# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Branch: REC

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Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 7\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 17

Section 1: MCQ

1. What does a deleted slot in linear probing typically contain?

Answer

A special "deleted" marker

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Which of these hashing methods may result in more uniform distribution with small keys?

Answer

Mid-Square

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. In C, how do you calculate the mid-square hash index for a key k, assuming we extract two middle digits and the table size is 100?

# **Answer**

((k \* k) / 100) % 100

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. In division method, if key = 125 and m = 13, what is the hash index?

#### Answer

7

Status : Wrong Marks : 0/1

5. Which of the following statements is TRUE regarding the folding method?

#### Answer

It divides the key into parts and adds them.

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What is the initial position for a key k in a linear probing hash table?

#### **Answer**

k % table\_size

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. In the folding method, what is the primary reason for reversing alternate parts before addition?

# Answer

To reduce the chance of collisions caused by similar digit patterns

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. What would be the result of folding 123456 into three parts and summing: (12 + 34 + 56)?

Answer

102

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Which C statement is correct for finding the next index in linear probing?

# **Answer**

index = (index + 1) % size;

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. Which of the following best describes linear probing in hashing?

#### Answer

Resolving collisions by linearly searching for the next free slot

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. In linear probing, if a collision occurs at index i, what is the next index checked?

### **Answer**

(i + 1) % table\_size

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Which situation causes clustering in linear probing?

#### Answer

Poor hash function

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

13. Which folding method divides the key into equal parts, reverses some of them, and then adds all parts? Answer Folding reversal method Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 14. What is the primary disadvantage of linear probing? Answer Clustering Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 15. In the division method of hashing, the hash function is typically written as: Answer h(k) = k % mStatus: Correct Marks: 1/1 16. What is the output of the mid-square method for a key k = 123 if the hash table size is 10 and you extract the middle two digits of k \* k? **Answer** 2 Marks: 0/1 Status: Wrong 17. What happens if we do not use modular arithmetic in linear probing?

Index goes out of bounds

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1

Answer

18. Which of the following values of 'm' is recommended for the division method in hashing? Answer A prime number Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 19. What is the worst-case time complexity for inserting an element in a hash table with linear probing? Answer O(n)Status: Correct Marks : 1/1 20. Which data structure is primarily used in linear probing? Answer Array Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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