

# Homework of Data Mining, CH6

Zexian Wang, Student ID 15420151152805

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## Q8

(a)

```
set.seed(1234)
n <- 100
x <- rnorm(100)
e <- rnorm(100)
```

(b)

```
X <- as.matrix(cbind(rep(1,n), x, x^2, x^3))
colnames(X) <- c("intercept", "x1", "x2", "x3")
beta <- c(1,2,3,4)
Y <- X %*% beta + e
```

(c)

```
library(leaps)
d <- 10
data <- as.data.frame(cbind(Y, poly(x,degree = d,raw = T)))
names(data) <- c('Y',paste0("X",1:d))
```

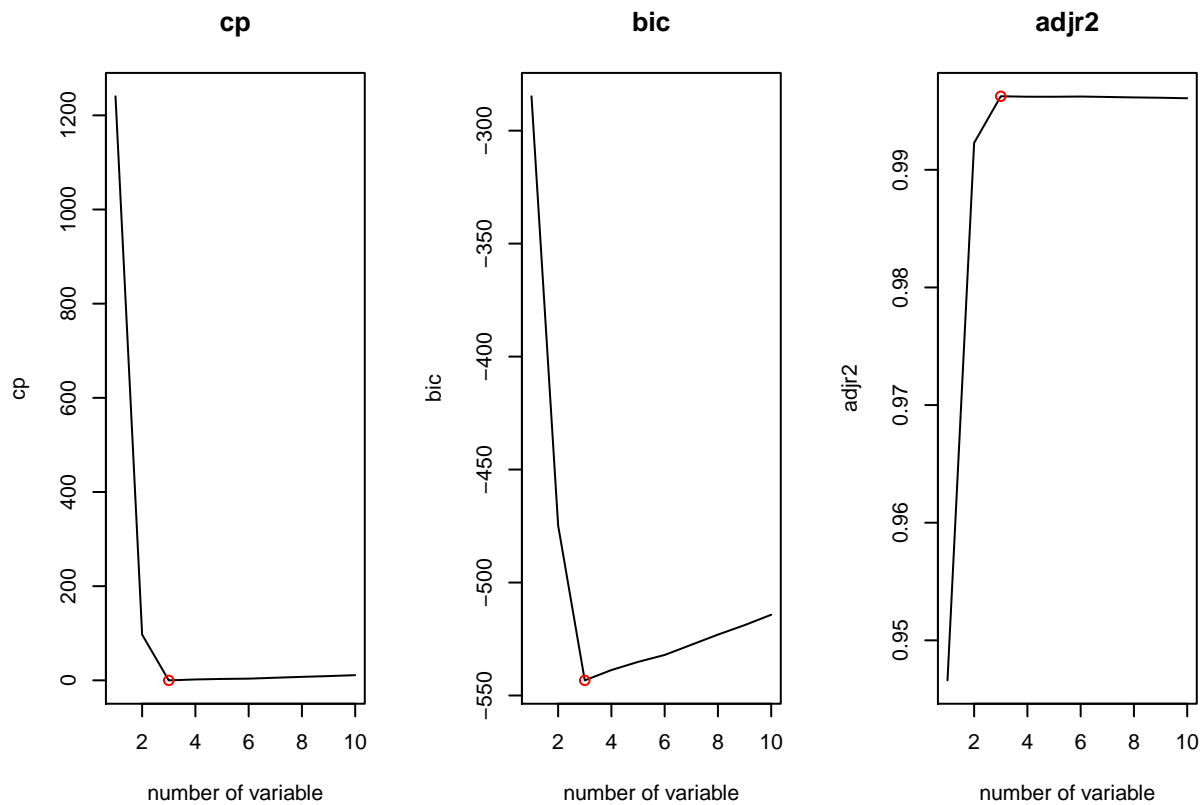
best subset

```
bestsubset <- regsubsets(Y~., data, nvmax = 10)
bestsubset_summary <- summary(bestsubset)

par(mfrow = c(1,3))
plot(bestsubset_summary$cp,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "cp", main = "cp")
whichcp <- which.min(bestsubset_summary$cp)
points(whichcp, bestsubset_summary$cp[whichcp], col = "red")

plot(bestsubset_summary$bic,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "bic", main = "bic")
whichbic <- which.min(bestsubset_summary$bic)
points(whichbic, bestsubset_summary$bic[whichbic], col = "red")

plot(bestsubset_summary$adjr2,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "adjr2", main = "adjr2")
whichadjr2 <- which.max(bestsubset_summary$adjr2)
points(whichadjr2, bestsubset_summary$adjr2[whichadjr2], col = "red")
```



```
# based on Cp
whichcp
```

```
## [1] 3
```

```
coef(bestsubset,whichcp)
```

```
## (Intercept)      X1      X2      X3
##    1.132470    1.912586    2.893627    4.032305
```

```
# based on BIC
whichbic
```

```
## [1] 3
```

```
coef(bestsubset,whichbic)
```

```
## (Intercept)      X1      X2      X3
##    1.132470    1.912586    2.893627    4.032305
```

```
# based on adjR2
whichadjr2
```

```
## [1] 3
```

```
coef(bestsubset,whichadjr2)
```

```
## (Intercept)      X1      X2      X3
##    1.132470    1.912586    2.893627    4.032305
```

