# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Elango G

Email: 241501055@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 241501055 Phone: 7010568330

Branch: REC

Department: I AI & ML FA

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 7\_COD\_Question 5

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

You are provided with a collection of numbers, each represented by an array of integers. However, there's a unique scenario: within this array, one element occurs an odd number of times, while all other elements occur an even number of times. Your objective is to identify and return the element that occurs an odd number of times in this arrangement.

Utilize mid-square hashing by squaring elements and extracting middle digits for hash codes. Implement a hash table for efficient integer occurrence tracking.

Note: Hash function: squared = key \* key.

Example

Input:

7

2233445

Output:

5

#### Explanation

The hash function and the calculated hash indices for each element are as follows:

2 -> hash(2\*2) % 100 = 4

3 -> hash(3\*3) % 100 = 9

4 -> hash(4\*4) % 100 = 16

5 -> hash(5\*5) % 100 = 25

The hash table records the occurrence of each element's hash index:

Index 4: 2 occurrences

Index 9: 2 occurrences

Index 16: 2 occurrences

Index 25: 1 occurrence

Among the elements, the integer 5 occurs an odd number of times (1 occurrence) and satisfies the condition of the problem. Therefore, the program outputs 5.

### Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the size of the array.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers, representing the elements of the array.

# **Output Format**

The output prints a single integer representing the element that occurs an odd

number of times.

If no such element exists, print -1.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
Input: 7
2233445
Output: 5
Answer
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 100
// You are using GCC
unsigned int hash(int key, int tableSize) {
  //Type your code here
   unsigned int squared = key * key;
  unsigned int mid_digits = (squared / 10) % 100; // Extract middle two digits
(for simplicity)
  return mid_digits % tableSize;
int getOddOccurrence(int arr[], int size) {
   //Type your code here
   int hashTable[MAX_SIZE] = {0}; // Initialize a hash table to store occurrences
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
     int index = hash(arr[i], MAX_SIZE); // Get hash index for the current element
     hashTable[index]++; // Increment occurrence of the element at the hashed
index
```

// Now, we check for the element that has odd occurrences

```
24,50,1055
       for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
         int index = hash(arr[i], MAX_SIZE);
         if (hashTable[index] \% 2 != \overline{0}) { // If the count is odd
           return arr[i];
         }
       }
       return -1;
     }
     int main() {
       int n;
       scanf("%d", &n);
                                                                              24,150,1055
int arr[MAX_SIZE];
       printf("%d\n", getOddOccurrence(arr, n));
       return 0;
     }
     Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks: 10/10
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```

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