PROJECT 10073 RECORD CARD

1. DATE	2 LOCATION		12.	CONCLUSIONS
30 Jul 58 3. DATE-TIME GROUP	1 Mi W of Zahl	North Dakota	000	Was Balloon Probably Balloon Possibly Balloon
Local 3:30 am GMT 20/0930Z	Binoculars Air-Visual	☐ Ground-Radar ☐ Air-Intercept Radar	000	Was Aircraft Probably Aircraft Possibly Aircraft
5. PHOTOS O Yes Q-No	Civilian		000	Was Astronomical V 1115 Probably Astronomical Possibly Astronomical
7. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION 2 hrs 30 mins	8. NUMBER OF OBJECTS	9. COURSE	000	Other Insufficient Data for Evaluation Unknown
10. BRIEF SUMMARY OF SIGHTING	one	11. COMMENTS		
Obj emitted white light shapes of red, blue & g mined shape w/fuzzy out fm NE to E, size of pea	reen, undeter- line, traveled	the planet V	eni on	computer shows us to be in the indicated by of sighting.

ATIC FORM 329 (REV 26 SEP 52)

39. Do you think you can estimate the speed of the	object?
(Circle One) Yes (No	
IF you answered YES, then what speed would yo	ou estimate?m.p.h.
40. Do you think you can estimate how far away from	n you the chiect was?
	m you the colect was:
(Circle One) Yes (No)	
IF you answered YES, then how far away would	you say it was?feet.
41. Please give the following information about your	reelf:
NAME Nome	Tirst Name
ADDRESS . Shoot A W.	City Zone State
TELEPHONE NUMBER	
What is your present job?	1. 8FA LE /69h /2/10/
>0	
Age 55 Sex 122	
Please indicate any special educational training	
a. Grade school b. High school c. College	e. e. Technical school
College	f. Other special training
d. Post graduate	1. Other special framing
42. Date you completed this questionnaire:	30 7
	Day Month Year

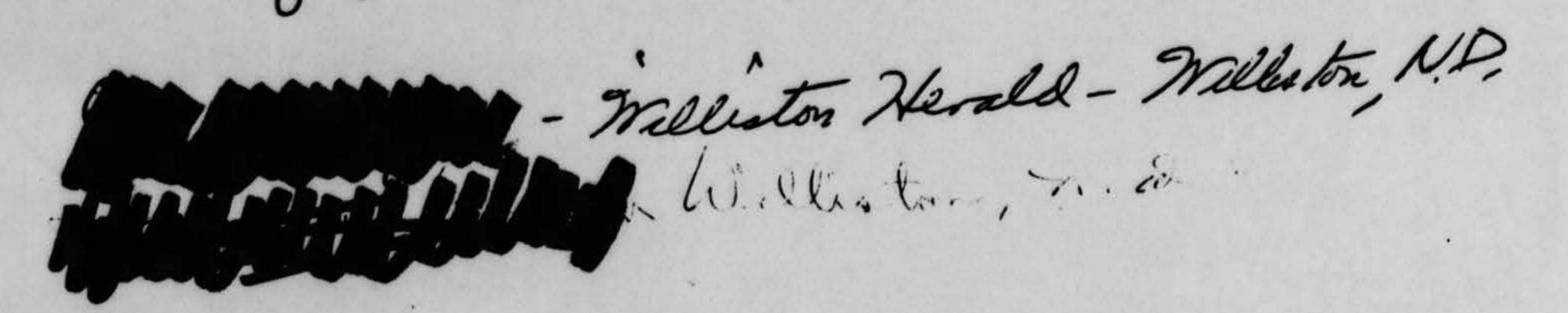
U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET (SUMMARY DATA)

In order that your information may be filed and coded as accurately as possible, please use the following space to write out a short description of the event that you observed. You may repeat information that you have already given in the questionnaire, and add any further comments, statements, or sketches that you believe are important. Try to present the details of the observation in the order in which they occurred. Additional pages of the same size paper may be attached if they are needed.

SIGNATURE DATE SO JULY 1958

(Do Not Write in This Space)
CODE:

I certify that the fine going report is colaborated ? by myself. There is no discrepancies or expansions on any of the quarties.



Venus Most Prominent

Venus, the only planet now visible in the evening, is a brilliant object in the sky and will soon be joined by the Leonids, "shooting stars."

By JAMES STOKLEY

THAT BRILLIANT object you see in the southwestern sky these evenings as darkness falls is not an airplane, a flying saucer, or some bright light hung in the sky as part of an experiment.

What you see is the planet Venus, now reaching its greatest prominence, which comes just before its disappearance from the evening sky early in 1958.

