

For K-dimension

$$f_x(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^k |\Sigma|}} \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} (\bar{x} - \bar{\mu})^\top \Sigma^{-1} (x - \bar{\mu}) \right] \quad (a)$$

$$\text{Standard Deviation } \Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & \sigma_{xy} \\ \sigma_{yx} & \sigma_y^2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1)$$

$$\rho = \frac{\text{cov}(x, y)}{\sigma_x \sigma_y} = \frac{\sigma_{xy}}{\sigma_x \sigma_y}$$

$$\sigma_{xy} = \rho (\sigma_x \sigma_y) \quad (ii)$$

Substituting (ii) in (1)

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & \rho (\sigma_x \sigma_y) \\ \rho (\sigma_y \sigma_x) & \sigma_y^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now calculating Σ^{-1} as

$$\Sigma^{-1} = \frac{1}{\Sigma} = \frac{1}{\sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2 - \{\rho(\sigma_x \sigma_y)\}^2} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_y^2 & -\rho(\sigma_x \sigma_y) \\ -\rho(\sigma_y \sigma_x) & \sigma_x^2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (iii)$$

$$|\Sigma| = (\sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2) - \{(\sigma_x \sigma_y) \rho\}^2$$

$$= \sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2 - \sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2 \rho^2$$

$$= \sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2 (1 - \rho^2) \quad (iv)$$

$$\sqrt{|\Sigma|} = \sqrt{\sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2 (1 - \rho^2)} = \sigma_x \sigma_y \sqrt{1 - \rho^2} \quad (v)$$

Substituting (iii) and (v) in (a) we get

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi (\sigma_x \sigma_y \sqrt{1 - \rho^2})} \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} x - \mu_x \\ y - \mu_y \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2 (1 - \rho^2)} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_y^2 & -\rho \sigma_x \sigma_y \\ -\rho \sigma_y \sigma_x & \sigma_x^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x - \mu_x \\ y - \mu_y \end{bmatrix} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi \sigma_x \sigma_y (1 - \rho^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} (x - \mu_x)(y - \mu_y) \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2 (1 - \rho^2)} \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x^2 (x - \mu_x) - \rho \sigma_x \sigma_y (y - \mu_y) \\ -\rho \sigma_x \sigma_y (x + \mu_x) + \sigma_x^2 (y - \mu_y) \end{bmatrix} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi \sigma_x \sigma_y (1 - \rho^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \exp \left(\frac{-1}{2\sigma_x^2 \sigma_y^2 (1 - \rho^2)} \begin{bmatrix} (x - \mu_x)[\sigma_y^2 (x - \mu_x) - \rho \sigma_x \sigma_y (y - \mu_y)] \\ \sigma_x^2 (y - \mu_y)[\rho \sigma_x \sigma_y (x - \mu_x)] \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_x\sigma_y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp\left(\frac{-1}{2\sigma_x^2\sigma_y^2(1-\rho^2)} (\sigma_y^2(x-\mu_y)^2 - 2\rho\sigma_x\sigma_y(x-\mu_x)(y-\mu_y) + \sigma_x^2(y-\mu_y)^2)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_x\sigma_y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp\left(\frac{-1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\frac{\sigma_y^2(x-\mu_x)^2}{\sigma_x^2\sigma_y^2} - \frac{2\rho\sigma_x\sigma_y(x-\mu_x)(y-\mu_y)}{\sigma_x\sigma_y} + \frac{\sigma_x^2(y-\mu_y)^2}{\sigma_x^2\sigma_y^2} \right]\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_x\sigma_y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} Z\right)$$

where $Z = \frac{(x-\mu_x)^2}{\sigma_x^2} - 2\rho \frac{(x-\mu_x)(y-\mu_y)}{\sigma_x\sigma_y} + \frac{(y-\mu_y)^2}{\sigma_y^2}$