

# COVID-19 Spatial Dynamics in the US: Spatiotemporal Analysis of Predicting Covid Cases on Correlation Length and Local Correlation with Time-invariant Controls

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```
#load packages  
library(sandwich)  
library(lmtest)
```

```
## Loading required package: zoo
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
##      as.Date, as.Date.numeric
```

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
##
```

```
##      filter, lag
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
##      intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(tibble)  
library(stargazer)
```

```
##
```

```
## Please cite as:
```

```
## Hlavac, Marek (2018). stargazer: Well-Formatted Regression and Summary Statistics Tables.
```

```
## R package version 5.2.2. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=stargazer
```

```
library(car)

## Loading required package: carData

##
## Attaching package: 'car'

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##      recode
```

## Read in 9 Datasets

### All county data + Urban county data with Wave dummies

```
# Weekly Spatial Metrics with Time Wave Columns
all_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves = read.csv("weekly_spatial_metrics_waves.csv")

# same data set but calculations from urban counties only (pop >250k)
urban_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves = read.csv("urban_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves.csv")
```

### All county data + Urban county data with Region + Wave dummies

```
# Weekly Spatial Metrics with Region Columns
all_regional_weekly_spatial_metrics = read.csv("regional_weekly_spatial_metrics.csv")

# same data set but calculations from urban counties only (pop >250k)
urban_regional_weekly_spatial_metrics = read.csv("urban_regional_weekly_spatial_metrics.csv")
```

### All county data + Urban county data with MHHINC + Wave dummies

```
# Weekly Spatial Metrics with Median Household Income Columns
all_mhhinc_weekly_spatial_metrics = read.csv("mhhinc_weekly_spatial_metrics.csv")

# same data set but calculations from urban counties only (pop >250k)
urban_mhhinc_weekly_spatial_metrics = read.csv("urban_mhhinc_weekly_spatial_metrics.csv")
```

### All county data + Urban county data with Region + MHHINC + Wave dummies

```
# Local Corelation with Region + MHHINC Columns
all_region_mhhinc_weekly_localcor = read.csv("region_mhhinc_weekly_localcor.csv")

# same data set but calculations from urban counties only (pop >250k)
urban_region_mhhinc_weekly_localcor = read.csv("urban_region_mhhinc_weekly_localcor.csv")
```

## All county data with Mask Usage + Wave dummies

```
# Weekly Spatial Metrics with Mask Usage Columns
all_mask_weekly_spatial_metrics = read.csv("all_mask_weekly_spatial_metrics.csv")
```

## Simple Models

### Prepare Model Combinations

```
# Data sets: (1) all counties & (2) urban counties
datasets = list(all_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves, urban_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves)
df_names = c("all", "urban")

# Predictor: (1) correlation length & (2) log(local correlation)
predictor = c("cor_lengths", "r_0_50")
pred_names = c("corlength", "localcor")
```

## Generate Models

### Training/Testing Models

```
# Set seed for reproducibility
set.seed(1)

# Create an empty list to store the models
simple_lm_models_train <- list()

# Define the train-test split ratio
train_ratio <- 0.8
test_ratio <- 1 - train_ratio

# Apply the trained model to the test data and make predictions
for (d in 1:length(datasets)) {
  df <- datasets[d][[1]]
  n_obs <- nrow(df)

  # Create indices for train-test split
  train_indices <- sample(1:n_obs, size = round(train_ratio * n_obs), replace = FALSE)
  test_indices <- setdiff(1:n_obs, train_indices)

  # Split the data into train and test sets
  train_df <- df[train_indices, ]
  test_df <- df[test_indices, ]

  for (p in 1:length(predictor)) {

    # Create the formula
    lm_formula <- as.formula(paste("log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~", predictor[p]))
```

```

# Fit the linear model on the train set
lm_model_train <- lm(lm_formula, data = train_df)

# Generate a name for the model object
model_name_train <- paste(df_names[d], "_", pred_names[p], "_train", sep = "")

# Save the train model to the list
simple_lm_models_train[[model_name_train]] <- lm_model_train

# Apply the trained model to the test data and make predictions
test_predictions <- predict(lm_model_train, newdata = test_df)

# Calculate residuals using predictions from the test dataset
residuals <- log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases)-test_predictions

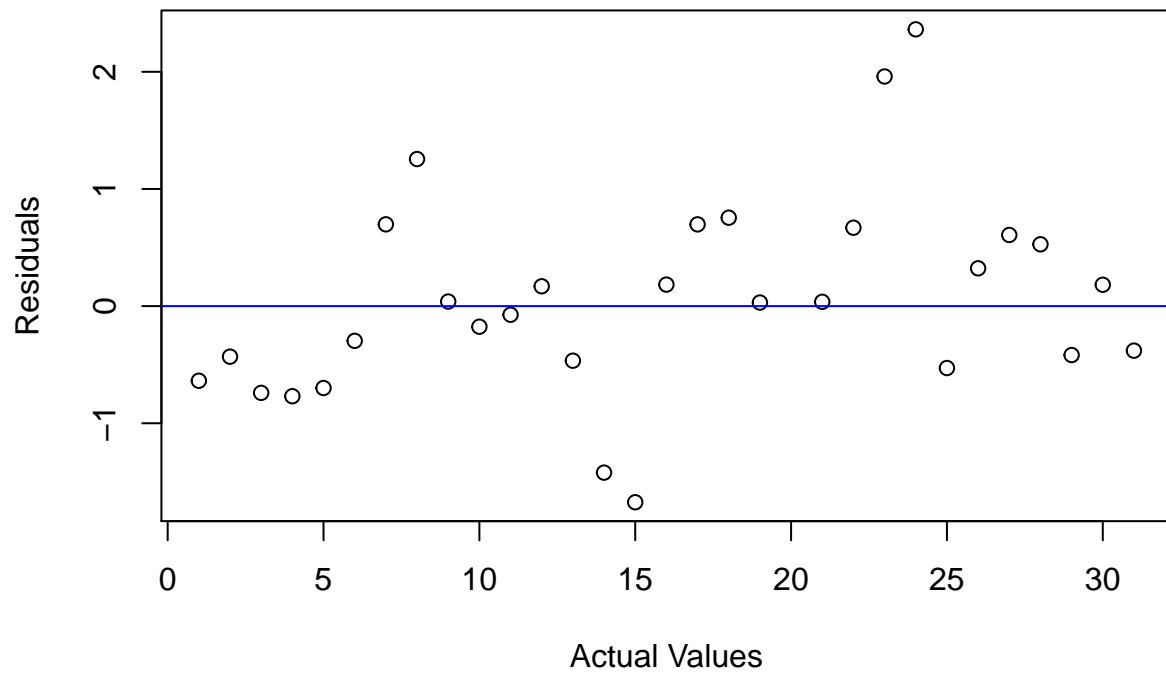
# Create residual plot
plot(1:length(residuals),residuals,
     main = paste("Residual Plot for", model_name_train),
     xlab = "Actual Values",
     ylab = "Residuals")
abline(h = 0, col = "blue")

#is the mean of residuals less than standard deviation of data?
print(mean(abs(residuals), na.rm=TRUE) < sd(log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases), na.rm=TRUE))

}
}

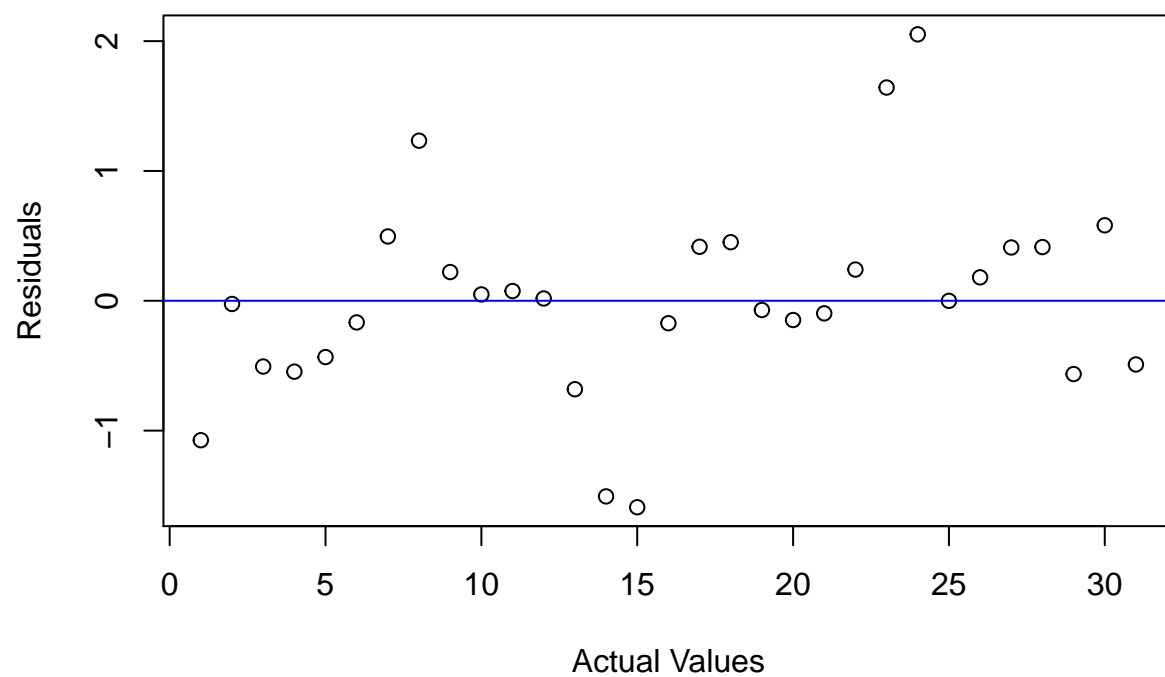
```

**Residual Plot for all\_corlength\_train**



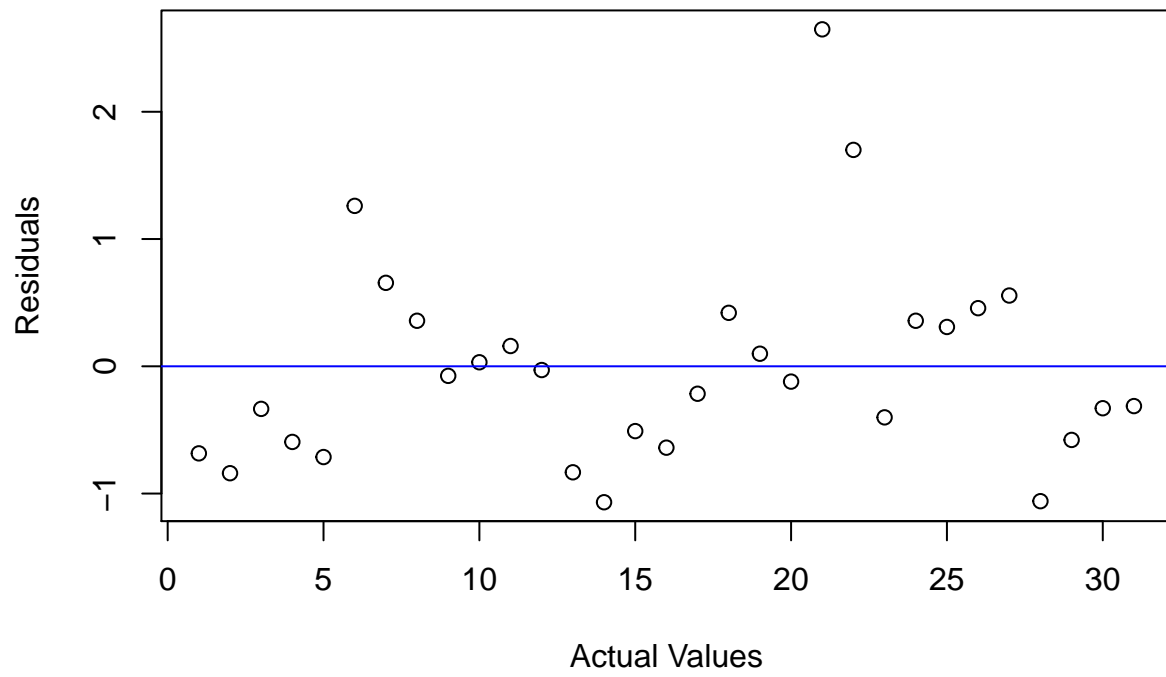
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for all\_localcor\_train**



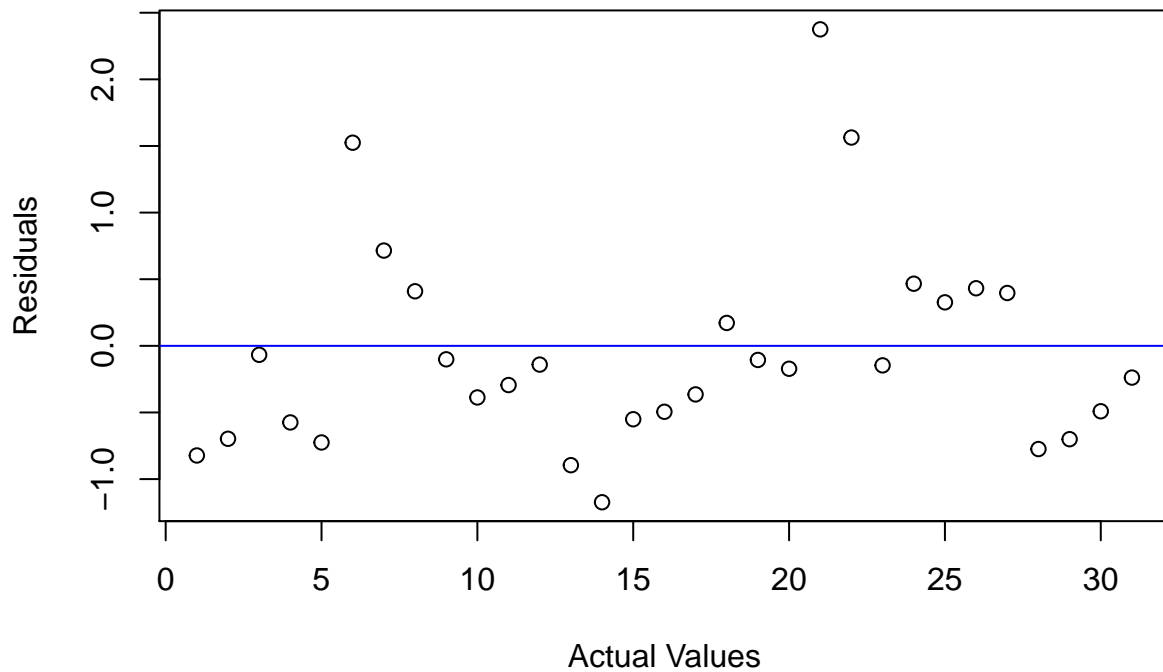
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for urban\_corlength\_train**



```
## [1] TRUE
```

## Residual Plot for urban\_localcor\_train



```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
names(simple_lm_models_train)
```

```
## [1] "all_corlength_train"  "all_localcor_train"  "urban_corlength_train"  
## [4] "urban_localcor_train"
```

## View Model Summaries

```
for (m in 1:length(simple_lm_models_train)){  
  print(summary(simple_lm_models_train[[m]]))  
}
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)  
##  
## Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max   
## -1.4739 -0.5177 -0.1375  0.4399  2.7850   
##  
## Coefficients:
```



```

##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.426e+01  1.985e-01  71.813 < 2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths 9.781e-04  2.815e-04   3.475 0.000722 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7357 on 115 degrees of freedom
## (9 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.09501, Adjusted R-squared:  0.08714
## F-statistic: 12.07 on 1 and 115 DF, p-value: 0.000722
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.53340 -0.36854 -0.05406  0.38658  2.44181
##
## Coefficients:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  13.848      0.176  78.689 < 2e-16 ***
## r_0_50         2.089      0.324   6.448 2.38e-09 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6517 on 122 degrees of freedom
## (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2542, Adjusted R-squared:  0.248
## F-statistic: 41.57 on 1 and 122 DF, p-value: 2.382e-09
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.98320 -0.40177 -0.07564  0.33458  2.59276
##
## Coefficients:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.405e+01  1.402e-01 100.211 < 2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths 9.618e-04  2.724e-04   3.532 0.000584 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7457 on 122 degrees of freedom
## (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.09275, Adjusted R-squared:  0.08531
## F-statistic: 12.47 on 1 and 122 DF, p-value: 0.0005839
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)

```

```
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.6977 -0.4661 -0.1244  0.3781  2.5549
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  13.1490     0.3320  39.607 < 2e-16 ***
## r_0_50        1.8538     0.4517   4.104 7.36e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7338 on 122 degrees of freedom
## (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1213, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1141
## F-statistic: 16.85 on 1 and 122 DF,  p-value: 7.359e-05
```

```
# stargazer table for all_corlengths_region and urban_corlengths_region
```

```
# (1) is all
```

```
# (2) is urban
```

```
stargazer(
  c(simple_lm_models_train[1], simple_lm_models_train[3], simple_lm_models_train[2], simple_lm_models_train[4]),
  type = 'text',
  title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length"
)
```

```
##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length
## =====
##                                     Dependent variable:
##                                     -----
##                                     log(next_week_marginal_cases)
##                                     (1)          (2)          (3)
## -----
## cor_lengths          0.001***          0.001***
##                      (0.0003)          (0.0003)
##
## r_0_50                                2.089***          1
##                      (0.324)
##
## Constant             14.258***          14.050***          13.848***          1
##                      (0.199)          (0.140)          (0.176)
## -----
## Observations          117              124              124
## R2                    0.095            0.093            0.254
## Adjusted R2           0.087            0.085            0.248
## Residual Std. Error   0.736 (df = 115)    0.746 (df = 122)    0.652 (df = 122)    0.734
## F Statistic           12.074*** (df = 1; 115) 12.472*** (df = 1; 122) 41.574*** (df = 1; 122) 16.846***
## =====
## Note:                                                         *p<0.1; **p<
```

```

# all_localcor_wave_region and urban_localcor_wave_region
# (1) is all
# (2) is urban
stargazer(
  c(simple_lm_models_train[2], simple_lm_models_train[4]),
  type = 'text',
  title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation"
)

```

```

##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation
## =====
##                               Dependent variable:
##                               -----
##                               log(next_week_marginal_cases)
##                               (1)           (2)
## -----
## r_0_50                        2.089***      1.854***
##                               (0.324)      (0.452)
##
## Constant                      13.848***      13.149***
##                               (0.176)      (0.332)
##
## -----
## Observations                   124           124
## R2                             0.254           0.121
## Adjusted R2                    0.248           0.114
## Residual Std. Error (df = 122) 0.652           0.734
## F Statistic (df = 1; 122)      41.574***      16.846***
## =====
## Note:                          *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

```

Check conditions of Normality of Residuals, Homoskedasticity, Linearity, Independence of Residuals

```

for (i in 1:length(simple_lm_models_train)) {
  lm_model = simple_lm_models_train[[i]]

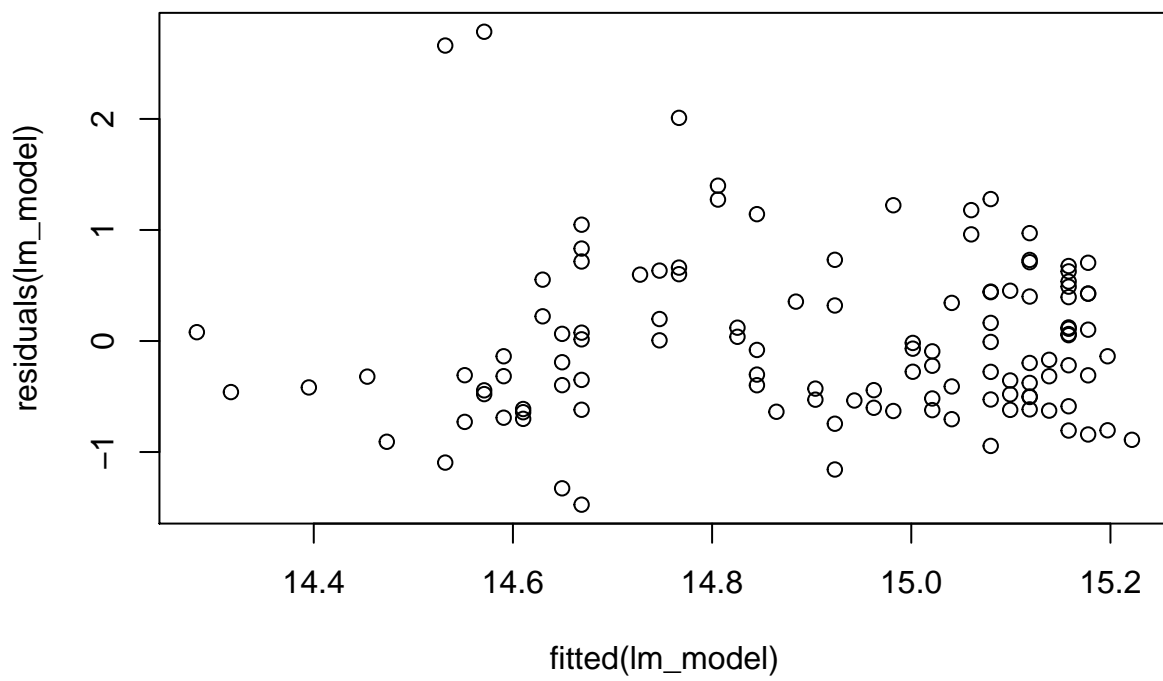
  # 1. Linearity Check (Visual Inspection)
  plot(residuals(lm_model) ~ fitted(lm_model))

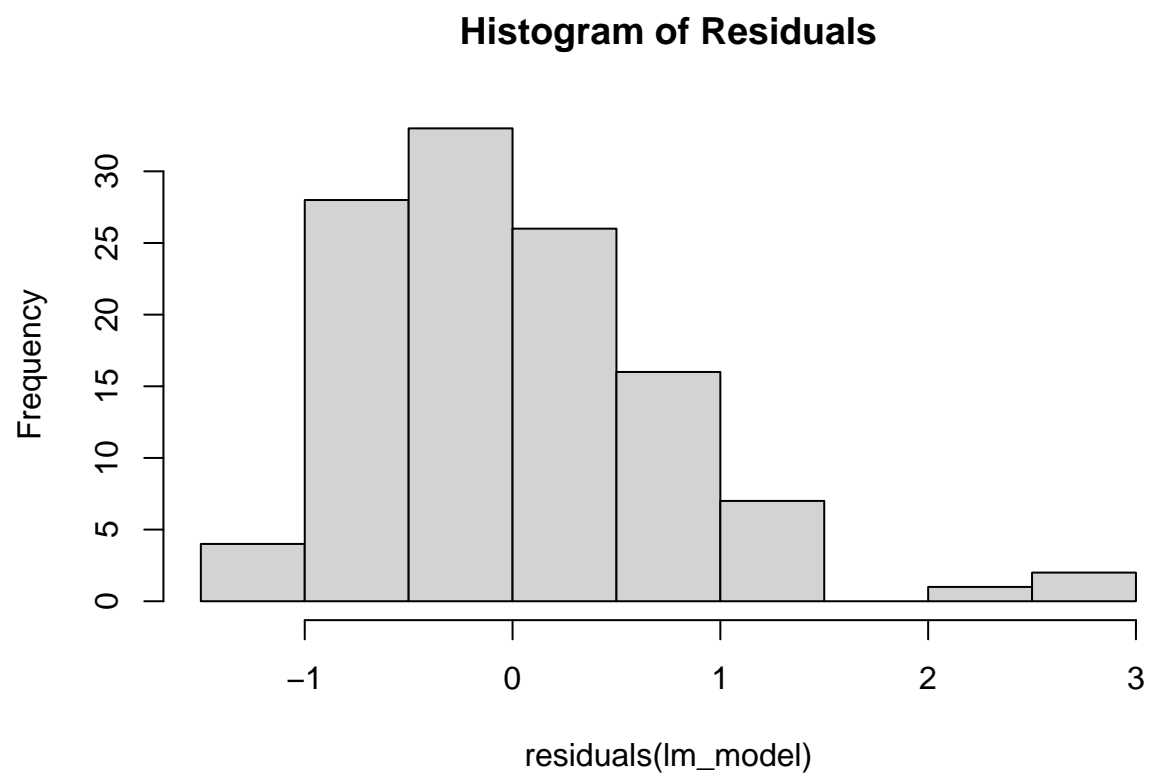
  # 2. Independence Check# Durbin-Watson test
  durbinWatsonTest(lm_model)

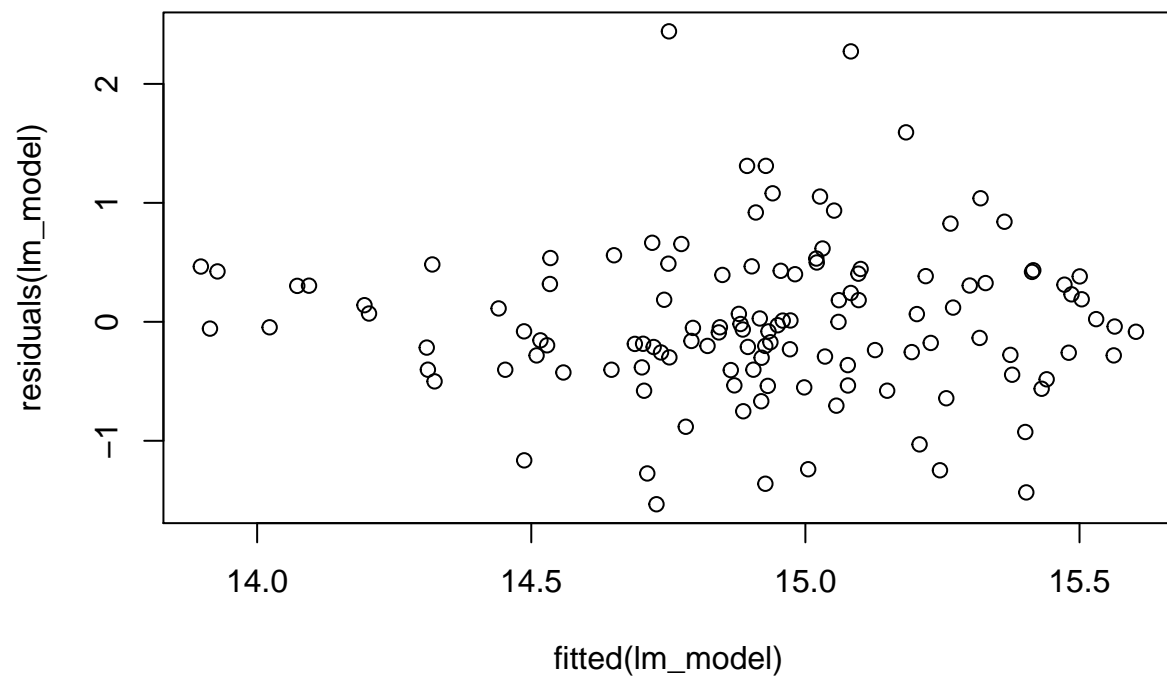
  # 3. Homoscedasticity Check (Visual Inspection)
  # Breusch-Pagan test for Heteroscedasticity
  bptest(lm_model)

  # 4. Normality of Residuals Check
  # Histogram of residuals
  hist(residuals(lm_model), main = "Histogram of Residuals")
}

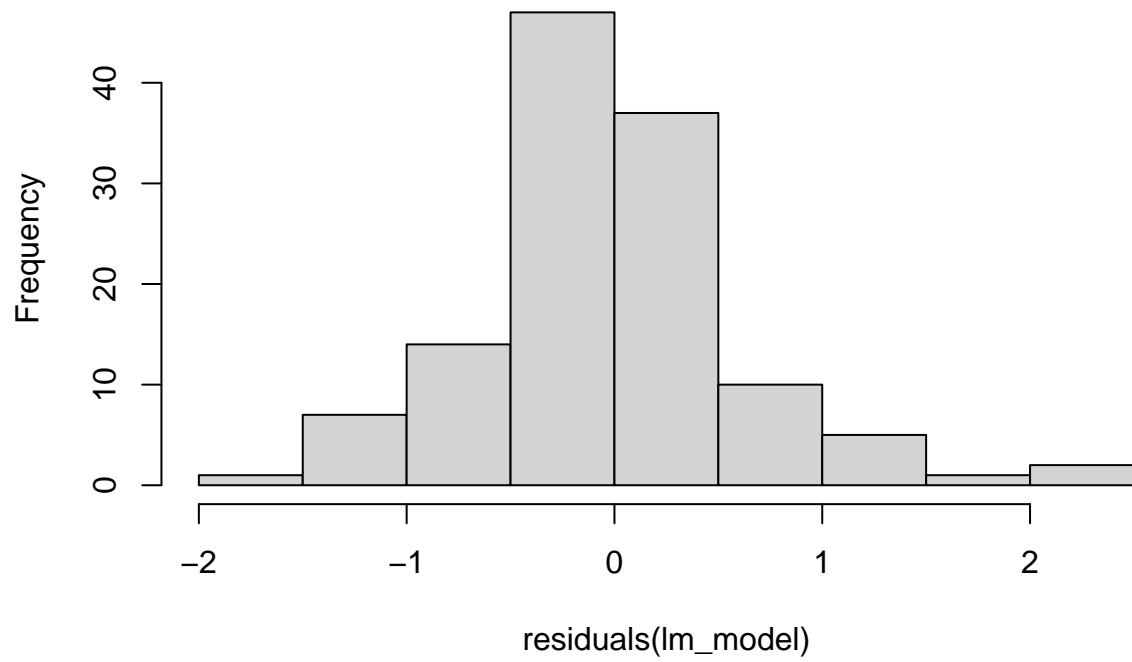
```

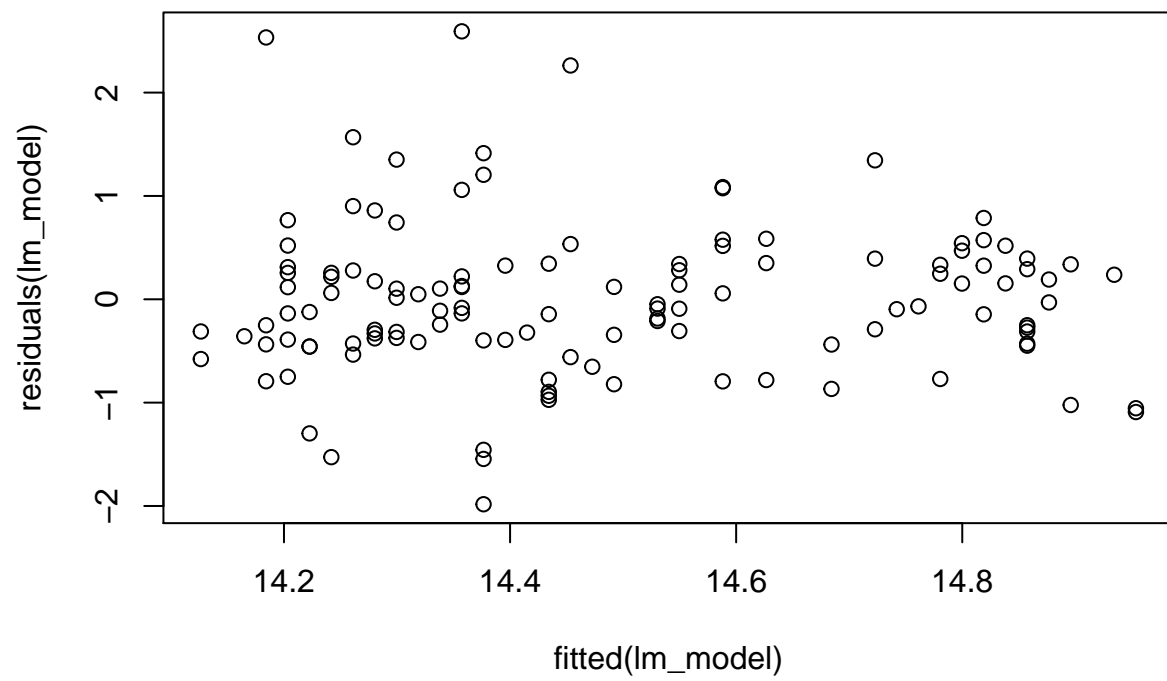






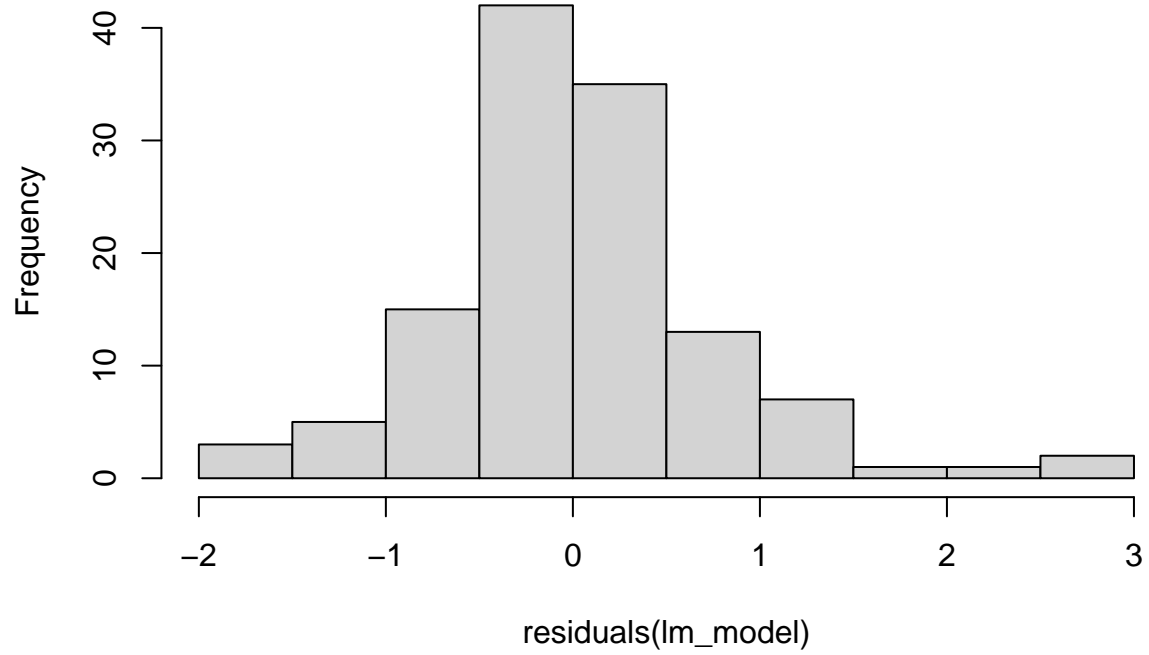
**Histogram of Residuals**

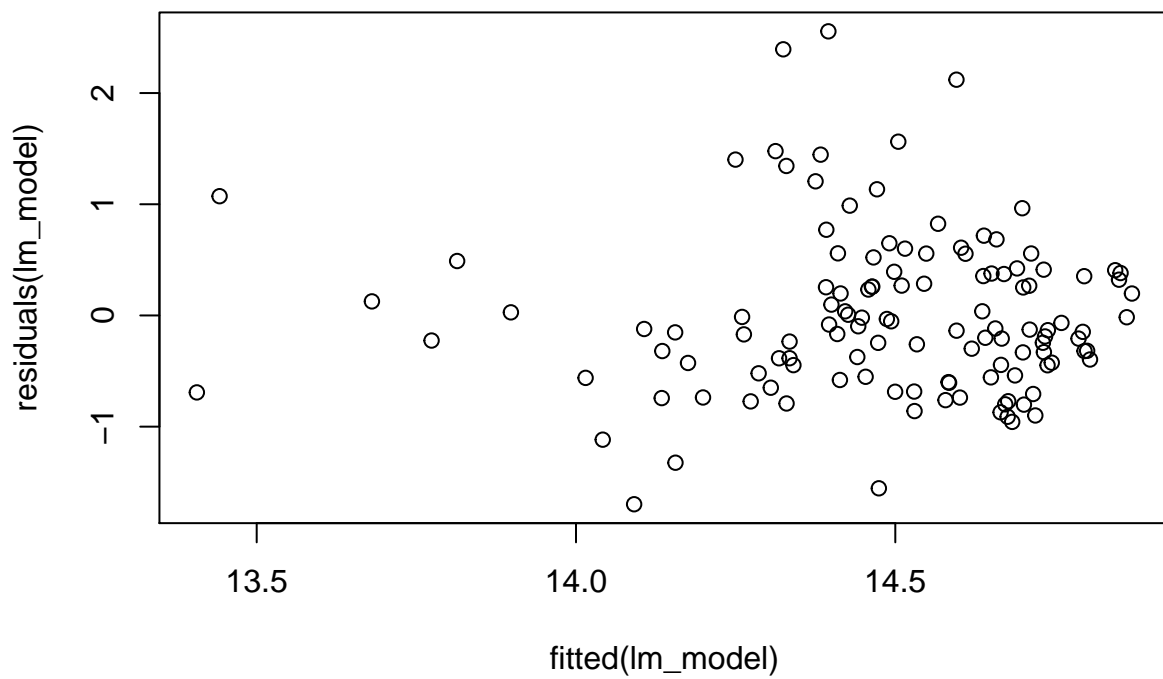




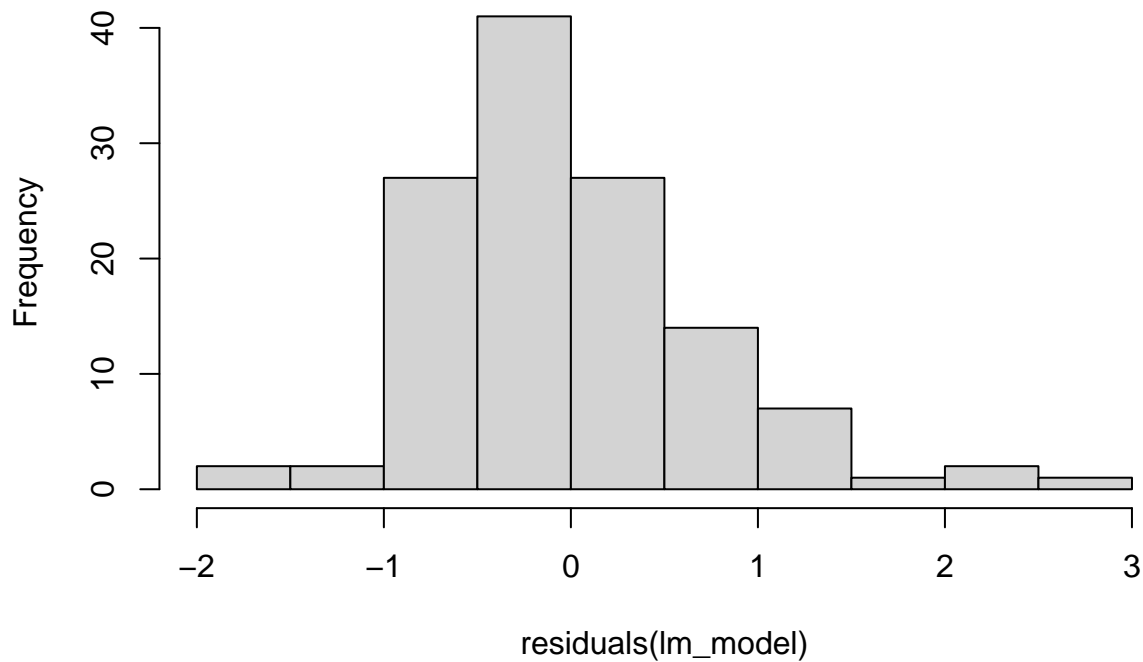


**Histogram of Residuals**





## Histogram of Residuals



*# Heteroskedasticity/Non-linearity in Urban Local Correlation Model*

## Interpretations

```
units = c(round(sd(all_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves$cor_lengths, na.rm = TRUE)), round(sd(all_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves$local_correlation, na.rm = TRUE)))
var = c("correlation length", "local correlation")
for (i in 1:4) {
  adj_i = 2-i%%2
  print(paste("a 1 sd increase in ", var[adj_i], " (", units[adj_i], ") corresponds to a ", round(simple_1_sd_change(var[adj_i], units[adj_i]), 2), "% change in cases in the following week."))
}
```

```
## [1] "a 1 sd increase in correlation length (244) corresponds to a 23.87% change in cases in the following week."
## [1] "a 1 sd increase in local correlation (0.18) corresponds to a 37.6% change in cases in the following week."
## [1] "a 1 sd increase in correlation length (244) corresponds to a 23.47% change in cases in the following week."
## [1] "a 1 sd increase in local correlation (0.18) corresponds to a 33.37% change in cases in the following week."
```

Effects are less strong when comparing across only the urban counties. Local correlation and correlation length seem to both hold a strong effect in indicating/predicting a rise in cases in the next week.

