# Introduction to Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS)

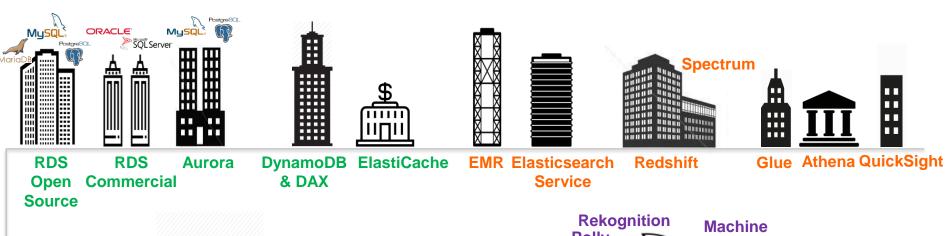
Steve Abraham
Principal Solutions Architect



#### AWS Data Services to Accelerate Your Move to the Cloud

Databases to Elevate your Apps
Relational Non-Relational
& In-Memory

Analytics to Engage your Data
Inline Data Warehousing Reporting
Data Lake





Migration for DB Freedom



Amazon AI to Drive the Future

#### **Amazon RDS**



- Multi-engine support
  - Aurora, MySQL, MariaDB, PostgreSQL, Oracle, SQL Server
- Automated provisioning, Scaling, Patching, Backup/Restore
- High availability with RDS Multi-AZ, Auto-Failover
  - 99.95% SLA for Multi-AZ deployments
- Security
- Monitoring









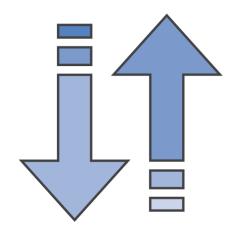




# **Provisioning and Effortless Scaling**

- Handle higher load or lower usage
- Naturally grow over time
- Control costs





# **Read Replicas**

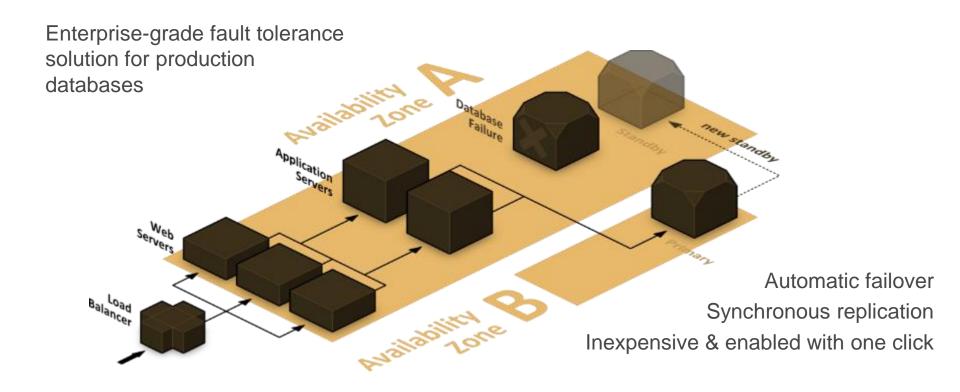
Bring data close to your customer's applications in different regions

Relieve pressure on your master node for supporting reads and writes

Promote a Read Replica to a master for faster recovery in the event of disaster



# **High Availability Multi-AZ Deployments**



# **Security and Compliance**



- Network Isolation
- Database instance IP firewall protection
- AWS IAM based resource-level permission controls
- Encryption at rest using AWS KMS or Oracle/Microsoft TDE
- SSL protection for data in transit
- Assurance programs for finance, healthcare, government and more

