

Car Data

Increase potential for your car sales....





Input Data

1. Input data gives **information** about the **car attributes**.
2. Some of the attributes are model, model type, car color, car mileage etc.
3. There are some **missing value** in car model columns.
4. After changing the data format there are many nan value but the number of **records** on the basis of model type are kept **intact**.



Challenges with Dataset

Unprocessed data

1. Structure of DataFrame
2. Null Values

Different Values

1. Value format is different

Multiple Columns

1. Different Column Name
2. Multiple column other than target data columns



Solution

Pre-processing

1. Structure of dataframe made similar to target data.
2. Splitting the information into multiple columns.

Normalization

1. Format of values is changed in accordance.
2. Letter cases are changed.
3. Language could also be translated.

Integration

1. Columns are renamed.
2. Extra columns are removed.
3. Number of records are unchanged.

Potential Analysis

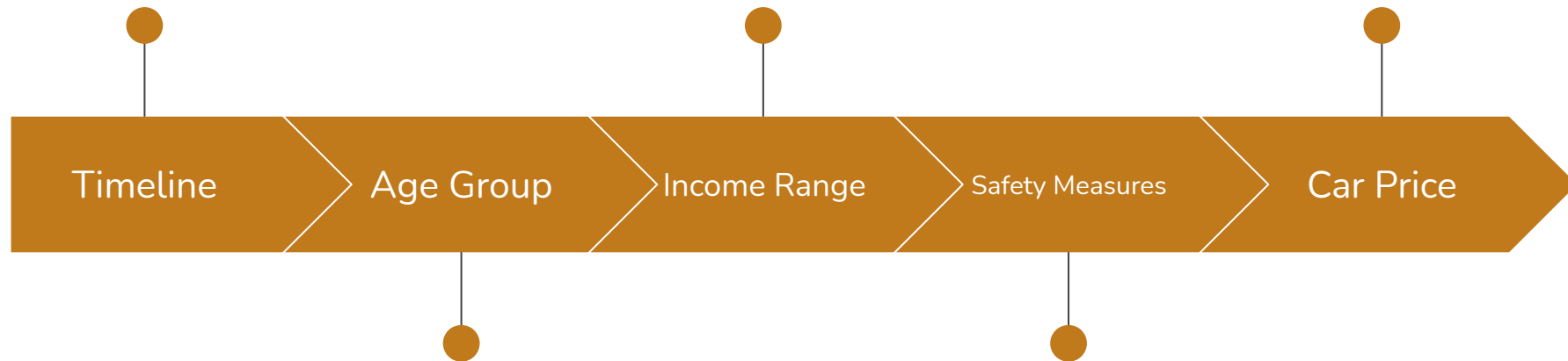
with more data



Car sales according to
brand in previous year

Income range of
consumers

Price of car according
to model



Age group of
purchasers

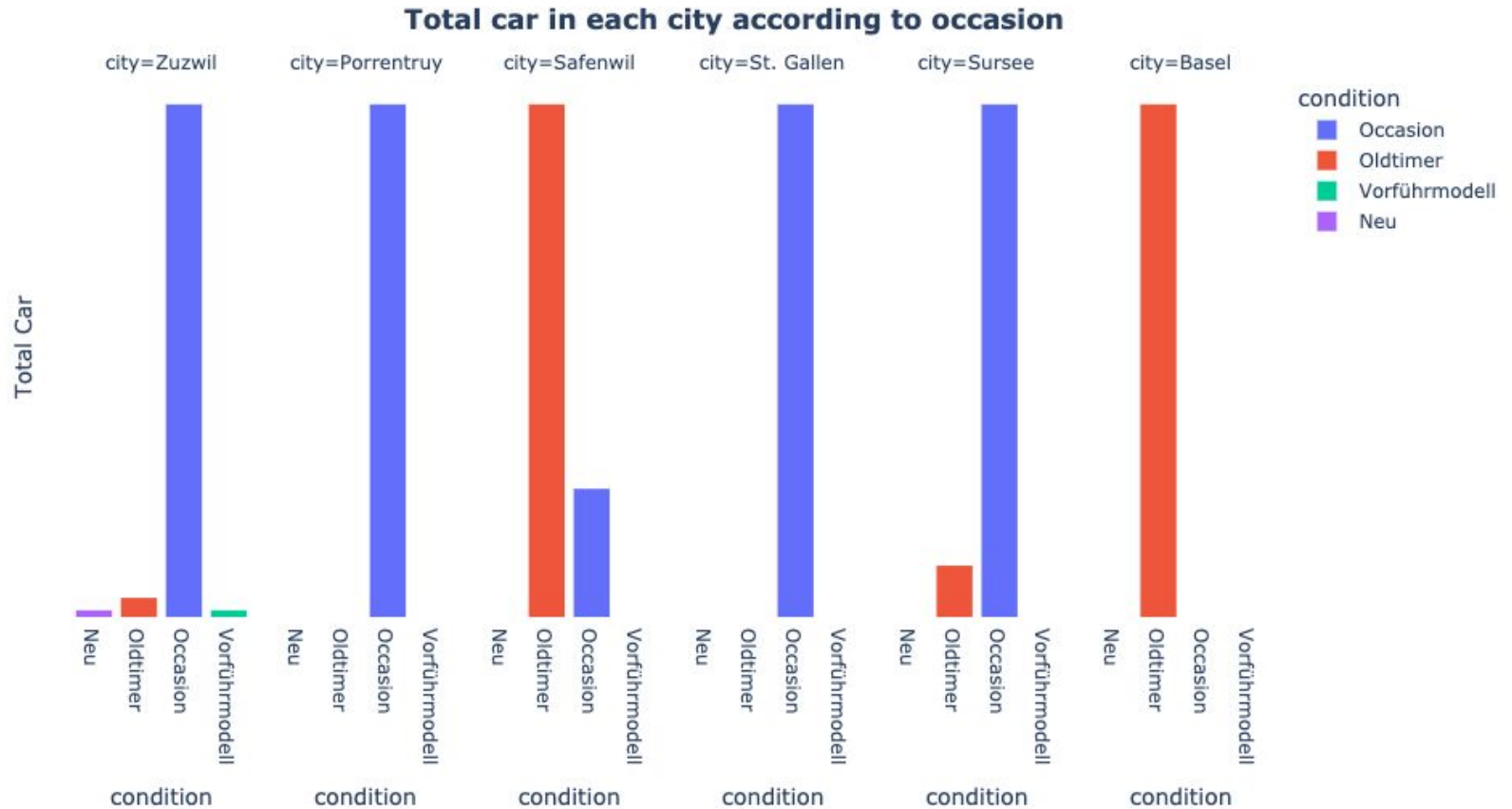
Car sold according to
safety measure



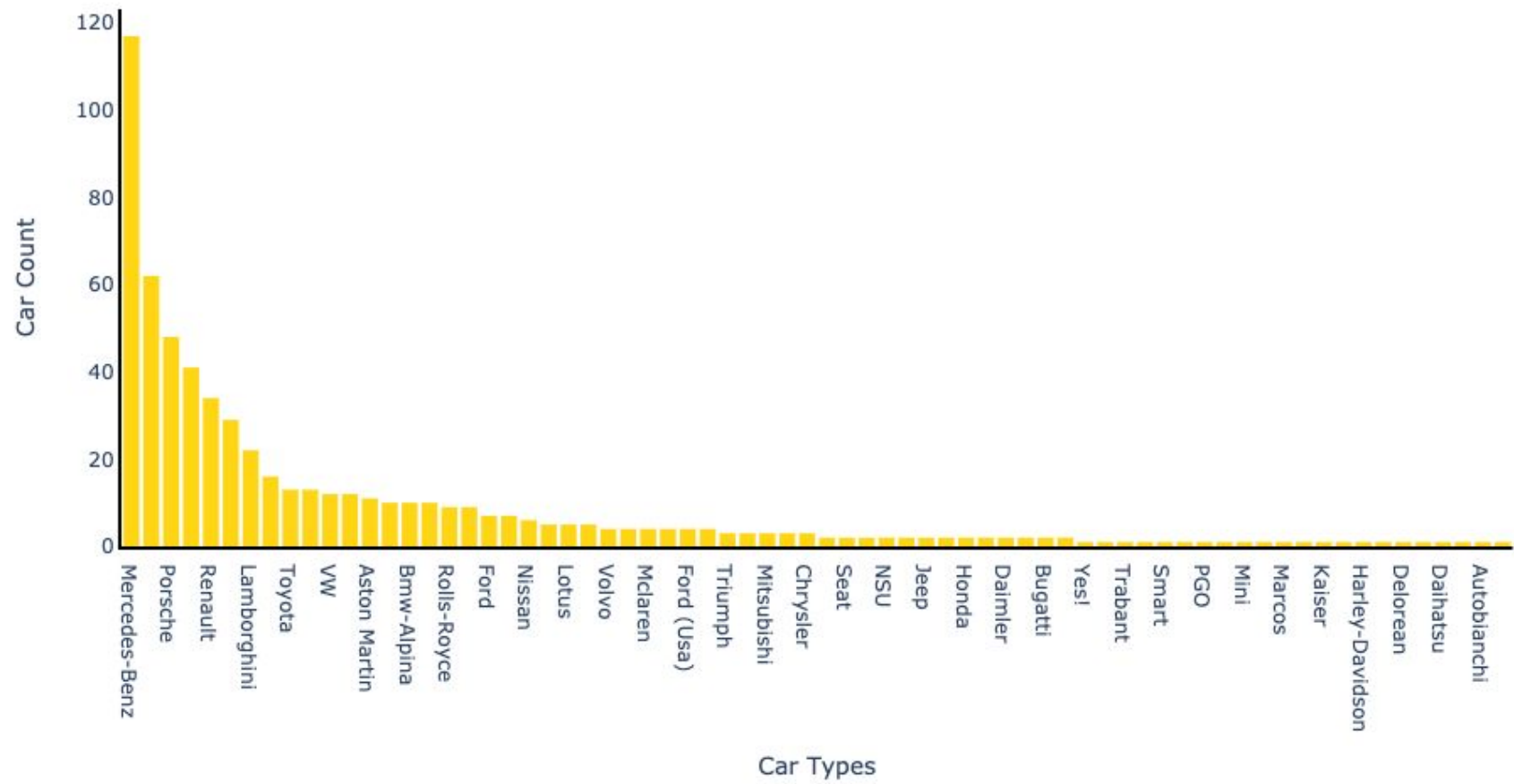
Key Facts



Although occasion is popular in Zuzwil but interestingly Basel favours Oldtimer!

