```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, plot_tree
from mlxtend.plotting import plot_decision_regions
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=pd.errors.SettingWithCopyWarning)
```

```
df = pd.read_csv('cupcakes.csv')   # change path as needed
df.head()
```

	Type	Flour	Milk	Sugar	Butter	Egg	Baking Powder	Vanilla	Salt
0	Muffin	55	28	3	7	5	2	0	0
1	Muffin	47	24	12	6	9	1	0	0
2	Muffin	47	23	18	6	4	1	0	0
3	Muffin	45	11	17	17	8	1	0	0
4	Muffin	50	25	12	6	5	2	1	0

```
df.shape
```

```
(20, 4)
```

```
le = LabelEncoder()
df['label'] = le.fit_transform(df['Type'])
df['label']
```

```
0     1
1     1
2     1
3     1
4     1
5     1
6     1
7     1
8     1
9     1
10    0
11    0
12    0
13    0
14    0
15    0
16    0
17    0
18    0
19    0
Name: label, dtype: int32
```

```
Start coding or generate with AI.
```

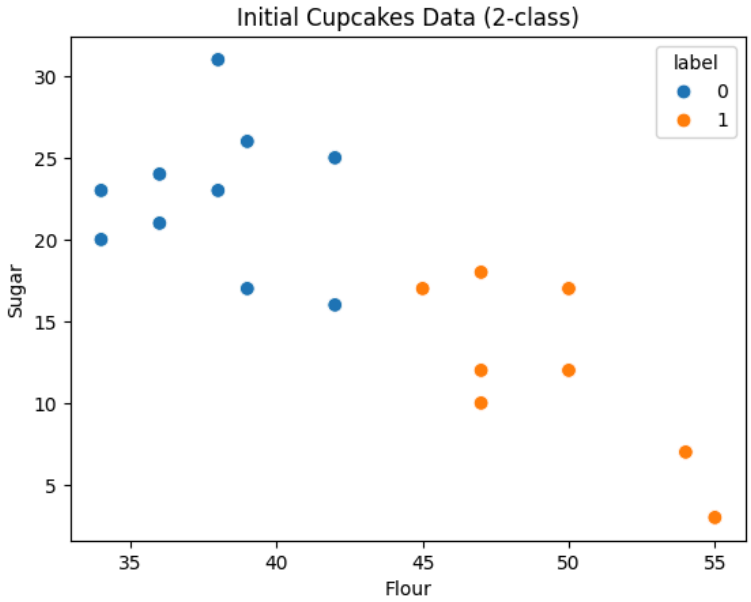
```
df = df[["Flour", "Sugar", "label"]]
df.columns = ["X1", "X2", "label"]
```

```
df["weights"] = 1 / df.shape[0]
display(df.head())
```

```
C:\Users\91978\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_33024\8371175.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-v
  df["weights"] = 1 / df.shape[0]
```

	X1	X2	label	weights
0	55	3	1	0.05
1	47	12	1	0.05
2	47	18	1	0.05
3	45	17	1	0.05
4	50	12	1	0.05

```
sns.scatterplot(x="X1", y="X2", hue="label", data=df, s=60)
plt.title("Initial Cupcakes Data (2-class)")
plt.xlabel("Flour")
plt.ylabel("Sugar")
plt.show()
```




```
x = df[["X1", "X2"]].values
y = df["label"].values
```

image.png

np.clip(array, min_value, max_value) Any value below min_value becomes min_value.

Any value above max_value becomes max_value.

Values in between stay unchanged.

```
def calculate_model_weight(error):
    eps = 1e-10
    error = np.clip(error, eps, 1 - eps)
    return 0.5 * np.log((1 - error) / error)
```

