PROJECT 10073 RECORD

	PROJECT 10073 RECORD
1. DATE - TIME GROUP 17 May 57 18/0030Z	2. LOCATION
3. SOURCE :: Civilian 4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS 1	10. CONCLUSION UNIDENTIFIED
S. LENGTH OF OFFICATION  5 Minutes  6. TYPE OF OBSERVATION  Ground-Vigual  7- COURSE  SW - EE  6. PHOTOS  D Yes  (XXX)  9. PHYSICAL EVIDENCE  D Yes  QXXIII	Object was round, similar to a small aircraft. Bright orange in color. Object was passing back and forth over a jet aircraft that was heading NE. Aircraft flew in a straight pur pattern, but the object flew in a zig-zag pattern.

FTD SEP 63 0-329 (TDE) Previous editions of this form may be used.

15. DRAW A PICTURE THAT WILL SHOW THE SHAPE OF THE PHENOMENON. INCLUDE AND LABEL ANY DETAILS THAT MIGHT HAVE APPEARED AS WINGS OR PROTRUSIONS, AND INDICATE EXHAUST OR VAPOR TRAILS. INDICATE BY AN ARROW THE DIRECTION THE PHENOMENON WAS MOVING.

Vojo had (gentora)

16. WHAT WAS THE ANGULAR SIZET HOLD A MATCH AT ARM'S LENGTH IN FRONT OF A KNOWN OBJECT, SUCH AS A STREET LAMP OR THE MOCH. NOTE HOW MUCH OF THE OBJECT IS COVERED BY THE HEAD OF THE MA. CM. NOW IF YOU HAD BEEN ABLE TO PERFORM THIS EXPERIMENT AT THE TIME OF THE SIGHTING, ESTIMATE WHAT FRACTION OF THE PHENOMENON WOULD HAVE BEEN COVERED BY THE MATCH HEAD.

1

EYEGLASSES	CAMERA VIEWER
SUNGLASSES	BINOCULARS
WINDSHIELD	TELESCOPE
SIDE WINDOW OF VEHICLE	THEODOLITE
WINDOWPENE	OTHER
DO YOU ORDINARILY WEAR GLASSES? TYES TONO	B. DO YOU USE READING GLASSES? TYES THO
. WHAT WAS YOUR IMPRESSION OF THE SPEED OF THE PHENOMENONT GIVE ESTIMATE OF SPEED	19. WHAT WAS YOUR IMPRESSION OF THE DISTANCE OF THE PHENOMENON? GIVE ESTIMATE OF DISTANCE
A COMMON OBJECT OR OBJECTS WHICH, WHEN PLACED IN THE WOULD BEAR SOME RESEMBLANCE TO WHAT YOU SAY. DESCOMMON OBJECT AND WHAT YOU SAW.	THE SKY, SIMILAR TO WHERE YOU NOTED THE PHENOMENON.
1. DID YOU NOTICE ANY ODOR, NOISE, OR HEAT EMANATING F ANIMALS OR MACHINERY IN THE VICINITY! YES WING	ROM THE PHENOMENON OR ANY EFFECT ON YOURSELF.
1. DID YOU NOTICE ANY ODOR, NOISE, OR HEAT EMANATING F ANIMALS OR MACHINERY IN THE VICINITY! YES PING	ROM THE PHENOMENON OR ANY EFFECT ON YOURSELF.

# DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIVISION (AFSC) WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE, OHIO 45433



REPLY TO

TDET/UFO

SUBJECT

UFO Observation

AUG 1 4 1967

TO



Route 1

Rural Hall, North Carolina 27045

Reference your May 1967 observation of an unidentified flying object. Prior to reaching our final conclusion on your sighting we need to know the exact date. The initial report indicated the sighting occurred on the night of 14 May 1967; however, the questionnaire you completed indicates that the sighting occurred on Wednesday night, May 15, 1967 at approximately 8:30 pm. We would appreciate a note from you clarifying this discrepancy.

JAME J. MANATT, Colonel JUSAF Director of Technology and Subsystems

1 Atch Envelope

the take of my righting, hidrenday does not fall on the 14th now the 15th of the shirt of the state of the 15th of the has been a lappe of time sence my sighting but I am pusitive it was an a studiesday night and almost presitive that it was Thay 19.196? I all all and in the paper the my day (after my righting) of senare sighting a UFO in Headness A. C. (the same pight of my sighting) howevery our a golf course. I am sony about my getting the date confused, but when it fished, out a report for your land to date confused, but when it fished wrote in the wrong date.

... Sind to Hynch

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIVISION (AFSC) WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE, OHIO 45433



REPLY TO

TDET/UFO

25 May 1967

SUBJECT

UFO Observation, 15 May 1967



Rural Hall, North Carolina 27045

Reference your unidentified observation. The information which we have received is not sufficient for a scientific evaluation. Request you complete the attached FTD Form 164 and return it in the envelope provided. Thank you for reporting your observation to the Air Force.

FALES C. MANATT, Colonel, USAF Director of Technology and Subsystems

1 Atch FTD Form 164 w/envelope

### U.S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION

This questionnaire has been prepared so that you can give the U.S. Air Force as much information as possible concerning the unidentified aerial phenomenon that you have observed. Please try to answer as many questions as you possibly can. The information that you give will be used for research purposes. Your name will not be used in connection with any statements, conclusions, or publications without your permission. We request this personal information so that if it is deemed necessary, we may contact you for further details.

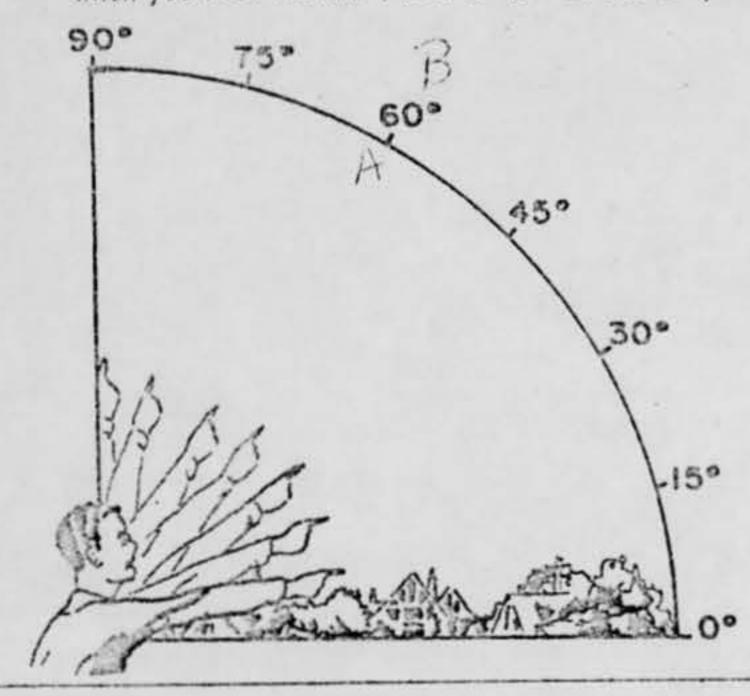
1. When did you see the object?	2. Time of day: 3
Day Month Year	(Circle One): A.M. or P.M.
3. Time Zone:  (Circle One): (a. Eastern b. Central c. Mountain d. Pacific e. Other	(Circle One): (a. Daylight Saving b. Standard
4. Where were you when you saw the object?	
The second secon	RURAL HALL NO.
Nearest Postal Address	City or Town State or County
5. How long was object in sight? (Total Duration)	Hours Minutes Seconds
a. Certain	(c. Not very sure
b. Fairly certain	d. Just a guess
5.1 How was time in sight determined?	By Guess
5.2 Was object in sight continuously?	'es No
6. What was the condition of the sky?	
DAY	NIGHT
c. Bright	a. Bright
b. Cloudy	b. Cloudy
7. IF you saw the object during DAYLIGHT, when	e was the SUN located as you looked at the object?
(Circle One): a. In front of you b. In back of you	d. To your left
b. In back of you	e. Overheod f. Don't remember
c. To your right	1. Don i remember

