

column

Format standard input or file into multiple columns.
Rows are filled before columns; default separator is whitespace.

- Format output for a 30 characters wide display:

```
printf "header1 header2\nbar foo\n" | column -c {{30}}
```

- Specify column delimiter character for the `-t` option (i.e. "," for csv); default is whitespace:

```
printf "header1,header2\nbar,foo\n" | column -s{{,}}
```

- Split columns automatically and auto-align in a tabular format:

```
printf "header1 header2\nbar foo\n" | column -t
```

- Fill columns before filling rows:

```
printf "header1\nbar\nfoobar\n" | column -c {{30}} -x
```