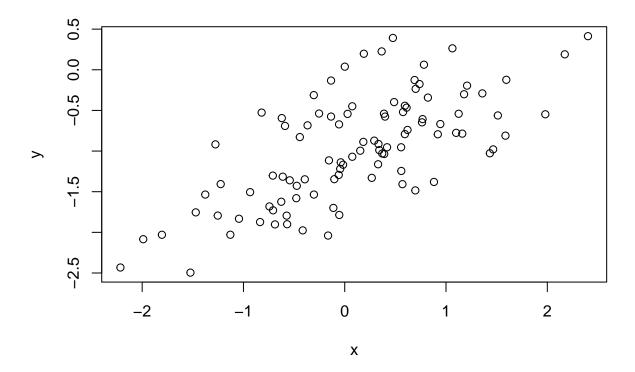
Homework of Dataminning, CH3

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Q13
(a)
<pre>set.seed(1) x <- rnorm(100)</pre>
(b)
eps <- rnorm(100,0,sqrt(0.25))
(c)
y <1 + 0.5*x + eps
The length of y is 100, and the β_0 is -1, β_1 is 0.5.
(d)
<pre>plot(x,y)</pre>



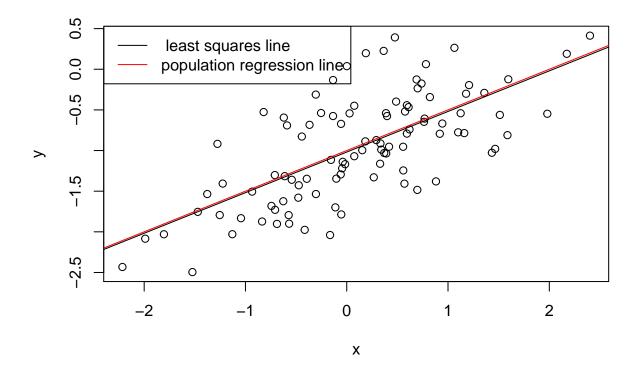
x and y have some linear relationship

(e)

```
model_e \leftarrow lm(y \sim x)
summary(model_e)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim x)
##
  Residuals:
##
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                    ЗQ
                                             Max
   -0.93842 -0.30688 -0.06975 0.26970
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
   (Intercept) -1.01885
                           0.04849 -21.010 < 2e-16 ***
## x
                0.49947
                           0.05386
                                     9.273 4.58e-15 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.4814 on 98 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4674, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4619
## F-statistic: 85.99 on 1 and 98 DF, p-value: 4.583e-15
```

We get a model which has R-squared more than 0,4. $\hat{\beta}_0$ is -1.0188463 while $\hat{\beta}_1$ is 0.4994698, which are similar to β_0 and β_1

(f)

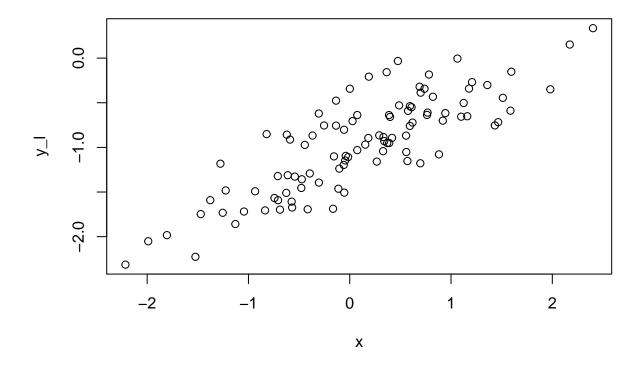


(g)

```
model_g <- lm(y ~ x + I(x^2))
summary(model_g)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y ~ x + I(x^2))
##
## Residuals:
## Min    1Q Median   3Q Max
## -0.98252 -0.31270 -0.06441  0.29014  1.13500
##
## Coefficients:</pre>
```

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
0.50858
                          0.05399
                                  9.420 2.4e-15 ***
## I(x^2)
              -0.05946
                          0.04238 -1.403
                                            0.164
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.479 on 97 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4779, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4672
## F-statistic: 44.4 on 2 and 97 DF, p-value: 2.038e-14
x^2 is not significant, there is not evidence that the quadratic term improves the model fit.
(h)
(a)
set.seed(1)
x \leftarrow rnorm(100)
(b)
eps_1 <- rnorm(100,0,sqrt(0.10))
(c)
y_1 < -1 + 0.5*x + eps_1
The length of y is 100, and the \beta_0 is -1, \beta_1 is 0.5.
(d)
plot(x,y_1)
```

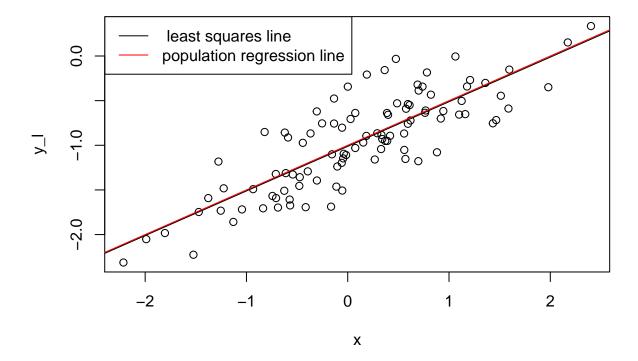


x and y have some linear relationship

