{
  assume PossWorldX:  $[PossibleWorld(x^P) \text{ in } w]$ 
  hence SituationX:  $[Situation(x^P) \text{ in } w]$ 
    unfolding PossibleWorld-def apply cut-tac by PLM-solver
  have PossWorldExpanded:
     $[(A!, x^P) \ \& \ (\forall F. \ x^P, F \rightarrow (\exists p. F = (\lambda x. p)))]$ 
     $\ \& \ \Diamond(\forall p. [(A!, x^P) \ \& \ x^P, \lambda x. p] \equiv p) \text{ in } w]$ 
    using PossWorldX
    unfolding PossibleWorld-def Situation-def
    Propositional-def EncodeProposition-def .
  have AbstractX:  $[(A!, x^P) \text{ in } w]$ 
    using PossWorldExpanded[conj1, conj1] .

  have  $[\Diamond(\forall p. \ x^P, \lambda x. p \equiv p) \text{ in } w]$ 
    apply (PLM-subst-method
       $\lambda p. [(A!, x^P) \ \& \ x^P, \lambda x. p]$ 
       $\lambda p . \ x^P, \lambda x. p]$ )
    subgoal using PossWorldExpanded[conj1, conj1, THEN oa-facts-2[deduction]]
      using Semantics.T6 apply cut-tac by PLM-solver
    using PossWorldExpanded[conj2] .

  hence  $\exists v. \forall p. ([x^P, \lambda x. p] \text{ in } v)$ 
    =  $[p \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding diamond-def equiv-def conj-def
    apply (simp add: Semantics.T4 Semantics.T6 Semantics.T5
      Semantics.T8)
    by auto

```

**then obtain**  $v$  **where** *PropsTrueInSemWorld*:

$\forall p. ([x^P, \lambda x. p] \text{ in } v) = [p \text{ in } v]$   
 by auto

```

{
  fix p
  {
    assume  $[(x^P) \models p] \text{ in } w$ 
    hence  $[(x^P) \models p] \text{ in } v$ 

```

```

    using TrueInWorldNecc[equiv-lr] Semantics.T6 by simp
  hence [Situation  $(x^P)$  &  $(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ \langle x^P, \lambda x. p \rangle)$  in  $v$ ]
    unfolding TrueInSituation-def EncodeProposition-def .
  hence [ $\langle x^P, \lambda x. p \rangle$  in  $v$ ]
    using &E(2) by blast
  hence [ $p$  in  $v$ ]
    using PropsTrueInSemWorld by blast
}
moreover {
  assume [ $p$  in  $v$ ]
  hence [ $\langle x^P, \lambda x. p \rangle$  in  $v$ ]
    using PropsTrueInSemWorld by blast
  hence [ $(x^P) \models p$  in  $v$ ]
    apply cut-tac unfolding TrueInSituation-def EncodeProposition-def
    apply (rule &I) using SituationX[THEN possit-sit-1[equiv-lr]]
    subgoal using Semantics.T6 by auto
    apply (rule &I)
    subgoal using AbstractX[THEN oa-facts-2[deduction]]
      using Semantics.T6 by auto
    by assumption
  hence [ $\Box((x^P) \models p)$  in  $v$ ]
    using TrueInWorldNecc[equiv-lr] by simp
  hence [ $(x^P) \models p$  in  $w$ ]
    using Semantics.T6 by simp
}
ultimately have [ $p$  in  $v$ ]  $\longleftrightarrow$  [ $(x^P) \models p$  in  $w$ ]
  by auto
}
hence  $(\exists v . \forall p . [p \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [(x^P) \models p \text{ in } w])$ 
  by blast
}
thus [PossibleWorld  $(x^P)$  in  $w$ ]  $\longrightarrow$ 
   $(\exists v . \forall p . [(x^P) \models p \text{ in } w] \longleftrightarrow [p \text{ in } v])$ 
  by blast
qed

```

## 10.4 For every semantic Possible World there is a syntactic Possible World

**theorem** *SyntacticPossibleWorldForSemanticPossibleWorlds:*

$\forall v . \exists x . [PossibleWorld (x^P) \text{ in } w] \wedge$   
 $(\forall p . [p \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [(x^P) \models p \text{ in } w])$

**proof**

**fix**  $v$

**have**  $[\exists x . (\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ (\forall F . (\langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv$   
 $(\exists p . p \ \& \ (F = (\lambda x . p)))) \text{ in } v]$

**using** *A-objects[axiom-instance]* **by** *fast*

**then obtain**  $x$  **where** *DefX*:

$[(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ (\forall F . (\langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv (\exists p . p \ \& \ (F = (\lambda x . p)))) \text{ in } v]$

**by** *(rule  $\exists E$ )*

**hence** *PossWorldX*: [*PossibleWorld*  $(x^P)$  in  $v$ ]

**using** *PossWorldAux[deduction]* **by** *blast*

**hence** [*PossibleWorld*  $(x^P)$  in  $w$ ]

**using** *possworld-nec[equiv-lr]* *Semantics.T6* **by** *auto*

**moreover have**  $(\forall p . [p \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [(x^P) \models p \text{ in } w])$

**proof**

**fix**  $q$

{

**assume** [ $q$  in  $v$ ]

**moreover have**  $[(\lambda x . q) = (\lambda x . q) \text{ in } v]$

**using** *id-eq-prop-prop-1* **by** *auto*

**ultimately have**  $[q \ \& \ (\lambda x . q) = (\lambda x . q) \text{ in } v]$

**using** *&I* **by** *auto*

