

# **Statistical Report for Operations in UK by June - 2019**

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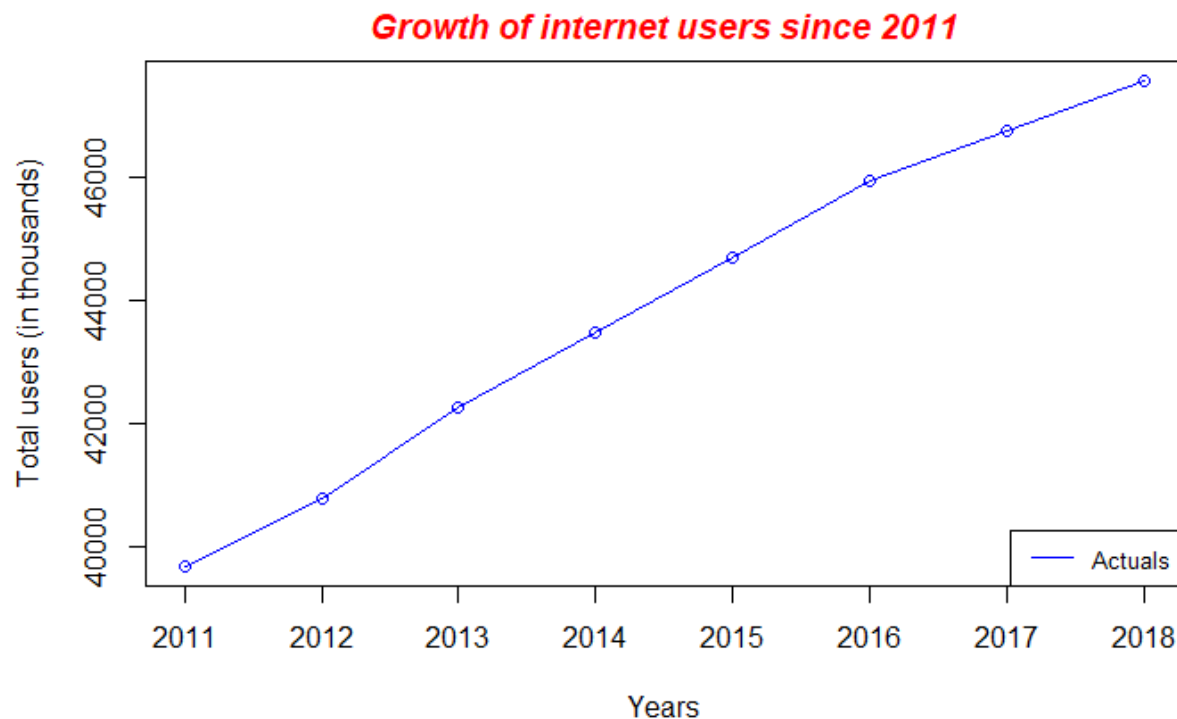
## **Abstract**

In this competitive world it won't be sane to start operating and investing for a business without any research. A rigorous research has become a part of protocol for every new establishment. This not only includes a literature review but also a statistical analysis and deep insights for efficient planning and maximum profit. In this report I'm going to point some essential sectors to focus on for high brand impact and high revenue of the company. With the help of statistical concepts and tools like R, it is possible to analyze, predict and understand subtle issues which cannot be seen or discussed empirically.

## Introduction

Before we plan to extend our reach in a completely new area. It is important for the company to analyse the existing system and possible outcomes of our entry completely to get planned results. The report below summarises an overview of the trend with respect to Internet users in UK. Also based on it, solutions to increase the profit and minimize cost. An attempt to maximize the crowd experience and brand impact, similarly, can be made.

Before we begin let's have an overview of UK internet growth. Fig (A) below shows the number of active internet users in last 8 years in UK. And the most positive thing over here is the increase rate is sky rocketing, with the average approximation of 1 million users every year.



