# Imports & private packages

```
[ ] Ь 8 cells hidden
```

## Training routine

```
1 def epoch(net, train_loader, loss_func, optimizer, batch_size, seq_len, measurement='G'
       epoch_losses = np.zeros([len(train_loader), ])
 3
       correct = 0
 4
      incorrect = 0
 5
      for i, d in enumerate(train_loader):
 6
 7
           # Scale inputs and get predictions
 8
           inp = d[:, :, :-1] #.squeeze(1)
 9
           inp[:, :, 0] /= 1000
10
           # Add random noise to heat capacity values to simulate real measurements
11
           d[:, :, 1] += torch.normal(mean=0, std=1.25, size=(d.shape[0], d.shape[1], ))
12
13
           predictions = net(inp.float().to(device))
14
15
           # Each batch consists of measurement batches, where seq_len measurements are pu
16
           # measurement batch, every measurement has the same label as it needs to be fro
17
18
           # This leads to a target array where the target class is contained for each mea
19
           # batch. With this, CrossEntropyLoss would not work as the predictions are made
           # batch and CEL therefore expects only on class label per measurement batch. Th
20
           # element of the last dimension of d is considered as target (all the entries i
21
           # same anyways so it could be any entry)
22
           targets = d[:, :, -1][:, 0].long().to(device)
23
24
           correct += (predictions.argmax(dim=-1) == targets).sum().item()
25
           incorrect += len(targets) - (predictions.argmax(dim=-1) == targets).sum().item(
26
27
           # Calculate the loss
28
           loss = loss_func(predictions, targets)
29
           epoch losses[i] = loss
30
31
32
          # Backward step
33
          net.zero grad()
           loss.backward()
34
           optimizer.step()
35
36
       accuracy = correct/(correct + incorrect)
37
       return epoch_losses.mean(), accuracy
38
 1 from torch.nn.modules.activation import Softmax
 2 # Training and testing routines
```

```
3/9/22, 4:13 PM
                                          train ElementClassifier.ipynb - Colaboratory
    4 det train(net, optimizer, train_loader, test_loader, batcn_size, seq_len, measurement="
     5
           loss func = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
     6
     7
          losses = np.zeros([nr epochs, ])
     8
           accuracies = np.zeros([nr_epochs, ])
     9
          best_loss, _ = epoch(net, train_loader, loss_func, optimizer, batch_size, seq_len,
   10
   11
          best net = net
   12
   13
           for i in range(nr epochs):
               losses[i], accuracies[i] = epoch(net, train_loader, loss_func, optimizer, batch
   14
   15
               if losses[i] < best_loss:</pre>
   16
                   best_net = net
   17
                   best loss = losses[i]
   18
   19
               if i % 10 == 0:
   20
                   print('Epoch ', i)
                   print('Loss: ', losses[i])
   21
                   print('Training accuracy: ', accuracies[i])
   22
                   #test(best net, test loader)
   23
   24
           return best_net, losses, accuracies
   25
   26
   27 def test(net, test loader):
   28
          correct = 0
   29
           incorrect = 0
   30
   31
          for d in test_loader:
   32
               inp = d[:, :, :-1] \#.squeeze(1)
   33
               inp[:, :, 0] /= 1000
               predictions = net(inp.float().to(device)).squeeze()#.argmax()
   34
               targets = d[:, :, -1][:, 0].long().to(device)
   35
   36
               correct += (predictions.argmax(dim=-1) == targets).sum().item()
   37
               incorrect += len(targets) - (predictions.argmax(dim=-1) == targets).sum().item(
   38
               #print(predictions.argmax(dim=-1), targets, Softmax()(predictions).amax(dim=-1)
   39
   40
   41
           accuracy = correct/(correct + incorrect)
   42
           print('Test accuracy: ', accuracy)
   43
```

### - Run

44

### Network definition

return accuracy

```
[ ] Ь, 3 cells hidden
```

#### Train

```
1 elements = None
3 train loader, test loader, val loader = create data loaders(elements, (0.8, 0.2), seq 1
   Dataset shape: (411319, 5, 3)
1 best_net, losses, accuracies = train(net, optimizer, train_loader, test_loader, batch_s
2 test(best_net, test_loader)
   Loss: 1.1421028763593615
   Training accuracy: 0.5908066488540524
   Epoch 320
   Loss: 1.141913537884174
   Training accuracy: 0.5908406856965032
   Epoch 330
   Loss: 1.1396847507303816
   Training accuracy: 0.5914120184090693
   Epoch 340
   Loss: 1.1400897295933445
   Training accuracy: 0.593140603764961
   Epoch 350
   Loss: 1.1400930326438945
   Training accuracy: 0.5929728507557395
   Epoch 360
   Loss: 1.140848211587106
   Training accuracy: 0.5910667875784975
   Epoch 370
   Loss: 1.1396018800597496
   Training accuracy: 0.591258852618041
   Epoch 380
   Loss: 1.1361760502100435
   Training accuracy: 0.5928974834617414
   Epoch 390
   Loss: 1.1410264486322954
   Training accuracy: 0.5923917932310445
   Epoch 400
         1.1370598457396661
   Training accuracy: 0.5933472560226977
   Epoch 410
   Loss: 1.1395953206557552
   Training accuracy: 0.5924185364643987
   Epoch 420
   Loss: 1.1356196806122223
   Training accuracy: 0.5925255093978153
   Epoch 430
   Loss: 1.13567030541112
   Training accuracy: 0.592980144364836
   Epoch 440
   Loss: 1.1339238509489427
   Training accuracy: 0.593993956029262
   Epoch 450
   Loss: 1.1356378349741572
   Training accuracy: 0.5933788616621163
   Epoch 460
   Loss: 1.1345237681564517
   Training accuracy: 0.5930628052679308
   Epoch 470
```

Loss: 1.1360714263662315

```
Training accuracy: 0.5936219819653359
Epoch 480
Loss: 1.137068462598079
Training accuracy: 0.5940352864808093
Epoch 490
Loss: 1.1347713107341701
Training accuracy: 0.5937727165533321
Test accuracy: 0.8481064323961867
0.8481064323961867

1 test(best_net, test_loader)

1 torch.save(best_net, 'ElementClassifier_var_8481.pth')
```

### Test on Barin data

```
1 net = torch.load('/content/ElementClassifier_9782_3.pth').to(device)
1 inp = torch.tensor([[[ .3, 11.403],
                     [.7, 22.25],
                     [ .8, 23.364],
3
4
                     [.9, 24.248],
5
                     [1.0, 24.979]]]).to(device)
1 out = net(inp)
1 print(Encoder()(out.argmax(dim=-1).item()))
2 print(Softmax(dim=-1)(out).amax(dim=-1))
   tensor([1.0000], grad_fn=<AmaxBackward0>)
1 test(net, test_loader)
   Test accuracy: 0.9772111058201572
   0.9772111058201572
```

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