d= 1 (x1y) & R2: x2 & 2y-y2 { , fany)= 22 ey (y3-4) \$ (x1y) & x2 cey-y2 (= > x2, y26, ey (= > x2 rye-ey+1 &1 (=> x2 + (y-1) (4) \$= B((0,1),1) & compacto y converto lugo comezo. f(d): [win-f(d), wax fd)] con f continua S=B(0,1),1) for provalmente derivable ou s $\nabla f(x_1 y) = (q_0) \iff x_1 = 0 \iff x_2 = 0 \iff y_2 = 1$ $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x,y) = 2x + \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x,y) = 4y^{2}-4$ P= F((d)= 5((0,1),1)= f(xy) + R2 | x2+(x-1)2=1 Sa (57) EP => (y-112 = > 1y-1) =1 (=> YE [0,2] los volores de la curculer encia se cores pondon com la valers J(3,y) = 2y-y2+y (y3-4) = y4 -y2 -zy cle ye [0,2] Réficieus (c: [0,2] -> R y -> y4. y2-2y f(e)= 4(to,2]) (our hesderivable, h'(y)= 4y3-zy-2=2 (zy3-y-1) = 2(y-1) (zy2+2y+1) Como 5/2 + 13 + 1 = 1 prelon] => Elduiso pouto sespectoso es 1. Poutes posibles: 30,1,24 Mobil del Jourinie en la ferraion de la frontera $h(0): 0 \longrightarrow (0,0)$ (([0,2]): [-2,8] $h(1): 2 \longrightarrow (1,1)$ (-1,1) f(2) Sou be poutes de la fourleig h(2)=8 -> (0,2)

Pour de l'interior f(0,1):-3 => f(d):[-3,8]

Tourous d= } (x,y) = (R2 | (x -1)2 + y2 = 4, x = 0 {
f(x,y) = (x-2)2 + 2y2 \ \(\psi_{(x,y)} \) \end{array}

A-BOH

Les combres à course => course

$$\frac{\partial \$}{\partial x} (x_1 y) = 2(x-2) \qquad \frac{\partial \$}{\partial y} = 4y$$

Como Co fuerior es positiva $V(x,y) \in A = s$ como f(z,0) = 0 = s min f(A) = 0La frontera ser des aras prenotios

