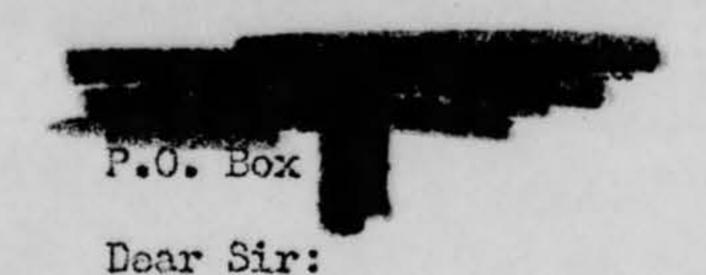
PRUJELI 100/3 KELUKU

1. DATE TIME GROUP	2. LOCATION
14 Feb 67 15/0246Z	Morgantown, Pennsylvania one
3. SOURCE Civilian	10. CONCLUSION Aircraft(possible)
4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS One	
5. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION 8 minutes	Observer watched at first an orange fireball then a more observable object coming from the east. The fireball type of object changed to one with a three light configuration. There was one white, another green and the third red. The observer made several calculations to determine the height and speed of the object. The description is consistent with that of an aircraft observation.
Ground Visual	
7. COURSE westward	
8. PHOTOS Di Yes Yi No	
9. PHYSICAL EVIDENCE	

FORM
FTD SEP 63 0-329 (TDE) Provious editions of this form may be used.

14 Fet 67 morganiteur, Pa.

10 March 1967



Thank you for yor report, which Lt. Marley has forwarded to me for comment. Your calculations appear correct in principle, but the speed could have been calculated using the <u>hypotenuse</u> of the right triangle, since the sound would be travelling along the hypotenuse when the object was closest. The calculation done in that way gives 420 Mph.

The only part of the sighting which does not fit the description of a jet airplane is the very bright light, which is not ordinarily seen on cruising jets.

I say ordinarily. Actually the height you calculated would indicate a jet still climbing out of airport toward cruising altitude (over 18,000 ft. usually). It is common for aircraft climbing through approach routes to turn on their landing lights as a warning to possible incoming aircraft. These landing lights are powerful and are concentrated forward in a moderately wide beam.

I have done some calculations on the brightness of these lights at various distances, and found, for example, that a 1000 candlepower light confined to a 30-degree beam will appear of magnitude - 6 to an observer ten miles away - a little over 10 times as bright as Venus is right now. It would have the same brilliance as Venus about 30 miles away. Thus the bright light does not strike me as unusual.

Page 2 10 March 1967 The remaining configurations and colors of lights you describe sound to me like a competent description of the normal running lights of a jet aircraft, seen from various angles as the plane passes by. Not knowing the airline schedules, I cannot of course make a positive identification, but in comparison with the really unusual UFO sightings competing for our time, this one does not seem to call for further investigation. Yours truly, WTP:1h

To: Project Blue Book, Wright Patterson Air Force Base, Dayton, Ohio.

Subject: UFO Report

Time: 9:46PM to 9:54 PM; February I4th, I967.
Location: south of Morgantown, Penna.
Direction of Travel: East to West.
Description: at first, an orange fireball; then changing to a three light formation (triangle.one white, another green, another ruby red)..and then, after 5 seconds more...an appearance of a "U" shaped crescent of ruby red non-blinking-continuous lights.

My calculations concerning other factors pretaining to the size, speed, and altitude of this object:

- Report on observation:

I live in a mobile home and late in the evening I usually take a walk on the darkened road to smoke a ciggarette. This prevents the trailer from getting smelled up since it is closed up at this time of the evening. At the evening of the sighting, I walked down the road looking up at the stars. I would like to point out that here we have a good location with good seeing for observing the stars. There are few street lights here, and the surrounding towns are 10 to 15 mile away...and the glow from nearby towns does not interfere very much with the sky here. Visual observations even rather close to the horrizon are good.