## Region + Median Household Income Models

### Prepare Model Combinations

```
# Data sets: (1) all counties & (2) urban counties
datasets = list(all_region_mhhinc_weekly_localcor, urban_region_mhhinc_weekly_localcor)
df_names = c("all_", "urban_")

# Predictor: (1) correlation length & (2) local correlation
predictor = c("r_0_50")
pred_names = c("localcor")

# Covariates (1) region + mhhinc & (2) region + mhhinc + wave
covariates = list(c("*factor(region)*same_tier", "*factor(region)*tier_diff_1", "*factor(region)*tier_diff_2"),
                  c("*factor(region)*mhhinc", "*factor(region)*mhhinc*wave"))
var_names = c("region_mhhinc")
```

### Generate Models

```
# Create an empty list to store the models
region_tiers_lm_models <- list()

# Iterate over every combination of data, predictor, and covariates
for (d in 1:length(datasets)) {
  df = datasets[d][[1]]
  for (p in 1:length(predictor)) {
    for (c in 1:length(covariates)) {
      interactions = c()
      for (i in 1:length(covariates[[c]])) {
        interactions[i] <- paste(predictor[p], covariates[[c]][i]) }

      # Create the formula & fit linear model
      lm_formula <- as.formula(paste("log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~", paste(unlist(interactions), collapse=" + "), sep=" "))
      lm_model <- lm(lm_formula, data = df)

      # Name model and save to list
      model_name <- paste(df_names[d], pred_names[p], "_", var_names[c], sep = "")
      region_tiers_lm_models[[model_name]] <- lm_model}}}
```

```
## Warning in log(next_week_marginal_cases): NaNs produced
```

```
## Warning in log(next_week_marginal_cases): NaNs produced
```

```
names(region_tiers_lm_models)
```

```
## [1] "all_localcor_region_mhhinc" "urban_localcor_region_mhhinc"
```

### Training/Testing Models

```

# Set seed for reproducibility
set.seed(1)

# Create an empty list to store the models
region_mhhinc_lm_models_train <- list()

# Iterate over every combination of data, predictor, and covariates
for (d in 1:length(datasets)) {
  df <- datasets[d][[1]]

  # Create indices for train-test split
  n_obs <- nrow(df)
  train_indices <- sample(1:n_obs, size = round(train_ratio * n_obs), replace = FALSE)
  test_indices <- setdiff(1:n_obs, train_indices)

  # Split the data into train and test sets
  train_df <- df[train_indices, ]
  test_df <- df[test_indices, ]

  for (p in 1:length(predictor)) {
    for (c in 1:length(covariates)) {
      interactions <- c()
      for (i in 1:length(covariates[[c]])) {
        interactions[i] <- paste(predictor[p], covariates[[c]][i])
      }

      # Create the formula & fit linear model on the training data
      lm_formula <- as.formula(paste("log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~", paste(unlist(interactions), col = " + "))
      lm_model_train <- lm(lm_formula, data = train_df)

      # Name model and save to list
      model_name_train <- paste(df_names[d], pred_names[p], "_", var_names[c], "_train", sep = "")
      region_mhhinc_lm_models_train[[model_name_train]] <- lm_model_train

      # Apply the trained model to the test data and make predictions
      test_predictions <- predict(lm_model_train, newdata = test_df)

      # Calculate residuals using predictions from the test dataset
      residuals <- log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases) - test_predictions

      # Create residual plot
      plot(1:length(residuals), residuals,
           main = paste("Residual Plot for", model_name_train),
           xlab = "Actual Values",
           ylab = "Residuals")
      abline(h = 0, col = "blue")

      # Check if the mean of residuals is less than the standard deviation of the data
      print(mean(abs(residuals), na.rm = TRUE) < sd(log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases), na.rm = TRUE))
    }
  }
}

```

```
## Warning in log(next_week_marginal_cases): NaNs produced

## Warning in predict.lm(lm_model_train, newdata = test_df): prediction from a
## rank-deficient fit may be misleading

## Warning in log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases): NaNs produced

## Warning in log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases): NaNs produced

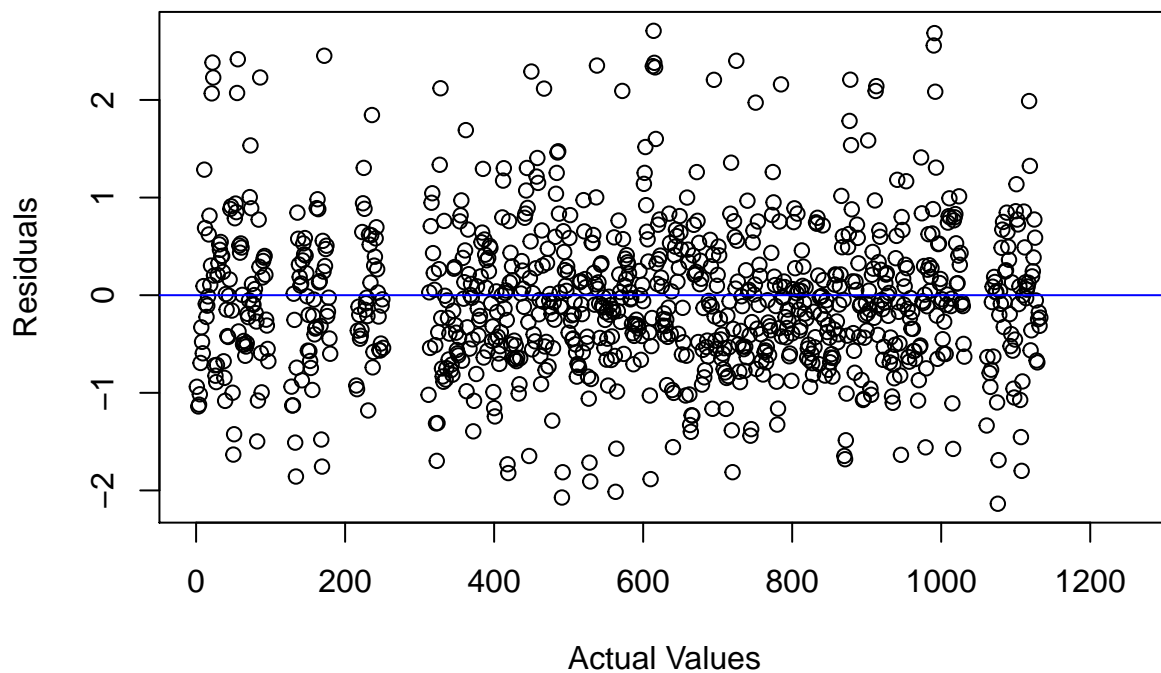
## [1] TRUE

## Warning in log(next_week_marginal_cases): NaNs produced

## Warning in predict.lm(lm_model_train, newdata = test_df): prediction from a
## rank-deficient fit may be misleading

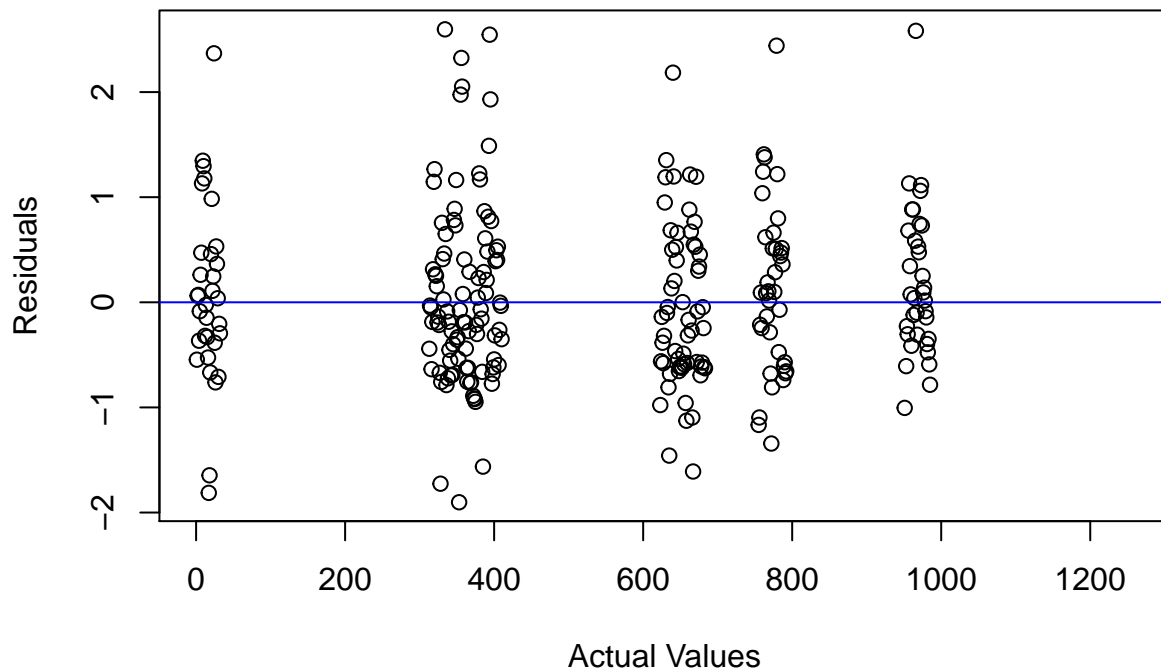
## Warning in log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases): NaNs produced
```

**Residual Plot for all\_localcor\_region\_mhhinc\_train**



```
## Warning in log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases): NaNs produced
```

## Residual Plot for urban\_localcor\_region\_mhhinc\_train



```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
names(region_mhhinc_lm_models_train)
```

```
## [1] "all_localcor_region_mhhinc_train" "urban_localcor_region_mhhinc_train"
```

Urban fit is suspicious

## View Model Summaries

```
for (m in 1:length(region_mhhinc_lm_models_train)){  
  print(summary(region_mhhinc_lm_models_train[[m]]))  
}
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)  
##  
## Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max   
## -2.15303 -0.49470 -0.05571  0.44359  2.79140   
##
```

```

## Coefficients: (4 not defined because of singularities)
##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      14.79590    0.13223 111.895 < 2e-16
## r_0_50            0.31229    0.21319   1.465 0.143036
## factor(region)Northeast    0.29805    0.17963   1.659 0.097143
## factor(region)South      -0.23734    0.19692  -1.205 0.228179
## factor(region)West        0.25550    0.15160   1.685 0.091999
## same_tier            -0.43368    0.15472  -2.803 0.005088
## tier_diff_1          -0.54935    0.16876  -3.255 0.001143
## tier_diff_2          -0.35046    0.17655  -1.985 0.047204
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast -0.57198    0.36047  -1.587 0.112649
## r_0_50:factor(region)South    0.59155    0.38449   1.539 0.124003
## r_0_50:factor(region)West    -0.60022    0.26587  -2.258 0.024028
## r_0_50:same_tier          0.85931    0.26816   3.204 0.001365
## factor(region)Northeast:same_tier 0.20728    0.20887   0.992 0.321055
## factor(region)South:same_tier 0.10897    0.22818   0.478 0.633002
## factor(region)West:same_tier 0.06642    0.19138   0.347 0.728562
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1        1.05966    0.29689   3.569 0.000362
## factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_1 0.14705    0.23602   0.623 0.533291
## factor(region)South:tier_diff_1 0.28924    0.23965   1.207 0.227526
## factor(region)West:tier_diff_1 0.12776    0.20878   0.612 0.540616
## r_0_50:tier_diff_2        0.62422    0.31005   2.013 0.044152
## factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_2 NA         NA         NA      NA
## factor(region)South:tier_diff_2 -0.02633    0.25489  -0.103 0.917731
## factor(region)West:tier_diff_2 NA         NA         NA      NA
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:same_tier -0.51726    0.42620  -1.214 0.224950
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:same_tier -0.16212    0.45482  -0.356 0.721520
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:same_tier -0.00392    0.34881  -0.011 0.991034
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_1 -0.37835    0.46721  -0.810 0.418101
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:tier_diff_1 -0.41563    0.47780  -0.870 0.384424
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:tier_diff_1 -0.31640    0.37416  -0.846 0.397818
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_2 NA         NA         NA      NA
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:tier_diff_2 0.21517    0.50613   0.425 0.670774
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:tier_diff_2 NA         NA         NA      NA
##
## (Intercept)          ***
## r_0_50
## factor(region)Northeast .
## factor(region)South
## factor(region)West .
## same_tier          **
## tier_diff_1         **
## tier_diff_2         *
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast
## r_0_50:factor(region)South
## r_0_50:factor(region)West *
## r_0_50:same_tier    **
## factor(region)Northeast:same_tier
## factor(region)South:same_tier
## factor(region)West:same_tier
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1  ***
## factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_1
## factor(region)South:tier_diff_1
## factor(region)West:tier_diff_1

```



```

## r_0_50:tier_diff_2 *
## factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_2
## factor(region)South:tier_diff_2
## factor(region)West:tier_diff_2
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:same_tier
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:same_tier
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:same_tier
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_1
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:tier_diff_1
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:tier_diff_1
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_2
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:tier_diff_2
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:tier_diff_2
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7596 on 3757 degrees of freedom
## (1239 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.08599,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.07943
## F-statistic: 13.09 on 27 and 3757 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.90875 -0.51914 -0.05337  0.45924  2.68111
##
## Coefficients: (18 not defined because of singularities)
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      14.7205     0.1179 124.878 <2e-16
## r_0_50           0.2833     0.1790   1.583  0.1137
## factor(region)Northeast      0.1864     0.2089   0.892  0.3725
## factor(region)South          0.5396     0.2170   2.487  0.0131
## factor(region)West        -0.3037     0.2310  -1.315  0.1888
## same_tier          -0.1805     0.1907  -0.947  0.3441
## tier_diff_1        -0.4639     0.2002  -2.317  0.0207
## tier_diff_2              NA         NA      NA      NA
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast -0.2889     0.3757  -0.769  0.4421
## r_0_50:factor(region)South    -0.6659     0.2745  -2.426  0.0155
## r_0_50:factor(region)West      0.3243     0.3472   0.934  0.3504
## r_0_50:same_tier             0.3703     0.2987   1.240  0.2154
## factor(region)Northeast:same_tier      NA         NA      NA      NA
## factor(region)South:same_tier    -0.3470     0.2832  -1.225  0.2207
## factor(region)West:same_tier       NA         NA      NA      NA
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1           0.5553     0.2660   2.088  0.0371
## factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_1      NA         NA      NA      NA
## factor(region)South:tier_diff_1          NA         NA      NA      NA
## factor(region)West:tier_diff_1           NA         NA      NA      NA
## r_0_50:tier_diff_2              NA         NA      NA      NA
## factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_2      NA         NA      NA      NA
## factor(region)South:tier_diff_2          NA         NA      NA      NA
## factor(region)West:tier_diff_2           NA         NA      NA      NA

```

```

## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:same_tier      NA      NA      NA      NA
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:same_tier          0.2821    0.3999    0.705    0.4808
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:same_tier           NA      NA      NA      NA
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_1     NA      NA      NA      NA
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:tier_diff_1         NA      NA      NA      NA
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:tier_diff_1          NA      NA      NA      NA
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_2     NA      NA      NA      NA
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:tier_diff_2         NA      NA      NA      NA
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:tier_diff_2          NA      NA      NA      NA
##
## (Intercept)                                ***
## r_0_50
## factor(region)Northeast
## factor(region)South                        *
## factor(region)West
## same_tier
## tier_diff_1                                *
## tier_diff_2
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast
## r_0_50:factor(region)South                  *
## r_0_50:factor(region)West
## r_0_50:same_tier
## factor(region)Northeast:same_tier
## factor(region)South:same_tier
## factor(region)West:same_tier
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1                          *
## factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_1
## factor(region)South:tier_diff_1
## factor(region)West:tier_diff_1
## r_0_50:tier_diff_2
## factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_2
## factor(region)South:tier_diff_2
## factor(region)West:tier_diff_2
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:same_tier
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:same_tier
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:same_tier
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_1
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:tier_diff_1
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:tier_diff_1
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_2
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:tier_diff_2
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:tier_diff_2
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7713 on 950 degrees of freedom
## (4060 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.04875,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.03574
## F-statistic: 3.745 on 13 and 950 DF,  p-value: 7.198e-06

```

```

# Correlation Length Models
stargazer(
  region_mhhinc_lm_models_train,
  type = 'text'

```

)

```
##
## =====
##                                     Dependent variable:
##                                     -----
##                                     log(next_week_marginal_cases)
##                                     (1)                (2)
## -----
## r_0_50                                0.312                0.283
##                                     (0.213)            (0.179)
##
## factor(region)Northeast              0.298*                0.186
##                                     (0.180)            (0.209)
##
## factor(region)South                  -0.237                0.540**
##                                     (0.197)            (0.217)
##
## factor(region)West                   0.256*                -0.304
##                                     (0.152)            (0.231)
##
## same_tier                           -0.434***              -0.181
##                                     (0.155)            (0.191)
##
## tier_diff_1                          -0.549***              -0.464**
##                                     (0.169)            (0.200)
##
## tier_diff_2                          -0.350**
##                                     (0.177)
##
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast       -0.572                -0.289
##                                     (0.360)            (0.376)
##
## r_0_50:factor(region)South           0.592                -0.666**
##                                     (0.384)            (0.275)
##
## r_0_50:factor(region)West            -0.600**                0.324
##                                     (0.266)            (0.347)
##
## r_0_50:same_tier                     0.859***                0.370
##                                     (0.268)            (0.299)
##
## factor(region)Northeast:same_tier    0.207
##                                     (0.209)
##
## factor(region)South:same_tier         0.109                -0.347
##                                     (0.228)            (0.283)
##
## factor(region)West:same_tier          0.066
##                                     (0.191)
##
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1                  1.060***              0.555**
##                                     (0.297)            (0.266)
```

##			
## factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_1	0.147		
##	(0.236)		
##			
## factor(region)South:tier_diff_1	0.289		
##	(0.240)		
##			
## factor(region)West:tier_diff_1	0.128		
##	(0.209)		
##			
## r_0_50:tier_diff_2	0.624**		
##	(0.310)		
##			
## factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_2			
##			
##			
## factor(region)South:tier_diff_2	-0.026		
##	(0.255)		
##			
## factor(region)West:tier_diff_2			
##			
##			
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:same_tier	-0.517		
##	(0.426)		
##			
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:same_tier	-0.162	0.282	
##	(0.455)	(0.400)	
##			
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:same_tier	-0.004		
##	(0.349)		
##			
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_1	-0.378		
##	(0.467)		
##			
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:tier_diff_1	-0.416		
##	(0.478)		
##			
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:tier_diff_1	-0.316		
##	(0.374)		
##			
## r_0_50:factor(region)Northeast:tier_diff_2			
##			
##			
## r_0_50:factor(region)South:tier_diff_2	0.215		
##	(0.506)		
##			
## r_0_50:factor(region)West:tier_diff_2			
##			
##			
## Constant	14.796***	14.721***	
##	(0.132)	(0.118)	
##			
## -----			
## Observations	3,785	964	

```
## R2                                0.086                                0.049
## Adjusted R2                       0.079                                0.036
## Residual Std. Error                0.760 (df = 3757)                0.771 (df = 950)
## F Statistic                       13.092*** (df = 27; 3757) 3.745*** (df = 13; 950)
## =====
## Note:                                *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01
```

Check conditions of Normality of Residuals, Homoskedasticity, Linearity , No Perfect Multicollinearity, Independence of Residuals

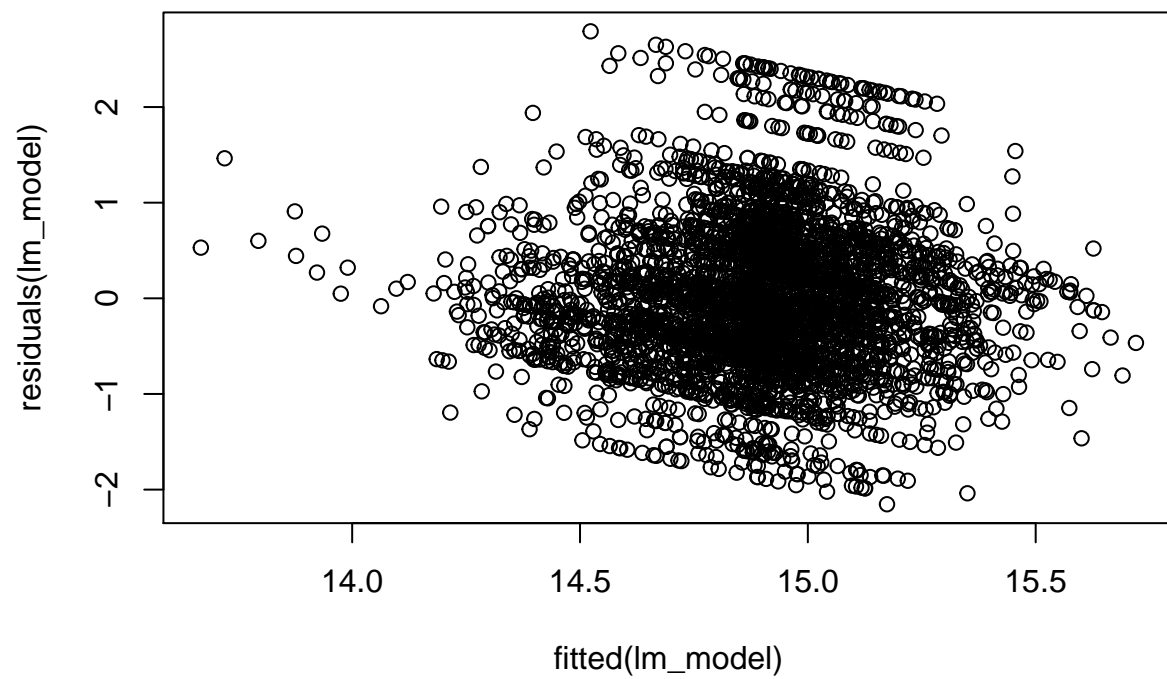
```
for (i in 1:length(region_mhhinc_lm_models_train)) {
  lm_model = region_mhhinc_lm_models_train[[i]]

  # 1. Linearity Check (Visual Inspection)
  plot(residuals(lm_model) ~ fitted(lm_model))

  # 2. Independence Check
  # Durbin-Watson test
  print(durbinWatsonTest(lm_model)[3])

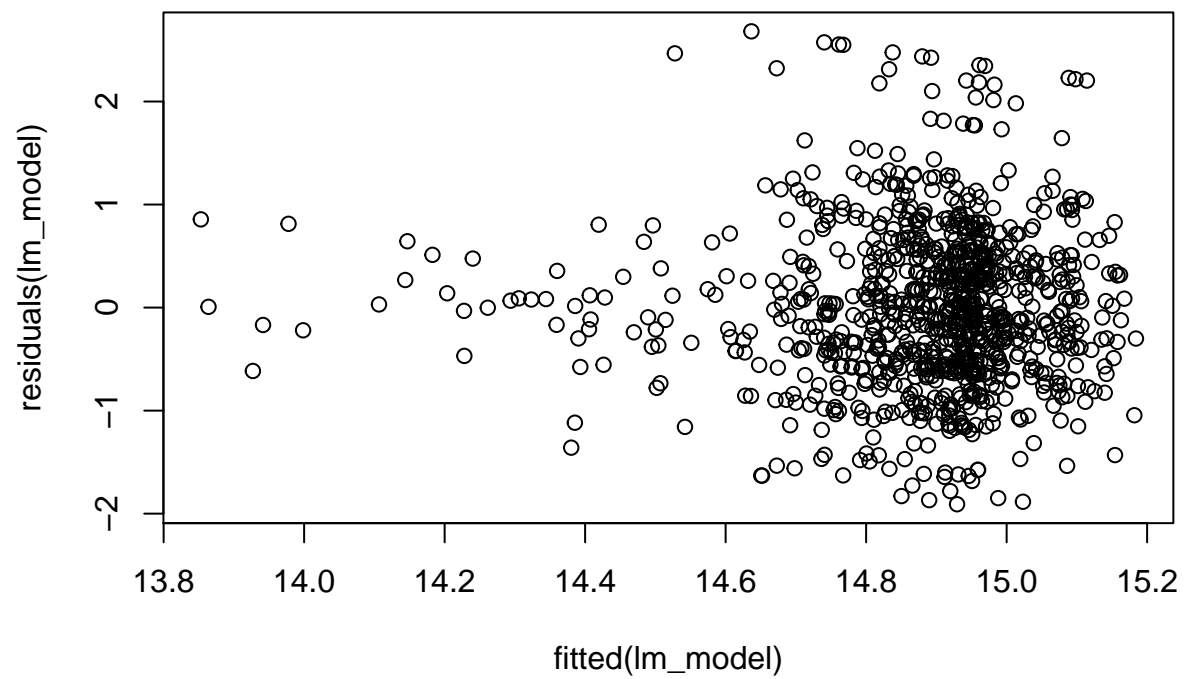
  # 3. Homoscedasticity Check
  # Breusch-Pagan test for Heteroscedasticity
  print(bptest(lm_model)$p.value)

  # 4. Normality of Residuals Check (Visual Inspection)
  hist(residuals(lm_model), main = "Histogram of Residuals")
}
```



```
## $p
## [1] 0.17
##
##          BP
## 2.128747e-06
```

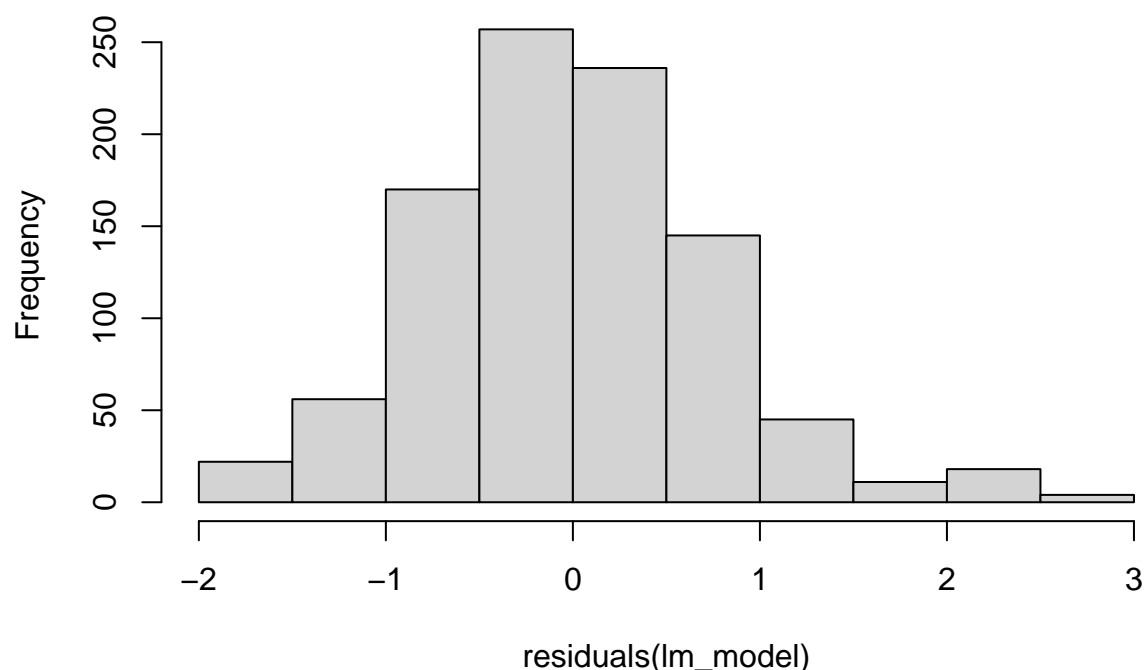




```
## $p
## [1] 0.184
##
##          BP
## 5.430107e-06
```



## Histogram of Residuals



```
# 5. No Perfect Multicollinearity Check
# Variance Inflation Factors (VIF)
vif(lm(log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~ r_0_50 + factor(region) + factor(mhhinc_tiers) , data = all_reg
```

```
## Warning in log(next_week_marginal_cases): NaNs produced
```

```
##              GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## r_0_50        1.050392  1      1.024886
## factor(region) 1.310908  3      1.046153
## factor(mhhinc_tiers) 1.331176  9      1.016019
```

```
# Heteroskedasticity in the urban model --> use robust standard errors
```

## Functions to print significant results

```
# Create function that prints interpretation of coefficients

print_interpretation <- function(coef, wave_val = "every wave", region_val = "whole US", tier_descr_val = "all tiers") {
  if (!is.na(coef) && isTRUE(significant)) {

    # Prep the data frame to calculate appropriate sd
    if (wave_val != "every wave") {
```

```

df = filter(df, wave == as.numeric(gsub("\\D", "", wave_val))) }
if (region_val != "whole US") {
df = filter(df, region == region_val)}
if (tier_descr_val != "are disregarded") {
df = filter(df, tier_descr == tier_descr_val)}

# Calculate sd units
if (pred == "cor_lengths") {
  # factor_value = round(sd(df$cor_lengths, na.rm = TRUE),2)
  # constant sd units
  factor_value = round(sd(all_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves$cor_lengths, na.rm = TRUE))
  pred_type = paste("correlation length (",factor_value , " km)",sep="")
} else {
  # factor_value = round(sd(df$r_0_50, na.rm = TRUE),2)
  factor_value = round(sd(all_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves$r_0_50, na.rm = TRUE), 2)
  pred_type = paste("local correlation (",factor_value,")",sep="")
}

# To Print
cat("- For", county,"across", wave_val, "in the", region_val, "where the median household income ti
cat(" and where mask usage in both counties", usage_descr_val, "a 1 sd increase", pred_type,"\n")
cat(" corresponds to a ", round(coef * factor_value * 100, 2), "% increase in cases in the following
}
}

# Create function that returns coefficient
save_coefficient <- function(interaction) {
  if (!is.na(interaction)) {
    coef <- interaction + coefficients[2]
    return(coef)
  } else {
    return(NA)
  }
}

# Create function to calculate significance of coefficient based on t-statistic
is_significant <- function(coef, se, threshold = 2.57) {
  if (!is.na(coef) && !is.na(se)) {
    # Calculate t-statistic
    t_stat <- coef / se
    # Check if absolute value of t-statistic exceeds threshold for significance
    return(t_stat > threshold) # for 99% confidence
  } else {
    return(FALSE) # Treat missing values as not significant
  }
}

```

## Interpretations

```

# Iterate over Regions and Tier diff dummies
for (x in 1:length(region_mhhinc_lm_models_train)) {
  lm_model <- region_mhhinc_lm_models_train[[x]]

```

```

if (x == 1) {
  county <- "all counties"
  df = all_region_mhhinc_weekly_localcor
} else {
  county <- "urban counties"
  df = urban_region_mhhinc_weekly_localcor
}

# Get stats
coefficients <- coef(lm_model)
coef_names <- names(coef(lm_model))
se <- sqrt(diag(vcovHC(lm_model)))
se_named <- rep(NA, length(coef_names))
se_named[names(se)] <- se
st_errors <- se_named[coef_names]

# Initialize values
regions <- c("Northeast", "South", "West", "Midwest")
tier_diff <- c("same_tier", "tier_diff_1", "tier_diff_2", "tier_diff_3")
tier_descr <- c("are the same", "differ by 1", "differ by 2", "differ by 3")
full_coef <- c()
significant <- c()
i <- 1

# Iterate over Regions and Tier diff dummies
for (r in 1:length(regions)) {
  region <- regions[r]
  for (m in 1:length(tier_diff)) {
    tierdiff <- tier_diff[m]
    if (region == "Midwest") {
      partial_interaction_r <- 0
      se_partial_r <- 0
    } else {
      partial_interaction_r <- coefficients[(8 + r)]
      se_partial_r <- st_errors[(8 + r)]
    }
    if (tierdiff == "tier_diff_3") {
      partial_interaction_m <- 0
      se_partial_m <- 0
    } else {
      partial_interaction_m <- coefficients[(4*(m+2))]
      se_partial_m <- st_errors[(4*(m+2))]
    }
    if (tierdiff != "tier_diff_3" & region != "Midwest") {
      full_interaction_rm <- coefficients[paste0("r_0_50:factor(region)", region, ":", tierdiff)]
      se_full_rm <- st_errors[paste0("r_0_50:factor(region)", region, ":", tierdiff)]
    } else {
      full_interaction_rm <- 0
      se_full_rm <- 0
    }
  }

  # Calculate total standard error
  se_total <- sqrt(se_partial_r^2 + se_partial_m^2 + se_full_rm^2 + st_errors[2]^2)

```

```

    # Store coefficient information
    interaction <- partial_interaction_r + partial_interaction_m + full_interaction_rm
    full_coef[i] <- save_coefficient(interaction)

    # Print interpretation and significance
    significant[i] <- is_significant(as.numeric(full_coef[i]), as.numeric((se_total)))
    print_interpretation(full_coef[i], wave= "every wave", region, tier_descr[m], significant[i], pred
    i <- i + 1
  }
}
}

```

```

## - For all counties across every wave in the Midwest where the median household income tiers are the
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 21.09% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the Midwest where the median household income tiers differ by
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 24.7% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For urban counties across every wave in the Midwest where the median household income tiers differ
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 15.1% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE

```

Regional and equality level effects are significant in the South and Midwest across every wave. Slightly stronger effects in the South than the midwest among counties of similar median household income tier. Effects are not as discernible among Urban counties. We don't have enough data to calculate correlation length but local correlation is an effective metric here.

## Wave Models

### Prepare Model Combinations

```

# Data sets: (1) all counties & (2) urban counties
datasets = list(all_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves, urban_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves)
df_names = c("all", "urban")

# Predictor: (1) correlation length & (2) log(local correlation)
predictor = c("cor_lengths", "r_0_50")
pred_names = c("corlength", "localcor")

```

### Generate Models

```

wave_lm_models <- list()

for (d in 1:length(datasets)) {
  df = datasets[[d]]
  for (p in 1:length(predictor)) {
    # Create the formula by including wave_1 and wave_2 as covariates

```

```

lm_formula <- as.formula(paste("log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~", paste(predictor[p], "*factor(wave)"))

# Fit the linear model
lm_model <- lm(lm_formula, data = df)

# Generate a name for the model object
model_name <- paste(df_names[d], "_", pred_names[p], "_waves", sep = "")

# Save the model to the list
wave_lm_models[[model_name]] <- lm_model
}
}
names(wave_lm_models)

```

```

## [1] "all_corlength_waves"    "all_localcor_waves"    "urban_corlength_waves"
## [4] "urban_localcor_waves"

```

## Training/Testing Models

```

# Set seed for reproducibility
set.seed(1)

# Create an empty list to store the models
wave_lm_models_train <- list()

# Iterate over every combination of data, predictor, and covariates
for (d in 1:length(datasets)) {
  df <- datasets[[d]]

  # Create indices for train-test split
  n_obs <- nrow(df)
  train_indices <- sample(1:n_obs, size = round(train_ratio * n_obs), replace = FALSE)
  test_indices <- setdiff(1:n_obs, train_indices)

  # Split the data into train and test sets
  train_df <- df[train_indices, ]
  test_df <- df[test_indices, ]

  for (p in 1:length(predictor)) {
    # Create the formula
    lm_formula <- as.formula(paste("log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~", paste(predictor[p], "*factor(wave)"))

    # Fit linear model on the training data
    lm_model_train <- lm(lm_formula, data = train_df)

    # Generate a name for the model object
    model_name_train <- paste(df_names[d], "_", pred_names[p], "_waves_train", sep = "")

    # Save the train model to the list
    wave_lm_models_train[[model_name_train]] <- lm_model_train
  }
}

```

```

# Apply the trained model to the test data and make predictions
test_predictions <- predict(lm_model_train, newdata = test_df)

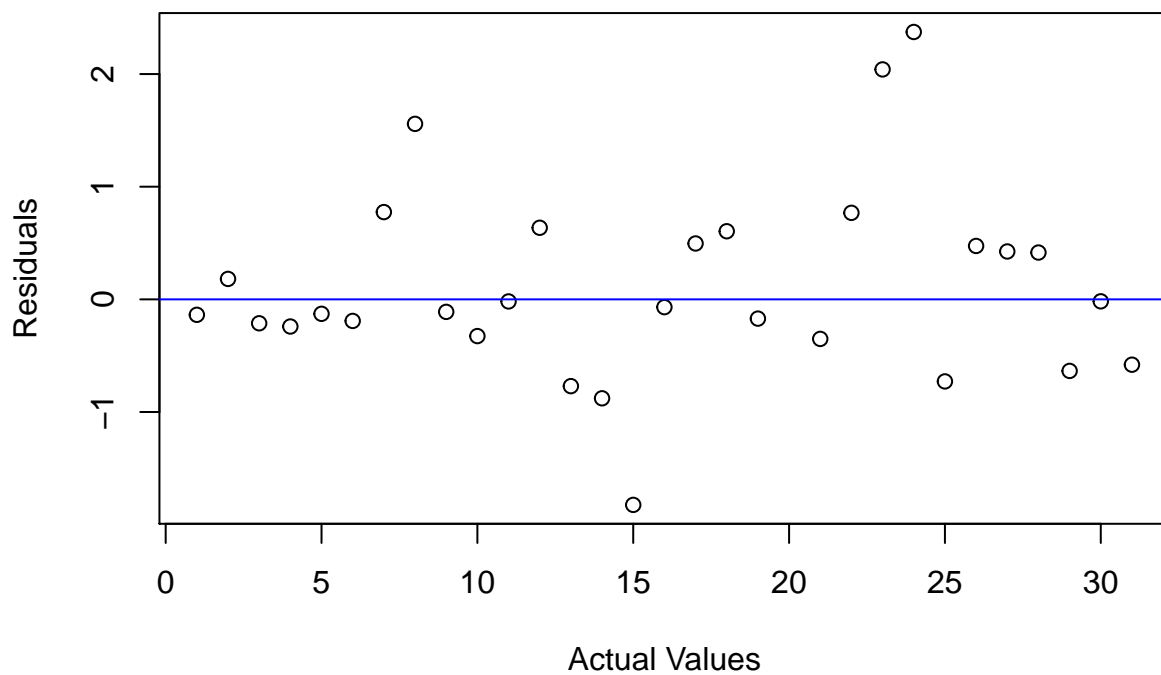
# Calculate residuals using predictions from the test dataset
residuals <- log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases) - test_predictions

# Create residual plot
plot(1:length(residuals), residuals,
     main = paste("Residual Plot for", model_name_train),
     xlab = "Actual Values",
     ylab = "Residuals")
abline(h = 0, col = "blue")

# Check if the mean of residuals is less than the standard deviation of the data
print(mean(abs(residuals), na.rm = TRUE) < sd(log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases), na.rm = TRUE))
}
}

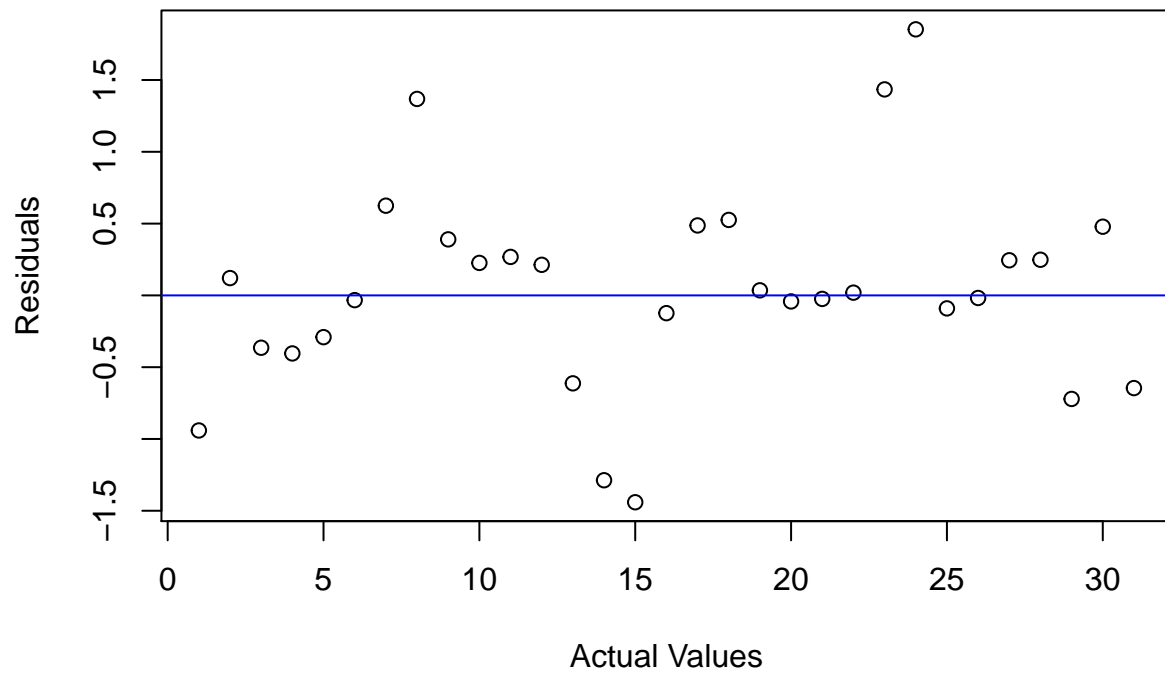
```

**Residual Plot for all\_corlength\_waves\_train**



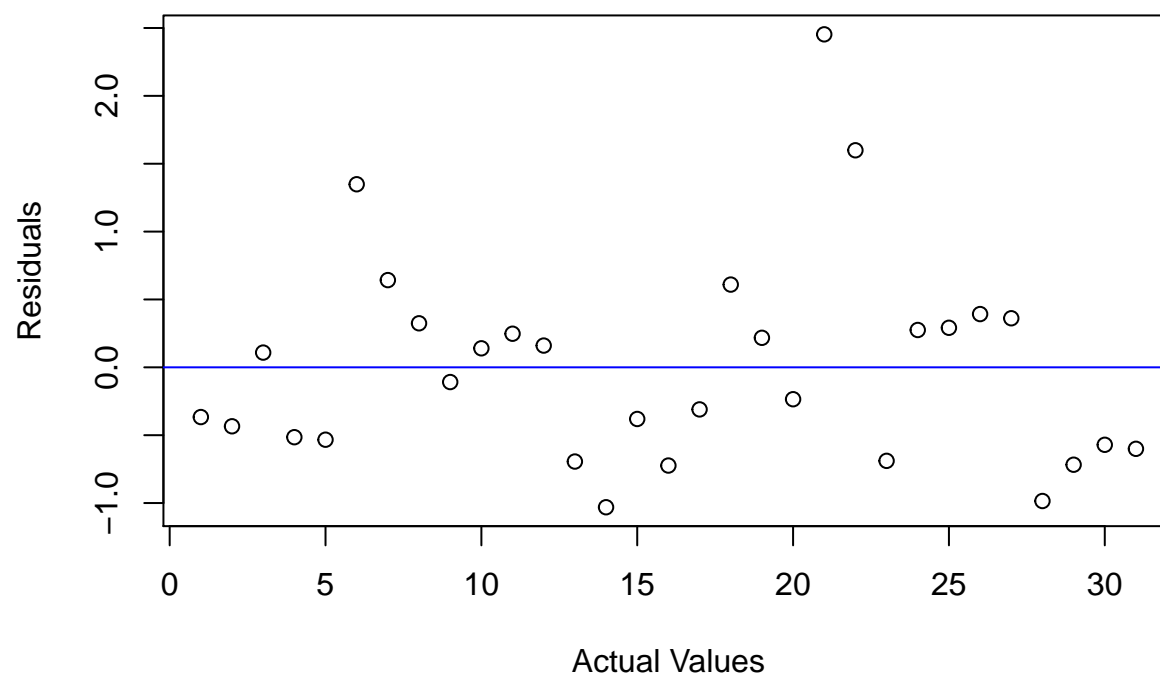
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for all\_localcor\_waves\_train**



## [1] TRUE

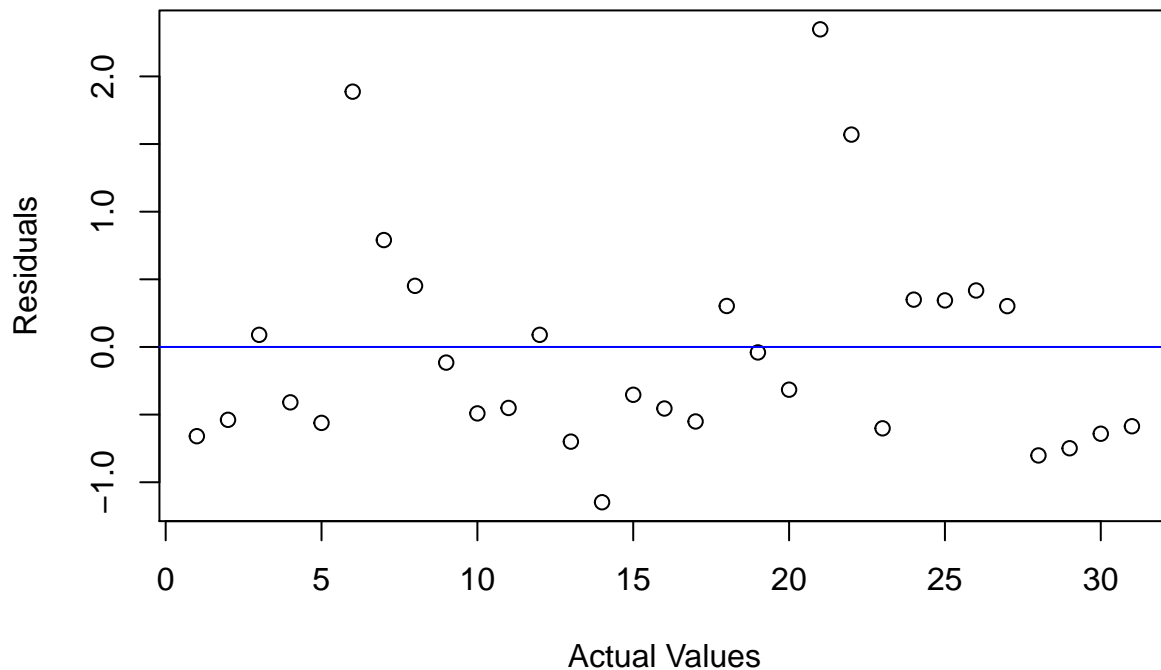
**Residual Plot for urban\_corlength\_waves\_train**



```
## [1] TRUE
```



