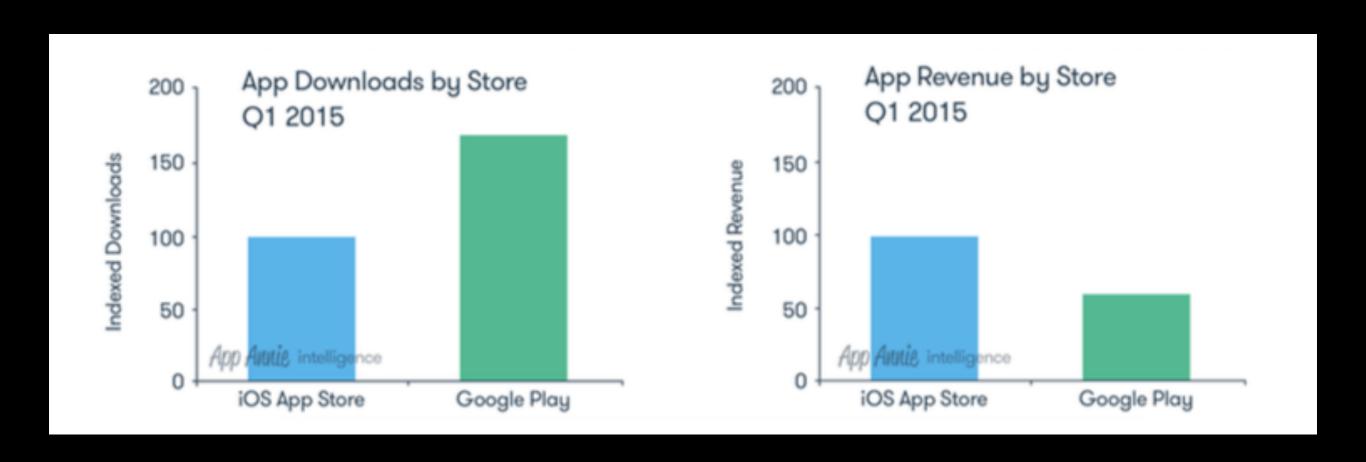
### Day 2

- 1. iOS
- 2. Cocoa Touch
- 3. Xcode and Interface Builder
- 4. The app lifecycle
- 5. Object Lifecycle (objects, views, view controllers)
- 6. Storyboards and Nibs
- 7. Gesture Recognizers
- 8. Segues
- 9. Views
- 10. Common patterns (mvc, target-action, KVO, notifications)
- 11. Creating a Custom View
- 12. Coding Conventions

#### Homework

#### Something Interesting



### Design is Important

Quality !!!!!!

Understood patterns!

Use apple apps as a guide

https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/ UserExperience/Conceptual/MobileHIG/

#### iOS

- Unveiled in 2007 with the first iPhone
- Apples mobile operating system
- Based on direct manipulation and multi touch gestures
- Uses Cocoa Touch instead of Cocoa
- UIKIt instead of AppleKit (lightweight version)
- iOS is a darwin OS but not quite Unix compatible
- It is a highly sandboxed environment

#### Cocoa Touch

Cocoa Touch

Media / Application Services

Core Services

core kernel / OS

## Xcode W

- Apples IDE for all development for Apple devices
- Code editing, user interface design, asset management, testing, and debugging
- Built from many different tools. App loader, interface builder, file merge
- Provide all the command line tools needed for developing apps.
- Attempts to remove the hassle in provisioning

### App LifeCycle

Figure 2-2 Processing events in the main run loop Event source Main Event run loop queue Application object Operating system Core objects