```

hence  $[(\exists p . p \ \& \ ((\lambda x . q) = (\lambda x . p))) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by PLM-solver
hence  $4: [\llbracket x^P, (\lambda x . q) \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$ 
  using cqt-1[axiom-instance, deduction, OF DefX[conj2], equiv-rl]
  by blast
have  $[(x^P \models q) \text{ in } v]$ 
  unfolding TrueInSituation-def apply (rule &I)
  using PossWorldX unfolding PossibleWorld-def
  using &E(1) apply blast
  unfolding EncodeProposition-def apply (rule &I)
  using DefX[conj1] apply simp
  using 4 .
hence  $[(x^P \models q) \text{ in } w]$ 
  using TrueInWorldNecc[equiv-lr] Semantics.T6 by auto
}
moreover {
  assume  $[(x^P \models q) \text{ in } w]$ 
  hence  $[(x^P \models q) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using TrueInWorldNecc[equiv-lr] Semantics.T6
    by auto
  hence  $[\llbracket x^P, (\lambda x . q) \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding TrueInSituation-def EncodeProposition-def
    using &E(2) by blast
  hence  $[(\exists p . p \ \& \ ((\lambda x . q) = (\lambda x . p))) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using cqt-1[axiom-instance, deduction, OF DefX[conj2], equiv-lr]
    by blast
  then obtain p where 4:
     $[(p \ \& \ ((\lambda x . q) = (\lambda x . p))) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule  $\exists E$ )
  have  $[\llbracket (\lambda x . p), x^P \rrbracket \equiv p \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply (rule beta-C-meta-1)
    by show-proper
  hence  $[\llbracket (\lambda x . q), x^P \rrbracket \equiv p \text{ in } v]$ 
    using l-identity[where  $\beta = (\lambda x . q)$  and  $\alpha = (\lambda x . p)$ ,
      axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
    using 4[conj2, THEN id-eq-prop-prop-2[deduction]] by meson
  hence  $[\llbracket (\lambda x . q), x^P \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$  using 4[conj1]  $\equiv E$ (2) by blast
  moreover have  $[\llbracket (\lambda x . q), x^P \rrbracket \equiv q \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply (rule beta-C-meta-1)
    by show-proper
  ultimately have  $[q \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $\equiv E$ (1) by blast
}
ultimately show  $[q \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [(x^P) \models q \text{ in } w]$ 
  by blast
qed
ultimately show  $\exists x . [PossibleWorld (x^P) \text{ in } w]$ 
   $\wedge (\forall p . [p \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [(x^P) \models p \text{ in } w])$ 
  by auto
qed
end

```

## 11 Artificial Theorems

**Remark 17.** *Some examples of theorems that can be derived from the model structure, but which are not derivable from the deductive system PLM itself.*

locale *ArtificialTheorems*  
begin

lemma *lambda-enc-1*:

$[(\lambda x . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket, y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*auto simp: meta-defs meta-aux conn-defs forall- $\Pi_1$ -def*)

**lemma** *lambda-enc-2:*

$[(\lambda x . \llbracket y^P, G \rrbracket, x^P) \equiv \llbracket y^P, G \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*auto simp: meta-defs meta-aux conn-defs forall- $\Pi_1$ -def*)

**Remark 18.** *The following is not a theorem and nitpick can find a countermodel. This is expected and important. If this were a theorem, the theory would become inconsistent.*

**lemma** *lambda-enc-3:*

$[(\lambda x . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket, x^P) \rightarrow \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket \text{ in } v]$   
**apply** (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux conn-defs forall- $\Pi_1$ -def*)  
**nitpick**[*user-axioms, expect=genuine*]  
**oops** — countermodel by nitpick

**Remark 19.** *Instead the following two statements hold.*

**lemma** *lambda-enc-4:*

$[(\lambda x . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket, x^P) \text{ in } v] = (\exists y . \nu v y = \nu v x \wedge [\llbracket y^P, F \rrbracket \text{ in } v])$   
**by** (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux*)

**lemma** *lambda-ex:*

$[(\lambda x . \varphi(x^P), x^P) \text{ in } v] = (\exists y . \nu v y = \nu v x \wedge [\varphi(y^P) \text{ in } v])$   
**by** (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux*)

**Remark 20.** *These statements can be translated to statements in the embedded logic.*

**lemma** *lambda-ex-emb:*

$[(\lambda x . \varphi(x^P), x^P) \equiv (\exists y . (\forall F . (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ \varphi(y^P)) \text{ in } v)]$   
**proof**(*rule MetaSolver.EquivI*)  
**interpret** *MetaSolver* .  
{  
**assume**  $[(\lambda x . \varphi(x^P), x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**then obtain** *y* **where**  $\nu v y = \nu v x \wedge [\varphi(y^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *lambda-ex* **by** *blast*  
**moreover** **hence**  $[(\forall F . (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket) \text{ in } v)]$   
**apply** — **apply** *meta-solver*  
**by** (*simp add: Semantics.d<sub>κ</sub>-proper Semantics.exI-def*)  
**ultimately** **have**  $[\exists y . (\forall F . (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ \varphi(y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *ExIRule ConjI* **by** *fast*  
}  
**moreover** {  
**assume**  $[\exists y . (\forall F . (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ \varphi(y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**then obtain** *y* **where** *y-def*:  $[(\forall F . (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ \varphi(y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** (*rule ExERule*)  
**hence**  $\bigwedge F . [(\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \text{ in } v) = (\llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket \text{ in } v)]$   
**apply** — **apply** (*drule ConjE*) **apply** (*drule conjunct1*)  
**apply** (*drule AllE*) **apply** (*drule EquivE*) **by** *simp*  
**hence**  $[(\llbracket \text{make}\Pi_1(\lambda u s w . \nu v y = u), x^P \rrbracket \text{ in } v)]$   
 $= [(\llbracket \text{make}\Pi_1(\lambda u s w . \nu v y = u), y^P \rrbracket \text{ in } v)]$  **by** *auto*  
**hence**  $\nu v y = \nu v x$  **by** (*simp add: meta-defs meta-aux*)  
**moreover** **have**  $[\varphi(y^P) \text{ in } v]$  **using** *y-def ConjE* **by** *blast*  
**ultimately** **have**  $[(\lambda x . \varphi(x^P), x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
**using** *lambda-ex* **by** *blast*  
}  
**ultimately** **show**  $[(\lambda x . \varphi(x^P), x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 $= [\exists y . (\forall F . (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ \varphi(y^P)) \text{ in } v]$   
**by** *auto*  
**qed**

**lemma** *lambda-enc-emb:*

$[(\lambda x . \llbracket x^P, F \rrbracket, x^P) \equiv (\exists y . (\forall F . (\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket F, y^P \rrbracket) \ \& \ \llbracket y^P, F \rrbracket) \text{ in } v)]$   
**using** *lambda-ex-emb* **by** *fast*

**Remark 21.** *In the case of proper maps, the generalized  $\beta$ -conversion reduces to classical  $\beta$ -conversion.*