I do know that stars lower than IO degrees above the horrizon are usually obscured due to the added atmosphere that the light has to pass through, and ground light glow, and cloud obscuring etc. I noticed an unusual light to my south east which looked like a planet (about as brigh as Jupiter is when overhead) but about 2 or 3 degrees above "Welsh Mountain", which is to my south. This was immediately noticable...and I stood along the road where an apple tree was between me and the sky: in that way I could notice motion in relation to the tree branches. After a few seconds, I noticed that it looked like a fire-ball and was a bright yellow color...and that the path of travel would have it travel parallel to the road and at an altitude of 45 degrees to me. I was planning to ignor reporting this....since my last report to your office was not acknowledged...but I thought I had better get my wife immediately to take a look at this, just in case.

(Later I measured the distance from where I was standing, by the

appel tree, to the door of my trailer)

I ran as fast as I could, running IOO yards back to the trailer, opened the door and called my wife out...just in time to see a fire-ball, apparent size, the size of a pencil eraser held at arms distance, (inat 24in)..and directly to my south...and I noted the position in relation to a powerline pole and wites along the road.

It took I7 seconds for me to run the IOO yards, and get my wife outside to see the fire-ball. At this time it changed to an orange color; the same color and brightness as an oil burner flame...a dull orange.

I was suddenly aware that I wasn't taking pertainent information for later calculations; so I immediately got the apparent diameter. Then the motor sound was heard. My wife said "thats not an airplane".... I noticed that the sound lag between the fireball and its sound source was very directional and, using two hand spans with my thumbs together, I noted that the sound lag was I8 inches...and my arm length is 24 inches. I checked this three times for accuracy.

I noted the time; 9,550...when the object was directly south...I noted that its path was 45 degrees; exactly half way between my zenith and

the ground.

After the fireball passed and was south west of me, it suddenly changed to a 3 light formation; in a triangle, the left light was green, the forward one white, and the right one red;....and for five seconds this pattern prevailed. I got the apparent diameter of the light formation: 1 in at 24 inched. It looked like a swept wing airplane and gave the impression of but offered no outline and really looked like this:

After the five seconds when it was traveling more West than South, it formed a "U" shaped crescent, resembling a "saucer shape", but no blinking light in the center. I watched it for another 3 minutes, checked its apparent size all the time:...and just before it entered a cloud cover (and the clouds were high and to the west: for the most pare a clear sky with good seeing). I got an apparent diameter of the width of a nickle. Then it entered the cloud cover and was obscured.

Here is what it looked like: :.:

Being along the turn Pike we have a lot of air traffic over Morgantown and this object was in the flight lane between Philadelphia and Harrisburg; but it definetely was not an airplane...unless one had a terrific fire that burned for 8 minutes before being extinguished. It did have the airplane sound, but this was not heard until after it had passed by ... no sonic boom etc. no outline.