Not running Foreground Inactive Active Background Background Suspended

Figure 2-3 State changes in an iOS app

Figure 4-1 Launching an app into the foreground

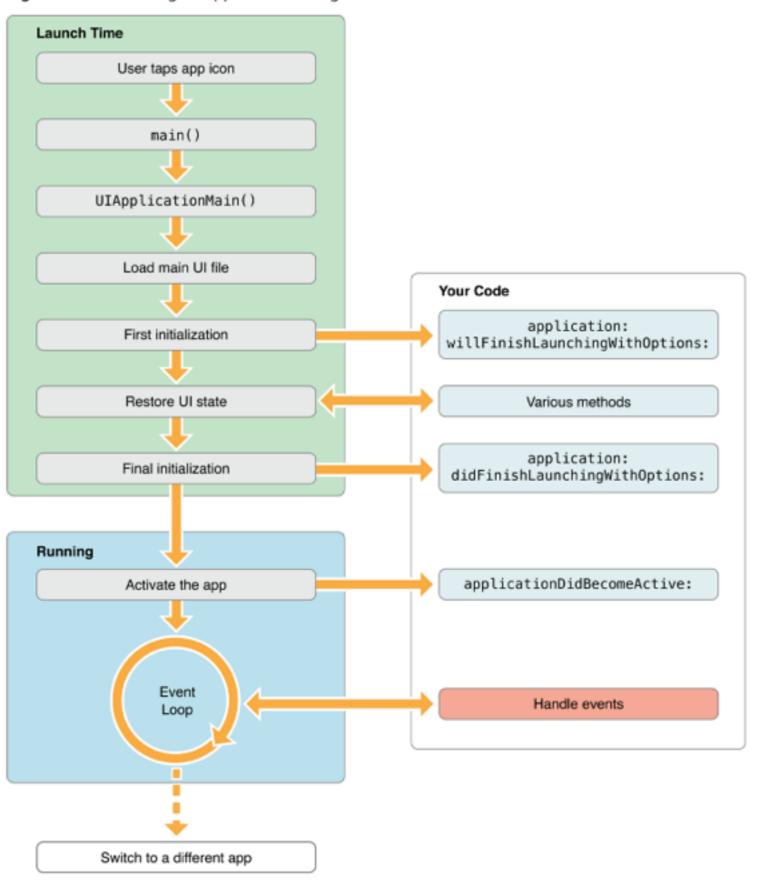
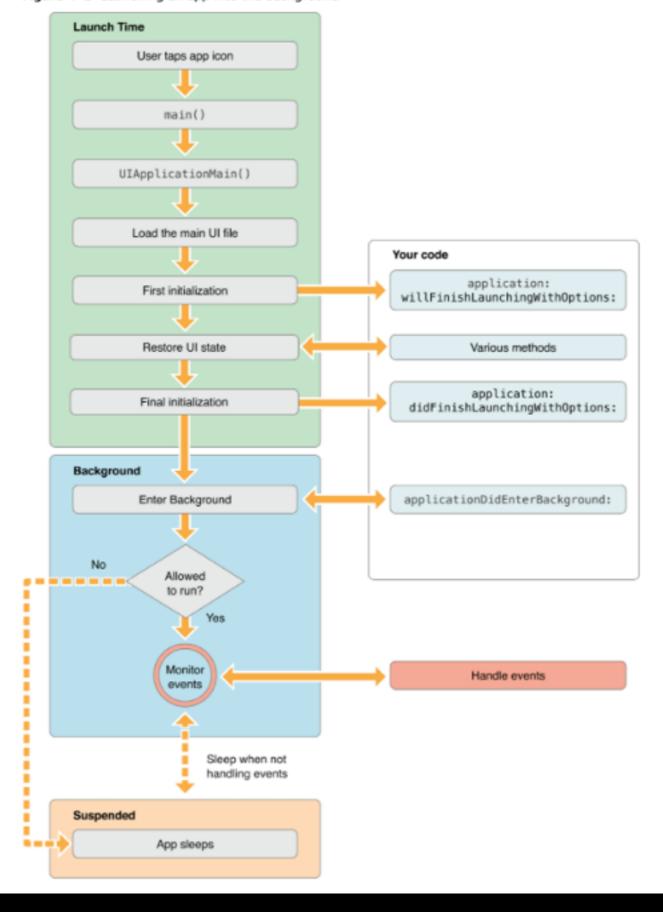


Figure 4-2 Launching an app into the background



#### IBOutlets and IBActions

IBOutlets form the link between the xib file and the code property

```
@interface ELDViewController : UIViewController

@property nonatomic weak IBOutlet UITextField nameEntryField;
@property nonatomic weak IBOutlet UILabel nameLabel;

@end

@implementation ELDViewController
{
    IBOutlet __weak UITextField __nameEntryField;
    IBOutlet __weak UILabel __nameLabel;
}
```

IBActions form the link between the xib file and the code action.