```
(e)
model_e_l \leftarrow lm(y_l \sim x)
summary(model_e_l)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y_1 \sim x)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                     ЗQ
                                             Max
## -0.59351 -0.19409 -0.04411 0.17057 0.74193
##
##
  Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) -1.01192
                           0.03067
                                    -32.99
                                              <2e-16 ***
## x
                0.49966
                           0.03407
                                      14.67
                                              <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.3044 on 98 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.687, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6838
## F-statistic: 215.1 on 1 and 98 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

We get a model which has R-squared more than 0,6. $\hat{\beta_0}$ is -1.0119195 while $\hat{\beta_1}$ is 0.4996647, which are more similar to β_0 and β_1

(f)



conclusion

With the noise in data become less, the model is more similar to the true relationship between x and y.

(i)

(a)

```
set.seed(1)
x <- rnorm(100)
```

(b)

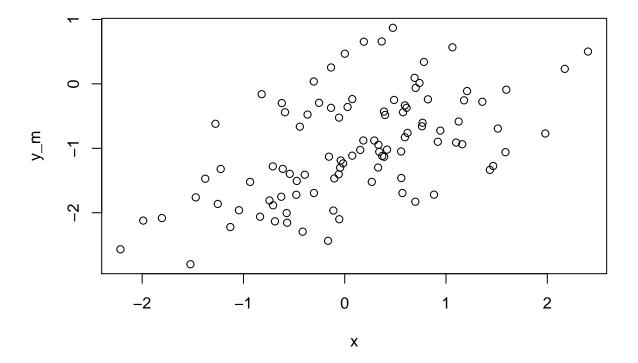
```
eps_m <- rnorm(100,0,sqrt(0.50))</pre>
```

```
(c)
y_m <- -1 + 0.5*x + eps_m
```

The length of y is 100, and the β_0 is -1, β_1 is 0.5.

(d)

plot(x,y_m)



x and **y** have some linear relationship

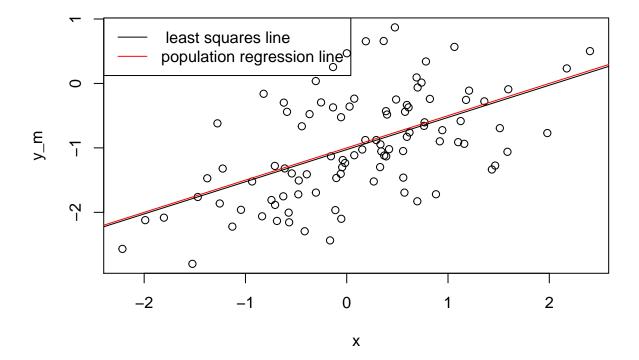
-1.32713 -0.43400 -0.09864 0.38141 1.65900

```
(e)
model_e_m <- lm(y_m ~ x)
summary(model_e_m)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y_m ~ x)
##
## Residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max</pre>
```

```
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
  (Intercept) -1.02665
                           0.06858 -14.970 < 2e-16 ***
##
## x
                0.49925
                           0.07617
                                     6.554 2.62e-09 ***
##
                  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6808 on 98 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3047, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2976
## F-statistic: 42.96 on 1 and 98 DF, p-value: 2.624e-09
```

We get a model which has R-squared more than 0.3. $\hat{\beta_0}$ is -1.0266527 while $\hat{\beta_1}$ is 0.4992502, which are less similar to β_0 and β_1



conclusion

With the noise in data become more, the model is less similar to the true relationship between x and y.