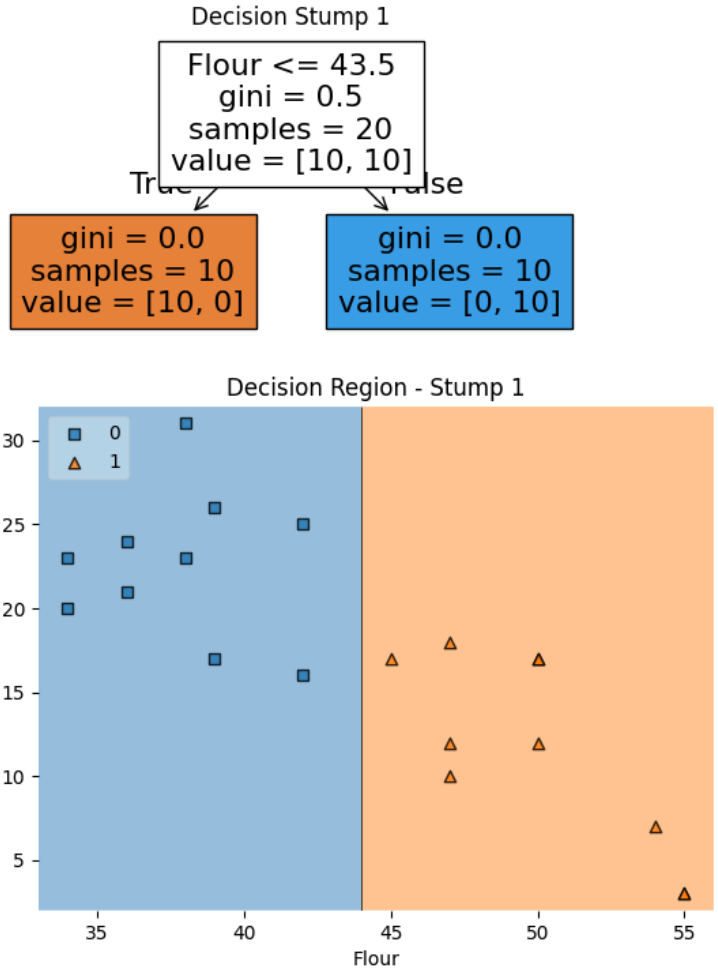
image.png

```
def update_row_weights(row, alpha):
    if row["label"] == row["y_pred"]:
        return row["weights"] * np.exp(-alpha)
    else:
        return row["weights"] * np.exp(alpha)

def create_new_dataset(df):
```

```
    indices = []
    n = df.shape[0]
    for _ in range(n):
        a = np.random.random()
        for idx, row in df.iterrows():
            if row["cumsum_lower"] < a <= row["cumsum_upper"]:
                indices.append(idx)
                break
    if len(indices) == 0:
        indices = np.random.choice(df.index, size=n, replace=True).tolist()
    return indices
```

image.png

```
#Step 2: Train First Decision Stump
dt1 = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=1)
dt1.fit(x, y)

plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
plot_tree(dt1, filled=True, feature_names=["Flour", "Sugar"])
plt.title("Decision Stump 1")
plt.show()

plot_decision_regions(x, y, clf=dt1, legend=2)
plt.title("Decision Region - Stump 1")
plt.xlabel("Flour")
plt.ylabel("Sugar")
plt.show()
```



Start coding or generate with AI.

```
# Predictions & weighted error
df["y_pred"] = dt1.predict(x)
error = np.sum(df["weights"] * (df["label"] != df["y_pred"]))
alpha1 = calculate_model_weight(error)
print(f"Model 1 alpha: {alpha1:.3f}")
```

```
# Update and normalize weights
df["updated_weights"] = df.apply(lambda row: update_row_weights(row, alpha1), axis=1)
df["normalized_weights"] = df["updated_weights"] / df["updated_weights"].sum()

# Compute cumulative bounds
df["cumsum_upper"] = np.cumsum(df["normalized_weights"])
df["cumsum_lower"] = df["cumsum_upper"] - df["normalized_weights"]
display(df[["X1", "X2", "label", "weights", "y_pred", "normalized_weights"]])
```