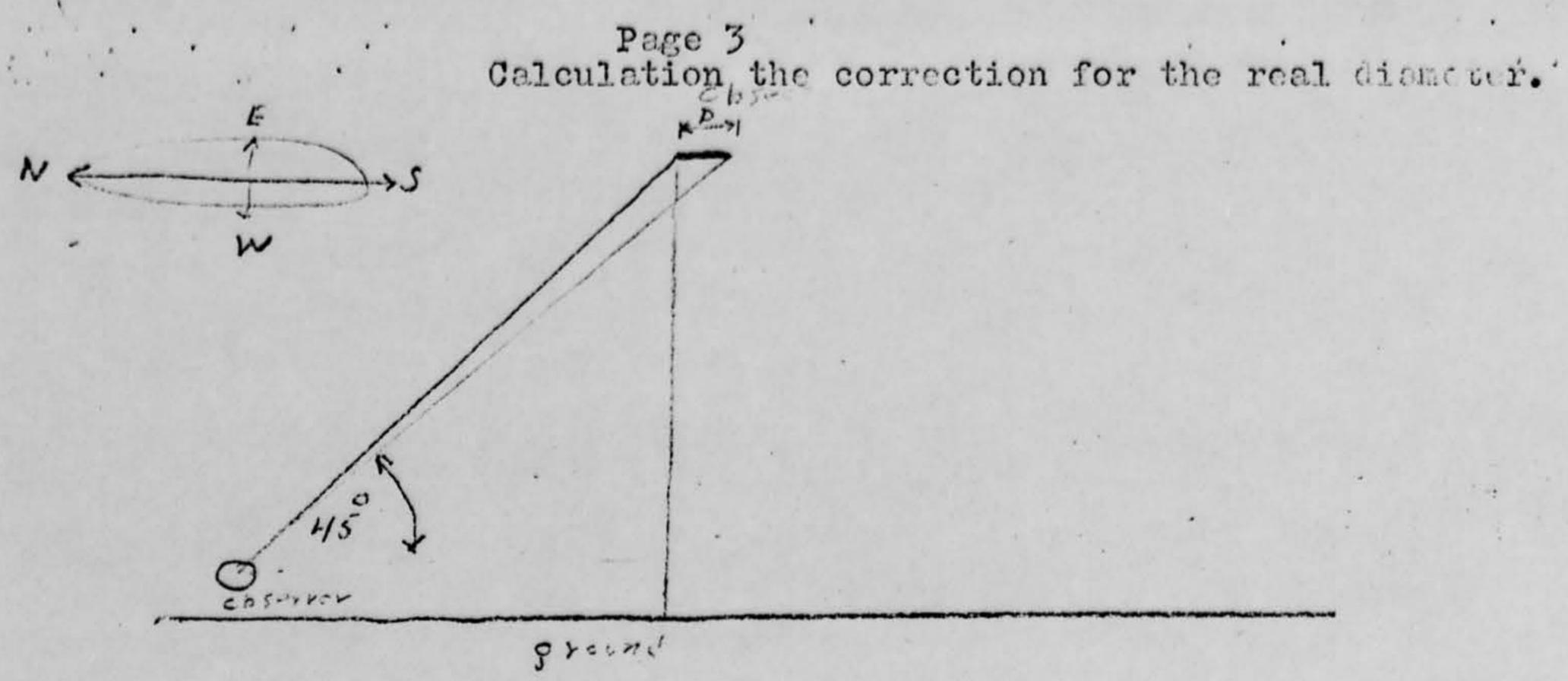
My Calculations:

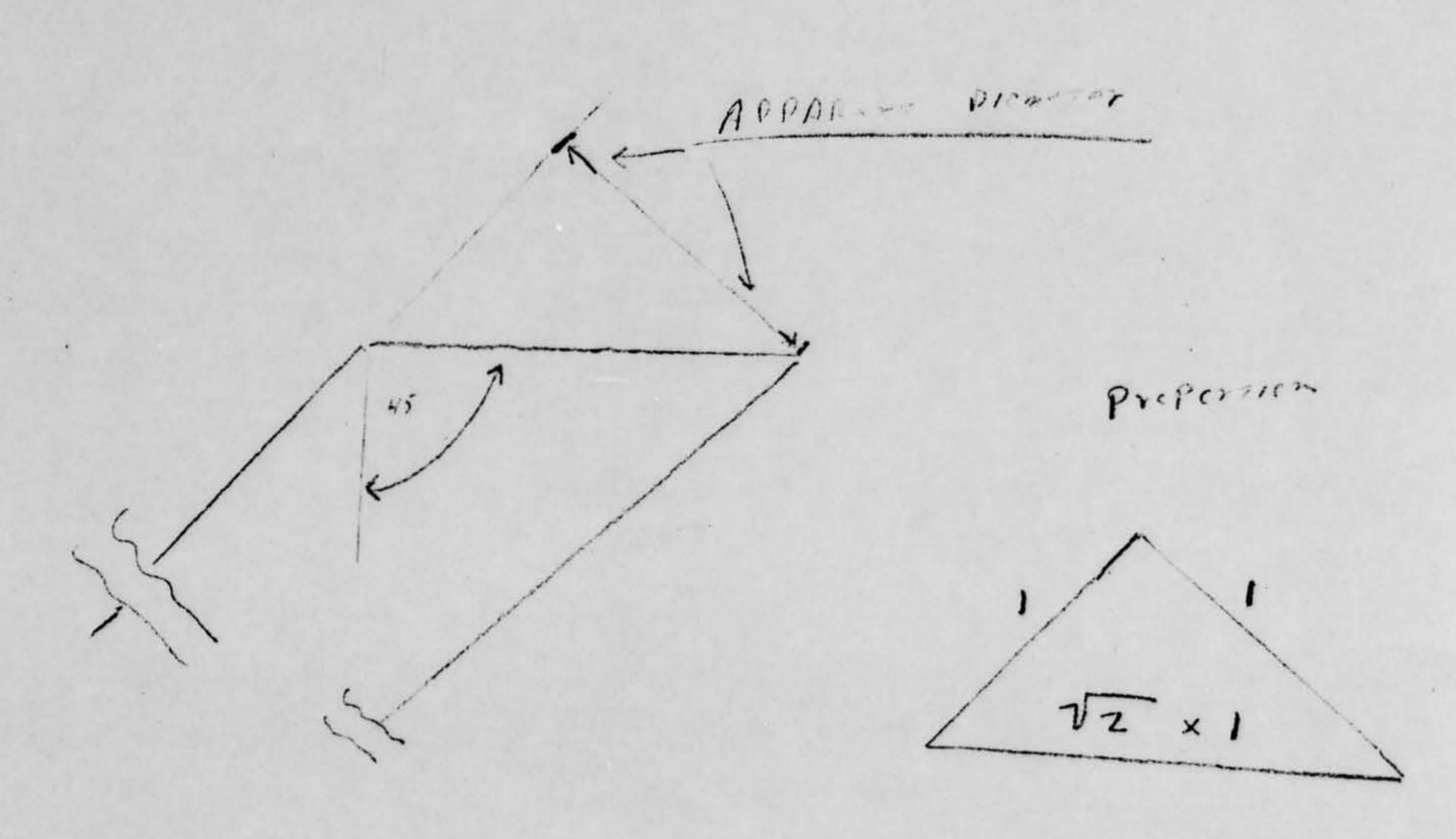
Knowing that the sound lag is I6 inches in 24 inches; then the ratio of I8/24 times I040 ft sec (the speed of sound at 40 degrees) yeilds the air speed of the object. This calculation is 780 ft/sec.

Since 88 ft/sec equals 60 mi/hr; then I.47 ft/sec equals I mile/hr.

780/I.47 equals 530 miles/hr.

Size: since the observed diameter of { inch at 24 inches, was made at a 45 degree angle: by multiplying by I.4 (the square root of 2) I have corrected to .350 in...which is the apparent diameter of an observor directly underneath it. With a 45 degree angle....the sides are I:I: and [2]; consequently this correction is necessary in calculation of the real diameter of the object.





observer

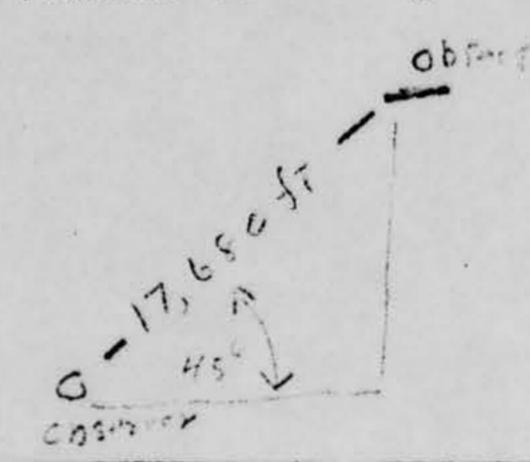
Note: the apparent diameter is really the hypotenuse of a right triangle; and since this one is a 45 degree one, the correction merely requires multiplying the apparent diameter by the square root of two; which is I.4 : and the real apparent diameter is .350 inches at 24 inches. This will be used to calculate the real diameter now.