(j)

```
# confidence intervals for beta0 and beta1 based on the original data set
confint(model_e)
                   2.5 %
                             97.5 %
## (Intercept) -1.1150804 -0.9226122
               0.3925794 0.6063602
# confidence intervals for beta0 and beta1 based on the noisier data set
confint(model_e_m)
                   2.5 %
##
                             97.5 %
## (Intercept) -1.1627482 -0.8905572
               0.3480843 0.6504160
# confidence intervals for beta0 and beta1 based on the less noisy data set
confint(model_e_l)
                   2.5 %
                             97.5 %
##
## (Intercept) -1.0727832 -0.9510557
               0.4320613 0.5672681
Q15
 (a)
library(MASS)
summary(lm(crim ~ zn, data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ zn, data = Boston)
## Residuals:
     Min
             1Q Median
                           3Q
## -4.429 -4.222 -2.620 1.250 84.523
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 4.45369
                          0.41722 10.675 < 2e-16 ***
              -0.07393
                          0.01609 -4.594 5.51e-06 ***
## zn
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 8.435 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04019, Adjusted R-squared: 0.03828
## F-statistic: 21.1 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: 5.506e-06
summary(lm(crim ~ indus, data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ indus, data = Boston)
##
## Residuals:
```

```
10 Median
      Min
                               3Q
## -11.972 -2.698 -0.736
                            0.712 81.813
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                          0.66723 -3.093 0.00209 **
## (Intercept) -2.06374
               0.50978
                          0.05102
                                  9.991 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 7.866 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1653, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1637
## F-statistic: 99.82 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ chas, data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ chas, data = Boston)
##
## Residuals:
     Min
             1Q Median
                           3Q
                                 Max
## -3.738 -3.661 -3.435 0.018 85.232
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 3.7444
                           0.3961
                                  9.453
                                           <2e-16 ***
## chas
               -1.8928
                           1.5061 -1.257
                                             0.209
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 8.597 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.003124,
                                  Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 1.579 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: 0.2094
summary(lm(crim ~ nox, data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ nox, data = Boston)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               30
                                      Max
## -12.371 -2.738 -0.974
                            0.559 81.728
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -13.720
                            1.699 -8.073 5.08e-15 ***
## nox
                31.249
                            2.999 10.419 < 2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 7.81 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1772, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1756
## F-statistic: 108.6 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
summary(lm(crim ~ rm, data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ rm, data = Boston)
## Residuals:
##
     Min
             1Q Median
## -6.604 -3.952 -2.654 0.989 87.197
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                20.482
                            3.365
                                  6.088 2.27e-09 ***
## (Intercept)
## rm
                -2.684
                            0.532 -5.045 6.35e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 8.401 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04807, Adjusted R-squared: 0.04618
## F-statistic: 25.45 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: 6.347e-07
summary(lm(crim ~ age, data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ age, data = Boston)
##
## Residuals:
##
   Min
            1Q Median
                           ЗQ
                                 Max
## -6.789 -4.257 -1.230 1.527 82.849
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) -3.77791 0.94398 -4.002 7.22e-05 ***
               0.10779
                          0.01274 8.463 2.85e-16 ***
## age
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 8.057 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1244, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1227
## F-statistic: 71.62 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: 2.855e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ dis, data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ dis, data = Boston)
## Residuals:
     Min
             1Q Median
                           3Q
## -6.708 -4.134 -1.527 1.516 81.674
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 9.4993 0.7304 13.006 <2e-16 ***
```

```
-1.5509
                          0.1683 -9.213 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 7.965 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1441, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1425
## F-statistic: 84.89 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ rad, data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ rad, data = Boston)
## Residuals:
      Min
##
                               3Q
               1Q Median
                                     Max
## -10.164 -1.381 -0.141
                            0.660 76.433
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                          0.44348 -5.157 3.61e-07 ***
## (Intercept) -2.28716
                          0.03433 17.998 < 2e-16 ***
## rad
               0.61791
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 6.718 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3913, Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 323.9 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ tax, data = Boston))
##
## lm(formula = crim ~ tax, data = Boston)
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                     Max
## -12.513 -2.738 -0.194 1.065 77.696
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -8.528369
                          0.815809 -10.45 <2e-16 ***
## tax
                          0.001847
                                   16.10 <2e-16 ***
               0.029742
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 6.997 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3396, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3383
## F-statistic: 259.2 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ ptratio, data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ ptratio, data = Boston)
```

