| 1. DATE - THE GROUP  14. Community 65 1.5/02082 | 2. LOCATION Diampoth, Animona  |
|---|--|
|   |  |
| 4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS                            |  |
| 1000 CAAATTA O 1743                             | In the white lights forming an equalateral triangle. Idents size of creamary light bulb. Initial observation the lights appeared to be motionless above a parking lot. No sound or other details noted. Lights were at 45 deg elevation 70-80 deg axiouth moving to point were notionless, then began to nove at a speed of 40-50 man. As lights moved to the Mi as A/C was observed to approach than us in an effort to intercept. This A/C had propeller drive sound. A/C could not catch the lights. A/C also disappeared over the norman while still dessing the lights. |
| Z. Course                                       |  |
|   |  |
|   | ness as unreliable in reporting direction, distances, etc. During his interview the witness made many controllatory and conflicting statements. Thought might possibly he Satellike, notewar none reported in even at the reported time of the obser-  |
| O Yes   |  |

FTD SEP 63 0-329 (TDE) Previous editions of this form may be used.

## HEADQUARTERS 12TH STRATEGIC AEROSPACE DIVISION (SAC) UNITED STATES AIR FORCE DAVIS-MONTHAN AIR FORCE BASE, ARIZONA, 85707



PEPLY TO BOD / LtCol R H Amy

subject Unidentified Flying Object

21 January 1965

To: AFSC (FID) Wright-Pasterson AFB, Ohio, 1:5433

- 1. The following unidentified flying object sighting occured on
  - 2. Description of the object:
- (1) The object appeared to be three whits lights about the size of an ordinary light bulb, and spaced about 15 feet apart in an equilatoral triangle.
  - (2) Same as above
  - (3) Same as above
  - (1) There was only one triangle formed by lights.
  - (5) 11/A
  - (6) No other discernible features or details.
  - (7) N/A
  - (8) No sound was heard
  - (9) N/A
  - h. Description of course of object:
- (1) The observers attention was first attracted to the lights because they appeared to be motionless above a lighted parking lot. The observer had just left a lighted building.
- (2) Angle of elevation was his degrees and a true direction of 70 degrees to 80 degrees when first observed.
  - (3) Object disappeared over the horizon to the northwest.

- began to move to the northwest at an estimated speed of his to formiles per hour. After the object began moving to the northwest an abrorant was observed to be approaching from the scutmost of the object as if attempting to intercept the object. The observer was definite that he saw an aircraft. He was familiar with the normal navigation lights and rotating beacon. He claimed the aircraft made the object. The observer stated the object appeared to assed up as the aircraft approached. The aircraft disappeared over the horizon also as if still chasing the object. The observer was madely to a distance that separated the aircraft from the object.
- (5) Object and aircraft disappeared over the buriton to the northwest.
  - (6) The object was observed for fourteen (14) minutes.
  - e. Hanner of observation:
    - (1) Ground visual sighting.
    - (2) H/A
    - (3) T/A
  - d. Time and date of sighting:
    - (1) 15/02082 till 15/02222.
    - (2) Hight, clear sky.
- e. Location of observer. 32 degrees hi minutes hi seconds Horth, 110 degrees hi minutes 12 seconds West, which is 3 willes southeast of Hammoth, Arizona.
  - I. Identifying information on the observer:
    - Address: San Hamuel, Arisona

Occupation: underground surveyor for Farma Copper Co. The observer is believed to be reliable. He has had training along civil capineering lines.

(2) W/A

g. Weather and winds - Aloft conditions at time and place of sighting:

- (1) Observer reported clear sky.
- (2) Winds recorded at Davis-Nonthan AVB were: surface 160/02, 60001 140/05, 10,0001 090/05, 16,0001 100/10, 20,0001 090/05, 30,0001 250/30, 50,0001 280/10.
  - (3) No ceiling.
  - (4) Visibility forty (40) miles.
  - (5) Only high thin broken clouds.
  - (6) No thunderstorms in the area.
- (7) Vertical temperature gradient was approximately six (6) degrees centigrade warmer than standard. Gradient because standard at 33,000 HSL and was colder than standard above this level. Tropopause was approximately hi,000 HSL.
  - h. Mond
    - 1. Nons
    - j. Hone

Rese Director of Operations, 803d Combat Support Group, Davis-Houthan Air Force Base, Arizona. No explanation can be found for the sighting. Hr. The had just left a lighted building and was moving toward a parking lot that was lighted by electric lights on poles. He saw the object above the parking lot. He called his sighting to a guard in a shack near by. However, the guard did not bother to even look toward the sighting and informed Nr. The hadd not care to be bothered. A check with the Phoenix Air Defense Sector revealed no intercepts or known air traffic in the area. A check was also made on a Goodyear blimp, however, it was not in the area either.

Lacolonel, USAF

Bass Director of Operations

TDEW

UFO Sighting, Mammoth, Arizona, 15 Jan 65

18 Feb 65

Dr J Allen Hynek Dearbonn Observatory Northwestern University Evanston, Illinois

Dear Dr Hynek,

Since your may be in the Arizona, New Mexico area in the near future there is an additional report still requiring more data. The sighting occurred on 15 Janó5; a copy of this report is attached. Request you contact the witness if deemed necessary.