# **Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (Amazon VPC)**

Securely control network configuration

#### Manage connectivity





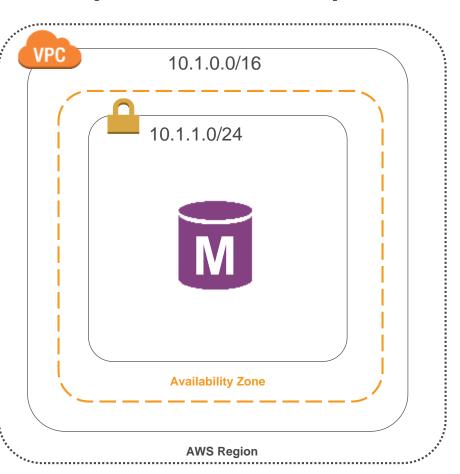


AWS Direct Connect

VPC peering

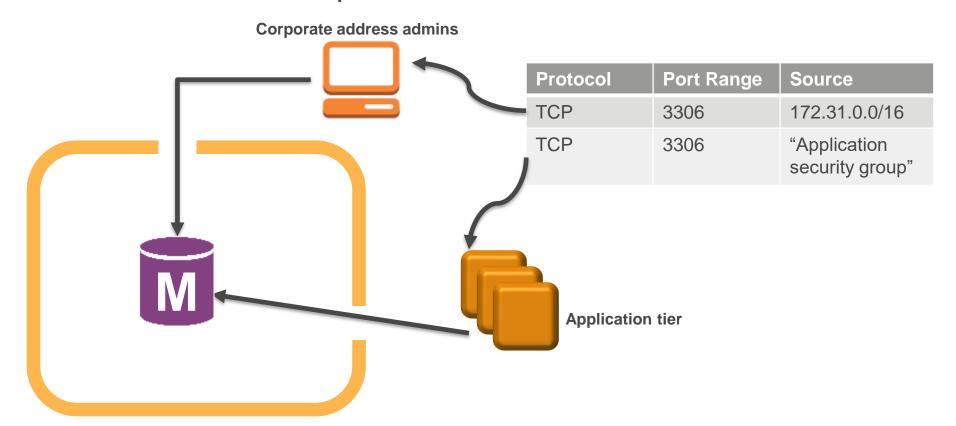






# **Security groups**

Database IP firewall protection

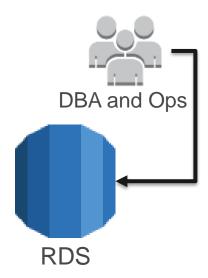


# IAM governed access

You can use AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) to control who can perform actions on RDS

# **Controlled with database grants** Users and DBA **Applications** Your database

#### **Controlled with IAM**



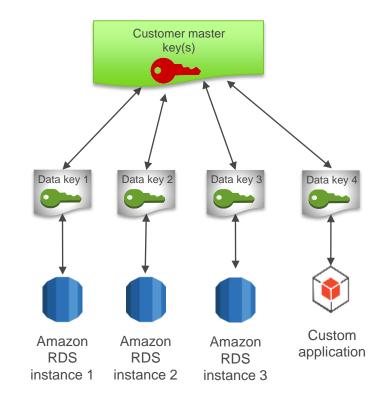
# At Rest Encryption for all RDS Engines AWS Key Management Service (KMS)

Two-tiered key hierarchy using envelope encryption:

- Unique data key encrypts customer data
- AWS KMS master keys encrypt data keys
- Available for ALL RDS engines

#### Benefits:

- Limits risk of compromised data key
- Better performance for encrypting large data
- Easier to manage small number of master keys than millions of data keys
- Centralized access and audit of key activity

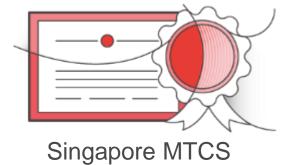


# Compliance

















27001/9001 27017/27018

# Compliance

#### **Aurora**

SOC 1, 2, 3 ISO 20001/9001 ISO 27107/27018 PCI HIPAA BAA

#### **PostgreSQL**

SOC 1, 2, 3 ISO 20001/9001 ISO 27107/27018 PCI FedRamp HIPAA BAA UK Gov. Programs Singapore MTCS

#### **MySQL**

SOC 1, 2, 3 ISO 20001/9001 ISO 27107/27018 PCI FedRamp HIPAA BAA UK Gov. Programs Singapore MTCS

#### **MariaDB**

SOC 1, 2, 3 ISO 20001/9001 ISO 27107/27018 PCI

#### **Oracle**

SOC 1, 2, 3
ISO 20001/9001
ISO 27107/27018
PCI
FedRamp
HIPAA BAA
UK Gov. Programs
Singapore MTCS

#### **SQL Server**

SOC 1, 2, 3 ISO 20001/9001 ISO 27107/27018 PCI UK Gov. Programs Singapore MTCS

# Standard monitoring



# Amazon CloudWatch metrics for Amazon RDS

- CPU utilization
- Storage
- Memory
- Swap usage
- DB connections
- I/O (read and write)
- Latency (read and write)
- Throughput (read and write)
- Replica lag
- Many more

#### **Amazon CloudWatch Alarms**

Similar to on-premises custom monitoring tools

# **Enhanced Monitoring**



Access to over 50 new CPU, memory, file system, and disk I/O metrics as low as 1 second intervals

#### **Amazon RDS Customers**















































# Airbnb – Amazon RDS for MySQL



- Airbnb moved its main MySQL database to Amazon RDS with only 15 minutes of downtime
- RDS simplifies much of the time-consuming administrative tasks associated with databases so engineers can spend more time on features
- Uses asynchronous master-slave replication to improve website performance launched via the RDS console or an API call
- Leverages multi-Availability Zone (Multi-AZ) for high availability

#### The Forrester Wave™: Database-As-A-Service, Q2 2017

FIGURE 4 Forrester Wave™: Database-As-A-Service, Q2 '17



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**Amazon Aurora: Reinventing the Relational** 

**Database** 

# **Key Questions We Asked**

- What if we started from a clean sheet of paper with only constraint being that the database was a relational database?
- Could we offer much better performance by leveraging the massive scale of our cloud?
- Could we give you a database with designed durability indistinguishable from 100% and availability of 99.99%?
- ...And could we be better and cheaper than the 30-year old commercial databases in use today?

