

# COMP90048: Workshop 6

Eleanor McMurtry, University of Melbourne



# Logic Programming

# Intro

- Logic programming allows us to solve problems by specifying **what must be true** of the answer.
- It is related to declarative programming: strong type systems use the same form of logic.

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Person = eleanor;
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```
Person = mak.
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- Prolog uses **resolution** to try to assign values to variables.

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# Resolution: `staffMember(Person), gradStudent(Person).`

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staffMember(eleanor).  
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staffMember(peter).
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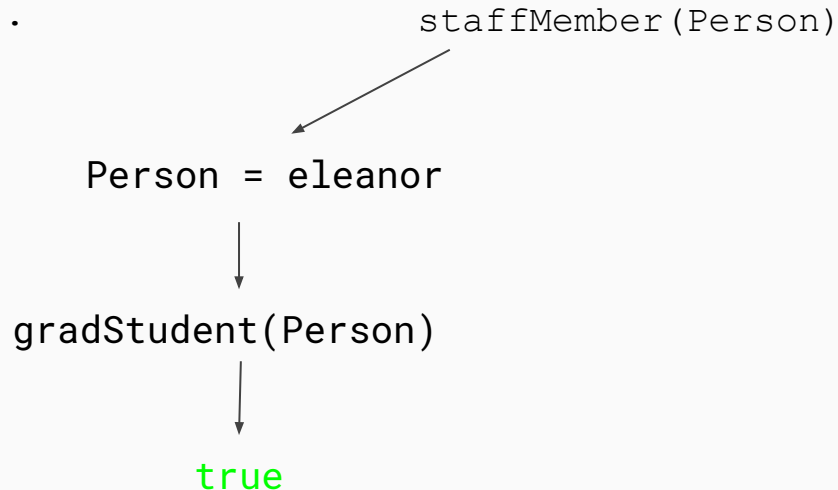
```
staffMember(Person)
```



```
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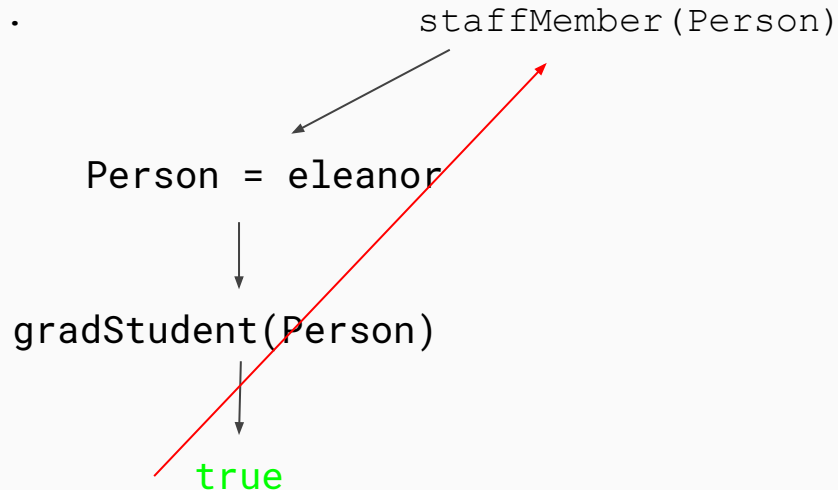
