Computing GCSE Coursework

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Word Count 1397

Made with LaTeX 2016-2017

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1 Objectives

1.1 Task 1

- 1. Take an input and verify that it is 8 or 7 numerical digits
- 2. Calculate the 8th check digit:
- a Multiply the first 7 numbers alternately by 3,1
- b Total these results
- c Subtract this sum from its nearest highest multiple of 10
- 3. Compare this to the given 8th number, or complete the 7-digit number

1.2 Task 2

- 1. Take an input and validate that it is 8 numerical digits
- 2. Connect to a SQL database and run a query
- 3. Collect and display the results
- 4. Update the database with the customer?s order
- 5. Print a receipt
- 6. Cope with SQL errors

1.3 Task 3

- 1. Scan a database and find stock to order
- 2. Create a receipt of the order
- 3. Update the database with the updated stock level
- 4. Cope with any SQL errors

2 Test Plan

2.1 Task 1

Test Number	Test Name	Test Data	Test Type
1	Input strings of incorrect length. If rejected, it passes	12345	Error
2	Input strings of incorrect length. If rejected, it passes	1234567890	Error
3	Input strings of letters. If rejected, it passes.	abcdefg	Error
4	Run a valid input. Print out totals at each stage, and manually check. If the calculations are correct, it passes.	13245627	Normal
5	Run the program with a GTIN number taken from a product. If it correctly calculated and verified, it passes.	01412871	Error

2.2 Task 2

Test Number	Test Name	Test Data	Test Type
1	Input strings of incorrect length. If rejected, it passes	12345	Error
2	Input strings of incorrect length. If rejected, it passes	1234567890	Error
3	Input strings of letters. If rejected, it passes.	abcdefg	Error
4	Input a valid string to search. If product found, it passes	11440529	Normal
5	Manually check that the program has displayed the correct stock level and information. If it does, it passes.	Stock info: 50 in stock for #11440529 (red paint 100ml)	Normal
6	Order a quantity of the product. If the program updates the stock levels, it passes.	Order 5 x QTY of #11440529 (red paint 100ml).	Normal
7	Complete a full order. If the program displays a receipt with the correct values, it passes. Expected total: £21.90.	Test data: order 5 x QTY of #11440529 (red paint 100ml) AND 6 x QTY of #11509493 (blue paint 100ml).	Normal
8	Provide the program with a negative. If the program rejects this, it passes	-3 x QTY #11509493	Extreme
9	Provide the program with zero. If the program rejects this, it passes	0 x QTY #11509493	Error
10	Provide the program with more stock that available. If the program rejects this, it passes	100 x QTY #11509493	Extreme

2.3 Task 3

Test Number	Test Name	Test Data	Test Type
1	Edit database for reduced stock. If reduced stock is identified, it passes	Edit a stock level to - 10 of stock level, print receipt	Normal
2	Edit database for reduced stock. If a valid receipt is produced it passes	Edit two stock levels to -10 of stock level, print receipt	Normal
3	Complete order for reduced stock. If the database updated, it passes	Manually check database after Test 2	Normal
4	Try SQL errors. If errors are all rejected, it passes	Force invalid SQL	Extreme

3 Pseudocode

3.1 Task 1

```
START
User INPUT choice for calculate or verify
IF Calculate:
Number Length is 7
  INPUT GTIN
  CALL Verify function
ELSE IF Verify:
  Number Length is 8
  INPUT GTIN
  CALL verify Function
ENDIF
ENDIF
Verify Function:
  IF GTIN length = Length AND is all numeric:
    For a loop of 7 by step of 2:
      total = total+(GTIN [counter] *3)
      IF counter =6:
        Round total UP to nearest multiple of 10
        result = roundedNumber - total
          If Length = 7:
            Print result
            ASK User to repeat
          ELSE
            If GTIN at position Length = result:
              Print GTIN is a valid number
              ASK User to repeat
            ELSE:
              Print GTIN is an invalid number
              ASK User to repeat
            ENDIF
      ELSE
        Multiply GTIN at position of counter+1 by 1 and add to total
      ENDIF
  ELSE
    Print error and return to GTIN input
  ENDIF
END
```