## Residual Plot for urban\_localcor\_waves\_train



```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
# Print the names of the models  
names(wave_lm_models_train)
```

```
## [1] "all_corlength_waves_train"  "all_localcor_waves_train"  
## [3] "urban_corlength_waves_train" "urban_localcor_waves_train"
```

## View Model Summaries

```
for (m in 1:length(wave_lm_models_train)) {  
  print(summary(wave_lm_models_train[[m]]))  
}
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)  
##  
## Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max   
## -1.1534 -0.4779 -0.1766  0.3237  2.4271   
##  
## Coefficients:
```

```

##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      13.5039978  0.3554354  37.993 < 2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths       0.0016838  0.0004696   3.586 0.000501 ***
## factor(wave)2     -0.1228400  0.5839381  -0.210 0.833769
## factor(wave)3       1.3932172  0.4415257   3.155 0.002063 **
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2  0.0005782  0.0007737   0.747 0.456498
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3 -0.0015842  0.0006219  -2.547 0.012225 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6973 on 111 degrees of freedom
## (9 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2152, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1799
## F-statistic: 6.088 on 5 and 111 DF, p-value: 5.087e-05
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.33926 -0.36152 -0.07113  0.36071  2.29755
##
## Coefficients:
##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      13.7003     0.3053  44.879 < 2e-16 ***
## r_0_50           2.1136     0.5989   3.529 0.000595 ***
## factor(wave)2     -0.2178     0.5871  -0.371 0.711357
## factor(wave)3       0.1995     0.3940   0.506 0.613542
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2  0.3812     0.9970   0.382 0.702880
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3  0.1886     0.7803   0.242 0.809395
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6462 on 118 degrees of freedom
## (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2907, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2607
## F-statistic: 9.673 on 5 and 118 DF, p-value: 9.245e-08
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.90519 -0.45514 -0.00565  0.30482  2.39813
##
## Coefficients:
##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      13.4807249  0.2831411  47.611 < 2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths       0.0015891  0.0004973   3.195 0.00179 **
## factor(wave)2     0.3184360  0.3933956   0.809 0.41988
## factor(wave)3     0.9123309  0.3429313   2.660 0.00889 **
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2 -0.0001203  0.0007115  -0.169 0.86597

```

```
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3 -0.0010925 0.0006500 -1.681 0.09545 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7269 on 118 degrees of freedom
## (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1662, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1308
## F-statistic: 4.702 on 5 and 118 DF, p-value: 0.0005949
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.4674 -0.4787 -0.1331  0.3335  2.3881
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      13.0004      0.6858  18.955 <2e-16 ***
## r_0_50             1.8351      0.9578   1.916  0.0578 .
## factor(wave)2      -0.8971      0.8939  -1.004  0.3176
## factor(wave)3       1.0560      0.8463   1.248  0.2146
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2  1.3599      1.2139   1.120  0.2649
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3 -1.0830      1.1771  -0.920  0.3594
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7184 on 118 degrees of freedom
## (2 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1855, Adjusted R-squared: 0.151
## F-statistic: 5.376 on 5 and 118 DF, p-value: 0.0001728
```

```
# stargazer table for all_corlengths_region and urban_corlengths_region
# (1) is all
# (2) is urban
stargazer(
  c(wave_lm_models_train[1], wave_lm_models_train[3]),
  type = "text",
  title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length with Waves"
)
```

```
##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length with Waves
## =====
##                               Dependent variable:
##                               -----
##                               log(next_week_marginal_cases)
##                               (1)                (2)
## -----
## cor_lengths                0.002***            0.002***
##                               (0.0005)            (0.0005)
##
## factor(wave)2                -0.123              0.318
```

```
## (0.584) (0.393)
##
## factor(wave)3 1.393*** 0.912***
## (0.442) (0.343)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2 0.001 -0.0001
## (0.001) (0.001)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3 -0.002** -0.001*
## (0.001) (0.001)
##
## Constant 13.504*** 13.481***
## (0.355) (0.283)
##
## -----
## Observations 117 124
## R2 0.215 0.166
## Adjusted R2 0.180 0.131
## Residual Std. Error 0.697 (df = 111) 0.727 (df = 118)
## F Statistic 6.088*** (df = 5; 111) 4.702*** (df = 5; 118)
## =====
## Note: *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01
```

```
# all_localcor_wave_region and urban_localcor_wave_region
# (1) is all
# (2) is urban
stargazer(
  c(wave_lm_models_train[2], wave_lm_models_train[4]),
  type = 'text',
  title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation with Waves"
)
```

```
##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation with Waves
## =====
## Dependent variable:
## -----
## log(next_week_marginal_cases)
## (1) (2)
## -----
## r_0_50 2.114*** 1.835*
## (0.599) (0.958)
##
## factor(wave)2 -0.218 -0.897
## (0.587) (0.894)
##
## factor(wave)3 0.200 1.056
## (0.394) (0.846)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2 0.381 1.360
## (0.997) (1.214)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3 0.189 -1.083
## (0.780) (1.177)
```

```
##
## Constant                13.700***      13.000***
##                        (0.305)      (0.686)
##
## -----
## Observations              124          124
## R2                       0.291          0.186
## Adjusted R2              0.261          0.151
## Residual Std. Error (df = 118) 0.646          0.718
## F Statistic (df = 5; 118)   9.673***      5.376***
## =====
## Note:                    *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01
```

Check conditions of Normality of Residuals, Homoskedasticity, Linearity , No Perfect Multicollinearity, Independence of Residuals

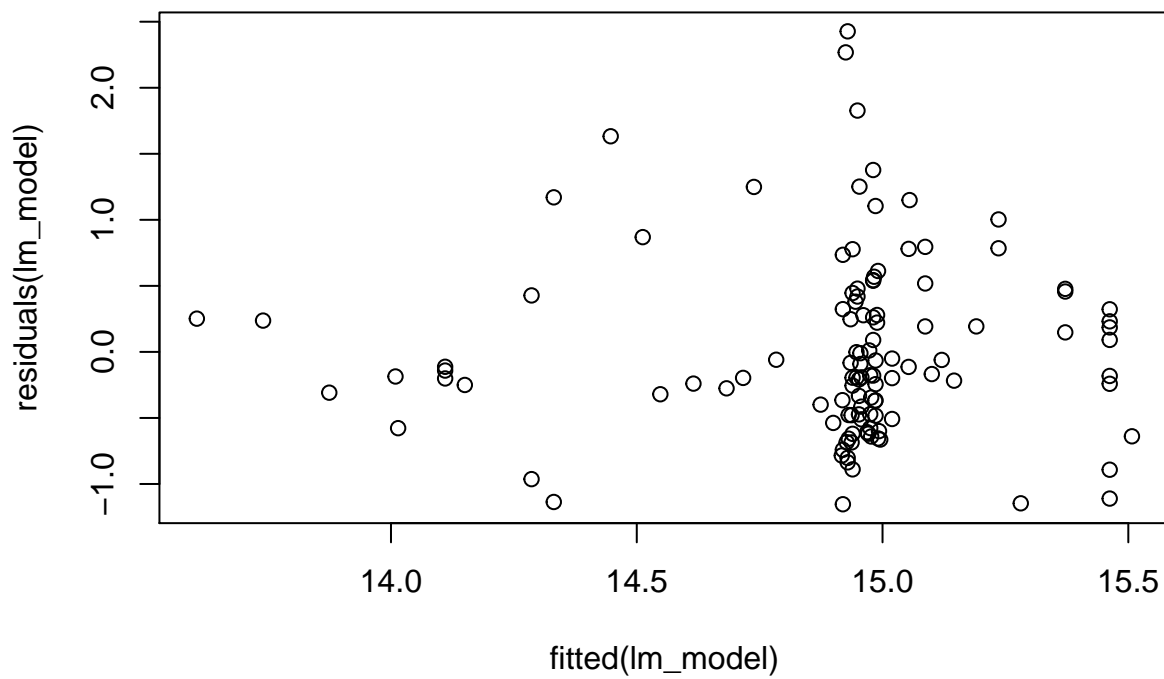
```
for (i in 1:length(wave_lm_models_train)) {
  lm_model = wave_lm_models_train[[i]]

  # Linearity Check (Visual Inspection)
  plot(residuals(lm_model) ~ fitted(lm_model))

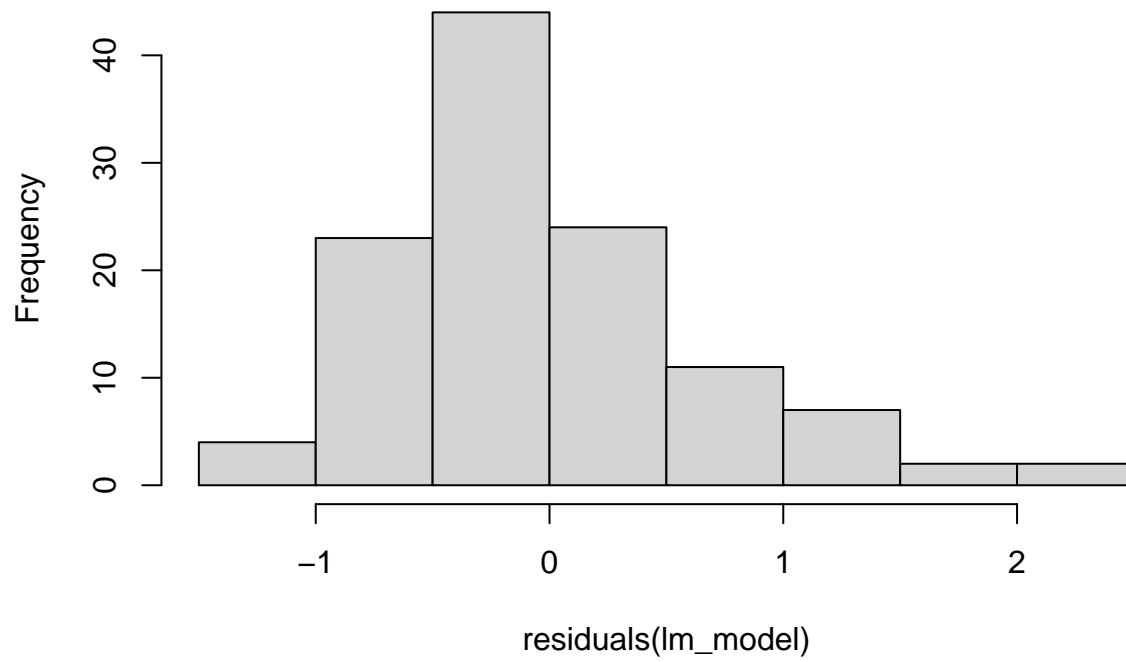
  # 2. Independence Check
  # Durbin-Watson test
  durbinWatsonTest(lm_model)

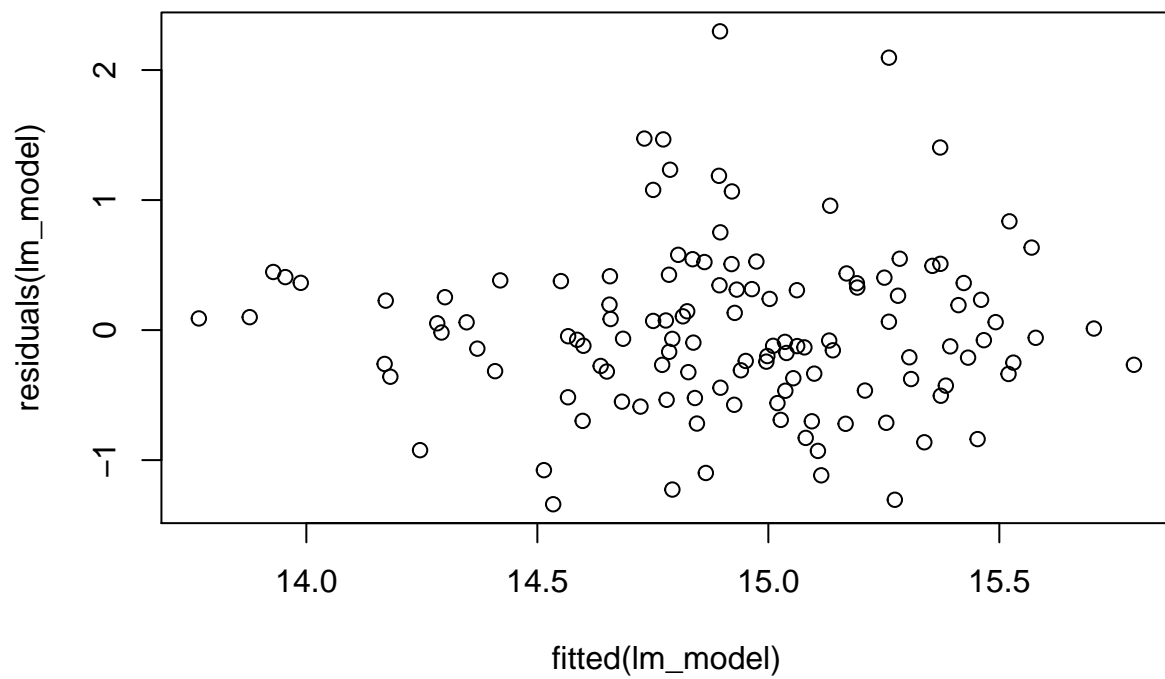
  # 3. Homoscedasticity Check (Visual Inspection)
  # Breusch-Pagan test for Heteroscedasticity
  bptest(lm_model)

  # 4. Normality of Residuals Check
  # Histogram of residuals
  hist(residuals(lm_model), main = "Histogram of Residuals")
}
```



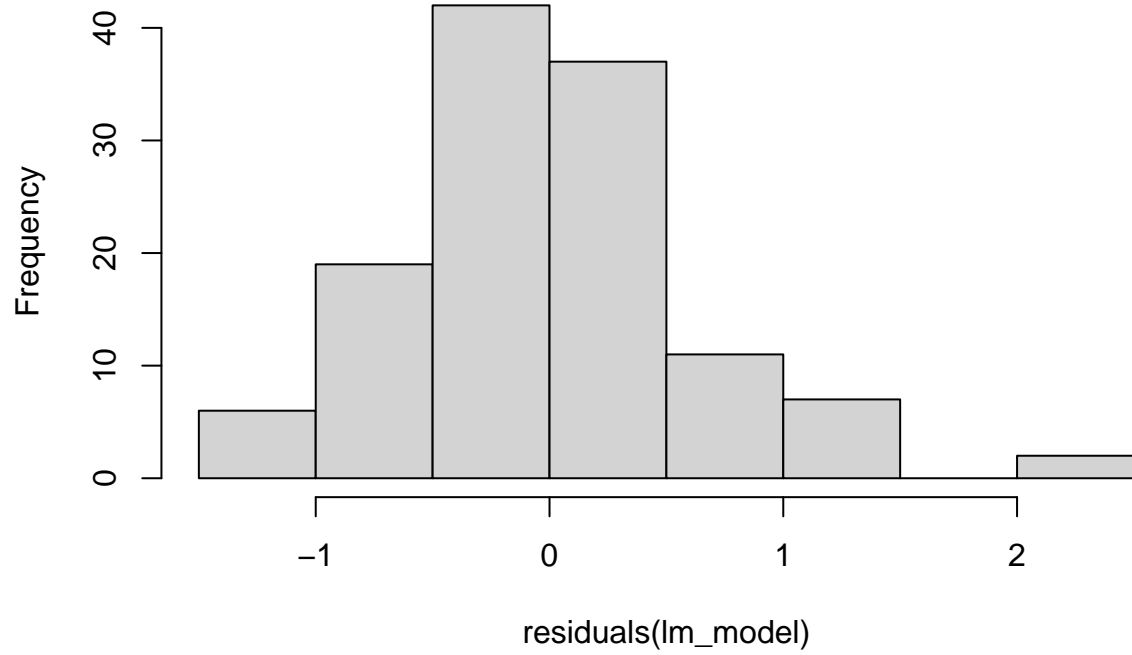
**Histogram of Residuals**

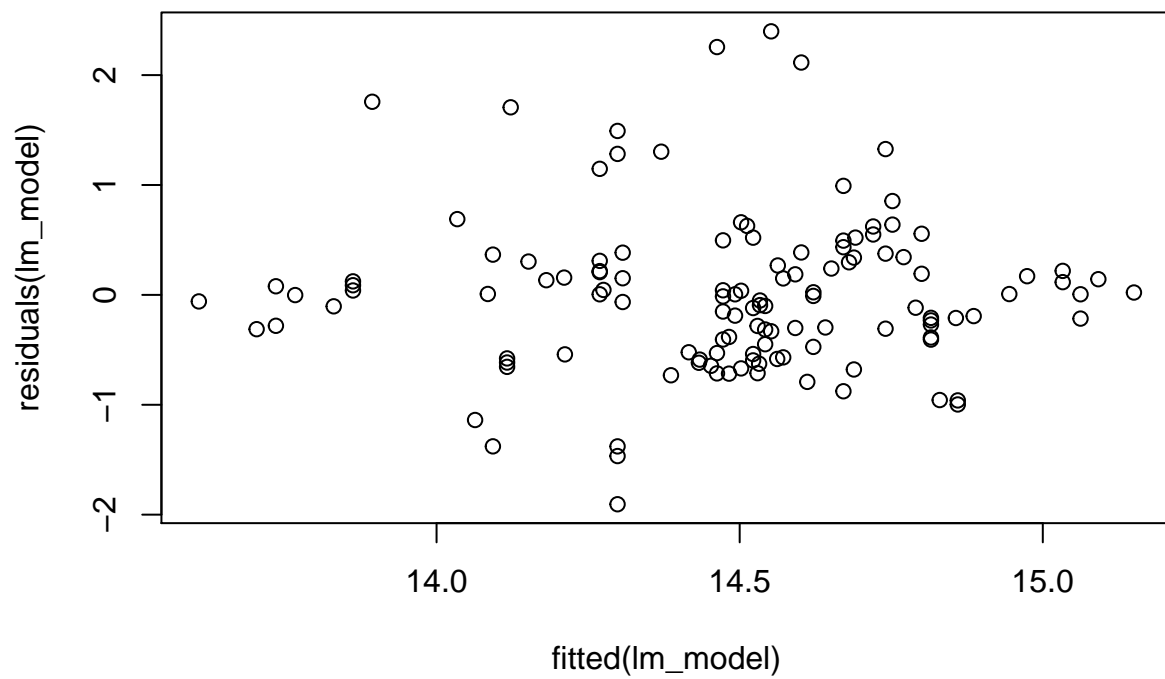




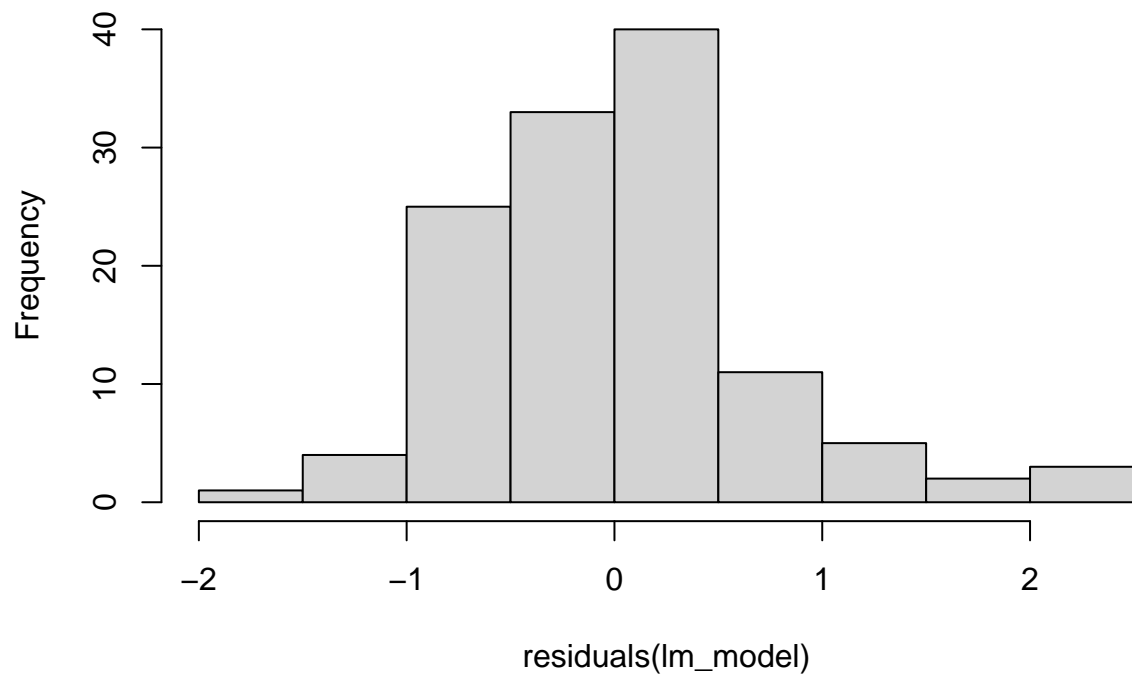


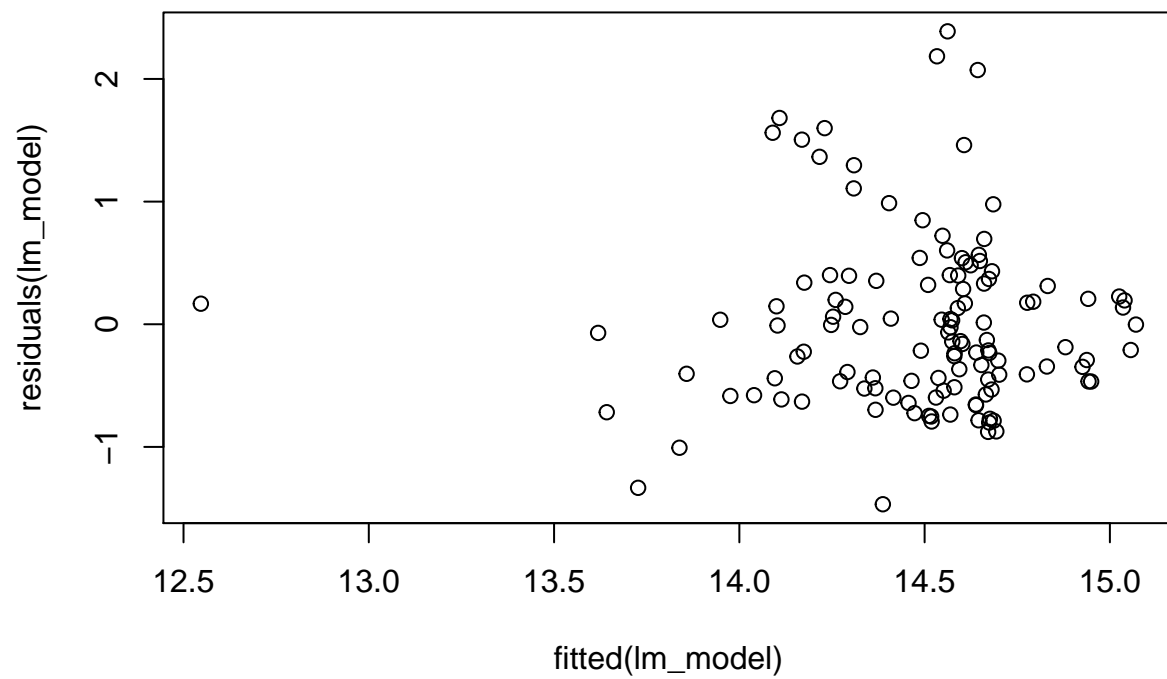
**Histogram of Residuals**

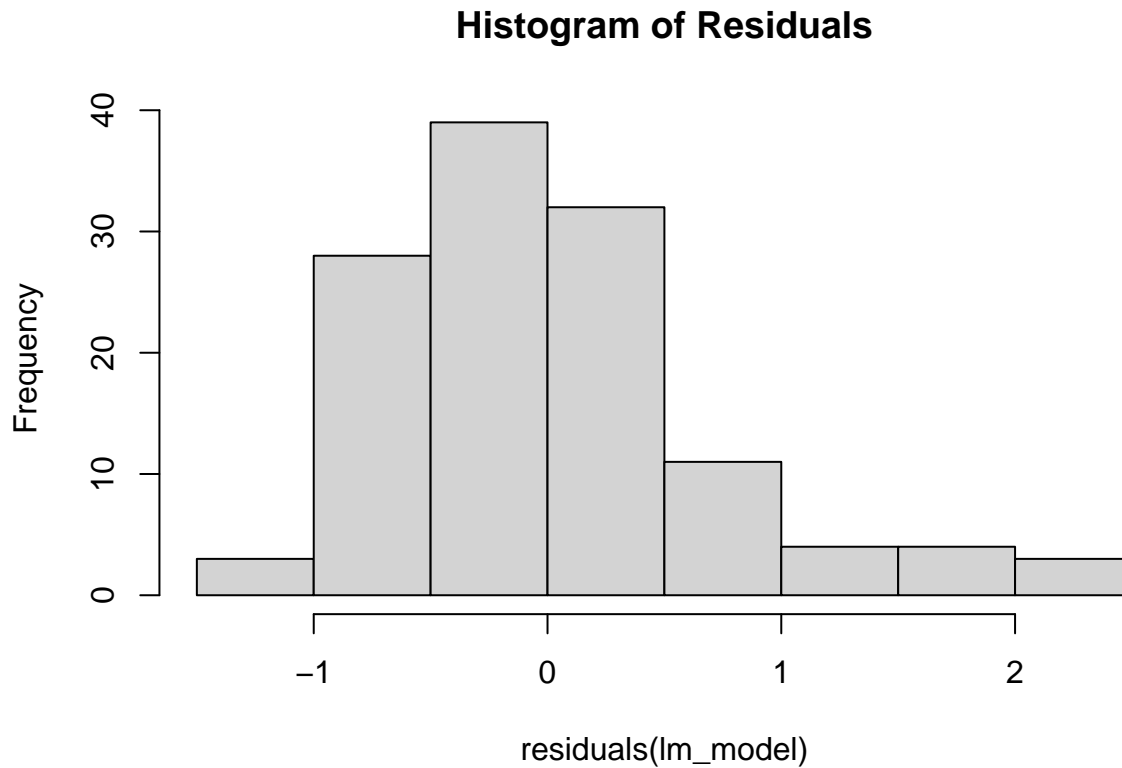




**Histogram of Residuals**







```
# Non-linearity in all_corlength_waves and urban_localcor_waves
```

## Interpretations

### Print Significant Results

```
# Lauren's

print_significant_wave_interpretations <- function(models) {
  for (i in 1:length(models)) {
    model <- models[[i]]
    coefficients <- summary(model)$coefficients

    # Print significant wave coefficients at 0.05 significance level
    for (wave in 2:3) {
      coef_name <- paste("factor(wave)", wave, sep="")
      if (coef_name %in% rownames(coefficients)) {
        coef_val <- coefficients[coef_name, "Estimate"]
        p_value <- coefficients[coef_name, "Pr(>|t|)"]

        if (p_value < 0.05) {
          percent_change <- round(coef_val * 100, 2)

          cat("- Among all", ifelse(i <= 2, "all", "urban"), "counties in wave", wave, "\n")
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```

        cat("a 1 unit increase in wave ", wave, " corresponds to a ",
            percent_change, "% change in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE\n\n", sep = "
    }
  }
}
}
print_significant_wave_interpretations(wave_lm_models)

```

```

## - Among all all counties in wave 3
## a 1 unit increase in wave 3 corresponds to a 124.92% change in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
##
## - Among all urban counties in wave 3
## a 1 unit increase in wave 3 corresponds to a 95.24% change in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE

```

```

# Initialize values
predictor <- c("cor_lengths", "r_0_50")
waves <- c("wave 1", "wave 2", "wave 3")
full_coef = c()
significant = c()
i=1

# Iterate over Regions and Wave dummies
for (model in 1:length(wave_lm_models_train)) {

  # Get model stats
  lm_model = wave_lm_models_train[[model]]
  coefficients <- coef(lm_model)
  coef_names <- names(coef(lm_model))

  # Get stats
  # se <- summary(lm_model)$coefficients[, "Std. Error"] use robust SE's
  se <- sqrt(diag(vcovHC(lm_model)))
  se_named <- rep(NA, length(coef_names))
  se_named[names(se)] <- se
  st_errors <- se_named[coef_names]

  # Based on model, decide if urban or all county df
  if (model <=2) {
    county = "all counties"
    df = all_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves
  } else {
    county = "urban counties"
    df = urban_weekly_spatial_metrics_waves
  }

  # Based on model, choose cor_length or local_cor as predictor
  if (model %in% c(1,3)) {pred = predictor[1]}
  else {pred = predictor[2]}

  # Iterate over each wave model
  for (w in 1:length(waves)) {
    wave <- waves[w]
    if (wave != "wave 1") {

```

```

    full_interaction_w <- coefficients[paste0(pred, ":factor(wave)", w)]
    se_full_w <- st_errors[paste0(pred, ":factor(wave)", w)]
  } else {
    full_interaction_w <- 0
    se_full_w <- 0}
  # Calculate total standard error
  se_total <- sqrt(se_full_w^2 + st_errors[2]^2)
  # Store coefficient information
  interaction <- full_interaction_w

  # Store coefficient
  full_coef[i] <- save_coefficient(interaction)

  # Print interpretation and significance
  significant[i] <- is_significant(as.numeric(full_coef[i]), as.numeric(se_total))
  print_interpretation(full_coef[i], wave, "whole US", "are disregarded", significant[i], pred, count)
  i <- i + 1
}}

```

```

## - For all counties across wave 1 in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 41.09% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across wave 2 in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 55.19% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across wave 1 in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 38.04% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across wave 3 in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 41.44% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For urban counties across wave 1 in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 38.77% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For urban counties across wave 1 in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 33.03% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For urban counties across wave 2 in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 57.51% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE

```

## Region + Wave Models

### Prepare Model Combinations

```

# Data sets: (1) all counties & (2) urban counties
datasets = list(all_regional_weekly_spatial_metrics, urban_regional_weekly_spatial_metrics)
df_names = c("all", "urban")

# Predictor: (1) correlation length & (2) local correlation

```

```

predictor = c("cor_lengths", "r_0_50") #unlog local cor
predictor_names = c("corlengths", "localcor")

# Covariates (1) mhhinc & (2) mhhinc + wave
covariates = list(c("*factor(wave)*northeast", "*factor(wave)*midwest", "*factor(wave)*south"),
                  c("*northeast", "*midwest", "*south"))
var_names = c("wave_region", "region")

```

## Generate Models

```

# Create an empty list to store the models
region_lm_models <- list()

# Iterate of every combination of data, predictor, and covariates
for (d in 1:length(datasets)) {
  df = datasets[d][[1]]
  for (p in 1:length(predictor)) {
    for (c in 1:length(covariates)) {
      interactions = c()
      for (i in 1:length(covariates[[c]])) {
        interactions[i] <- paste(predictor[p], covariates[[c]][i])
      }

      # Create the formula
      lm_formula <- as.formula(paste("log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~", paste(unlist(interactions), col.

      # Fit the linear model
      lm_model <- lm(lm_formula, data = df)

      # Generate a name for the model object
      model_name <- paste(df_names[d], "_", predictor_names[p], "_", var_names[c], sep = "")

      # Save the model to the list
      region_lm_models[[model_name]] <- lm_model
    }
  }

print(names(region_lm_models))

```

```

## [1] "all_corlengths_wave_region" "all_corlengths_region"
## [3] "all_localcor_wave_region"  "all_localcor_region"
## [5] "urban_corlengths_wave_region" "urban_corlengths_region"
## [7] "urban_localcor_wave_region" "urban_localcor_region"

```

## Training/Testing Models

```

# Set seed for reproducibility
set.seed(1)

# Create an empty list to store the models
region_lm_models_train <- list()

```



```

# Iterate over every combination of data, predictor, and covariates
for (d in 1:length(datasets)) {
  df <- datasets[[d]]

  # Create indices for train-test split
  n_obs <- nrow(df)
  train_indices <- sample(1:n_obs, size = round(train_ratio * n_obs), replace = FALSE)
  test_indices <- setdiff(1:n_obs, train_indices)

  # Split the data into train and test sets
  train_df <- df[train_indices, ]
  test_df <- df[test_indices, ]

  for (p in 1:length(predictor)) {
    for (c in 1:length(covariates)) {
      interactions <- c()
      for (i in 1:length(covariates[[c]])) {
        interactions[i] <- paste(predictor[p], covariates[[c]][i])
      }

      # Create the formula & fit linear model on the training data
      lm_formula <- as.formula(paste("log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~", paste(unlist(interactions), col = " ", sep = " + ")))
      lm_model_train <- lm(lm_formula, data = train_df)

      # Name model and save to list
      model_name_train <- paste(df_names[d], "_", predictor_names[p], "_", var_names[c], "_train", sep = "")
      region_lm_models_train[[model_name_train]] <- lm_model_train

      # Apply the trained model to the test data and make predictions
      test_predictions <- predict(lm_model_train, newdata = test_df)

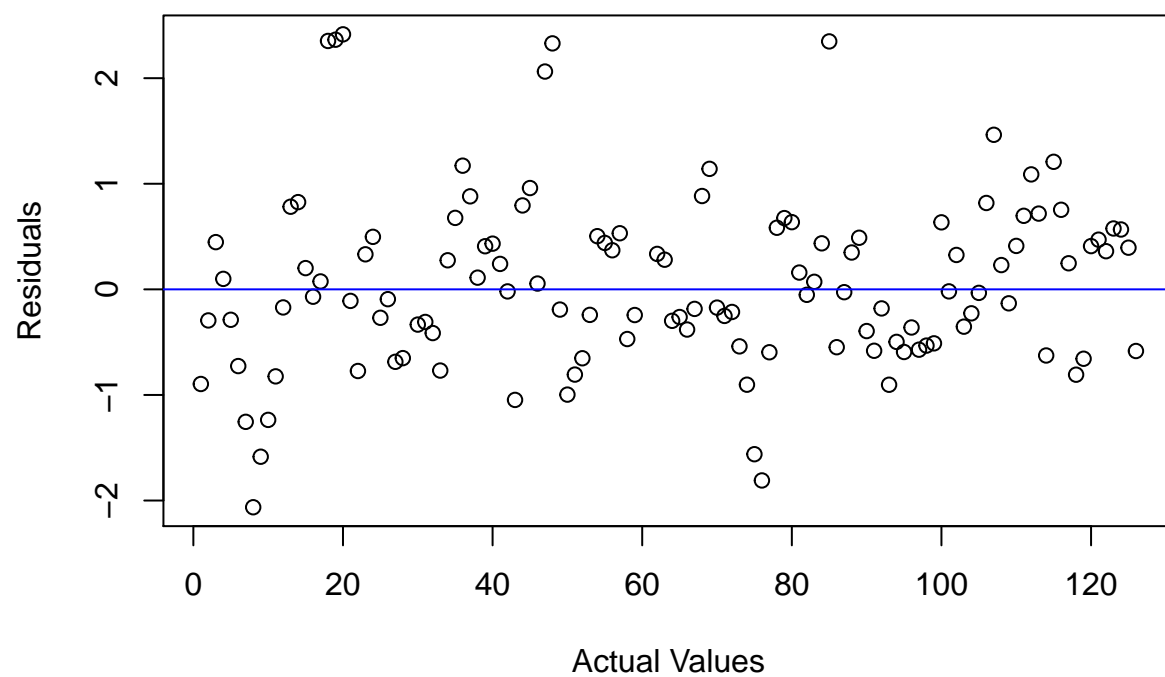
      # Calculate residuals using predictions from the test dataset
      residuals <- log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases) - test_predictions

      # Create residual plot
      plot(1:length(residuals), residuals,
           main = paste("Residual Plot for", model_name_train),
           xlab = "Actual Values",
           ylab = "Residuals")
      abline(h = 0, col = "blue")

      # Check if the mean of residuals is less than the standard deviation of the data
      print(mean(abs(residuals), na.rm = TRUE) < sd(log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases), na.rm = TRUE))
    }
  }
}

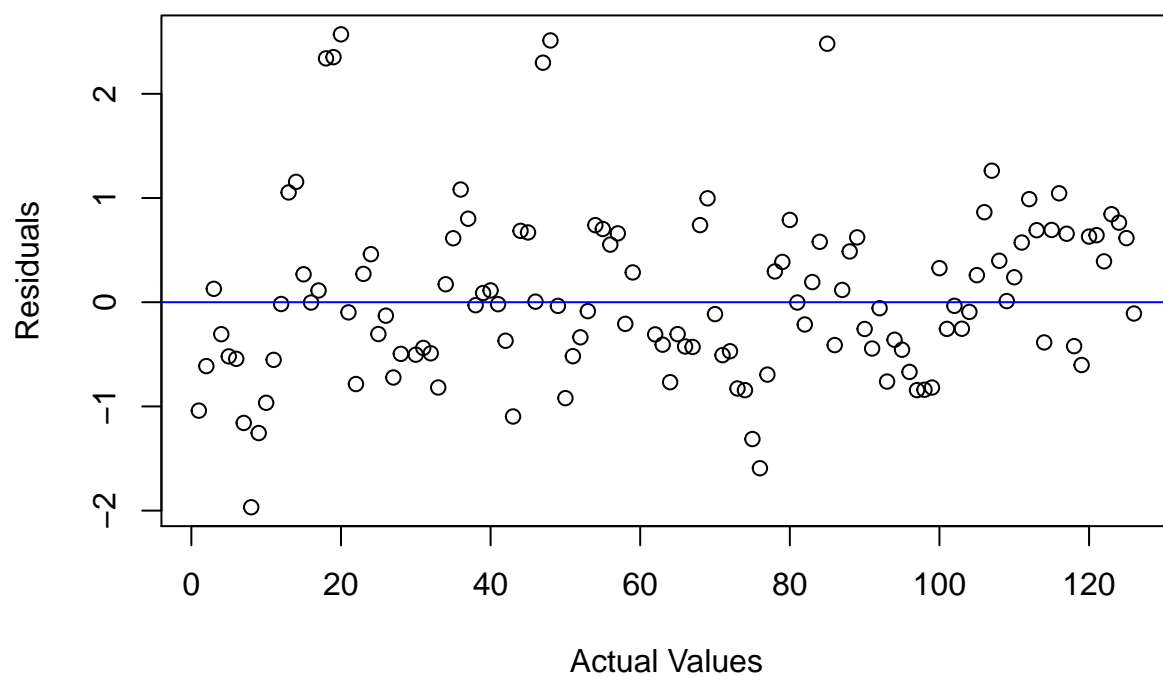
```

**Residual Plot for all\_corlengths\_wave\_region\_train**



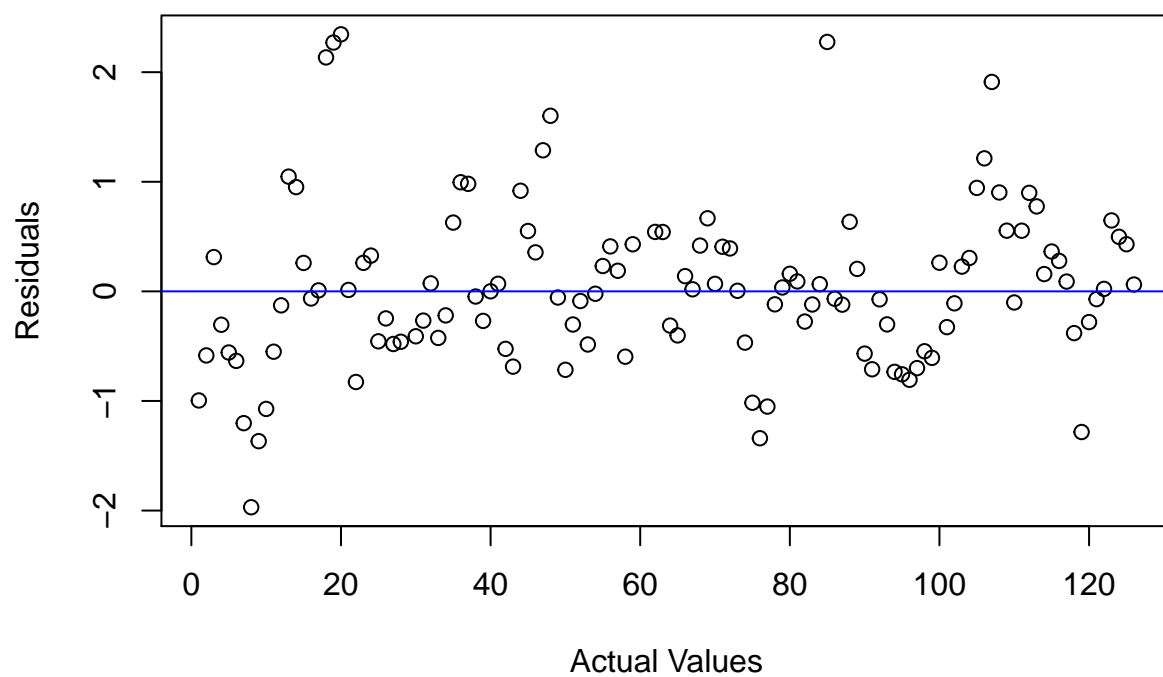
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for all\_corlengths\_region\_train**