```

lemma proper-beta:
  assumes IsProperInX  $\varphi$ 
  shows  $[(\exists y. (\forall F. \langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle F, y^P \rangle) \ \& \ \varphi(y^P)) \equiv \varphi(x^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule MetaSolver.EquivI; rule)
  interpret MetaSolver .
  assume  $[\exists y. (\forall F. \langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle F, y^P \rangle) \ \& \ \varphi(y^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
  then obtain  $y$  where  $y\text{-def}$ :  $[(\forall F. \langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle F, y^P \rangle) \ \& \ \varphi(y^P) \text{ in } v]$  by (rule ExERule)
  hence  $[(\langle \text{make}\Pi_1 (\lambda u s w. \nu\nu y = u), x^P \rangle \text{ in } v) = (\langle \text{make}\Pi_1 (\lambda u s w. \nu\nu y = u), y^P \rangle \text{ in } v)]$ 
    using EquivS AllE ConjE by blast
  hence  $\nu\nu y = \nu\nu x$  by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)
  thus  $[\varphi(x^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $y\text{-def}$  [THEN ConjE [THEN conjunct2]]
      assms IsProperInX.rep-eq valid-in.rep-eq
    by blast
next
interpret MetaSolver .
assume  $[\varphi(x^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
moreover have  $[\forall F. \langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle F, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v]$  apply meta-solver by blast
ultimately show  $[\exists y. (\forall F. \langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle F, y^P \rangle) \ \& \ \varphi(y^P) \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (meson ConjI ExI)
qed

```

**Remark 22.** *The following theorem is a consequence of the constructed Aczel-model, but not part of PLM. Separate research on possible modifications of the embedding suggest that this artificial theorem can be avoided by introducing a dependency on states for the mapping from abstract objects to special urelements.*

```

lemma lambda-rel-extensional:
  assumes  $[\forall F. \langle F, a^P \rangle \equiv \langle F, b^P \rangle \text{ in } v]$ 
  shows  $(\lambda x. \langle R, x^P, a^P \rangle) = (\lambda x. \langle R, x^P, b^P \rangle)$ 
proof -
  interpret MetaSolver .
  obtain  $F$  where  $F\text{-def}$ :  $F = \text{make}\Pi_1 (\lambda u s w. u = \nu\nu a)$  by auto
  have  $[(\langle F, a^P \rangle \equiv \langle F, b^P \rangle \text{ in } v)]$  using assms by (rule AllE)
  moreover have  $[(\langle F, a^P \rangle \text{ in } v)]$ 
    unfolding  $F\text{-def}$  by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)
  ultimately have  $[(\langle F, b^P \rangle \text{ in } v)]$  using EquivE by auto
  hence  $\nu\nu a = \nu\nu b$  using  $F\text{-def}$  by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)
  thus ?thesis by (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux)
qed

```

end

## 12 Sanity Tests

```

locale SanityTests
begin
  interpretation MetaSolver.
  interpretation Semantics.

```

### 12.1 Consistency

```

lemma True
  nitpick[expect=genuine, user-axioms, satisfy]
  by auto

```

## 12.2 Intensionality

```

lemma [( $\lambda y. (q \vee \neg q)$ ) = ( $\lambda y. (p \vee \neg p)$ ) in v]
  unfolding identity- $\Pi_1$ -def conn-defs
  apply (rule Eq1I) apply (simp add: meta-defs)
  nitpick[expect = genuine, user-axioms=true, card i = 2,
    card j = 2, card  $\omega$  = 1, card  $\sigma$  = 1,
    sat-solver = MiniSat-JNI, verbose, show-all]
  oops — Countermodel by Nitpick
lemma [( $\lambda y. (p \vee q)$ ) = ( $\lambda y. (q \vee p)$ ) in v]
  unfolding identity- $\Pi_1$ -def
  apply (rule Eq1I) apply (simp add: meta-defs)
  nitpick[expect = genuine, user-axioms=true,
    sat-solver = MiniSat-JNI, card i = 2,
    card j = 2, card  $\sigma$  = 1, card  $\omega$  = 1,
    card v = 2, verbose, show-all]
  oops — Countermodel by Nitpick

```

## 12.3 Concreteness coindices with Object Domains

```

lemma OrdCheck:
  [( $\lambda x. \neg \Box(\neg(E!, x^P)), x$ ) in v]  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
  (proper x)  $\wedge$  (case (rep x) of  $\omega\nu y \Rightarrow \text{True} \mid - \Rightarrow \text{False}$ )
  using OrdinaryObjectsPossiblyConcreteAxiom
  apply (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux split:  $\nu.\text{split}$  v.split)
  using  $\nu\nu\text{-}\omega\nu\text{-is-}\omega\nu$  by fastforce
lemma AbsCheck:
  [( $\lambda x. \Box(\neg(E!, x^P)), x$ ) in v]  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
  (proper x)  $\wedge$  (case (rep x) of  $\alpha\nu y \Rightarrow \text{True} \mid - \Rightarrow \text{False}$ )
  using OrdinaryObjectsPossiblyConcreteAxiom
  apply (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux split:  $\nu.\text{split}$  v.split)
  using no- $\alpha\omega$  by blast

```

## 12.4 Justification for Meta-Logical Axioms

**Remark 23.** *OrdinaryObjectsPossiblyConcreteAxiom is equivalent to "all ordinary objects are possibly concrete".*

```

lemma OrdAxiomCheck:
  OrdinaryObjectsPossiblyConcrete  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
  ( $\forall x. ([(\lambda x. \neg \Box(\neg(E!, x^P)), x^P)] \text{ in } v)$ 
     $\longleftrightarrow$  (case x of  $\omega\nu y \Rightarrow \text{True} \mid - \Rightarrow \text{False}$ )))
  unfolding Concrete-def
  apply (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux split:  $\nu.\text{split}$  v.split)
  using  $\nu\nu\text{-}\omega\nu\text{-is-}\omega\nu$  by fastforce

```

**Remark 24.** *OrdinaryObjectsPossiblyConcreteAxiom is equivalent to "all abstract objects are necessarily not concrete".*