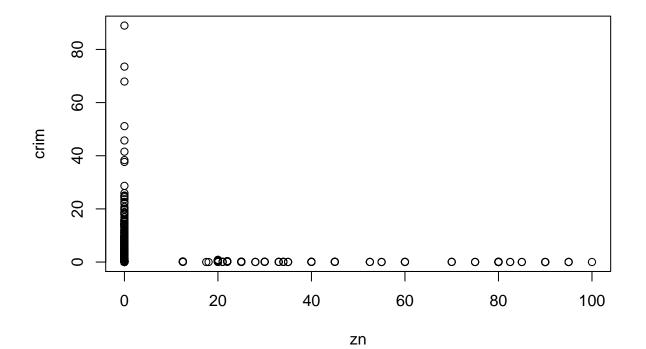
##

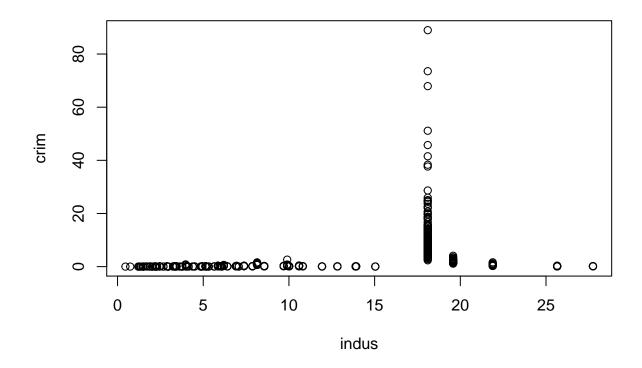
```
## Residuals:
##
     Min
             1Q Median
                           30
                                 Max
## -7.654 -3.985 -1.912 1.825 83.353
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                        3.1473 -5.607 3.40e-08 ***
## (Intercept) -17.6469
                                  6.801 2.94e-11 ***
## ptratio
                1.1520
                           0.1694
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 8.24 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.08407,
                                  Adjusted R-squared: 0.08225
## F-statistic: 46.26 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: 2.943e-11
summary(lm(crim ~ black, data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ black, data = Boston)
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               30
                                      Max
## -13.756 -2.299 -2.095 -1.296 86.822
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 16.553529
                         1.425903 11.609
                          0.003873 -9.367
## black
              -0.036280
                                             <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 7.946 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1483, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1466
## F-statistic: 87.74 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ lstat, data = Boston))
##
## lm(formula = crim ~ lstat, data = Boston)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -13.925 -2.822 -0.664 1.079 82.862
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -3.33054
                          0.69376 -4.801 2.09e-06 ***
## lstat
              0.54880
                          0.04776 11.491 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 7.664 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2076, Adjusted R-squared: 0.206
```

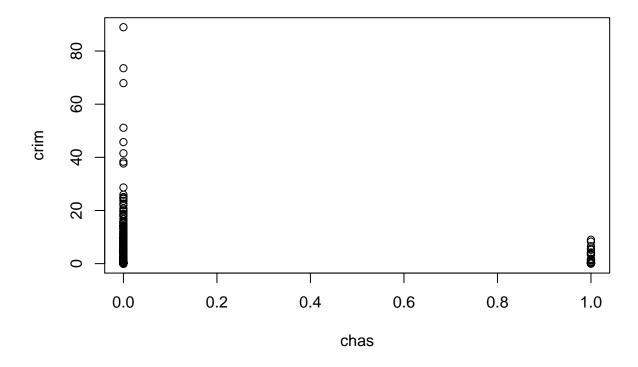
```
132 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ medv, data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ medv, data = Boston)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                            3Q
                                  Max
## -9.071 -4.022 -2.343 1.298 80.957
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 11.79654
                           0.93419
                                      12.63
                                              <2e-16 ***
## medv
               -0.36316
                           0.03839
                                      -9.46
                                              <2e-16 ***
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 7.934 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1508, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1491
## F-statistic: 89.49 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
Each predictor and the response has a significant relationship except "chas". However, each predictor can
```

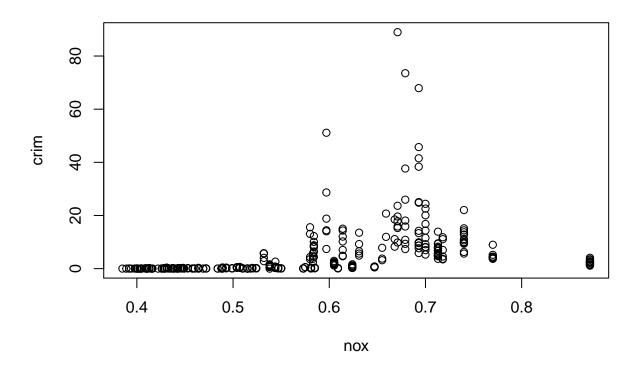
only describ a small amount of the variation in the response

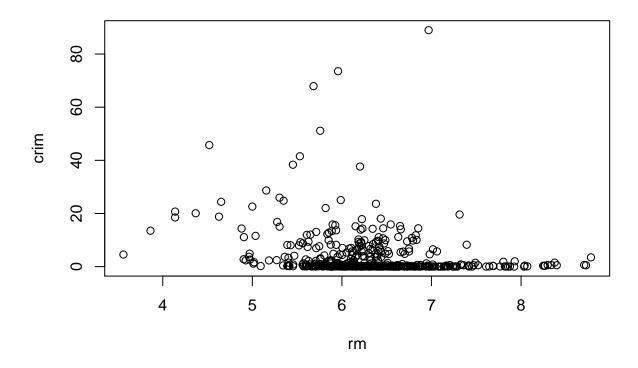
```
plot(crim ~ . - crim, data = Boston)
```