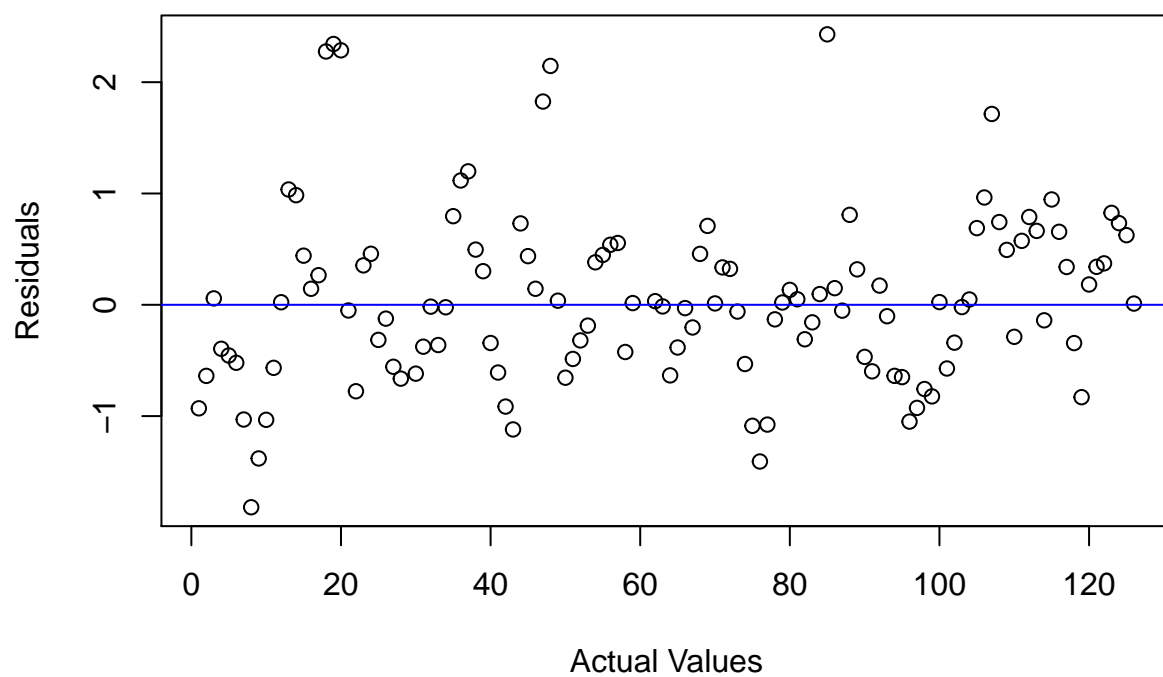
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for all\_localcor\_wave\_region\_train**



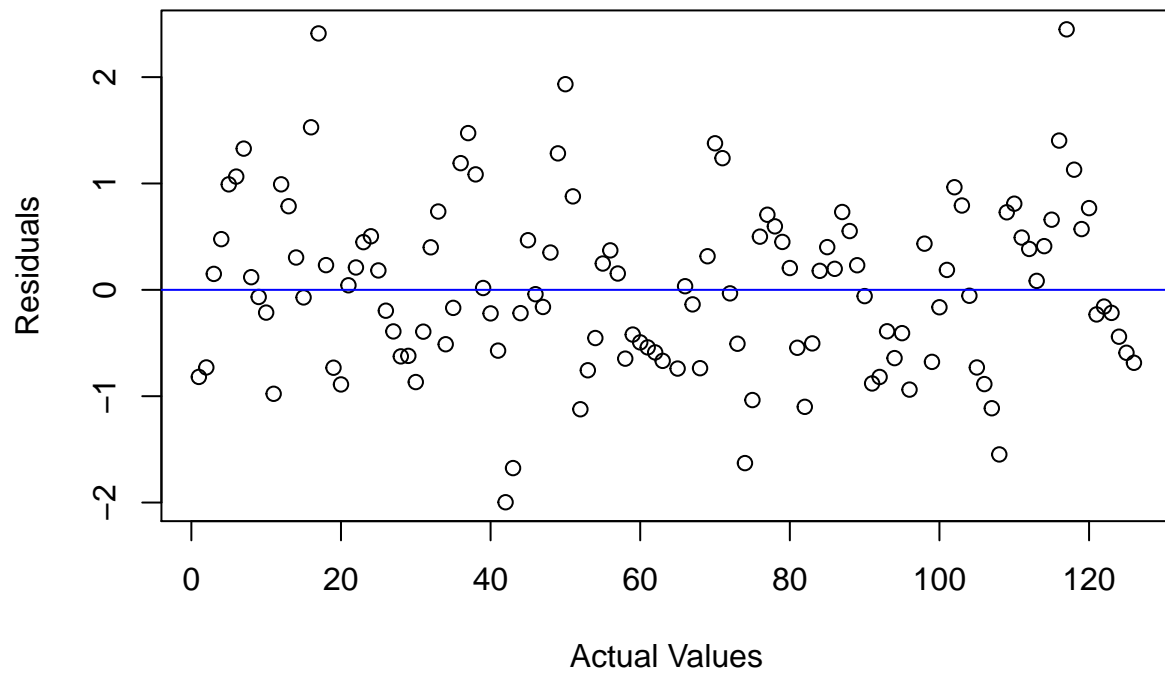
## [1] TRUE

**Residual Plot for all\_localcor\_region\_train**



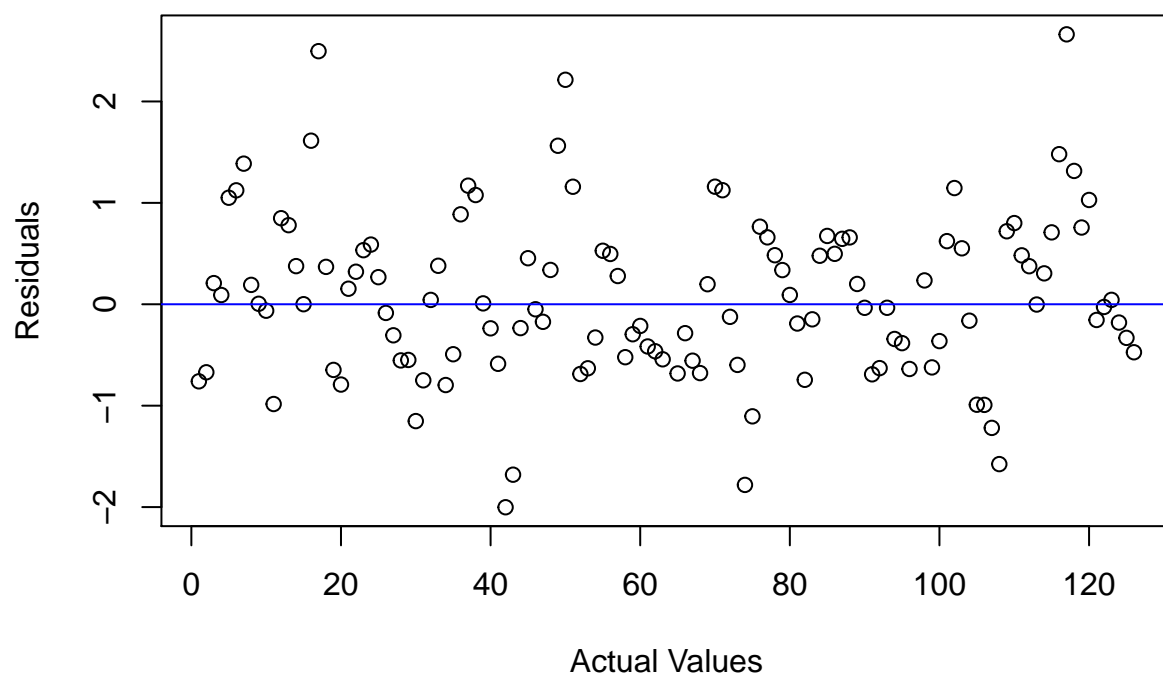
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for urban\_corlengths\_wave\_region\_train**



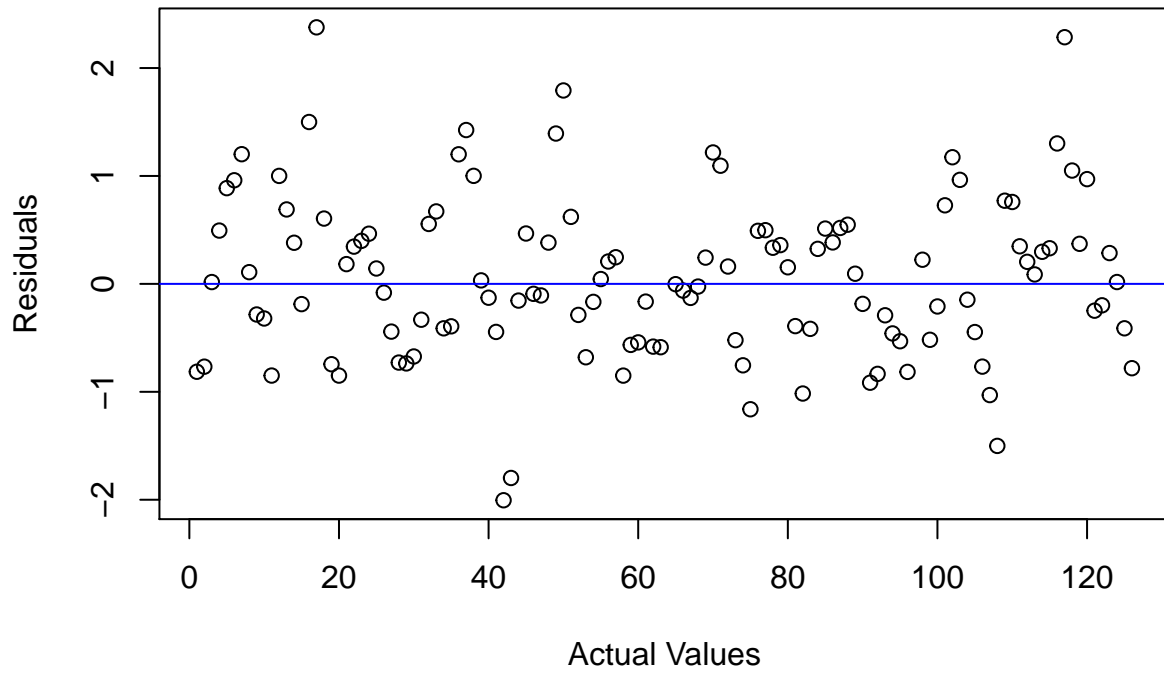
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for urban\_corlengths\_region\_train**



```
## [1] TRUE
```

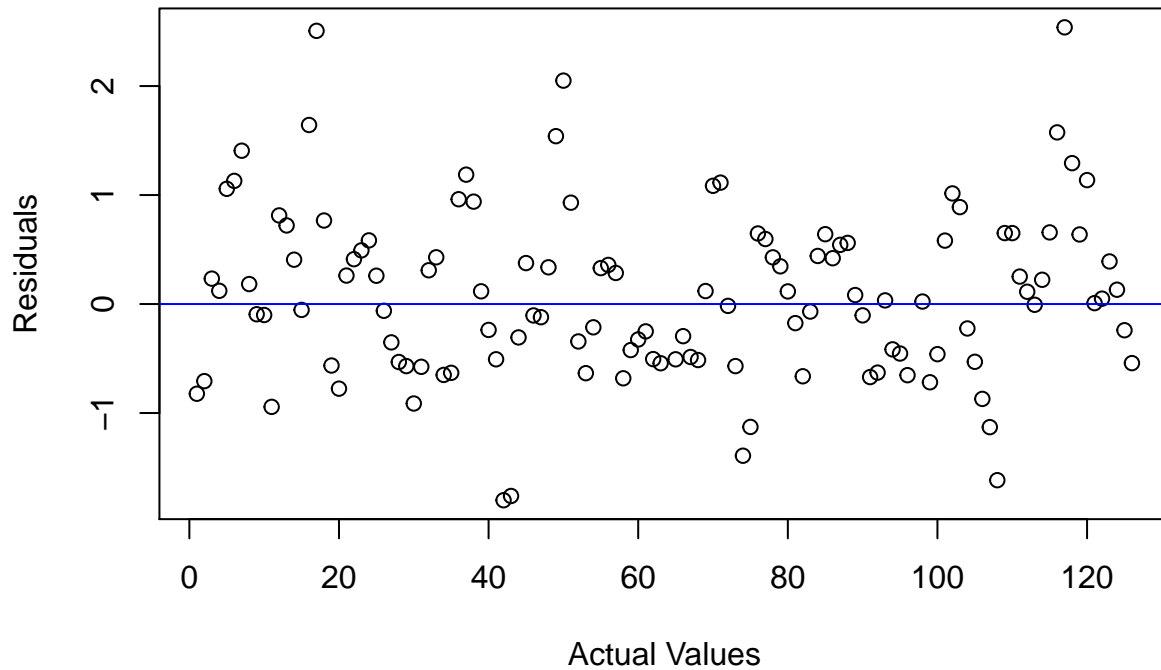
**Residual Plot for urban\_localcor\_wave\_region\_train**



```
## [1] TRUE
```



## Residual Plot for urban\_localcor\_region\_train



```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
# Print the names of the models
names(region_lm_models_train)
```

```
## [1] "all_corlengths_wave_region_train"  "all_corlengths_region_train"
## [3] "all_localcor_wave_region_train"    "all_localcor_region_train"
## [5] "urban_corlengths_wave_region_train" "urban_corlengths_region_train"
## [7] "urban_localcor_wave_region_train"  "urban_localcor_region_train"
```

## View Model Summaries

```
for (m in 1:length(region_lm_models_train)){
  print(summary(region_lm_models_train[[m]]))
}
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
```

```
## -1.88751 -0.47825 -0.06911 0.38750 2.39876
##
## Coefficients:
##
##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      13.9592886   0.2190174   63.736 < 2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths        0.0023446   0.0006328    3.705 0.000236 ***
## factor(wave)2      0.1917868   0.2928022    0.655 0.512784
## factor(wave)3      0.9539634   0.2795121    3.413 0.000698 ***
## northeast        -0.5725131   0.5005887   -1.144 0.253336
## midwest          -0.2294504   0.3522594   -0.651 0.515126
## south            -0.4620469   0.3931436   -1.175 0.240482
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2 -0.0002764 0.0007761   -0.356 0.721876
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3 -0.0020690 0.0007846   -2.637 0.008638 **
## cor_lengths:northeast  0.0047484 0.0024167    1.965 0.050017 .
## factor(wave)2:northeast  1.2714418 0.6861497    1.853 0.064505 .
## factor(wave)3:northeast  0.3149526 0.6080253    0.518 0.604706
## cor_lengths:midwest  0.0007566 0.0010670    0.709 0.478599
## factor(wave)2:midwest -0.7459588 0.5880014   -1.269 0.205197
## factor(wave)3:midwest -0.1282193 0.5404653   -0.237 0.812575
## cor_lengths:south    0.0008116 0.0010409    0.780 0.435925
## factor(wave)2:south    1.2170878 0.5883983    2.068 0.039139 *
## factor(wave)3:south   -0.1138728 0.5026573   -0.227 0.820878
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:northeast -0.0055479 0.0032528   -1.706 0.088745 .
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:northeast -0.0034958 0.0028435   -1.229 0.219537
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:midwest  0.0014449 0.0015307    0.944 0.345669
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:midwest  0.0004029 0.0016205    0.249 0.803775
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:south   -0.0025507 0.0014405   -1.771 0.077254 .
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:south    0.0008644 0.0013220    0.654 0.513514
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.706 on 472 degrees of freedom
## (6 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2135, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1752
## F-statistic: 5.572 on 23 and 472 DF, p-value: 2.32e-14
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.80298 -0.46142 -0.07188  0.37444  2.64387
##
## Coefficients:
##
##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      14.4082275   0.1142494  126.112 < 2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths        0.0014612   0.0002931    4.986 8.6e-07 ***
## northeast        -0.0042796   0.2474771   -0.017 0.9862
## midwest          -0.4616378   0.2227174   -2.073 0.0387 *
## south            -0.1913932   0.2175468   -0.880 0.3794
## cor_lengths:northeast  0.0012667 0.0011234    1.128 0.2601
## cor_lengths:midwest  0.0013057 0.0006040    2.162 0.0311 *
## cor_lengths:south    0.0004442 0.0005412    0.821 0.4122
```

```
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7277 on 488 degrees of freedom
## (6 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1361, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1237
## F-statistic: 10.98 on 7 and 488 DF,  p-value: 6.522e-13
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
```

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-1.90696	-0.40419	-0.05519	0.32707	2.05223

```
##
## Coefficients:
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )	
(Intercept)	13.83024	0.37793	36.594	< 2e-16	***
r_0_50	1.50646	0.69599	2.165	0.03093	*
factor(wave)2	0.55815	0.63626	0.877	0.38080	
factor(wave)3	-0.06903	0.46223	-0.149	0.88135	
northeast	1.71850	0.54502	3.153	0.00172	**
midwest	-0.03463	0.46973	-0.074	0.94126	
south	-0.54553	0.51923	-1.051	0.29395	
r_0_50:factor(wave)2	-0.70258	1.05568	-0.666	0.50604	
r_0_50:factor(wave)3	1.05778	0.86615	1.221	0.22260	
r_0_50:northeast	-3.26127	1.04445	-3.122	0.00190	**
factor(wave)2:northeast	-1.56530	0.86457	-1.810	0.07085	.
factor(wave)3:northeast	-1.20302	0.69632	-1.728	0.08470	.
r_0_50:midwest	0.94135	1.02035	0.923	0.35670	
factor(wave)2:midwest	0.92164	0.84468	1.091	0.27578	
factor(wave)3:midwest	-0.20391	0.64638	-0.315	0.75255	
r_0_50:south	2.17406	1.13924	1.908	0.05695	.
factor(wave)2:south	-0.09398	0.82110	-0.114	0.90893	
factor(wave)3:south	0.91395	0.62073	1.472	0.14158	
r_0_50:factor(wave)2:northeast	3.48495	1.52547	2.285	0.02278	*
r_0_50:factor(wave)3:northeast	1.83951	1.28859	1.428	0.15408	
r_0_50:factor(wave)2:midwest	-2.29190	1.50228	-1.526	0.12777	
r_0_50:factor(wave)3:midwest	-0.26190	1.36518	-0.192	0.84795	
r_0_50:factor(wave)2:south	-0.22367	1.58497	-0.141	0.88784	
r_0_50:factor(wave)3:south	-2.46619	1.33604	-1.846	0.06553	.

```
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.6919 on 473 degrees of freedom
## (5 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2432, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2064
## F-statistic:  6.61 on 23 and 473 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
```

```

## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.9647 -0.4200 -0.0466  0.3827  2.3063
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    14.0014     0.2019  69.360 < 2e-16 ***
## r_0_50         1.6195     0.3544   4.570 6.2e-06 ***
## northeast      0.6501     0.2998   2.168  0.0306 *
## midwest        0.1768     0.2735   0.646  0.5184
## south        -0.1515     0.2621  -0.578  0.5634
## r_0_50:northeast -1.1085     0.5248  -2.112  0.0352 *
## r_0_50:midwest  -0.1284     0.5075  -0.253  0.8004
## r_0_50:south    1.0166     0.5130   1.982  0.0481 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7184 on 489 degrees of freedom
## (5 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1566, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1445
## F-statistic: 12.97 on 7 and 489 DF, p-value: 2.439e-15
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.10751 -0.48267 -0.06032  0.38398  2.47157
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    13.402105     0.237340  56.468 < 2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths      0.009336     0.002429   3.844 0.000137 ***
## factor(wave)2    0.774666     0.354154   2.187 0.029205 *
## factor(wave)3    1.000842     0.299389   3.343 0.000895 ***
## northeast       0.970933     0.351303   2.764 0.005937 **
## midwest         0.284338     0.373891   0.760 0.447345
## south          1.279053     0.344613   3.712 0.000231 ***
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2 -0.007311     0.002893  -2.527 0.011823 *
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3 -0.007704     0.002933  -2.626 0.008909 **
## cor_lengths:northeast -0.013138     0.004617  -2.845 0.004628 **
## factor(wave)2:northeast -1.276688     0.584659  -2.184 0.029480 *
## factor(wave)3:northeast -1.228283     0.515515  -2.383 0.017584 *
## cor_lengths:midwest -0.002914     0.003946  -0.739 0.460538
## factor(wave)2:midwest -0.387271     0.618111  -0.627 0.531264
## factor(wave)3:midwest -0.960863     0.643038  -1.494 0.135777
## cor_lengths:south -0.014435     0.003373  -4.279 2.27e-05 ***
## factor(wave)2:south -1.138414     0.470248  -2.421 0.015859 *
## factor(wave)3:south -0.746843     0.432828  -1.725 0.085093 .
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:northeast 0.019304     0.007105   2.717 0.006835 **
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:northeast 0.016425     0.006024   2.727 0.006636 **
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:midwest 0.006165     0.006324   0.975 0.330110
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:midwest 0.014507     0.008204   1.768 0.077666 .

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## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:south      0.013451    0.003839    3.504 0.000503 ***
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:south      0.011353    0.003855    2.945 0.003390 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7419 on 472 degrees of freedom
## (6 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1256, Adjusted R-squared:  0.08296
## F-statistic: 2.947 on 23 and 472 DF,  p-value: 7.718e-06
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.19409 -0.53631 -0.05999  0.45798  2.65702
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      14.1086840   0.1243116  113.494 < 2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths         0.0029921   0.0009741   3.072  0.00225 **
## northeast         0.0035447   0.2167662   0.016  0.98696
## midwest          -0.0416714   0.2350403  -0.177  0.85935
## south             0.3886589   0.1673154   2.323  0.02059 *
## cor_lengths:northeast  0.0012824   0.0023871   0.537  0.59136
## cor_lengths:midwest   0.0024725   0.0026045   0.949  0.34291
## cor_lengths:south    -0.0030628   0.0011494  -2.665  0.00796 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7654 on 488 degrees of freedom
## (6 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.03771, Adjusted R-squared:  0.0239
## F-statistic: 2.732 on 7 and 488 DF,  p-value: 0.008664
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.01057 -0.48208 -0.07242  0.39414  2.40310
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      13.2896     0.3888  34.177 < 2e-16 ***
## r_0_50           1.3901     0.5785   2.403  0.01666 *
## factor(wave)2      0.3164     0.6189   0.511  0.60943
## factor(wave)3      0.6225     0.4465   1.394  0.16395
## northeast         1.0590     0.4370   2.423  0.01575 *
## midwest           0.3357     0.6137   0.547  0.58458
## south             0.2269     0.5918   0.383  0.70161
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2 -0.2786     0.8294  -0.336  0.73709

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```

## r_0_50:factor(wave)3          -0.1692      0.6871  -0.246  0.80556
## r_0_50:northeast              -2.1144      0.8098  -2.611  0.00932 **
## factor(wave)2:northeast       -0.6433      0.7004  -0.918  0.35884
## factor(wave)3:northeast       -0.4610      0.5797  -0.795  0.42688
## r_0_50:midwest                -0.4169      0.9480  -0.440  0.66031
## factor(wave)2:midwest          0.3251      0.8563   0.380  0.70437
## factor(wave)3:midwest         -0.7446      0.8072  -0.922  0.35677
## r_0_50:south                  -0.3057      0.8796  -0.347  0.72838
## factor(wave)2:south           -0.1114      0.9027  -0.123  0.90186
## factor(wave)3:south           0.8404      0.7255   1.158  0.24732
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:northeast 2.0503      1.1518   1.780  0.07570 .
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:northeast 1.0333      1.0406   0.993  0.32123
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:midwest  -0.3032      1.2289  -0.247  0.80520
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:midwest   0.9127      1.2394   0.736  0.46186
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:south     0.3373      1.2788   0.264  0.79207
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:south    -1.3584      1.0796  -1.258  0.20891
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7427 on 472 degrees of freedom
## (6 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1236, Adjusted R-squared:  0.08089
## F-statistic: 2.894 on 23 and 472 DF, p-value: 1.121e-05
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.11687 -0.52222 -0.08028  0.44831  2.71995
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   13.81298    0.17657   78.229 < 2e-16 ***
## r_0_50          0.97123    0.25752    3.771 0.000182 ***
## northeast      0.42160    0.22632    1.863 0.063089 .
## midwest        0.05856    0.30326    0.193 0.846967
## south          0.38846    0.30290    1.282 0.200287
## r_0_50:northeast -0.50866    0.38680   -1.315 0.189114
## r_0_50:midwest  -0.01007    0.44901   -0.022 0.982114
## r_0_50:south    -0.53969    0.44023   -1.226 0.220822
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7604 on 488 degrees of freedom
## (6 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.05021, Adjusted R-squared:  0.03659
## F-statistic: 3.685 on 7 and 488 DF, p-value: 0.0006802

```

all\_localcor\_region and urban\_localcor\_region do not have significant interaction terms, so we will not make a stargazer table for this model. Will make 3 stargazer tables, for these pairs of models: (1) all\_corlengths\_wave\_region and urban\_corlengths\_wave\_region (2) all\_corlengths\_region and urban\_corlengths\_region (3) all\_localcor\_wave\_region and urban\_localcor\_wave\_region

```

# stargazer table for all_corlengths_wave_region and urban_corlengths_wave_region
# (1) is all
# (2) is urban
stargazer(
  c(region_lm_models_train[1], region_lm_models_train[5]),
  type = 'text',
  title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length, Wave and Region"
)

```

```

##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length, Wave and Region
## =====
##                               Dependent variable:
##                               -----
##                               log(next_week_marginal_cases)
##                               (1)          (2)
## -----
## cor_lengths                0.002***      0.009***
##                             (0.001)      (0.002)
##
## factor(wave)2              0.192         0.775**
##                             (0.293)      (0.354)
##
## factor(wave)3              0.954***      1.001***
##                             (0.280)      (0.299)
##
## northeast                  -0.573        0.971***
##                             (0.501)      (0.351)
##
## midwest                    -0.229         0.284
##                             (0.352)      (0.374)
##
## south                      -0.462        1.279***
##                             (0.393)      (0.345)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2   -0.0003      -0.007**
##                             (0.001)      (0.003)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3   -0.002***      -0.008***
##                             (0.001)      (0.003)
##
## cor_lengths:northeast       0.005*        -0.013***
##                             (0.002)      (0.005)
##
## factor(wave)2:northeast     1.271*        -1.277**
##                             (0.686)      (0.585)
##
## factor(wave)3:northeast     0.315         -1.228**
##                             (0.608)      (0.516)
##
## cor_lengths:midwest         0.001         -0.003
##                             (0.001)      (0.004)
##
##

```

```

## factor(wave)2:midwest          -0.746          -0.387
##                               (0.588)          (0.618)
##
## factor(wave)3:midwest          -0.128          -0.961
##                               (0.540)          (0.643)
##
## cor_lengths:south              0.001          -0.014***
##                               (0.001)          (0.003)
##
## factor(wave)2:south            1.217**         -1.138**
##                               (0.588)          (0.470)
##
## factor(wave)3:south            -0.114          -0.747*
##                               (0.503)          (0.433)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:northeast -0.006*         0.019***
##                               (0.003)          (0.007)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:northeast -0.003          0.016***
##                               (0.003)          (0.006)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:midwest 0.001          0.006
##                               (0.002)          (0.006)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:midwest 0.0004          0.015*
##                               (0.002)          (0.008)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:south   -0.003*         0.013***
##                               (0.001)          (0.004)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:south   0.001          0.011***
##                               (0.001)          (0.004)
##
## Constant                      13.959***        13.402***
##                               (0.219)          (0.237)
##
## -----
## Observations                   496            496
## R2                             0.214            0.126
## Adjusted R2                    0.175            0.083
## Residual Std. Error (df = 472) 0.706            0.742
## F Statistic (df = 23; 472)      5.572***        2.947***
## =====
## Note:                          *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

```

```

# stargazer table for all_corlengths_region and urban_corlengths_region
# (1) is all
# (2) is urban
stargazer(
  c(region_lm_models_train[2], region_lm_models_train[6]),
  type = 'text',
  title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length and Region"
)

```



```
##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length and Region
## =====
##                               Dependent variable:
##                               -----
##                               log(next_week_marginal_cases)
##                               (1)           (2)
## -----
## cor_lengths                0.001***      0.003***
##                               (0.0003)      (0.001)
##
## northeast                  -0.004         0.004
##                               (0.247)      (0.217)
##
## midwest                    -0.462**       -0.042
##                               (0.223)      (0.235)
##
## south                      -0.191         0.389**
##                               (0.218)      (0.167)
##
## cor_lengths:northeast       0.001         0.001
##                               (0.001)      (0.002)
##
## cor_lengths:midwest         0.001**       0.002
##                               (0.001)      (0.003)
##
## cor_lengths:south           0.0004        -0.003***
##                               (0.001)      (0.001)
##
## Constant                   14.408***      14.109***
##                               (0.114)      (0.124)
##
## -----
## Observations                496           496
## R2                          0.136         0.038
## Adjusted R2                 0.124         0.024
## Residual Std. Error (df = 488) 0.728         0.765
## F Statistic (df = 7; 488)      10.983***      2.732***
## =====
## Note:                        *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01
```

```
# all_localcor_wave_region and urban_localcor_wave_region
# (1) is all
# (2) is urban
stargazer(
  c(region_lm_models_train[3], region_lm_models_train[7]),
  type = 'text',
  title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation, Wave and Region"
)
```

```
##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation, Wave and Region
## =====
##                               Dependent variable:
```

	log(next_week_marginal_cases)	
	(1)	(2)
## r_0_50	1.506**	1.390**
##	(0.696)	(0.579)
## factor(wave)2	0.558	0.316
##	(0.636)	(0.619)
## factor(wave)3	-0.069	0.622
##	(0.462)	(0.447)
## northeast	1.719***	1.059**
##	(0.545)	(0.437)
## midwest	-0.035	0.336
##	(0.470)	(0.614)
## south	-0.546	0.227
##	(0.519)	(0.592)
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2	-0.703	-0.279
##	(1.056)	(0.829)
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3	1.058	-0.169
##	(0.866)	(0.687)
## r_0_50:northeast	-3.261***	-2.114***
##	(1.044)	(0.810)
## factor(wave)2:northeast	-1.565*	-0.643
##	(0.865)	(0.700)
## factor(wave)3:northeast	-1.203*	-0.461
##	(0.696)	(0.580)
## r_0_50:midwest	0.941	-0.417
##	(1.020)	(0.948)
## factor(wave)2:midwest	0.922	0.325
##	(0.845)	(0.856)
## factor(wave)3:midwest	-0.204	-0.745
##	(0.646)	(0.807)
## r_0_50:south	2.174*	-0.306
##	(1.139)	(0.880)
## factor(wave)2:south	-0.094	-0.111
##	(0.821)	(0.903)
## factor(wave)3:south	0.914	0.840
##	(0.621)	(0.726)

```
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:northeast      3.485**      2.050*
##                                     (1.525)      (1.152)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:northeast      1.840      1.033
##                                     (1.289)      (1.041)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:midwest        -2.292      -0.303
##                                     (1.502)      (1.229)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:midwest        -0.262      0.913
##                                     (1.365)      (1.239)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:south          -0.224      0.337
##                                     (1.585)      (1.279)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:south          -2.466*      -1.358
##                                     (1.336)      (1.080)
##
## Constant      13.830***      13.290***
##                (0.378)      (0.389)
##
## -----
## Observations      497      496
## R2      0.243      0.124
## Adjusted R2      0.206      0.081
## Residual Std. Error      0.692 (df = 473)      0.743 (df = 472)
## F Statistic      6.610*** (df = 23; 473) 2.894*** (df = 23; 472)
## =====
## Note:                                     *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01
```

Check conditions of Normality of Residuals, Homoskedasticity, Linearity , No Perfect Multicollinearity, Independence of Residuals

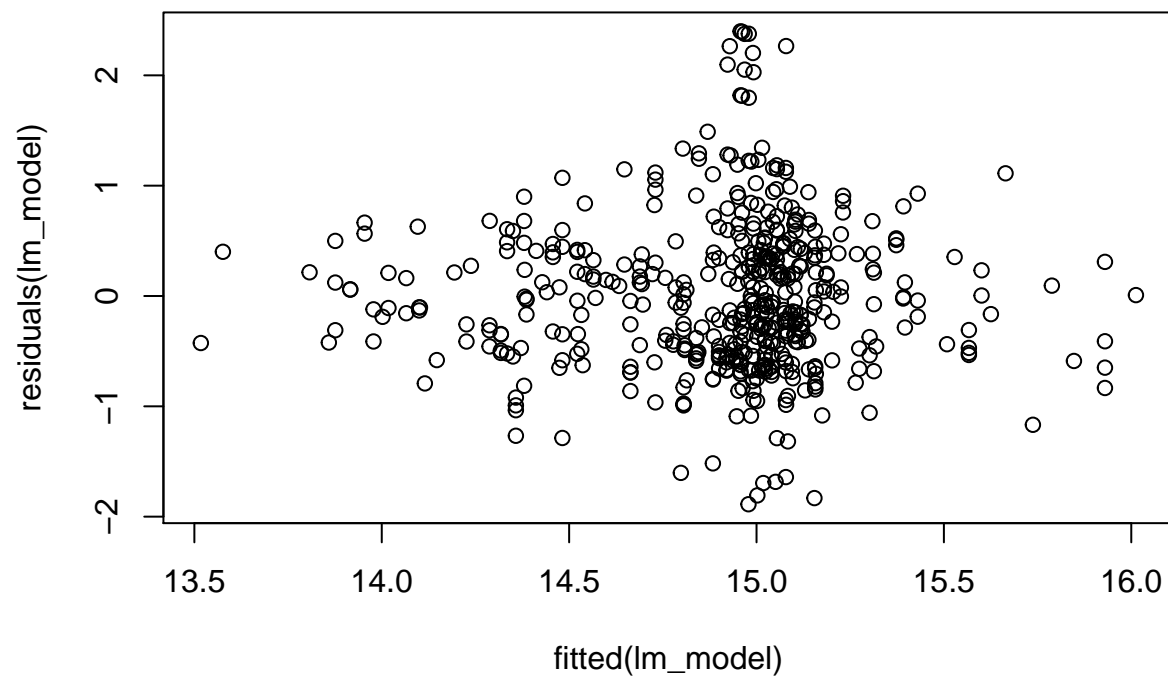
```
for (lm_model in region_lm_models_train) {

  # 1. Linearity Check (Visual Inspection)
  plot(residuals(lm_model) ~ fitted(lm_model))

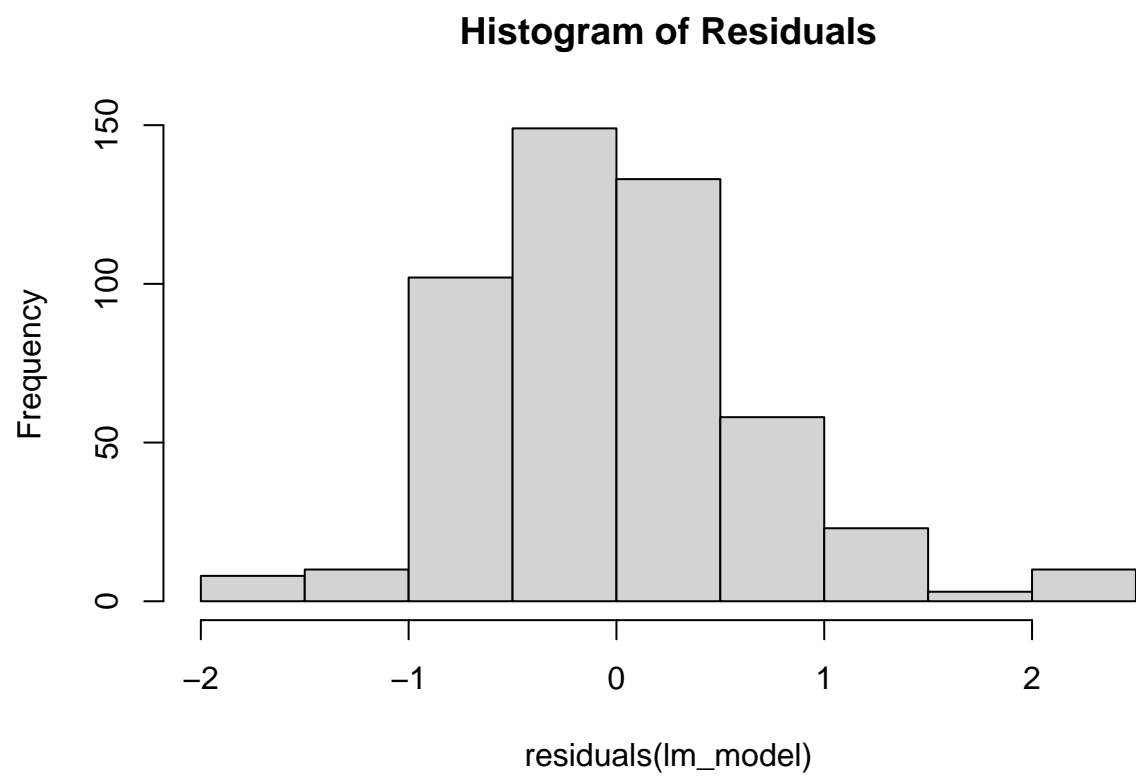
  # 2. Independence Check
  # Durbin-Watson test
  print(durbinWatsonTest(lm_model)[3])

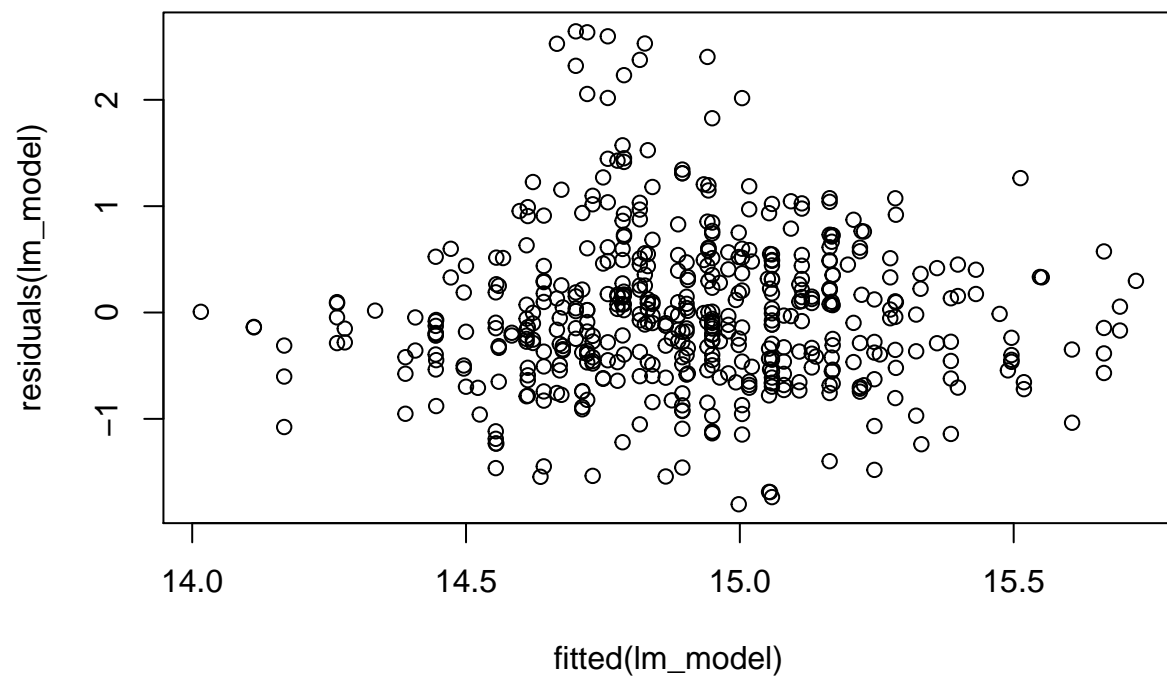
  # 3. Homoscedasticity Check
  # Breusch-Pagan test for Heteroscedasticity
  print(bptest(lm_model)$p.value)

  # 4. Normality of Residuals Check (Visual Inspection)
  hist(residuals(lm_model), main = "Histogram of Residuals")
}
```



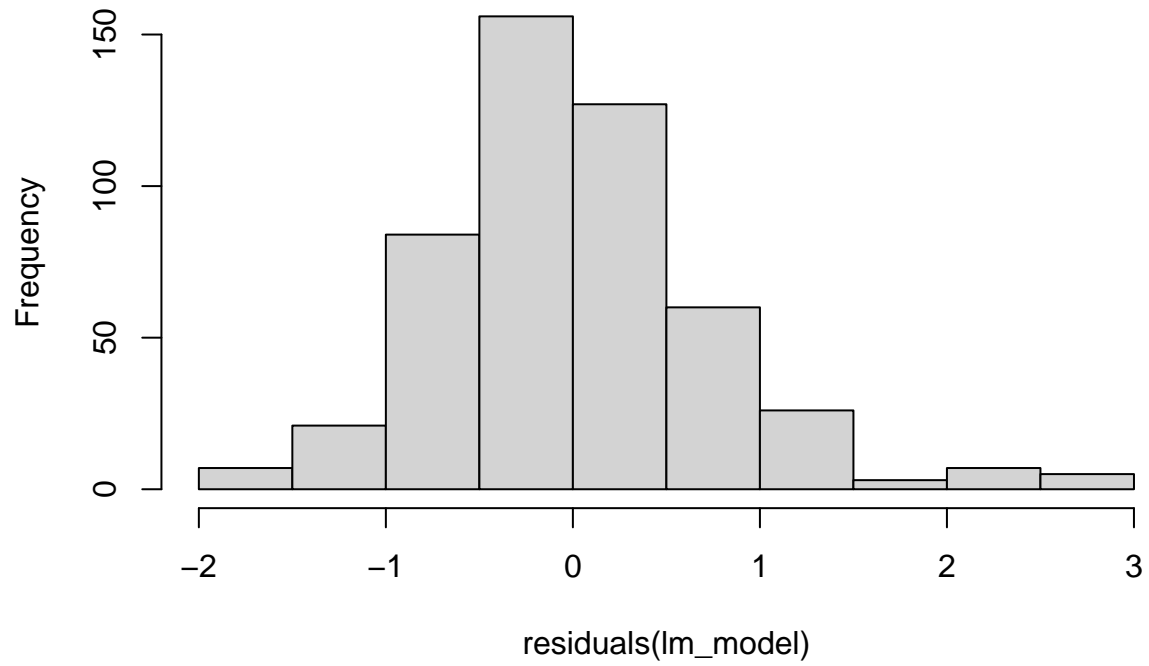
```
## $p
## [1] 0.202
##
##      BP
## 0.4839808
```

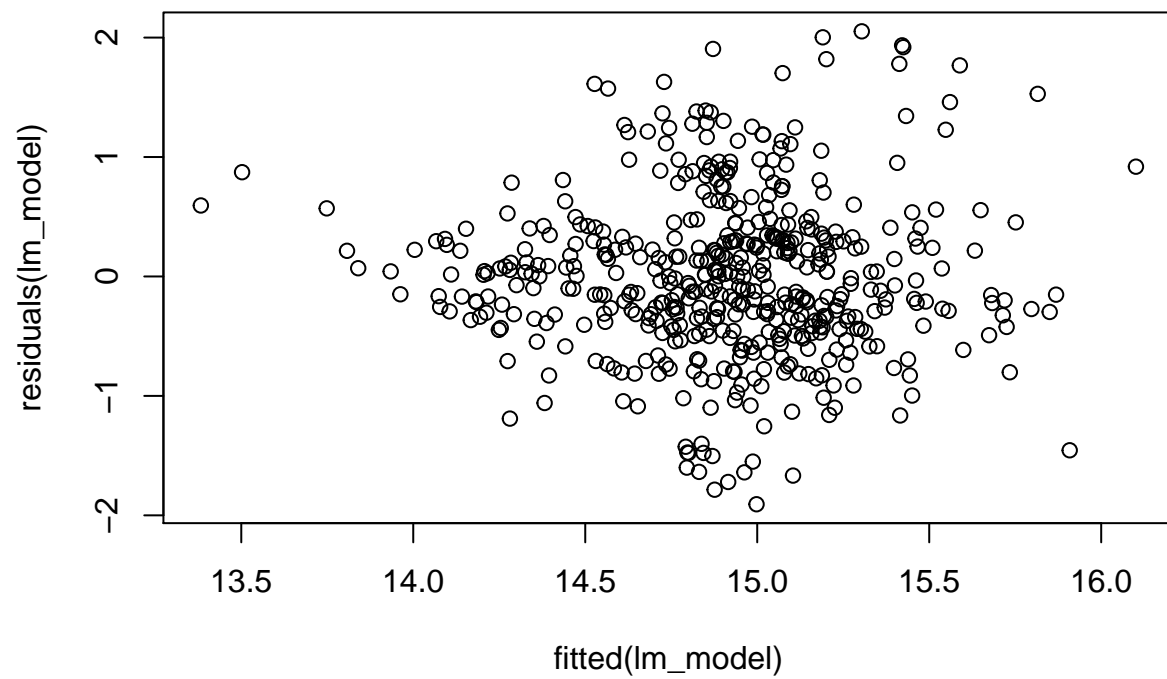