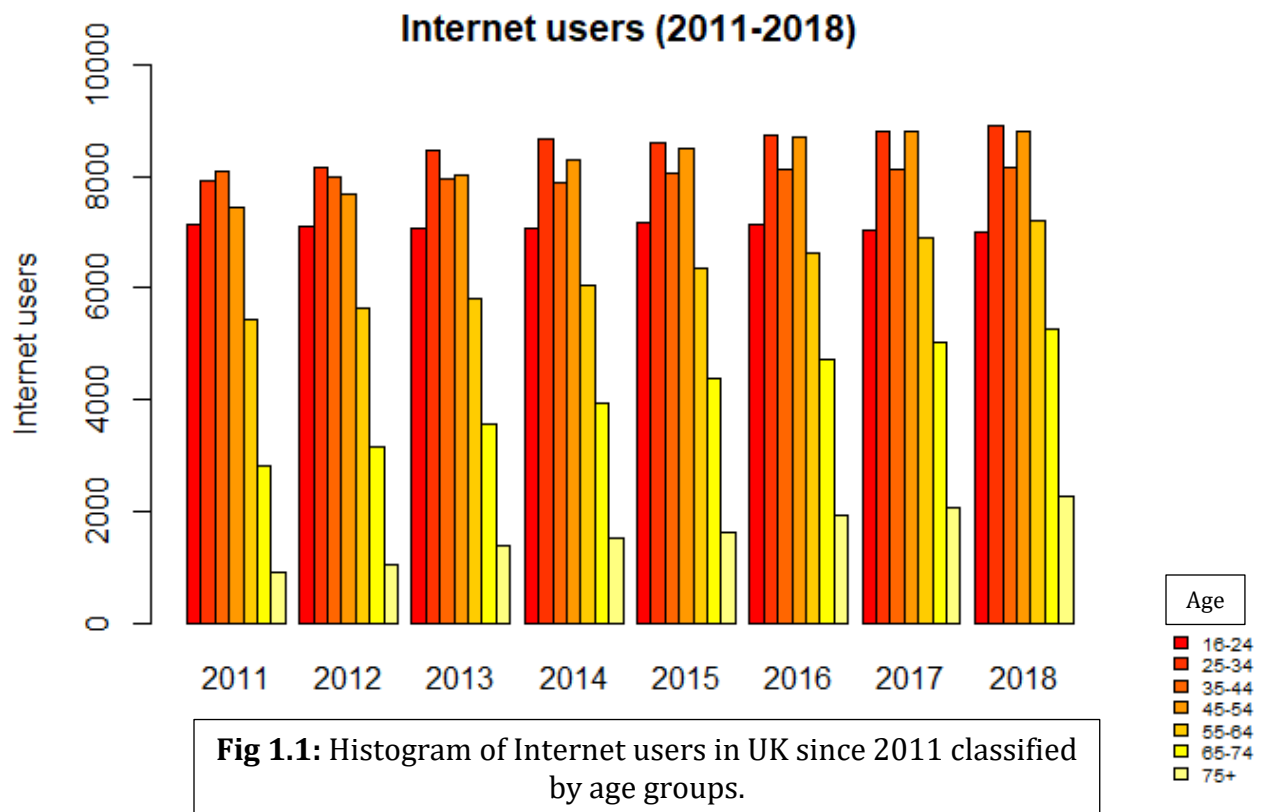
**Fig A:** Growth of Internet users in UK between 2011-2018

The report has been ordered from simple to complex form, considering generalized topics and then later with specific front to validate all the possible doors:

- Total internet users by age.
- Male: Female users by age
- Equality Act status
- Usage among ethnic groups

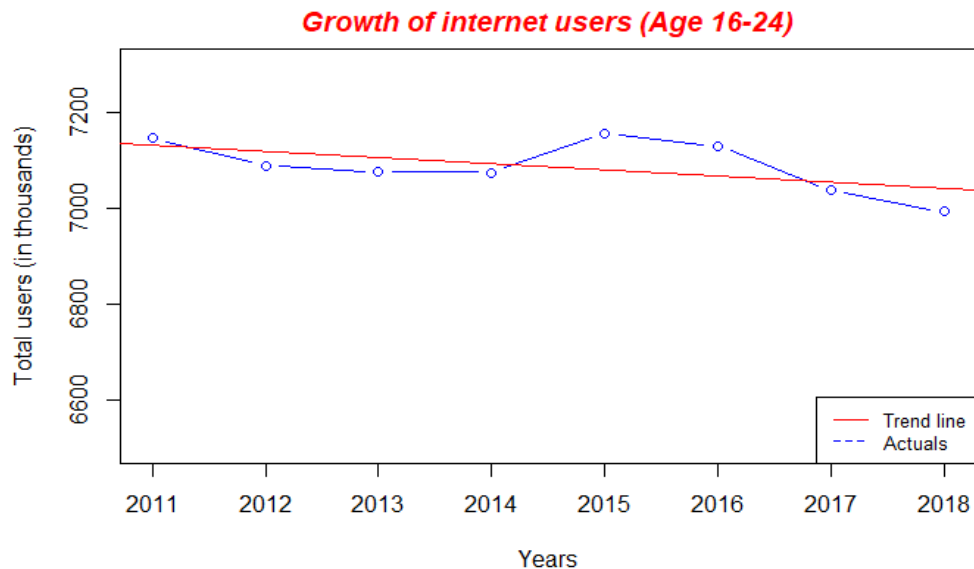
## Total internet users by age.