Venus is far brighter than any other star or planet seen in the night sky and there is no difficulty in identifying it. Indeed, it can be observed long before the sky is dark. In fact, if you know where to look, you can even see it in broad daylight!

After it passed behind the sun last April 14. Venus has gradually been drawing to the east of that body. That meant that it tollowed the sun in its daily motion across the sky, and so remained visible in the west after the sun had set. On Nov. 18 it will be farther east of the sun, hence remaining in the sky for the longest time after sunset, marrly three hours. After that it will start moving toward the sun again.

Because of its early setting, Venus does not appear on the accompanying maps of the November evening skies, which show their appearance about 10:00 p.m., your own kind of standard time, at the first of November, 9:00 p.m. on the 15th and 8:00 p.m. on the 30th.

Bright Birds in the Sky

These maps do, however, show the stars that are now visible.

Toward the west is Deneb, at the top of the 'northern cross," which is really part of the constellation of Cygnus, the swan. Deneb is in the bird's tail; in fact, the word is Arabic and means "tail." The crosspiece represents the wings, and the lower part of the cross his long neck, stretched forward in flight. At the head is Albireo, a star of the second magnitude on the astronomical brightness scale. Below Cygnus is another first magnitude stor, Vega, in Lyra, the lyre. To the left is another bird, Aquila, the eagle, with the star Altair.

stars that form the "great square," part of the constellation of Pegasus, the winged horse. Although these are not among the brightest, their characteristic arrangement makes them a good starting place from which to find other groups. The horse, actually, is upside down in the sky, as the row of stars extending westward from the lower right corner of the square is his head! The star at the upper right, Alpheratz, is not in Pegasus at all, but in the neighboring group of Andromeda. This constellation represents the Ethiopian princess who, according to mythology, was chained to a rock to be devoured by a sea monster, represented by the constellation of Cetus, the whale, in the south. Fortunately, she was rescued by the hero, Perseus, who is seen in the northeast.

Andromeda's mother, Cassiopeia, is seen in the north, a group forming the letter M, above Polaris, the pole star. Alongside her is her husband, the king, Cepheus.

Turning now toward the east, we can see what is generally considered to be the finest constellation in the sky making its debut for the season.

Orion: Season's Finest

This is Orion, the warrior, easily recognized because of the three stars in a row that form his belt. To the left is Betelgeuse, to the right is Rigel, both of the first magnitude, although being so low in the sky they do not appear as bright as they

will in the coming months. Then you will see them high in the seath.

Just above Orion is Taurus, the buil, with brilliant Aldebaran, and to the lets of this figure stands Auriga, the character, with first magnitude Capella.

Although only Venus is now and to in the evening, two other planets appear in the southeast before sunrise. Brightest of these is Jupiter, in the constellation of Virgo, the virgin. It is close to the bright star Spica However, it exceeds the star in buildance about ten times.

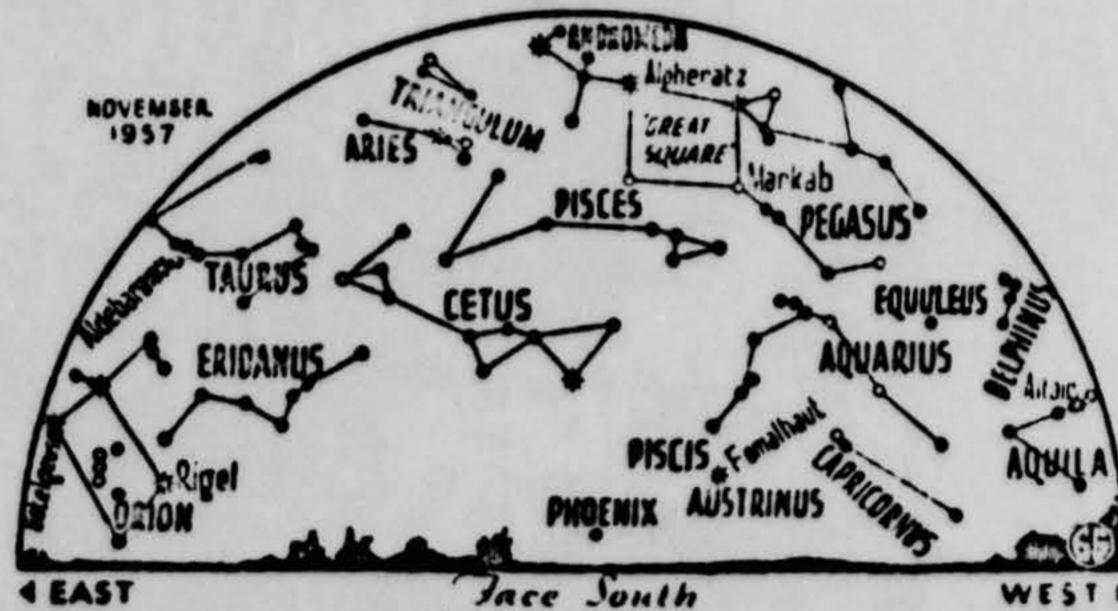
Farther east is Mars, rising about in hour ahead of the sun. Its brightness is about half that of Spica. Mercury and Saturn are both too near the sun to be easily visible in November.