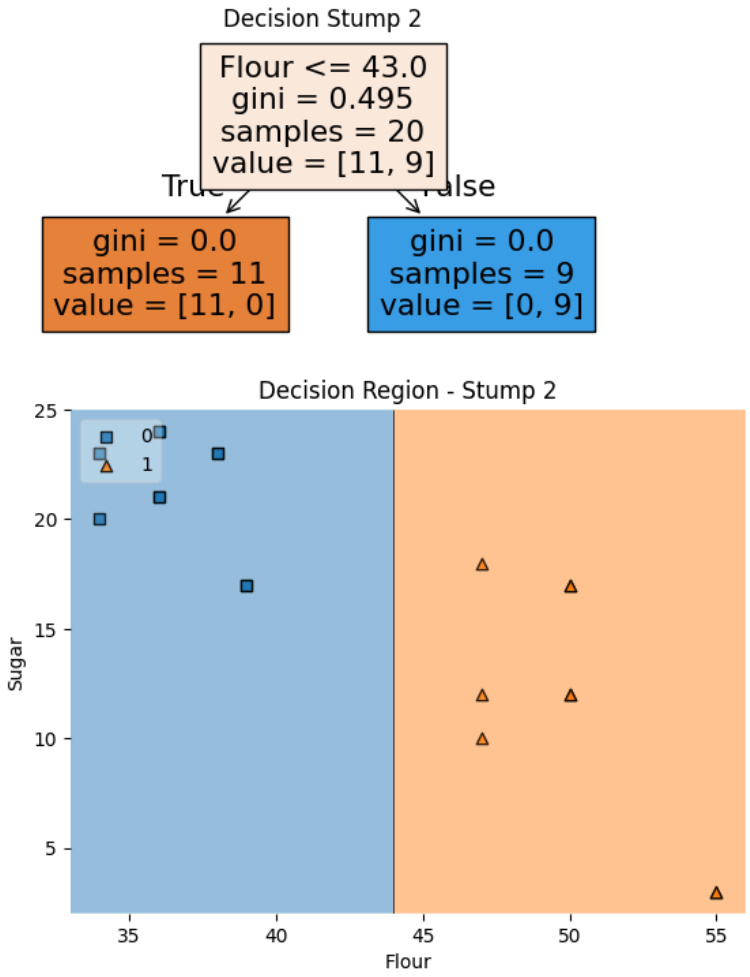
```
Model 1 alpha: 11.513
```

	X1	X2	label	weights	y_pred	normalized_weights
0	55	3	1	0.05	1	0.05
1	47	12	1	0.05	1	0.05
2	47	18	1	0.05	1	0.05
3	45	17	1	0.05	1	0.05
4	50	12	1	0.05	1	0.05
5	55	3	1	0.05	1	0.05
6	54	7	1	0.05	1	0.05
7	47	10	1	0.05	1	0.05
8	50	17	1	0.05	1	0.05
9	50	17	1	0.05	1	0.05
10	39	26	0	0.05	0	0.05
11	42	16	0	0.05	0	0.05
12	34	20	0	0.05	0	0.05
13	39	17	0	0.05	0	0.05
14	38	23	0	0.05	0	0.05
15	42	25	0	0.05	0	0.05
16	36	21	0	0.05	0	0.05
17	38	31	0	0.05	0	0.05
18	36	24	0	0.05	0	0.05
19	34	23	0	0.05	0	0.05

```
# Resample for next stump
index_values = create_new_dataset(df)
print("Resampled indices (1st):", index_values)
second_df = df.loc[index_values, ["X1", "X2", "label", "normalized_weights"]].reset_index(drop=True)
```

```
Resampled indices (1st): [1, 14, 13, 7, 4, 16, 14, 19, 8, 2, 12, 18, 4, 19, 13, 16, 0, 5, 18, 9]
```

```
# ====================================
# Step 3: Train Second Decision Stump
# ====================================
x2 = second_df[["X1", "X2"]].values
y2 = second_df["label"].values
dt2 = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=1)
dt2.fit(x2, y2)

plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
plot_tree(dt2, filled=True, feature_names=["Flour", "Sugar"])
plt.title("Decision Stump 2")
plt.show()

plot_decision_regions(x2, y2, clf=dt2, legend=2)
plt.title("Decision Region - Stump 2")
plt.xlabel("Flour")
plt.ylabel("Sugar")
plt.show()
```




```
second_df["y_pred"] = dt2.predict(x2)
error2 = np.sum(second_df["normalized_weights"] * (second_df["label"] != second_df["y_pred"]))
alpha2 = calculate_model_weight(error2)
print(f"Model 2 alpha: {alpha2:.3f}")
```