```

lemma AbsAxiomCheck:
  OrdinaryObjectsPossiblyConcrete  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
  ( $\forall x. ([(\lambda x. \Box(\neg(E!, x^P)), x^P)] \text{ in } v)$ 
     $\longleftrightarrow$  (case x of  $\alpha\nu y \Rightarrow \text{True} \mid - \Rightarrow \text{False}$ )))
  apply (simp add: meta-defs meta-aux split:  $\nu.\text{split}$  v.split)
  using  $\nu\nu\text{-}\omega\nu\text{-is-}\omega\nu$  no- $\alpha\omega$  by fastforce

```

**Remark 25.** *PossiblyContingentObjectExistsAxiom is equivalent to the corresponding statement in the embedded logic.*

```

lemma PossiblyContingentObjectExistsCheck:
  PossiblyContingentObjectExists  $\longleftrightarrow$  [ $\neg(\Box(\forall x. (E!, x^P) \rightarrow \Box(E!, x^P)))$ ] in v]
  apply (simp add: meta-defs forall- $\nu$ -def meta-aux split:  $\nu.\text{split}$  v.split)
  by (metis  $\nu.\text{simps}(5)$   $\nu\nu\text{-def}$  v.simps(1) no- $\sigma\omega$  v.exhaust)

```

**Remark 26.** *PossiblyNoContingentObjectExistsAxiom is equivalent to the corresponding statement in the embedded logic.*

**lemma** *PossiblyNoContingentObjectExistsCheck:*  

$$\text{PossiblyNoContingentObjectExists} \longleftrightarrow [\neg(\Box(\neg(\forall x. (\Box(E!, x^P) \rightarrow \Box(E!, x^P)))) \text{ in } v)]$$
  
**apply** (*simp add: meta-defs forall- $\nu$ -def meta-aux split:  $\nu$ .split v.split*)  
**using**  $\nu\nu\text{-}\omega\nu\text{-is-}\omega\nu$  **by** *blast*

## 12.5 Relations in the Meta-Logic

**Remark 27.** *Material equality in the embedded logic corresponds to equality in the actual state in the meta-logic.*

**lemma** *mat-eq-is-eq-dj:*  

$$[\forall x. \Box((\Box(F, x^P) \equiv (\Box(G, x^P))) \text{ in } v)] \longleftrightarrow ((\lambda x. (\text{eval}\Pi_1 F) x dj) = (\lambda x. (\text{eval}\Pi_1 G) x dj))$$
  
**proof**  
**assume**  $1: [\forall x. \Box((\Box(F, x^P) \equiv (\Box(G, x^P))) \text{ in } v)]$   
 $\{$   
**fix**  $v$   
**fix**  $y$   
**obtain**  $x$  **where**  $y\text{-def}: y = \nu\nu x$   
**by** (*meson  $\nu\nu\text{-surj surj-def}$* )  
**have**  $(\exists r o_1. \text{Some } r = d_1 F \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa(x^P) \wedge o_1 \in \text{ex1 } r v) =$   
 $(\exists r o_1. \text{Some } r = d_1 G \wedge \text{Some } o_1 = d_\kappa(x^P) \wedge o_1 \in \text{ex1 } r v)$   
**using**  $1$  **apply** – **by** *meta-solver*  
**moreover obtain**  $r$  **where**  $r\text{-def}: \text{Some } r = d_1 F$   
**unfolding**  $d_1\text{-def}$  **by** *auto*  
**moreover obtain**  $s$  **where**  $s\text{-def}: \text{Some } s = d_1 G$   
**unfolding**  $d_1\text{-def}$  **by** *auto*  
**moreover have**  $\text{Some } x = d_\kappa(x^P)$   
**using**  $d_\kappa\text{-proper}$  **by** *simp*  
**ultimately have**  $(x \in \text{ex1 } r v) = (x \in \text{ex1 } s v)$   
**by** (*metis option.inject*)  
**hence**  $(\text{eval}\Pi_1 F) y dj v = (\text{eval}\Pi_1 G) y dj v$   
**using**  $r\text{-def } s\text{-def } y\text{-def}$  **by** (*simp add:  $d_1\text{-rep-eq ex1-def}$* )  
 $\}$   
**thus**  $(\lambda x. \text{eval}\Pi_1 F x dj) = (\lambda x. \text{eval}\Pi_1 G x dj)$   
**by** *auto*  
**next**  
**assume**  $1: (\lambda x. \text{eval}\Pi_1 F x dj) = (\lambda x. \text{eval}\Pi_1 G x dj)$   
 $\{$   
**fix**  $y v$   
**obtain**  $x$  **where**  $x\text{-def}: x = \nu\nu y$   
**by** *simp*  
**hence**  $\text{eval}\Pi_1 F x dj = \text{eval}\Pi_1 G x dj$   
**using**  $1$  **by** *metis*  
**moreover obtain**  $r$  **where**  $r\text{-def}: \text{Some } r = d_1 F$   
**unfolding**  $d_1\text{-def}$  **by** *auto*  
**moreover obtain**  $s$  **where**  $s\text{-def}: \text{Some } s = d_1 G$   
**unfolding**  $d_1\text{-def}$  **by** *auto*  
**ultimately have**  $(y \in \text{ex1 } r v) = (y \in \text{ex1 } s v)$   
**by** (*simp add:  $d_1\text{-rep-eq ex1-def } \nu\nu\text{-surj } x\text{-def}$* )  
**hence**  $(\Box(F, y^P) \equiv (\Box(G, y^P)) \text{ in } v)$   
**apply** – **apply** *meta-solver*  
**using**  $r\text{-def } s\text{-def}$  **by** (*metis Semantics. $d_\kappa\text{-proper option.inject}$* )  
 $\}$   
**thus**  $[\forall x. \Box((\Box(F, x^P) \equiv (\Box(G, x^P))) \text{ in } v)]$   
**using**  $T6 T8$  **by** *fast*  
**qed**

**Remark 28.** *Materially equivalent relations are equal in the embedded logic if and only if they also coincide in all other states.*