#### **Amazon RDS for Aurora**

#### A new relational database engine, built from the ground up to leverage AWS



# Fastest growing service in AWS history

- MySQL compatible with up to 5x better performance on the same hardware: 100,000 writes/sec & 500,000 reads/sec
- Scalable with up to 64 TB in single database, up to 15 read replicas
- Highly available, durable, and fault-tolerant custom SSD storage layer: 6-way replicated across 3 Availability Zones
- Transparent encryption for data at rest using AWS KMS
- Stored procedures in Amazon Aurora can invoke AWS Lambda functions

#### **Amazon Aurora Customers**



















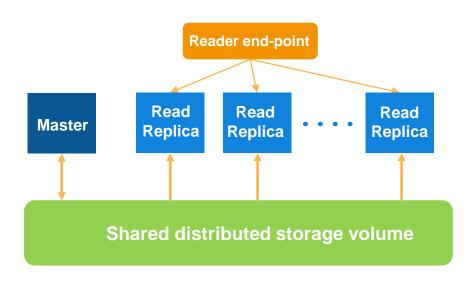




#### Use case: Near real-time analytics and reporting

A customer in the travel industry migrated to Aurora for their core reporting application accessed by ~1,000 internal users.

- Replicas can be created, deleted and scaled within minutes based on load.
- Read-only queries are load balanced across replica fleet through a DNS endpoint – no application configuration needed when replicas are added or removed.
- Low replication lag allows mining for fresh data with no delays, immediately after the data is loaded.
- Significant performance gains for core analytics queries - some of the queries executing in 1/100<sup>th</sup> the original time.



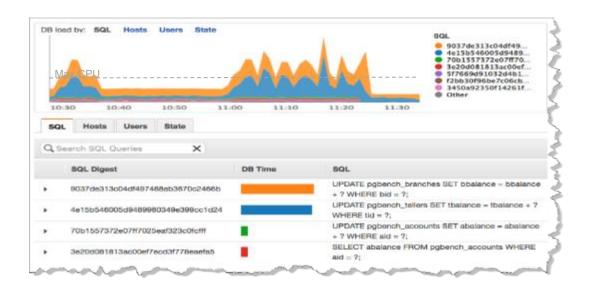
- Up to 15 promotable read replicas
- ► Low replica lag typically < 10ms
- Reader end-point with load balancing

# Amazon Aurora is now PostgreSQL-compatible



- PostgreSQL 9.6 compatibility with support for PostGIS
- All the features you expect from Amazon Aurora including 15 read replicas with <10ms lag, shared storage, failover without data loss, 6-way replication across 3 Availability Zones, encryption with AWS KMS
- Available now in preview

### **Amazon RDS Performance Insights**



# Simplify monitoring from the AWS Management Console

- Database load: Identifies database bottlenecks
  - Easy
  - Powerful
- Identifies source of bottlenecks
  - Top SQL
- Adjustable time frame
  - Hour, day, week, and longer

# **AWS Database Migration Service**



- Fully managed service for migration from on-premises to the AWS Cloud with minimal downtime
- Migrates data to and from all widely used commercial and open source DBs
- Schema Conversion Tool that converts source DB schemas, stored procedures and application code to a different target format
- Supports homogenous and heterogeneous data replication
- A terabyte-sized DB can be migrated for as little as \$3

### **Database Conversion Capabilities in SCT**

#### Source Database

Microsoft SQL Server

MySQL, MariaDB

Oracle

Oracle Data Warehouse

PostgreSQL

Teradata, Netezza, Greenplum

HP Vertica, SQL Server DW

MongoDB

#### **Target Database**

- → Amazon Aurora, MySQL, PostgreSQL
- Amazon Aurora, PostgreSQL
- → Amazon Aurora, MySQL, PostgreSQL
- → Amazon Redshift
- → Amazon Aurora, MySQL
- Amazon Redshift
- → Amazon Redshift
- → Amazon DynamoDB

# **AWS Database Migration Service Customers**





















### **Heterogeneous Migration**

- Oracle private DC to RDS PostgreSQL migration
- Used the AWS Schema Conversion Tool to convert their database schema



- Used on-going replication (CDC) to keep databases in sync until they reached the cutover window
- Benefits:
  - Improved reliability of the cloud environment
  - Savings on Oracle licensing costs
  - SCT Assessment Report let them understand the scope of the migration

# Learn more.. aws.amazon.com/rds

# Thank you!

