An Introduction to the Operating Systems of the IoT

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What is IoT...

The Internet of Things (IoT) is a scenario in which objects, animals or people are provided with unique identifiers and the ability to transfer data over a network without requiring human-to-human or human-to-computer interaction.



Open Source Operating Systems for the IoT

- ► FreeRTOS
- ► RIOT
- ► Contiki
- ► TinyOS
- ► Embedded Linux
- ► OpenWSN



FreeRTOS

- ► FreeRTOS is designed to be small and simple.
- ▶ The kernel itself consists of only three or four C files.
- ▶ It provides methods for multiple threads or tasks, mutexes, semaphores and software timers.
- ► Key features are very small memory footprint, low overhead, and very fast execution.



RIOT

- ► RIOT is a real-time multi-threading operating system.
- ► RIOT is based on design objectives including:
 - Energy-Efficiency
 - Reliability
 - Real-Time Capabilities
 - Small Memory Footprint
 - Modularity
 - Uniform API Access independent of the underlying hardware (this API offers partial POSIX compliance)



Contiki

- ► Contiki is an open source operating system for networked, memory-constrained systems
- ► Contiki provides three network mechanisms:
 - The uIP stack, which provides IPv4 networking,
 - The uIPv6 stack, which provides IPv6 networking,
 - The Rime stack, which is a set of custom lightweight networking protocols designed specifically for low-power wireless networks.



TinyOS

- ► TinyOS is a component-based operating system and platform targeting wireless sensor networks.
- ► TinyOS is an embedded operating system written in the nesC programming language as a set of cooperating tasks and processes.



Embedded Linux

- ► Embedded Linux is created using OpenEmbedded, the build framework for embedded Linux.
- ► OpenEmbedded offers a best-in-class cross-compile environment.



OpenWSN

► The goal of the OpenWSN project is to provide open-source implementations of a complete protocol stack based on Internet of Things standards, on a variety of software and hardware platforms.



Comparison

OS	Min RAW	Min ROM	C Support	C++ Support
Contiki	< 2kB	< 30 <i>kB</i>	Partial support	No support
Tiny OS	< 1kB	< 4 <i>kB</i>	No support	No support
Linux	$\sim 1 MB$	$\sim 1 MB$	Full support	Full support
RIOT	~ 1.5 kB	$\sim 5kB$	Full support	Full support









Comparison

OS	Multi-Threading	Modularity	Real-Time
Contiki	Partial support	Partial support	Partial support
Tiny OS	Partial support	No support	No support
Linux	Full support	Partial support	Partial support
RIOT	Full support	Full support	Full support









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Why Not Linux?

Real-Time Linux

Controlling a laser with Linux is crazy, but everyone in this room is crazy in his own way. So if you want to use Linux to control an industrial welding laser, I have no problem with your using PREEMPT_RT.

- Linux Torvalds





Why Not Linux?

- Linux certainly is a robust, developer-friendly OS
- ▶ Linux has a disadvantage when compared to a real-time operating system:
 - · Memory footprint
 - It simply will not run on 8 or 16-bit MCUs



Requirements for IoT

- Scalability
- Modularity
- Connectivity
- Reliability



► Can you build an IoT system with familiar Web technologies?

- ► Can you build an IoT system with familiar Web technologies?
- ► Yes you can, although the result would not be as efficient as with the newer protocols.



- · Inefficient content encoding
- Huge overhead, difficult parsing
- · Requires full Internet devices

Internet of Things Tens of bytes **Web Objects CoAP DTLS UDP 6LoWPAN**

- · Efficient objects
- Efficient Web
- Optimized IP access

Protocol	Transport	Messaging	2G,3G,4G (1000's)	LowPower and Lossy (1000's)	Compute Resources	Security	Success Stories	Arch
CoAP	UDP	Rqst/Rspnse	Excellent	Excellent	10Ks/RAM Flash	Medium - Optional	Utility field area ntwks	Tree
Continua HDP	UDP	Pub/Subsrb Rqst/Rspnse	Fair	Fair	10Ks/RAM Flash	None	Medical	Star
DDS	UDP	Pub/Subsrb Rqst/Rspnse	Fair	Poor	100Ks/RAM Flash +++	High- Optional	Military	Bus
DPWS	TCP		Good	Fair	100Ks/RAM Flash ++	High- Optional	Web Servers	Client Server
HTTP/ REST	ТСР	Rqst/Rspnse	Excellent	Fair	10Ks/RAM Flash	Low- Optional	Smart Energy Phase 2	Client Server
MQTT	ТСР	Pub/Subsrb Rqst/Rspnse	Excellent	Good	10Ks/RAM Flash	Medium - Optional	IoT Msging	Tree
SNMP	UDP	Rqst/Response	Excellent	Fair	10Ks/RAM Flash	High- Optional	Network Monitoring	Client- Server
UPnP		Pub/Subscrb Rqst/Rspnse	Excellent	Good	10Ks/RAM Flash	None	Consumer	P2P Client Server
XMPP	TCP	Pub/Subsrb Rqst/Rspnse	Excellent	Fair	10Ks/RAM Flash	High- Manditory	Rmt Mgmt White Gds	Client Server
ZeroMQ	UDP	Pub/Subscrb Rqst/Rspnse	Fair	Fair	10Ks/RAM Flash	High- Optional	CERN	P2P

Questions?