```

lemma mat-eq-is-eq-if-eq-forall-j:
  assumes  $[\forall x. \Box(\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket G, x^P \rrbracket) \text{ in } v]$ 
  shows  $[F = G \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow$ 
     $(\forall s. s \neq dj \longrightarrow (\forall x. (eval\Pi_1 F) x s = (eval\Pi_1 G) x s))$ 
proof
  interpret MetaSolver .
  assume  $[F = G \text{ in } v]$ 
  hence  $F = G$ 
    apply – unfolding identity- $\Pi_1$ -def by meta-solver
  thus  $\forall s. s \neq dj \longrightarrow (\forall x. eval\Pi_1 F x s = eval\Pi_1 G x s)$ 
    by auto
next
  interpret MetaSolver .
  assume  $\forall s. s \neq dj \longrightarrow (\forall x. eval\Pi_1 F x s = eval\Pi_1 G x s)$ 
  moreover have  $((\lambda x. (eval\Pi_1 F) x dj) = (\lambda x. (eval\Pi_1 G) x dj))$ 
    using assms mat-eq-is-eq-dj by auto
  ultimately have  $\forall s x. eval\Pi_1 F x s = eval\Pi_1 G x s$ 
    by metis
  hence  $eval\Pi_1 F = eval\Pi_1 G$ 
    by blast
  hence  $F = G$ 
    by (metis eval\Pi_1-inverse)
  thus  $[F = G \text{ in } v]$ 
    unfolding identity- $\Pi_1$ -def using Eq1I by auto
qed

```

**Remark 29.** *Under the assumption that all properties behave in all states like in the actual state the defined equality degenerates to material equality.*

```

lemma assumes  $\forall F x s. (eval\Pi_1 F) x s = (eval\Pi_1 F) x dj$ 
  shows  $[\forall x. \Box(\llbracket F, x^P \rrbracket \equiv \llbracket G, x^P \rrbracket) \text{ in } v] \longleftrightarrow [F = G \text{ in } v]$ 
  by (metis (no-types) MetaSolver.Eq1S assms identity- $\Pi_1$ -def
    mat-eq-is-eq-dj mat-eq-is-eq-if-eq-forall-j)

```

## 12.6 Lambda Expressions

```

lemma lambda-interpret-1:
  assumes  $[a = b \text{ in } v]$ 
  shows  $(\lambda x. \llbracket R, x^P, a \rrbracket) = (\lambda x. \llbracket R, x^P, b \rrbracket)$ 
proof –
  have  $a = b$ 
    using MetaSolver.Eq $\kappa$ S Semantics.d $\kappa$ -inject assms
    identity- $\kappa$ -def by auto
  thus ?thesis by simp
qed

```

```

lemma lambda-interpret-2:
  assumes  $[a = (\iota y. \llbracket G, y^P \rrbracket) \text{ in } v]$ 
  shows  $(\lambda x. \llbracket R, x^P, a \rrbracket) = (\lambda x. \llbracket R, x^P, \iota y. \llbracket G, y^P \rrbracket \rrbracket)$ 
proof –
  have  $a = (\iota y. \llbracket G, y^P \rrbracket)$ 
    using MetaSolver.Eq $\kappa$ S Semantics.d $\kappa$ -inject assms
    identity- $\kappa$ -def by auto
  thus ?thesis by simp
qed

```

**end**

```

theory TAO-99-Paradox
imports TAO-9-PLM TAO-98-ArtificialTheorems
begin

```

## 13 Paradox

Under the additional assumption that expressions of the form  $\lambda x. (\llbracket G, \iota y. \varphi \ y \ x \rrbracket)$  for arbitrary  $\varphi$  are *proper maps*, for which  $\beta$ -conversion holds, the theory becomes inconsistent.

### 13.1 Auxiliary Lemmas

**lemma** *exe-impl-exists*:

```

[[ $(\lambda x. \forall p. p \rightarrow p), \iota y. \varphi \ y \ x$ ]]  $\equiv$   $(\exists ! y. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ y \ x)$  in  $v$ 
proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $CP$ )
  fix  $\varphi :: \nu \Rightarrow \nu \Rightarrow o$  and  $x :: \nu$  and  $v :: i$ 
  assume [ $(\lambda x. \forall p. p \rightarrow p), \iota y. \varphi \ y \ x$ ] in  $v$ 
  hence [ $\exists y. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ y \ x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ z \ x \rightarrow z = y)$ 
    & [ $(\lambda x. \forall p. p \rightarrow p), y^P$ ] in  $v$ ]
    using nec-russell-axiom[equiv-lr] SimpleExOrEnc.intros by auto
  then obtain  $y$  where
    [ $\mathcal{A}\varphi \ y \ x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ z \ x \rightarrow z = y)$ 
      & [ $(\lambda x. \forall p. p \rightarrow p), y^P$ ] in  $v$ ]
    by (rule Instantiate)
  hence [ $\mathcal{A}\varphi \ y \ x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ z \ x \rightarrow z = y)$  in  $v$ ]
    using  $\&E$  by blast
  hence [ $\exists y. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ y \ x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ z \ x \rightarrow z = y)$  in  $v$ ]
    by (rule existential)
  thus [ $\exists ! y. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ y \ x$  in  $v$ ]
    unfolding exists-unique-def by simp
next
  fix  $\varphi :: \nu \Rightarrow \nu \Rightarrow o$  and  $x :: \nu$  and  $v :: i$ 
  assume [ $\exists ! y. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ y \ x$  in  $v$ ]
  hence [ $\exists y. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ y \ x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ z \ x \rightarrow z = y)$  in  $v$ ]
    unfolding exists-unique-def by simp
  then obtain  $y$  where
    [ $\mathcal{A}\varphi \ y \ x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ z \ x \rightarrow z = y)$  in  $v$ ]
    by (rule Instantiate)
  moreover have [ $(\lambda x. \forall p. p \rightarrow p), y^P$ ] in  $v$ ]
    apply (rule beta-C-meta-1[equiv-rl])
    apply show-proper
    by PLM-solver
  ultimately have [ $\mathcal{A}\varphi \ y \ x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ z \ x \rightarrow z = y)$ 
    & [ $(\lambda x. \forall p. p \rightarrow p), y^P$ ] in  $v$ ]
    using  $\&I$  by blast
  hence [ $\exists y. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ y \ x \ \& \ (\forall z. \mathcal{A}\varphi \ z \ x \rightarrow z = y)$ 
    & [ $(\lambda x. \forall p. p \rightarrow p), y^P$ ] in  $v$ ]
    by (rule existential)
  thus [ $(\lambda x. \forall p. p \rightarrow p), \iota y. \varphi \ y \ x$ ] in  $v$ ]
    using nec-russell-axiom[equiv-rl]
    SimpleExOrEnc.intros by auto
qed

```

**lemma** *exists-unique-actual-equiv*:

```

[[ $(\exists ! y. \mathcal{A}(y = x \ \& \ \psi \ (x^P)))$ ]  $\equiv$   $\mathcal{A}\psi \ (x^P)$  in  $v$ ]
proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule  $CP$ )
  fix  $x \ v$ 
  let  $?\varphi = \lambda y \ x. y = x \ \& \ \psi \ (x^P)$ 
  assume [ $\exists ! y. \mathcal{A}?\varphi \ y \ x$  in  $v$ ]
  hence [ $\exists \alpha. \mathcal{A}?\varphi \ \alpha \ x \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \mathcal{A}?\varphi \ \beta \ x \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)$  in  $v$ ]
    unfolding exists-unique-def by simp
  then obtain  $\alpha$  where
    [ $\mathcal{A}?\varphi \ \alpha \ x \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \mathcal{A}?\varphi \ \beta \ x \rightarrow \beta = \alpha)$  in  $v$ ]
    by (rule Instantiate)
  hence [ $\mathcal{A}(\alpha = x \ \& \ \psi \ (x^P))$  in  $v$ ]
    using  $\&E$  by blast
  thus [ $\mathcal{A}(\psi \ (x^P))$  in  $v$ ]
    using Act-Basic-2[equiv-lr]  $\&E$  by blast

```

```

next
  fix x v
  let ?φ = λ y x. y = x & ψ (xP)
  assume 1: [Aψ (xP) in v]
  have [x = x in v]
    using id-eq-1[where 'a=ν] by simp
  hence [A(x = x) in v]
    using id-act-3[equiv-lr] by fast
  hence [A(x = x & ψ (xP)) in v]
    using 1 Act-Basic-2[equiv-rl] &I by blast
  hence [A?φ x x in v]
    by simp
  moreover have [∀ β. A?φ β x → β = x in v]
  proof (rule ∀ I; rule CP)
    fix β
    assume [A?φ β x in v]
    hence [A(β = x) in v]
      using Act-Basic-2[equiv-lr] &E by fast
    thus [β = x in v] using id-act-3[equiv-rl] by fast
  qed
  ultimately have [A?φ x x & (∀ β. A?φ β x → β = x) in v]
    using &I by fast
  hence [∃ α. A?φ α x & (∀ β. A?φ β x → β = α) in v]
    by (rule existential)
  thus [∃ !y. A?φ y x in v]
    unfolding exists-unique-def by simp
qed

```

## 13.2 Fake β-Conversion using Description Backdoor

**definition** *backdoor* where

$backdoor \equiv \lambda \psi . \lambda x . \langle (\lambda x . \forall p . p \rightarrow p), \iota y . y = x \ \& \ \psi (x^P) \rangle$

**lemma** *fake-beta*:

```

assumes ∧ G φ. IsProperInX (λx . ⟨G, ιy . φ y x⟩)
shows [(backdoor (λ x . ψ x), xP) ≡ Aψ (xP) in v]
proof (rule ≡I; rule CP)
  assume [(backdoor ψ, xP) in v]
  hence [(λx . ∀ p. p → p, ιy. y = x & ψ (xP)) in v]
    using beta-C-meta-1[equiv-lr, OF assms]
    unfolding backdoor-def identity-ν-def by fast
  hence [∃ !y. A (y = x & ψ (xP)) in v]
    using exe-impl-exists[equiv-lr] by fast
  thus [Aψ (xP) in v]
    using exists-unique-actual-equiv[equiv-lr] by blast
next
  assume [Aψ (xP) in v]
  hence [∃ !y. A (y = x & ψ (xP)) in v]
    using exists-unique-actual-equiv[equiv-rl] by blast
  hence [(λx . ∀ p. p → p, ιy. y = x & ψ (xP)) in v]
    using exe-impl-exists[equiv-rl] by fast
  thus [(backdoor ψ, xP) in v]
    using beta-C-meta-1[equiv-rl, OF assms]
    unfolding backdoor-def unfolding identity-ν-def by fast
qed

```

**lemma** *fake-beta-act*:

```

assumes ∧ G φ. IsProperInX (λx . ⟨G, ιy . φ y x⟩)
shows [(backdoor (λ x . ψ x), xP) ≡ ψ (xP) in dw]
using fake-beta[OF assms]
  logic-actual[necessitation-averse-axiom-instance]
  intro-elim-6-e by blast

```

### 13.3 Resulting Paradox

```

lemma paradox:
  assumes  $\bigwedge G \varphi. \text{IsProperInX } (\lambda x. (\langle G, \iota y. \varphi y x \rangle))$ 
  shows False
proof –
  obtain K where K-def:
    K = backdoor  $(\lambda x. \exists F. \langle x, F \rangle \ \& \ \neg \langle F, x \rangle)$  by auto
  have  $[\exists x. (\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ (\forall F. \langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv (F = K))) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using A-objects[axiom-instance] by fast
  then obtain x where x-prop:
     $[(\langle A!, x^P \rangle \ \& \ (\forall F. \langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv (F = K))) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    by (rule Instantiate)
  {
    assume  $[(\langle K, x^P \rangle) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    hence  $[\exists F. \langle x^P, F \rangle \ \& \ \neg \langle F, x^P \rangle \text{ in } dw]$ 
      unfolding K-def using fake-beta-act[OF assms, equiv-lr]
      by blast
    then obtain F where F-def:
       $[\langle x^P, F \rangle \ \& \ \neg \langle F, x^P \rangle \text{ in } dw]$  by (rule Instantiate)
    hence  $[F = K \text{ in } dw]$ 
      using x-prop[conj2, THEN  $\forall E$ [where  $\beta = F$ ], equiv-lr]
      &E unfolding K-def by blast
    hence  $[\neg \langle K, x^P \rangle \text{ in } dw]$ 
      using l-identity[axiom-instance, deduction, deduction]
      F-def[conj2] by fast
  }
  hence 1:  $[\neg \langle K, x^P \rangle \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using reductio-aa-1 by blast
  hence  $[\neg (\exists F. \langle x^P, F \rangle \ \& \ \neg \langle F, x^P \rangle) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using fake-beta-act[OF assms,
      THEN oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr],
      equiv-lr]
    unfolding K-def by blast
  hence  $[\forall F. \langle x^P, F \rangle \rightarrow \langle F, x^P \rangle \text{ in } dw]$ 
    apply – unfolding exists-def by PLM-solver
  moreover have  $[\langle x^P, K \rangle \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using x-prop[conj2, THEN  $\forall E$ [where  $\beta = K$ ], equiv-rl]
    id-eq-1 by blast
  ultimately have  $[(\langle K, x^P \rangle) \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using  $\forall E$  vdash-properties-10 by blast
  hence  $\bigwedge \varphi. [\varphi \text{ in } dw]$ 
    using raa-cor-2 1 by blast
  thus False using Semantics.T4 by auto
qed

```

### 13.4 Original Version of the Paradox

Originally the paradox was discovered using the following construction based on the comprehension theorem for relations without the explicit construction of the description backdoor and the resulting fake- $\beta$ -conversion.