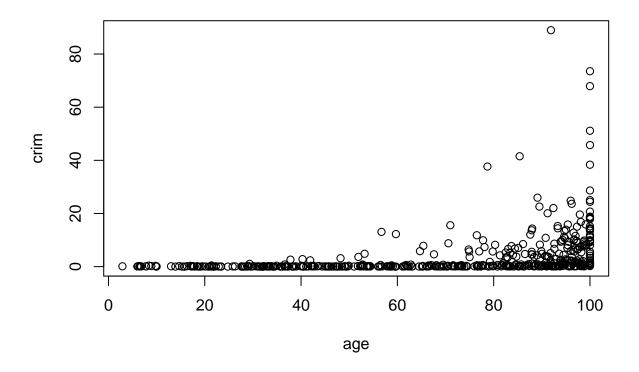


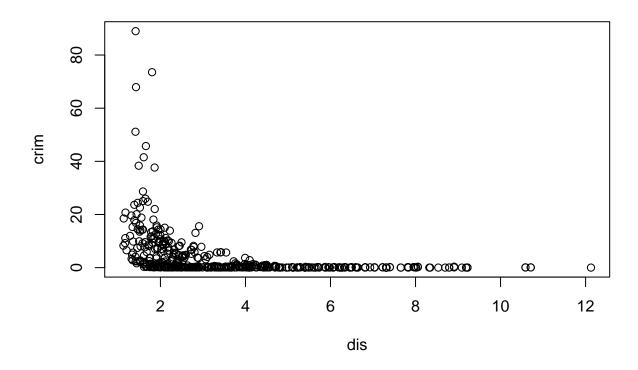


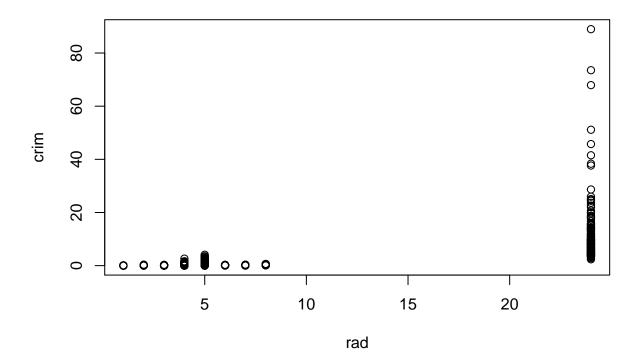


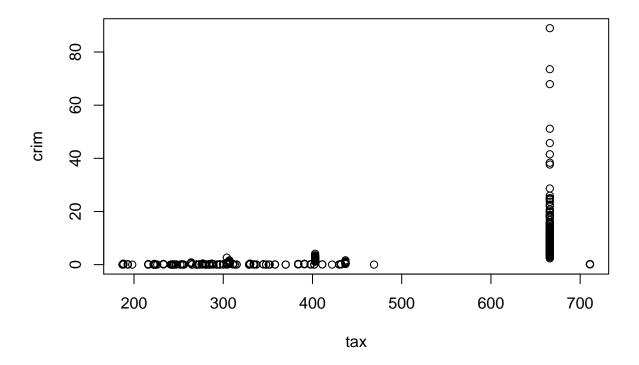


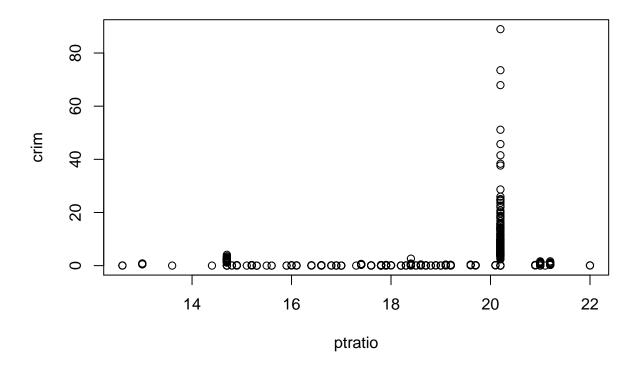


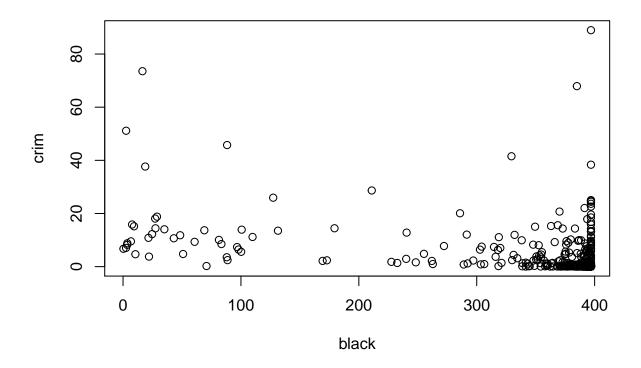


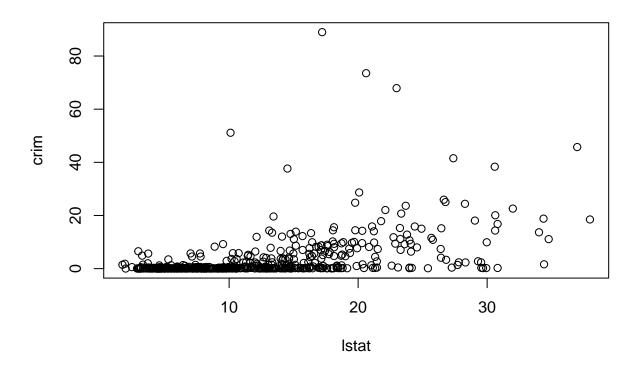


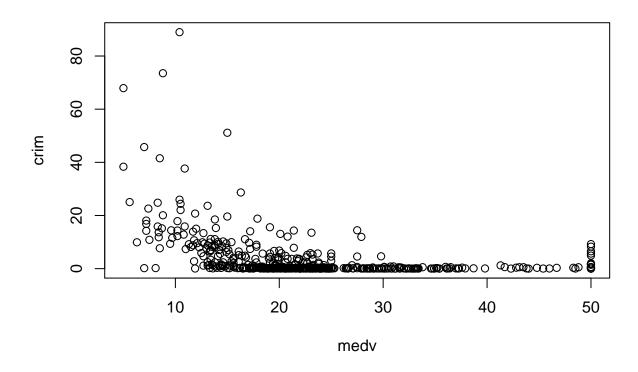










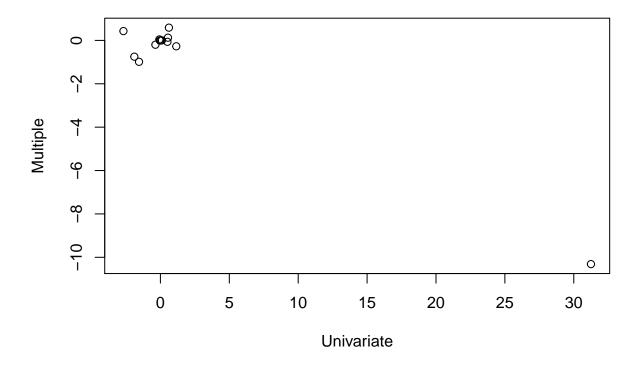


```
(b)
summary(lm(crim ~ . - crim, data = Boston))
##
## lm(formula = crim ~ . - crim, data = Boston)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
              1Q Median
                             3Q
                                   Max
## -9.924 -2.120 -0.353 1.019 75.051
##
##
   Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                17.033228
                             7.234903
                                        2.354 0.018949 *
## (Intercept)
## zn
                 0.044855
                             0.018734
                                        2.394 0.017025 *
## indus
                -0.063855
                             0.083407
                                        -0.766 0.444294
## chas
                -0.749134
                             1.180147
                                        -0.635 0.525867
               -10.313535
                             5.275536
                                        -1.955 0.051152 .
## nox
                                        0.702 0.483089
## rm
                 0.430131
                             0.612830
                                        0.081 0.935488
## age
                 0.001452
                             0.017925
## dis
                -0.987176
                             0.281817
                                        -3.503 0.000502 ***
## rad
                 0.588209
                             0.088049
                                        6.680 6.46e-11 ***
                -0.003780
                             0.005156
                                        -0.733 0.463793
## tax
## ptratio
                -0.271081
                             0.186450
                                        -1.454 0.146611
## black
                -0.007538
                             0.003673
                                        -2.052 0.040702 *
## lstat
                 0.126211
                             0.075725
                                        1.667 0.096208 .
```