Graph (1.1) shows the number of Internet users in UK for last 8 years. They have been classified by age, which helps us to narrow our focus only the specific age group. The X-axis shows the number of users in thousands while the y-axis specifies the years. Heat-color is used to differentiate between the age-groups.



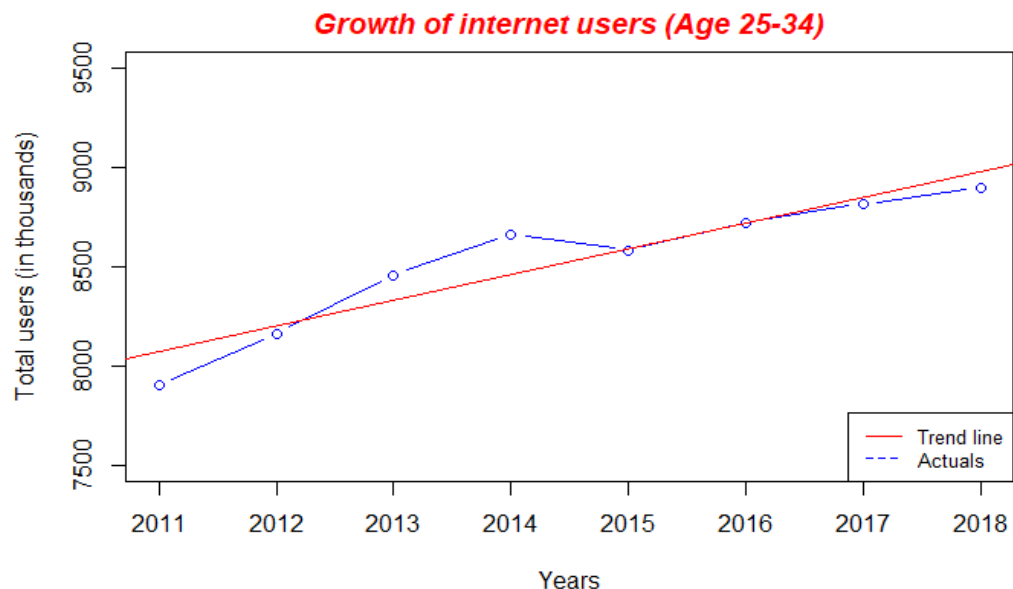
Let's see the case for each age group.

## ➔ Age group 16-24



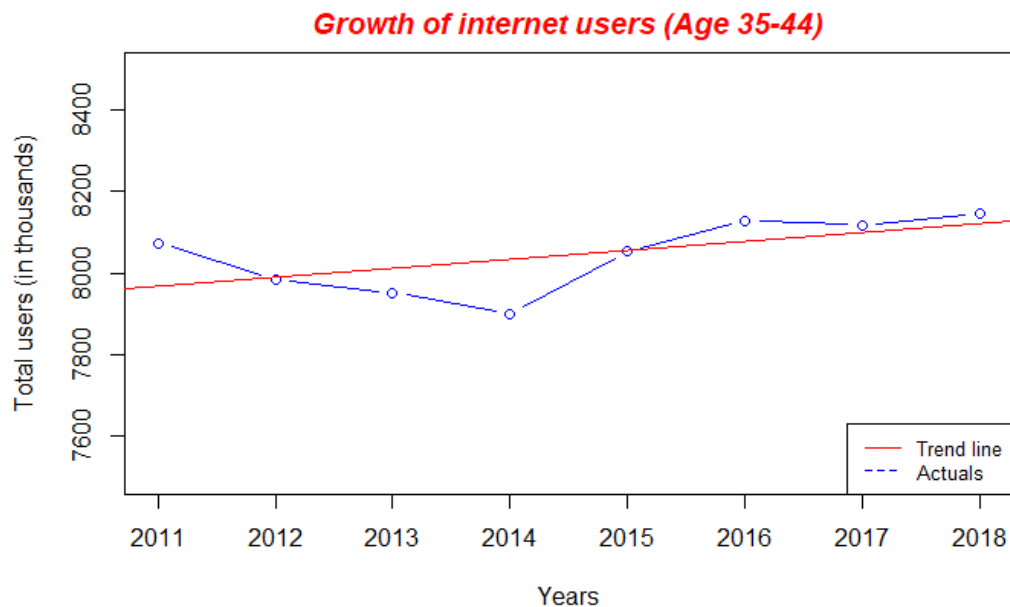
As we can see in the graph above, the amount of internet users are decreasing. Also, the trend line shows negative fashion, so it's not worthwhile focusing on them. Even though our company has won "Best Student Broadband Provider Award", it will be not be a good idea on focusing on them for the current period.