Sincerely,

Major, USAF Chief, Asrial Phenomena Branch

1 Atch

cc: PGE/Mr Sweeney

## DEARBORN OBSERVATORY NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY

EVANSTON, ILLINOIS 60201 LG April 1955

Foreign Technology Division
Box 9-9h
Walght Patterson Air Force Base
Dayton, Ohio

Dear Majors

I am sorry to be so inte in reporting on the Massoth, Arizona investigation, but here it is finally.

I drove from Tueson to Manmoth on the evening of March 22 and called upon Mr. Short bit from Marmoth. We then drove to the classified area of the Magna extremely isolated ( & stereo pictures have not yet been developed), but one can say that if the mine and the mine building were not there, there would be nothing but open mountain territory.

Although later in the season, we arrived at the site at approximately the same time of day as the original aighting was made. Since there were so many contradictions is the whole thing, I will start with those first.

- the swore up and down that the main mine buildings pointed north; it actually pointed southeast. ( ? | | 1 | 5 | E. Ceyway ? 16 Marketory.
- 2. His original report stated that he was the only witness and that the guard he tried to get to come to look at the sighting did not wish to be bothered. When I talked to him on the phone, before seeing of guard to have around a classified project if he didn't want to come out to look at anything. Apparently they decided to change the class the sighting also and agreed nearly in exact detail with the ban honorary witness.
- J. Although a surveyor and supposedly used to angular measurement, was very vague as to the subtended angle of the triangle of light. He was also vague as to the variable trajectory of the reported object.
- Although the time of the sighting seemed to be confirmed, the speed attributed to the object did not much the fourteen similes he said it remained in sight. I tried to have him act out the situation but he never quite not around to it.

Major Mector Quintenilla April 15, 1945 Page 2

- the horizon to the northwest. In conversation this was still raintained, but when asked to point to the place where the object was definitely from northwest to southeast! The motion of the object was definitely from northwest to southeast, thus a possible satellite trajectory. However, a satellite would not explain the three small light which both "witnesses" insisted upon.
- The winds reported were from the Davig-Monthan Air Force Base which is apparently some distance away. Surface winds would mean nothing, but winds about from 30 to 50,000 feet were from 250 as but to 260 azimuth and thus a high albitude lighted balloon is not out of the question but highly improbable because of the high apparent angular rate.

In the drawing, the compass direction in the upper with hand corner are the and correspond to reality. The directions he shows on the building on his and are wrong. He was really sixed up in directions, insisting that he had first seen it in the southeast and pointing to where the sun had just set! His other knowledge of astronomy was equally rudimentary. He didn't know a star from a planet, and at one time he said that the lights were of second magnitude and at other times that they were as bright as automobile lights close by.

life, I would not that the as a witness on my side. A clever lawyer would, I believe, got thatever answer he wanted.

The most consistent thing about the evidence was the repeated insistence or triangular separation of the lights and, as he shows in the diagram, the object probably did take from 7:08 until 7:22 to go across although in talking to him he gave the impression that it all happened very much faster. Apparently a plane did come through on an apparent intercept course. He maintains the object speeded up and went away but his diagram would not indicate this.

This bears a slight rescriblance to the Monticello, Wisconsin case but no recemblance whatsoever when it comes to the unture of the witnesses. Where- as in the Monticello case, the witnesses were top notch, in this case they were resically poor, and one of the witnesses I believe was probably a fake.

Although it has nothing whatsoever to do with the case, and as is an exercise of the extremely loyal and patriotic American. This country has done right by him, and he intends to do right by this country. He had flags and patriotic pictures around the house and is ball bent to get his children, thereughly educted. He has a wide assortment of books of knowledge and unsymbologoustator the kils, and it is clear that learning to high on the tower pole for been.

He bisself is a very likeble, onthusiastic, and effectivescent type. I doubt that he would be a deliberate light (unless he thought it for a pool cause as in saving a given or example as an articulate observer. I would rate him very

Major Rector Quintanilla April 15, 1955 Page 3

He would not be the kind, however, to manufacture a hoaz, and so I think he definitely saw something, possibly even of the Montleello variety. But the case is not tractable with the information we have and I would say we might call this a case of "inadequate" rather than insufficient information. "He gave us sufficient information, but it was of such a sort as to be too inadequate and inaccurate to attempt a solution.

From his data, I would be hard pressed to prove that either alreraft or UTO's existed. The whole sight was probably an alreraft, but very poorly restrict. It could not have had this angular separation, which as he described it variously varied from a quarter of a degree to three degrees, and have taken that long to traverse the sky. If it were a special mission alreraft, with light that apparently far agart, it must have traversed the sky in just a matter of mirates at most.

I trink then we would be safe in putting this down as either "insufficient information" or "inadequate information" or better yet "inadequate witness." File under illuminated triangles.

allen

J. Allen Hynek Director

JAHekry

