**Neel Mitra** 



# Coursera Car Accident Severity by Factors in Seattle

**September 2020** 

## **Description of Problem and Data**

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The goal is to try to reduce both the number and severity of car collisions in Seattle. We are given a dataset and try
to both qualitatively and quantitatively highlight the drivers of number and severity of car collisions as to help drivers
avoid catastrophic situatins.

#### **Description of Data**

- The issue we are trying to solve is taking the dependent variables
  - A) car accidents in Seattle and
  - B) the severity (severity code: 0-5 although 1&2 are only in this dataset) of such accidents with a higher number indicating a more serious accident
- Numerous categorical vehicles are provided that seem to be relevant independent variables.
  - A) road conditions
  - B) light conditions
  - C) weather
  - D) collision type
- Location is provided to target popular intersections.

### Introduction

#### **Introduction**

- The goal is to try to reduce both the number and severity of car collisions in Seattle. We are given a dataset and try to both qualitatively and quantitatively highlight the drivers of number and severity of car collisions as to help drivers avoid catastrophic situations.
- This dataset can be used by a wide array of constituents. Individual citizens who are trying to be careful, public planning officials, and first responders.

#### **Description of Data (repeated)**

- The issue we are trying to solve is taking the dependent variables
  - A) car accidents in Seattle and
  - B) the severity (severity code: 0-5 although 1&2 are only in this dataset) of such accidents with a higher number indicating a more serious accident
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  - A) road conditions
  - B) light conditions
  - C) weather
  - D) collision type
- Location is provided to target popular intersections.

## Data and Methodology

#### **Data**

- We are provided a CSV file which needs to be cleansed. There are too many columns. I used **pandas** to load the csv file as a dataframe.
- After looking at the data, there are simply too many columns. I reduced the table to the dependent variable (accident severity) and a couple of independent variables.

	SEVERITYCODE	WEATHER	LIGHTCOND	ROADCOND	COLLISIONTYPE
0	2	Overcast	Daylight	Wet	Angles
1	1	Raining	Dark - Street Lights On	Wet	Sideswipe
2	1	Overcast	Daylight	Dry	Parked Car
3	1	Clear	Daylight	Dry	Other
4	2	Raining	Daylight	Wet	Angles

## Severity Code: Dependent Variable

- Severity code is skewed to LESS negative outcomes.
- I balanced data for machine learning purposes; not needed for this exercise, using SKLEARN.

## Independent Variables: Value Counts

```
M df['ROADCOND'].value_counts()
 n [11]:
    Out[11]: Dry
                                  124510
                                   47474
              Wet
              Unknown
                                   15078
              Ice
                                    1209
              Snow/Slush
                                    1004
              0ther
                                     132
              Standing Water
                                     115
              Sand/Mud/Dirt
                                      75
              Oil
                                      64
              Name: ROADCOND, dtype: int64
            df['WEATHER'].value_counts()
In [13]:
   Out[13]: Clear
                                         111135
             Raining
                                          33145
             Overcast
                                          27714
             Unknown
                                          15091
                                            907
             Snowing
             Other
                                            832
             Fog/Smog/Smoke
                                            569
             Sleet/Hail/Freezing Rain
                                            113
             Blowing Sand/Dirt
                                             56
             Severe Crosswind
                                             25
                                              5
             Partly Cloudy
             Name: WEATHER, dtype: int64
           M df['LIGHTCOND'].value counts()
    Out[12]: Daylight
                                          116137
              Dark - Street Lights On
                                           48507
              Unknown
                                           13473
              Dusk
                                            5902
              Dawn
                                            2502
              Dark - No Street Lights
                                            1537
              Dark - Street Lights Off
                                            1199
```

Other

Dark - Unknown Lighting

Name: LIGHTCOND, dtype: int64

 The first 3 independent variables did not equate to telling a story of being in an accident.

Accidents happened most when it was:

- Dry
- Clear

235

11

Daylight

## The Telling Independent Variable and Conclusions

```
df['COLLISIONTYPE'].value_counts()
In [17]:
   Out[17]: Parked Car
                            47987
             Angles
                            34674
             Rear Ended
                            34090
             Other
                            23703
             Sideswipe
                            18609
             Left Turn
                            13703
             Pedestrian
                             6608
             Cycles
                             5415
             Right Turn
                             2956
             Head On
                             2024
             Name: COLLISIONTYPE, dtype: int64
```

- The collision type explains the dependent variable.
  - The most accidents occurred with parked cars.
  - This explains why the majority of the data involved less severe accidents.
  - It also explains why other variables that normally contribute to accidents didn't contribute.

Accidents with parked cars are minor and are usually out of carelessness rather than a major contributing factor.