(d)

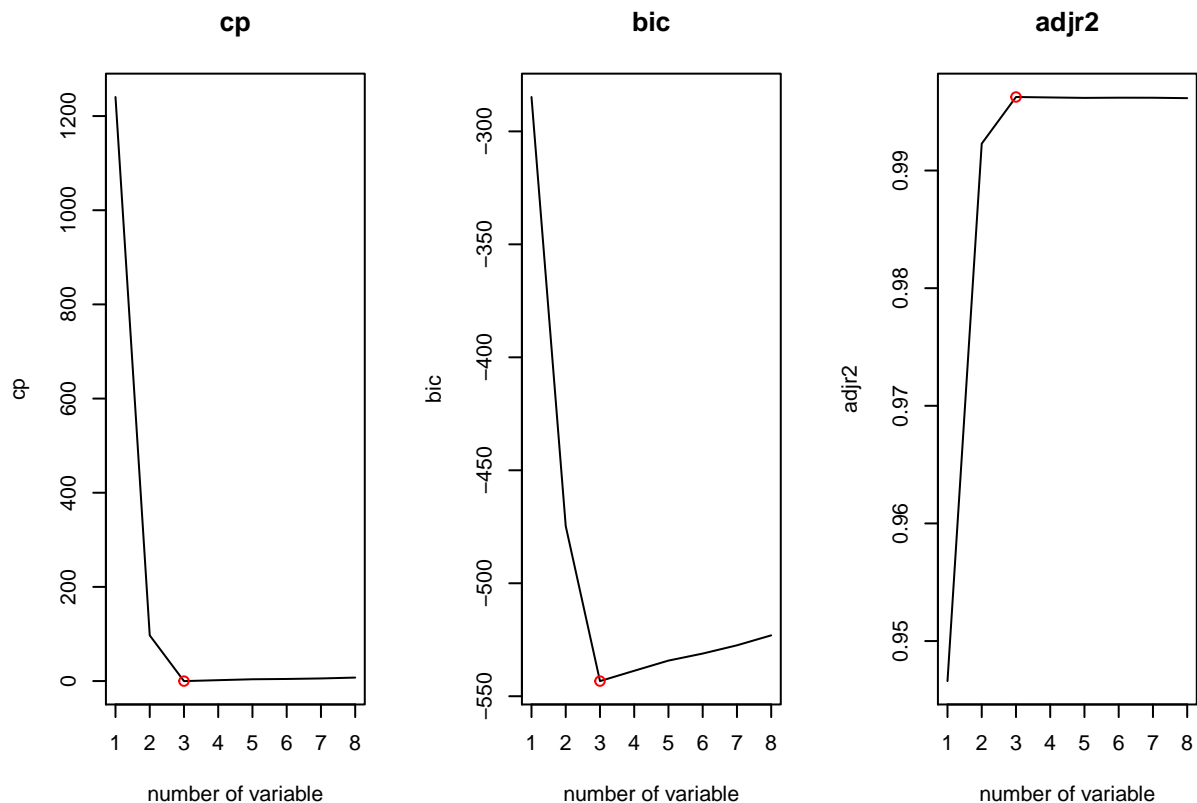
forward

```
fw <- regsubsets(Y~., data, method = "forward")
summaryfw <- summary(fw)

par(mfrow = c(1,3))
plot(summaryfw$cp,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "cp", main = "cp")
whichcp <- which.min(summaryfw$cp)
points(whichcp, summaryfw$cp[whichcp], col = "red")

plot(summaryfw$bic,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "bic", main = "bic")
whichbic <- which.min(summaryfw$bic)
points(whichbic, summaryfw$bic[whichbic], col = "red")

plot(summaryfw$adjr2,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "adjr2", main = "adjr2")
whichadjr2 <- which.max(summaryfw$adjr2)
points(whichadjr2, summaryfw$adjr2[whichadjr2], col = "red")
```



```
# based on Cp
whichcp
```

```
## [1] 3
```

```
coef(fw,whichcp)
```

```
## (Intercept)      X1      X2      X3
##    1.132470    1.912586    2.893627    4.032305
```

```

# based on BIC
whichbic

## [1] 3
coef(fw,whichbic)