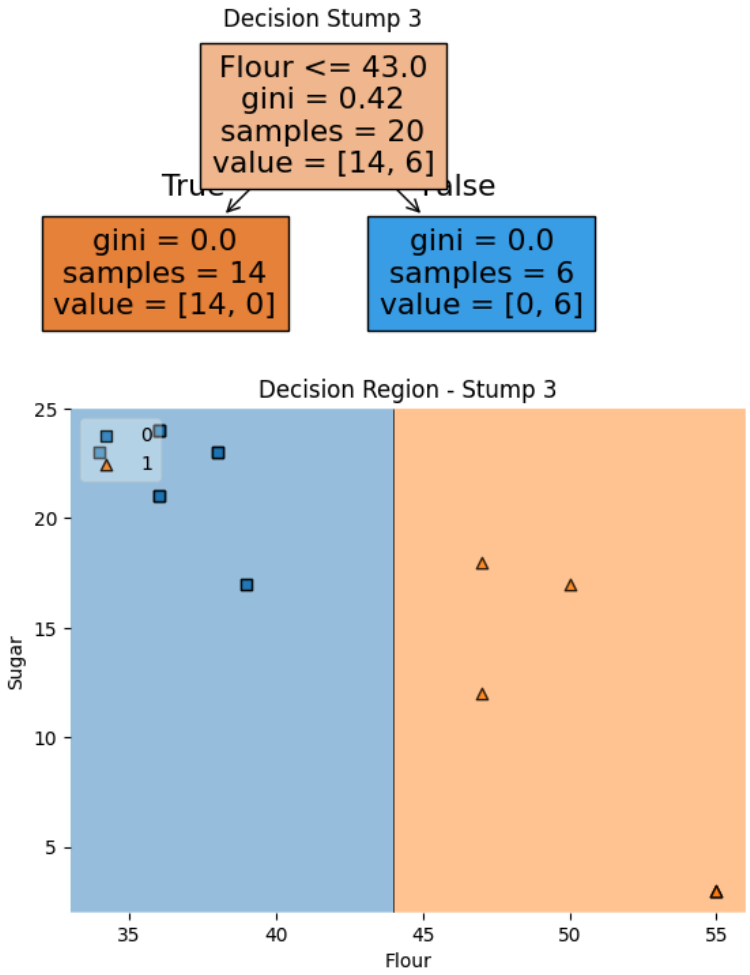
```
Model 2 alpha: 11.513
```

```
# Update weights again
def update_row_weights_2(row, alpha=alpha2):
    if row["label"] == row["y_pred"]:
        return row["normalized_weights"] * np.exp(-alpha)
    else:
        return row["normalized_weights"] * np.exp(alpha)

second_df["updated_weights"] = second_df.apply(update_row_weights_2, axis=1)
second_df["normalized_weights"] = second_df["updated_weights"] / second_df["updated_weights"].sum()
second_df["cumsum_upper"] = np.cumsum(second_df["normalized_weights"])
second_df["cumsum_lower"] = second_df["cumsum_upper"] - second_df["normalized_weights"]

index_values2 = create_new_dataset(second_df)
print("Resampled indices (2nd):", index_values2)
third_df = second_df.loc[index_values2, ["X1", "X2", "label", "normalized_weights"]].reset_index(drop=True)
```

```
Resampled indices (2nd): [18, 1, 1, 2, 16, 13, 7, 11, 15, 2, 16, 16, 0, 9, 5, 6, 18, 15, 8, 11]
```

```
# ======================================
# Step 4: Train Third Decision Stump
# ======================================
x3 = third_df[["X1", "X2"]].values
y3 = third_df["label"].values
dt3 = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=1)
dt3.fit(x3, y3)

plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
plot_tree(dt3, filled=True, feature_names=["Flour", "Sugar"])
plt.title("Decision Stump 3")
```

```
plt.show()

plot_decision_regions(x3, y3, clf=dt3, legend=2)
plt.title("Decision Region - Stump 3")
plt.xlabel("Flour")
plt.ylabel("Sugar")
plt.show()
```