## ➔ Age group 25-34



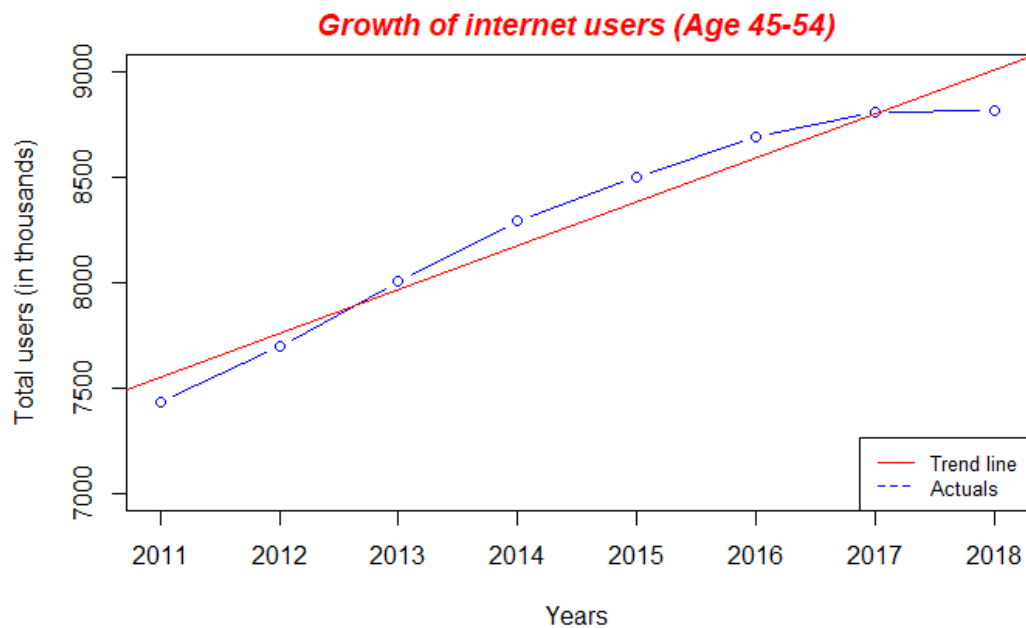
A positive trend line can be seen, which makes it as an open market to target on. Also this criteria falls under the working population, which is subtle that they are willing to pay for better services. A most can be made out of this particular age group.