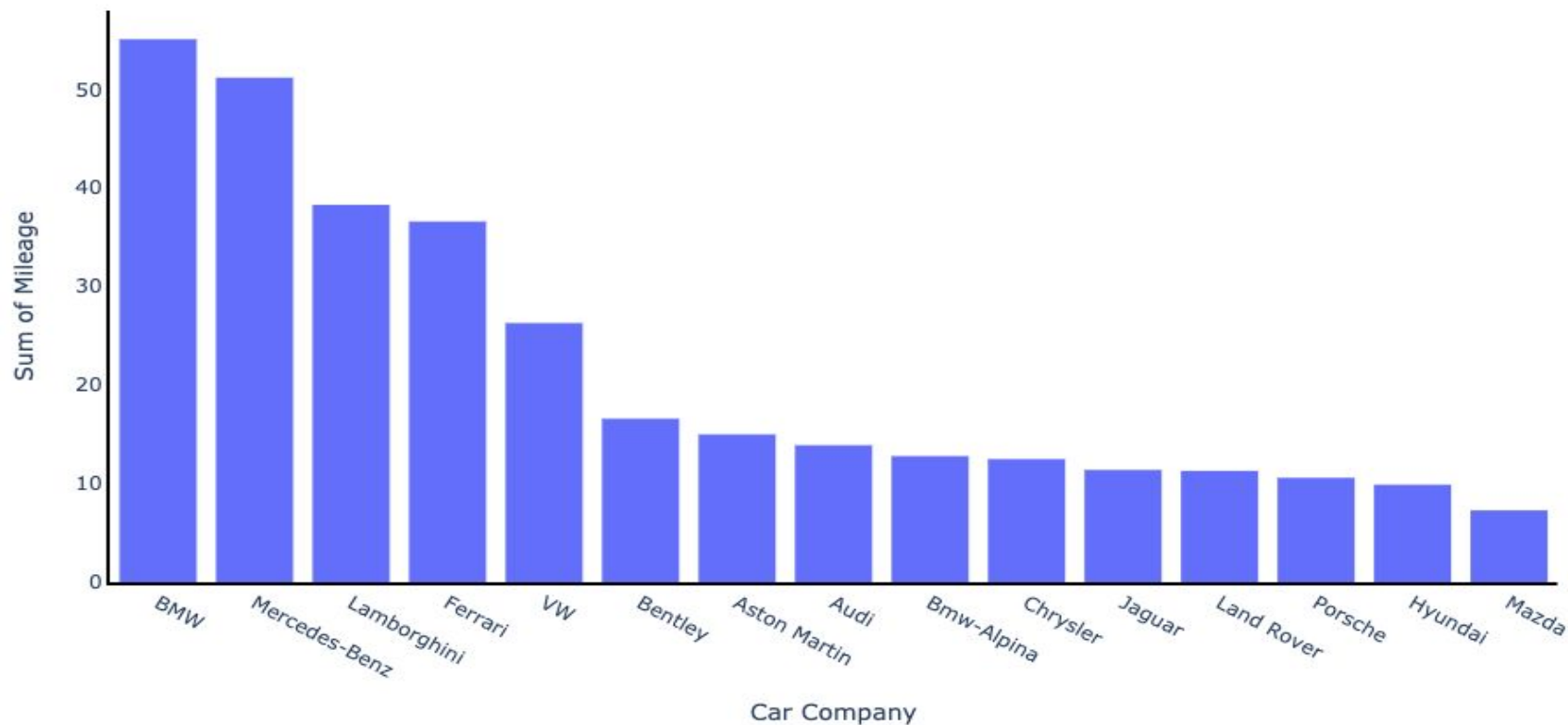


Most popular cars



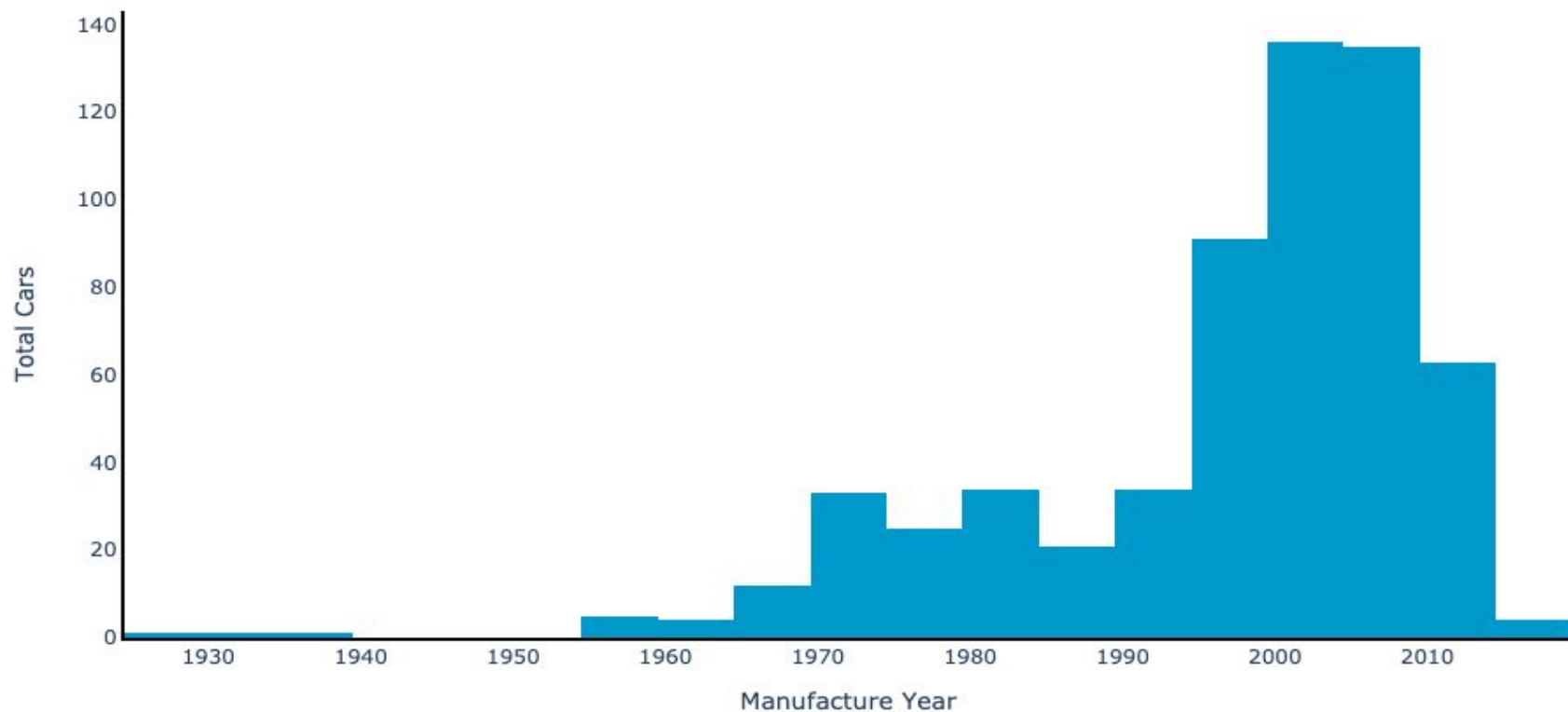
Does mileage matters? Although BMW models in all give more mileage but it is after Mercedes-Benz in popularity