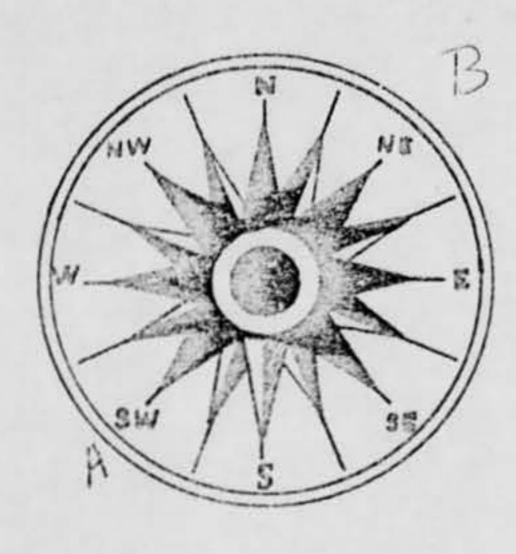
٥.	IF you saw the object at NIGHT, what did you notice				
	8.1 STARS (Circle One): 8.2 N	100N (Circle	One):		
	a. None	a. Bright me	onlight		
	b. A few	b. Dull moor			
	c. Many	C. No moon!	ight - pitch	dork	
	(d.) Don't remember	d. Don't rem	ember		
9.	What were the weather conditions at the time you saw	the object?			
	CLOUDS (Circle One): WEAT	HER (Circle	One):		
	(a.) Clear sky . (a.) Dr				
		g, mist, or li			
		derate or hea	vy rola		
	d. Thick or heavy clouds d. Sn	40			
	e. Do	n't remember			
10.	The object appeared: (Circle One):				
	o. Solid (d. As a light				
	b. Transparent e. Don't remember				
	c. Vapor				
11.	If it appeared as a light, was it brighter than the brigh	test stars? (	Circle One):		
11.	If it appeared as a light, was it brighter than the bright.  a. Brighter b. Dimmer c. About the d. Don't kno  11.1 Compare brightness to some common object:  C. WATT BULB, BUT, OR	same w			
	a. Brighter c. About the b. Dimmer d. Don't known object:	same w			
	Dimmer c. About the d. Don't known object:  11.1 Compare brightness to some common object:  C. MATT BULB, BUT OR  The edges of the object were:	same w	IN CO		
	O. Brighter  b. Dimmer  d. Don't kno  11.1 Compare brightness to some common object:  C. MATT BULB, BUT, CR.  The edges of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred	same w	IN CO		
	Dimmer c. About the d. Don't known of the d. Don't known of the compare brightness to some common object:  C. MATT BULB, BUT CR.  The edges of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star	same w	IN CO		
	O. Brighter  b. Dimmer  d. Don't kno  11.1 Compare brightness to some common object:  C. MATT BULB, BUT, CR.  The edges of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred	same w	IN CO		
12.	Dimmer c. About the b. Dimmer d. Don't known object:  11.1 Compare brightness to some common object:  C. NATT BULB, BUT, CR.  The edges of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember	e. Othe	r	LOR	
12.	The edges of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. About the d. Don't kno d. Don't	e. Othe	r		
12.	C. About the b. Dimmer  11.1 Compare brightness to some common object;  C. MATT BULB BUT OR  The edges of the object were;  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star C. Sharply outlined c. Don't remember  Did the object;  a. Appear to stand still at any time?	e. Othe	r	LOR	
12.	C. About the b. Dimmer d. Don't know the b. Dimmer d. Don't know the common object;  C. MATT BULB BUT CR.  The edges of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined c. Don't remember  Did the object:  a. Appear to stand still at any time? b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at any time?	e. Othe	r	ch question)	
12.	Did the object:  a. Appear to stand still at any time?  b. Dimmer  c. About the d. Don't known object:  a. Appear to stand still at any time?  b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at any time?  c. Break up into parts or explode?	e. Othe	r	ch question) Don't know	
12.	Did the object:  a. Appear to stand still at any time?  b. Dimmer  c. About the d. Don't known object;  d. C. MATT BULB, BUT OR  The edges of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred  b. Like a bright star  c. Sharply outlined  d. Don't remember  Did the object;  a. Appear to stand still at any time?  b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at any time?  c. Break up into parts or explode?  d. Give off smake?	e. Othe Yes Yes Yes	r	Core question)  Don't know Don't know Don't know Don't know Don't know	
12.	Did the object:  a. Appear to stand still at any time?  b. Dimmer  c. About the d. Don't known of the control o	e. Othe  (Circ Yes Yes Yes Yes	r	Don't know	
12.	Did the object:  a. About the d. Don't known of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember  Did the object:  a. Appear to stand still at any time? b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at any time? c. Break up into parts or explode? d. Give off smake? e. Change shape?	e. Othe  (Circ Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	r	Don't know	
12.	Did the object:  a. Appear to stand still at any time? b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at any time? c. Break up into parts or explode? d. Change shape? g. Flash or flicker?	e. Othe  (Circ Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	le One for e	Don't know	
12.	Did the object:  a. About the d. Don't known of the object were:  (Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined d. Don't remember  Did the object:  a. Appear to stand still at any time? b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at any time? c. Break up into parts or explode? d. Give off smake? e. Change shape?	e. Othe  (Circ Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	le One for e	Don't know	