## (Intercept)          X1          X2          X3
##    1.132470    1.912586    2.893627    4.032305

# based on adjR2
whichadjr2

## [1] 3
coef(fw,whichadjr2)

## (Intercept)          X1          X2          X3
##    1.132470    1.912586    2.893627    4.032305

backward

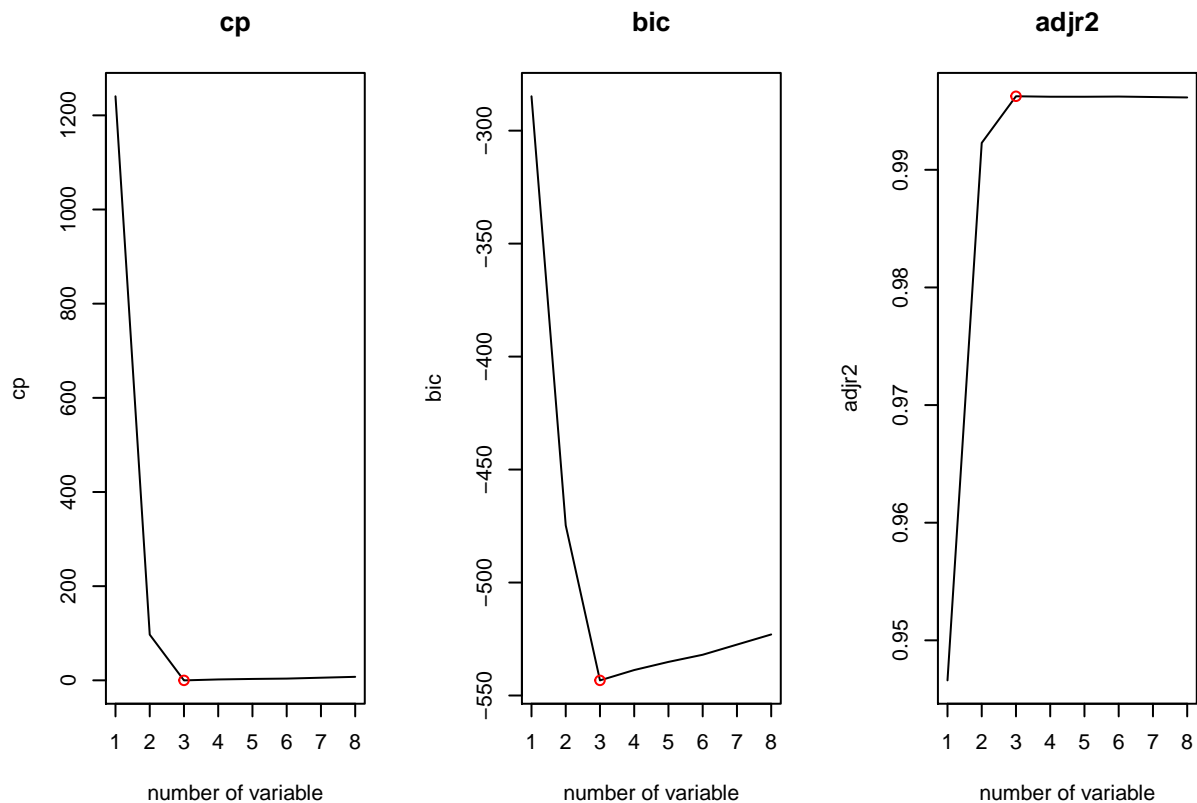
bw <- regsubsets(Y~., data, method = "backward")
summarybw <- summary(bw)

par(mfrow = c(1,3))
plot(summarybw$cp,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "cp", main = "cp")
whichcp <- which.min(summarybw$cp)
points(whichcp, summarybw$cp[whichcp], col = "red")

plot(summarybw$bic,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "bic", main = "bic")
whichbic <- which.min(summarybw$bic)
points(whichbic, summarybw$bic[whichbic], col = "red")

plot(summarybw$adjr2,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "adjr2", main = "adjr2")
whichadjr2 <- which.max(summarybw$adjr2)
points(whichadjr2, summarybw$adjr2[whichadjr2], col = "red")