Shower of "Stars" to Come

November is the month bringing one of the year's famous showers of meteors, or "shooting stars," which appear from about the 13th to the 16th.

They are most numerous after midnight, because then we are on the forward side of the earth in its annual movement around the sun. Thus, we meet them head on This is different from the evening hours when we are on the rearward part, and see only those that eatch up to us





ar at the upper right, Alpheratz, is

o o o o symbols for stars in Order of BRICHTNESS

line of the plant that a least sample and have the sample

MAL



HERALD

Pourntourn Tomorrow: An Even Greater Dayton

DATTON. OHIO, MONDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1957

Enteres as Pecuan - ass Matter

36 1





Venus-So Bright-Causing Quite A Stir

We chased it then and identified it as a planet. General Clark and Captain Priwer explained that the dirty. dust-laden atmosphere above cities often refracted the light from bright stars in such a way that the body glowed, sending off vari-colored streamers. But many earth-bound Greater Cincinnatians were convinced again last night -- for the tourth consecutive night -- that they were seeing something extraordinary, perhaps extra-terres-UDE not trin!. unt What they saw, with the an intense eye, Was naked bluish-white light suspended at about a 30-degree angle above hy the horizon. Through six-power son 1.2 binoculars, it looked like a coming pact galaxy of colored fights, Mo slowly revolving and moving northwestward. ble The star was seen last night effe from North Bend, Cleves, Evansavc ton and Bethel, Ohio, The Enquirer was told. gat Earlier yesterday, Capt. 11.8 "There it is." he shouted, Charles A. Hardin, in charge of fre the agency which investigates OCC all reports of unidentified ob-He jects for the Air Technical Inthe telligence Center at Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Day-Cr. ton, said his office had begun a systematic check of "everything lighted" that had been in the th skies over Greater Cincinnati SC in the last four days. He said the ATTO was "decply interested" in the object and CI would study photographs of it and testimony and cylderse VI about It. Bill Bradenav, a merany el the Cincinnati Astronomicat lipciety, says it is the peret Venus, which was the lite ceptionally brilliant but. 11 the evening sky It is rate; four hours with the see. Maka All C 1- :.

o It's Only Star, Folks! "Thing" Is Identified From Plane Window

BY ED SEITZ

OUX

nc.,

Mr.

116

the

len-

the

ere

ide

BIS

; at

an

ing

el-

boy

led

try,

the

6%-

'ew

·th-

ties

Jan:

nps

lay .

ees

It came out again in the western sky last night- Greater Cincirmati's cerie, mysterious

A'RS 1 II WAS A STAT. As reports of the strangely clowing object began coming into The Enquirer news room at 8 p. m., a reporter and a photographer hoarded an Ohio Air National Guard C-15 plane and headed West. More than 50 calls about the star were received at The Enquirer.

An F-84 Thunderjet swooped overbead at 30,000 feet, unseen but in radio contact with the C-43, piloted by Brig. Gen. Edsel Clark, OANG adjutant general, and his executive officer, Capt. Edwin Priwer.

The two-engine C-45 followed the murky ribbon that was the Ohio River and reached 1500 feet in its climb to 10,000.

Allan Kain, who had photographed the object from the ground the night before, peered through the pilots' windshield.

over the engines' roar. General Clark and Captain Priwer looked at each other and smiled. The general spoke into his microphone to the jet pilot, received an answer and turned to the reporter and

photographer. "Pretty star, isn't it?" he

grinned.

A hasty conference with the photographer brought from him a firm statement that the "thing" of the night before was the same body the pilots had ca'led a start.

It twinkled, bright and friendly, just as it had for thousands

of J.cars. "Beautiful night." the general

commented as the ship began to let down from 10,000 feet. Back at the airport lobby.

where conversation was casier. General Clark said the "tain" was "just a beautiful, normal

sight for a pilot."

"I think I've seen that same star for years," he said. "I'm not familiar enough with the stars' names to know for sure whether It's Venus or another plunet.

"It's the same unidentifiable object reproted by many people is Cclumbus about a year ago.