14. Did th	e object disappear	while you	were watch	ing it? If so, how?	
	ZET THE			AST THAT I	T HIPEHRED THAT
15. Did th	e object move behin	nd somethin	ng at any ti	ma, particularly a cloud	d?
	rcle One); moved behind;		(No	Don't Know.	IF you answered YES, then tell what
16. Did #	e object move in fro	ant of some	thing at an	v time, particularly a c	loud?
	ircle One): front of:	Yes	(No)	Don't Know.	IF you answered YES, then tell what
a. So	and AUS	CUND		*	
much	of the object is cov	ared by the	head of th		in line with a known object and note how formed this experiment at the time of the the head?
I	ANNOT TE	L THE	ACTU	AL SIZE CF 7	HE COTECT, BUT
Con	tpinicera 70	7HE	JET. I	T WAS LAI	CCER.
of the	object that you say	v such as w	vings, protr	The state of the s	el and include in your sketch any details ially exhaust trails or vapor trails.
	/	W		2	
		5			> -VE

20. Do you think you can estimate the speed of the object	†?
(Circle One) Yes (No)	
IF you answered YES, then what speed would you es	imata?
11 7 co chombred ( E.O.) Mon what spead would you es	imare:
21. Do you think you can estimate how far away from you	the object was?
(Circle One) Yes (No)	
IF you answered YES, then how far away would you s	ay it was?
22. Where were you located when you saw the object?	23. Were you (Circle One)
(Circle One):	a. In the business section of a city?
a. Inside a building	b. In the residential section of a city?
b. In a car	c. In open countryside?
c. Outdoors	d. Near an airfield?
d. In an airplane (type)	e. Flying over a city?
e. At sea	f. Flying over open country?
f. Other	g. Other
24.1 What direction were you moving? (Circle One)  a. North  c. East	e. South g. West
b. Northeast d. Southeast  24.2 How fast were you moving?	f. Southwest h. Northwest iles per hour.
24.2 How fast were you moving?m 24.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking	f. Southwest h. Northwest iles per hour. at the object?
24.2 How fast were you moving?m  24.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking  (Circle One) Yes No  25. Did you observe the object through any of the following	f. Southwest h. Northwest iles per hour. at the object?
24.2 How fast were you moving? m  24.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking  (Circle One) Yes No  25. Did you observe the object through any of the following  a. Eyeglasses Yes No e	f. Southwest  iles per hour. gat the object?
24.2 How fast were you moving? m  24.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking  (Circle One) Yes No  25. Did you observe the object through any of the following  a. Eyeglasses Yes No e.  b. Sun glasses Yes No f.  c. Windshield Yes No g.	f. Southwest h. Northwest iles per hour. gat the object?  ng? Binoculars Yes No
24.2 How fast were you moving? m  24.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking  (Circle One) Yes No  25. Did you observe the object through any of the following  a. Eyeglasses Yes No e.  b. Sun glasses Yes No f.  c. Windshield Yes No g.	f. Southwest  iles per hour.  g at the object?  Binoculars Yes No Telescope Yes No
24.2 How fast were you moving?	f. Southwest  iles per hour.  g at the object?  Binoculars Yes No Telescope Yes No Theodolite Yes No Other  Ole of what you saw, describe in your own words a common rould give the same appearance as the object which you saw.  WOTHING THING THING EVER SEEN  UNLESS IT WAS A BUILDING

27. In the following sketch, imagine that you are at the point shown. Place an "A" on the curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you first saw it. Place a "B" on the same curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you last saw it. Place an "A" on the compass when you first saw it. Place a "B" on the compass where you last saw the object.

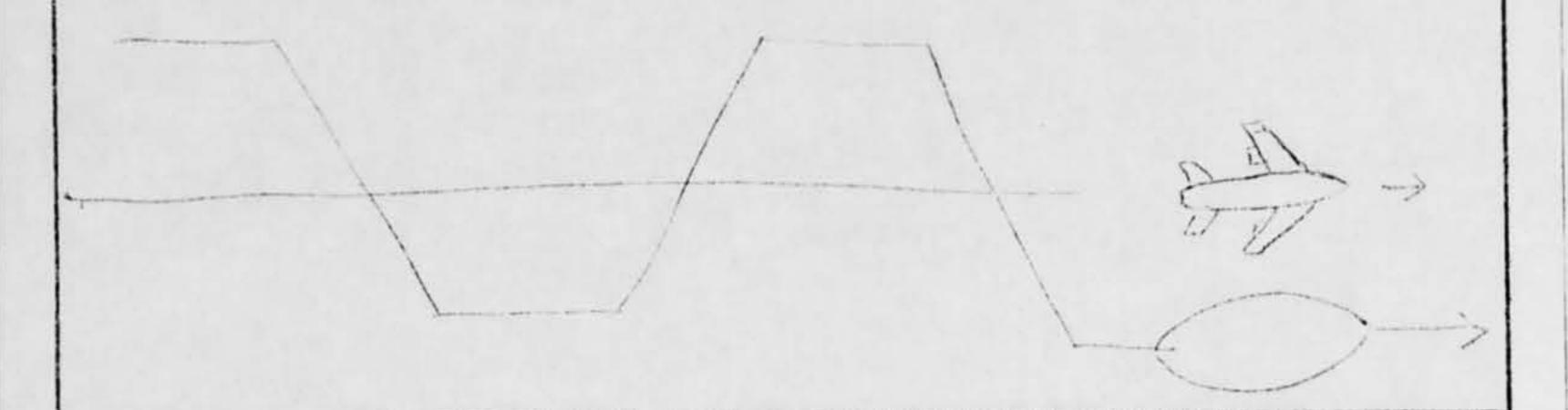




28. Draw a picture that will show the motion that the object or objects made. Place an "A" at the beginning of the path, a "B" at the end of the path, and show any changes in direction during the course.



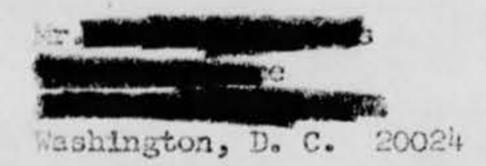
29. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? <u>OAR PLANE</u> ONE OBJECT Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the direction that they were traveling.



30. Have you over seen this, or a similar object before. If so give date or dates and location.
31. Was anyone also with you at the time you saw the object? (Circle One)  31.1 IF you answered YES, did they see the object too? (Circle One)  31.2 Please list their names and addresses:  RURAL HALL, N. C.  ERITE
32. Please give the following information about yourself:
NAME Last Name First Name Middle Name
ADDRESS TO Street Street RURAL HOLL NO. 27045
TELEPHONE NUMBER AGE 29 SEX 21
Indicate any additional information about yoursalf, including any special experience, which might be partinent.  I HAVE RIDDEH IN AN AIRPLANE CHITE A NUMBER OF THORES AND USE TO LIVE CLOSE TO AN AIRPORT; THERE- FURE, I CAM RECOGNIZE AN AIRPLANE WHEN I SEE ONE.  THIS CLAS NO AIRPLANE.
33. When and to whom did you report that you had seen the object?