```



```
# based on Cp
whichcp
```

```
## [1] 3
```

```
coef(bw,whichcp)
```

```
## (Intercept)      X1      X2      X3
##    1.132470    1.912586    2.893627    4.032305
```

```
# based on BIC
whichbic
```

```
## [1] 3
```

```
coef(bw,whichbic)
```

```
## (Intercept)      X1      X2      X3
##    1.132470    1.912586    2.893627    4.032305
```

```
# based on adjR2
whichadjr2
```

```
## [1] 3
```

```
coef(bw,whichadjr2)
```

```
## (Intercept)      X1      X2      X3
##    1.132470    1.912586    2.893627    4.032305
```

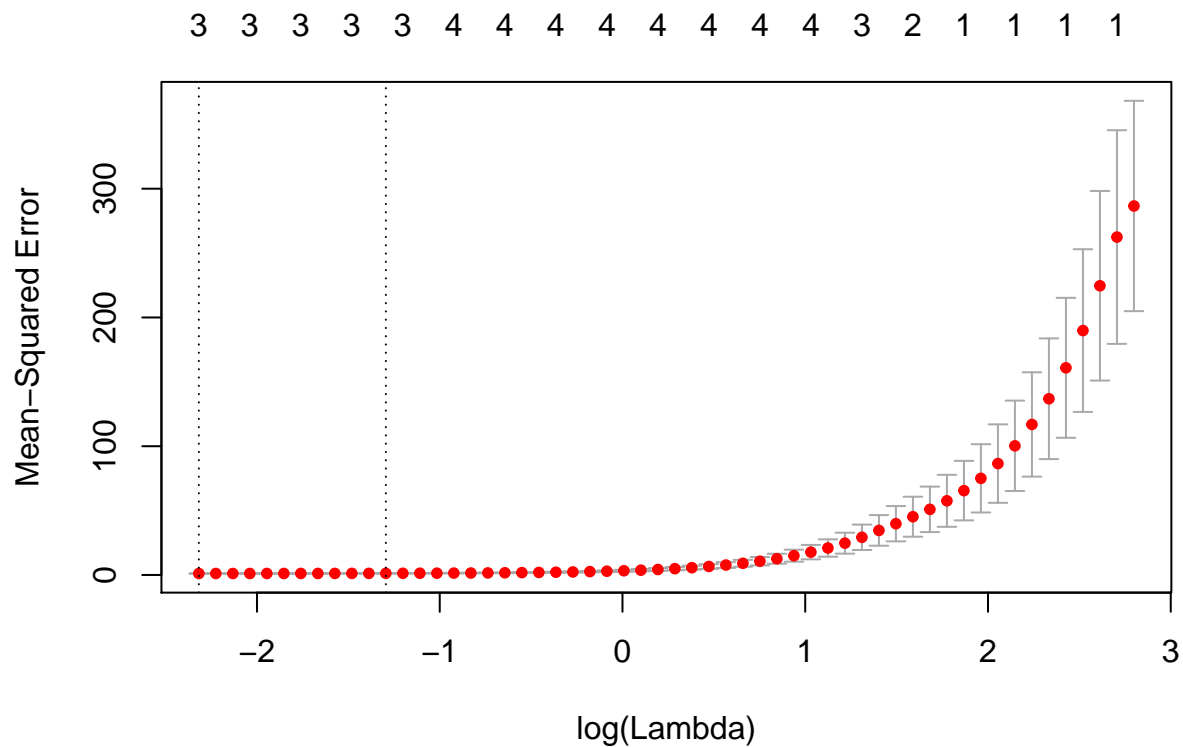
All the model choose the right model.

(e)

```
par(mfrow = c(1,1))
library(glmnet)

## Loading required package: Matrix
## Loading required package: foreach
## Loaded glmnet 2.0-5

modelx <- model.matrix(Y~., data)[-1]
modely <- data$Y
modellasso <- cv.glmnet(modelx, modely, alpha = 1)
plot(modellasso)
```



```
coef(modellasso)

## 11 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
##              1
## (Intercept) 1.275528
## X1          1.730667
## X2          2.727971
## X3          4.015361
## X4          .
## X5          .
## X6          .
## X7          .
## X8          .
```

```
## X9      .
## X10     .
```

Lasso model also choose the right variables.