Only a small number of variables are found to be statistically significant. We can reject the null hypothesis for variables: dis and rad at the .001 level, medv at the .01 level, and zn and black at the .05 level.

```
(c)
x_axis <- NULL
for (i in 2:14){
    x_axis[i-1] <- lm(crim ~ Boston[,i], data = Boston)$coefficients[2]
}
y_axis <- lm(crim ~ . - crim, data = Boston)$coefficients[2:14]
plot(y_axis ~ x_axis, main = "Univariate vs. Multiple Regression Coefficients",
    xlab = "Univariate", ylab = "Multiple")</pre>
```

Univariate vs. Multiple Regression Coefficients



```
(d)
summary(lm(crim ~ zn + I(zn^2) + I(zn^3), data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ zn + I(zn^2) + I(zn^3), data = Boston)
##
```

```
## Residuals:
     Min
             1Q Median
                           30
## -4.821 -4.614 -1.294 0.473 84.130
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 4.846e+00 4.330e-01 11.192 < 2e-16 ***
              -3.322e-01 1.098e-01 -3.025 0.00261 **
## zn
## I(zn^2)
               6.483e-03 3.861e-03
                                     1.679 0.09375 .
## I(zn^3)
              -3.776e-05 3.139e-05 -1.203 0.22954
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 8.372 on 502 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.05824,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.05261
## F-statistic: 10.35 on 3 and 502 DF, p-value: 1.281e-06
summary(lm(crim ~ indus + I(indus^2) + I(indus^3), data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ indus + I(indus^2) + I(indus^3), data = Boston)
## Residuals:
     Min
             1Q Median
                           3Q
## -8.278 -2.514 0.054 0.764 79.713
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 3.6625683 1.5739833
                                     2.327
                                              0.0204 *
              -1.9652129   0.4819901   -4.077   5.30e-05 ***
## indus
## I(indus^2)
              0.2519373 0.0393221
                                      6.407 3.42e-10 ***
## I(indus^3) -0.0069760 0.0009567 -7.292 1.20e-12 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 7.423 on 502 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2597, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2552
## F-statistic: 58.69 on 3 and 502 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ chas + I(chas^2) + I(chas^3), data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ chas + I(chas^2) + I(chas^3), data = Boston)
## Residuals:
     Min
             1Q Median
                           3Q
## -3.738 -3.661 -3.435 0.018 85.232
## Coefficients: (2 not defined because of singularities)
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                3.7444
                           0.3961
                                    9.453
## (Intercept)
                                            <2e-16 ***
## chas
               -1.8928
                           1.5061 -1.257
                                             0.209
## I(chas^2)
                    NA
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
```

```
## I(chas^3)
                    NA
                               NA
                                                NA
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 8.597 on 504 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.003124, Adjusted R-squared: 0.001146
## F-statistic: 1.579 on 1 and 504 DF, p-value: 0.2094
summary(lm(crim \sim nox + I(nox^2) + I(nox^3), data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ nox + I(nox^2) + I(nox^3), data = Boston)
## Residuals:
##
     Min
             1Q Median
                           3Q
## -9.110 -2.068 -0.255 0.739 78.302
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                233.09
                           33.64
                                   6.928 1.31e-11 ***
                           170.40 -7.508 2.76e-13 ***
## nox
              -1279.37
## I(nox^2)
               2248.54
                           279.90
                                   8.033 6.81e-15 ***
## I(nox^3)
              -1245.70
                           149.28 -8.345 6.96e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 7.234 on 502 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.297, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2928
## F-statistic: 70.69 on 3 and 502 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim \sim rm + I(rm^2) + I(rm^3), data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim \sim rm + I(rm^2) + I(rm^3), data = Boston)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               ЗQ
                                      Max
## -18.485 -3.468 -2.221 -0.015 87.219
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 112.6246
                          64.5172
                                   1.746
                                            0.0815 .
## rm
                          31.3115 -1.250
                                            0.2118
              -39.1501
## I(rm^2)
               4.5509
                          5.0099
                                   0.908
                                            0.3641
                           0.2637 -0.662 0.5086
               -0.1745
## I(rm^3)
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 8.33 on 502 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.06779,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.06222
## F-statistic: 12.17 on 3 and 502 DF, p-value: 1.067e-07
summary(lm(crim ~ age + I(age^2) + I(age^3), data = Boston))
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ age + I(age^2) + I(age^3), data = Boston)
## Residuals:
                           3Q
##
     \mathtt{Min}
             1Q Median
                                 Max
## -9.762 -2.673 -0.516 0.019 82.842
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -2.549e+00 2.769e+00 -0.920 0.35780
               2.737e-01 1.864e-01
                                      1.468 0.14266
## I(age^2)
              -7.230e-03 3.637e-03
                                     -1.988 0.04738 *
## I(age^3)
               5.745e-05 2.109e-05
                                      2.724 0.00668 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 7.84 on 502 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1742, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1693
## F-statistic: 35.31 on 3 and 502 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ dis + I(dis^2) + I(dis^3), data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ dis + I(dis^2) + I(dis^3), data = Boston)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -10.757 -2.588
                   0.031
                            1.267 76.378
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 30.0476
                           2.4459 12.285 < 2e-16 ***
## dis
              -15.5543
                           1.7360 -8.960 < 2e-16 ***
## I(dis^2)
                                   7.078 4.94e-12 ***
                2.4521
                           0.3464
## I(dis^3)
               -0.1186
                           0.0204 -5.814 1.09e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 7.331 on 502 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2778, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2735
## F-statistic: 64.37 on 3 and 502 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ rad + I(rad^2) + I(rad^3), data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ rad + I(rad^2) + I(rad^3), data = Boston)
## Residuals:
      Min
               10 Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -10.381 -0.412 -0.269
                            0.179 76.217
## Coefficients:
```