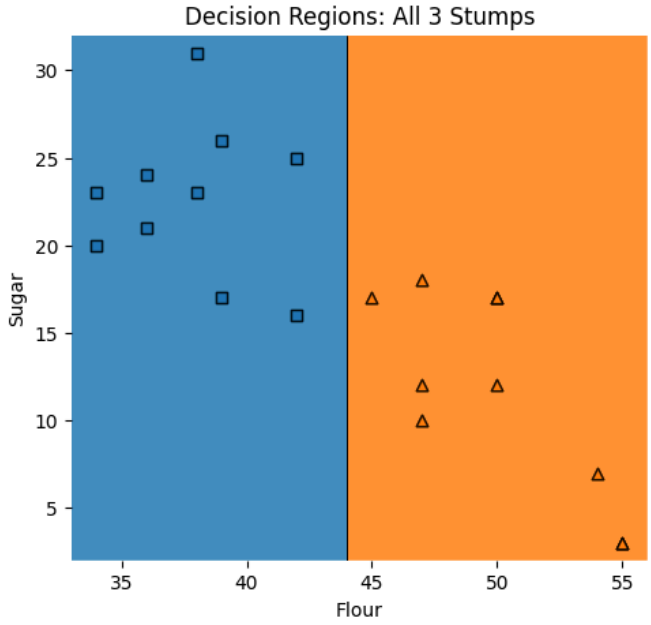



```
third_df["y_pred"] = dt3.predict(x3)
error3 = np.sum(third_df["normalized_weights"] * (third_df["label"] != third_df["y_pred"]))
alpha3 = calculate_model_weight(error3)
print(f"Model 3 alpha: {alpha3:.3f}")
```

```
Model 3 alpha: 11.513
```