(f)

```
beta7 <- 5
Y = rep(beta[1],n) + beta7*x^7 + e
data$Y <- Y
```

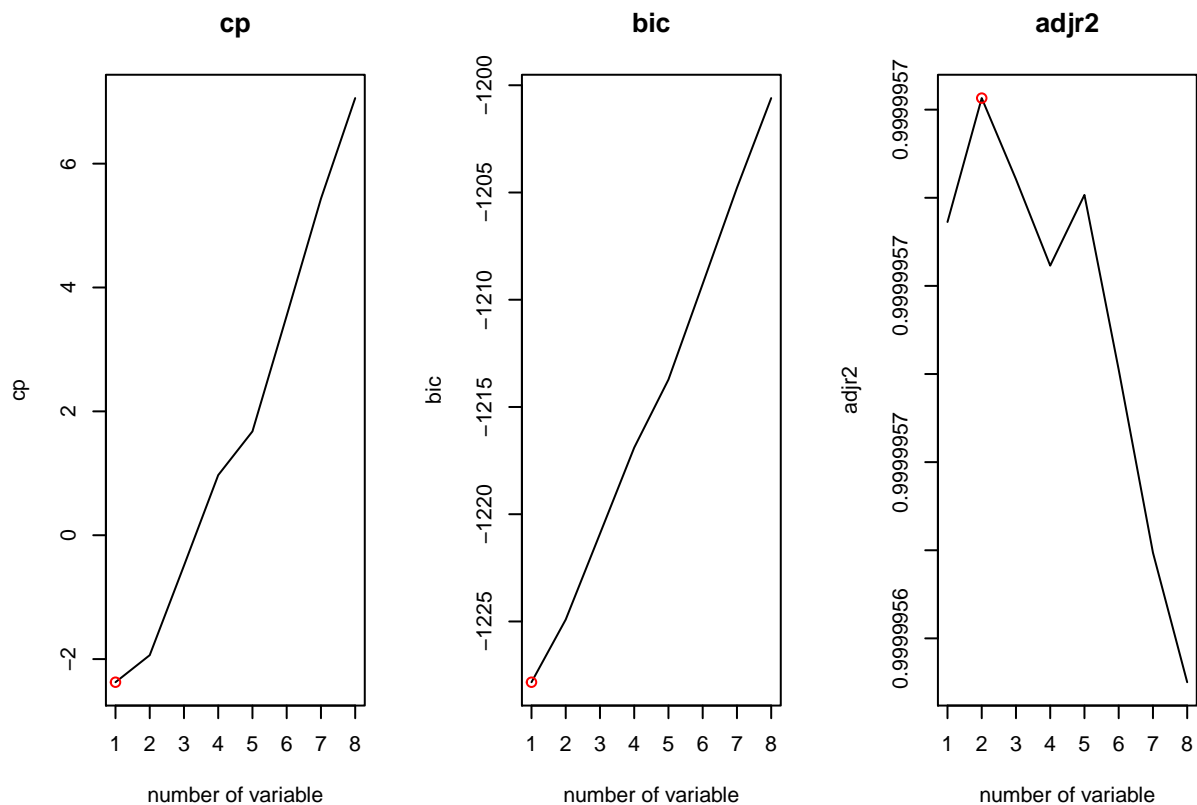
best subset

```
bestsubset <- regsubsets(Y~., data)
bestsubset_summary <- summary(bestsubset)

par(mfrow = c(1,3))
plot(bestsubset_summary$cp,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "cp", main = "cp")
whichcp <- which.min(bestsubset_summary$cp)
points(whichcp, bestsubset_summary$cp[whichcp], col = "red")

plot(bestsubset_summary$bic,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "bic", main = "bic")
whichbic <- which.min(bestsubset_summary$bic)
points(whichbic, bestsubset_summary$bic[whichbic], col = "red")

plot(bestsubset_summary$adjr2,type = "l",xlab = "number of variable", ylab = "adjr2", main = "adjr2")
whichadjr2 <- which.max(bestsubset_summary$adjr2)
points(whichadjr2, bestsubset_summary$adjr2[whichadjr2], col = "red")
```



```

# based on Cp
whichcp

## [1] 1
coef(bestsubset,whichcp)

## (Intercept)          X7
##    1.042105    4.999908

# based on BIC
whichbic

## [1] 1
coef(bestsubset,whichbic)

## (Intercept)          X7
##    1.042105    4.999908

# based on adjR2
whichadjr2

## [1] 2
coef(bestsubset,whichadjr2)

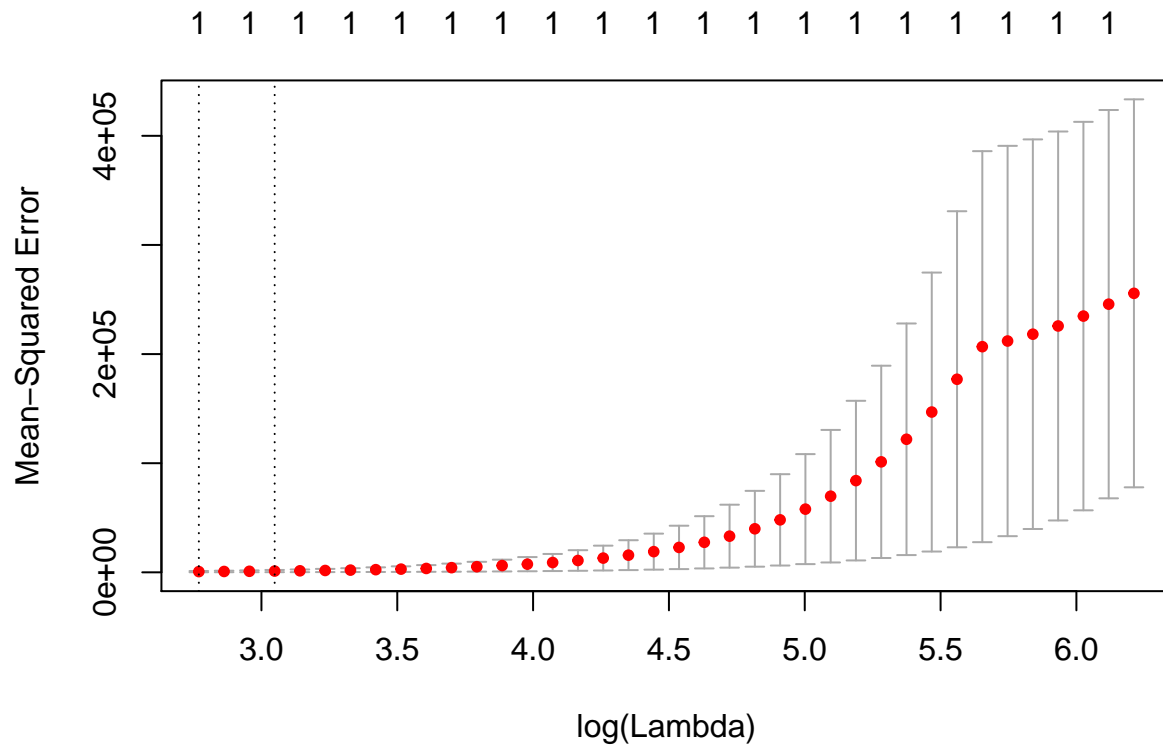
## (Intercept)          X2          X7
##    1.1471879   -0.1074417    5.0004274

lasso

par(mfrow = c(1,1))
library(glmnet)
modelx <- model.matrix(Y~., data)[-1]
modely <- data$Y
modellasso <- cv.glmnet(modelx, modely, alpha = 1)
plot(modellasso)