Mileage of cars based on car model

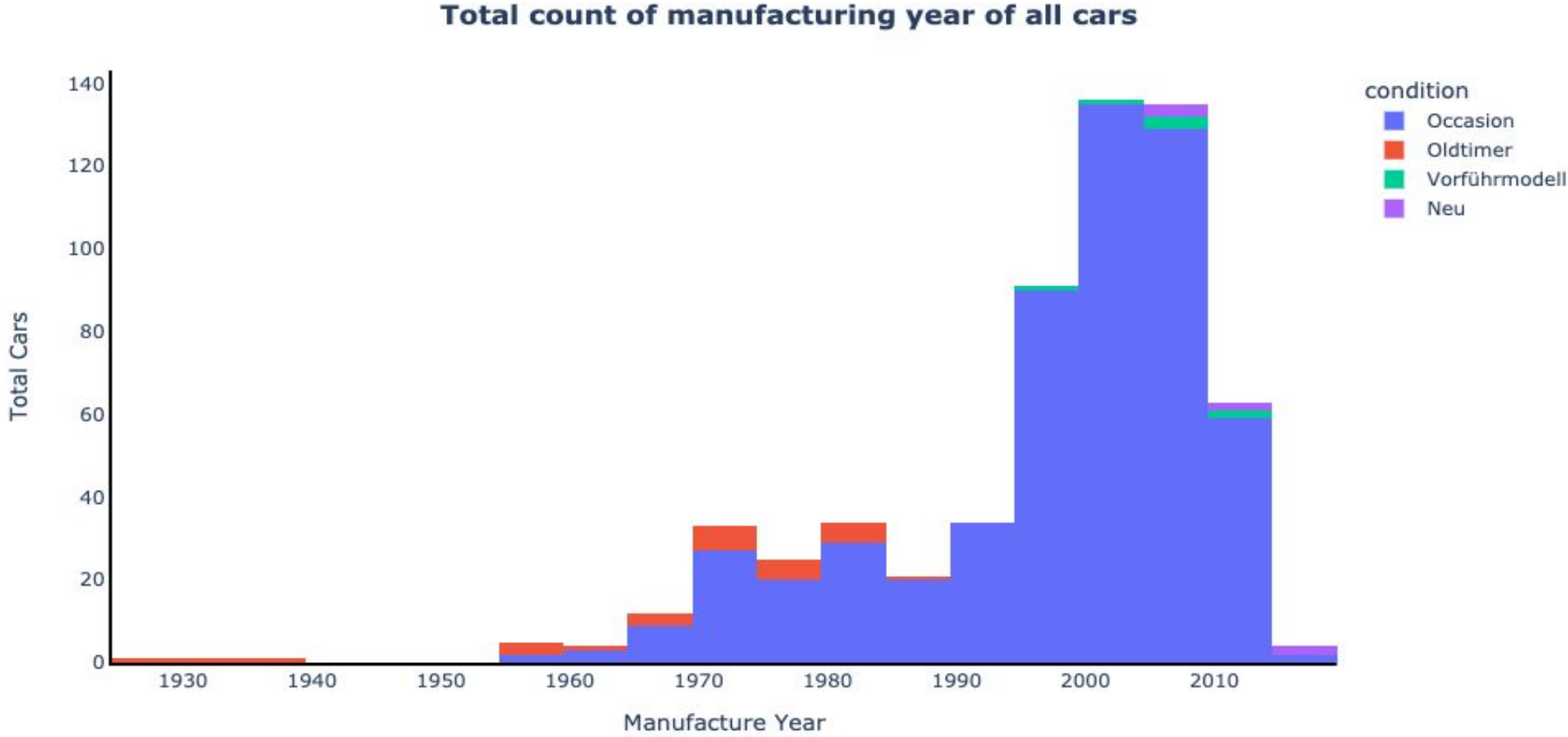


People still keep old models. Lets see their condition...