```
## $p
## [1] 0.246
##
##      BP
## 0.8431523
```

**Histogram of Residuals**

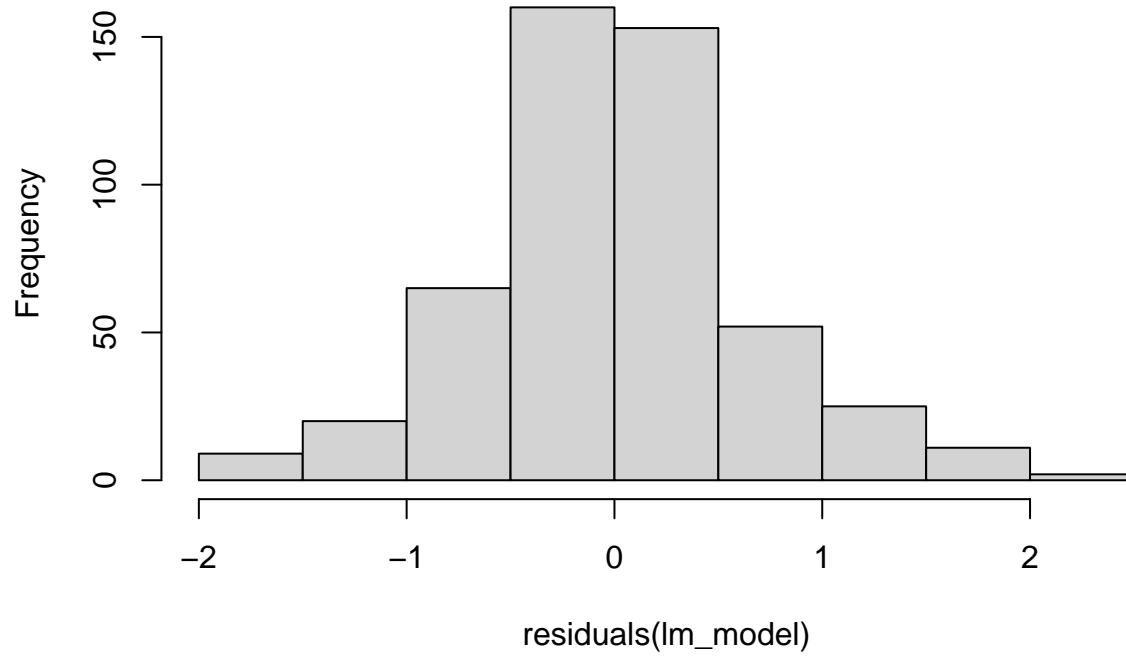


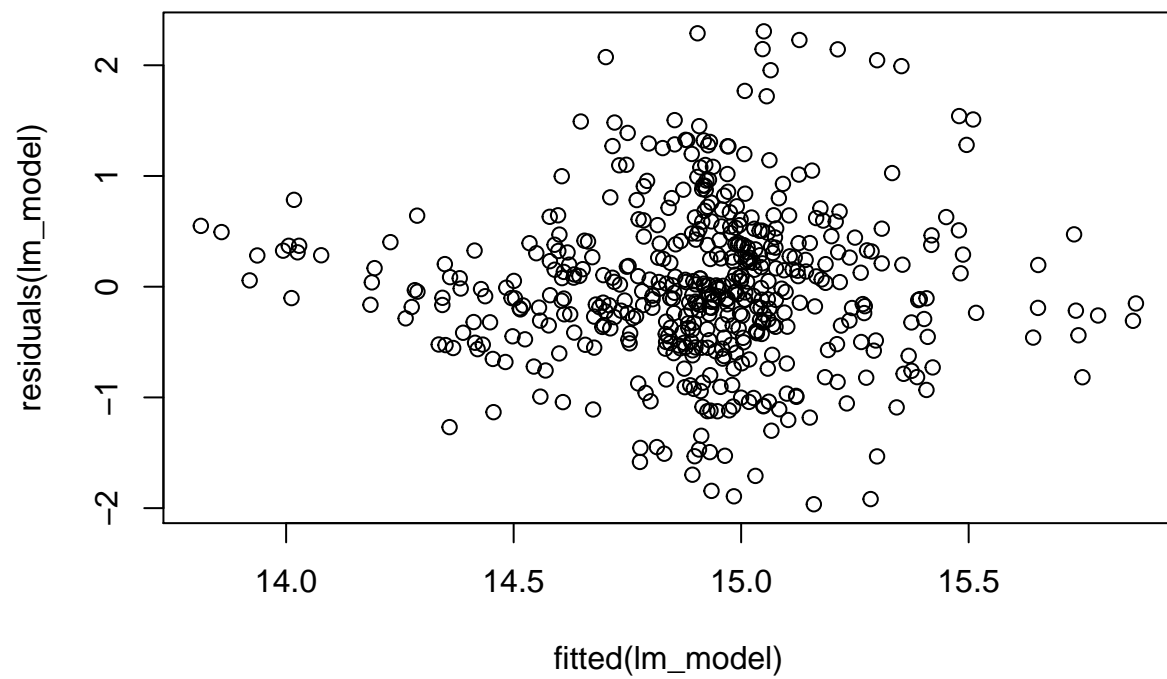


```
## $p
## [1] 0.322
##
##      BP
## 0.00089838
```



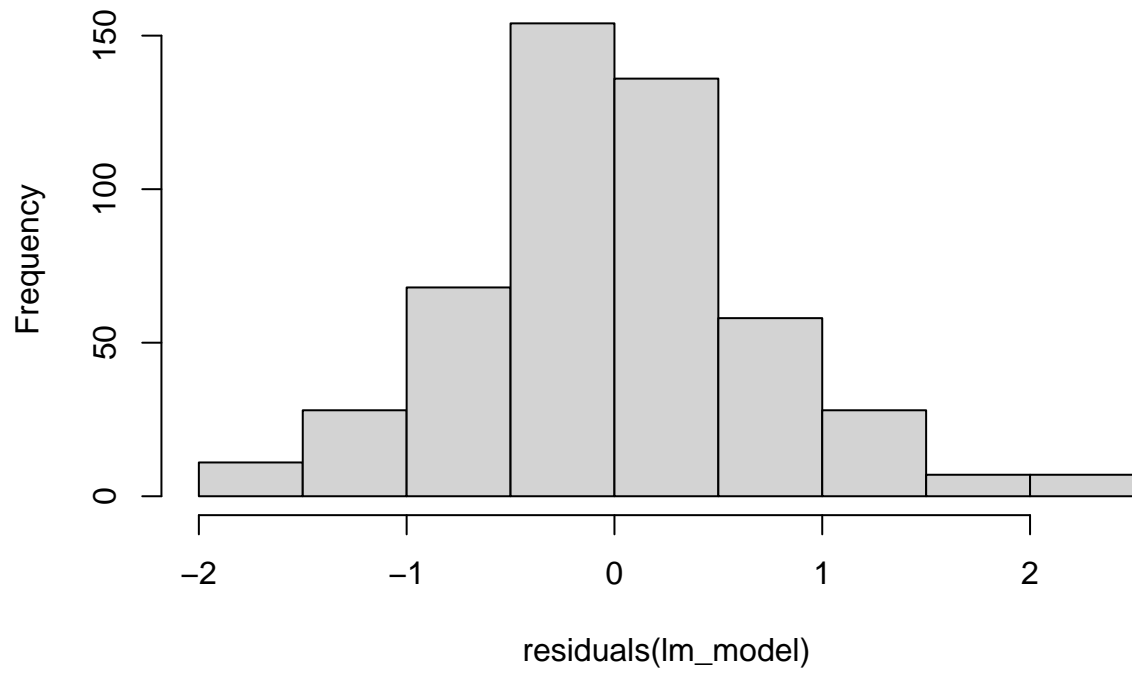
**Histogram of Residuals**

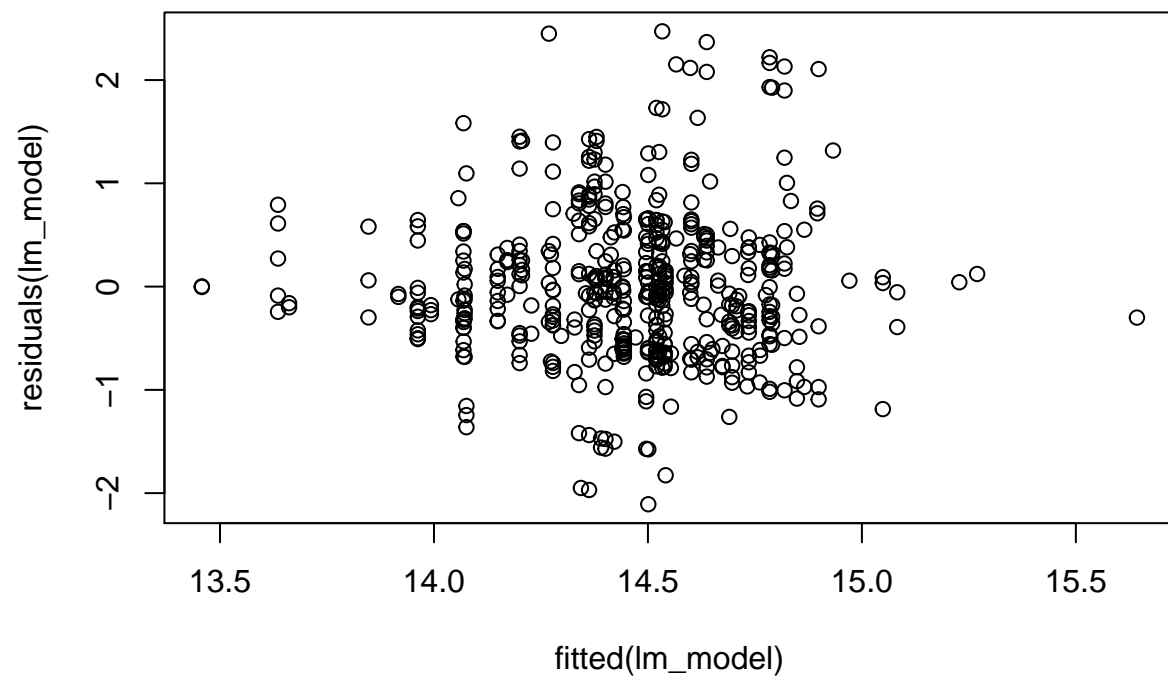




```
## $p
## [1] 0.136
##
##      BP
## 0.0447421
```

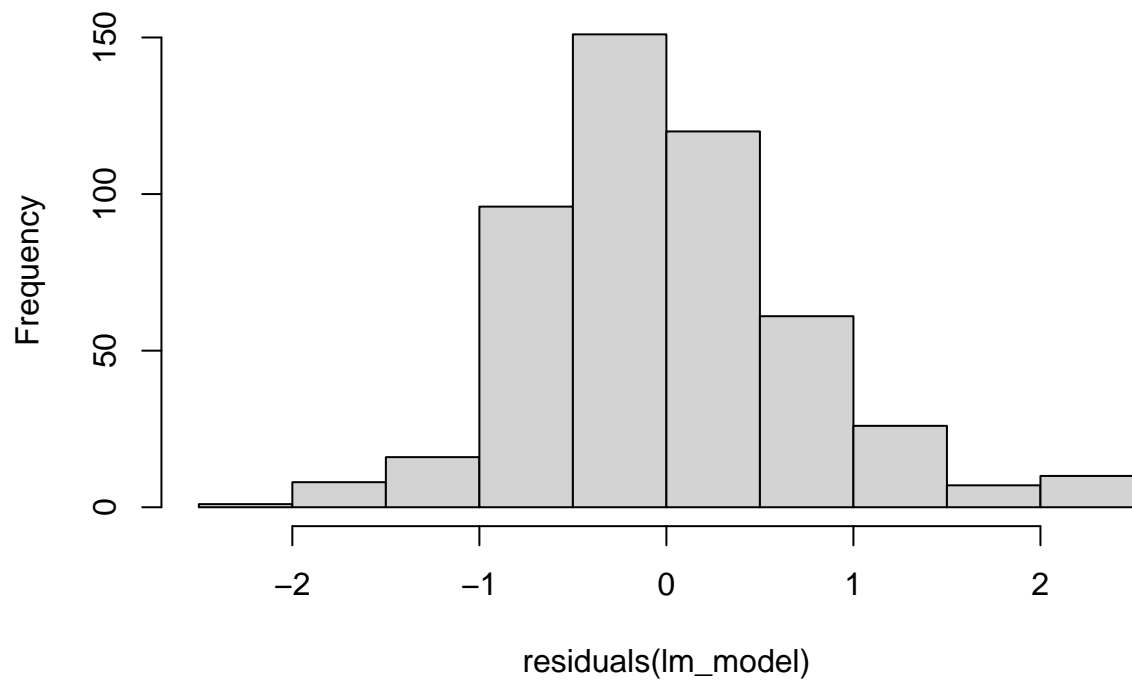
**Histogram of Residuals**

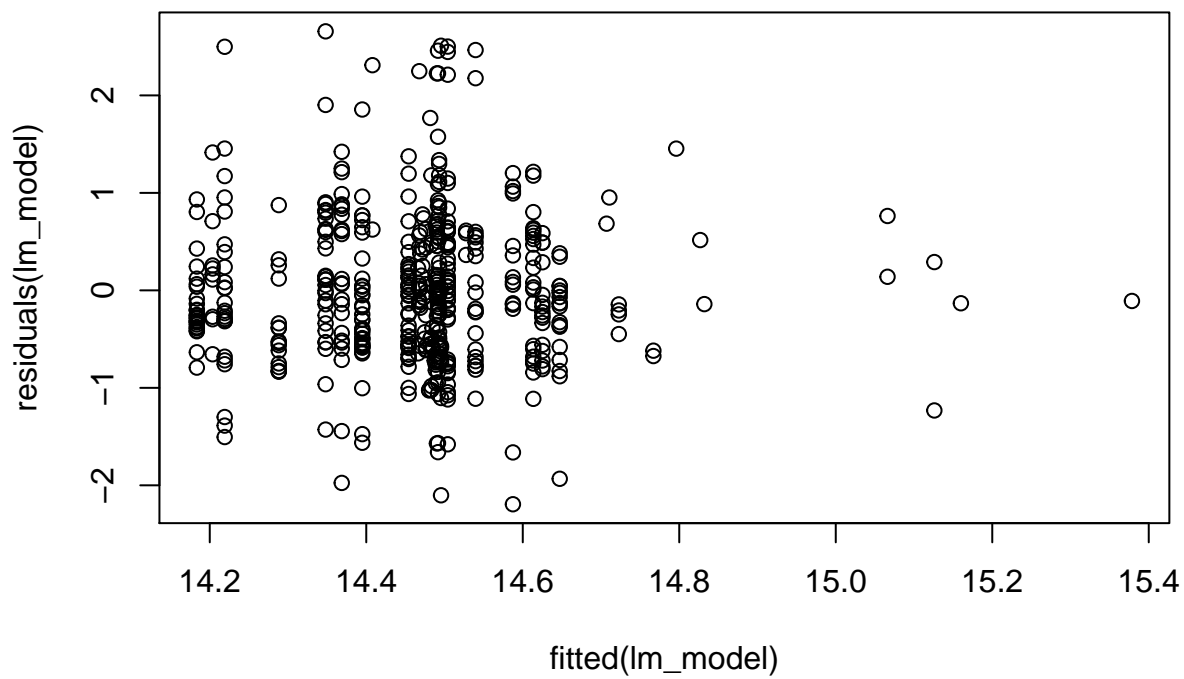




```
## $p
## [1] 0.474
##
##      BP
## 0.02973841
```

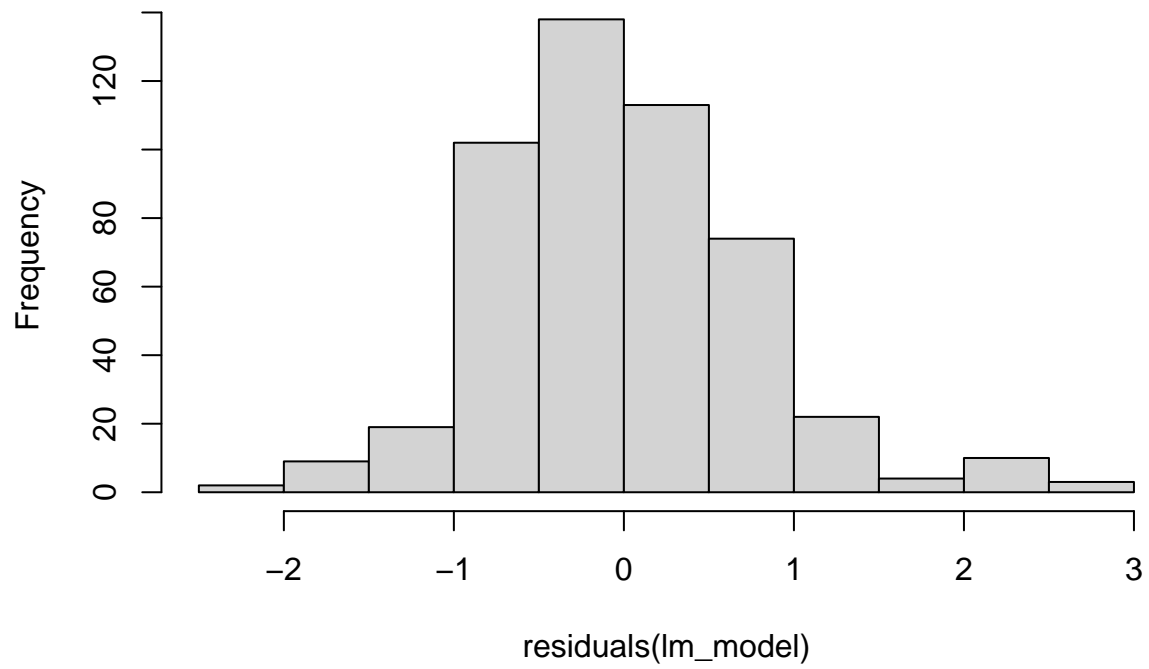
**Histogram of Residuals**

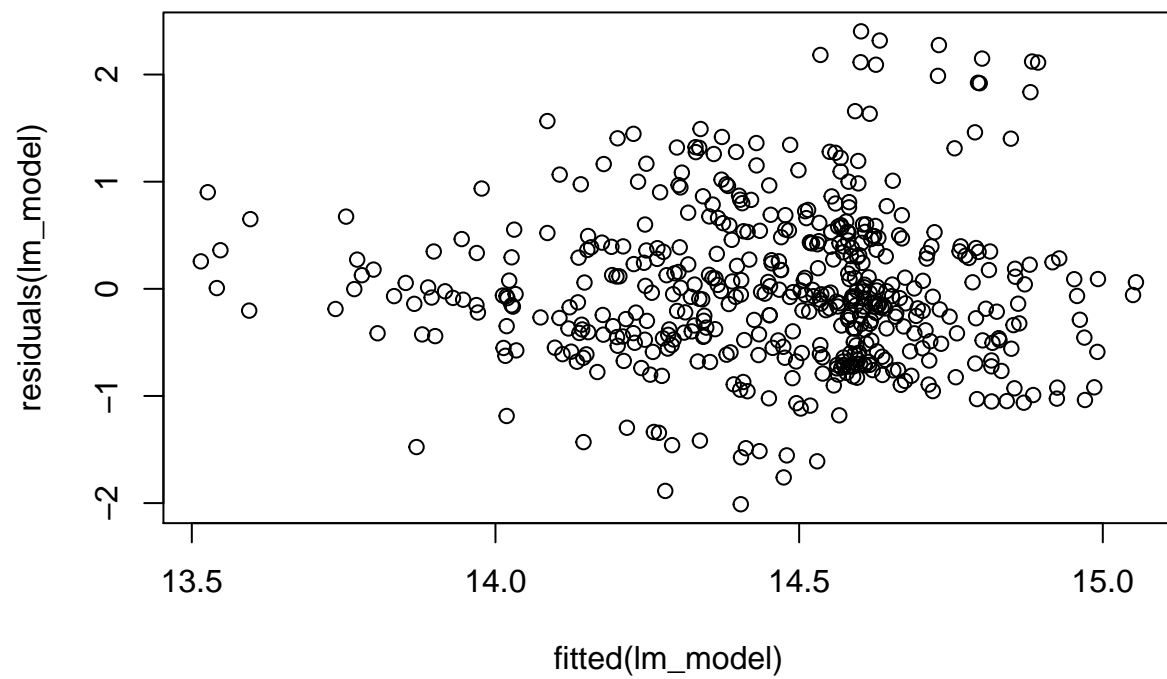




```
## $p
## [1] 0.864
##
##      BP
## 0.2998349
```

**Histogram of Residuals**

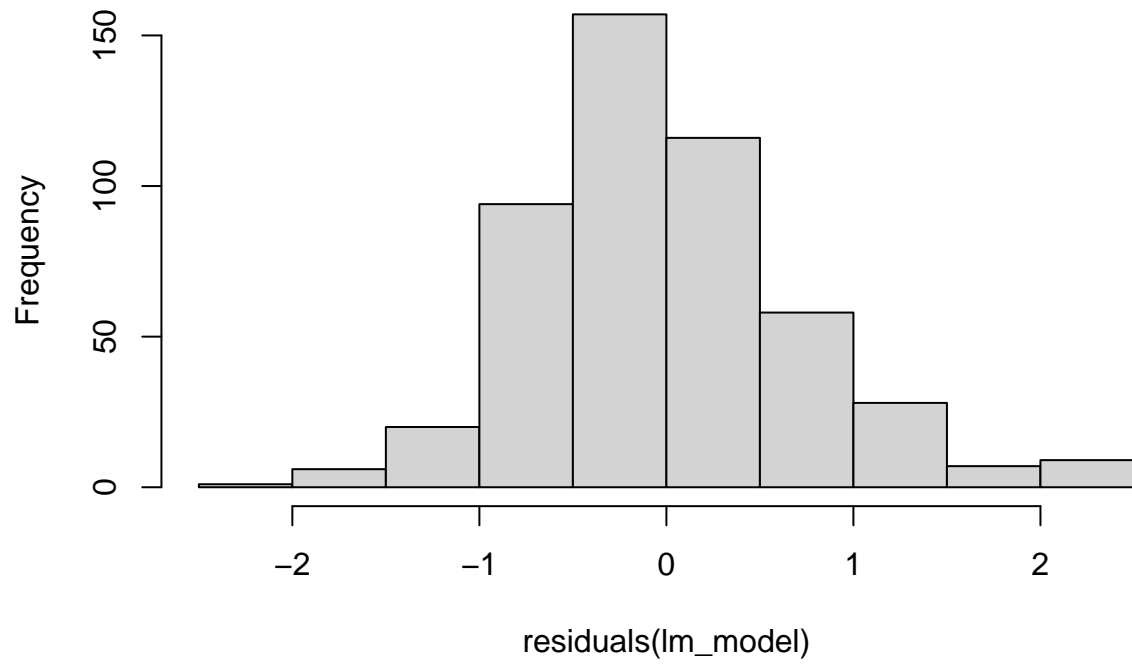


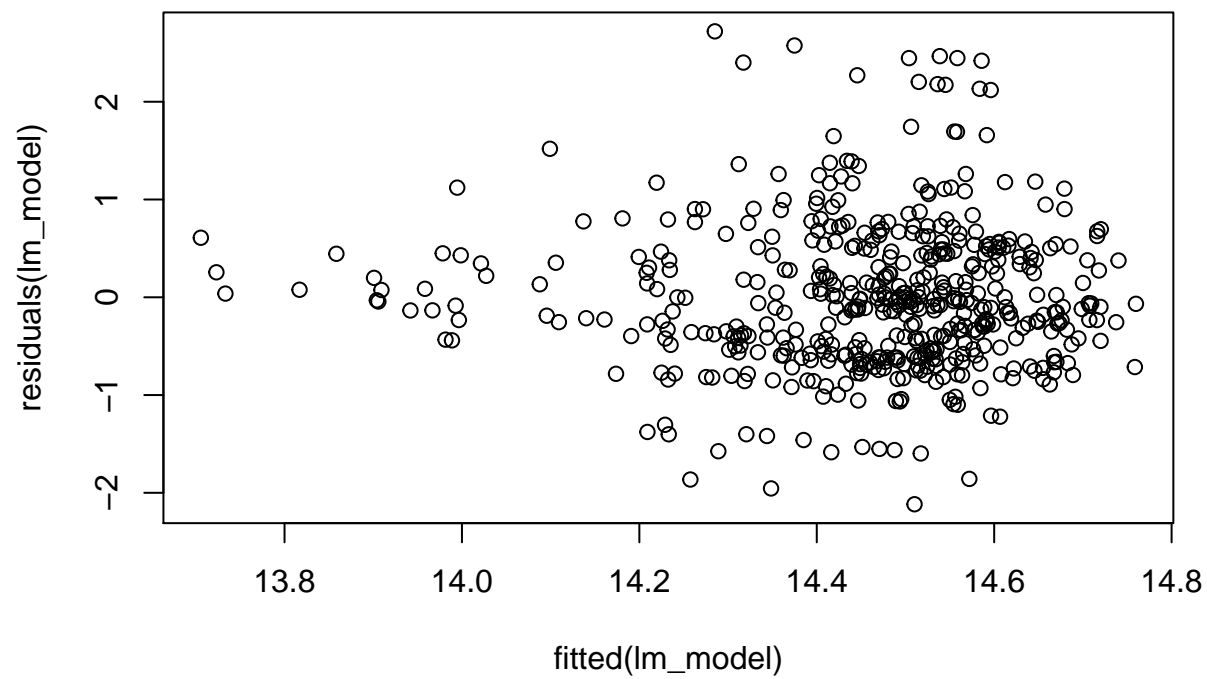


```
## $p
## [1] 0.874
##
##      BP
## 0.004687493
```



**Histogram of Residuals**





```
## $p
## [1] 0.87
##
##      BP
## 0.05684475
```



```
# 5. No Perfect Multicollinearity Check
```

```
# Variance Inflation Factors (VIF)
```

```
vif(lm(log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~ cor_lengths + factor(wave) + factor(region) , data = all_regions))
```

```
##              GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## cor_lengths  1.271433 1      1.127578
## factor(wave)  1.039231 2      1.009667
## factor(region) 1.232046 3      1.035391
```

```
vif(lm(log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~ cor_lengths + factor(wave) + factor(region) , data = urban_regions))
```

```
##              GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## cor_lengths  1.205064 1      1.097754
## factor(wave)  1.044123 2      1.010853
## factor(region) 1.160942 3      1.025184
```

```
names(region_lm_models)
```

```
## [1] "all_corlengths_wave_region" "all_corlengths_region"
## [3] "all_localcor_wave_region"   "all_localcor_region"
## [5] "urban_corlengths_wave_region" "urban_corlengths_region"
## [7] "urban_localcor_wave_region" "urban_localcor_region"
```

```

# Conditions not passed:
## Heteroskedastic in all_corlengths_wave_region, all_corlengths_region, urban_corlengths_region, urban
## Non-linearity in urban_localcor_region
## solutions --> use robust standard errors, reject a 99% level for strong results

```

## Interpretations

```

# Initialize values
predictor <- c("cor_lengths", "r_0_50")
waves <- c("wave 1", "wave 2", "wave 3")
regions <- c("Northeast", "Midwest", "South", "West")
full_coef = c()
full_coef1 = c()
significant = c()
significant1 = c()
i=1
j=1

# Iterate over Regions and Wave dummies
for (model in 1:length(region_lm_models_train)) {

  # Get model stats
  lm_model = region_lm_models_train[[model]]
  coefficients <- coef(lm_model)
  coef_names <- names(coef(lm_model))

  # Get stats
  # se <- summary(lm_model)$coefficients[, "Std. Error"] use robust SE's
  se <- sqrt(diag(vcovHC(lm_model)))
  se_named <- rep(NA, length(coef_names))
  se_named[names(se)] <- se
  st_errors <- se_named[coef_names]

  # Based on model, decide if urban or all county df
  if (model <=4) {
    county = "all counties"
    df = all_regional_weekly_spatial_metrics}
  else {
    county = "urban counties"
    df = urban_regional_weekly_spatial_metrics}

  # Based on model, choose cor_length or local_cor as predictor
  if (model %in% c(1,2,5,6)) {pred = predictor[1]}
  else {pred = predictor[2]}

  # Wave dummies not included for even models
  if (model %% 2 == 0) {
    wave = "every wave"
    for (r in 1:length(regions)) {
      region <- regions[r]
      if (r==4) {interaction = 0

```

```

se_total = st_errors[2]}
else {
  interaction = coefficients[5+r]
  se_total = sqrt(sum((st_errors[5+r])^2 + (st_errors[2])^2))
}
# Store coefficient
full_coef1[j] = save_coefficient(interaction)

# Print interpretation and significance
significant1[j] <- is_significant(as.numeric(full_coef1[j]), as.numeric((se_total)))
print_interpretation(full_coef1[j], wave, region, "are disregarded", significant1[j], pred, county, d

# Wave dummies with mhhinc tier dummies
else {
  # Iterate over each wave
  for (w in 1:length(waves)) {
    wave <- waves[w]
    # Iterate of each tier difference
    for (r in 1:length(regions)) {
      region <- regions[r]
      if (wave == "wave 1") {
        partial_interaction_w <- 0
        se_partial_w <- 0
      } else {
        partial_interaction_w <- coefficients[(6 + w)]
        se_partial_w <- st_errors[(6 + w)]
      }
      if (region == "West") {
        partial_interaction_r <- 0
        se_partial_r <- 0
      } else {
        partial_interaction_r <- coefficients[(3*r+7)]
        se_partial_r <- st_errors[(3*r+7)]
      }
      if (region != "West" & wave != "wave 1") {
        full_interaction_wr <- coefficients[paste0(pred,":factor(wave)", w, ":", tolower(region))]
        se_full_wr <- st_errors[paste0(pred,":factor(wave)", w, ":", region)]
      } else {
        full_interaction_wr <- 0
        se_full_wr <- 0
      }
    }
  }
  # Calculate total standard error
  se_total <- sqrt(se_partial_w^2 + se_partial_r^2 + se_full_wr^2 + st_errors[2]^2)
  # Store coefficient information
  interaction <- partial_interaction_w + partial_interaction_r + full_interaction_wr

  # Store coefficient
  full_coef[i] = save_coefficient(interaction)

  # Print interpretation and significance
  significant[i] <- is_significant(as.numeric(full_coef[i]), as.numeric(se_total))
  print_interpretation(full_coef[i], wave, region, "are disregarded", significant[i], pred, county, d
  i <- i + 1

```

```

    }
    }
}

```

[illegible]

```
## corresponds to a 156.69% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For urban counties across wave 1 in the West where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 227.8% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For urban counties across every wave in the Midwest where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 133.34% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For urban counties across every wave in the West where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 73.01% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For urban counties across wave 1 in the West where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 25.02% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For urban counties across every wave in the West where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 17.48% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
```

## MHHINC + Wave Models

### Prepare Model Combinations

```
# Data sets: (1) all counties & (2) urban counties
datasets = list(all_mhhinc_weekly_spatial_metrics, urban_mhhinc_weekly_spatial_metrics)
df_names = c("all", "urban")

# Predictor: (1) correlation length & (2) local correlation
predictor = c("cor_lengths", "r_0_50") #unlog local cor
predictor_names = c("corlengths", "localcor")

# Covariates (1) mhhinc & (2) mhhinc + wave
covariates = list(c("*factor(wave)*same_tier", "*factor(wave)*tier_diff_1", "*factor(wave)*tier_diff_2"),
                  c("*same_tier", "*tier_diff_1", "*tier_diff_2"))
var_names = c("wave_mhhinc", "mhhinc")
```

### Generate Models

```
# Create an empty list to store the models
mhhinc_lm_models <- list()

# Iterate of every combination of data, predictor, and covariates
for (d in 1:length(datasets)) {
  df = datasets[d][[1]]
  for (p in 1:length(predictor)) {
    for (c in 1:length(covariates)) {
      interactions = c()
      for (i in 1:length(covariates[[c]])) {
        interactions[i] <- paste(predictor[p], covariates[[c]][i])
      }

      # Create the formula
```

```

lm_formula <- as.formula(paste("log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~", paste(unlist(interactions), col

# Fit the linear model
lm_model <- lm(lm_formula, data = df)

# Generate a name for the model object
model_name <- paste(df_names[d], "_", predictor_names[p], "_", var_names[c], sep = "")

# Save the model to the list
mhhinc_lm_models[[model_name]] <- lm_model
}}

```

```
print(names(mhhinc_lm_models))
```

```

## [1] "all_corlengths_wave_mhhinc"    "all_corlengths_mhhinc"
## [3] "all_localcor_wave_mhhinc"      "all_localcor_mhhinc"
## [5] "urban_corlengths_wave_mhhinc"  "urban_corlengths_mhhinc"
## [7] "urban_localcor_wave_mhhinc"    "urban_localcor_mhhinc"

```

## Training/Testing Models

```

# Set seed for reproducibility
set.seed(1)

# Create an empty list to store the models
mhhinc_lm_models_train <- list()

# Iterate over every combination of data, predictor, and covariates
for (d in 1:length(datasets)) {
  df <- datasets[[d]]

  # Create indices for train-test split
  n_obs <- nrow(df)
  train_indices <- sample(1:n_obs, size = round(train_ratio * n_obs), replace = FALSE)
  test_indices <- setdiff(1:n_obs, train_indices)

  # Split the data into train and test sets
  train_df <- df[train_indices, ]
  test_df <- df[test_indices, ]

  for (p in 1:length(predictor)) {
    for (c in 1:length(covariates)) {
      interactions <- c()
      for (i in 1:length(covariates[[c]])) {
        interactions[i] <- paste(predictor[p], covariates[[c]][i])
      }

      # Create the formula & fit linear model on the training data
      lm_formula <- as.formula(paste("log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~", paste(unlist(interactions), col
      lm_model_train <- lm(lm_formula, data = train_df)

```



```

# Name model and save to list
model_name_train <- paste(df_names[d], "_", predictor_names[p], "_", var_names[c], "_train", sep = " ")
mhhinc_lm_models_train[[model_name_train]] <- lm_model_train

# Apply the trained model to the test data and make predictions
test_predictions <- predict(lm_model_train, newdata = test_df)

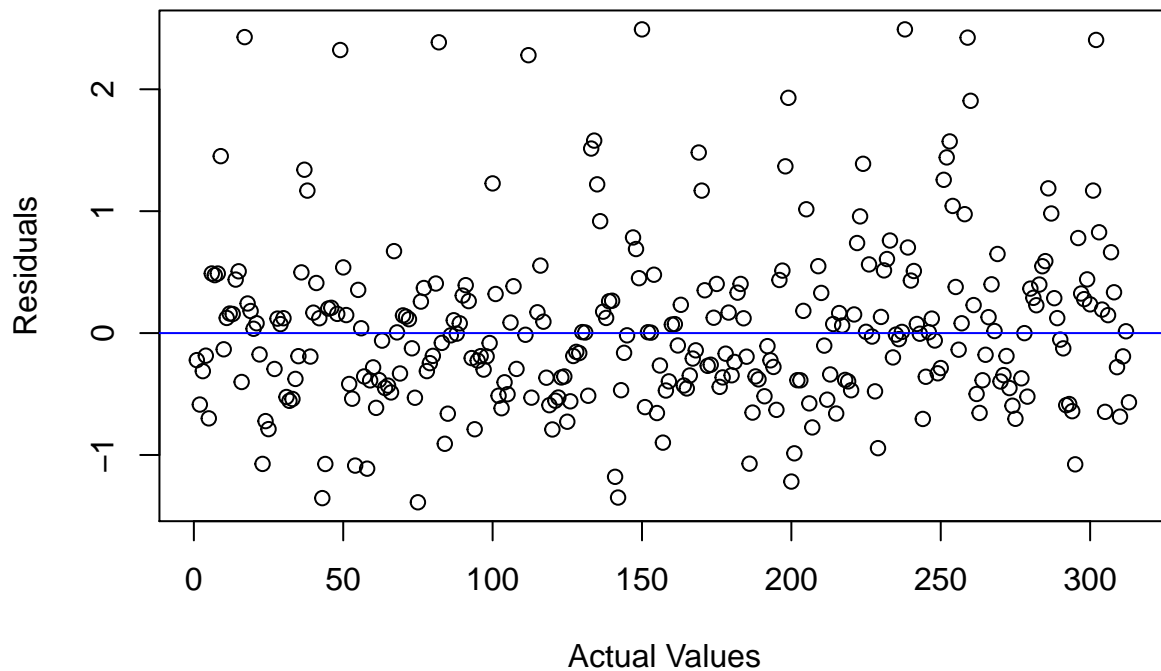
# Calculate residuals using predictions from the test dataset
residuals <- log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases) - test_predictions

# Create residual plot
plot(1:length(residuals), residuals,
     main = paste("Residual Plot for", model_name_train),
     xlab = "Actual Values",
     ylab = "Residuals")
abline(h = 0, col = "blue")

# Check if the mean of residuals is less than the standard deviation of the data
print(mean(abs(residuals), na.rm = TRUE) < sd(log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases), na.rm = TRUE))
}
}
}