```





```
coef(modellasso)
```

```
## 11 x 1 sparse Matrix of class "dgCMatrix"
##              1
## (Intercept) 3.022355
## X1          .
## X2          .
## X3          .
## X4          .
## X5          .
## X6          .
## X7          4.788450
## X8          .
## X9          .
## X10         .
```

Only the best subset selection with adjR2 choose the wrong variable X2

## Q9

(a)

```
library(ISLR)
n = nrow(College)
set.seed(1)
College <- College[,c("Apps",names(College)[-2])]
```

```
trainindex <- sample(n, n/3*2,replace = F)
train <- College[trainindex,]
test <- College[-trainindex,]
```

(b)

LS

```
modellm <- lm(Apps~.,train)
mean((predict(modellm,newdata = test[,,-1])-test$Apps)^2)

## [1] 925316.1
```

(c)

Ridge

```
library(glmnet)
trainx <- model.matrix(Apps~., train)[,-1]
testx <- model.matrix(Apps~.,test)[,-1]
trainy <- train$Apps
modelridge <- cv.glmnet(trainx, trainy, alpha = 0)
mean((predict(modelridge,newx = testx)-test$Apps)^2)

## [1] 1260720
```

(d)

Lasso

```
trainx <- model.matrix(Apps~., train)[,-1]
testx <- model.matrix(Apps~.,test)[,-1]
trainy <- train$Apps
modellasso <- cv.glmnet(trainx, trainy, alpha = 1)
mean((predict(modellasso,newx = testx)-test$Apps)^2)

## [1] 1298099
sum(coef(modellasso)!=0)

## [1] 3
```