31300 DW

(CLASSIFICATION)

-VINUS

COUNTRY	REPORT NO.	(LI	EAVE BLANK)	
AIR	INTELLIGENCE	INFORMATION	N REPORT	
SUBJECT				
U. F. O. B. Report				
AREA REPORTED ON		FROM (Agency)		
North of Williston, N	orth Dakota	780th ACWW S	Squadron	
DATE OF REPORT	DATE OF INFORMATION		EVALUATION	
30 July 1958	31 July	y 1958		
PREPARED BY (Officer)		SOURCE		
ELDON H. WRIGHT, Majo	r, USAF	Personal Int	erviews	
REFERENCES (Control number, directive, previous re	port, etc., as applicable)			HANNE HEREITS HERE
Attached Annex				
		CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	CONTRACTOR	

Investigation insured this report to be one of a valid object and not an imaginative or hysterical sighting. Object could have been an experimental balloon or other device originated under official channels in the United States or Canada. Reported details preclude the possibility of familiar celestial bodies or normal natural phenomenon. Attached inclosure gives detailed

information on the reported sighting by reputable observers.

Reported object was not detected by any Radar Site within pickup range.

(CLASSIFICATION)	
UNCLASSIFIED	

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

INTELLIGENCE, USAF. IT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED IN WHOLE OR IN PART, BY OTHER THAN UNITED STATES AIR FORCE AGENCIES, EXCEPT BY THE DIRECTOR OF 31 AND 32, AS AMENDED. ITS TRANSMISSION OR THE REPORTED OF ITS CONTENTS IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW. MOTE: THIS DESCRIPTION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE MACT. 50 U. S. C.-

DISTRIBUTION BY ORIGINATOR

U. S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION SHEET

This questionnaire has been prepared so that you can give the U.S. Air Force as much information as possible concerning the unidentified aerial phenomenon that you have observed. Please try to answer as many questions as you possibly can. The information that you give will be used for research purposes, and will be regarded as confidential material. Your name will not be used in connection with any statements, conclusions, or publications without your permission. We request this personal information so that, if it is deemed necessary, we may contact you for further details.

1. When did you see the object? 30 JULY 1958 Doy Month Year	2. Time of day: 3 30 Hour Minutes (Circle One): A.M. or P.M.
3. Time zone: (Circle One): a. Eastern (b. Central c. Mountain d. Pacific e. Other	(Circle One): a. Daylight Saving 5. Standard
4. Where were you when you saw the object?	
	NURTH DAKOTA
Nearest Postal Address	City or Town State or Country
Additional remarks: / MILE W	EST OF ZAHL
5. Estimate how long you saw the object. 2	Minutes Seconds
5. Estimate how long you saw the object. 2 Hour 5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how	
5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how	certain you are of your answer to Question 5.
Hour	
5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how	certain you are of your answer to Question 5. c. Not very sure
5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how Cortain Fairly certain 6. What was the condition of the sky?	certain you are of your answer to Question 5. c. Not very sure d. Just a guess
5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how Certain Fairly certain 6. What was the condition of the sky? (Circle One): a. Bright daylight	certain you are of your answer to Question 5. c. Not very sure d. Just a guess d. Just a trace of daylight
5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how Cortain Fairly certain 6. What was the condition of the sky?	certain you are of your answer to Question 5. c. Not very sure d. Just a guess
5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how Certain Eairly certain 6. What was the condition of the sky? (Circle One): a. Bright daylight b. Dull daylight Bright twilight	certain you are of your answer to Question 5. c. Not very sure d. Just a guess d. Just a trace of daylight e. No trace of daylight
5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how G. Certain Eairly certain 6. What was the condition of the sky? (Circle One): a. Bright daylight b. Dull daylight Bright twilight 7. IF you saw the object during DAYLIGHT, TWILIGHT, T	d. Just a trace of daylight e. No trace of daylight f. Don't remember or DAWN, where was the SUN located as you looked
5.1 Circle one of the following to indicate how G. Certain b. Fairly certain 6. What was the condition of the sky? (Circle One): a. Bright daylight b. Dull daylight C. Bright twilight 7. IF you saw the object during DAYLIGHT, TWILIGHT	certain you are of your answer to Question 5. c. Not very sure d. Just a guess d. Just a trace of daylight e. No trace of daylight f. Don't remember