They encapsulate a target and an action

#### Segues

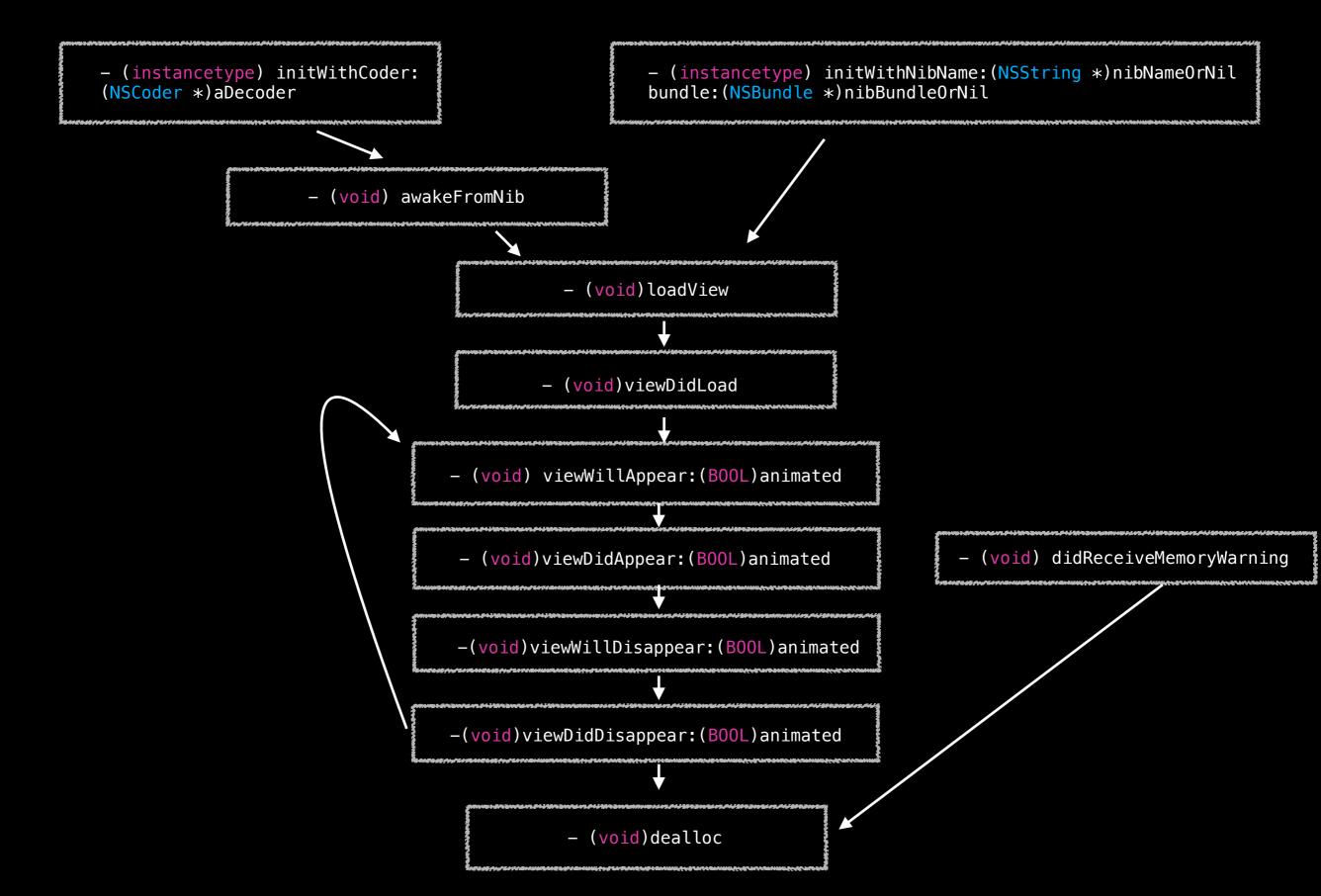
- Visual transition between two controllers
- Several built in Segues
- Can create custom segues (UIStoryBoardSegue)