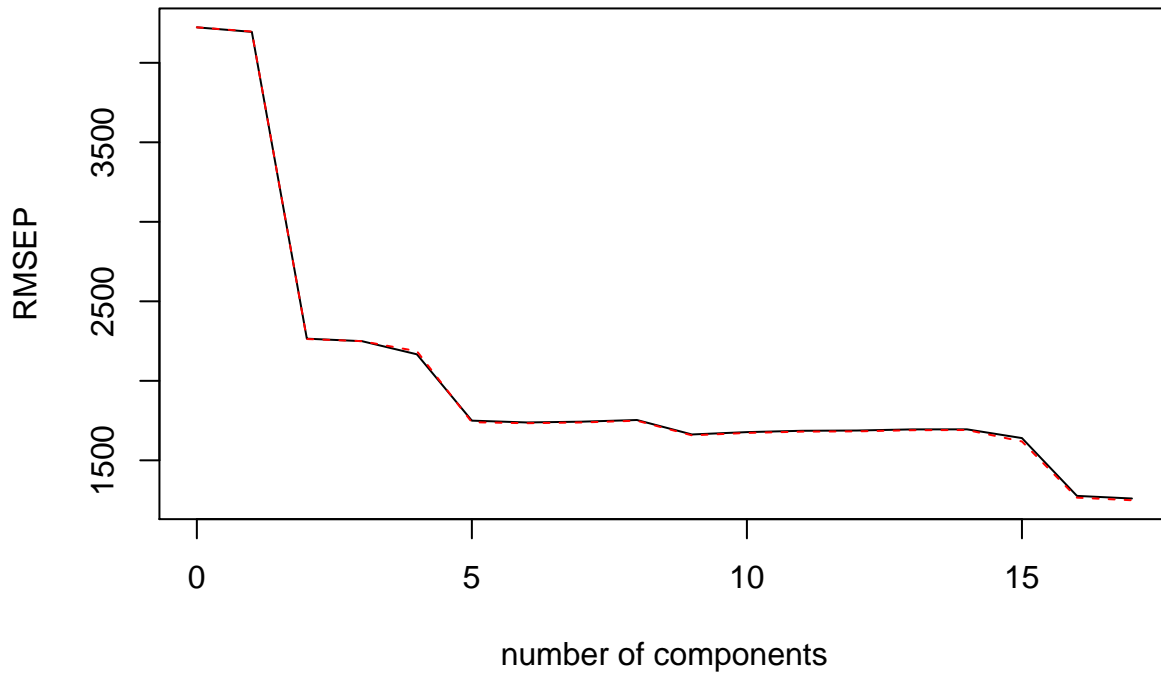
(e)

PCR

```
library(pls)

##
## Attaching package: 'pls'
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##      loadings
set.seed(1)
pcr.fit <- pcr(Apps~., data=train, scale = T, validation = "CV")
validationplot(pcr.fit)
```

## Apps



```
summary(pcr.fit)
```

```
## Data:      X dimension: 518 17
## Y dimension: 518 1
## Fit method: svdpc
## Number of components considered: 17
##
## VALIDATION: RMSEP
## Cross-validated using 10 random segments.
##      (Intercept)  1 comps  2 comps  3 comps  4 comps  5 comps  6 comps
## CV           4223    4195    2265    2249    2167    1750    1738
## adjCV        4223    4196    2263    2249    2187    1740    1733
##      7 comps  8 comps  9 comps 10 comps 11 comps 12 comps 13 comps
## CV           1743    1754    1663    1677    1686    1688    1695
## adjCV        1738    1749    1657    1672    1680    1682    1689
##      14 comps 15 comps 16 comps 17 comps
## CV           1695    1640    1276    1260
## adjCV        1691    1619    1265    1249
##
## TRAINING: % variance explained
##      1 comps  2 comps  3 comps  4 comps  5 comps  6 comps  7 comps
## X          30.930   57.85   64.82   70.64   76.17   81.10   84.63
## Apps       2.145   71.92   72.40   74.19   83.98   84.09   84.17
##      8 comps  9 comps 10 comps 11 comps 12 comps 13 comps 14 comps
## X          87.99   90.77   93.06   95.10   96.79   97.93   98.74
## Apps       84.17   85.79   85.87   85.88   85.88   85.90   86.08
```

```
##      15 comps  16 comps  17 comps
## X      99.38    99.85    100.00
## Apps   91.01    93.30    93.55
```

The best M is 17.