If the sound leg is IS inches at a distance of 24 inches: then the ratio times the speed of sound will give the real speed of the pbject. IS/24...or 3/4 times IO4O gives a speed of 780 ft/sec...or530 mi/hr. Since the corrected apparent diameter is .350; then IS in/.350 yeilds 5I.4 diameters per I7 seconds.

Since the IS inches were traversed in I7 seconds; then 5I.4/ I7 gives 3.02 diameters /sec. ... and the calculated speed is 780 ft/sec: then 780/3.02 will give the real calculated diameter; which is 258 ft.

If an object is traveling at the speed of sound; then the sound lag will be a 45 degree angle, and at an arms length of 24 inches, the object would have to also have a sound lage of 24 inches to travel at the same speed as sound. The ratio provides the ratio of speed as compared to the speed of sound; and if the time needed to travel an equal distance is determined (timed) then the real speed can be determined as I have just done.

Next: the same amount of time is needed for the sound to travel to the observor as it takes for the object to travel a length equal to the sound lag. Since this was I7 seconds for this sighting: then I7 X 1040 will give the feet away from the observor. This is I7.680 ft....which is the hypotenuse of a right triangle and not the true altitude above the ground.



By dividing by I.4 (the \2) we can calculate the actual altitude above the ground directly underneath the object.