### Lifecycle

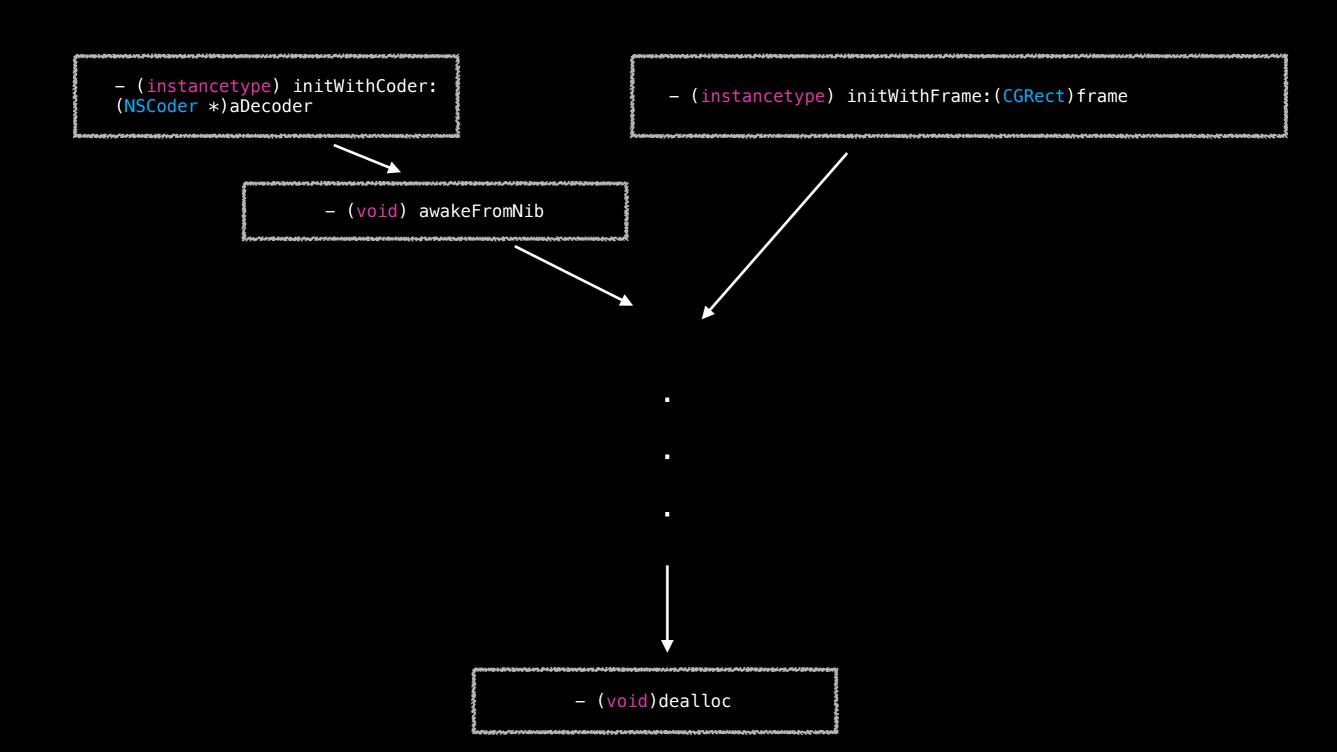
NSObject

```
- (instancetype) initWithCoder:
                                               (instancetype) init
               (NSCoder *)aDecoder
               (void) awakeFromNib
calling super?
                              - (void)dealloc
```

#### **UIViewController**



#### UIView



#### Exercise

Add another label that displays the persons age

Add a switch that makes a label either show or hide

#### Views

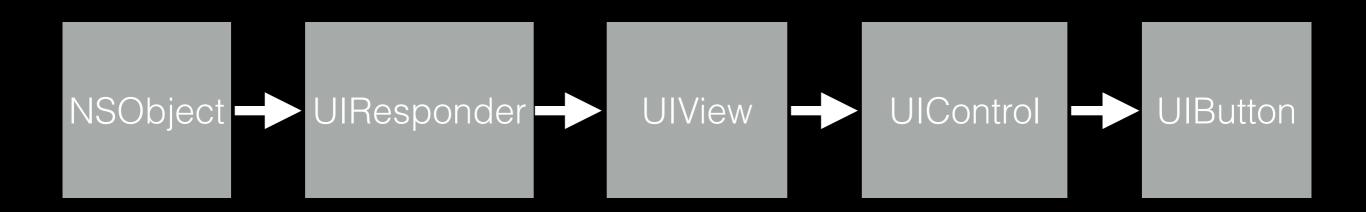
- Views allow you to represent visual content on a screen
- On iOS there is one window (subclass of UIView) that acts as a container
- Views are responsible for drawing content, handling multitouch events, and managing the layout of any subviews
- A view responds to touch events in its rectangular area either by using gesture recognizers or by handling touch events directly
- Views can have a parent child relationship (subview, superview)

https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/UIKit/ Reference/UIView\_Class/index.html