```

lemma assumes  $\bigwedge G \varphi. \text{IsProperInX } (\lambda x. (\langle G, \iota y. \varphi y x \rangle))$ 
shows Fx-equiv-xH:  $[\forall H. \exists F. \Box (\forall x. (\langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle x^P, H \rangle)) \text{ in } v]$ 
proof (rule  $\forall I$ )
  fix H
  let  $?G = (\lambda x. \forall p. p \rightarrow p)$ 
  obtain  $\varphi$  where  $\varphi\text{-def}$ :  $\varphi = (\lambda y x. (y^P) = x \ \& \ \langle x, H \rangle)$  by auto
  have  $[\exists F. \Box (\forall x. (\langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv (\langle ?G, \iota y. \varphi y (x^P) \rangle))) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using relations-1[OF assms] by simp
  hence 1:  $[\exists F. \Box (\forall x. (\langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv (\exists ! y. \mathcal{A}\varphi y (x^P))) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply – apply (PLM-subst-method
       $\lambda x. (\langle ?G, \iota y. \varphi y (x^P) \rangle) \lambda x. (\exists ! y. \mathcal{A}\varphi y (x^P)))$ 
    using exe-impl-exists by auto

```

then obtain  $F$  where  $F\text{-def}$ :  $[\Box(\forall x. \langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv (\exists !y. \mathcal{A}\varphi y (x^P))) \text{ in } v]$   
 by (rule *Instantiate*)  
 moreover have  $2$ :  $\bigwedge v x. [(\exists !y. \mathcal{A}\varphi y (x^P)) \equiv \langle x^P, H \rangle \text{ in } v]$   
 proof (rule  $\equiv I$ ; rule *CP*)  
 fix  $x v$   
 assume  $[\exists !y. \mathcal{A}\varphi y (x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\exists \alpha. \mathcal{A}\varphi \alpha (x^P) \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \mathcal{A}\varphi \beta (x^P) \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *exists-unique-def* by *simp*  
 then obtain  $\alpha$  where  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi \alpha (x^P) \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \mathcal{A}\varphi \beta (x^P) \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 by (rule *Instantiate*)  
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}(\alpha^P = x^P \ \& \ \langle x^P, H \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding  $\varphi\text{-def}$  using  $\&E$  by *blast*  
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}(\langle x^P, H \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *Act-Basic-2[equiv-lr]*  $\&E$  by *blast*  
 thus  $[\langle x^P, H \rangle \text{ in } v]$   
 using *en-eq-10[equiv-lr]* by *simp*  
 next  
 fix  $x v$   
 assume  $[\langle x^P, H \rangle \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $1$ :  $[\mathcal{A}(\langle x^P, H \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *en-eq-10[equiv-rl]* by *blast*  
 have  $[x = x \text{ in } v]$   
 using *id-eq-1[where 'a= $\nu$ ]* by *simp*  
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}(x = x) \text{ in } v]$   
 using *id-act-3[equiv-lr]* by *fast*  
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}(x^P = x^P \ \& \ \langle x^P, H \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *identity- $\nu$ -def* using  $1$  *Act-Basic-2[equiv-rl]*  $\&I$  by *blast*  
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi x (x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding  $\varphi\text{-def}$  by *simp*  
 moreover have  $[\forall \beta. \mathcal{A}\varphi \beta (x^P) \rightarrow \beta = x \text{ in } v]$   
 proof (rule  $\forall I$ ; rule *CP*)  
 fix  $\beta$   
 assume  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi \beta (x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 hence  $[\mathcal{A}(\beta = x) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding  $\varphi\text{-def}$  *identity- $\nu$ -def*  
 using *Act-Basic-2[equiv-lr]*  $\&E$  by *fast*  
 thus  $[\beta = x \text{ in } v]$  using *id-act-3[equiv-rl]* by *fast*  
 qed  
 ultimately have  $[\mathcal{A}\varphi x (x^P) \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \mathcal{A}\varphi \beta (x^P) \rightarrow \beta = x) \text{ in } v]$   
 using  $\&I$  by *fast*  
 hence  $[\exists \alpha. \mathcal{A}\varphi \alpha (x^P) \ \& \ (\forall \beta. \mathcal{A}\varphi \beta (x^P) \rightarrow \beta = \alpha) \text{ in } v]$   
 by (rule *existential*)  
 thus  $[\exists !y. \mathcal{A}\varphi y (x^P) \text{ in } v]$   
 unfolding *exists-unique-def* by *simp*  
 qed  
 have  $[\Box(\forall x. \langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle x^P, H \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
 apply (PLM-subst-goal-method  
 $\lambda \varphi. \Box(\forall x. \langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \varphi x)$   
 $\lambda x. (\exists !y. \mathcal{A}\varphi y (x^P))$ )  
 using  $2$  *F-def* by *auto*  
 thus  $[\exists F. \Box(\forall x. \langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle x^P, H \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
 by (rule *existential*)  
 qed

lemma

assumes *is-propositional*:  $(\bigwedge G \varphi. \text{IsProperInX } (\lambda x. \langle G, \iota y. \varphi y x \rangle))$   
 and *Abs-x*:  $[\langle A!, x^P \rangle \text{ in } v]$   
 and *Abs-y*:  $[\langle A!, y^P \rangle \text{ in } v]$   
 and *noteq*:  $[x \neq y \text{ in } v]$   
 shows *diffprop*:  $[\exists F. \neg(\langle F, x^P \rangle \equiv \langle F, y^P \rangle) \text{ in } v]$   
 proof –  
 have  $[\exists F. \neg(\langle x^P, F \rangle \equiv \langle y^P, F \rangle) \text{ in } v]$