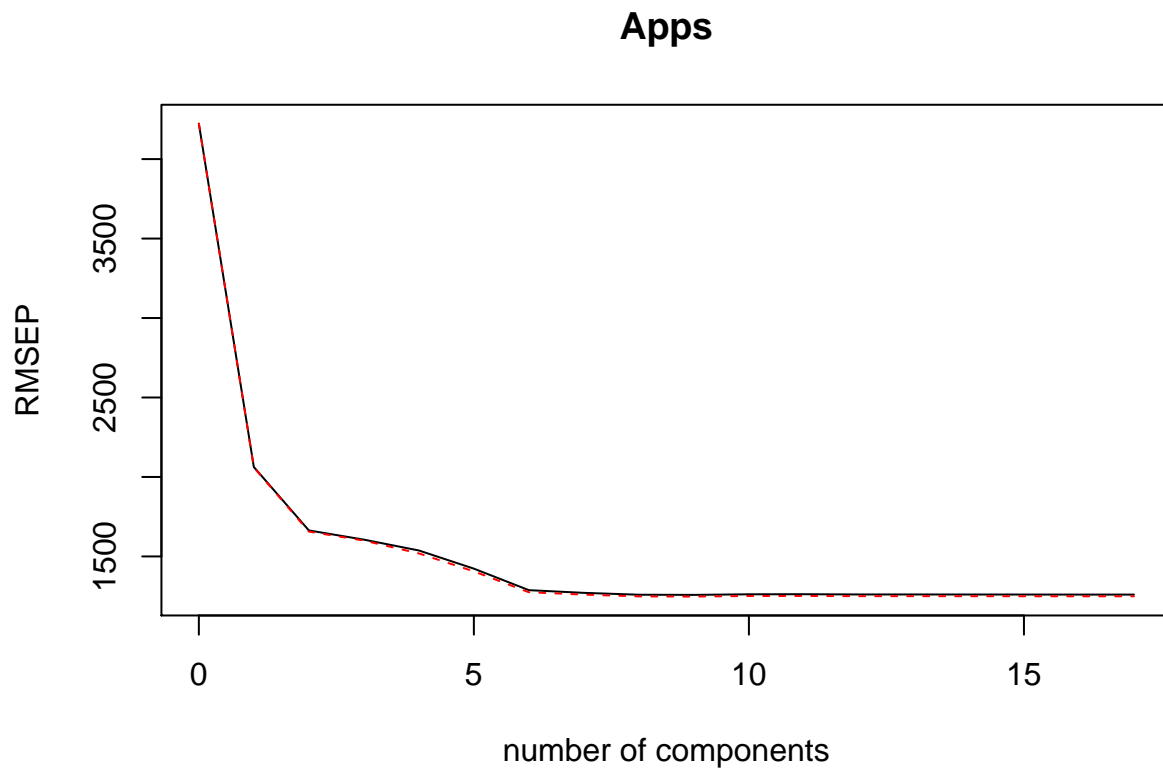
```
predictpcr <- predict(pcr.fit, test[,-1], ncomp = 17)
mean((predictpcr - test$Apps)^2)
```

```
## [1] 925316.1
```

(f)

PLS

```
set.seed(1)
pls.fit <- plsr(Apps~., data = train, scale = T, validation = "CV")
validationplot(pls.fit)
```



```
summary(pls.fit)
```

```
## Data:      X dimension: 518 17
## Y dimension: 518 1
## Fit method: kernelppls
## Number of components considered: 17
##
## VALIDATION: RMSEP
## Cross-validated using 10 random segments.
##      (Intercept)  1 comps  2 comps  3 comps  4 comps  5 comps  6 comps
```

```
## CV          4223      2063      1664      1606      1537      1423      1288
## adjCV       4223      2060      1656      1600      1519      1406      1275
##           7 comps  8 comps  9 comps 10 comps 11 comps 12 comps 13 comps
## CV          1271      1259      1258      1262      1262      1261      1261
## adjCV       1260      1248      1247      1251      1251      1250      1250
##           14 comps 15 comps 16 comps 17 comps
## CV          1260      1260      1260      1260
## adjCV       1249      1249      1249      1249
##
## TRAINING: % variance explained
##           1 comps  2 comps  3 comps  4 comps  5 comps  6 comps  7 comps
## X          26.92   36.26   63.09   65.86   70.29   73.79   78.38
## Apps       77.16   86.34   87.72   91.18   92.67   93.37   93.41
##           8 comps  9 comps 10 comps 11 comps 12 comps 13 comps 14 comps
## X          80.76   83.65   86.95   89.54   91.09   92.23   94.41
## Apps       93.47   93.51   93.52   93.54   93.55   93.55   93.55
##           15 comps 16 comps 17 comps
## X          96.77   98.31  100.00
## Apps       93.55   93.55   93.55
```

The best M is 9.

```
predictpls <- predict(pls.fit, test[,-1], ncomp = 9)
mean((predictpls - test$Apps)^2)
```

```
## [1] 931713.9
```

(g)

The MSE of these models are: LS

LS:925316.1

Ridge:1260720

Lasso:1298099

PCR:925316.1

PLS:931713.9

The best model is PCR with 17 compents and Least Square. The worst model is Lasso. However, there are not very obvious difference between these MSEs.