TDPT (UFO)

UFO Observation, 17 May 1967



- 1. Thank you for your letter of March 25, 1968 and also for the letter to you from Mr. Yes, it is true that Mr. and I are now buddles. I did invite him to visit me at Wright-Patterson and I do hope that he stops by to chit-chat with me some time in the near future.
- 2. With regards to the UFO sighting at Rural Hall. I think it would be best if you contact the observers directly, therefore, you could get your answers first hand, instead of having them corrupted and distorted by an intermediary. Your questions are quite pertinent and I will be very interested in your comments.

Sincerely,

HECTOR GUINTANILLA, Jr, Major, USAF Chief, Aerial Phenomena Office

1 Atch Ltr, March 18, 1968 34. Date you completed this questionnaire:

Day

Month

Year

35. Information which you feel pertinent and which is not adequately covered in the specific points of the questionnaire or a narrative explanation of your sighting.

MY NEIGHBOR AND I WERE STANKING IN MY FRONT YARD WEEKNESDAY NIGHT, APPROXIMATELY 8 30 RM., MANY 15, 1969, I NOTICED A SET VAPOR TRAIL IN THE SKY. THEN I SAW ANOTHER SET PAID COMMENTED TO MY NEIGHBOR ABOUT HON PAST IT HAS TRAVELING THEN I SAIR, SOMETHING IS FOLLOWING. IT, MY NEIGHBOR SAIR "I SAN IT BUT I THOUGHT MY EYES WATCH IT STREAMED OUT OF SIGHT. THE FLIGHT THE OBSECT JET WAS IN A STRAIGHT LINE, BUT THE OBSECT MADE A AND THE OBJECT MADE A AND THE OBJECT LEFT A LABOR TRAIL

# UNCLASSIFIED

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE STAFF MESSAGE BRANCH MICOMING MESSAGE

AFIN: 1262 (22 May 67) J/meh

Pg 1 of 3

ACTION: RDC-4 INFO: SAFOS-3, XOP-1, XOPX-2 (11) ADV CY DIA VIA JCS

SMB BOSTPTTU JAW RUEDARA5517 1421458-UUUU-RUEDHQA.

ZNR UUUUU

P 22/1456 MAY 67

FM 33D ADIV FT LEE AFS VA

TO RUWMFVA/ADC

RUEDFIA/WPAFB WRIGHT AFB OHIO

RUEDHOA/CSAF

RUEDHQA/OSAF

BT

UNCLAS 330CC 21038 MAY 67. FOR TDETR, AFRDC, SAF-OI IAW AFR 80-17 THE FOLLOWING UFO RPT IS SUBMITTED FROM 33AD IV .

ITEM A. DESCRIPTION OF THE OBJECT

- (1) ROUND
- (2) SWALL A/C
- (3) BRIGHT ORANGE
- (4) 7
- (5) DB ECT WAS PASSING BACK AND FORTH OVER A JET A/C THAT WAS HEADING NORTHEAST.
- (6) ORANGE OLOW
- (7) THE LET A/C HAD TWO CONTRAILS CLOSE TOGETHER

afficient of may UNCLASSIFIED decayed on 14 may

# UNCLASSIFIED

# STAFF MESSAGE BRANCH INCOMING MESSAGE

AFIN: 1262

Pg 2 of 3

(8) OBJECT SEEM TO BE MAKING PASSES ON JET THAT WAS HEADING NORTHEAST.

PAGE 2 RUEDARA5517 UNCLAS

ITEM B. DESCRIPTION OF COURSE OF OBJECT

- (1) LOOKED UP
- (2) 40 DE GREES
  - (3) 40 DEGREES
  - (4) CROSSING TRACK OF OTHER A/C
  - (5) STREAKED OFF TO NORTHEAST
  - (6) 2 TO 3 M INUTES

ITEM C. MANNER OF OBSERVATION

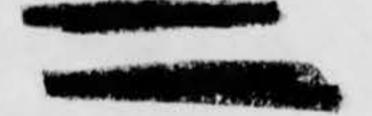
- (1) GROUND
- (2) NONE
- (3) N/A

ITEM D. TIME AND DATE OF SIGHTING

(1) 15/81800 10 LOCAL

(2) DUSK

ITEM E. INFORMATION ON OBSERVER



AFHQ JAN 65 0-309C

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DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE STAFF MESSAGE BRANCH INCOMING MESSAGE

AFIN: 1262

Pg 3 of 3

RURAL HALL, NORTH CAROLINA 27845 CONTRACTOR

PAGE 3 RUEDARASS17 UNCLAS

- (1) CLEAR
- (2) WAS NOT CHECKED
- (3) STANL WILLE, NORTH CAROL INA

BT

NAMN

AFHQ JAN 63 0-309C

UNCLASSIFIED

and intense red or orange" object pacing the aircraft off the starboard wing, his distance was estimated at 1,500 ft and its diameter at 5-6 ft.

The airplane commander said it "seemed to have a halo effect . . . to throb or vibrate constantly." When he mok evasive action, changing heading by as much as 90 deg and altitude by 2,000 ft., the object followed doggedly for 8 min.

"When it left, it made an abrupt 90deg, turn, up and accelerating rapidly; it disappeared in the overcast."

#### Another Report

One private flyer on Aug. 15, 1957, near Woodlawn Hills, Calif., observed a UFO "hovering between two drifting elro-stratus clouds."

A book to be published next spring, written by two Nicap members, will cite evidence to show that UFOs have been scouting the earth for at least 200 years. It seems more than mere coincidence that a book entitled "Der Kugelblitz," by Walther Brand, published in Germany in 1923, presents 600 accounts of bull lightning that date back to 1665, and a Russian report published in 1954 refers to a brief mention of ball lightning in 60 B.C. by the Roman poet Lucretius

If extraterrestrial visitors have scouted the earth for at least 200 years, perhaps for close to 2,000, it is difficult to undersuand why they have not attempted to establish contact through formal channels. "After all, Columbus did not spend 200 years scouting the New World before landing to see if the Indians were friendly," is the way one skeptic puts it. "This indicates great scientific curiosity but no courage," he adds.

#### Nicap Explanation

Nicap officials have a ready explanation for this curious reticence. Extraterrestrial visitors, they explain, may be fearful of creating wicespread panic on eath if their existence and presence were known.

For this reason they prefer to observe

But this makes it even more difficult to explain the capricious bunzing maneuvers and games of tag that UFOs seem to play with dozens of aircraft and ars, or the low-level visitations within sight of human observers—unless the UFOs are plasmas.

If secret observation is the intent, the cry actions of UFOs have defeated this rarpose. For example, a recent Gallup toll indicates that at least half of the dalt population in America is aware UFOs and believes something is being

Faced with this serious contradiction, Scap officials have another ready exsuch "earth-logie" in trying to understand the actions of extraterrestrial visitors. This precludes any further effort aimed at rationalizing the contradiction.

