

Homework 2

1.

(1) A base current of $50\ \mu\text{A}$ is applied to the transistor in Figure 1, and a voltage of 5 V is dropped across R_C . Determine the β_{DC} of the transistor

(2) Assume that the transistor in the circuit of Figure 1 is replaced with one having a β_{DC} of 200. Determine I_B , I_C , I_E , and V_{CE} given that $V_{CC} = 10\ \text{V}$ and $V_{BB} = 3\ \text{V}$.

(3) If V_{CC} is increased to 15 V in Figure 1, how much do the currents and V_{CE} change?

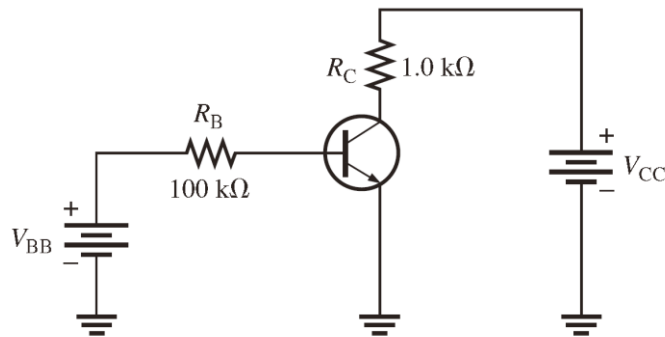


Figure. 1

2.

Find V_{CE} , V_{BE} , and V_{CB} in circuits of Figure 2.

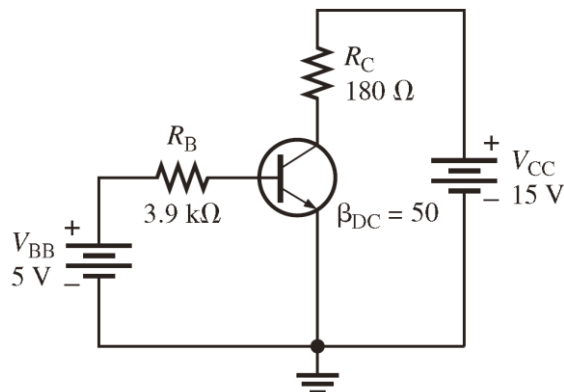


Figure. 2

3.

Determine the terminal voltages of each transistor with respect to ground for circuit in Figure 3. Also determine V_{CE} , V_{BE} , and V_{CB} .

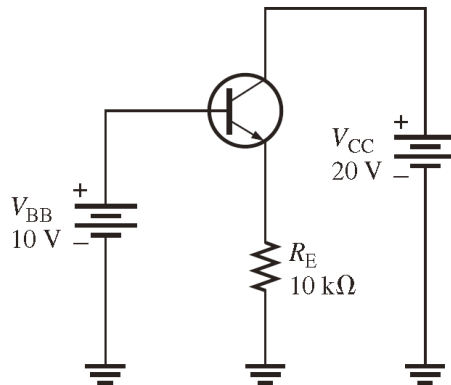


Figure. 3

4.

Assume that you wish to bias the transistor in Figure 4 with $I_B = 20 \mu A$. To what voltage must you change the V_{BB} supply? What are I_C and V_{CE} at the Q-point, given that $\beta_{dc} = 50$?

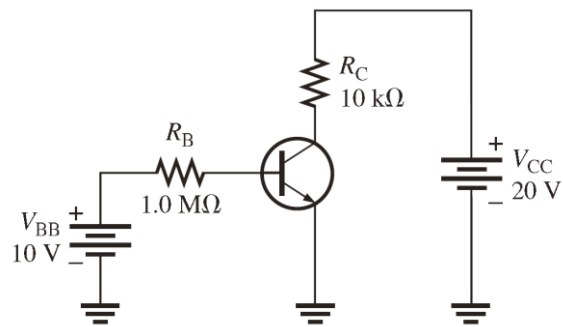


Figure. 4

5.

- (1) Determine all transistor terminal voltages with respect to ground in Figure 5.
- (2) The bias resistor R_2 in Figure 5 is replaced by a 15 k Ω potentiometer. What minimum resistance setting causes saturation? (Assuming $V_{BE}=V_{CE}$ when saturation happens)
- (3) If the potentiometer described in Problem (2) is set at 2 k Ω , what are the values for I_C and V_{CE} ?