#### UIView



The base class of all UI Objects



### Gesture Recognizers

- Convert low level enter into high level action
- Attached to a view
- Convert the view into a control

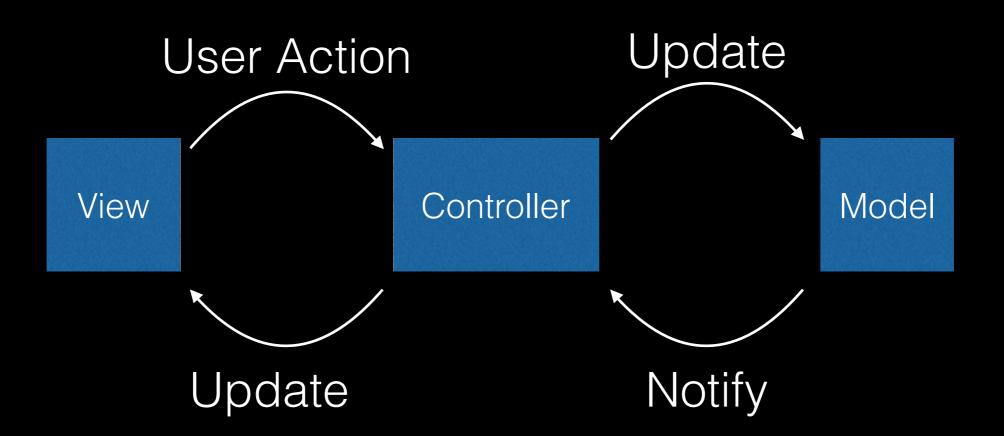
```
UITapGestureRecognizer* tapRecognizer;

tapRecognizer = [[UITapGestureRecognizer alloc] initWithTarget self action @selector(onViewTap:)];
[self addGestureRecognizer:tapRecognizer];
```

### iOS Design Patterns

- Model View Controller (MVC)
- Target Action
- Delegation and Data sources
- Key Value Observing
- Broadcasting

# Model-View-Controller (MVC)



### Target - Action

#### **UIControl**

```
@property (assign) SEL action@property (nonatomic, weak) id target
```

```
- (void)addTarget:(id)target action:(SEL)action
forControlEvents(UIControlEvents)controlEvents
```

```
- (void) removeTarget: (id) target action: (SEL) action
forControlEvents: (UIControlEvents) controlEvents
```

#### in use

```
{
UIButton* button;
button.target = self;
button.action =@selector(onAddTap:);
}
```

```
(IBAction) onAddTap: (id)sender{
//do stuff
}
```

#### Delegation and Data Sources

Both are implemented through protocols. In either case either the delegate or the data source adheres to a specific protocol. Often the delegate and data source of an UI object are the same object.

#### Delegate:

Is for event driven behavior

#### Data Source:

Is for control of data

Both are just objects that adhere to a protocol and have been typedef'd

#### @protocol UITableViewDelegate

```
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableViewdidSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath;......@end
```

@protocol UITableViewDataSource

```
- (NSInteger)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView
numberOfRowsInSection:(NSInteger)section..
```

@end

### Key Value Observing

## Broadcasting - NSNotificationCenter

- (void)add0bserver:(id)notification0bserver

[[NSNotificationCenter defaultCenter] postNotification: ELNotificationPersonNameChange object:self userInfo: @{@"initialName": @"Bob", @"changedName": @"Bob the great"}];

#### Creating a custom View

- to drawRect or not to drawRect that is the question?
- Compose your view where possible
- layoutSubviews & setLayoutIfNeeded
- Layers also an option

### Coding Guidelines

#### Homework

Create a custom view that can be dragged around the screen.

When touched it changes color.

Write a calculator app that adds subtracts and multiplies. Use a protocol to make the use of mathematical functions weakly bound to the calculator and the addition of more mathematical function very easy. It must have one page that is the calculator and one page that displays saved calculations. Use the notification center to broadcast when a calculation has been done. Create a count property that stores the number of calculations performed and use key value observing to display this property on the screen.

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