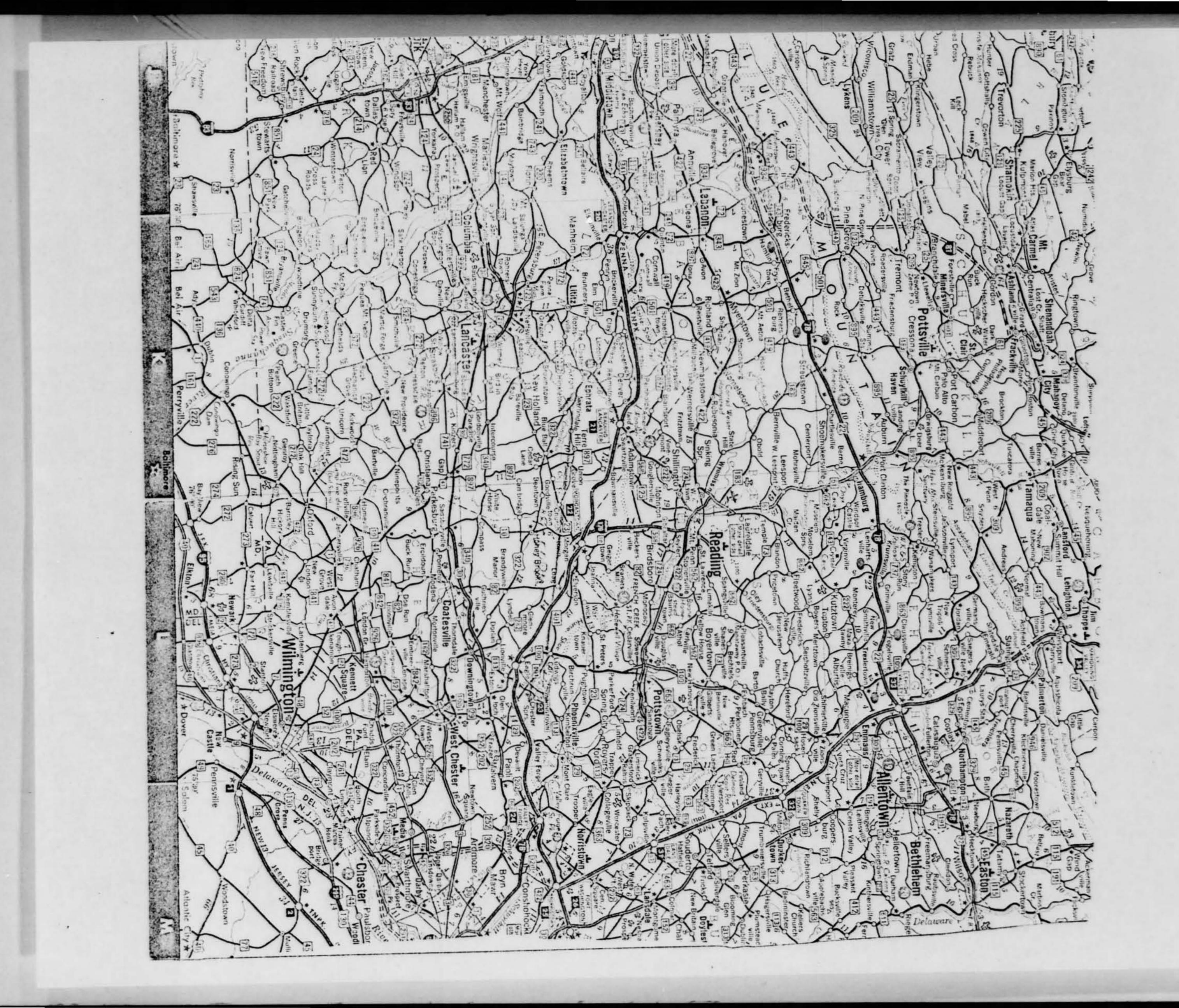
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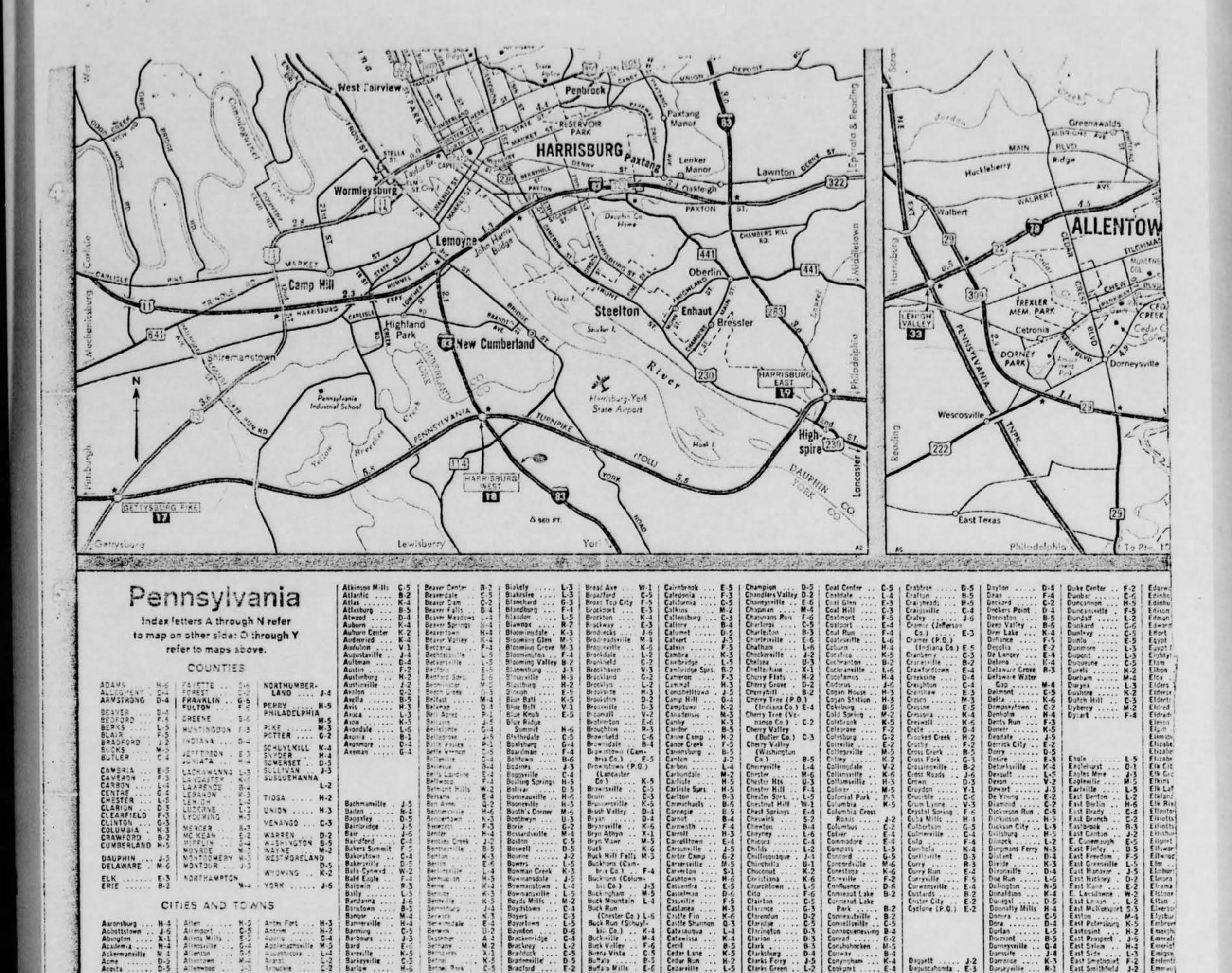
I7.680/I.4 equals I2.629 ft.