There are almost as many theories available to explain ball lightning as there are scientists interested in the phenomena. Most scientists agree that no single theory yet advanced, their own included, can explain all reported kugelblitz characteristics.

This leads many to conclude that there are at least two, perhaps more, different but related phenomena involved. The high-altitude UFO type plasmas may involve still other triggering and/or sustaining mechanisms. But all are believed to share a common family tree.

The late French astronomer Camille Flammarion, in a book, "Thunder and Lightning" published more than 60 years ago, devoted an entire chapter to "Fireballs."

He called them "the most mysterious and certainly the least understood domain of thunder and lightning."

## Matching Reports

Flammarion recounted stories of kugelblitz seen 100-200 years ago whose reported characteristics closely match those of more recent surveys by competent American scientists. These include surveys by Warren D. Rayle of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's Lewis Research Center, Dr. Edmond, M. Dewan of Air Force Cambridge Research Laboratories and Dr. J. R. McNally of the Atomic Energy Commission's Oak Ridge National Laboratory.

At the turn of the century Flammarion wrote: "We must confess that if spheroidal lightning seems particularly capricious, it is because we are still ignorant of the laws which guide it. Our ignorance alone is the cause of the mystery. . . . We try to reproduce fireballs artificially [in laboratories] but the problem is complicated and its solution presents enormous difficulties."

These words are almost as valid today as when they were first written many decades ago. The boon, trans-

Application Symposium
Washington-Navy will sponsor a symposium on application of microelectronics to aerospace systems Oct. 1718 at State Dept. auditorium here.
The papers will be those presented earlier in Europe at a conference sponsored by NATO's Advisory Group on Aerospace Research and Development (AGARD).

Persons who wish to attend must advise A. E. Cook, Office of Naval Research, Code 403C, Washington, D.C. 20360.

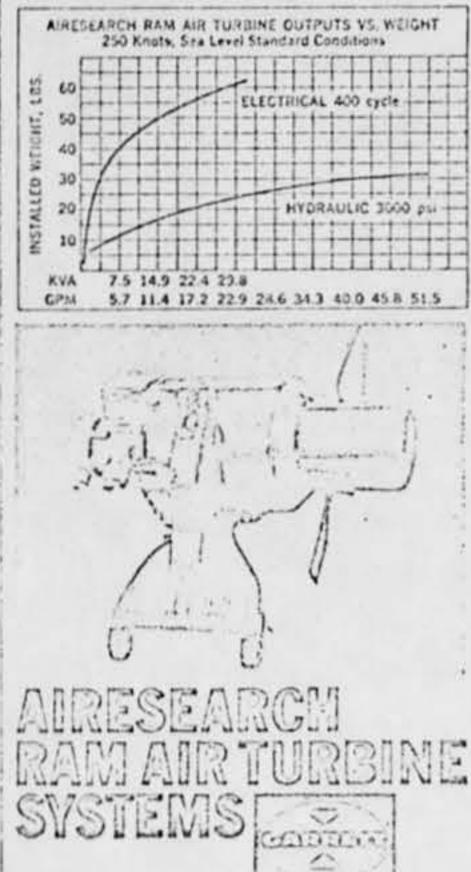
... for emergency power.

You never know when you'll need emergency power for electrical or hydraulic systems—but you'll know it's instantly available with Garrett AiResearch Ram Air Turbine Systems (RATS) on the job.

RATS can be stored internally or mounted in external pods, ready to pop into the airstream at high or low speeds, at high or low altitudes, ready to generate from 150 watts to 30 kw electrical power. (The unit shown below provides ac and dc power, plus hydraulics compatible with the aircraft's prime system.) RATS provide efficient mechanical power, too, with ratings from 1/8 to 100 shaft horsepower.

Get all the facts on high performance, low drag, excellent power-to-weight ratios, and other RATS design features. Write: AiResearch Manufacturing Company, 9851 Sepulveda Blvd., Los Angeles,

California 90009.



duce a silhouette effect, although Vonnegut did not speculate on this in his

original scientific report.

But if the airborne vortex contains charged dust particles, similarly aligned by electric fields present in the atmosphere, a very pronounced silhouetted object could result. It electric discharge is taking placing within the vortex between charged dust particles, as has been suggested by some ball lighting theories, it could easily create the illusion of a solid spacecraft with small lighted windows.

#### Flying Particles Observed

Flying vortices of charged dust and sand particles have been observed frequently in desert areas. They are commonly called "dust devils" or "dust dervishes." One measured by Dr. G. D. Freir of the University of Minnesota in the Sahara showed an electric field intensity as high as 400 v. at an altitude of 300-600 ft. and a proximity no closer than 100 ft. The dust devil had a diameter estimated at 25 ft. In the presence of a strong atmospheric fields, small dust devils should be able to reach even higher altitude.

Those who hold that UFOs are extraterrestrial visitors contend that their behavior demonstrates "intelligent control." Some airborne UFOs, for example, seem to exhibit a curiosity about aircraft, while lower flying ones show a similar interest in automobiles or

trains.

Often UFOs seem to be playing a game of tag with an airplane or automobile, and not infrequently will "buzz" them in what can only be described as a "hot-rodder's game of chicken."

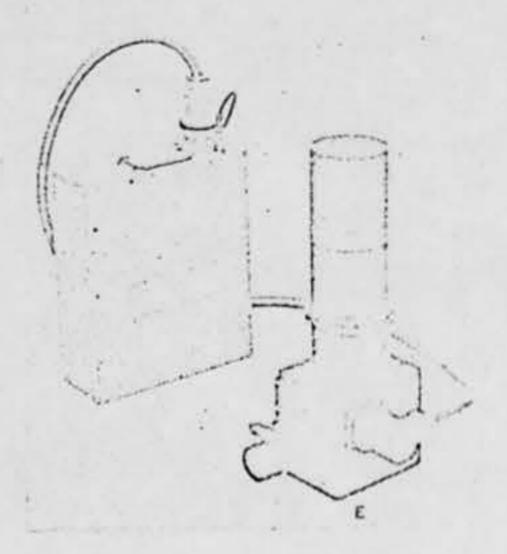
# "Intelligent Control"