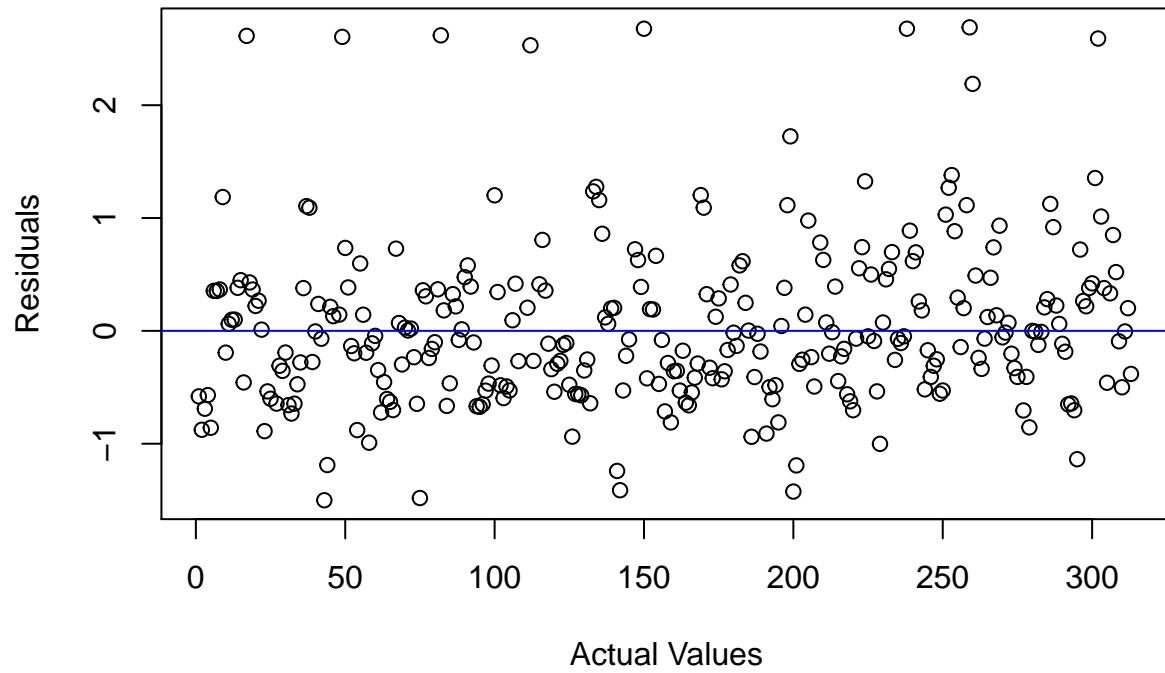
```

**Residual Plot for all\_corlengths\_wave\_mhhinc\_train**



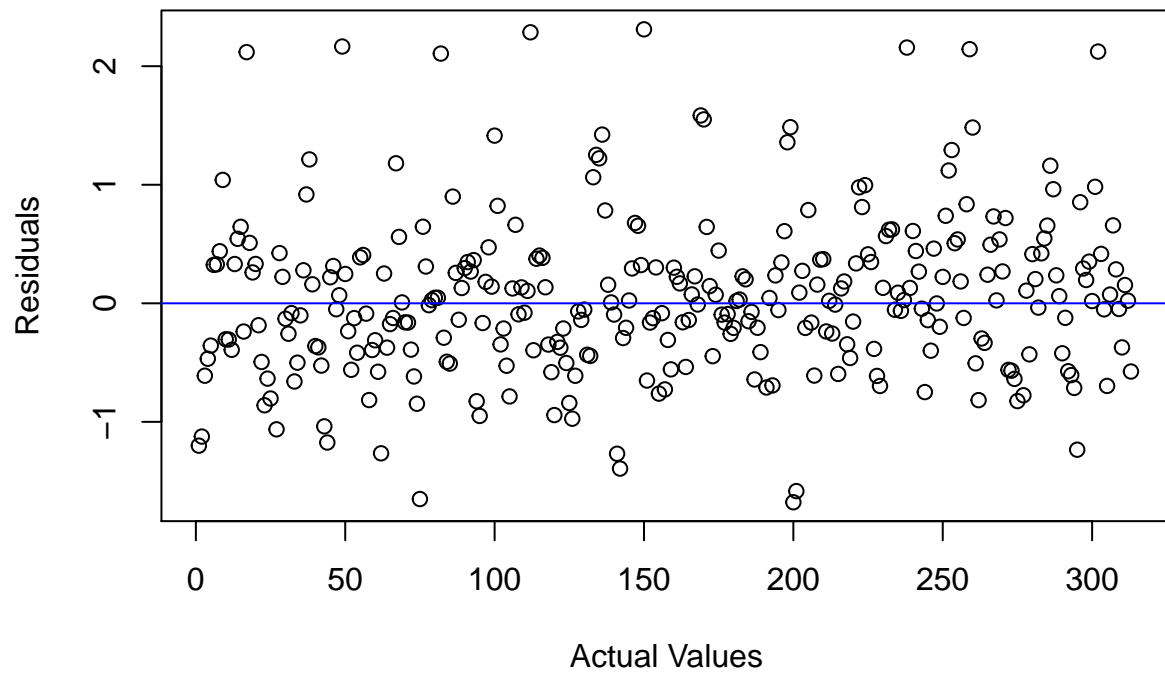
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for all\_corlengths\_mhhinc\_train**



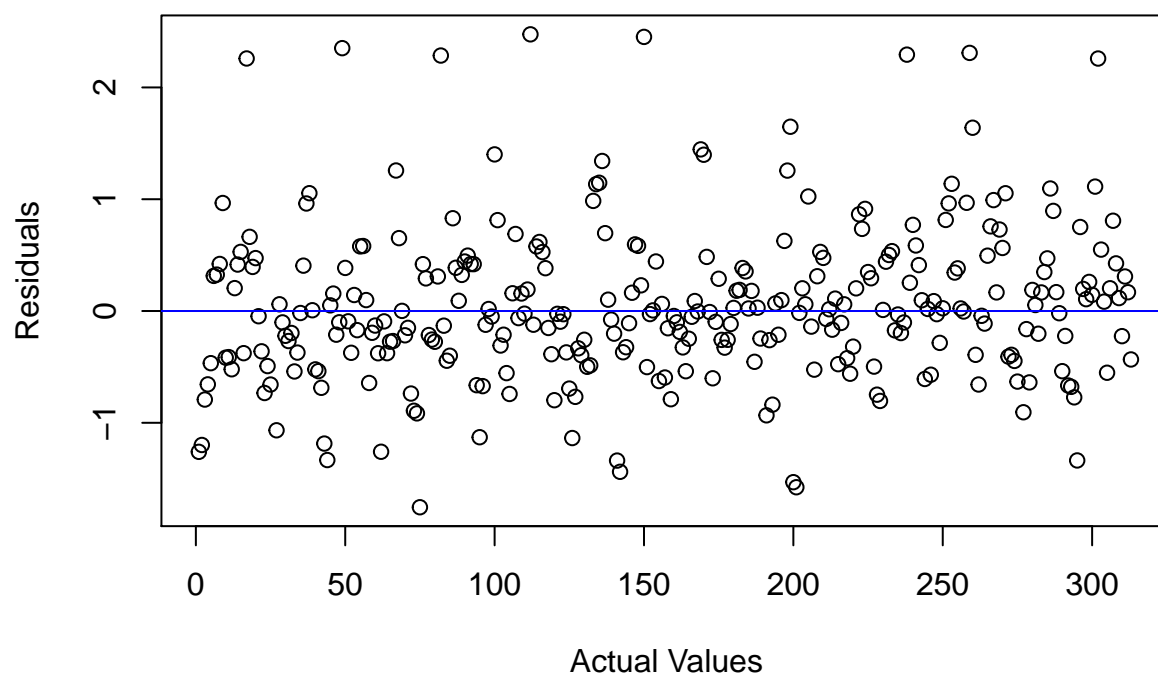
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for all\_localcor\_wave\_mhhinc\_train**



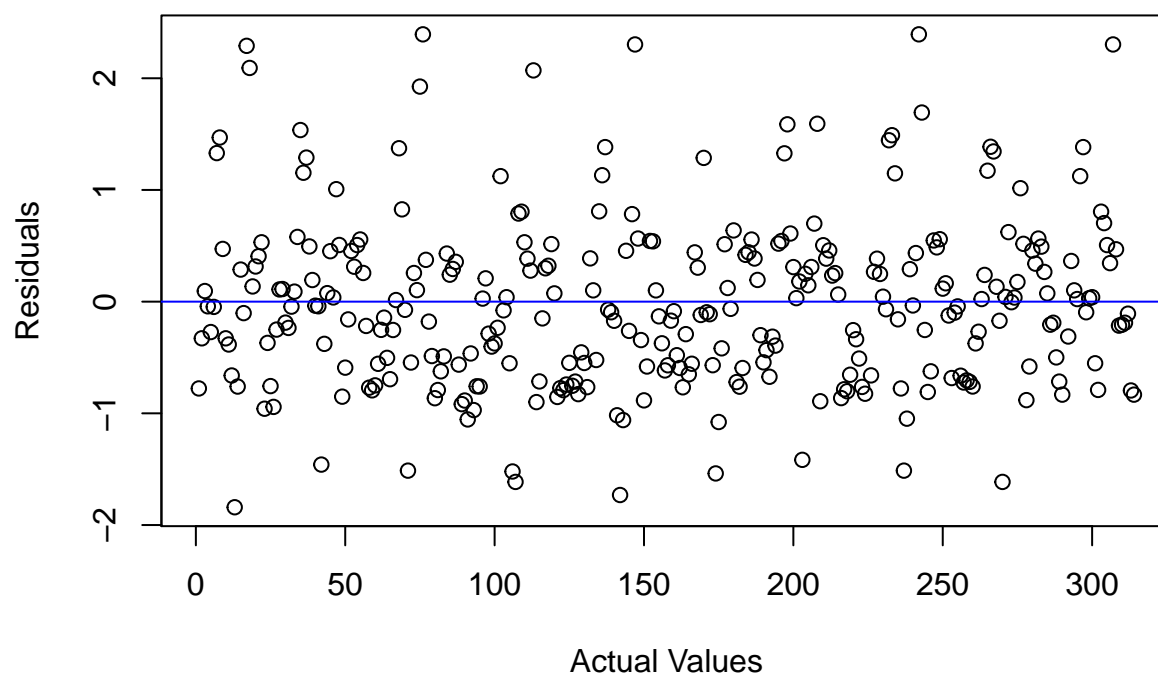
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for all\_localcor\_mhhinc\_train**



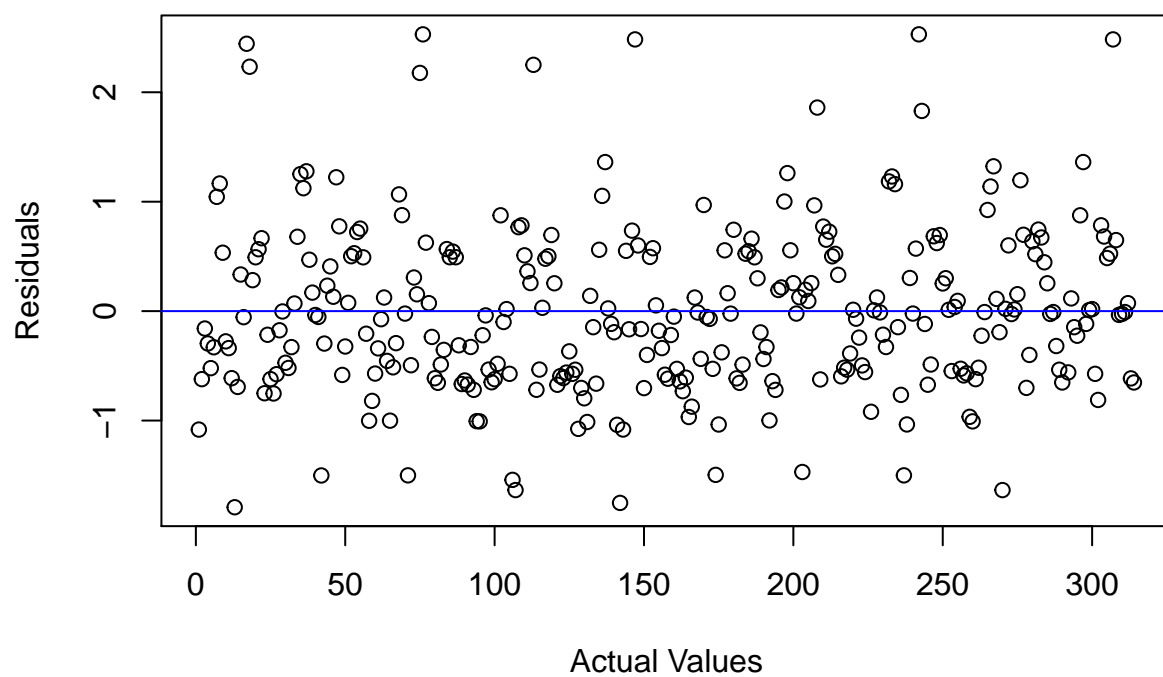
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for urban\_corlengths\_wave\_mhhinc\_train**



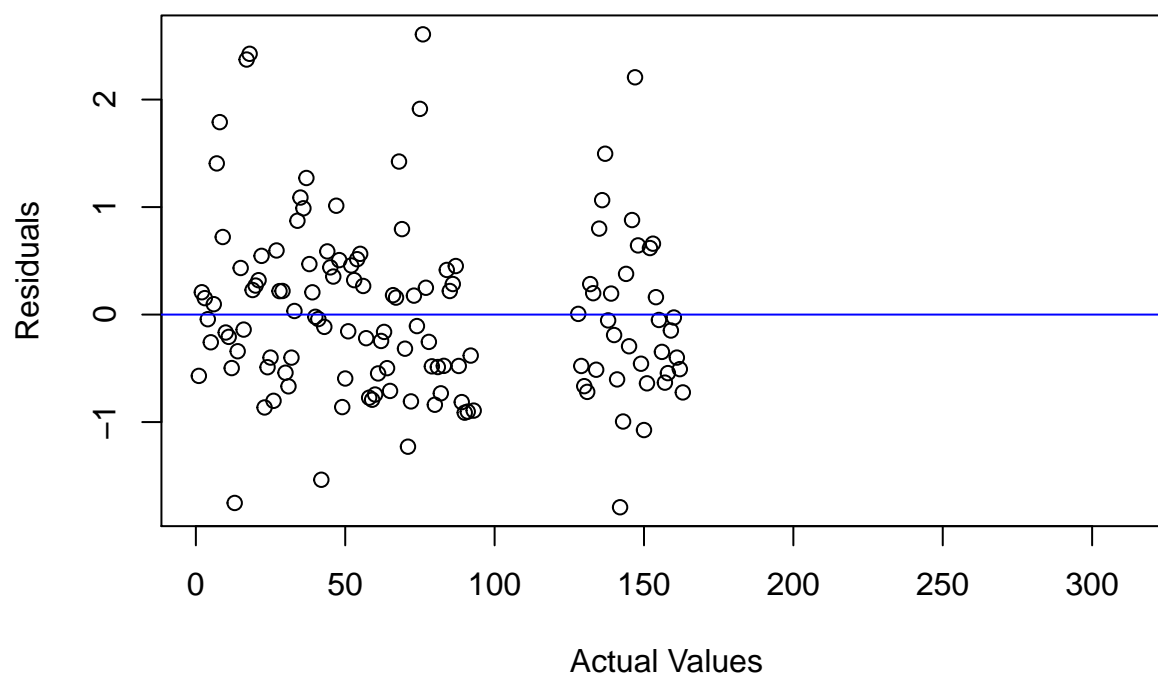
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for urban\_corlengths\_mhhinc\_train**



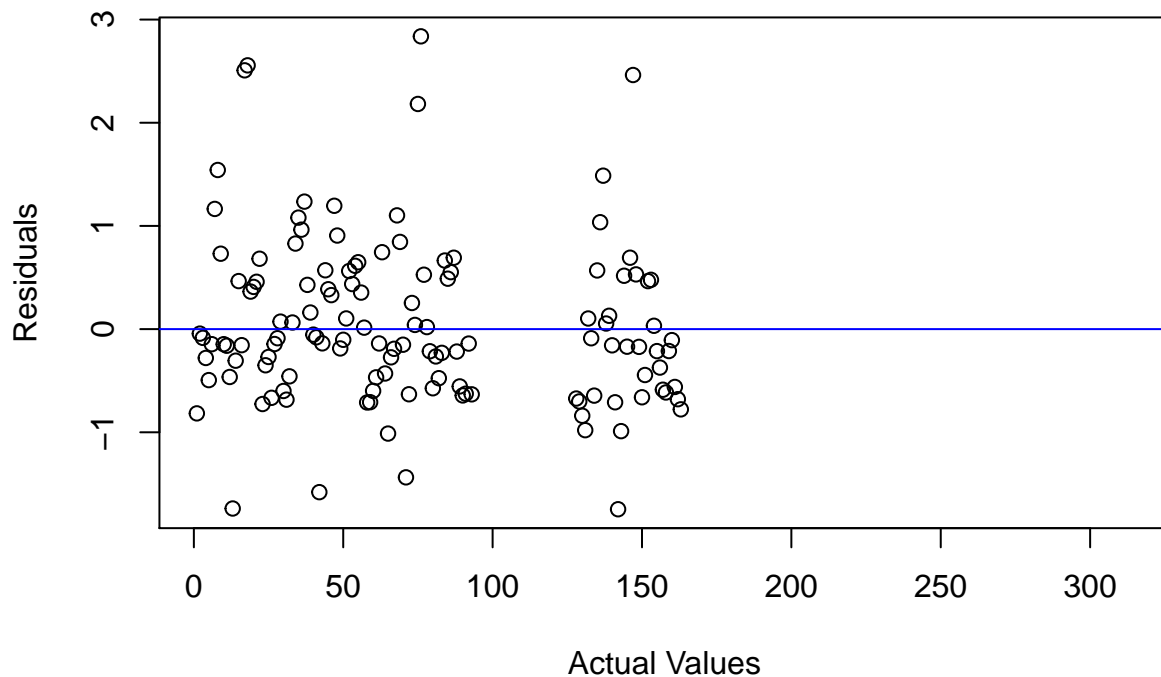
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for urban\_localcor\_wave\_mhhinc\_train**



```
## [1] TRUE
```

## Residual Plot for urban\_localcor\_mhhinc\_train



```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
# Print the names of the models  
names(mhhinc_lm_models_train)
```

```
## [1] "all_corlengths_wave_mhhinc_train"  "all_corlengths_mhhinc_train"  
## [3] "all_localcor_wave_mhhinc_train"    "all_localcor_mhhinc_train"  
## [5] "urban_corlengths_wave_mhhinc_train" "urban_corlengths_mhhinc_train"  
## [7] "urban_localcor_wave_mhhinc_train"  "urban_localcor_mhhinc_train"
```

Seems like the models are unreliable for the urban + local correlation models

## View Model Summaries

```
for (m in 1:length(mhhinc_lm_models_train)){  
  print(summary(mhhinc_lm_models_train[[m]]))  
}
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)  
##
```



```

## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.0002 -0.4526 -0.1204  0.3459  2.4546
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      1.414e+01  1.934e-01  73.131 < 2e-16
## cor_lengths      1.043e-03  3.964e-04   2.631  0.00862
## factor(wave)2     3.756e-01  2.723e-01   1.379  0.16809
## factor(wave)3     7.322e-01  2.446e-01   2.993  0.00282
## same_tier        -2.018e-01  2.262e-01  -0.892  0.37255
## tier_diff_1       -2.783e-01  2.376e-01  -1.171  0.24166
## tier_diff_2       -9.062e-02  2.409e-01  -0.376  0.70689
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2 -1.212e-04  5.303e-04  -0.228  0.81932
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3 -3.029e-04  5.709e-04  -0.531  0.59585
## cor_lengths:same_tier    5.192e-04  4.504e-04   1.153  0.24915
## factor(wave)2:same_tier  -2.467e-02  3.257e-01  -0.076  0.93963
## factor(wave)3:same_tier  -1.299e-01  2.899e-01  -0.448  0.65420
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_1   6.314e-04  4.629e-04   1.364  0.17288
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1 -2.130e-01  3.406e-01  -0.625  0.53191
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1   5.176e-02  3.052e-01   0.170  0.86534
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_2   3.459e-04  4.695e-04   0.737  0.46147
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2 -2.050e-01  3.487e-01  -0.588  0.55665
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2   2.269e-02  3.111e-01   0.073  0.94187
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:same_tier -1.828e-04  6.182e-04  -0.296  0.76747
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:same_tier -1.230e-05  6.532e-04  -0.019  0.98498
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1  7.791e-05  6.320e-04   0.123  0.90191
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1 -3.480e-04  6.704e-04  -0.519  0.60378
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2  2.170e-04  6.477e-04   0.335  0.73762
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2 -4.455e-04  6.963e-04  -0.640  0.52242
##
## (Intercept)          ***
## cor_lengths           **
## factor(wave)2
## factor(wave)3          **
## same_tier
## tier_diff_1
## tier_diff_2
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3
## cor_lengths:same_tier
## factor(wave)2:same_tier
## factor(wave)3:same_tier
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_1
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_2
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:same_tier
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:same_tier
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2

```

```

## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7105 on 1197 degrees of freedom
## (35 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2316, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2169
## F-statistic: 15.69 on 23 and 1197 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.0583 -0.4863 -0.1170  0.4029  2.6900
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      14.6076778   0.1031919  141.558 < 2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths         0.0007907   0.0002233   3.541 0.000414 ***
## same_tier        -0.2543245   0.1232816  -2.063 0.039329 *
## tier_diff_1       -0.3092946   0.1296142  -2.386 0.017173 *
## tier_diff_2       -0.1592452   0.1323603  -1.203 0.229165
## cor_lengths:same_tier  0.0004592   0.0002597   1.768 0.077279 .
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_1 0.0005227   0.0002657   1.967 0.049403 *
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_2 0.0003191   0.0002743   1.163 0.245006
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7373 on 1213 degrees of freedom
## (35 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1614, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1566
## F-statistic: 33.36 on 7 and 1213 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.94513 -0.47805 -0.01981  0.36628  2.54775
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      13.82076   0.31157  44.359 < 2e-16 ***
## r_0_50           1.65699   0.54872   3.020 0.00258 **
## factor(wave)2      0.57549   0.41518   1.386 0.16596
## factor(wave)3      0.91567   0.39523   2.317 0.02068 *
## same_tier        -0.02292   0.34578  -0.066 0.94717
## tier_diff_1       -0.35102   0.35587  -0.986 0.32414
## tier_diff_2       -0.05904   0.37180  -0.159 0.87386
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2 -0.53722   0.76566  -0.702 0.48304
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3 -0.88806   0.76051  -1.168 0.24315

```

```

## r_0_50:same_tier            0.29962    0.62994    0.476    0.63442
## factor(wave)2:same_tier     -0.29434    0.49116   -0.599    0.54910
## factor(wave)3:same_tier     -0.46754    0.44435   -1.052    0.29293
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1          1.22900    0.66227    1.856    0.06373 .
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1   -0.31507    0.49831   -0.632    0.52732
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1   -0.23956    0.46162   -0.519    0.60388
## r_0_50:tier_diff_2          0.56962    0.70284    0.810    0.41784
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2    0.17599    0.52832    0.333    0.73910
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2   -0.60870    0.48437   -1.257    0.20911
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:same_tier 0.06287    0.89978    0.070    0.94431
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:same_tier 0.52561    0.86305    0.609    0.54263
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1 -0.22802    0.92524   -0.246    0.80538
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1 -0.04598    0.90909   -0.051    0.95967
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2 -0.84680    0.98012   -0.864    0.38777
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2 0.73865    0.96013    0.769    0.44185
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7113 on 1216 degrees of freedom
## (16 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2234, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2087
## F-statistic: 15.21 on 23 and 1216 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.05103 -0.45388 -0.06537  0.41372  2.77408
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      14.4573    0.1576  91.758 < 2e-16 ***
## r_0_50              0.9844    0.3095   3.181  0.00151 **
## same_tier         -0.3793    0.1824  -2.080  0.03778 *
## tier_diff_1        -0.5914    0.1888  -3.133  0.00177 **
## tier_diff_2        -0.3491    0.1992  -1.752  0.07996 .
## r_0_50:same_tier    0.6634    0.3538   1.875  0.06101 .
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1  1.1772    0.3676   3.202  0.00140 **
## r_0_50:tier_diff_2  0.7091    0.3870   1.832  0.06720 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7251 on 1232 degrees of freedom
## (16 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1823, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1776
## F-statistic: 39.23 on 7 and 1232 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:

```

```

##      Min      1Q   Median      3Q      Max
## -2.16176 -0.54910 -0.05372  0.40215  2.47788
##
## Coefficients:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      1.407e+01  1.915e-01  73.470  <2e-16
## cor_lengths      5.867e-03  6.357e-03   0.923  0.3562
## factor(wave)2    2.498e-01  2.287e-01   1.092  0.2749
## factor(wave)3    6.089e-01  2.208e-01   2.758  0.0059
## same_tier        1.508e-02  2.286e-01   0.066  0.9474
## tier_diff_1      -6.155e-02  2.289e-01  -0.269  0.7880
## tier_diff_2       3.738e-02  3.067e-01   0.122  0.9030
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2 -9.373e-04  7.228e-03  -0.130  0.8968
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3 -7.226e-03  7.009e-03  -1.031  0.3028
## cor_lengths:same_tier    -5.195e-03  6.371e-03  -0.815  0.4150
## factor(wave)2:same_tier    1.106e-01  2.855e-01   0.387  0.6985
## factor(wave)3:same_tier   -1.907e-01  2.723e-01  -0.700  0.4839
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_1   -3.759e-03  6.433e-03  -0.584  0.5591
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1    4.485e-02  2.804e-01   0.160  0.8729
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1    3.843e-02  2.720e-01   0.141  0.8877
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_2   -3.825e-03  8.373e-03  -0.457  0.6479
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2   -3.922e-02  3.779e-01  -0.104  0.9173
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2   -3.287e-01  3.780e-01  -0.870  0.3847
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:same_tier  8.601e-04  7.260e-03   0.118  0.9057
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:same_tier  7.409e-03  7.044e-03   1.052  0.2931
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1  4.721e-05  7.313e-03   0.006  0.9949
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1  5.091e-03  7.099e-03   0.717  0.4734
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2  3.386e-03  9.882e-03   0.343  0.7319
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2  1.186e-02  1.022e-02   1.161  0.2460
##
## (Intercept)          ***
## cor_lengths
## factor(wave)2
## factor(wave)3          **
## same_tier
## tier_diff_1
## tier_diff_2
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3
## cor_lengths:same_tier
## factor(wave)2:same_tier
## factor(wave)3:same_tier
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_1
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_2
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:same_tier
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:same_tier
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2

```

```

## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.769 on 1214 degrees of freedom
## (18 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.06334,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.0456
## F-statistic: 3.569 on 23 and 1214 DF,  p-value: 3.032e-08
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.11332 -0.56496 -0.05827  0.49108  2.61499
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      14.3971963   0.0755445  190.579  <2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths        0.0027949   0.0021443    1.303   0.193
## same_tier         0.0105010   0.0994480    0.106   0.916
## tier_diff_1       -0.0297825   0.0979144   -0.304   0.761
## tier_diff_2       -0.0610437   0.1383042   -0.441   0.659
## cor_lengths:same_tier -0.0022452   0.0021634   -1.038   0.300
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_1 -0.0018884   0.0021736   -0.869   0.385
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_2  0.0005899   0.0034691    0.170   0.865
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7851 on 1230 degrees of freedom
## (18 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.01099,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.005359
## F-statistic: 1.952 on 7 and 1230 DF,  p-value: 0.05843
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.05339 -0.50288 -0.06399  0.41810  2.34539
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      13.66800   0.32669  41.838  < 2e-16 ***
## r_0_50           1.02631   0.52858   1.942  0.05278 .
## factor(wave)2     0.45072   0.38453   1.172  0.24175
## factor(wave)3     1.51210   0.47565   3.179  0.00158 **
## same_tier        -0.39649   0.63367   -0.626  0.53182
## tier_diff_1       -1.24362   0.67122   -1.853  0.06454 .
## tier_diff_2       -0.17117   0.64614   -0.265  0.79119
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2 -0.31807   0.60529   -0.525  0.59950
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3 -1.74964   0.69158   -2.530  0.01174 *
## r_0_50:same_tier    0.31976   0.95017    0.337  0.73663

```

```

## factor(wave)2:same_tier          0.01452    1.02735    0.014    0.98873
## factor(wave)3:same_tier         -1.13315    0.83497   -1.357    0.17540
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1              1.39036    0.95326    1.459    0.14537
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1        0.52592    0.77203    0.681    0.49607
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1        0.74571    0.86959    0.858    0.39159
## r_0_50:tier_diff_2             -0.03940    0.90570   -0.044    0.96532
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2       -0.54346    0.75744   -0.717    0.47343
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2       -0.76891    0.76582   -1.004    0.31588
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:same_tier   0.01727    1.42925    0.012    0.99037
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:same_tier   1.74705    1.20961    1.444    0.14932
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1 -0.79741    1.07337   -0.743    0.45791
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1 -0.70750    1.18218   -0.598    0.54982
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2  0.86967    1.05695    0.823    0.41103
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2  1.52482    1.07887    1.413    0.15822
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7315 on 467 degrees of freedom
## (765 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1544, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1127
## F-statistic: 3.706 on 23 and 467 DF,  p-value: 3.147e-08
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.03432 -0.52626 -0.08259  0.44869  2.79109
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      14.1966     0.1570  90.422  <2e-16 ***
## r_0_50              0.4810     0.2217   2.170   0.0305 *
## same_tier         -0.6654     0.3485  -1.909   0.0568 .
## tier_diff_1        -0.6068     0.2871  -2.114   0.0350 *
## tier_diff_2        -0.1786     0.2382  -0.750   0.4539
## r_0_50:same_tier    0.8387     0.4870   1.722   0.0857 .
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1  0.6413     0.3761   1.705   0.0888 .
## r_0_50:tier_diff_2  0.2180     0.3409   0.640   0.5227
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7551 on 483 degrees of freedom
## (765 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.0682, Adjusted R-squared:  0.05469
## F-statistic:  5.05 on 7 and 483 DF,  p-value: 1.52e-05

```

all\_corlengths\_wave\_mhhinc and urban\_corlengths\_wave\_mhhinc do not have significant interaction terms, will not make a stargazer table for this model. Will make 3 stargazer tables, for these pairs of models: (1) all\_corlengths\_mhhinc and urban\_corlengths\_mhhinc (2) all\_localcor\_wave\_mhhinc and urban\_localcor\_wave\_mhhinc (3) all\_localcor\_mhhinc and urban\_localcor\_mhhinc

```
# stargazer table for all_corlengths_mhhinc and urban_corlengths_mhhinc
# (1) is all
# (2) is urban
stargazer(
  c(mhhinc_lm_models_train[2], mhhinc_lm_models_train[6]),
  type = 'text',
  title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length and Mhhinc Tier Difference"
)
```

```
##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length and Mhhinc Tier Difference
## =====
##                               Dependent variable:
##                               -----
##                               log(next_week_marginal_cases)
##                               (1)                (2)
## -----
## cor_lengths                0.001***           0.003
##                               (0.0002)         (0.002)
##
## same_tier                  -0.254**           0.011
##                               (0.123)         (0.099)
##
## tier_diff_1                 -0.309**           -0.030
##                               (0.130)         (0.098)
##
## tier_diff_2                 -0.159            -0.061
##                               (0.132)         (0.138)
##
## cor_lengths:same_tier       0.0005*           -0.002
##                               (0.0003)         (0.002)
##
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_1     0.001**           -0.002
##                               (0.0003)         (0.002)
##
## cor_lengths:tier_diff_2     0.0003            0.001
##                               (0.0003)         (0.003)
##
## Constant                   14.608***          14.397***
##                               (0.103)         (0.076)
## -----
## Observations                1,221            1,238
## R2                          0.161            0.011
## Adjusted R2                 0.157            0.005
## Residual Std. Error         0.737 (df = 1213)  0.785 (df = 1230)
## F Statistic                 33.355*** (df = 7; 1213) 1.952* (df = 7; 1230)
## =====
## Note:                       *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01
```

```
# stargazer table for all_localcor_wave_mhhinc and urban_localcor_wave_mhhinc
# (1) is all
# (2) is urban
```

```
stargazer(
  c(mhhinc_lm_models_train[3], mhhinc_lm_models_train[7]),
  type = 'text',
  title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation,Mhhinc Tier Difference, and Wave"
)
```

```
##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation,Mhhinc Tier Difference, and Wave
## =====
##                               Dependent variable:
##                               -----
##                               log(next_week_marginal_cases)
##                               (1)                (2)
## -----
## r_0_50                        1.657***          1.026*
##                               (0.549)          (0.529)
##
## factor(wave)2                 0.575            0.451
##                               (0.415)          (0.385)
##
## factor(wave)3                 0.916**          1.512***
##                               (0.395)          (0.476)
##
## same_tier                     -0.023           -0.396
##                               (0.346)          (0.634)
##
## tier_diff_1                   -0.351           -1.244*
##                               (0.356)          (0.671)
##
## tier_diff_2                   -0.059           -0.171
##                               (0.372)          (0.646)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2          -0.537           -0.318
##                               (0.766)          (0.605)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3          -0.888           -1.750**
##                               (0.761)          (0.692)
##
## r_0_50:same_tier              0.300            0.320
##                               (0.630)          (0.950)
##
## factor(wave)2:same_tier       -0.294           0.015
##                               (0.491)          (1.027)
##
## factor(wave)3:same_tier       -0.468           -1.133
##                               (0.444)          (0.835)
##
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1           1.229*            1.390
##                               (0.662)          (0.953)
##
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1     -0.315           0.526
##                               (0.498)          (0.772)
##
```



```

## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1          -0.240          0.746
##                                (0.462)          (0.870)
##
## r_0_50:tier_diff_2                 0.570          -0.039
##                                (0.703)          (0.906)
##
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2          0.176          -0.543
##                                (0.528)          (0.757)
##
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2          -0.609          -0.769
##                                (0.484)          (0.766)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:same_tier      0.063          0.017
##                                (0.900)          (1.429)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:same_tier      0.526          1.747
##                                (0.863)          (1.210)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1    -0.228          -0.797
##                                (0.925)          (1.073)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1    -0.046          -0.707
##                                (0.909)          (1.182)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2    -0.847          0.870
##                                (0.980)          (1.057)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2    0.739          1.525
##                                (0.960)          (1.079)
##
## Constant                          13.821***          13.668***
##                                (0.312)          (0.327)
##
## -----
## Observations                        1,240          491
## R2                                0.223          0.154
## Adjusted R2                        0.209          0.113
## Residual Std. Error                0.711 (df = 1216)      0.732 (df = 467)
## F Statistic                        15.210*** (df = 23; 1216) 3.706*** (df = 23; 467)
## =====
## Note:                                *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

```

```

# all_localcor_mhhinc and urban_localcor_mhhinc
# (1) is all
# (2) is urban
stargazer(
  c(mhhinc_lm_models[4], mhhinc_lm_models[8]),
  type = 'text',
  title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation and Mhhinc Tier Difference"
)

```

```

##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation and Mhhinc Tier Difference
## =====

```

```

##                               Dependent variable:
##                               -----
##                               log(next_week_marginal_cases)
##                               (1)                (2)
## -----
## r_0_50                0.889***                0.565***
##                      (0.264)                (0.197)
##
## same_tier              -0.432***                -0.384
##                      (0.158)                (0.320)
##
## tier_diff_1            -0.591***                -0.487*
##                      (0.161)                (0.265)
##
## tier_diff_2            -0.383**                 -0.018
##                      (0.173)                (0.217)
##
## r_0_50:same_tier       0.780**                 0.507
##                      (0.304)                (0.449)
##
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1     1.194***                 0.547
##                      (0.313)                (0.344)
##
## r_0_50:tier_diff_2     0.757**                 0.033
##                      (0.334)                (0.310)
##
## Constant              14.511***                14.113***
##                      (0.136)                (0.141)
## -----
## Observations                1,550                620
## R2                        0.186                0.057
## Adjusted R2                0.182                0.046
## Residual Std. Error    0.719 (df = 1542)    0.764 (df = 612)
## F Statistic            50.340*** (df = 7; 1542) 5.294*** (df = 7; 612)
## =====
## Note:                      *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

```

Check conditions of Normality of Residuals, Homoskedasticity, Linearity , No Perfect Multicollinearity, Independence of Residuals

```

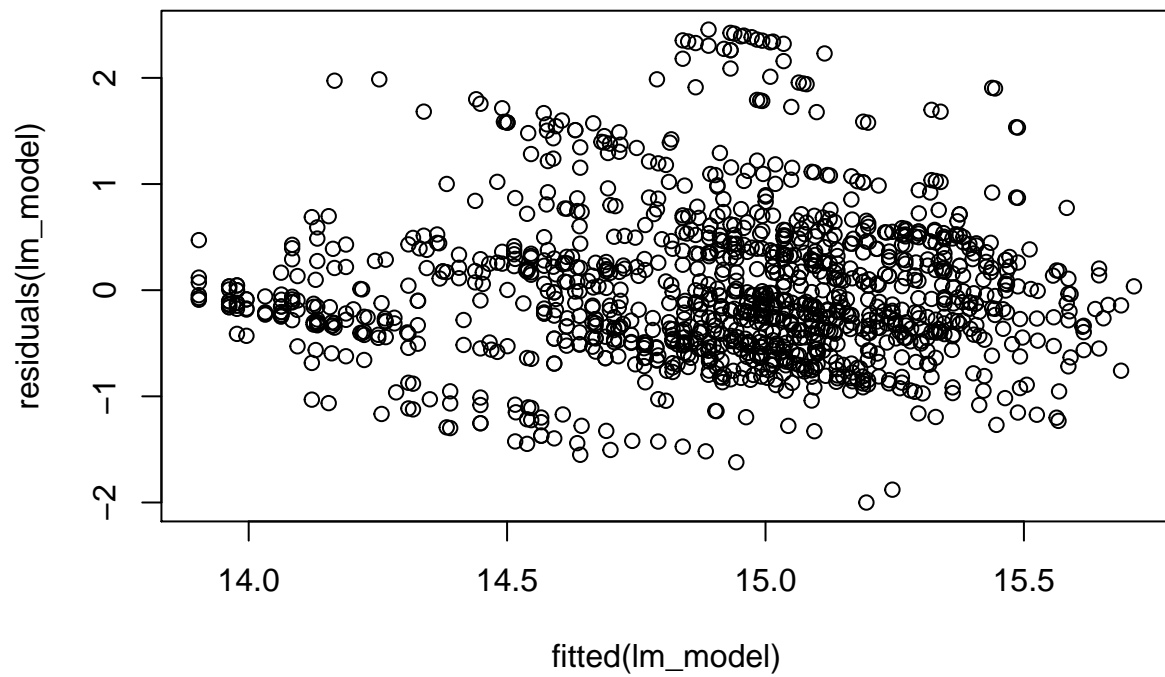
for (lm_model in mhhinc_lm_models_train) {
# 1. Linearity Check (Visual Inspection)
plot(residuals(lm_model) ~ fitted(lm_model))

# 2. Independence Check
# Durbin-Watson test
print(durbinWatsonTest(lm_model)[3])

# 3. Homoscedasticity Check
# Breusch-Pagan test for Heteroscedasticity
print(bptest(lm_model)$p.value)
}

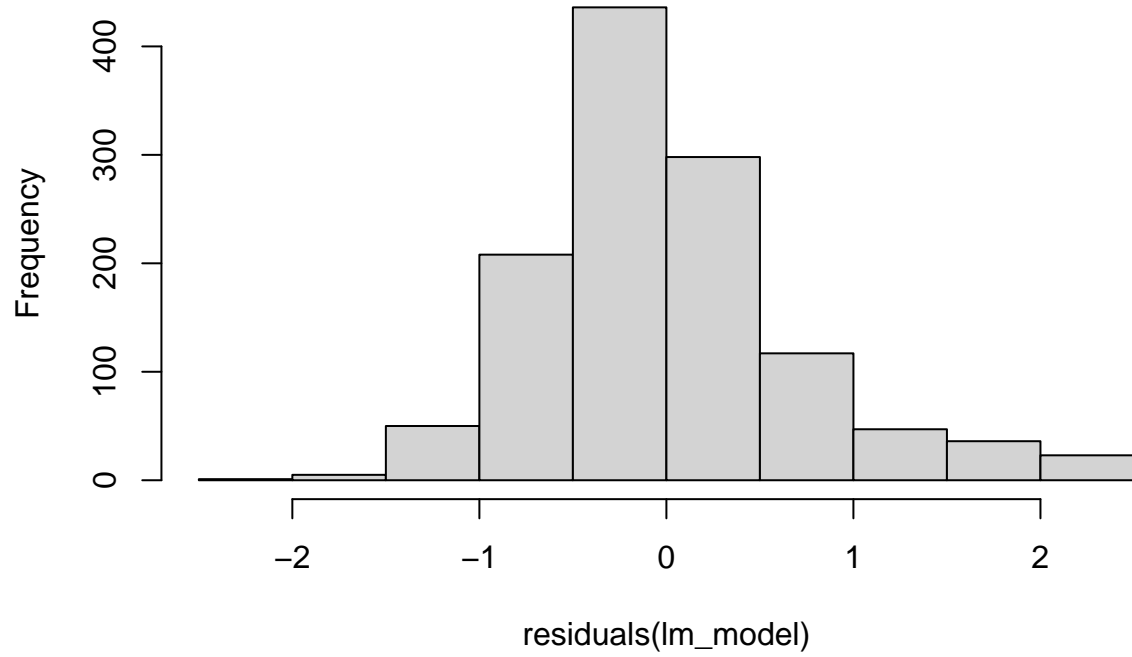
```

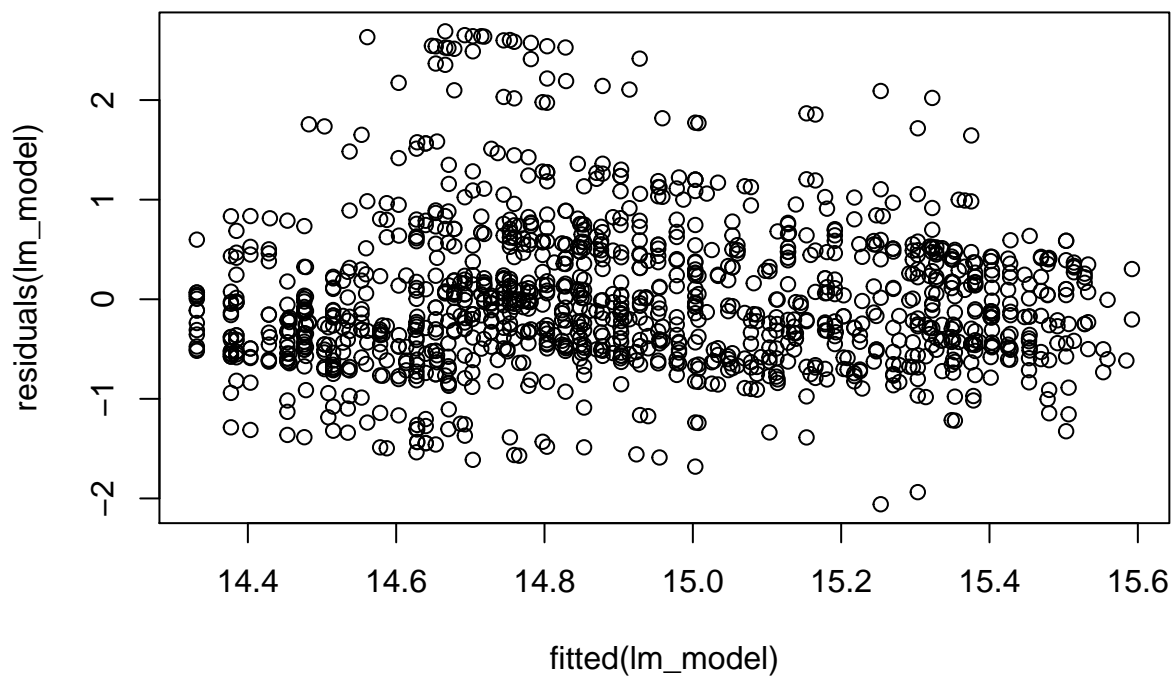
```
# 4. Normality of Residuals Check (Visual Inspection)
hist(residuals(lm_model), main = "Histogram of Residuals")
}
```