➔ Age group 35-44



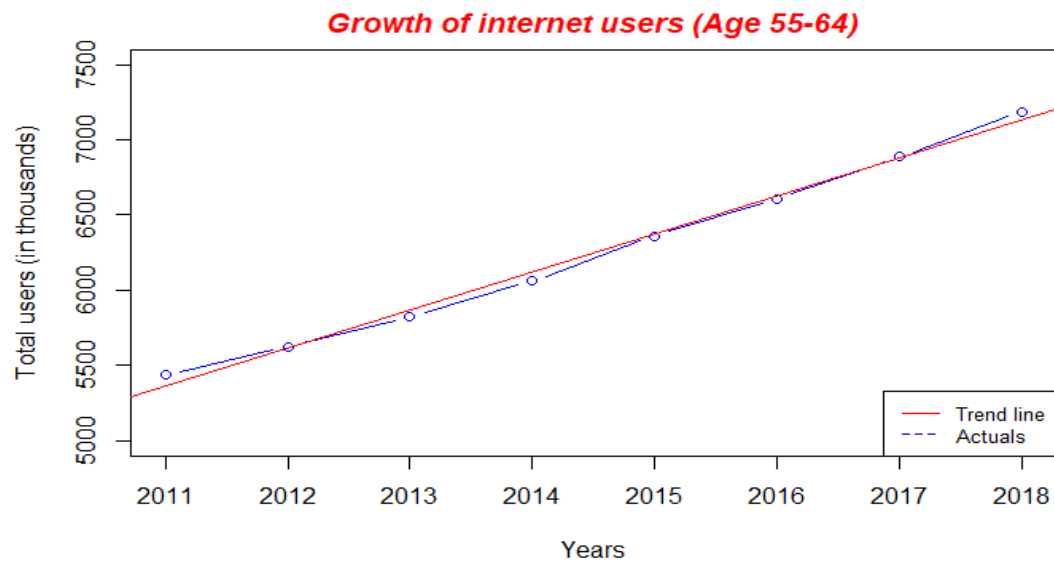
Positive. It can be seen that it is following a linear trend which means it's going to grow. Though the growth rate is not very strong, but it's still growing. We must try to cover this group of people as well.

➔ Age group 45- 54



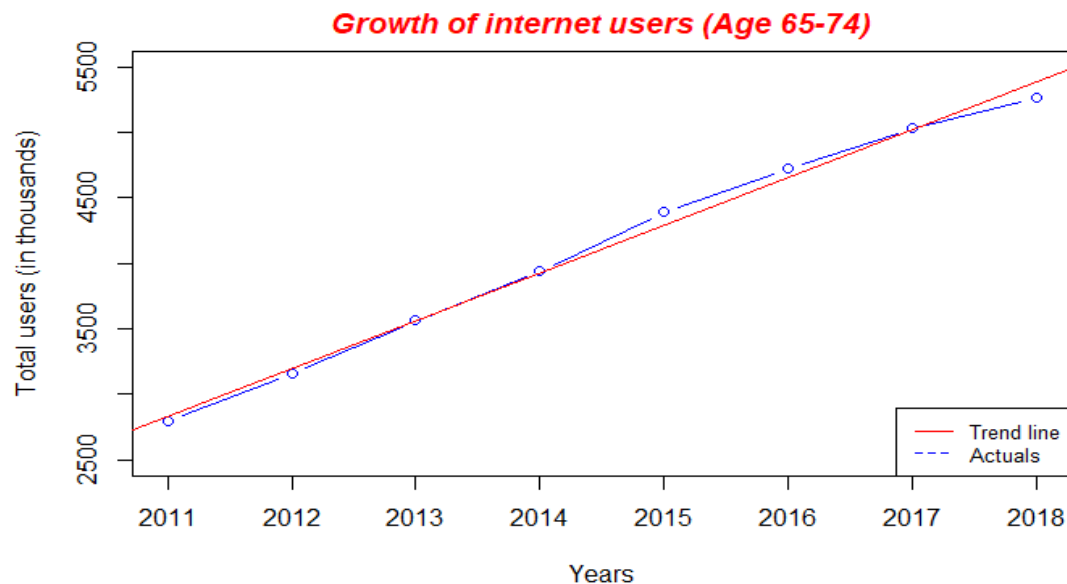
Very positive growth. As can be seen from the graph, this age group is accepting internet services rapidly every year. This age group should be kept as one of the primary markets in our mind based on the rate of increase.