```

    using noteq unfolding exists-def
  proof (rule reductio-aa-2)
    assume 1:  $[\forall F. \neg(\{x^P, F\} \equiv \{y^P, F\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
    {
      fix  $F$ 
      have  $[(\{x^P, F\} \equiv \{y^P, F\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
        using 1[THEN  $\forall E$ ] useful-tautologies-1[deduction] by blast
    }
    hence  $[\forall F. \{x^P, F\} \equiv \{y^P, F\} \text{ in } v]$  by (rule  $\forall I$ )
    thus  $[x = y \text{ in } v]$ 
      unfolding identity- $\nu$ -def
      using ab-obey-1[deduction, deduction]
      Abs-x Abs-y &I by blast
  qed
  then obtain  $H$  where  $H\text{-def}$ :  $[\neg(\{x^P, H\} \equiv \{y^P, H\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule Instantiate)
  hence 2:  $[(\{x^P, H\} \& \neg\{y^P, H\}) \vee (\neg\{x^P, H\} \& \{y^P, H\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
    apply – by PLM-solver
  have  $[\exists F. \Box(\forall x. (\{F, x^P\} \equiv \{x^P, H\}) \text{ in } v)]$ 
    using Fx-equiv-xH[ $OF$  is-propositional,  $THEN \forall E$ ] by simp
  then obtain  $F$  where  $[\Box(\forall x. (\{F, x^P\} \equiv \{x^P, H\}) \text{ in } v)]$ 
    by (rule Instantiate)
  hence  $F\text{-prop}$ :  $[\forall x. (\{F, x^P\} \equiv \{x^P, H\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using qml-2[axiom-instance, deduction] by blast
  hence  $a$ :  $[(\{F, x^P\} \equiv \{x^P, H\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $\forall E$  by blast
  have  $b$ :  $[(\{F, y^P\} \equiv \{y^P, H\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using  $F\text{-prop } \forall E$  by blast
  {
    assume 1:  $[(\{x^P, H\} \& \neg\{y^P, H\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
    hence  $[(\{F, x^P\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using a[equiv-rl] &E by blast
    moreover have  $[\neg(\{F, y^P\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using b[THEN oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr], equiv-rl] 1[conj2] by auto
    ultimately have  $[(\{F, x^P\} \& \neg(\{F, y^P\})) \text{ in } v]$ 
      by (rule  $\&I$ )
    hence  $[(\{F, x^P\} \& \neg(\{F, y^P\})) \vee (\neg(\{F, x^P\}) \& (\{F, y^P\})) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using  $\vee I$  by blast
    hence  $[\neg(\{F, x^P\} \equiv \{F, y^P\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using oth-class-taut-5-j[equiv-rl] by blast
  }
  moreover {
    assume 1:  $[\neg\{x^P, H\} \& \{y^P, H\} \text{ in } v]$ 
    hence  $[(\{F, y^P\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using b[equiv-rl] &E by blast
    moreover have  $[\neg(\{F, x^P\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using a[THEN oth-class-taut-5-d[equiv-lr], equiv-rl] 1[conj1] by auto
    ultimately have  $[\neg(\{F, x^P\}) \& (\{F, y^P\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using  $\&I$  by blast
    hence  $[(\{F, x^P\} \& \neg(\{F, y^P\})) \vee (\neg(\{F, x^P\}) \& (\{F, y^P\})) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using  $\vee I$  by blast
    hence  $[\neg(\{F, x^P\} \equiv \{F, y^P\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
      using oth-class-taut-5-j[equiv-rl] by blast
  }
  ultimately have  $[\neg(\{F, x^P\} \equiv \{F, y^P\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using 2 intro-elim-4-b reductio-aa-1 by blast
  thus  $[\exists F. \neg(\{F, x^P\} \equiv \{F, y^P\}) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule existential)
  qed

```

lemma *original-paradox*:

```

  assumes is-propositional:  $(\bigwedge G \varphi. \text{IsProperInX } (\lambda x. (\{G, \iota y. \varphi y x\})))$ 
  shows False

```

```

proof –
  fix  $v$ 
  have  $[\exists x y. (|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (|A!, y^P|) \ \& \ x \neq y \ \& \ (\forall F. (|F, x^P|) \equiv (|F, y^P|)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using aclassical2 by auto
  then obtain  $x$  where
     $[\exists y. (|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (|A!, y^P|) \ \& \ x \neq y \ \& \ (\forall F. (|F, x^P|) \equiv (|F, y^P|)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule Instantiate)
  then obtain  $y$  where xy-def:
     $[(|A!, x^P|) \ \& \ (|A!, y^P|) \ \& \ x \neq y \ \& \ (\forall F. (|F, x^P|) \equiv (|F, y^P|)) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule Instantiate)
  have  $[\exists F. \neg(|F, x^P|) \equiv (|F, y^P|) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using diffprop[OF assms, OF xy-def[conj1, conj1, conj1],
      OF xy-def[conj1, conj1, conj2],
      OF xy-def[conj1, conj2]]
    by auto
  then obtain  $F$  where  $[\neg(|F, x^P|) \equiv (|F, y^P|) \text{ in } v]$ 
    by (rule Instantiate)
  moreover have  $[(|F, x^P|) \equiv (|F, y^P|) \text{ in } v]$ 
    using xy-def[conj2] by (rule  $\forall E$ )
  ultimately have  $\bigwedge \varphi. [\varphi \text{ in } v]$ 
    using PLM.raa-cor-2 by blast
  thus False
    using Semantics.T4 by auto
qed
end

```