Total count of manufacturing year of all cars

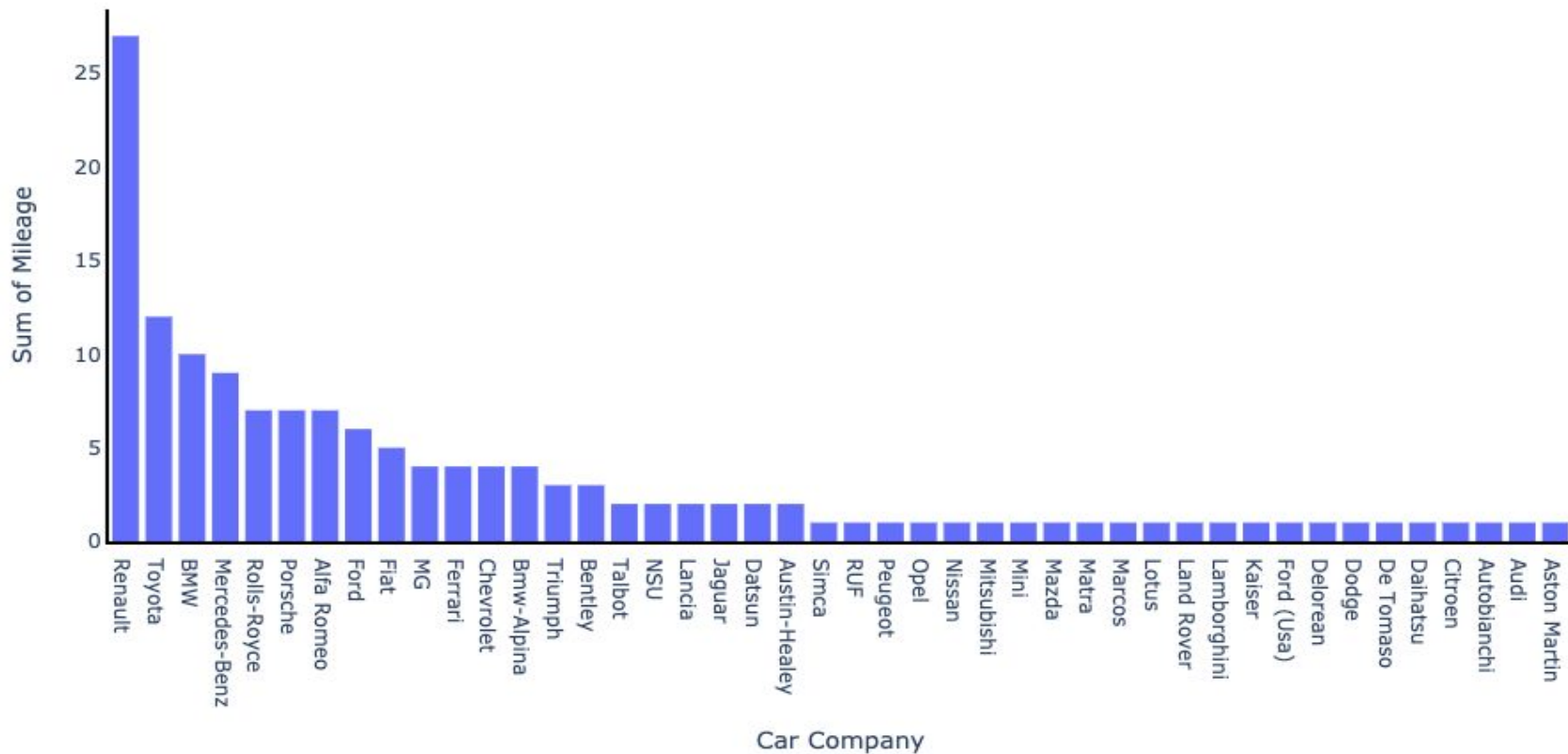


Oldtimers dominate till 1990.



Interestingly in cars manufactured before 1990 Renault is more popular

Old Car Models





Impact

1. Data can easily be used in required format.
2. Area of business could be easily identified
3. E-commerce shop could deny the proposals of models which are not profitable.



Queries