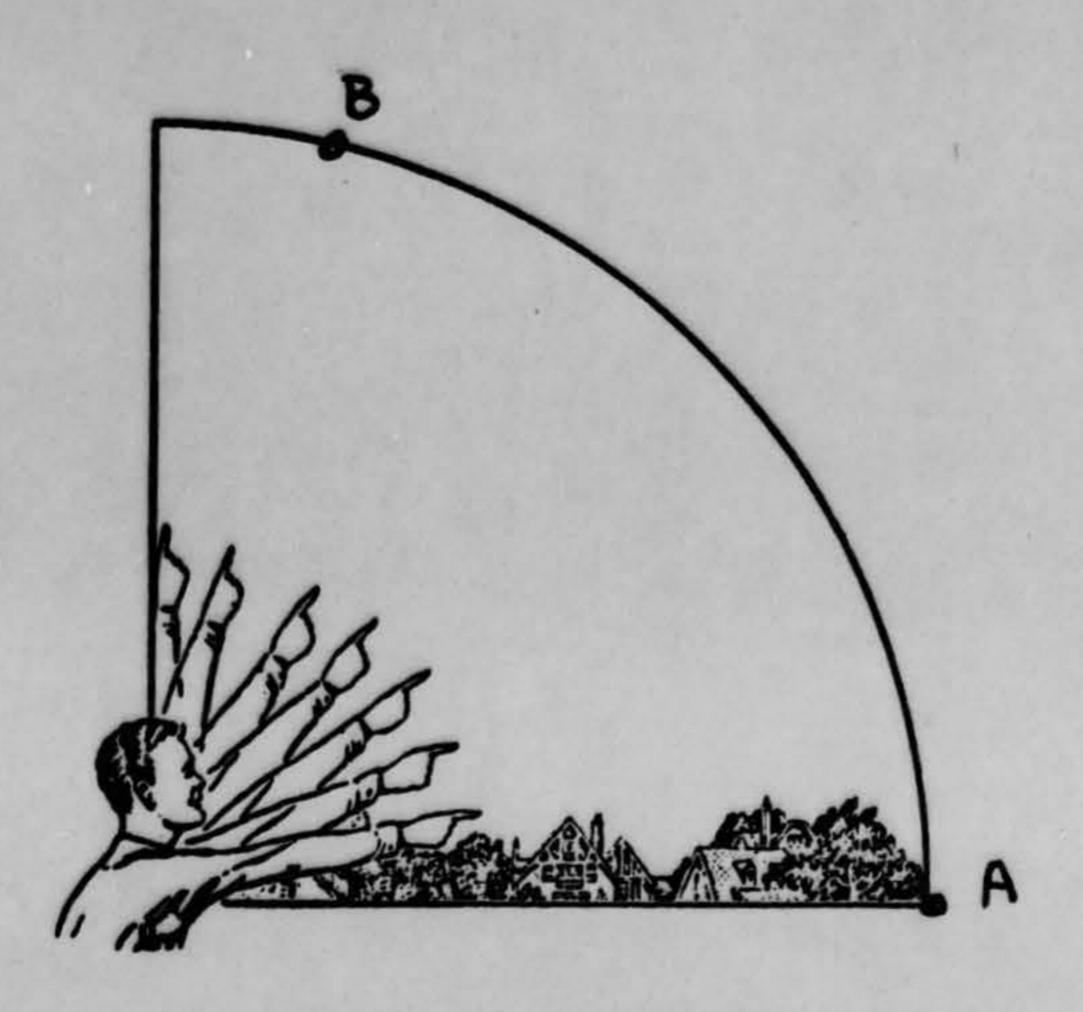
8. IF you saw the object at NIGHT, TWILIG	HT, or DAWN	, what did yo	ou notice concer	ning the STARS and MOON?
8.1 STARS (Circle One):		8.2 MO	ON (Circle One):
a. None		8	Bright moon	light)
(b) A few			b. Dull moonlig	
c. Mony			c. No moonligh	
d. Don't remember			d. Don't remem	
9. Was the object brighter than the backgroun	nd of the sky			
(Circle One): (a) Yes	_ b. N	•	c. Don't rea	member
10. IF it was BRIGHTER THAN the sky back	ground, was t	he brightness	s like that of an	automobile headlight?:
(Circle C	One A mi	le or more av	way (a distant c	ar)?
		ral blocks av		
	c. Abl	ock away?		
		ral yards awa	ay?	
	e. Othe			
11. Did the object:			ircle One for ea	ch question)
a. Appear to stand still at any time?		(Yes)		· Don't Know
b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at	any time?	Yes	_ @	Don't Know
c. Break up into parts or explode?		Yes	(No	Don't Know
d. Give off smoke?		Yes	(MB)	Don't Know
e. Change brightness?		6	- No	Don't Know
f. Change shape?		Yes	(Mo	Don't Know
g. Flicker, throb, or pulsate?	Two	(Yes)	No No	Don't Know
12. Did the object move behind something at a	nytime, partic	ularly a clou	d?	
(Circle One): Yes No	Don't Kn	iow.	IF you answe	ered YES, then tell what
13. Did the object move in front of something a	t anytime, pa	rticularly a c	: loud?	
(Circle One): Yes No it moved in front of:	Don't Kn	ow)	IF you answe	red YES, than tell what
14. Did the object appear: (Circle One):	G.) Solid?	ь.	Transparent?	c. Don't Know.
15. Did you observe the object through any of t	he following?		2000	
a. Eyeglasses Yes		. Binoculars	(Pos) No
a. Eyeglasses Yes No)	Telescope		No
c. Windshield No		Theodolite	Yes	(No)
d. Window glass (Yes) No	h.	Other	NAKED EY	E (NO OBSTENCTIONS)