3.2 Task 2

```
START
User INPUT GTIN number
IF GTIN is numerical AND GTIN = 8 charachters:
  Search Database for GTIN number
  IF result found:
    User INPUT quantity to order
    IF quantity > 0 AND quantity <= stock available
      PRINT receipt with total cost (cost per item * quantity ordered)
      Update Database with new stock (stock available a quantity ordered)
      User INPUT choice to order more items
      IF choice = yes:
        Add to order list and return to GTIN INPUT
        PRINT final receipt (order list) and end program
      ENDIF
    ELSE
      Return to Quantity INPUT
    ENDIF
  ELSE
    Return to GTIN INPUT
  ENDIF
ELSE
  Return to GTIN INPUT
ENDIF
END
3.3
     Task 3
START
Connect to SQL Database
Search database:
  IF stock level < target stock level:
  RETURN results
PRINT results
APPEND results to order list
IF order complete:
  UPDATE database:
  stock level = target stock level
ELSE
  END
ENDIF
END
```

4 Data Structure

4.1 Task 1

Variable Name	Variable Description
ask	The choice wether the user wants to
	verify or calculate
gtin	The GTIN number used
length	The length the GTIN should be
total	The running total of all the multipli-
COLAI	cations
checkdig	The 8th digit in a verification
rounded	total Rounded up to the nearest 10
result	The 8th digit as the program calcu-
resurt	lates it
again	The choice of wether the user wants
again	to run the program again

4.2 Task 2

Variable Name	Variable Description	Value	
con and cur	Connections to SQL database	N/A	
var	User Input GTIN number	User Defined	
results	Fetchall results from SQL query	N/A (list)	
product	Equal to results, reformatted	Equal to results	
sizeName and sizeNameRaw	Variables used to format the name of	Name of product selected	
Sizename and Sizenameraw	the product		
QtyToOrder	User Input quantity ordered	User Defined	
NewStockAvab	Variable used to update the SQL	Stock Available minus	
NewStockAvab	database with the new stock levels	QtyToOrder	
costOfOrder	Total cost of order	Price of product*QtyToOrder	
currentOrderAddRaw and	Variables used to format and append		
currentOrderAdd and	the order to the entire list of order	N/A	
currentOrder	(to print receipt)		

4.3 Task 3

Variable Name	Variable Description	Value
con and cur	Connections to SQL database	N/A
sql1	SQL command for finding reduced stock levels	SELECT* FROM Inventory WHERE StockAvab != Target Stock
results	Fetchall results from SQL query	N/A, List
toOrder	Value of how much stock needs to be ordered for each product	targetStock - stockAvab
sizeName and sizeNameRaw	Used to correctly format the product name	N/A
stockOrderAddRawandstockOrderAddandstockOrder	Used to format the list of the stock update order	N/A
orderList	Final order list	N/A

5 Development

5.1 Task 1

For all my development, the code was written in Python's IDLE, an integrated development environment which comes packaged with Python installs.

5.1.1 Objective 1: Take an input and verify that it is 8 or 7 numerical digits

start() Function

```
print('GCSE Controlled Assesment A453\nThomas Bass 4869\nTask I')
def start():
    ask = input('Press [c] to calculate the 8th digit from 7 \nPress [v] to vertify an 8 digit GTIN Number \n')
if ask == 'c' or == 'C':
    length == 7
elif ask == 'v' or == 'V':
    length == 8
else:
    print('Error: Please enter either \'c\' or \'v\' ')
    start()
    check(length)
```

This function takes a user input of 'ask' to decide if the user wants to either calculate the 8th GTIN digit from 7 digits (choice c), or verify the 8th GTIN digit from 8 digits (choice v). If the choice is c, the program creates the variables gtin and length, and sets length to 7. It then calls the check() function carrying length with it.

If the choice is v, the program creates the variables gtin and length, and sets length to 8. It then calls the check() function carrying length with it.

The first revision produced syntax errors on line 4 and 6. This is because the variable has to be re-stated after an or condition. After this was corrected, the IDLE gave the following error:

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
File "/Users/ThomasBass/GitHub/GSCE-Coursework-Python-GTIN/Task I/FINAL/Task I.py", line 44, in <module>
start()
File "/Users/ThomasBass/GitHub/GSCE-Coursework-Python-GTIN/Task I/FINAL/Task I.py", line 7, in start
length == 7
NameError: name 'length' is not defined
```

This error was produced as the incorrect operators were used in lines 5 and 7. The IDLE interpreted the code to compare length to the number 7 (line 5) or 8 (line 7). These were then corrected to length = 7 and length = 8 respectively. The program then gave the following output:

```
RESTART: /Users/ThomasBass/GitHub/GSCE-Coursework-Python-GTIN/Task I/FINAL/Task I.py
GCSE Controlled Assesment A453
Thomas Bass 4869
Task I
Press [c] to calculate the 8th digit from 7
Press [v] to vertify an 8 digit GTIN Number
c
```

From the following code:

```
def start(): ## Main process
ask = input('Press [c] to calculate the 8th GTIN Number from 7 numbers. \nPress [v] to vertify an 8 digit GTIN
if ask == 'c' or ask == 'C':
    gtin = 0
    length = 7
    check(length)
    elif ask == 'v' or ask == 'V':
    gtin = 0
    length = 8
    check(length)
    else: print('Error: Please enter either \'c\' or \'v\' ')
    start()
```

This shows that the start() function is working correctly

check() Function

```
def check(length):
    print('Enter the', length, 'digit GTIN number')
    gtin = input(': ')
    if len(gtin) == length
        total = 0
    else:
        print('Error: Only', length, 'numbers are allowed. Try again ')
```

This function prints a statement asking the user for the length length GTIN. It then takes the user input of gtin.

If the length of gtin is equal to length and gtin.isnumeric function is True (the variable is numerical) then it creates the variable total. Else, it prints an error message, and returns to the check() function.

The first revision gave a syntax error on line 4, as there was a missing colon. This was added, and the second revision ran, and rejected incorrect lengths, but allowed correct lengths including letters. The math Python library provides the isnumeric function that gives boolean False if the variable carried contains characters other than numerical. This was used as if gtin.isnumeric() == True. The program then gave the following output:

```
Enter the 7 digit GTIN number : abcdef Error: Only 7 numbers are allowed. Try again
```

The program worked and rejected invalid strings, but if the user had entered an invalid input, the program would reject it, but terminate the program. The code was then added after line 7 to call <code>check(length)</code> after an invalid input. <code>length</code> is carried so that the program does not have to re-start. The program then ran the following output:

```
Enter the 7 digit GTIN number
: abcdef
Error: Only 7 numbers are allowed. Try again
Enter the 7 digit GTIN number
: |
```

With the following code:

```
def check(length):
    print('Enter the', length, 'digit GTIN number')
    gtin = input(': ')
    if len(gtin) == length and gtin.isnumeric() == True:
        total = 0

else:
    print('Error: Only', length, 'numbers are allowed. Try again ')
    check(length)
```

This shows that the program is correctly calling check(length), and is working correctly.

5.1.2 Objective 2: Calculate the 8th check digit

Multiply the first 7 numbers alternately by 3,1

```
for counter in range(0, 7, 2):
  total = total + ((int(gtin[counter]))*3)
  total = total + ((int(gtin[counter+1]))*1)
```

This snippet starts a loop for the value of counter, which goes from 0 to 7, stepping by 2 each time. The counter could have gone 0 to 3 stepping by 1, but this would make it more complicated. The program then adds the following to total: integer of: gtin at position of counter multiplied by 3. It then adds to following to total: integer of gtin at position of counter+1 multiplied by 1.

Total these results

The program simply adds all of these calculations to total

Subtract this sum from its nearest highest multiple of 10

```
if counter == 6:
  checkdig = int(gtin[length-1])
  rounded = (int(math.ceil(total / 10.0)) * 10)
  result = (rounded - total)
```

This snippet checks to see if the loop is on its final iteration (counter = 6). It then sets checkdig to the penultimate digit of gtin. It then creates the variable rounded and sets it to the nearest highest multiple of 10 of total. It then creates the variable result and sets it to the result of rounded - total.

5.1.3 Objective 3: Compare this to the given 8th number, or complete the 7-digit number

```
if length == 7:
    print('Final Check Digit = ', result)
    print('Whole GTIN-8 Number = ', gtin,result)
    park()
else:
    if checkdig == result: print(gtin, 'is a Valid Number')
    else: print(gtin, 'is an Invalid Number')
    park()
```

In this section of code, if length equals 7, the program prints the final check digit (result), and also prints the whole calculated GTIN (gtin and result). It then calls the park() function Else, if checkdig is equal to result, it prints that gtin is a valid number. Else, it prints that gtin is an invalid number.

park() Function

The park() function is used after a verification or calculation has been made, and allows the user to carry out more verifications or calculations without restarting the program.