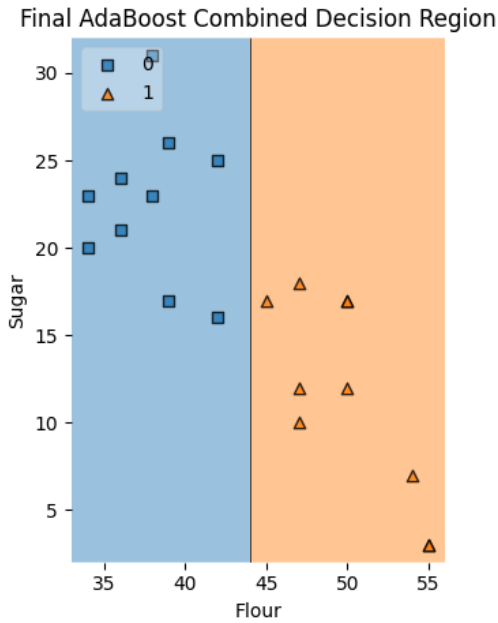
```
# Step 5: Combined Visualization
# ====================================
print("\nFinal Model Weights (alphas):")
print(f"Alpha1 = {alpha1:.3f}, Alpha2 = {alpha2:.3f}, Alpha3 = {alpha3:.3f}")

plt.figure(figsize=(12,5))

plt.subplot(1,2,1)
plot_decision_regions(x, y, clf=dt1, legend=0)
plot_decision_regions(x, y, clf=dt2, legend=0)
plot_decision_regions(x, y, clf=dt3, legend=0)
plt.title("Decision Regions: All 3 Stumps")
plt.xlabel("Flour")
plt.ylabel("Sugar")
```

```
Final Model Weights (alphas):
Alpha1 = 11.513, Alpha2 = 11.513, Alpha3 = 11.513
Text(0, 0.5, 'Sugar')
```




```
from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
ada_final = AdaBoostClassifier(
    estimator=DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=1),
    n_estimators=3,
    algorithm="SAMME"
)
ada_final.fit(x, y)

plt.subplot(1,2,2)
plot_decision_regions(x, y, clf=ada_final, legend=2)
plt.title("Final AdaBoost Combined Decision Region")
plt.xlabel("Flour")
plt.ylabel("Sugar")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

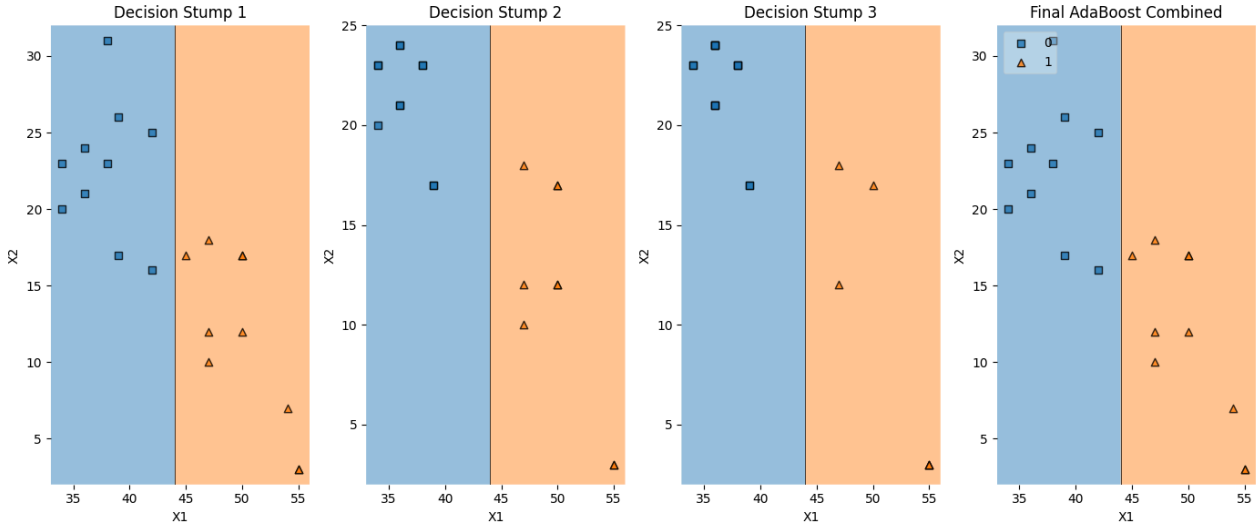
```
C:\Users\91978\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\_weight_boosting.py:519: FutureWarning: The parameter 'algori
  warnings.warn(
```




```
# ====================================
# Step 6: Visualize All Stumps Together
# ====================================
from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier

plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))
```

```
# --- Subplot 1: Decision Stump 1 ---
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plot_decision_regions(x, y, clf=dt1, legend=0)
plt.title("Decision Stump 1")
plt.xlabel("X1")
plt.ylabel("X2")

# --- Subplot 2: Decision Stump 2 ---
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plot_decision_regions(x2, y2, clf=dt2, legend=0)
plt.title("Decision Stump 2")
plt.xlabel("X1")
plt.ylabel("X2")

# --- Subplot 3: Decision Stump 3 ---
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plot_decision_regions(x3, y3, clf=dt3, legend=0)
plt.title("Decision Stump 3")
plt.xlabel("X1")
plt.ylabel("X2")

# --- Subplot 4: Final Combined AdaBoost ---
ada_final = AdaBoostClassifier(
    estimator=DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=1),
    n_estimators=3,
    algorithm="SAMME"
)
ada_final.fit(x, y)

plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plot_decision_regions(x, y, clf=ada_final, legend=2)
plt.title("Final AdaBoost Combined")
plt.xlabel("X1")
plt.ylabel("X2")

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
C:\Users\91978\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\_weight_boosting.py:519: FutureWarning: The parameter 'algori
  warnings.warn(
```




```
# ---------------------------------
# 🧁 Muffin vs Cupcake using AdaBoost + All Decision Stumps Visualization
# ---------------------------------

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, plot_tree
from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
```