a. Sound	HONE					
b. Color	9 733680	MITTED	WHITE LIGHT	WITH I R	RED & BLUE	-GREEN
of the object t	that you saw so	uch as wings	direction the obj	c., and especia	and include in your	r sketch any deta r vapor trails. P
				DEF	A SHAPE TERMINED	
The edges of the (Circle On	b. Like a c. Sharply	or blurred_ bright star outlined		•. Other		
(Circle On	o): (a) Fuzzy b. Like a c. Sharply d. Don't r	bright star outlined emember	hen how many we	re there?	SNLY ONE	vere traveling.
(Circle On	o): (a) Fuzzy b. Like a c. Sharply d. Don't r	bright star outlined emember	hen how many we	re there?		vere traveling.
(Circle On	o): (a) Fuzzy b. Like a c. Sharply d. Don't r	bright star outlined emember	hen how many we	re there?		vere traveling.

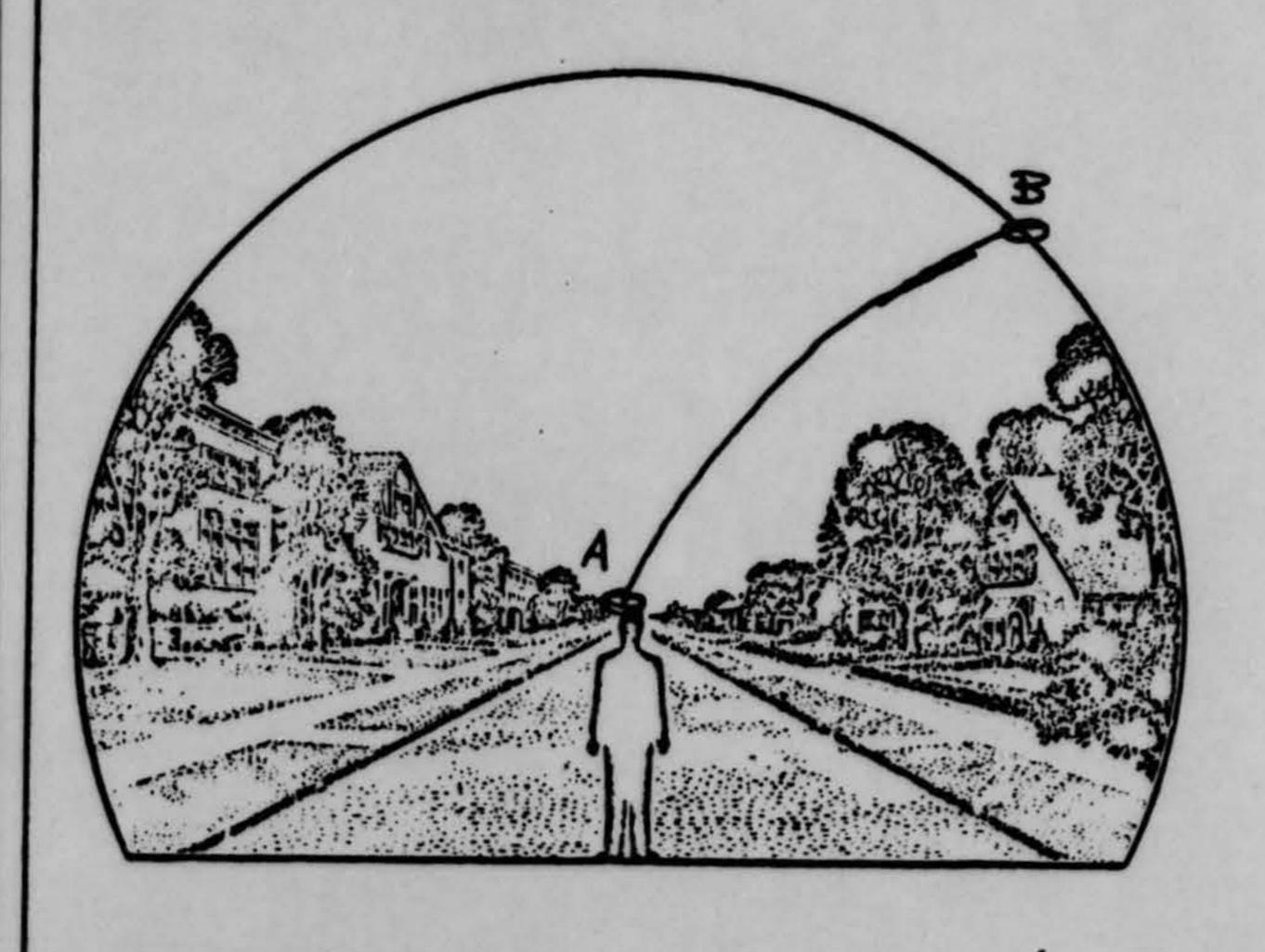
TRAIBLED	PROM NE	70 5	
1. IF POSSIBLE, try to guess or esti- feet. UNA		ze of the object was in its longest dimension	on.
2. How large did the object or object and at about arm's length?	s appear as compared	with one of the following objects held in t	he hand
(Circle One): a. Head	of a pin	g. Silver dollar	
(b) Peo		h. Baseball	
c. Dime		i. Grapefruit	
d. Nicke	•	j. Basketball	
e. Quarte		k. Other	
f. Half d	lollar		
22.1 (Circle One of the following to	indicate how certain	you are of your answer to Question 22.	
@ Certai			
(Q.)Cerro		- Net were eres	
b. Fairly	certain	c. Not very sure d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEME SCENE BEFOR	·€
b. Fairly How did the object or objects disa BSJECT DISAPPEARED In order that you can give as clear a pi construct the object that you saw. Of	ppear from view? Sometime of what type material would	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LERT SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and who	at you cou
B. Fairly How did the object or objects disa OBJECT DISAPPEARED In order that you can give as clear a pi construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own v same appearance as the object which y	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEAR SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and what or objects which when placed up in the sky would be a sky would	at you cou t shape d give the
B. Fairly How did the object or objects disa OBJECT DISAPPEARED In order that you can give as clear a pi construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own v same appearance as the object which y	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEAR SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and what or objects which when placed up in the sky would be a sky would	at you cou t shape d give the
B. Fairly How did the object or objects disa OBJECT DISAPPEARED In order that you can give as clear a pi construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own v same appearance as the object which y	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LERT SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and who	at you cou t shape d give the
In order that you can give as clear a process to be construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own was same appearance as the object which you	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEAR SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and what or objects which when placed up in the sky would be a sky would	at you cou t shape d give the