```
def park():
    again = input('Do you want to calculate or verify another number? \n[n] No [y] Yes: ')
    if again == 'n' or again == 'N':
        sys.exit()
    elif again == 'y' or again == 'Y':
        start()
```

This program asks the user if they want to restart the program. If yet, it calls start() function, and if no it ends the program. The sys Python library provides the .exit() function to terminate the program. In IDLE it simply ends it, but when compiled into command line it will close the window.

5.2 Task 2

5.2.1 Objective 1: Take an input and validate that it is 8 numerical digits

```
def verify(con, cur, currentOrder):
  var = input('Enter GTIN for the product you wish to purchase:\n> ')
  if len(var) == 8 and var.isnumeric() == True:
    findStock(con, cur, currentOrder, var)
  else:
    print('Enter a 8 digit number')
    verify(con, cur, currentOrder)
```

This function takes the user input var. If it is 8 digits long and var.isnumeric function is True (the variable is numerical), it calls findStock function, carrying con and cur (variables for SQL database connection), currentOrder, and var. Else, it prints an error message and returns to verify() function.

5.2.2 Objective 2: Connect to a SQL database and run a query

```
con = lite.connect('dbuse.db')
cur = con.cursor()
```

This snippet uses the sqlite3 library to connect to the database file dbuse.db.

```
def findStock(con, cur, currentOrder, var):
  cur.execute('SELECT * FROM Inventory WHERE GTIN = ?', (var,))
  results = cur.fetchall() ## collects results from SQL
  con.commit()
```

The findStock() function executes the SQL query to find the record in Inventory where GTIN is equal to var. It then sets the variable results to the results of this query.

5.2.3 Objective 3: Collect and display the results

```
for product in results:
  if product[2] == ":
    sizeName = "
  elif product[2] == 'Small' or product[2] == 'Medium' or product[2] == 'Large':
    sizeName = product[2]
  else:
    sizeNameRaw = product[2], 'ml'
    sizeName = "".join(sizeNameRaw)
    print(' Name: ', sizeName, product[1], '\n Price: ', product[3], '\n Stock Available: ', product[4])
```

This section of code formats the product name: If the product has no size, it displays the name. If it has a small/medium/large quantity, it appends that to the end. If it has a ml volume, it appends that to the front. It then prints the name of the product as product name, volume, price, stock available.

5.2.4 Objective 4: Update the database with the customer's order

```
def enterOrder(sizeName, product, var, results, currentOrder, cur, con):
    QtyToOrder = input('-----\nEnter Quantity to order:\n>')
    if QtyToOrder.isnumeric() == False:
        print('Enter a valid Number')
        enterOrder(sizeName, product, var, results, currentOrder, cur, con)
    elif int(QtyToOrder) > int(product[4]):
        print('Error: Not enough stock. Please order', product[4], 'or less')
        enterOrder(sizeName, product, var, results, currentOrder, con, cur)
    elif int(QtyToOrder) < 1:
        print('You can\'t order less than 1. Try again')
        enterOrder(sizeName, product, var, results, currentOrder, con, cur)</pre>
```

This section of enterOrder() function ensures that the customer can only order more than 1, and less than or equal the number of stock available.

```
else:
    print('Adding to order...')
    NewStockAvab = 0
    costOfOrder = float(product[3])*int(QtyToOrder)
    currentOrderAddRaw = str(QtyToOrder), 'x', str(sizeName), '', str(product[1]), '(GTIN: ', str(product[0]), ') @ £',
    str(product[3]), ' = £', str(costOfOrder)
    currentOrderAdd = "".join(currentOrderAddRaw)
    print('Added to order!')
    print('Updating Stock Levels...')
    QtyInt = int(QtyToOrder)
    NewStockAvab = str((int(product[4])) - QtyInt)
    sql = ("UPDATE INVENTORY SET STOCKAVAB = ""+NewStockAvab+" WHERE GTIN LIKE ""+product[0]+"")
```

This section creates a verbose receipt, and makes an SQL query to update the database with the new stock levels.

When this was tested, it produced this output:

Receipt:

40 x 100ml Red Paint (GTIN: 11440529) @ £

The calculation for the final cost was broken as Python can not read over a line break. The line break in line 5 and 6 was stopping the full calculation. This was fixed:

```
else:

print('Adding to order...')

NewStockAvab = 0

costOfOrder = float(product[3])*int(QtyToOrder)

currentOrderAddRaw = str(QtyToOrder), 'x', str(sizeName), '', str(product[1]), '(GTIN:', str(product[0]), ') @ £', \text{str(product[3])}, '= £', str(costOfOrder)

currentOrderAdd = "injoin(currentOrderAddRaw)

print('Added to order!')

print('Updating Stock Levels...')