```
df = pd.read_csv('cupcakes.csv')   # change path as needed
df.head()
```

	Type	Flour	Milk	Sugar	Butter	Egg	Baking Powder	Vanilla	Salt
0	Muffin	55	28	3	7	5	2	0	0
1	Muffin	47	24	12	6	9	1	0	0
2	Muffin	47	23	18	6	4	1	0	0
3	Muffin	45	11	17	17	8	1	0	0
4	Muffin	50	25	12	6	5	2	1	0

```
le = LabelEncoder()
df['label'] = le.fit_transform(df['Type'])
df['label']
```

```
0     1
1     1
2     1
3     1
4     1
5     1
6     1
7     1
8     1
9     1
10    0
11    0
12    0
13    0
14    0
15    0
16    0
17    0
18    0
19    0
Name: label, dtype: int32
```

```
df['Label'] = df['Type'].map({'Muffin': 0, 'Cupcake': 1})
```

```
X = df[['Sugar', 'Flour']]
y = df['Label']
```

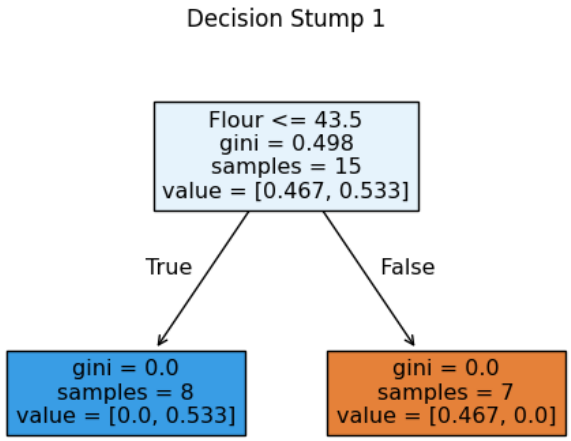
```
# 2️⃣ Split into training and test data
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, random_state=42)
```

```
# 3️⃣ Create AdaBoost model with Decision Stumps
base_tree = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=1)
ada = AdaBoostClassifier(
    estimator=base_tree,
    n_estimators=3,        # use 3 stumps for visualization
    learning_rate=1.0,
    random_state=42
)
```

```
# 🔄 Train model
ada.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
AdaBoostClassifier
estimator: DecisionTreeClassifier
DecisionTreeClassifier
```

```
from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Determine how many stumps (weak learners)
n_stumps = len(ada.estimators_)

# Create subplots dynamically
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, n_stumps, figsize=(5 * n_stumps, 4))

# Handle case when only one stump exists
if n_stumps == 1:
    axes = [axes]

# Plot each decision stump on its corresponding axis
for i, tree in enumerate(ada.estimators_):
    plot_tree(tree, feature_names=['Sugar', 'Flour'], filled=True, ax=axes[i])
    axes[i].set_title(f"Decision Stump {i + 1}")