In order that you can give as clear a per construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own was same appearance as the object which you	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEAR SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and what or objects which when placed up in the sky would be a sky would	at you cou t shape d give the
In order that you can give as clear a per construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own was same appearance as the object which you	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEAR SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and what or objects which when placed up in the sky would be a sky would	at you cou t shape d give the
B. Fairly How did the object or objects disa OBJECT DISAPPEARED In order that you can give as clear a pi construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own v same appearance as the object which y	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEAR SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and what or objects which when placed up in the sky would be a sky would	at you cou t shape d give the
B. Fairly How did the object or objects disa OBJECT DISAPPEARED In order that you can give as clear a pi construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own v same appearance as the object which y	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEAR SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and what or objects which when placed up in the sky would be a sky would	at you cou t shape d give the
In order that you can give as clear a process to be construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own was same appearance as the object which you	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEAR SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and what or objects which when placed up in the sky would be a sky would	at you cou t shape d give the
b. Fairly How did the object or objects disa OBJECT DISAPPEARED In order that you can give as clear a pi construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own v same appearance as the object which y	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEAR SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and what or objects which when placed up in the sky would be a sky would	at you cou t shape d give the
B. Fairly How did the object or objects disa OBJECT DISAPPEARED In order that you can give as clear a pi construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own v same appearance as the object which y	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEAR SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and what or objects which when placed up in the sky would be a sky would	at you cou t shape d give the
B. Fairly How did the object or objects disa OBJECT DISAPPEARED In order that you can give as clear a pi construct the object that you saw. Of would it have? Describe in your own v same appearance as the object which y	ppear from view? Solution of whom what type material would words a common object of our saw.	d. Uncertain PECTATORS LEAR SCENE BEFORE at you saw, we would like for you to imagine the dyou make it? How large would it be, and what or objects which when placed up in the sky would be a sky would	at you cou t shape d give the