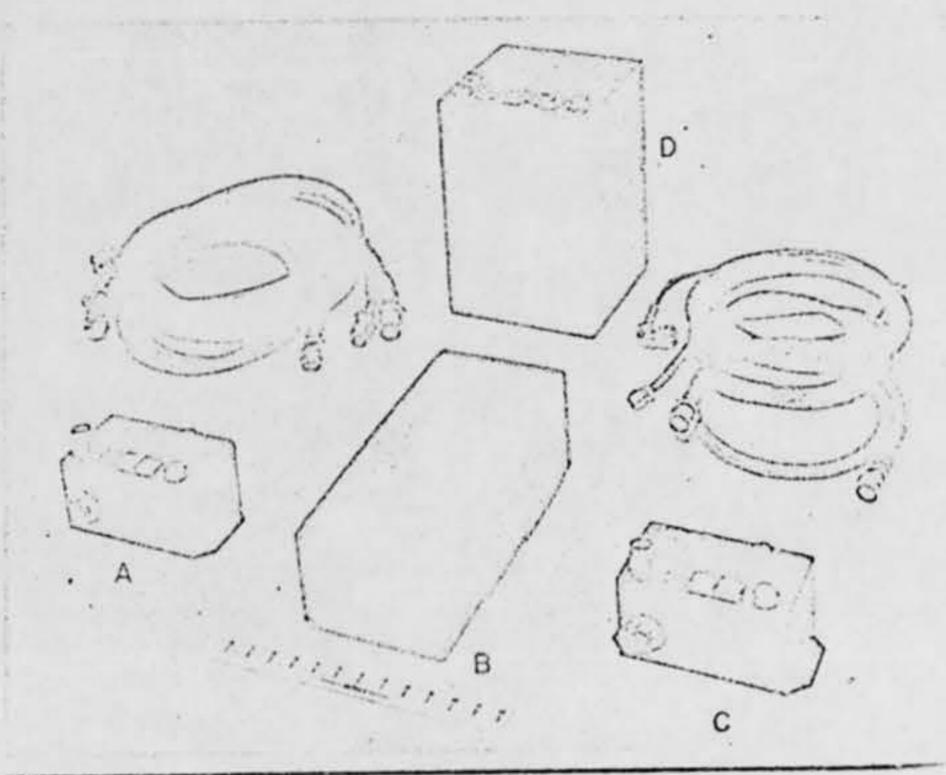
There are reports of military jet fighter pilots who have attempted to close upon a UFO, only to have it suddenly zoom shead when the aircraft comes near. Then the UFO sits and waits until the aircraft has nearly closed again. Then, the sequence is repeated. At other times the UFO darts at the aircraft on a collision course, often coming out of the clouds at nearly vertical angles of climb or descent. In some engounters, the UFO will circle an aircraft in flight as if inspecting it. This, it is claimed, demonstrates "intelligent control."

Such behavior merely demonstrates the well known physical law that two charged objects having opposite electric polarity will attract and two having identical polarities will repel. Aircraft fuselages usually carry a charge, sometimes a very high one, acquired from impact with charged vapor and dust particles in the air. Jet aircraft also acquire a charge from their turbine engines.

Laser Range Finders for Tanks Developed by TRG, Inc.

Laser range finders, developed by TRG, Inc., for tanks to obtain accurate range to targets, include gun-shield mounted laser (below) for the United Kingdomproduced Centurian Battle Tank. Components are (A) commander's control and display. (B) laser transmitter and receiver, (C) gunner's control and display and (D) power supply and counters. The unit at right was developed for the West German-Lowlands Leopard tank. The Leopard device, which has laser transmitter and receiver, with viewing optics housed in cylinder atop control and display (E), is mounted through tank turret. U.S. Army is planning comparable installations for its tanks, a major innovation in offensive tank fire power. TRG is a subsidiary of Control Data Corp.





There is evidence that indicates that one type of kugelblitz generates its own "magnetic bottle" which sustains it, although not all forms achieve magnetic containment. One theory advanced to explain ball lightning suggests that its stability comes from a core of spiraling electrons surrounded by a crust of positive ions.

Under these and other conditions, a plasma should behave as previously described, being attracted to the aircraft when the two have opposite charges, repelled when they have the same. When attractive forces exist but are too low to enable the plasma to penetrate the aircraft windstream, it could be dragged along by electrostatic forces in the vicinity of the aircraft, easily giving the appearance of 'llying formation."

When the plasma charge dissipated sufficiently it will depart or disappear of aircraft and its plasma come near stronger electric field, such as a closed the plasma may zoom off toward such a field.

A jet fighter attempting to close of a plasma having the opposite charp has a hopeless task, for so long as the plasma's charge persists it will avointerception.

When the charge dissipates, the Uliviality will vanish in thin air, as frequently

A typical encounter cited by Nove occurred during World War 2 on Nove 10, 1944, while a bomber was returned from a strike in Sumatra. The accordance was flying at 14,000 ft., above "broken clouds with an overcast above when the crew spotted a "very broken the crew spotted the crew spotted

TDPT (UFO)

UFO Observation, 17 May 1967



Washington, D. C. 20024

Dear

Reference the inclosed report on an unidentified flying object (UFO) sighting from Eural Hall, North Carolina, 17 May 1967. We thought that you might be interested in it and we would appreciate any comments that you may care to make on this particular sighting.

Sincerely,

Chief, Aerial Phenomena Office Aerospace Technologies Division Production Directorate

1 Atch Case File, 17 May 67, Rural Hall, N Carolina DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
HEADQUARTERS FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIVISION (AFSC)
WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE, OHIO 45433

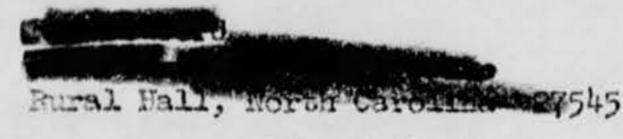
REPLY TO

TDPT/UFO

SUBJECT:

UFO Observation, 17 May 1967

DEC 21 1987



A. 919 - 377-2728

Your name has been given to the Aerial Phenomena Branch (Project Blue Book) as being a witness to an unidentified flying object. If you were a witness to an UFO sighting on 17 May 1967 would you please complete the attached AF Form 117 and return it in the envelope provided. If you were not a witness to this sighting, would you please make a statement to this effect on the attached form. The information which you provide will be used in evaluating this observation. Thank you for your assistance in this matter.

JAMES C. MANATT, Colonel, USAF Director of Production

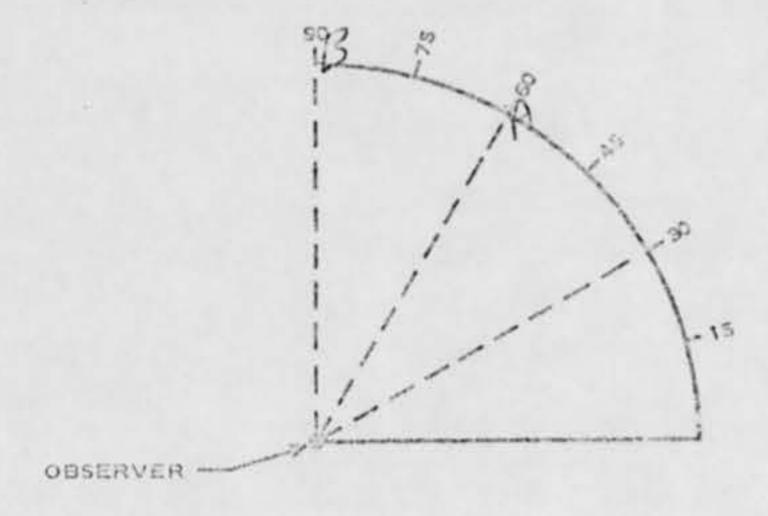
1 Atch AF Form 117

30 gan 68 laties to the War his his would have him so form an east he could have him form an east he could have him