QtyInt = int(QtyToOrder)

NewStockAvab = str((int(product[4])) - QtyInt)

saj = ("UPDATE INVENTORY SET STOCKAVAB = "+NewStockAvab+" WHERE GTIN LIKE "+product[0]+"")
```

The program was then tested to give the following correct output:

Order another item? [Y/N]: >n Order finished! Receipt: 50 x 100ml Red Paint (GTIN: 11440529) @ £1.99 = £99.5

5.2.5 Objective 5: Print a receipt

```
currentOrder.append(currentOrderAdd)
again = input('Order another item? [Y/N]:\n>')
if again == 'Y' or again == 'y':
    verify(con, cur, currentOrder)
if again == 'N' or again == 'n':
    print('Order finished!')
    print('Receipt:')
    for order in currentOrder:
        print(order)
```

5.2.6 Objective 6: Cope with SQL errors

```
except:
    print('Error: Inventory Update failed to commit.')
    currentOrder.append(currentOrderAdd+' [CANCELLED]')
    print('\n\nPLEASE ENTER \'100\' TO ESCAPE ERROR\n\n')
    enterOrder(sizeName, product, var, results, currentOrder, cur, con)
```

If the user enters an invalid number, the sqlite3 library may get confused, and may enter an error loop. To break this loop, the user has to force the library to send another invalid request to the database.

5.3 Task 3

5.3.1 Objective 1: Scan a database and find stock to order

```
def findStock(con, cur, stockOrder):
    slqI = 'SELECT * FROM Inventory WHERE StockAvab != TargetStock'
    cur.execute(slqI)
    results = cur.fetchall()
    orderList = []
```

The findStock() function sends a SQL query to the database to find any record where the stock level does not equal the target stock level. It then sets the variable results to these results.

5.3.2 Objective 2: Create a receipt of the order

```
print('Low stock! Order', toOrder, 'x', product[1], 'more to fill stock')
if product[2] == ":
    sizeName = "
    elif product[2] == 'Small' or product[2] == 'Medium' or product[2] == 'Large':
    sizeName = product[2]
else:
    sizeNameRaw = product[2], 'ml'
    sizeName = "".join(sizeNameRaw)
stockOrderAddRaw = str(toOrder), ' x ', str(sizeName), ' ', str(product[1]), ' (GTIN: ', str(product[0]), ')'
stockOrderAdd = "".join(stockOrderAddRaw)
stockOrder.append(stockOrderAdd)
orderList.append(product[0])
```

This section is similar to Task 2 Objective 4, and formats a verbose name of the product, and adds it to the receipt list.

5.3.3 Objective 3: Update the database with the updated stock level

```
def updateStock(con, cur, stockOrder, toOrder, orderList):
    ##print(orderList)
    print('Updating Database...')
    for productUpdate in orderList:
        sql2 = "UPDATE INVENTORY SET STOCKAVAB = TARGETSTOCK WHERE GTIN LIKE ""+productUpdate+""
        try:
            cur.execute(sql2)
            con.commit()
            print('Complete #', productUpdate)
            except:
            print('An exception occured.')
```

This function connects to the SQL database and updates the new stock levels. If it fails, it returns to the last function.

5.3.4 Objective 4: Cope with any SQL errors

```
except:
print('An exception occured.')
findStock(con, cur, stockOrder)
```

There should not be any SQL errors, as the user does not input any information that is used directly in the SQL query. This also protects against SQL injection.

6 Testing

6.1 Task 1

Test 1: Input strings of incorrect length. If rejected, it passes

```
Enter the 8 digit GTIN number
: I2345
Error: Only 8 numbers are allowed. Try again
Enter the 8 digit GTIN number
: |

Enter the 8 digit GTIN number
: I234567890
Error: Only 8 numbers are allowed. Try again
Enter the 8 digit GTIN number
: |
```

These show that the length verification is working.

Test 2: Input strings of letters. If rejected, it passes

```
Enter the 8 digit GTIN number: abcdefg
Error: Only 8 numbers are allowed. Try again
Enter the 8 digit GTIN number:
:
```

This shows that the numerical verification is working

Test 3: Get program to run a valid input. Print out totals at each stage, and check them manually. If they are the same, it passes