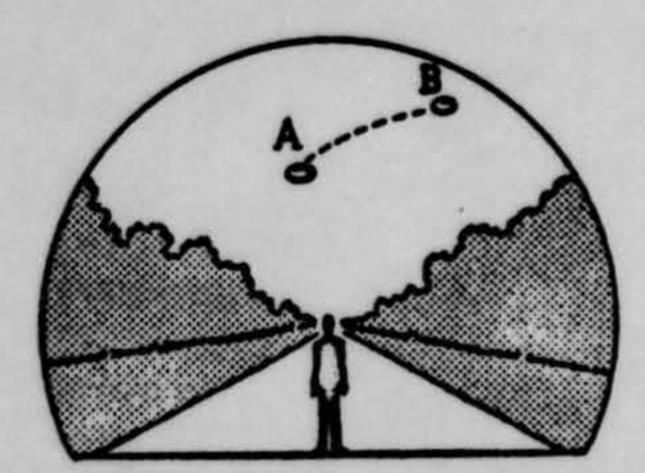
	Where were you located when you saw the object (Circle One):	17 26	. Were you (Circl			
					tion of a city?	
	a. Inside a building		The second second second		ection of a city	1
	b. In a car		In open co			
	© Outdoors		d. Flying nec		eldi	
	d. In an airplane e. At sea		e. Flying ove		unter 2	
	f. Other		g. Other	. open co	J 7.	
27.	What were you doing at the time you saw the objeCFPICIAL STATE POLICE DUTY				7	
	OFFICIAL STATE LATICE DOLL	J057 L	OKED UP TH			
28.	IF you were MOVING IN AN AUTOMOBILE or of	her vehicle a	the time, then co	omplete t	he following qu	estions:
	28.1 What direction were you moving? (Circle	One)				
	a. North c. East		South	g.	West	
	b. Northeast d. Southeast	12	Southwest		Northwest	
	28.2 How fast were you moving?		miles per hour.			
	28.2 How fast were you moving?		miles per hour.			
	28.2 How fast were you moving? 28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were					
20.	28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were (Circle One) Yes	looking at the	object?			
29.	28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were (Circle One) Yes What direction were you looking when you first so	looking at the No	object? ? (Circle One)			
29.	28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were (Circle One) Yes What direction were you looking when you first so	looking at the No aw the object	cobject? (Circle One) South	9.	West	
29.	28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were (Circle One) Yes What direction were you looking when you first so	looking at the No aw the object	object? ? (Circle One)	9. h.	West	
	28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were (Circle One) Yes What direction were you looking when you first so	looking at the No aw the object f.	cobject? Circle One) South Southwest		West	
	28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were (Circle One) What direction were you looking when you first so a. North b. Northeast d. Southeast	looking at the No aw the object of f.	cobject? Circle One) South Southwest	h.	West	
	28.3 Did you stop at any time while you were (Circle One) What direction were you looking when you first so a. North b. Northeast What direction were you looking when you last sa	looking at the No aw the object f. w the object?	Circle One) (Circle One) (Circle One)	h.	Northwest	

32. In the following sketch, imagine that you are at the point shown. Place an "A" on the curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you first saw it. Place a "B" on the same curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you last saw it.



33. In the following larger sketch place an "A" at the position the object was when you first saw it, and a "B" at its position when you last saw it. Refer to smaller sketch as an example of how to complete the larger sketch.





34. What were the weather conditions at the time you saw the object?	
34.1 CLOUDS (Circle One) 34.2 WIND (Circle One)	
Clear sky Co. No wind	
6. Hazy	
c. Scattered clouds c. Strong wind	
d. Thick or heavy clouds d. Don't remember	
e. Don't remember	
34.3 WEATHER (Circle One) 34.4 - TEMPERATURE (Circle One)	
O Dry O Cold	
Б. Fog, mist, or light rain Б. Cool	
c. Moderate or heavy rain c. Warm	
d. Snow	
e. Don't remember	
35. When did you report to some official that you had seen the object?	
30 JILY 1958	
Day Month Year	
36. Was anyone else with you at the time you saw the object?	
Identical report was filled by	
(Circle One) (Yes) No Policeman from	
36.1 IF you answered YES, did they see the object too? Tioga, North Dakota, and sub-	
Stantuated all parts of this	
36.2 Please list their names and addresses:	(4):
- States Attorney - Williston, North Dakota	
- Deputy Sheriff - Williston, North Dakota	
- News Reporter, Williston Daily Herald - Williston, North Da	kota
Jr Williston, North Dakota	
- State Patrol - Willistion, North Dakota	
37. Was this the first time that you had seen an object or objects like this?	
(Circle One) (Yes) No	
37.1 IF you answered NO, then when, where, and under what circumstances did you see other ones?	
38. In your opinion what do you think the object was and what might have caused it?	
No opiano	
No Otipion	

The state of the s