

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 1_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Shawn is planning for his younger sister's college education and wants to ensure she has enough funds when the time comes. He starts with an initial principal amount and plans to make regular monthly contributions to a savings account that offers a fixed annual interest rate.

Shawn needs to calculate the total amount that will accumulate by the time his sister is ready for college. Your task is to write a program that calculates the final amount in the savings account based on the initial principal, monthly contributions, annual interest rate, and the number of months the money is invested.

Formula:

$$A = P \times (1 + r/n)^{(n \times t)} + C \times [(1 + r/n)^{(n \times t)} - 1] / (r/n)$$

Where:

A = Final amount after the specified time

P = Initial principal amount

C = Monthly contribution

r = Annual interest rate (as a decimal, e.g., 5% = 0.05)

n = Number of compounding periods per year (12 for monthly compounding)

t = Total time in years (months / 12)

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a float P, representing the initial principal amount.

The second line of input consists of a float R, representing the annual interest rate (in percentage).

The third line of input consists of a float C, representing the monthly contribution.

The fourth line of input consists of an integer M, representing the number of months.

Output Format

The output displays "Final amount after X months: Rs." followed by the total accumulated amount, formatted to two decimal places, where X is the number of months.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10000.0

5.0

2000.0

12

Output: Final amount after 12 months: Rs.35069.33

Answer

```
# You are using Python
p=float(input())
R=float(input())
c=float(input())
m=int(input())
r=R/100
n =12
t=m/12
a=p*(1 + r/n) ** (n * t) + c * (((1 + r/n) ** (n*t) - 1)/(r/n))
print(f"Final amount after {m} months: Rs.{a:.2f}")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Liam and his friends are sharing the cost of a group purchase. The total cost of the purchase is subject to a 10% discount. One of the friends receives a 35% bonus, which means they will pay a larger portion of the discounted cost. The remaining cost is then divided equally among the other friends.

Write a program to:

Calculate the total cost after applying a 10% discount. Determine the amount paid by the friend who receives a 35% bonus. Calculate the amount each of the other friends will pay.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a float value f , representing the total cost.

The second line contains an integer value n , representing the total number of friends.

Output Format

The first line of output displays "Cost after a 10% discount:" followed by the discounted cost of the ticket package as a float value formatted to two decimal places.

The second line displays "Friend with a 35% bonus pays: " followed by the amount paid by the friend with the bonus as a float value formatted to two decimal places.

The third line displays "Each of the other friends pays: " followed by the individual share of the remaining cost as a float value formatted to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10000.0

5

Output: Cost after a 10% discount: 9000.00

Friend with a 35% bonus pays: 3150.00

Each of the other friends pays: 1462.50

Answer

You are using Python

```
f=float(input())
```

```
n=int(input())
```

```
disc=f*0.9
```

```
bon=disc*0.35
```

```
remc=disc-bon
```

```
oth=remc/(n-1)
```

```
print(f"Cost after a 10% discount: {disc:.2f}")
```

```
print(f"Friend with a 35% bonus pays: {bon:.2f}")
```

```
print(f"Each of the other friends pays: {oth:.2f}")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Alex is an air traffic controller who needs to record and manage flight delays efficiently. Given a flight number, the delay in minutes (as a string), and the coordinates of the flight's current position (as a complex number),

Help Alex convert and store this information in a structured format.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the flight number.

The second line consists of a string representing the delay in minutes.

The third line consists of two floats separated by a space, representing the real and imaginary parts of the complex number for the flight's position.

Output Format

The first line of output displays the complex number.

The second line displays a string with the flight number, delay, and the real and imaginary parts of the complex number, separated by commas.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 12345

30.5

12.3 45.6

Output: (12.3+45.6j)

12345, 30.5, 12.3, 45.6

Answer

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
d=input()
real,imag = map(float, input().split())
pos=complex(real,imag)
print(pos)
print(f"{n}, {d}, {real}, {imag}")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Nina is working on a project involving multiple sensors. Each sensor provides a data point that needs to be processed to compute an aggregated value.

Given data points from three sensors, write a program to calculate the aggregated value using specific bitwise operations and arithmetic manipulations. The final result should be the aggregated value modulo 1000.

Example:

Input:

1 //sensor 1 data

2 //sensor 2 data

3 //sensor 3 data

Output

9

Explanation

Calculate the bitwise AND of sensor 1 data and sensor 2 data: 0

Calculate the XOR of the result from step 1 and sensor 3 data: 3

Multiply the result from step 2 by 3: 9

Compute the final aggregated value by taking the result from step 3 modulo 1000: 9

So, the aggregated value is 9.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer S1, representing sensor1 data.

The second line of input consists of an integer S2, representing sensor2 data.

The third line of input consists of an integer S3, representing sensor3 data.

Output Format

The output displays an integer representing the aggregated value.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

2

3

Output: 9

Answer

You are using Python

```
s1=int(input())
```

```
s2=int(input())
```

```
s3=int(input())
```

```
st1=s1&s2
```

```
st2=st1^s3
```

```
st3=st2*3
```

```
agg=st3%1000
```

```
print(agg)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10