

Bayes Filtering

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1 Introduction

2 Sources

- <https://medium.com/@vikramsetty169/the-bayes-filter-71f8b61afc1c>
- https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~16831-f14/notes/F14/16831_lecture02_prayana_tdecker_humphreh.pdf

3 Derivation of Update Rule

As shown in Fig 1, we assume a Hidden Markov Model for the problem.

Let the action be u_i , the hidden state be x_i , and the observation as z . Define a belief as

$$B(X_t) = \Pr(X_t | Z_1 \dots Z_t, U_1 \dots U_t)$$

In English, this is the probability of a particular hidden state given a set of observations and actions.

Use Bayes Rule

$$\begin{aligned} & \Pr(X_t | Z_1 \dots Z_t, U_1 \dots U_t) \cdot \Pr(Z_t | Z_1 \dots Z_{t-1}, U_1 \dots U_t) \\ &= \Pr(Z_t | X_t, Z_1 \dots Z_{t-1}, U_1 \dots U_t) \cdot \Pr(X_t | Z_1 \dots Z_{t-1}, U_1 \dots U_t) \end{aligned}$$

This is easier to see if we hide the remaining variables with $\dots := Z_1 \dots Z_{t-1}, U_1 \dots U_t$.

$$\begin{aligned} & \Pr(X_t | Z_t, \dots) \cdot \Pr(Z_t | \dots) \\ &= \Pr(Z_t | X_t, \dots) \cdot \Pr(X_t | \dots) \quad \Pr(X_t | Z_t, \dots) = B(X_t) \end{aligned}$$

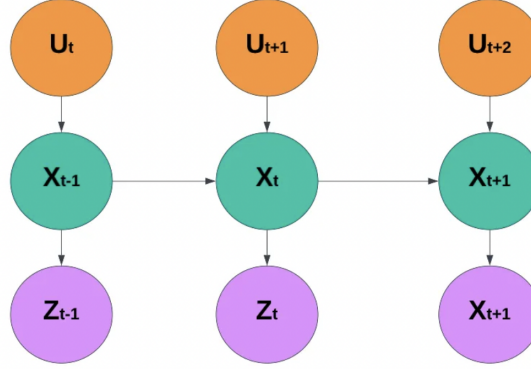


Figure 1: Setup of Problem, from <https://medium.com/@vikramsetty169/the-bayes-filter-71f8b61afc1c>

So then, the belief is:

$$B(X_t) = \frac{Z_t | X_t, \dots) \cdot \Pr(X_t | \dots)}{\Pr(Z_t | \dots)}$$

We can use the Markov assumption that Z_t is independent of $Z_1 \dots Z_{t-1}, U_1 \dots U_t$ (i.e. observations are independent of past observations and actions). so $\frac{1}{\Pr(Z_t | Z_1 \dots Z_{t-1}, U_1 \dots U_t)} = \eta$ is constant.

Then,

$$B(X_t) = \eta \Pr(Z_t | X_t) \cdot \Pr(X_t | \dots)$$

From the law of total probability,

$$\Pr(A|C) = \sum_B (\Pr(A|B, C) \Pr(B|C))$$

or for continuous distributions:

$$\Pr(A|C) = \int (\Pr(A|B, C) \Pr(B|C)) dB$$

So we can expand $B(X_t)$ to:

$$B(X_t) = \eta \Pr(Z_t | X_t) \cdot \int \Pr(X_t | X_{t-1}, \dots) \Pr(X_{t-1} | \dots) dX_{t-1}$$

Recall that $\dots := Z_1 \dots Z_{t-1}, U_1 \dots U_t$. By the Markov assumption, X_{t-1} does not depend on U_t and X_t only depends on U_t and X_{t-1} .

$$B(X_t) = \eta \Pr(Z_t|X_t) \cdot \int \Pr(X_t|X_{t-1}, U_t) \Pr(X_{t-1}|(Z_1 \dots Z_{t-1}, U_1 \dots U_{t-1})) dX_{t-1}$$

Finally, using the definition of the belief for $B(X_{t-1})$:

$$B(X_t) = \eta \Pr(Z_t|X_t) \cdot \int \Pr(X_t|X_{t-1}, U_t) B(X_{t-1}) dX_{t-1} \quad \square$$

This is the Bayes filter.