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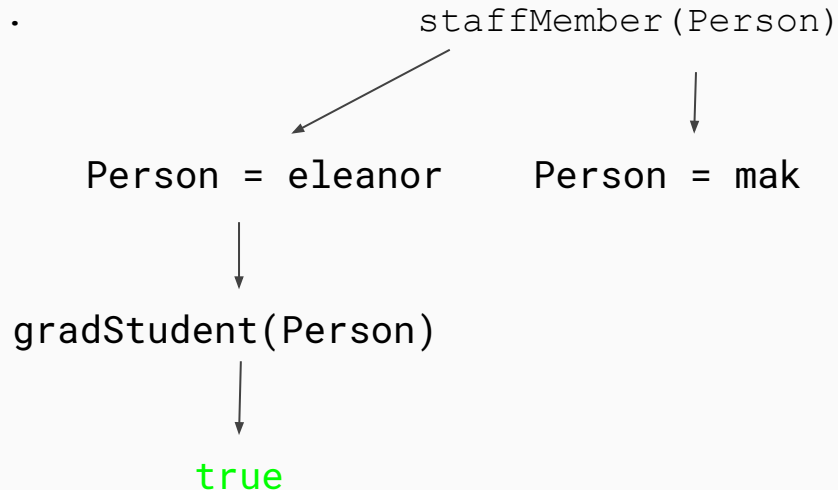
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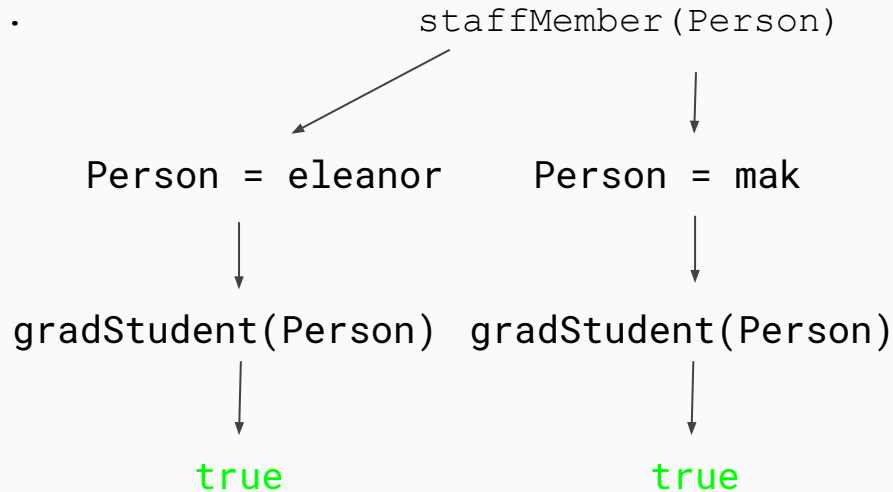
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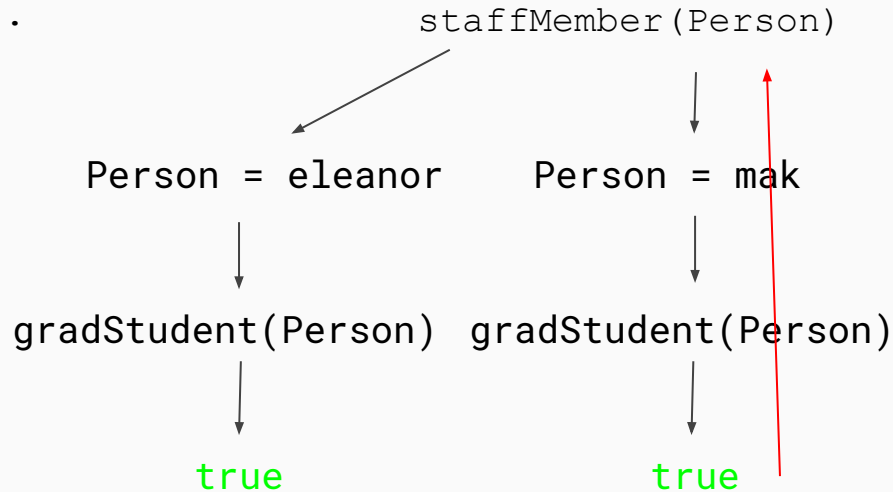
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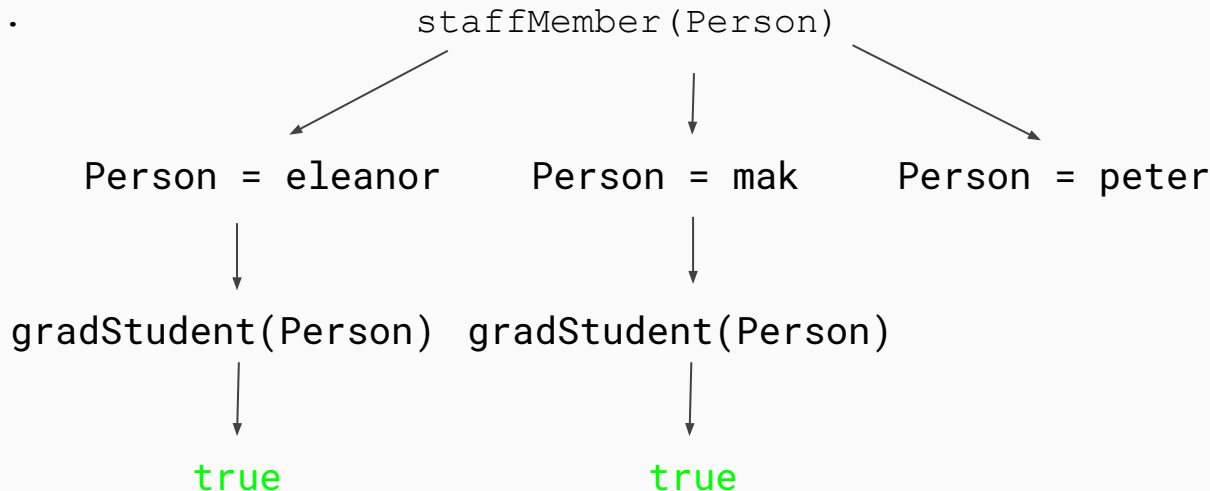
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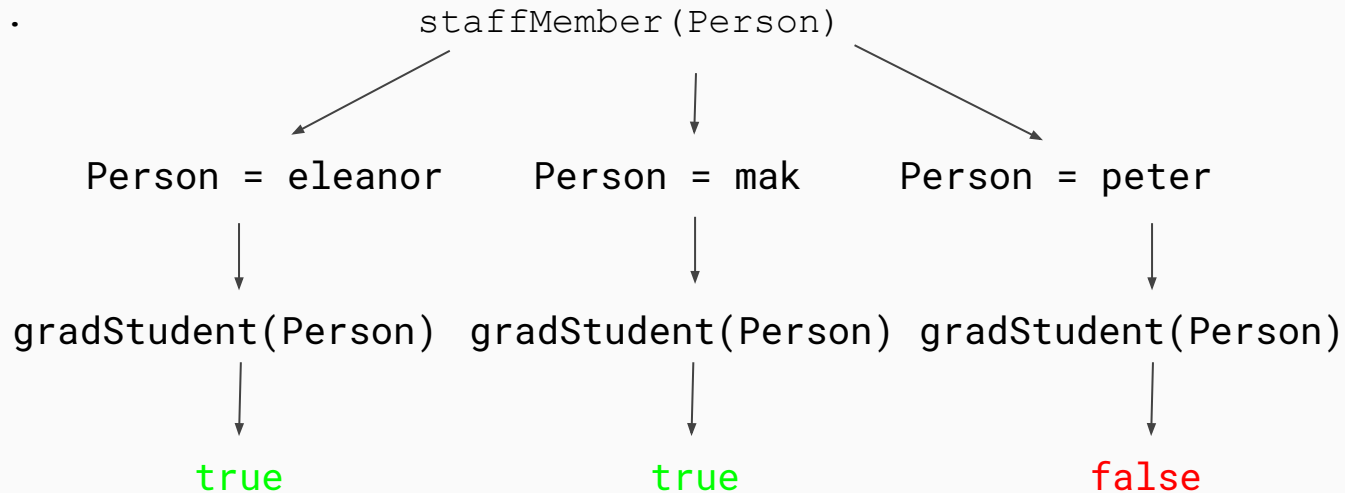
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Continue with Grok Workshop 6  
(Week 7).