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                          2.050108 -0.295
## (Intercept) -0.605545
                                              0.768
               0.512736
                          1.043597
                                    0.491
                                              0.623
## I(rad^2)
               -0.075177
                          0.148543 -0.506
                                              0.613
## I(rad^3)
               0.003209
                          0.004564
                                     0.703
                                              0.482
##
## Residual standard error: 6.682 on 502 degrees of freedom
                        0.4, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3965
## Multiple R-squared:
## F-statistic: 111.6 on 3 and 502 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ tax + I(tax^2) + I(tax^3), data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim \sim tax + I(tax^2) + I(tax^3), data = Boston)
## Residuals:
##
               1Q Median
      Min
                               3Q
                                      Max
                    0.046
                            0.536 76.950
## -13.273 -1.389
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.918e+01 1.180e+01
                                      1.626
                                               0.105
## tax
              -1.533e-01 9.568e-02 -1.602
                                               0.110
## I(tax^2)
               3.608e-04 2.425e-04
                                      1.488
                                               0.137
              -2.204e-07 1.889e-07 -1.167
## I(tax^3)
                                               0.244
## Residual standard error: 6.854 on 502 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3689, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3651
## F-statistic: 97.8 on 3 and 502 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ ptratio + I(ptratio^2) + I(ptratio^3), data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ ptratio + I(ptratio^2) + I(ptratio^3), data = Boston)
##
## Residuals:
     Min
             1Q Median
                           3Q
## -6.833 -4.146 -1.655 1.408 82.697
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 477.18405 156.79498
                                      3.043 0.00246 **
               -82.36054
                          27.64394 -2.979 0.00303 **
## ptratio
## I(ptratio^2)
                 4.63535
                            1.60832
                                      2.882 0.00412 **
                            0.03090 -2.743 0.00630 **
## I(ptratio^3) -0.08476
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 8.122 on 502 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1138, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1085
## F-statistic: 21.48 on 3 and 502 DF, p-value: 4.171e-13
summary(lm(crim ~ black + I(black^2) + I(black^3), data = Boston))
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ black + I(black^2) + I(black^3), data = Boston)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -13.096 -2.343 -2.128 -1.439 86.790
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.826e+01 2.305e+00
                                      7.924
                                            1.5e-14 ***
              -8.356e-02 5.633e-02
                                     -1.483
                                               0.139
## black
## I(black^2)
              2.137e-04 2.984e-04
                                     0.716
                                               0.474
                                               0.544
## I(black^3) -2.652e-07 4.364e-07 -0.608
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 7.955 on 502 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1498, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1448
## F-statistic: 29.49 on 3 and 502 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ lstat + I(lstat^2) + I(lstat^3), data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ lstat + I(lstat^2) + I(lstat^3), data = Boston)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -15.234 -2.151 -0.486
                            0.066 83.353
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.2009656 2.0286452
                                     0.592
                                              0.5541
## lstat
              -0.4490656 0.4648911
                                    -0.966
                                              0.3345
## I(lstat^2)
               0.0557794 0.0301156
                                     1.852
                                              0.0646 .
## I(lstat^3) -0.0008574 0.0005652 -1.517
                                              0.1299
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 7.629 on 502 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2179, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2133
## F-statistic: 46.63 on 3 and 502 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(lm(crim ~ medv + I(medv^2) + I(medv^3), data = Boston))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = crim ~ medv + I(medv^2) + I(medv^3), data = Boston)
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -24.427 -1.976 -0.437
                            0.439 73.655
## Coefficients:
```

"chas" get NA value for the squared and cubed term because it is a dummy variable. The variables indus, nox, age, dis, ptracio, and medv show some evidence of a non-linear relationship. Some of the squared and cubed terms of each of these variables are found to be statistically significant.