As a result of these calculations, I have determined that the object, when it was directly south of me, was 258 ft. in diameter...at a real altitude of I2,629 ft...and was traveling at a uniform speed of 530 miles/hr.

I o cosonia

End of report: sincerely Yours:





Cedarville ...

Centennial ...

Centerport ...

Center Road ...

Centertown . . .

Center Bridge . M-5 Center Mareland L-3

Center Square . M.5

Center Union . B-3 Center Union . G-4 Center Valley . M-4 Centerville (Wash-

ington Co.) . C.5

Centerville (P.O.)

(Crawford Ce.)

Clarks Green

Clarks Milis

Clarksville

Claussville

Clayshurg

Clayseille

Clarks Summit

Clarkstown ...

Clay

Claylick

Clayton

Chrytonia Clearheld

Clear Ridge

Clear Spring

Clearwille ...

Cleans

Cookport

Cooksburg

Coolbaughs ...

Coolspring ...

Coopersburg ...

Cooperstown ...

Corning

Cornplanter ...

H-5 | Corsica D-3

Cortez

F-6

Cornwells Hts. . X-1

Corry C-2

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Danielsville ...

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Darlington

Danville J-4

Dark Water .. K.4

Bradford

Brattford Woods

Bradys Bend ...

Brandenville .

Brandy Camp .

Manor

Breezewood ...

Brantaped ...

Bressler

Brise Creek ...

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& endywine

Brandt

Sarnes

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Amherton

Anthridge

Albion

Barmethora

Baueman

Carerstown ...

Betura

Bis Mount

Big Sharty

Berthardnille .

Buffa's Mills

Buffalo Run

Burgettitonn . B-5

Burn og Well . E-2

Burnide E-4

Burnt Cabins . G.5

Burneged ... L-2

Burtelle F-2

Albright B-2 Anity Hall Ho American Hall Control Hall Con

Busheitt

Burlingten ...

East Smithfield

Echley

Doubling Gap . H-5

Dayles Mills

Doglesteun ...

Drezel Hill ... V-2 Drezel Park ... V-2

Drifting

Drifton

Douglasseille . L-5