## SWEN20003

Workshop 2, Week 3

Eleanor McMurtry, University of Melbourne

# Anatomy of a Class

#### An example

- 1. What is a constructor?
- 2. What is the keyword this used for?
- 3. What does *null* represent in Java?

```
public class Book {
    private String title;
    private String author;
    private String borrowedBy
    private boolean borrowed
   private int borrowDuration;
    public Book(String author, String title) {
        this.author = author;
        this.title = title;
    public void borrow(String owner, int duration) {
        borrowed = true;
        borrowedBy = owner;
        borrowDuration = duration;
```

```
class IntegerHolder {
            int value;
            public IntegerHolder(int value) {
                this.value = value;
           What is the output of this code?
public static void increment(IntegerHolder integerHolder) {
    integerHolder.value = integerHolder.value + 1;
public static void main(String[] args) {
   int a = 0;
    IntegerHolder holder = new IntegerHolder(a);
    increment(holder);
   System.out.println(holder.value);
   System.out.println(a);
```

#### Getters & setters

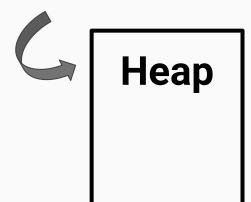
```
class Circle {
   double r;
   double circumference;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Circle c = new Circle();
        c.r = 1.0;
        c.circumference = Math.PI * 2 * c.r;
```

#### Getters & setters

```
class Circle {
   private double r;
   private double circumference;
   public void setRadius(double r) {
       circumference = Math.PI * 2 * r;
   public void printInfo() {
       System.out.format("Circle: radius %f, circumference %f",
                circumference);
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Circle c = new Circle();
       c.setRadius(1);
       c.printInfo();
```

### Static attributes and methods

```
private double r;
Circle c = new Circle();
c.setRadius(2.0);
```



private static int numCircles; System.out.println("Hello World");