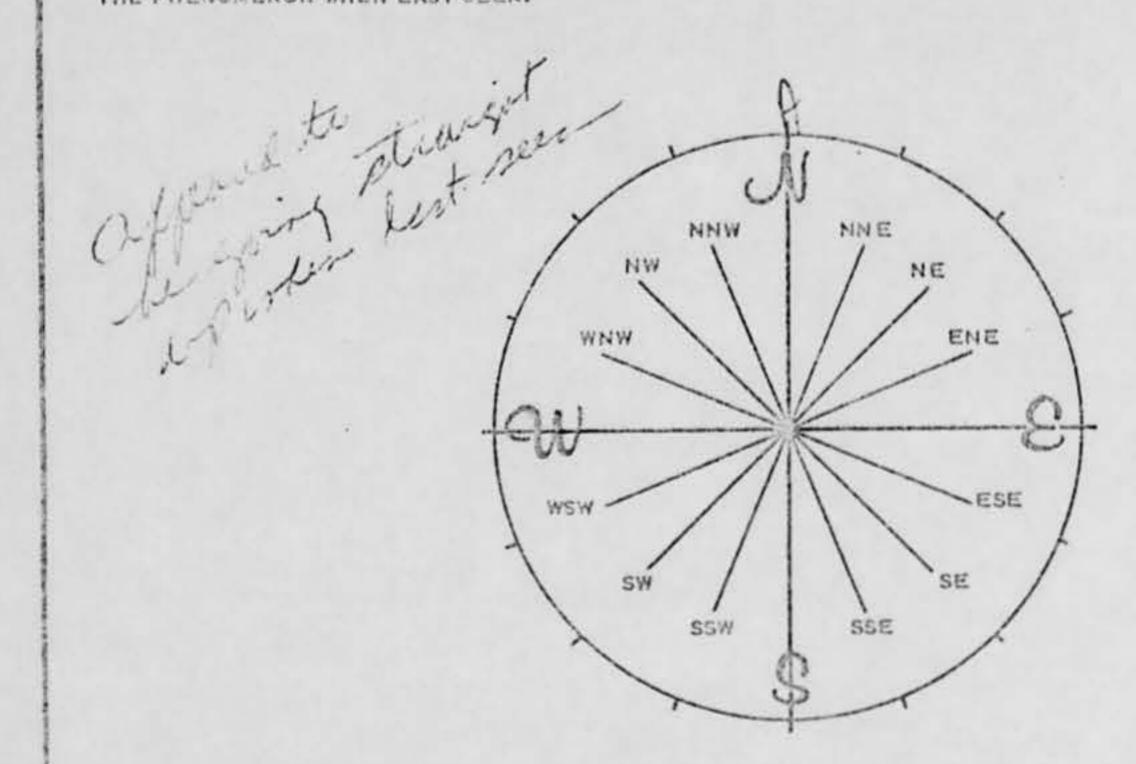
# SIGHTING OF UNIDENTIFIED PHENOMENA QUESTIONNAIRE

THIS QUESTIONNAIRE HAS BEEN PREPARED SO THAT YOU CAN GIVE THE U.S. AIR FORCE AS MUCH INFORMATION AS POSSIBLE CONCERNING THE UNIDENTIFIED PHENOMENON THAT YOU HAVE OBSERVED. PLEASE TRY TO ANSWER ALL OF THE QUESTIONS. THE INFORMATION YOU GIVE WILL BE USED FOR RESEARCH PURPOSES. YOUR NAME WILL NOT BE USED IN CONNECTION WITH ANY OF YOUR STATEMENTS OR CONCLUSIONS WITHOUT YOUR PERMISSION. RETURN TO AIR FORCE BASE INVESTIGATOR FOR FORWARDING TO FTD (THETR), WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFE. OHIO 45433, IAW 80-17. (IF ADDITIONAL SHEETS ARE NEEDED FOR NARRATIVE OR SKETCHES ATTACH SECURELY TO THIS FORM OR ANNOTATE WITH YOUR NAME FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

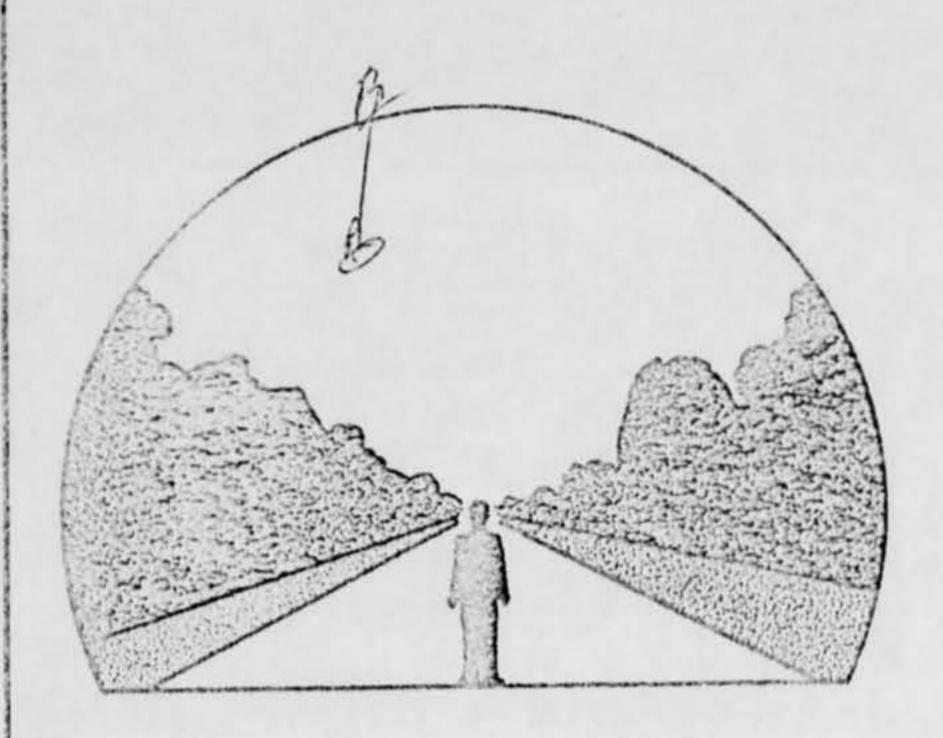
. WHEN DID YOU SEE	E THE PHENOMENON?	DAY 7/26	5 17 MONTH 7/2	acy YEAR !	967
WHAT TIME DID YO	OU FIRST SIGHT THE PHE	alour &	MINUTES 3	/ □ A.M.	[].Р.м.
WHAT TIME DID YO	OU LAST SIGHT THE PHE	ent HOUR A	Couche MINUTES	[] A.M.	[] P.M.
TIME/ZONE	DAY	IGHTISAVINGS	[]STANDA		
MEASTERN	CENTRAL	[] MOUNTAIN	PACIFIC	OTHER	
	TO THE ON OR NEAR AND TRY	Show hali		6 Miles	The date of
PHENOMENON WAS	AT THE POINT SHOWN IS ABOVE THE MORIZON, O BOVE THE HORIZON THE	OR SKYLINE, WHEN FIRS'	r SEEN. PLACE A "B" OF	THE SAME CURVE	O LINE TO