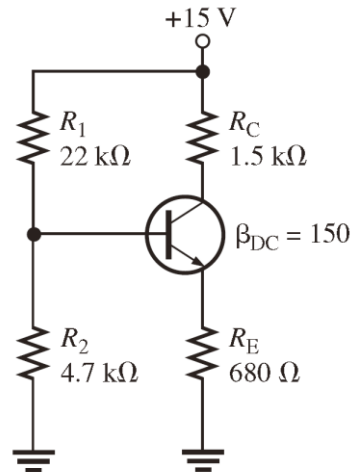


Figure. 5

6.

- (1) Analyze the circuit in Figure 6 to determine the correct voltages at the transistor terminals with respect to ground. Assume $\beta_{DC} = 100$.

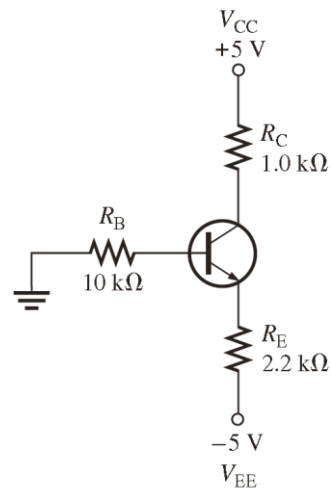


Figure. 6

7.

Determine V_B , V_C , and I_C in Figure 7.

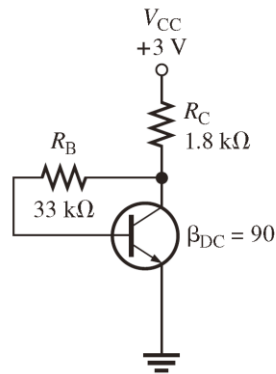


Figure. 7

8.

(1) Draw the dc equivalent circuit and the ac equivalent circuit for the unloaded amplifier in Figure 8. (In the ac equivalent circuit, the transistor should also use AC model)

(2) Determine the following dc values for the amplifier in Figure 8.

(a) V_B (b) V_E (c) I_E (d) I_C (e) V_C

(3) Determine the following values for the amplifier in Figure 8.

(a) $R_{in(base)}$ (b) $R_{in(tot)}$ (c) A_v

(4) Connect a bypass capacitor across R_E in Figure 8, and repeat Problem (3).

(5) Connect a 10 kΩ load resistor to the output in Figure 8, and repeat Problem (4).

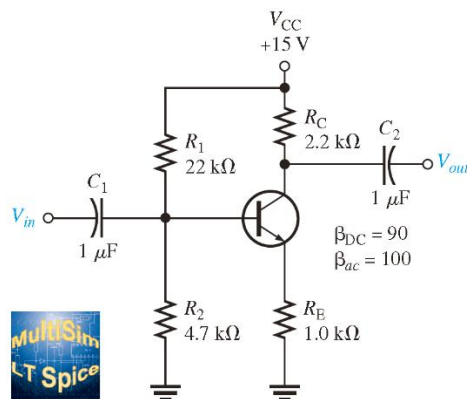


Figure. 8

9.

- (1) Determine the *exact* voltage gain for the unloaded emitter-follower in Figure 9.
- (2) What is the total input resistance in Figure 9? What is the dc output voltage?

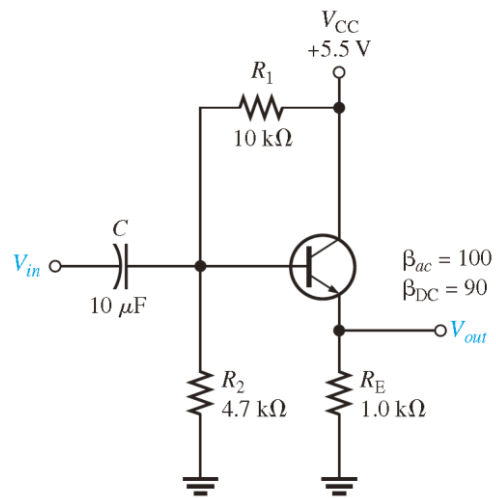


Figure. 9