### ➔ Age group 55-64



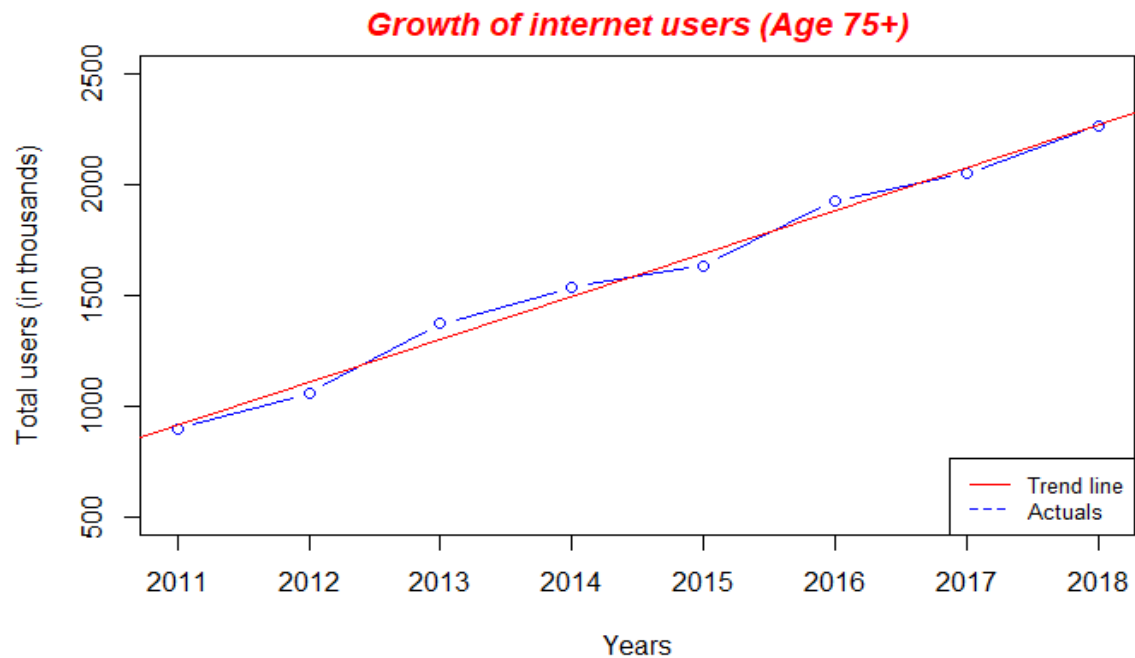
Very positive. Another set of age group which requires exactly the same amount of attention. The growth rate is steady and increasing consistently. It follows the linear trend very strictly which means, it should one of the primary age group to target on, it has minimum risk.

### ➔ Age group 65-74



Another positive age group, open for market. Steady increase year after year. Must be considered as customers for good profit. Most of the people at this age will be retired. Thus, it makes sense that most of them usually remains idle and use the internet services most of the time.

➔ Age group 75+



Steady growth every year. Although, it is wise to consider that the growth of this age group starts to saturate very soon since limitation of human lifespan. With the help of population data of UK it can be estimated the threshold capacity of internet users in this age group. With the best case of accepting that all the population in age group 75+ uses internet services.

### Comparison Table

Let's compare all the data we have seen head to head in a table. Also, I've marked critical observations to ease the readability and easy understanding of decision-making factors.

Here, steady column shows the value of  $R^2$ . Which means, how linear the data points are. In our case how steady the trend of growth increase/decrease is? (0 -> No linearity, 1-> Perfect). All the values are in thousands.

Age group	2011	2018	Difference?	~ % Growth	Steady? (R <sup>2</sup> )
16-24	7145	6992	-153	-2.14%	0.3248
25-34	7903	8894	991	12.54	0.8828
35-44	8074	8145	71	0.89	0.3574
45-54	7430	8814	1384	18.07	0.9514
55-64	5434	7189	1755	32.3	0.9945
65-74	2799	5264	2465	88.07	0.9943
75+	898	2262	1364	151.89	0.9906

**Table 1:** Comparison of Internet users by age group in UK.

It is important that we observe not only the ‘% growth’ but also the values. The reason is, even though as we can see the age group 75+ has 152% growth, it does not make it the most favorable group to focus on. Since, the number of users is still less than the other age groups between 45 – 75.

Also, it is important to keep an eye on R<sup>2</sup> values, which here acts as possibility of same thing happening next ahead years as well.

Thus, the table gives us a good overview of age-group to focus on, which is

65-74	55-64	75+	45-54
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in the order of preference. Age group 65-75 shows all time high potential which is followed by other age groups.



## Further discussion

The ideas of this report can be made more robust by practicing it with extra data sources. With the help of extra data (for e.g. Population of UK by age), we can create a mathematical model which can help us predict saturation points and other decay positions which can't be judged empirically.

For e.g. there must be definitely a period when the growth of internet users stops and saturates, in any age group. For now, we can see a saturation in the youth age group (16-24) but sooner or later a similar trend will happen in all the other age-groups as well. Thus, with the help of mathematical models, investment and planning can be more efficient and prone-free to loss.

## References

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