```
## $p
## [1] 0.586
##
##      BP
## 3.008527e-05
```

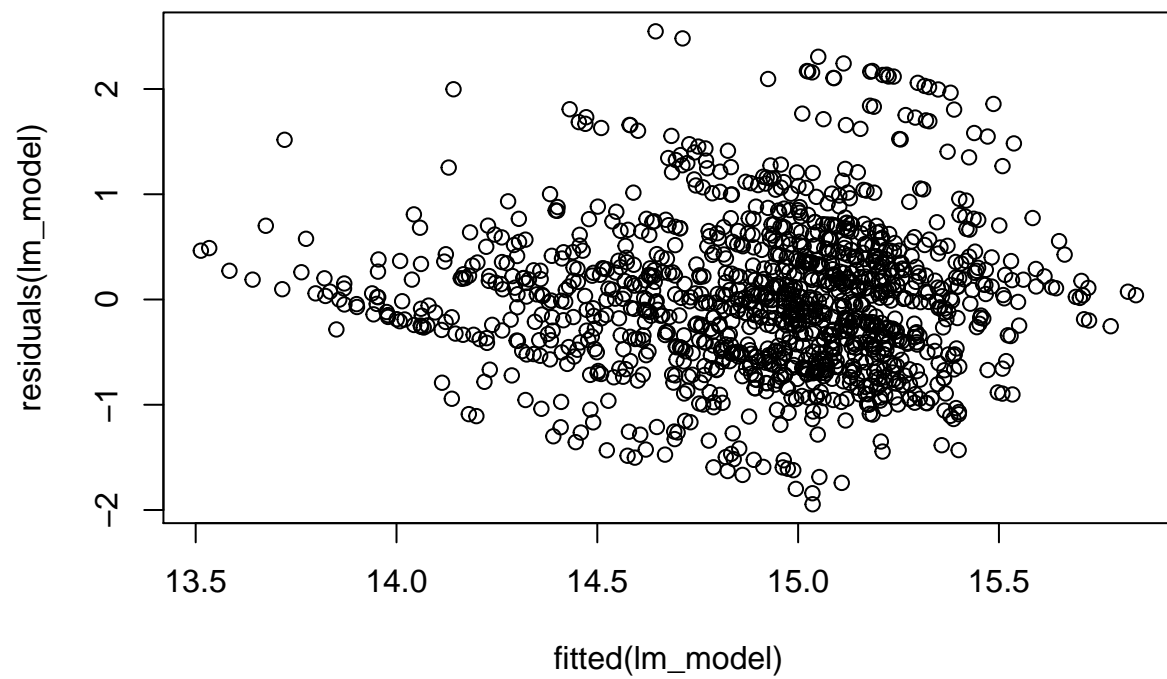
**Histogram of Residuals**



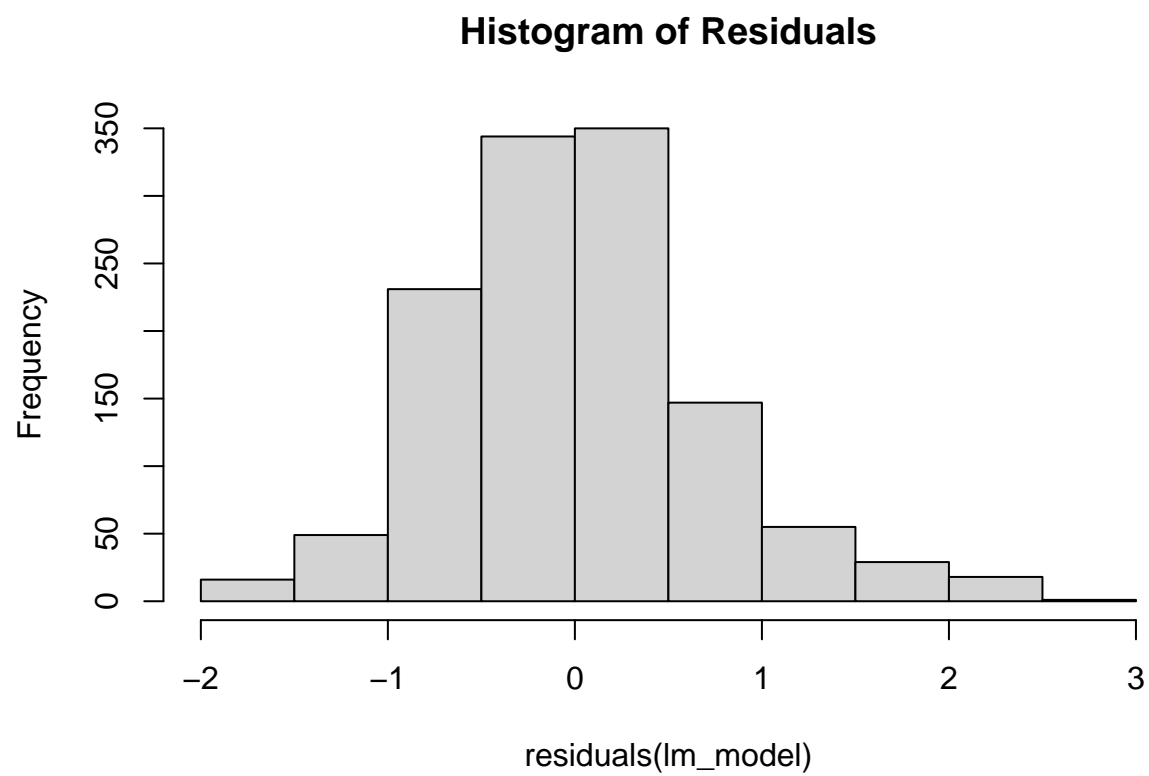


```
## $p
## [1] 0.578
##
##      BP
## 0.02118914
```

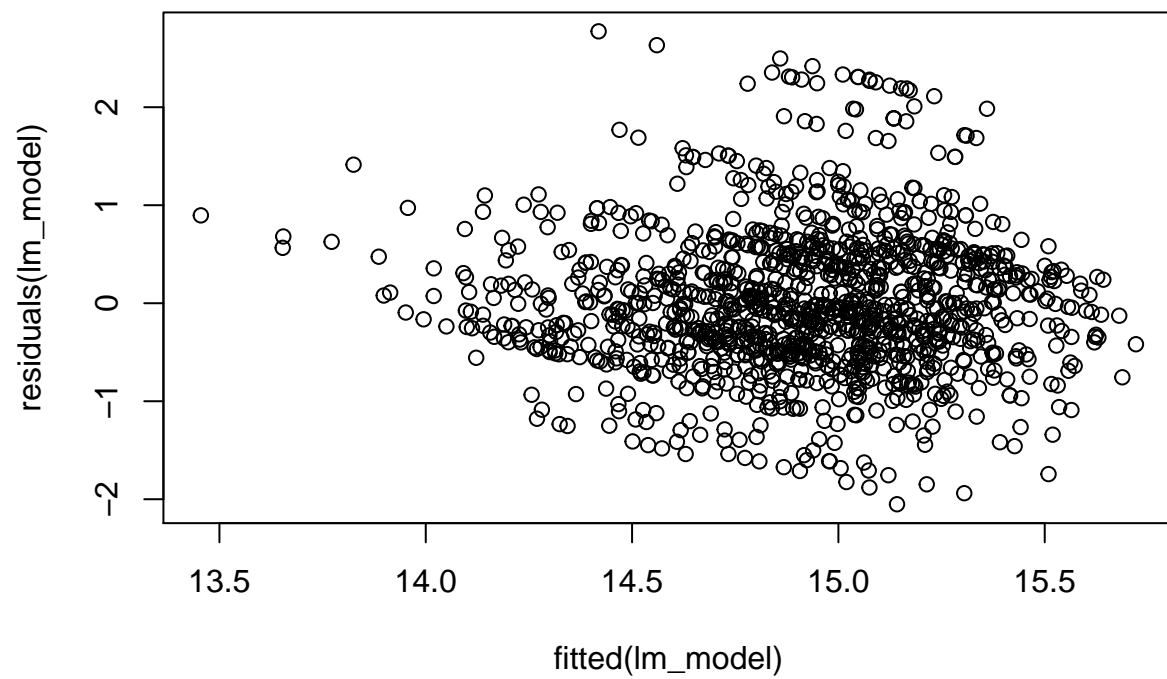




```
## $p
## [1] 0.3
##
##      BP
## 5.11232e-09
```

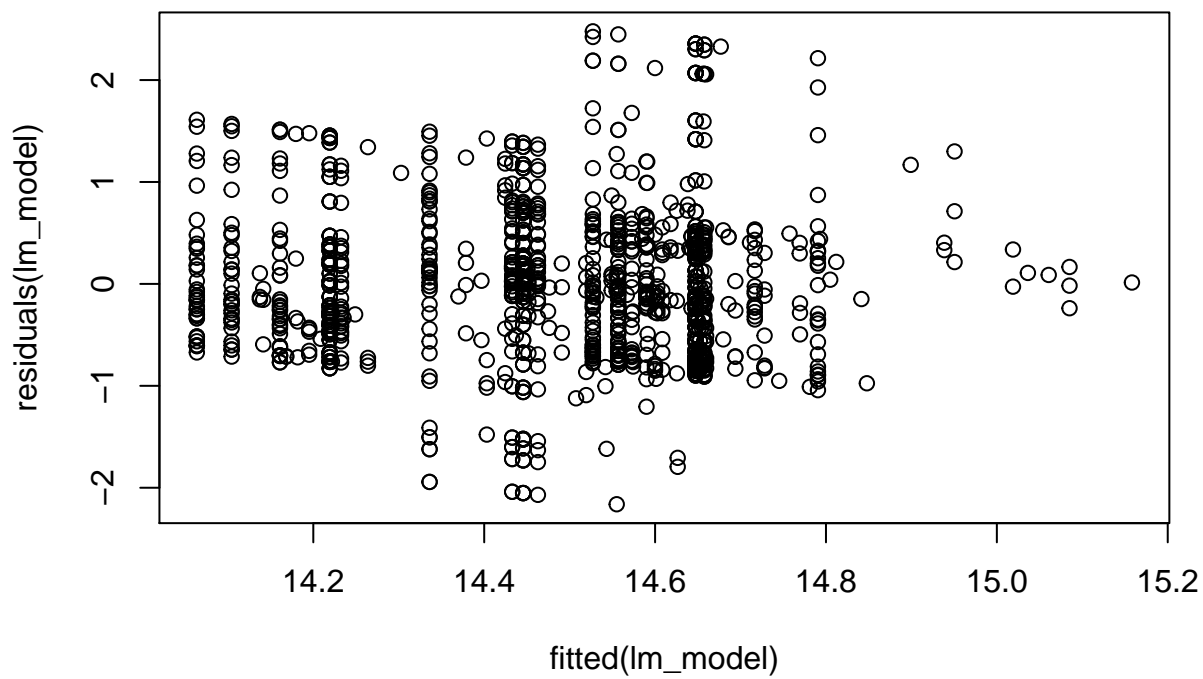






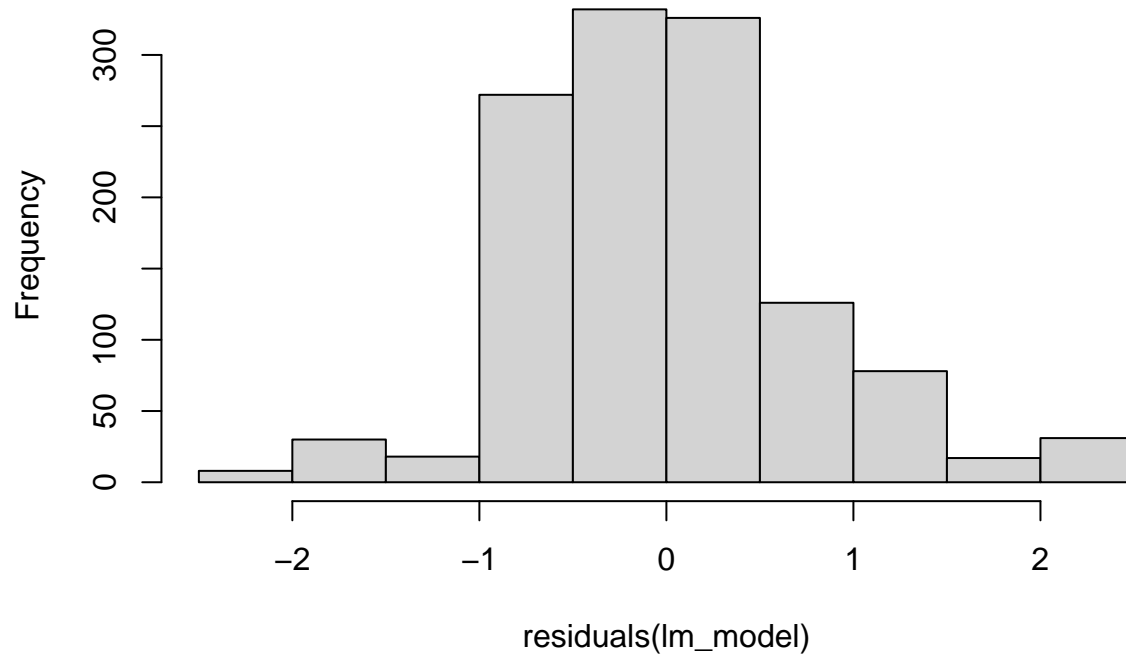
```
## $p
## [1] 0.454
##
##      BP
## 0.5452983
```

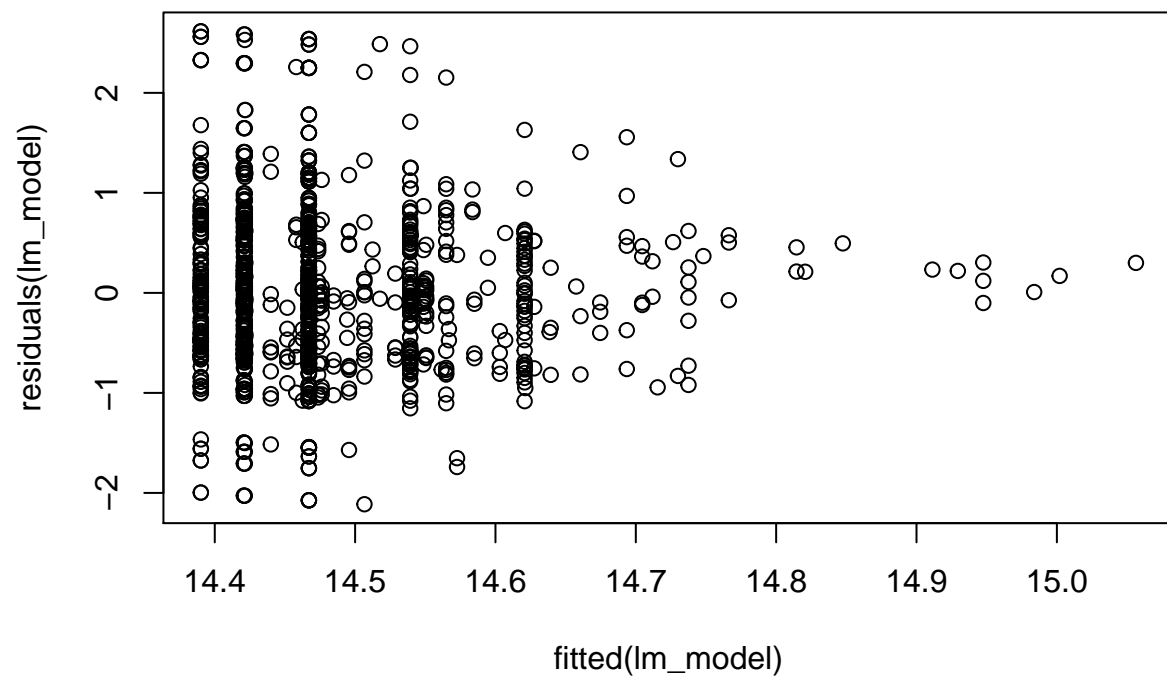




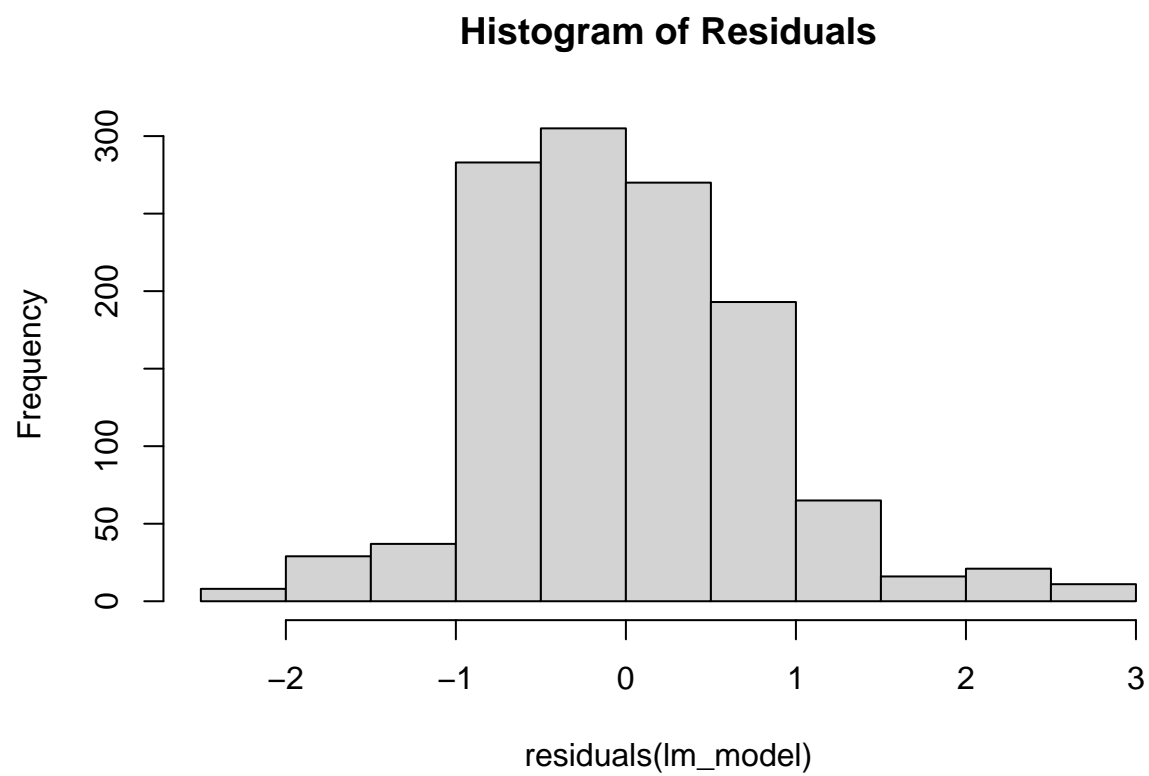
```
## $p
## [1] 0.588
##
##      BP
## 0.008632414
```

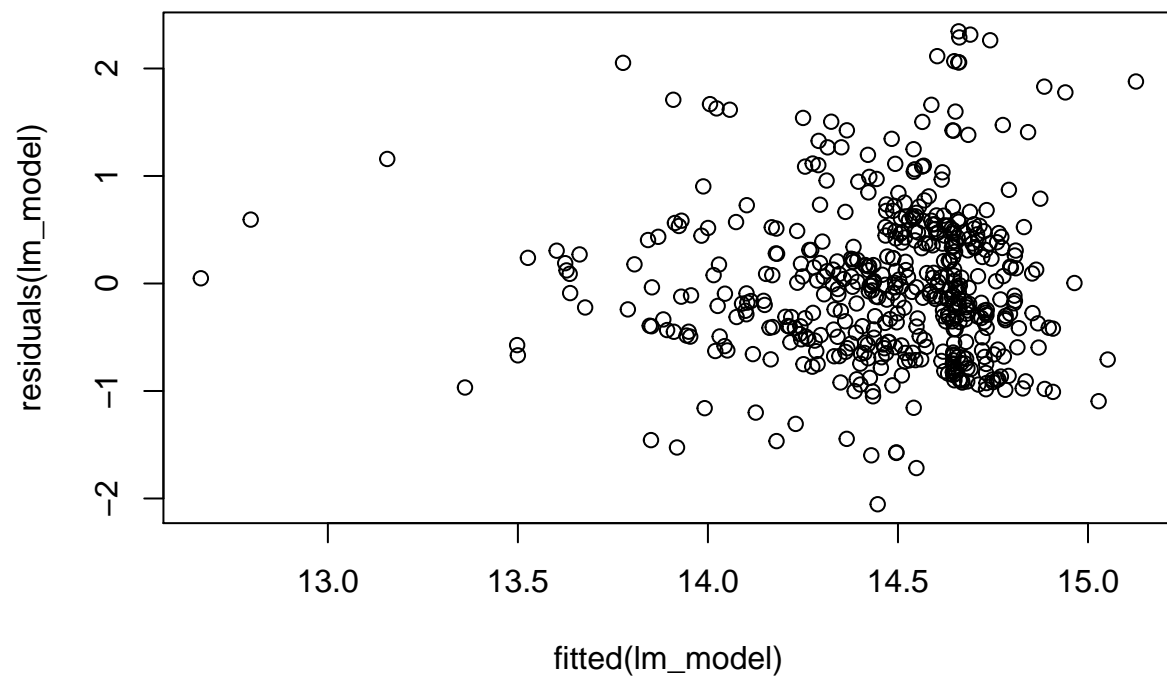
**Histogram of Residuals**





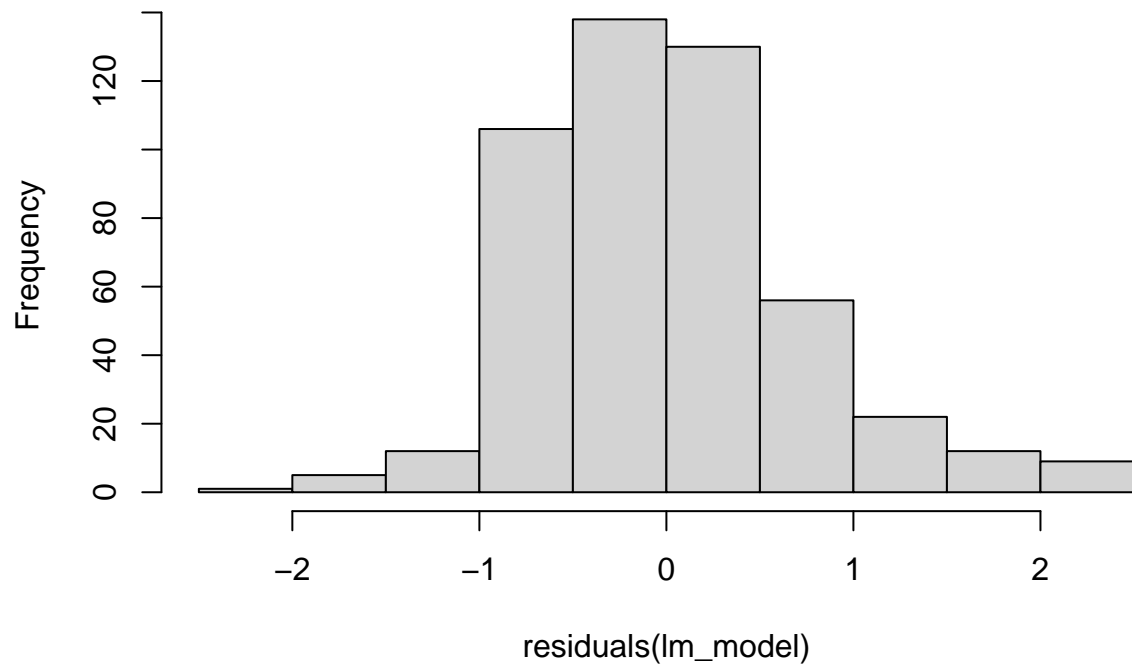
```
## $p
## [1] 0.858
##
##      BP
## 0.0517411
```



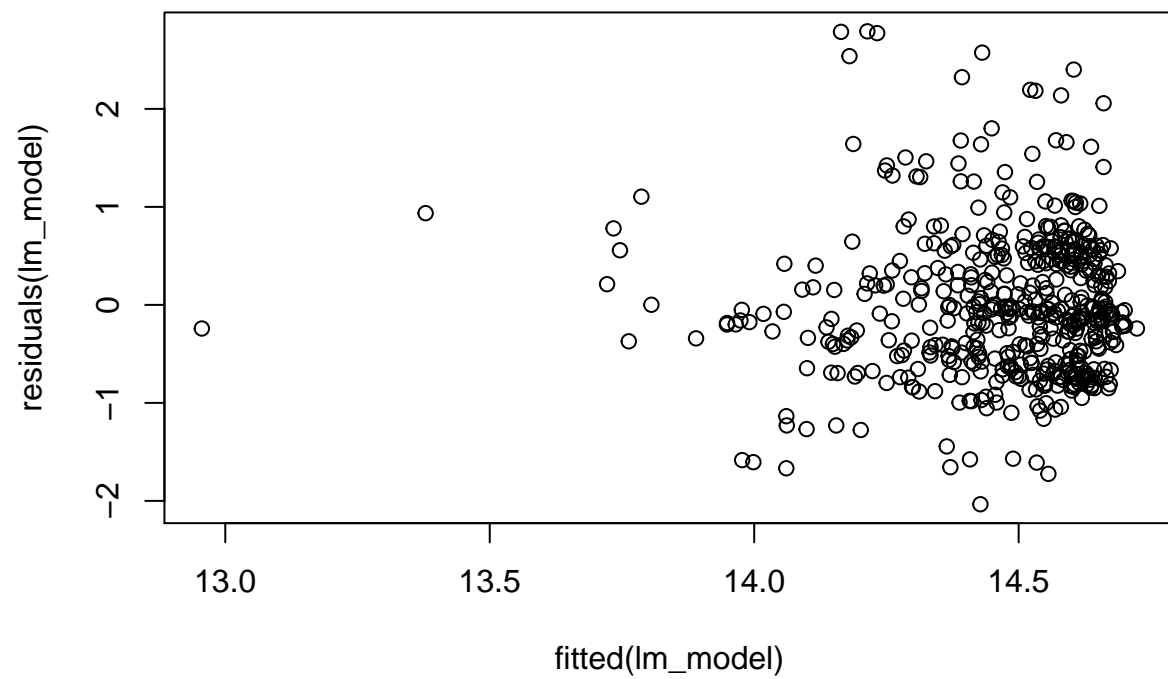


```
## $p
## [1] 0.01
##
##          BP
## 3.617043e-06
```

**Histogram of Residuals**

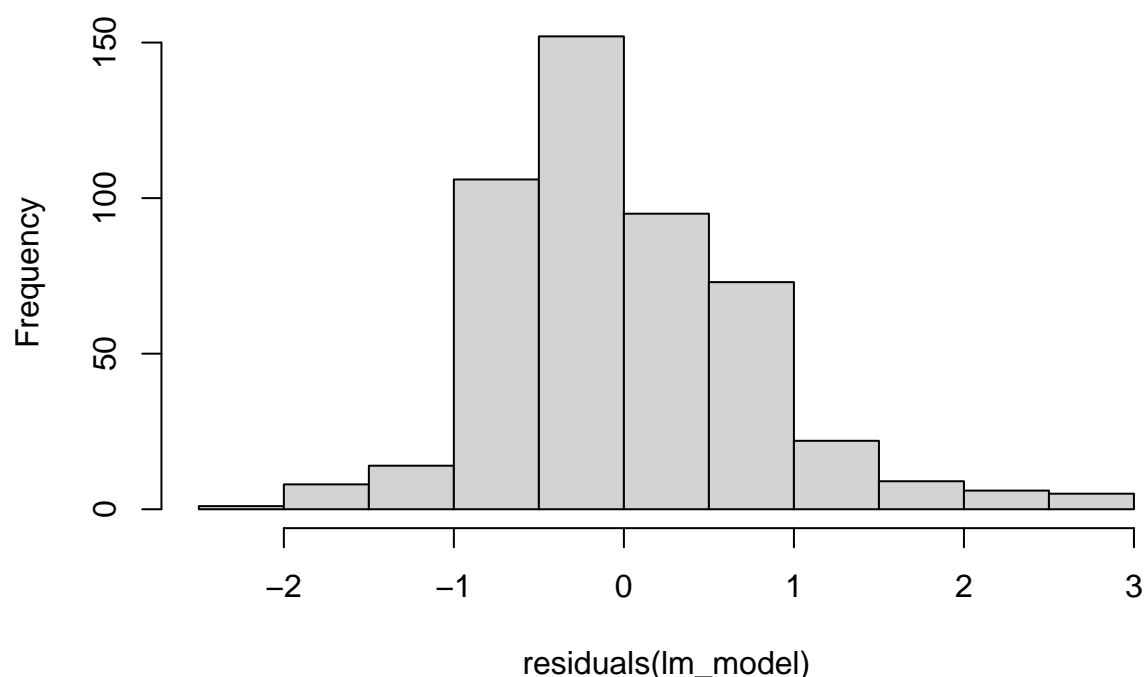






```
## $p
## [1] 0.074
##
##      BP
## 0.1017213
```

## Histogram of Residuals



*# 5. No Perfect Multicollinearity Check*

*# Variance Inflation Factors (VIF)*

```
vif(lm(log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~ cor_lengths + factor(wave) + factor(mhhinc_tier) , data = all_m
```

```
##              GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## cor_lengths    1.149220  1      1.072017
## factor(wave)    1.069424  2      1.016922
## factor(mhhinc_tier) 1.080817  9      1.004327
```

```
vif(lm(log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~ cor_lengths + factor(wave) + factor(mhhinc_tier) , data = urban
```

```
##              GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## cor_lengths    2.105017  1      1.450868
## factor(wave)    1.004114  2      1.001027
## factor(mhhinc_tier) 2.100903  9      1.042105
```

*# Conditions not passed:*

*## Heteroskedasticity in all\_corlengths\_wave\_mhhinc\_train, all\_localcor\_wave\_mhhinc\_train, all\_localcor*

*## Non-linearity in urban\_localcor\_wave\_mhhinc, urban\_localcor\_mhhinc*

```
names(mhhinc_lm_models_train)
```

```
## [1] "all_corlengths_wave_mhhinc_train"  "all_corlengths_mhhinc_train"
## [3] "all_localcor_wave_mhhinc_train"    "all_localcor_mhhinc_train"
## [5] "urban_corlengths_wave_mhhinc_train" "urban_corlengths_mhhinc_train"
## [7] "urban_localcor_wave_mhhinc_train"  "urban_localcor_mhhinc_train"
```

## Interpretations

```
# Initialize values
predictor <- c("cor_lengths", "r_0_50")
waves <- c("wave 1", "wave 2", "wave 3")
tier_diff <- c("same_tier", "tier_diff_1", "tier_diff_2", "tier_diff_3")
tier_descr <- c("are the same", "differ by 1", "differ by 2", "differ by 3")
full_coef = c()
full_coef1 = c()
significant = c()
significant1 = c()
i=1
j=1

# Iterate over Wave and Tier diff dummies
for (model in 1:length(mhhinc_lm_models_train)) {

  # Get model stats
  lm_model = mhhinc_lm_models_train[[model]]
  coefficients <- coef(lm_model)
  coef_names <- names(coef(lm_model))
  # se <- summary(lm_model)$coefficients[, "Std. Error"] use robust SE's
  se <- sqrt(diag(vcovHC(lm_model)))
  se_named <- rep(NA, length(coef_names))
  se_named[names(se)] <- se
  st_errors <- se_named[coef_names]

  # Based on model, decide if urban or all county df
  if (model <=4) {
    county = "all counties"
    df = all_mhhinc_weekly_spatial_metrics}
  else {
    county = "urban counties"
    df = urban_mhhinc_weekly_spatial_metrics}

  # Based on model, choose cor_length or local_cor as predictor
  if (model %in% c(1,2,5,6)) {pred = predictor[1]}
  else {pred = predictor[2]}

  # Wave dummies not included for even models
  if (model %% 2 == 0) {
    wave = "every wave"
    for (m in 1:length(tier_diff)) {
      tierdiff <- tier_diff[m]
      if (m==4) {interaction = 0
        se_total = st_errors[2]}
      else {
        interaction = coefficients[5+m]
        se_total = sqrt(sum((st_errors[5+m])^2 + (st_errors[2])^2))
      }
      # Store coefficient
      full_coef1[j] = save_coefficient(interaction)
```

```

    # Print interpretation and significance
    significant1[j] <- is_significant(as.numeric(full_coef1[j]), as.numeric((se_total)))
    print_interpretation(full_coef1[j], wave, region="whole US", tier_descr[m], significant1[j], pred, cor

# Wave dummies with mhhinc tier dummies
else {
  # Iterate over each wave
  for (w in 1:length(waves)) {
    wave <- waves[w]
    # Iterate of each tier difference
    for (m in 1:length(tier_diff)) {
      tierdiff <- tier_diff[m]
      if (wave == "Wave 1") {
        partial_interaction_w <- 0
        se_partial_w <- 0
      } else {
        partial_interaction_w <- coefficients[(7 + w)]
        se_partial_w <- st_errors[(7 + w)]
      }
      if (tierdiff == "tier_diff_3") {
        partial_interaction_m <- 0
        se_partial_m <- 0
      } else {
        partial_interaction_m <- coefficients[(3*m+7)]
        se_partial_m <- st_errors[(3*m+7)]
      }
      if (tierdiff != "tier_diff_3" & wave != "Wave 1") {
        full_interaction_wm <- coefficients[paste0(pred,":factor(wave)", w, ":", tierdiff)]
        se_full_wm <- st_errors[paste0(pred,":factor(wave)", w, ":", tierdiff)]
      } else {
        full_interaction_wm <- 0
        se_full_wm <- 0
      }
    }
    # Calculate total standard error
    se_total <- sqrt(se_partial_w^2 + se_partial_m^2 + se_full_wm^2 + st_errors[2]^2)
    # Store coefficient information
    interaction <- partial_interaction_w + partial_interaction_m + full_interaction_wm

    # Store coefficient
    full_coef[i] = save_coefficient(interaction)

    # Print interpretation and significance
    significant[i] <- is_significant(as.numeric(full_coef[i]), as.numeric((se_total)))
    print_interpretation(full_coef[i], wave, region="whole US", tier_descr[m], significant[i], pred, cor
    i <- i + 1
  }}
}

```

```

## - For all counties across wave 3 in the whole US where the median household income tiers differ by 3
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 38.12% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers are the
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)

```

```

## corresponds to a 30.5% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers differ 1
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 32.05% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers differ 1
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 27.08% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers differ 1
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 19.29% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers are the
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 29.66% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers differ 1
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 38.91% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers differ 1
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 30.48% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers differ 1
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 17.72% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For urban counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers are the
## and where mask usage in both counties are disregarded a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 23.75% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE

```

Significant differential effects among “equality level.” Spread is greater among counties of similar socioeconomic level. Strong results across every wave but especially in wave 3. Effects are not as discernible among Urban counties. Both correlation length and local correlation are effective metrics for predicting covid to discern socioeconomic effects.

## Mask + Wave Models

### Prepare Model Combinations

```

# Data sets: (1) all counties & (2) urban counties
datasets = list(all_mask_weekly_spatial_metrics)
df_names = c("all")

# Predictor: (1) correlation length & (2) local correlation
predictor = c("cor_lengths", "r_0_50")
predictor_names = c("corlengths", "localcor")

# Covariates (1) mhhinc & (2) mhhinc + wave
covariates = list(c("*factor(wave)*mask_11", "*factor(wave)*mask_22", "*factor(wave)*mask_33", "*factor(wave)*mask_44",
  c("*mask_11", "*mask_22", "*mask_33", "*mask_44"))
var_names = c("wave_mask", "mask")

```

## Generate Models

```
# Create an empty list to store the models
mask_lm_models <- list()

# Iterate of every combination of data, predictor, and covariates
for (d in 1:length(datasets)) {
  df = datasets[d][[1]]
  for (p in 1:length(predictor)) {
    for (c in 1:length(covariates)) {
      interactions = c()
      for (i in 1:length(covariates[[c]])) {
        interactions[i] <- paste(predictor[p], covariates[[c]][i])
      }

      # Create the formula
      lm_formula <- as.formula(paste("log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~", paste(unlist(interactions), col=
      )

      # Fit the linear model
      lm_model <- lm(lm_formula, data = df)

      # Generate a name for the model object
      model_name <- paste(df_names[d], "_", predictor_names[p], "_", var_names[c], sep = "")

      # Save the model to the list
      mask_lm_models[[model_name]] <- lm_model
    }
  }
}
```

## Training/Testing Models

```
# Set seed for reproducibility
set.seed(1)

# Create an empty list to store the models
mask_lm_models_train <- list()

# Iterate over every combination of data, predictor, and covariates
for (d in 1:length(datasets)) {
  df <- datasets[[d]]

  # Create indices for train-test split
  n_obs <- nrow(df)
  train_indices <- sample(1:n_obs, size = round(train_ratio * n_obs), replace = FALSE)
  test_indices <- setdiff(1:n_obs, train_indices)

  # Split the data into train and test sets
  train_df <- df[train_indices, ]
  test_df <- df[test_indices, ]

  for (p in 1:length(predictor)) {
    for (c in 1:length(covariates)) {
      interactions <- c()
    }
  }
}
```

```

for (i in 1:length(covariates[[c]])) {
  interactions[i] <- paste(predictor[p], covariates[[c]][i])
}

# Create the formula & fit linear model on the training data
lm_formula <- as.formula(paste("log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~", paste(unlist(interactions), col = " + ", sep = "")))
lm_model_train <- lm(lm_formula, data = train_df)

# Name model and save to list
model_name_train <- paste(df_names[d], "_", predictor_names[p], "_", var_names[c], "_train", sep = "")
mask_lm_models_train[[model_name_train]] <- lm_model_train

# Apply the trained model to the test data and make predictions
test_predictions <- predict(lm_model_train, newdata = test_df)

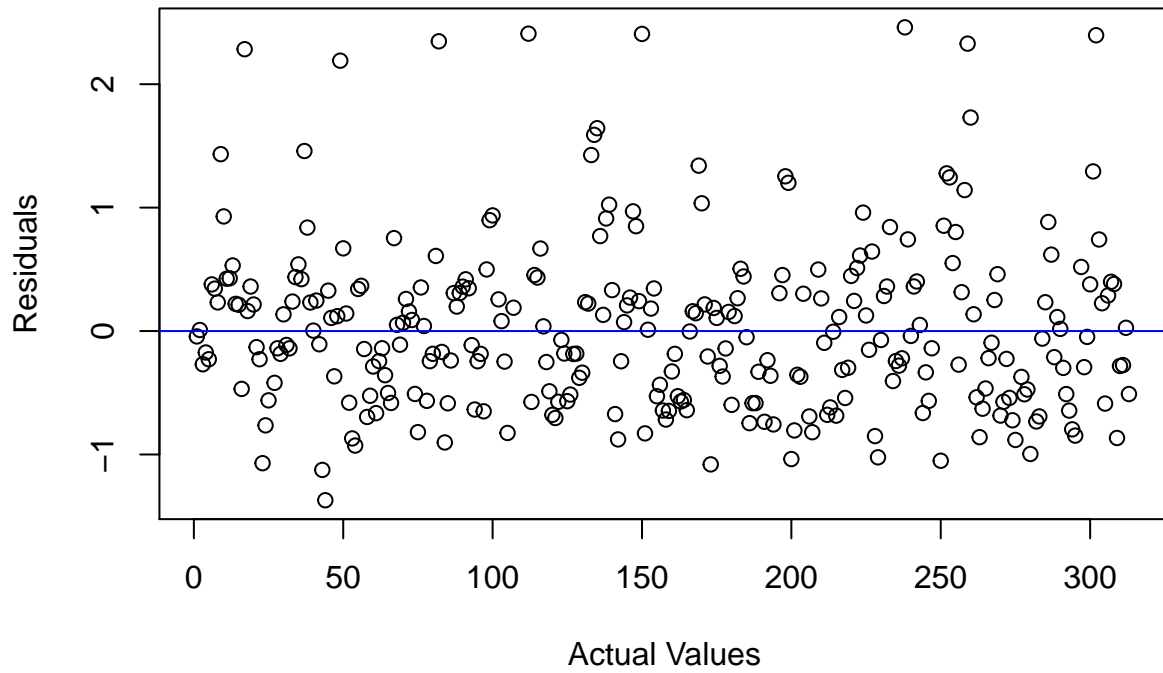
# Calculate residuals using predictions from the test dataset
residuals <- log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases) - test_predictions

# Create residual plot
plot(1:length(residuals), residuals,
     main = paste("Residual Plot for", model_name_train),
     xlab = "Actual Values",
     ylab = "Residuals")
abline(h = 0, col = "blue")

# Check if the mean of residuals is less than the standard deviation of the data
print(mean(abs(residuals), na.rm = TRUE) < sd(log(test_df$next_week_marginal_cases), na.rm = TRUE))
}
}

```

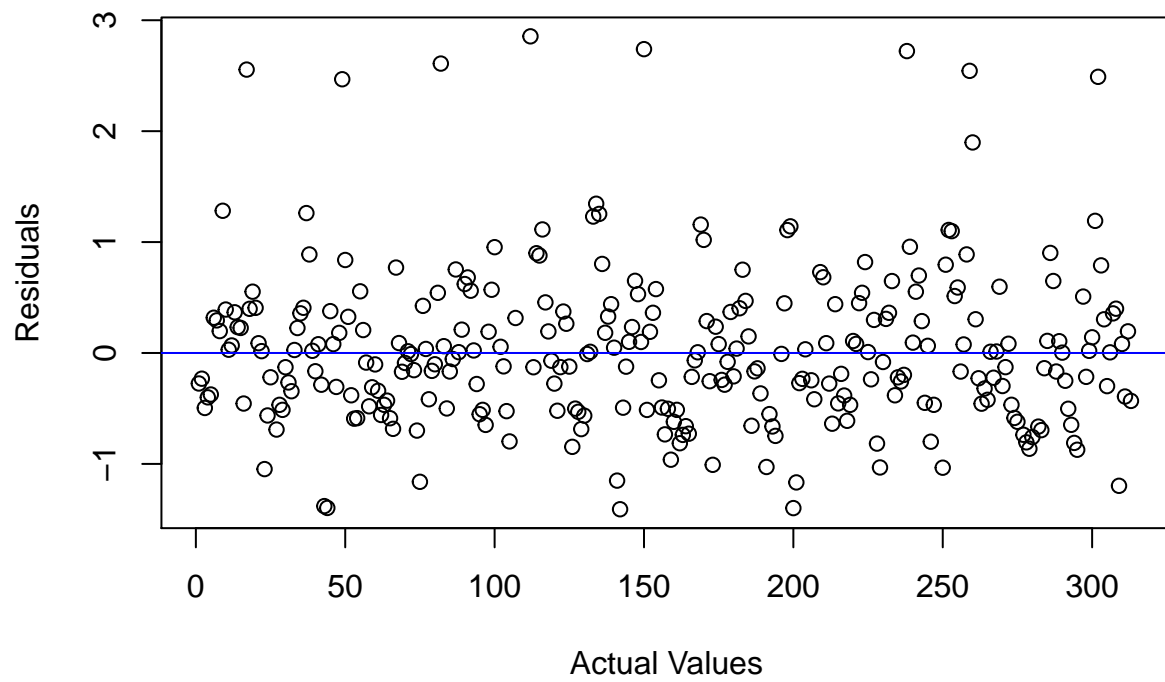
**Residual Plot for all\_corlengths\_wave\_mask\_train**