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



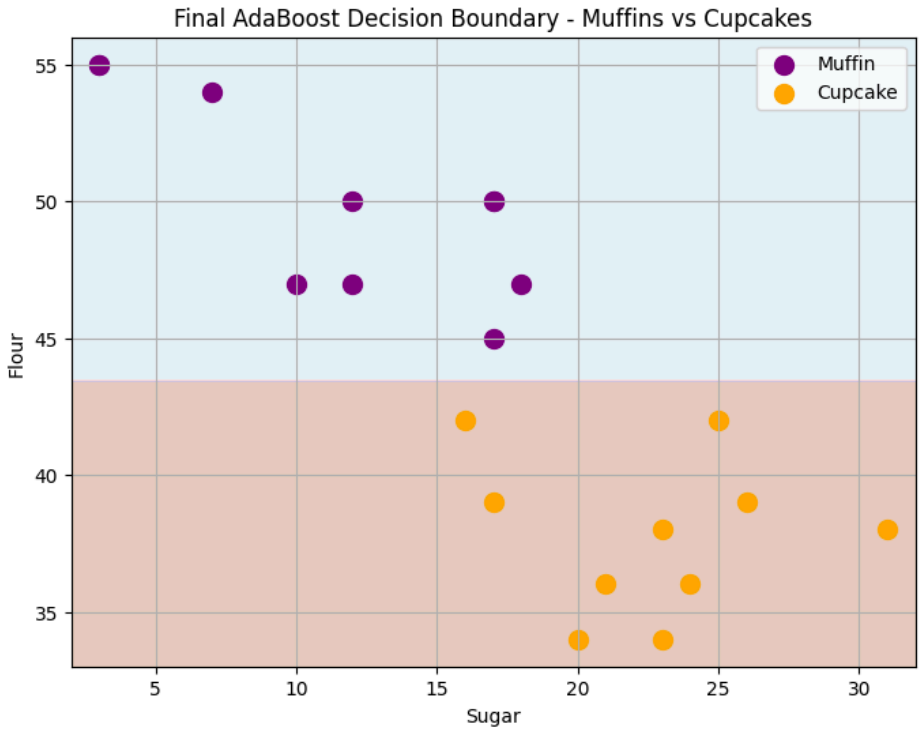

```
# 🔄 Plot final decision boundary
x_min, x_max = X['Sugar'].min() - 1, X['Sugar'].max() + 1
y_min, y_max = X['Flour'].min() - 1, X['Flour'].max() + 1
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.linspace(x_min, x_max, 200),
                     np.linspace(y_min, y_max, 200))
```

```
Z = ada.predict(np.c_[xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
```

```
C:\Users\91978\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:2749: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature n
  warnings.warn(
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
plt.contourf(xx, yy, Z, alpha=0.3, cmap=plt.cm.Paired)
```

```
plt.scatter(df[df['Type']=='Muffin']['Sugar'],
            df[df['Type']=='Muffin']['Flour'],
            color='purple', label='Muffin', s=100)
plt.scatter(df[df['Type']=='Cupcake']['Sugar'],
            df[df['Type']=='Cupcake']['Flour'],
            color='orange', label='Cupcake', s=100)

plt.xlabel('Sugar')
plt.ylabel('Flour')
plt.title('Final AdaBoost Decision Boundary - Muffins vs Cupcakes')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



simple Adaboost

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
from mlxtend.plotting import plot_decision_regions
```

```
df = pd.read_csv('cupcakes.csv')   # change path as needed
df.head()
```

	Type	Flour	Milk	Sugar	Butter	Egg	Baking Powder	Vanilla	Salt
0	Muffin	55	28	3	7	5	2	0	0
1	Muffin	47	24	12	6	9	1	0	0
2	Muffin	47	23	18	6	4	1	0	0
3	Muffin	45	11	17	17	8	1	0	0
4	Muffin	50	25	12	6	5	2	1	0

```
# Convert to numeric labels
data['Label'] = data['Type'].map({'Muffin': 0, 'Cupcake': 1})
X = data[['Sugar', 'Flour']].values
y = data['Label'].values
```

```
base_tree = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=1, random_state=42)

ada = AdaBoostClassifier(
```

```
    estimator=base_tree,
    n_estimators=3,
    learning_rate=1.0,
    random_state=42
)
```

```
ada.fit(X, y)
print("Number of trained stumps:", len(ada.estimators_))


plt.figure(figsize=(16, 5))
estimators = ada.estimators_

# Decision Stump 1
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plot_decision_regions(X, y, clf=estimators[0], legend=0)
plt.title("Decision Stump 1")
plt.xlabel("Sugar")
plt.ylabel("Flour")

# Decision Stump 2
if len(estimators) > 1:
    plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
    plot_decision_regions(X, y, clf=estimators[1], legend=0)
    plt.title("Decision Stump 2")
    plt.xlabel("Sugar")
    plt.ylabel("Flour")

# Decision Stump 3
if len(estimators) > 2:
    plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
    plot_decision_regions(X, y, clf=estimators[2], legend=0)
    plt.title("Decision Stump 3")
    plt.xlabel("Sugar")
    plt.ylabel("Flour")

# Final Combined AdaBoost
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plot_decision_regions(X, y, clf=ada, legend=2)
plt.title("Final AdaBoost Combined")
plt.xlabel("Sugar")
plt.ylabel("Flour")

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
Number of trained stumps: 3
```