```
Enter the 8 digit GTIN number
: 13245627
total: 3
total: 6
total: 12
total: 16
total: 31
total: 37
total: 43
rounded: 50
13245627 is a Valid Number
1*3 = 3
3+3*1=6
6+2*3=12
12+4*1=16
16+5*3=31
31+6*1=37
37+2*3=43
Highest 10 \text{ of } 43 = 50
```

50-43 = 7Checkdig = 7

Test 4: Run the program with a GTIN number taken from a product. If it correctly calculated and verified, it passes



Enter the 8 digit GTIN number: 01412871
01412871 is a Valid Number

This shows that my program works in a real world situation, and can easily verify or calculate real GTIN codes.

6.2 Task 2

Test 1: Input strings of incorrect length. If rejected, it passes

Enter GTIN for the product you wish to purchase:

> 12345

Enter a 8 digit number

Enter GTIN for the product you wish to purchase:

> 1234567890

Enter a 8 digit number

Enter GTIN for the product you wish to purchase:

> 1234567890

Enter GTIN for the product you wish to purchase:

> 1234567890

From these, you can see that my length verification is working.

Test 2: Input strings of letters. If rejected, it passes

abcdefg
 Enter a 8 digit number
 Enter GTIN for the product you wish to purchase:
 >

From this, you can see that my numerical verification is working.

Test 3: Input a valid string to search. If product found, it passes

Enter GTIN for the product you wish to purchase:

> I I 440529

Product Found!

Name: I 00ml Red Paint

Price: I.99

Stock Available: 50

-----Enter Quantity to order:

>

The program successfully located a valid product

Test 4: Manually check that the program has displayed the correct stock level and information. If it has, it passes.

	GTIN	ProductName	Size	Price	StockAvab	TargetStock
	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter
1	11440529	Red Paint	100	1.99	50	50

The program has displayed the correct information for product #11440529

Test 5: Order a quantity of the product. If the program updates the stock levels, it passes.

Enter Quantity to order:	
>5	StockAvab
Adding to order Added to order!	Filter
Updating Stock Levels Updated	45

The program successfully ordered 5 of #11440529 and updated the database

Test 6: Complete a full order. If the program displays a receipt with the correct values, it passes

Order finished!
Receipt:
5 x 100ml Red Paint (GTIN: 11440529) @ £1.99 = £9.95
6 x 100ml Blue Paint (GTIN: 11509493) @ £1.99 = £11.94

The program successfully ordered the

products, printed a receipt, and calculated the correct cost.

Test 7: Provide the program with invalid values (such as ordering negative values). If the program rejects these, it passes.

<pre>>-3</pre>	Enter Quantity to order: >0	Enter Quantity to order: >100
Enter a valid Number	You can't order less than 1. Try again	Error: Not enough stock. Please order 44 or less
Enter Quantity to order:	Enter Quantity to order:	Enter Quantity to order:
>	>	>

This shows that the program rejects negative and 0 quantities, as well as quantities above the stock level.

6.3 Task 3

Test 1: Edit database for reduced stock. If reduced stock is identified, it passes

	GTIN	ProductName	Size	Price	StockAvab	TargetStock
	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter	Filter
1	11440529	Red Paint	100	1.99	45	50

Low stock! Order 5 x Red Paint more to fill stock Added to order form

This shows that the program can correctly identify a reduced stock

Test 2: Edit database for reduced stock. If a human-readable receipt is produced, it passes

1	11440529	Red Paint	100	1.99	45	50					
2	11509493	Blue Paint	100	1.99	45	50					
Low	Low stock! Order 5 x Red Paint more to fill stock Added to order form Low stock! Order 5 x Blue Paint more to fill stock Added to order form										
5 x 5 x	~~~~Stock Ord 100ml Red Paint (G 100ml Blue Paint (G e order complete?	STIN: 11509493)	~~								

This shows that the program can correctly identify two reduced stock levels, and append them to a verbose receipt

Test 3: Complete order for reduced stock. If the database updated, it passes.



This shows that the program can update the database with the new stock level

Test 4: If the program handles SQL errors, it passes

StockAvab				
Filter				
50				
50				

The program does not allow the user to order any stock if all stock levels are up to date

7 Final Program Code

7.1 Task 1