```
## [1] TRUE
```

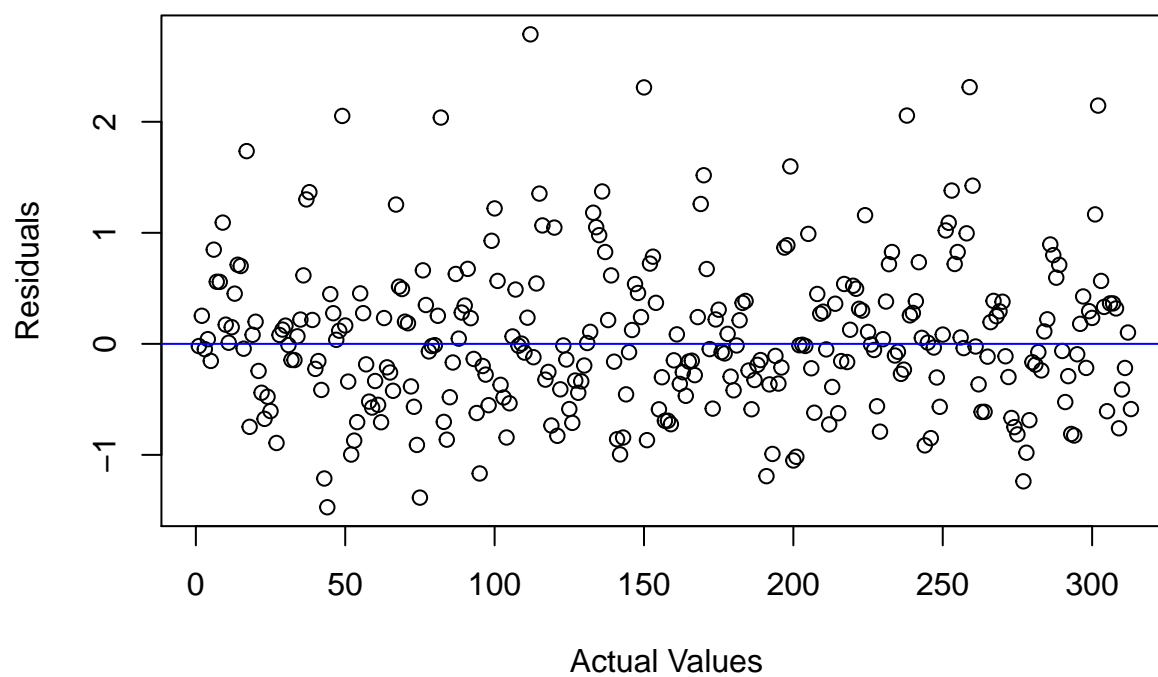


**Residual Plot for all\_corlengths\_mask\_train**



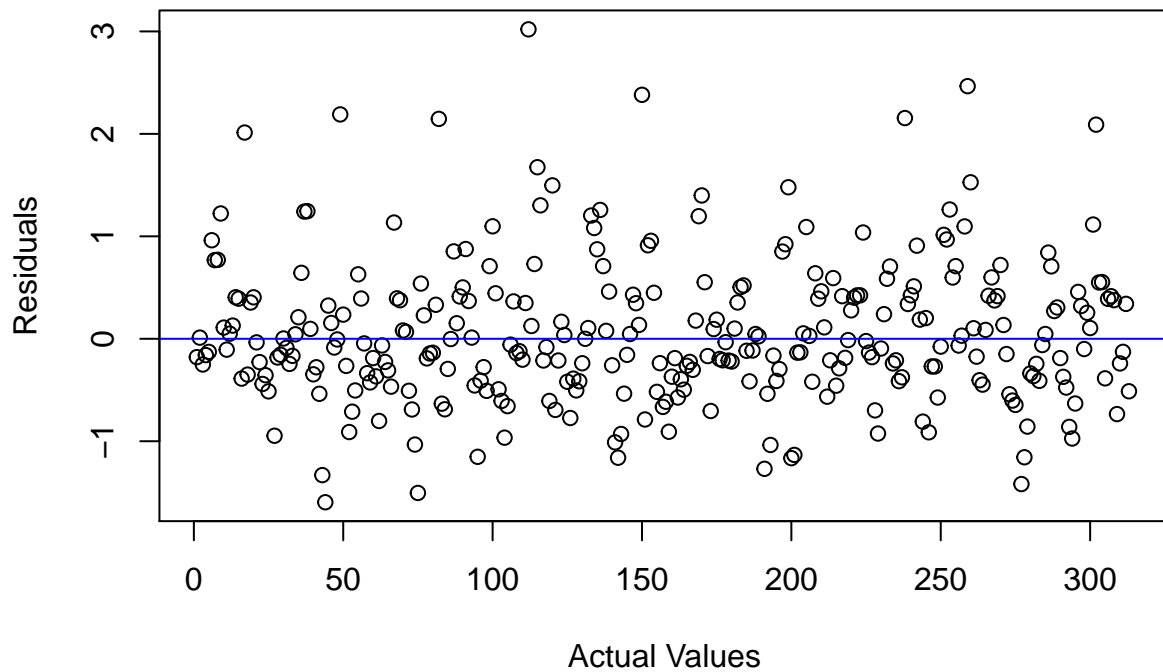
```
## [1] TRUE
```

**Residual Plot for all\_localcor\_wave\_mask\_train**



```
## [1] TRUE
```

## Residual Plot for all\_localcor\_mask\_train



```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
# Print the names of the models  
names(mask_lm_models_train)
```

```
## [1] "all_corlengths_wave_mask_train" "all_corlengths_mask_train"  
## [3] "all_localcor_wave_mask_train"   "all_localcor_mask_train"
```

## View Model Summaries

```
for (m in 1:length(mask_lm_models_train)){  
  print(summary(mask_lm_models_train[[m]]))  
}
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)  
##  
## Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max   
## -1.7159 -0.5015 -0.1307  0.3712  2.4743   
##  
## Coefficients:
```

```

##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      1.413e+01  8.132e-02 173.690 < 2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths      1.463e-03  1.683e-04   8.691 < 2e-16 ***
## factor(wave)2    -3.820e-02  1.249e-01  -0.306   0.760
## factor(wave)3      8.022e-01  1.093e-01   7.339 4.05e-13 ***
## mask_11          -2.089e-01  2.461e-01  -0.849   0.396
## mask_22          -2.308e-01  2.427e-01  -0.951   0.342
## mask_33          -2.454e-01  2.306e-01  -1.064   0.287
## mask_44          -5.029e-01  3.265e-01  -1.540   0.124
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2  1.770e-04  2.323e-04   0.762   0.446
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3 -1.149e-03  2.410e-04  -4.770 2.08e-06 ***
## cor_lengths:mask_11  6.168e-04  6.118e-04   1.008   0.314
## factor(wave)2:mask_11 -3.763e-01  3.808e-01  -0.988   0.323
## factor(wave)3:mask_11 -1.689e-01  3.242e-01  -0.521   0.603
## cor_lengths:mask_22  3.989e-04  4.720e-04   0.845   0.398
## factor(wave)2:mask_22 -2.623e-01  4.170e-01  -0.629   0.530
## factor(wave)3:mask_22  1.045e-01  3.482e-01   0.300   0.764
## cor_lengths:mask_33  4.865e-04  5.061e-04   0.961   0.337
## factor(wave)2:mask_33 -2.467e-02  3.640e-01  -0.068   0.946
## factor(wave)3:mask_33 -4.004e-02  3.077e-01  -0.130   0.896
## cor_lengths:mask_44  9.451e-04  6.442e-04   1.467   0.143
## factor(wave)2:mask_44  6.967e-01  4.648e-01   1.499   0.134
## factor(wave)3:mask_44  3.349e-01  4.031e-01   0.831   0.406
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:mask_11 4.575e-04  7.942e-04   0.576   0.565
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:mask_11 4.542e-04  8.109e-04   0.560   0.576
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:mask_22 3.058e-04  7.234e-04   0.423   0.673
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:mask_22 -9.487e-05  7.544e-04  -0.126   0.900
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:mask_33 -2.149e-05  7.089e-04  -0.030   0.976
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:mask_33  1.766e-04  6.953e-04   0.254   0.800
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:mask_44 -1.200e-03  8.805e-04  -1.363   0.173
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:mask_44 -8.094e-04  8.057e-04  -1.004   0.315
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7072 on 1156 degrees of freedom
## (70 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2534, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2347
## F-statistic: 13.53 on 29 and 1156 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.7155 -0.4782 -0.1106  0.3650  2.8666
##
## Coefficients:
##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      1.446e+01  4.840e-02 298.780 <2e-16 ***
## cor_lengths      1.095e-03  9.721e-05  11.262 <2e-16 ***
## mask_11          -2.993e-01  1.412e-01  -2.120  0.0342 *
## mask_22          -1.966e-01  1.531e-01  -1.284  0.1993
## mask_33          -2.340e-01  1.378e-01  -1.698  0.0897 .

```

```

## mask_44          -1.122e-01  1.723e-01  -0.651  0.5152
## cor_lengths:mask_11  7.325e-04  3.041e-04  2.409  0.0162 *
## cor_lengths:mask_22  3.683e-04  3.005e-04  1.226  0.2205
## cor_lengths:mask_33  4.669e-04  2.876e-04  1.624  0.1047
## cor_lengths:mask_44  1.064e-04  3.358e-04  0.317  0.7513
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7392 on 1176 degrees of freedom
## (70 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1702, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1639
## F-statistic: 26.81 on 9 and 1176 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.85432 -0.47758 -0.06701  0.37475  2.69734
##
## Coefficients:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      13.820630   0.109822 125.845 < 2e-16 ***
## r_0_50           2.173524   0.245104   8.868 < 2e-16 ***
## factor(wave)2     0.176816   0.178713   0.989 0.32267
## factor(wave)3     0.552997   0.159624   3.464 0.00055 ***
## mask_11          -0.307252   0.310845  -0.988 0.32313
## mask_22          -0.036781   0.280405  -0.131 0.89566
## mask_33          -0.151985   0.291795  -0.521 0.60256
## mask_44           0.124307   0.393291   0.316 0.75201
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2 -0.508015  0.338589  -1.500 0.13378
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3 -0.729772  0.337691  -2.161 0.03089 *
## r_0_50:mask_11     0.629858  0.716027   0.880 0.37922
## factor(wave)2:mask_11  0.378853  0.689182   0.550 0.58262
## factor(wave)3:mask_11 -0.442274  0.457747  -0.966 0.33414
## r_0_50:mask_22     0.128833  0.617505   0.209 0.83477
## factor(wave)2:mask_22 -0.244112  0.539700  -0.452 0.65113
## factor(wave)3:mask_22 -0.204464  0.438381  -0.466 0.64101
## r_0_50:mask_33     0.390216  0.706304   0.552 0.58072
## factor(wave)2:mask_33  0.008262  0.460980   0.018 0.98570
## factor(wave)3:mask_33 -0.062158  0.376730  -0.165 0.86898
## r_0_50:mask_44     -0.586819  0.754657  -0.778 0.43696
## factor(wave)2:mask_44 -0.792502  0.576336  -1.375 0.16936
## factor(wave)3:mask_44  0.060545  0.490469   0.123 0.90178
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:mask_11 -1.004401  1.161953  -0.864 0.38754
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:mask_11  0.629819  0.949979   0.663 0.50747
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:mask_22  0.366049  0.992415   0.369 0.71231
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:mask_22  0.155214  0.874609   0.177 0.85917
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:mask_33 -0.088720  0.946846  -0.094 0.92536
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:mask_33  0.011059  0.847173   0.013 0.98959
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:mask_44  1.851888  1.031995   1.794 0.07299 .
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:mask_44  0.040741  0.951185   0.043 0.96584
## ---

```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7074 on 1210 degrees of freedom
## (16 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.2356, Adjusted R-squared:  0.2173
## F-statistic: 12.86 on 29 and 1210 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lm_formula, data = train_df)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.05080 -0.43912 -0.07781  0.40216  2.91359
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   14.11078    0.06844  206.179  <2e-16 ***
## r_0_50         1.67964    0.13060   12.861  <2e-16 ***
## mask_11       -0.29641    0.20187   -1.468    0.142
## mask_22       -0.20489    0.19513   -1.050    0.294
## mask_33       -0.15726    0.16183   -0.972    0.331
## mask_44       -0.00461    0.20381   -0.023    0.982
## r_0_50:mask_11  0.33403    0.35807    0.933    0.351
## r_0_50:mask_22  0.34026    0.36165    0.941    0.347
## r_0_50:mask_33  0.33929    0.31917    1.063    0.288
## r_0_50:mask_44 -0.06965    0.37753   -0.185    0.854
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.7178 on 1230 degrees of freedom
## (16 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1999, Adjusted R-squared:  0.194
## F-statistic: 34.14 on 9 and 1230 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
names(mask_lm_models_train)
```

```
## [1] "all_corlengths_wave_mask_train" "all_corlengths_mask_train"
## [3] "all_localcor_wave_mask_train"  "all_localcor_mask_train"
```

```
# stargazer table for all_corlengths_wave_mask_train and all_corlengths_mask_train
# (1) is all
# (2) is urban
stargazer(
  c(mask_lm_models_train[1], mask_lm_models_train[2]),
  type = 'text',
  title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length and Mask Usage"
)
```

```
##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Correlation Length and Mask Usage
## =====
##                                     Dependent variable:
```

	log(next_week_marginal_cases)	
	(1)	(2)
cor_lengths	0.001***	0.001***
	(0.0002)	(0.0001)
factor(wave)2	-0.038	
	(0.125)	
factor(wave)3	0.802***	
	(0.109)	
mask_11	-0.209	-0.299**
	(0.246)	(0.141)
mask_22	-0.231	-0.197
	(0.243)	(0.153)
mask_33	-0.245	-0.234*
	(0.231)	(0.138)
mask_44	-0.503	-0.112
	(0.327)	(0.172)
cor_lengths:factor(wave)2	0.0002	
	(0.0002)	
cor_lengths:factor(wave)3	-0.001***	
	(0.0002)	
cor_lengths:mask_11	0.001	0.001**
	(0.001)	(0.0003)
factor(wave)2:mask_11	-0.376	
	(0.381)	
factor(wave)3:mask_11	-0.169	
	(0.324)	
cor_lengths:mask_22	0.0004	0.0004
	(0.0005)	(0.0003)
factor(wave)2:mask_22	-0.262	
	(0.417)	
factor(wave)3:mask_22	0.104	
	(0.348)	
cor_lengths:mask_33	0.0005	0.0005
	(0.001)	(0.0003)
factor(wave)2:mask_33	-0.025	
	(0.364)	

```
##
## factor(wave)3:mask_33          -0.040
##                               (0.308)
##
## cor_lengths:mask_44           0.001
##                               (0.001)          0.0001
##                               (0.0003)
##
## factor(wave)2:mask_44          0.697
##                               (0.465)
##
## factor(wave)3:mask_44          0.335
##                               (0.403)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:mask_11 0.0005
##                               (0.001)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:mask_11 0.0005
##                               (0.001)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:mask_22 0.0003
##                               (0.001)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:mask_22 -0.0001
##                               (0.001)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:mask_33 -0.00002
##                               (0.001)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:mask_33 0.0002
##                               (0.001)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)2:mask_44 -0.001
##                               (0.001)
##
## cor_lengths:factor(wave)3:mask_44 -0.001
##                               (0.001)
##
## Constant          14.125***          14.462***
##                   (0.081)          (0.048)
## -----
## Observations          1,186          1,186
## R2                    0.253          0.170
## Adjusted R2           0.235          0.164
## Residual Std. Error    0.707 (df = 1156)    0.739 (df = 1176)
## F Statistic           13.530*** (df = 29; 1156) 26.807*** (df = 9; 1176)
## =====
## Note:                  *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01
```

```
# stargazer table for all_localcor_wave_mask_train and all_localcor_mask_train
# (1) is all
# (2) is urban
stargazer(
  c(mhhinc_lm_models_train[3], mhhinc_lm_models_train[4]),
```



```

type = 'text',
title = "Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation and Mask Usage"
)

```

```

##
## Regression of Covid Cases on Local Correlation and Mask Usage
## =====
##                               Dependent variable:
##                               -----
##                               log(next_week_marginal_cases)
##                               (1)                (2)
## -----
## r_0_50                1.657***                0.984***
##                      (0.549)                (0.310)
##
## factor(wave)2          0.575
##                      (0.415)
##
## factor(wave)3          0.916**
##                      (0.395)
##
## same_tier              -0.023                -0.379**
##                      (0.346)                (0.182)
##
## tier_diff_1            -0.351                -0.591***
##                      (0.356)                (0.189)
##
## tier_diff_2            -0.059                -0.349*
##                      (0.372)                (0.199)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2   -0.537
##                      (0.766)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3   -0.888
##                      (0.761)
##
## r_0_50:same_tier       0.300                0.663*
##                      (0.630)                (0.354)
##
## factor(wave)2:same_tier -0.294
##                      (0.491)
##
## factor(wave)3:same_tier -0.468
##                      (0.444)
##
## r_0_50:tier_diff_1     1.229*                1.177***
##                      (0.662)                (0.368)
##
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1 -0.315
##                      (0.498)
##
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1 -0.240
##                      (0.462)

```

```
##
## r_0_50:tier_diff_2          0.570          0.709*
##                          (0.703)        (0.387)
##
## factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2    0.176
##                          (0.528)
##
## factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2   -0.609
##                          (0.484)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:same_tier 0.063
##                          (0.900)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:same_tier 0.526
##                          (0.863)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_1 -0.228
##                          (0.925)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_1 -0.046
##                          (0.909)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)2:tier_diff_2 -0.847
##                          (0.980)
##
## r_0_50:factor(wave)3:tier_diff_2 0.739
##                          (0.960)
##
## Constant          13.821***          14.457***
##                  (0.312)        (0.158)
## -----
## Observations          1,240          1,240
## R2                    0.223          0.182
## Adjusted R2          0.209          0.178
## Residual Std. Error    0.711 (df = 1216)    0.725 (df = 1232)
## F Statistic          15.210*** (df = 23; 1216) 39.234*** (df = 7; 1232)
## =====
## Note:                                *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01
```

Check conditions of Normality of Residuals, Homoskedasticity, Linearity , No Perfect Multicollinearity, Independence of Residuals

```
for (lm_model in mask_lm_models_train) {
# 1. Linearity Check (Visual Inspection)
plot(residuals(lm_model) ~ fitted(lm_model))

# 2. Independence Check
# Durbin-Watson test
print(durbinWatsonTest(lm_model)[3])

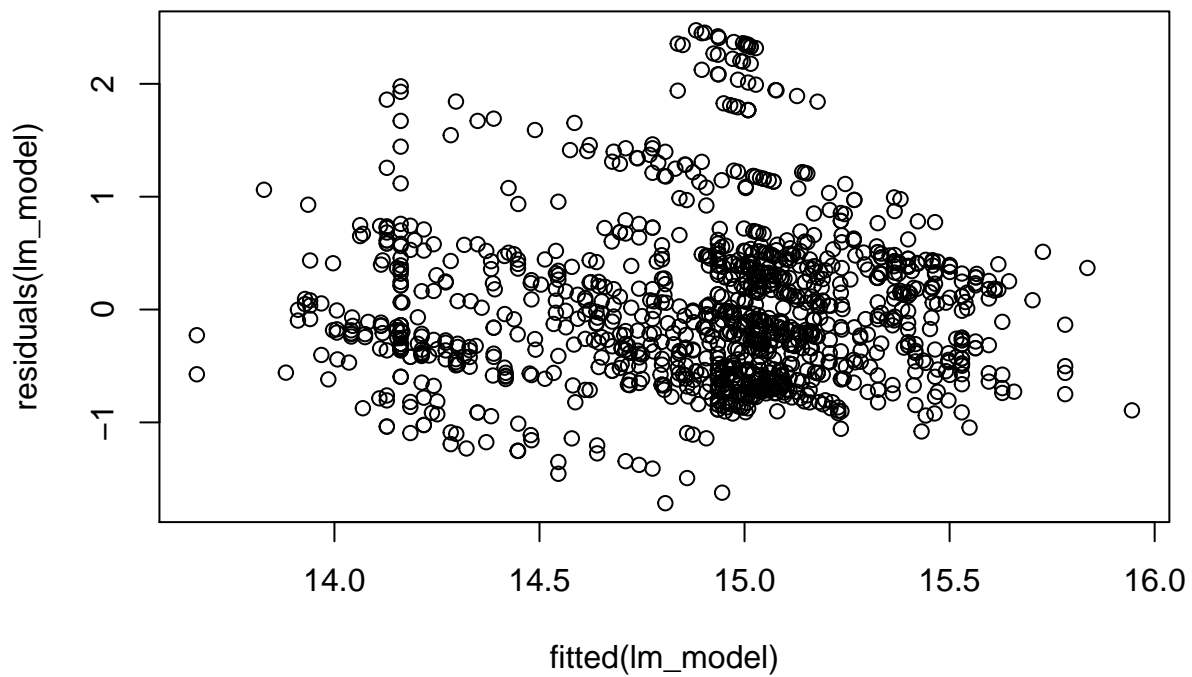
# 3. Homoscedasticity Check
```

```

# Breusch-Pagan test for Heteroscedasticity
print(bptest(lm_model)$p.value)

# 4. Normality of Residuals Check (Visual Inspection)
hist(residuals(lm_model), main = "Histogram of Residuals")
}

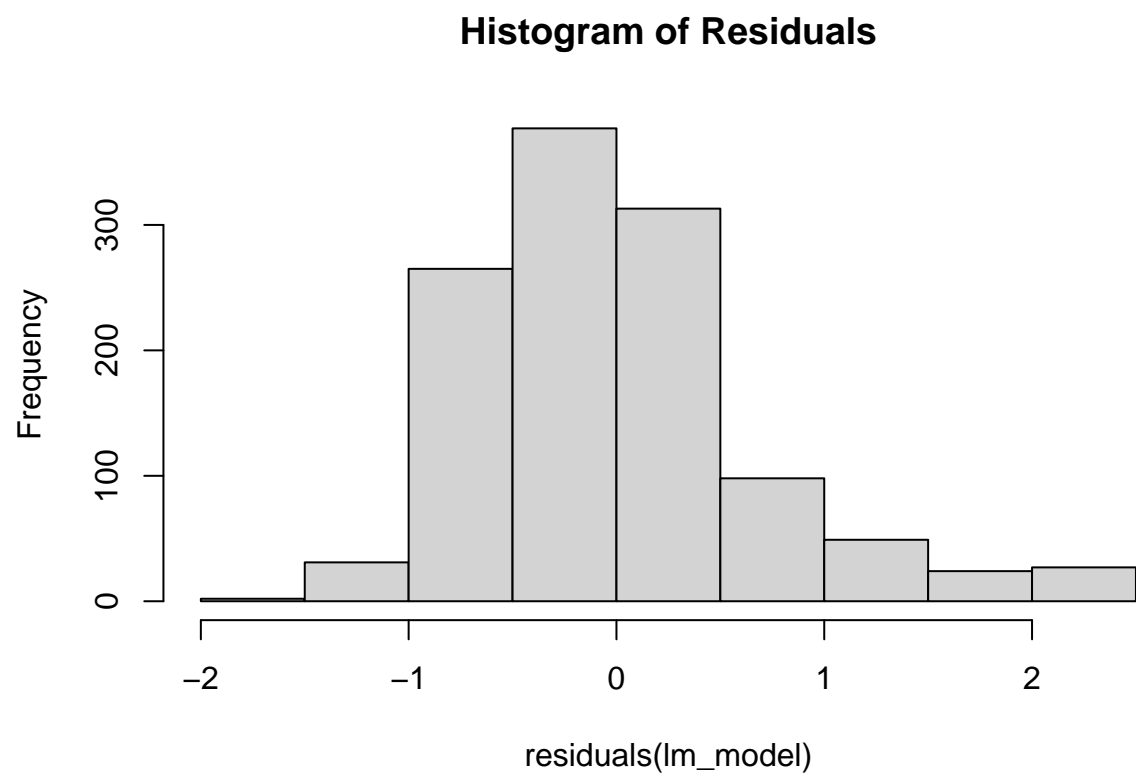
```

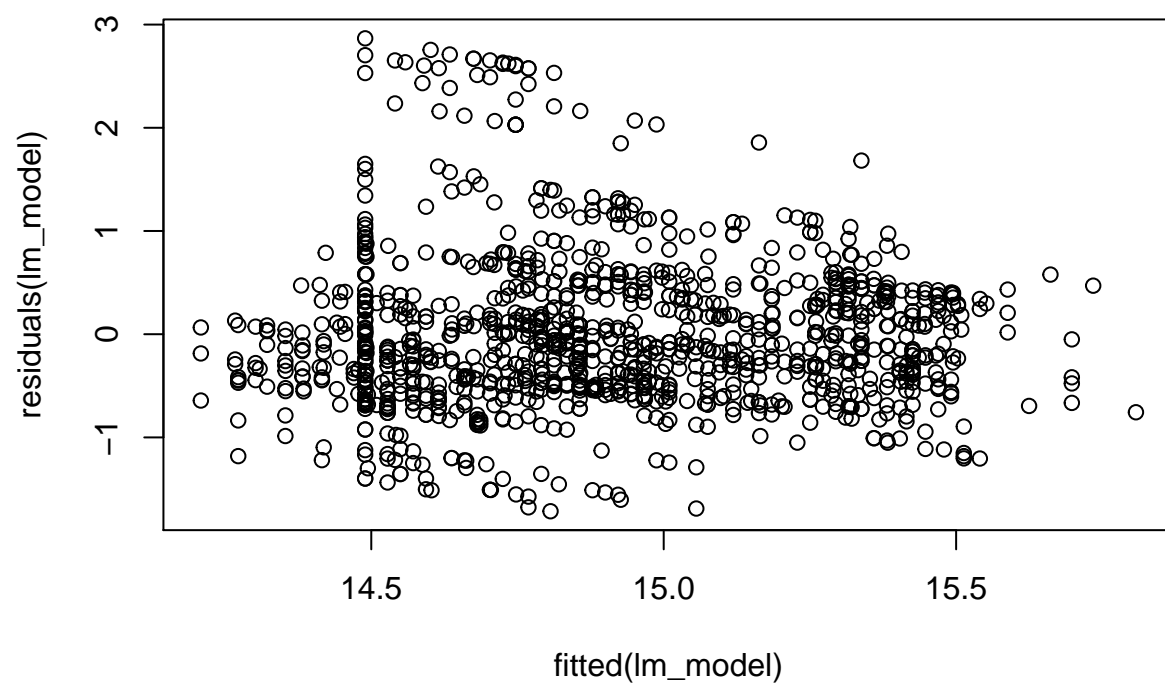


```

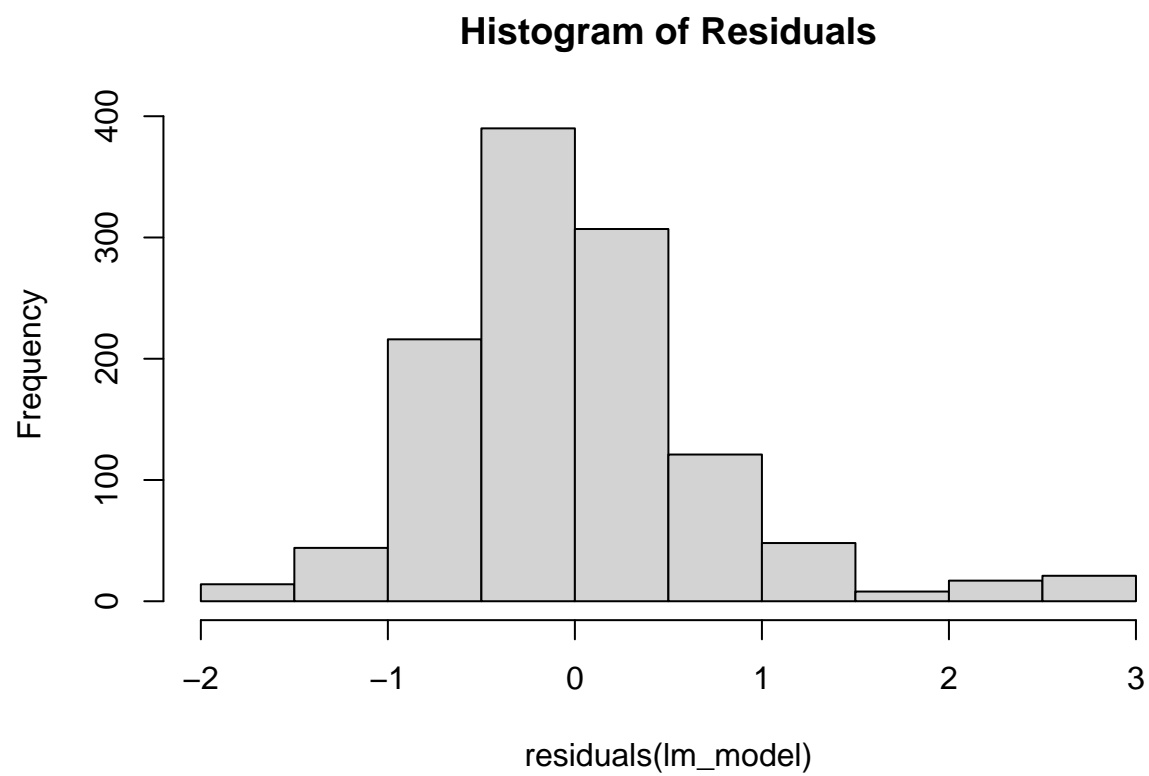
## $p
## [1] 0.948
##
##      BP
## 6.851723e-06

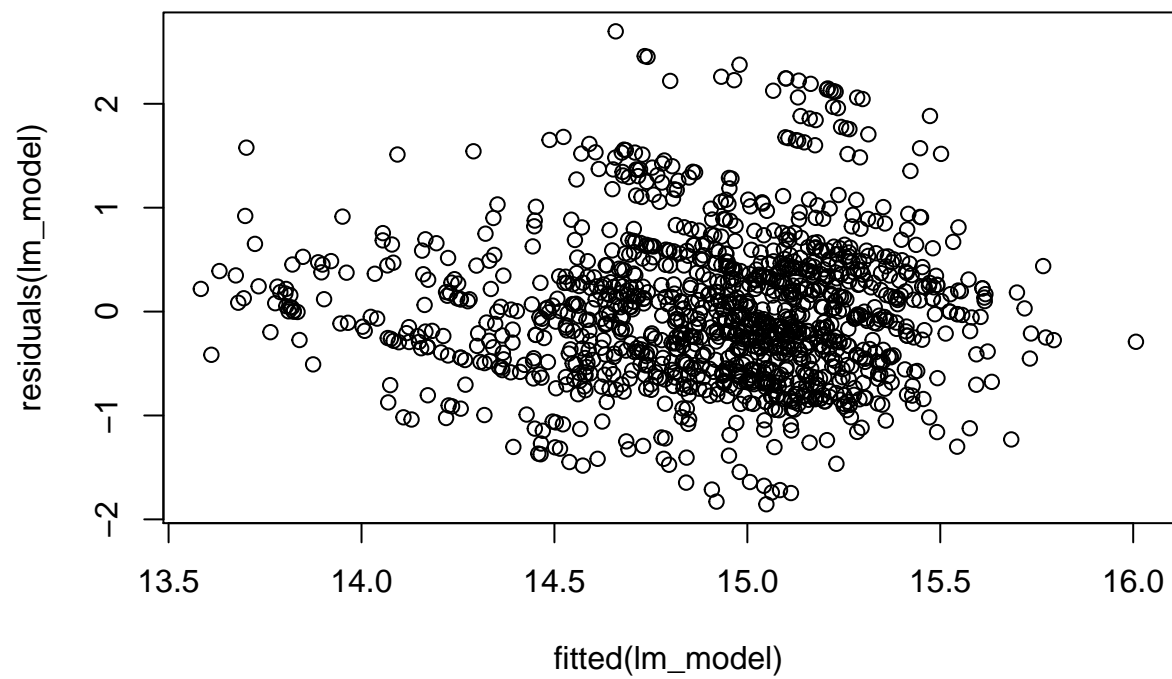
```





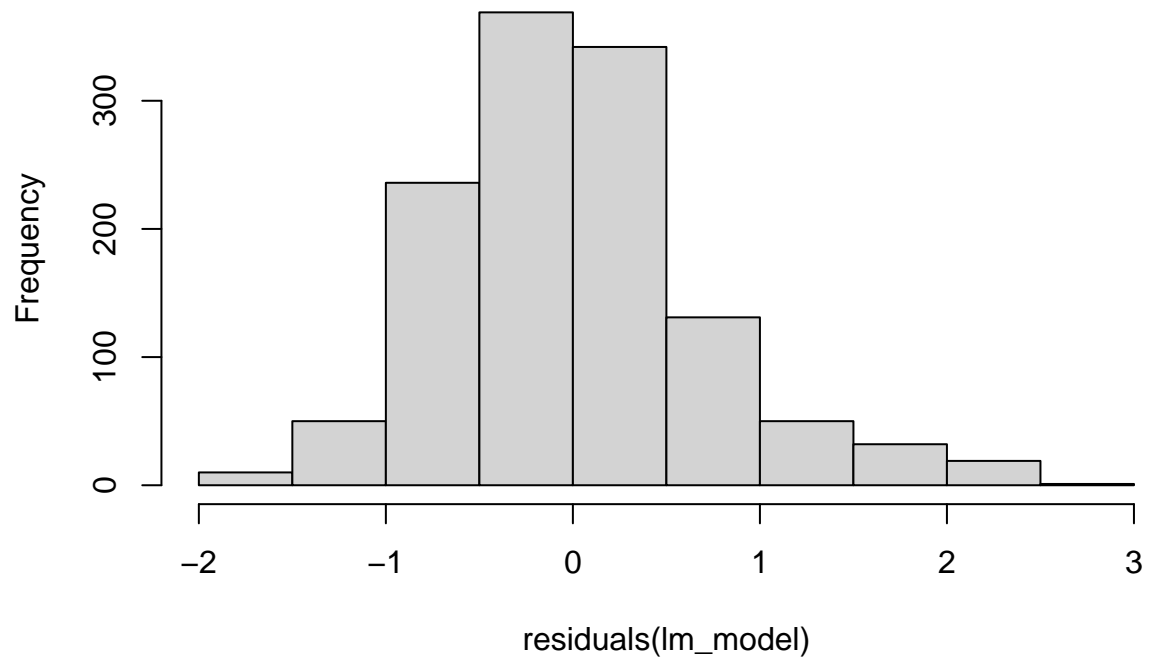
```
## $p
## [1] 0.826
##
##      BP
## 0.0003432578
```



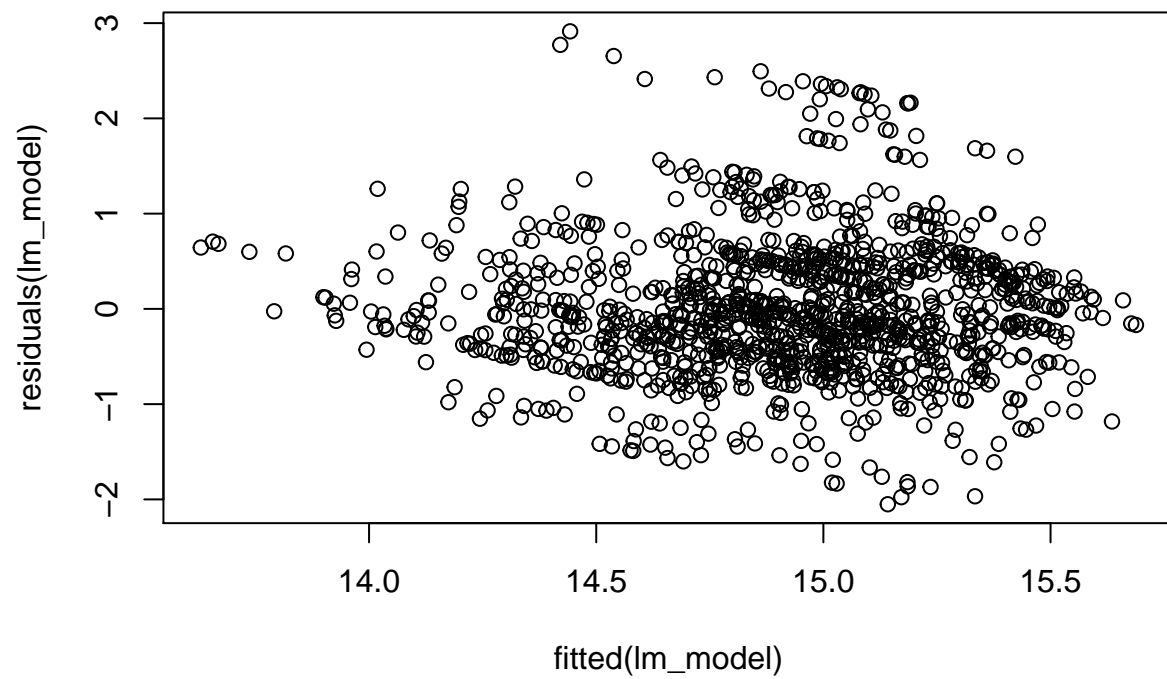


```
## $p
## [1] 0.966
##
##      BP
## 0.0002166926
```

**Histogram of Residuals**

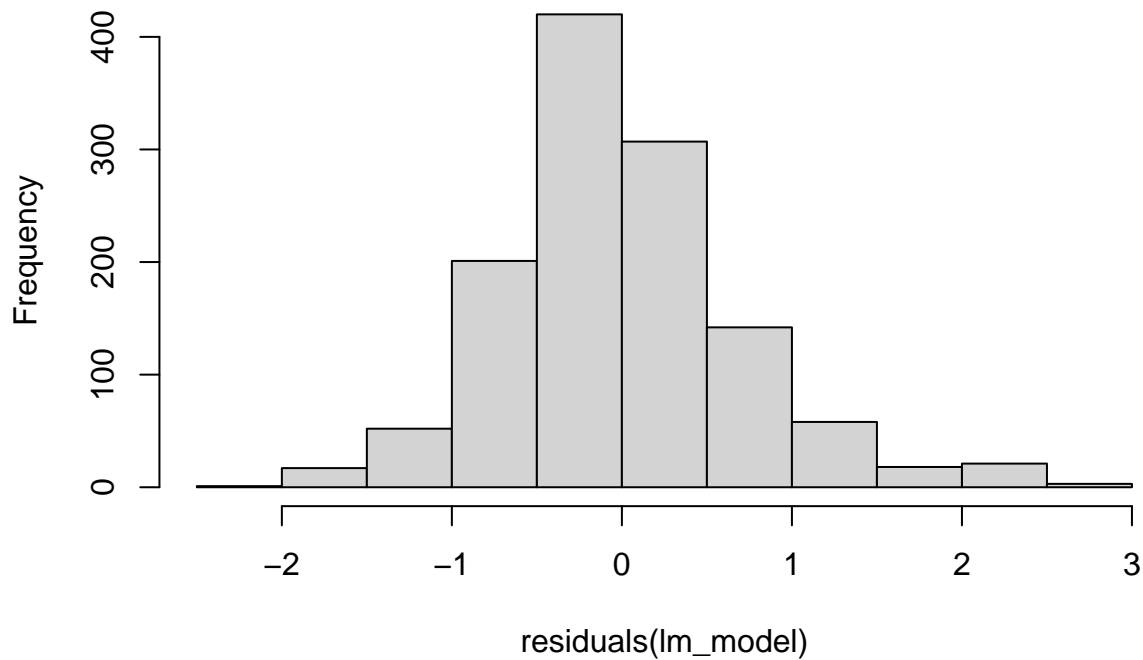






```
## $p
## [1] 0.682
##
##      BP
## 0.2130556
```

## Histogram of Residuals



```
# 5. No Perfect Multicollinearity Check
```

```
# Variance Inflation Factors (VIF)
```

```
vif(lm(log(next_week_marginal_cases) ~ cor_lengths + factor(wave) + factor(mask_usage) , data = all_ma
```

```
##
##          GVIF Df GVIF^(1/(2*Df))
## cor_lengths      1.164340  1      1.079046
## factor(wave)      1.087388  2      1.021165
## factor(mask_usage) 1.077052  9      1.004132
```

```
# Conditions not passed:
```

```
## Heteroskedasticity in all_localcor_mask_train
```

## Interpretations

```
# Initialize values
```

```
predictor <- c("cor_lengths", "r_0_50")
```

```
waves <- c("wave 1", "wave 2", "wave 3")
```

```
usage_same <- c("mask_11", "mask_22", "mask_33", "mask_44")
```

```
usage_descr <- c("is less than 40%", "is between 40% and 50%", "is between 50% and 60%", "is greater than 60%")
```

```
full_coef = c()
```

```
full_coef1 = c()
```

```
significant = c()
```

```
significant1 = c()
```

```

i=1
j=1

# Iterate over Wave and Tier diff dummies
for (model in 1:length(mask_lm_models_train)) {

  # Get model stats
  lm_model = mask_lm_models_train[[model]]
  coefficients <- coef(lm_model)
  coef_names <- names(coef(lm_model))
  # se <- summary(lm_model)$coefficients[, "Std. Error"] use robust SE's
  se <- sqrt(diag(vcovHC(lm_model)))
  se_named <- rep(NA, length(coef_names))
  se_named[names(se)] <- se
  st_errors <- se_named[coef_names]

  # Based on model, decide if urban or all county df
  if (model <=4) {
    county = "all counties"
    df = all_mask_weekly_spatial_metrics}
  else {
    county = "urban counties"
    df = urban_mask_weekly_spatial_metrics}

  # Based on model, choose cor_length or local_cor as predictor
  if (model %in% c(1,2)) {pred = predictor[1]}
  else {pred = predictor[2]}

  # Wave dummies not included for even models
  if (model %% 2 == 0) {
    wave = "every wave"
    for (m in 1:length(usage_same)) {
      usage_comb <- usage_same[m]
      interaction = coefficients[5+m]
      se_total = sqrt(sum((st_errors[5+m])^2 + (st_errors[2])^2))
      # Store coefficient
      full_coef1[j] = save_coefficient(interaction)

      # Print interpretation and significance
      significant1[j] <- is_significant(as.numeric(full_coef1[j]), as.numeric((se_total)))
      print_interpretation(full_coef1[j], wave, region="whole US", tier_descr = "are disregarded", sign

  # Wave dummies with mhhinc tier dummies
  else {
    # Iterate over each wave
    for (w in 1:length(waves)) {
      wave <- waves[w]
      # Iterate of each tier difference
      for (m in 1:length(usage_same)) {
        usage_comb <- usage_same[m]
        if (wave == "Wave 1") {
          partial_interaction_w <- 0
          se_partial_w <- 0

```

```

    } else {
      partial_interaction_w <- coefficients[(7 + w)]
      se_partial_w <- st_errors[(7 + w)]
    }

    partial_interaction_m <- coefficients[(3*m+8)]
    se_partial_m <- st_errors[(3*m+8)]

    if (wave != "Wave 1") {
      full_interaction_wm <- coefficients[paste0(pred,":factor(wave)", w, ":", usage_comb)]
      se_full_wm <- st_errors[paste0(pred,":factor(wave)", w, ":", usage_comb)]
    } else {
      full_interaction_wm <- 0
      se_full_wm <- 0
    }

    # Calculate total standard error
    se_total <- sqrt(se_partial_w^2 + se_partial_m^2 + se_full_wm^2 + st_errors[2]^2)
    # Store coefficient information
    interaction <- partial_interaction_w + partial_interaction_m + full_interaction_wm

    # Store coefficient
    full_coef[i] = save_coefficient(interaction)

    # Print interpretation and significance
    significant[i] <- is_significant(as.numeric(full_coef[i]), as.numeric((se_total)))
    print_interpretation(full_coef[i], wave, region="whole US", tier_descr = "are disregarded", signifi
    i <- i + 1
  }}
}

```

```

## - For all counties across wave 2 in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties is less than 40% a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 66.23% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across wave 2 in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties is between 40% and 50% a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 57.21% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across wave 2 in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties is between 50% and 60% a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 51.36% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties is between 40% and 50% a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 44.59% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties is between 50% and 60% a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 35.7% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties is greater than 60% a 1 sd increase correlation length (244 km)
## corresponds to a 38.11% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across wave 3 in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties is less than 40% a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 48.66% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers are disregarded
## and where mask usage in both counties is less than 40% a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)

```

```

## corresponds to a 30.15% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers are dis
## and where mask usage in both counties is between 40% and 50% a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.1
## corresponds to a 36.25% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers are dis
## and where mask usage in both counties is between 50% and 60% a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.1
## corresponds to a 36.36% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE
## - For all counties across every wave in the whole US where the median household income tiers are dis
## and where mask usage in both counties is greater than 60% a 1 sd increase local correlation (0.18)
## corresponds to a 36.34% increase in cases in the following week. Significant? TRUE

```