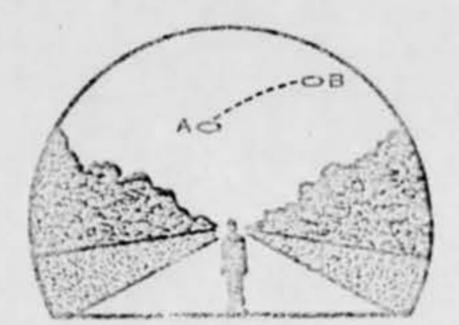


6A. NOW IMAGINE YOU ARE AT THE CENTER OF THE COMPASS ROSE. PLACE AN "A" ON THE COMPASS TO INDICATE THE DIRECTION TO THE PHENOMENON WHEN FIRST SEEN. PLACE A "B" ON THE COMPASS TO INDICATE THE DIRECTION TO THE PHENOMENON WHEN LAST SEEN.



7. IN THE SKETCH BELOW, PLACE AN "A" AT THE POSITION OF THE PHENOMENON WHEN FIRST SEEN, AND A "9" AT THE POSITION OF THE PHENOMENON WHEN LAST SEEN. CONNECT THE "A" AND "8" WITH A LINE TO APPROXIMATE THE MOVEMENT OF THE PHENOMENON BETWEEN "A" AND "8". THAT IS, SCHEMATICALLY SHOW WHETHER THE MOVEMENT APPEARED TO BE STRAIGHT, CURVED OR ZIG-ZAG. REFER TO SMALLER SKETCH AS AN EXAMPLE OF HOW TO COMPLETE THE LARGER SKETCH.





AIRFIELD				
EN COUNTRYSIDE  AIRFIELD  G OVER CITY  G OVER OPEN COUNTRY  R IA ALO. der. outche Col.				
AIRFIELD  GOVER CITY  GOVER OPEN COUNTRY  RIA AND der. outside Colg				
GOVER CITY  GOVER OPEN COUNTRY  RIA ALLO der. Outrale Colg	IN OPEN COUNTRYSIDE			
RIA MIN. der. outain Col	NEAR AIRFIELD			
Rin new der outsin edg	FLYING OVER CITY			
Rin new der outsin edg				
7112 1 0 2 2 0 7 111 0 1				
VERE YOU MOVING?				
DID YOU STOP ANYTIME WHILE OBSERVING THE				
PHENOMENON1				
TYES NO				
HEN THEY WERE IN SIGHT RELATIVE TO THE POSITION OF THE PHENO	THE TIN			
IN SIGHT?				
AIN OF TIME   NOT VERY SU	E			
Y CERTAIN JUST A GUESS				
D," INDICATE WHETHER THIS IS DUE TO MOVEMENT OR BEHAVIOR. INDICATE	YOUR HSAP-			

		ONDITIONS (Check appropriate blocks.)	
SKY	В.	CUMULUS CLOUDS (Low fluffy)	
TWILIGHT			FOG OR HIST HEAVY BAIN
NIGHT		bone) CIRRUS CLOUDS (High fleecy or Herring-	LIGHT RAIN OR DRIZZLE
CLEAR		NIMBUS CLOUDS (Rain)	HAIL
PARTLY CLOUDY		CUMULONIMBUS CLOUDS	SNOW OR SLEET
COMPLETELY OVERCAST		(Thunderstorms)	пикиоми
		HAZE OR SMOG	NONE OF THE ABOVE
IF THE SIGHTING WAS AT TWIL	IGHT OR N	IGHT, WHAT DID YOU NOTICE ABOUT THE ST	
STARS #	(2)	MOON	
INONE A TUI	, ,	BRIGHT MOONLIGHT	NO MOONLIGHT
A FEW OLD PRICE		MOON WITH HALO	UNKNOWN
MANY /		MOON HIDDEN BY CLOUDS	
UNKNOWN		PARTIAL (New or quarter)	
IN FRONT OF YOU		TO YOUR RIGHT	OVERHEAD (Near noon)
IN BACK OF YOU	1	TO YOUR LEFT	UNKNOWN
STREET LAMP, ETC. FOR TEL	- 7	- you not dark -	
GIVE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OR REFLECTED LIGHT OR WAS S	ELF-LUMIN NT, WHETH	ENOMENON, INDICATING WHETHER IT APPEA OUS AND WHAT COLORS YOU NOTICED. DESC ER EDGES WERE SHARP OR FUZZY. DESCRI	CRIDE YOUR IMPRESSION OF WHET BE THE SHAPE OR INDICATE IF IT
GIVE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF REFLECTED LIGHT OR WAS SOLID OR TRANSPARE APPEARED AS A POINT OF LIGHT OTHER OBJECT IN YOUR FIELD	ELF-LUMIN INT, WHETH IGHT. INDI LD OF VIEW	OUS AND WHAT COLORS YOU NOTICED. DESCRI ER EDGES WERE SHARP OR FUZZY. DESCRI CATE COMPARISONS WITH OTHER OBSERVED	CRIDE YOUR IMPRESSION OF WHET BE THE SHAPE OR INDICATE IF IT OBJECTS, LIKE STARS, A LIGHT O

DID THE PHENOMENON	YES	NO	инкноми
HOVE IN A STRAIGHT LINE!			
STAND STILL AT ANYTIME?			
SUDDENLY SPEED UP AND RUN AWAY?	IV		
BREAK UP IN PARTS AND EXPLODE?	1.		
CHANGE COLOR!			
GIVE OFF SMOKE?			
CHANGE BRIGHTNESS?			
CHANGE SHAPET			
FLASH OR FLICKER!			
DISAPPEAR AND REAPPEAR?			
SPIN LIKE A TOP?			
MAKE A HOISE?			
FLUTTER OR WOBBLE?			
14. WHAT DREW YOUR ATTENTION TO THE PHENOMENON?		-	
Object Come ente Vien			
Nent ctraiget up from get gelen	2		
B. DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THEE, OR B.  THE DID THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OF SOMETHING, LIKE A CLOUD, THE PHENOMENON MOVE BEHIND OR IN FRONT OR IN FRO	STE DING	TAT AN	Y TIME?
Moned tack and forth in Zig- mineraris behind and under the but men never out y Vien —	0		