```
import math mathematical math
```

7.2 Task 2

```
authors = ['Thomas Bass']
## Candidate Number 4869 | Centre Number 52423
## TASK 2
                                          ASK 2
sqlite3 as lite
random
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ## Imports libraries
    import math
currentOrder = []
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ## Define currentOrder as an array
    con = lite.connect('dbuse.db')
cur = con.cursor()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ## connects to Database
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ## SQLite
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ## SQLite
## Define verify
## input 'var'
## If 'var' = 8 a!
## Call findStock
## Else
## Print error
## call verify
              struction of control of cont
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       = 8 and is numerical
    else
                          print('Enter a 8 digit number')
verify(con, cur, currentOrder)
else:
    sizeNameRaw = product[2], 'm1'
    sizeName = "".join(sizeNameRaw)
    print(' Name: ', sizeName, product[1], '\n Price: ', product[3],'
    '\n Stock Available: ', product[4])
    enterOrder(sizeName, product, var, results, currentOrder, cur, con)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ## sizeNameRaw = product[2]
## sizeName = sizeNameRaw join''
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ## Call enterOrder
           ef enterOrder(sizeName, product, var, results, currentOrder, cur, con):
   QtyToOrder = input('------\nEnter Quantity to order:\n>')
   if QtyToOrder.isnumeric() == False:
        print('Enter a valid Number')
        enterOrder(sizeName, product, var, results, currentOrder, cur, con)
   iif int(QtyToOrder) > int(product[4]):
        print('Error: Not enough stock. Please order', product[4], 'or less')
        enterOrder(sizeName, product, var, results, currentOrder, con, cur)
   iif int(QtyToOrder) < 1:
        print('You can\'t order less than 1. Try again')
        enterOrder(sizeName, product, var, results, currentOrder, con, cur)
   lse:</pre>
              ## Call enterOrder
## Call enterOrder
## Call enterOrder > product[4]
## Print
## Call enterOrder > product[4]
## Print
## Call enterOrder > product[4]
## Print
## Call enterOrder > product[4]
## Print error
## Call enterOrder > product[4]
## Print error
## Call enterOrder > product[4]
## Print error
## Call enterOrder > product[4]
## Print addint to order
## Set NewStockAvab = 0
## CostOfOrder = float(product[3])*int(QtyToOrder)
## CostOfOrder = product[3] * tyToOrder > print("Updating Stock Levels...")
## CurrentOrderAddRaw
## CurrentOrder AddRaw
## CurrentOrder > print("Updating Stock Levels...")
## Print adding to order
## Print updating stock levels
## CytoOrder
## NewStockAvab = product[4] - QtyInt
## Set NewStockAvab = product[4]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ## Define enterOrder
## Input QtyToOrder
## If QtyToOrder is not numerical
## Error
## Call enterOrder
## Elif QtyToOrder > product[4]
  elif
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ## Print updating stock levels
## QtyInt = QtyToOrder
## NewStockAvab = product[4] - QtyInt
""+product[0]+"")
## Execute SQL
## Execute SQL
## Execute SQL
## Print 'updated'
## Print 'updated'
## Print Error
## Print Error
## append order cancellation
## Print error escape message
## Call enterOrder
## Call currentOrder
## Input 'again'
## If again = 'Y'
## Call verify
## Frint order complete
## Frint receipt
## For orders in currentOrder
## Print 'order'
## Defien ask
                        print('speaced')
except:
    print('Error: Inventory Update failed to commit.')
    currentOrder.append(currentOrderAdd+' [CANCELLED]')
    print('\h\pLEASE ENTER \'100\' TO ESCAPE ERROR\h\n')
    enterOrder(sizeName, product, var, results, currentOrder, cur, con)
    currentOrder.append(currentOrderAdd)
    again = input('Order another item? [Y/N]:\n>')
    if again = "Y' or again == 'y':
    verify(con, cur, currentOrder)
    if again == 'N' or again == 'n':
        print('Order finished!')
    print('Receipt:')
    for order in currentOrder:
        print(order)
 def ask(cur, con, currentOrder):
   askQuery = input('Press [s] to search for a product\'s GTIN number:\n> ')
   if askQuery == 's' or askQuery == 'S':
   verify(con, cur, currentOrder)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ## Defien ask
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ## Defien ask
## askQuery = input 'S'
## If askQuery
## Call verify
## else
## Print invalid choice
## Call ask
                        print('Invalid Choice')
ask(cur, con, currentOrder)
 ask(cur, con, currentOrder)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ## Call ask
```

7.3Task 3

```
authors = ['Thomas Bass']

## TASK 3 ##
import sqlite3 as lite
import random
import math
import sys
stockOrder = []
con = lite.connect('dbuse.db')
cur = con.cursor()
def findStock(con, cur, stockOrder):
slq1 = 'SELECT' = FROM Inventory WHERE StockAvab != TargetStock'
cur.execute(slq1)
results = cur.fetchall()
orderList = []
if str(results):
    print('Stock is all up to date!')
    park()
for product in results:
    toOrder = intervals
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ## connects to .db
## connects to SQL
## connects to SQL
Define findStock
## selects low stock from DBase
## excessures
## collects
## col
                                  park()
or product in results:
toOrder = int(int(product[5]) - int(product[4]))
print('Low stock' Order', toOrder, 'x', product[1], 'more to fill stock')
if product[2] == '':
    sizeName = ''
               if product[2] == '':
    sizeName = ''
elif product[2] == 'Small' or product[2] == 'Medium' or product[2] == 'Large':
    sizeName = product[2], 'ml'
    sizeName = "'.join(sizeNameRaw)
stockOrderAddRaw = (str(tCorder), ' x ', str(sizeName), ' ', str(product[1]), ' (GTIN: ', str(product[0]), ')')
stockOrderAddRaw = (str(tCorder), ' x ', str(sizeName), ' ', str(product[1]), ' (GTIN: ', str(product[0]), ')')
stockOrderAddRaw = (str(tCorder), ' x ', str(sizeName), ' ', str(product[1]), ' (GTIN: ', str(product[0]), ')')
stockOrderAddRaw = (str(tCorder), ' x ', str(sizeName), ' ', str(product[1]), ' (GTIN: ', str(product[0]), ')')
stockOrderAddRaw = (str(tCorder), ' x ', str(sizeName), ' ', str(product[1]), ' (GTIN: ', str(product[0]), ')')
stockOrderAddRaw = (str(tCorder), orderList)
print(')
in sizeNameRaw = product[2], 'ml'
sizeNameRaw = product[2], 'ml
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ## Else
## Call findStock
                                        se:
findStock(con, cur, stockOrder)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ## Call findStock
## Define updateStock
## ##Print order list
## Print updating database
## Loop in orderList
## SQL command
## try
## Execute SQL command
## Print completed number
## Exception
## Exception
## Print campleted number
## Exception
## Command
## Print completed number
## Exception
## Call findStock
    def updateStock(con, cur, stockOrder, toOrder, orderList):
    ##print(orderList)
    print('Updating Database...')
    for productUpdate in orderList:
        sql2 = "UPDATE INVENTORY SET STOCKAVAB = TARGETSTOCK WHERE GTIN LIKE '"+productUpdate+"'"
                                        try:
    cur.execute(sq12)
    con.commit()
    print('Complete #', productUpdate)
                                                    xcept:
  print('An exception occured.')
  findStock(con, cur, stockOrder)
    def park():
    sys.exit()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ## Define stock
## Sys exit
    ask = input('Press [s] to scan inventory stock levels\n> ')
if ask == 's' or ask == 'S';
findStock(con, cur, stockOrder)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ## Ask input
## If ask = 's'
                             sys.exit()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ## Call findStock
```

8 Evaluation

8.1 Task 1

8.1.1 Objective 1: Take an input and verify that it is 8 or 7 numerical digits

The program correctly took an input of either 7 or 8 digits, and successfully verified the input to be of the correct length, and that it was numeric. Objective 1 has been met.

8.1.2 Objective 2: Calculate the 8th check digit

The program successfully calculated the 8th check digit, as shown in the testing above. This was tested in a real-life scenario. Objective 2 has been met.

8.1.3 Objective 3: Compare this to the given 8th number, or complete the 7-digit number

In all the testing, when a valid number was entered, the program correctly calculated and verified (if appropriate) the check digit. Objective 3 has been met.

8.2 Task 2

8.2.1 Objective 1: Take an input and validate that it is 8 numerical digits

The program allowed the user to input the GTIN Number, and correctly verified that it was 8 digits. Objective 1 has been met.

8.2.2 Objective 2: Connect to a SQL database and run a query

The program was tested to connect to a local SQL Database, and run a query to find the specified product. Objective 2 has been met.

8.2.3 Objective 3: Collect and display the results

The program could correctly create an order form and print it in an easily readable format. Objective 3 has been met.

8.2.4 Objective 4: Update the database with the customer's order

The program could successfully re-connect to the database to update the stock levels when the order was confirmed by the user. Objective 4 has been met.

8.2.5 Objective 5: Print a receipt

The program can collate the cost of all the products, and calculate the total order cost and print a formatted receipt of the purchase. Objective 5 has been met.

8.2.6 Objective 6: Cope with SQL errors

The program should not encounter any SQL errors in normal use, but I identified a bug during testing that caused the program to enter an error loop if a void value was given. This can be easily escaped by the user, by disconnecting from the database and reconnecting. This is a fault with the SQL version, and would be very complex to fix in my code. Objective 6 has been partially met.

8.3 Task 3

8.3.1 Objective 1: Scan a database and find stock to order

The program can correctly scan for reduced stock levels, and add these to a stock order form. Objective 1 has been met.

8.3.2 Objective 2: Create a receipt of the order

The program can collect these orders and format them into a readable receipt for the user. Objective 2 has been met.

8.3.3 Objective 3: Update the database with the updated stock level

When tested with manually reduced stock, the program could update the stock after the order has been confirmed. Objective 3 has been met.

8.3.4 Objective 4: Cope with any SQL errors

There were no SQL errors, as none of the inputs used in the query are user-defined, so no errors are expected.