# CSE2037 Kendimce Çözümler

## 1. Vizedeki Sorunun Gelişmişi

```
#include "mbed.h"
 3
   #define WAIT_MSEC 20PwnOut LED(p20);
4
 5 InterruptIn enter_Sensor(p10);
    InterruptIn enter_Sensor(p10);
8 int totalNumberofCustomers = 0;
9
   float brightness = 0;
10
   // This ISR will be add 1 to
    // the totalNumberofCustomers.
11
12
13
   void enter_ISR() {
14
       extern int totalNumberofCustomers;
15
        totalNumberofCustomers += 1;
16
17
   // This ISR will be suvsbtroct 1 from
18
   // the totalNumberofCustomers.
19
20
   void exit_ISR() {
        extern int totalNumberofCustomers;
21
22
        totalNumberofCustomers -= 1;
23
    }
24
25
   int main() {
        enter_Sensor.fall(callback(&enter_ISR));
26
27
        exit_Sensor.fall(callback(&enter_ISR));
28
29
        while(true)
30
            extern int totalNumberofCustomers;
31
            extern float brightness;
            if !(totalNumberofCustomers) brightness = 0;
32
                // Because we want 20 people for
34
35
                // most bright state, the step
                // should be 1/20 = 0.05
36
                // This will be the incremant for
37
                // duty cycle at every person enters.
38
39
                // LED is a PwnOut pin.
40
                brightness = totalNumberofCustomers * 0.05f;
41
42
            LED = brightness;
            wait_ms(WAIT_MSEC);
44 }
```

### 2. Riemman İntegrali Alma

```
#include "mbed.h"
 2
 3
   #define 5MIN_SEC 300
 4
 5
   AnalogIn source(p20);
 7
    Timeout tout;
8
9
   volatile int cond = 1;
10
   int total = 0;
11
12
    void timeout_ISR() {
13
       extern volatile int cond;
14
        cond = 0;
15
    }
16
    int main() {
17
18
      extern volatile int cond;
19
       tout.attach(callback(&timeout_ISR), 5MIN_SEC);
20
21
      while (cond) {
22
            total += source.read();
23
            wait_ms(20); // 0.02sec = 20ms
24
        }
25
26
        wait_ms(osWaitForever);
27 }
```

#### 3. Bit Değişim Sorusu

```
#include <iostream>
 2
 3 int main() {
     uint16_t x = 0b1101111011101111;
4
 5
      uint16_t mask = 0b00000000111111111;
 6
      uint16_t newV = x & mask;
 7
      uint8_t x_1ow = newV;
8
9
      uint8_t x_high = x >> 8;
10
     uint16_t x_swap = x_low;
11
12
     x_swap = x_swap << 8;
13
    x_swap += x_high;
14
15
      return 0;
16 }
```

#### 4. Assembly Sorusu

```
1 sum_ADDR equ 0x200020
2
3 LDR R0, =sum_ADDR
4 MOV R1, #0
5 STR R1, [R0]
```

```
6
 7
              LDR
                      R2, =0x20000010
 8
                      R3, =0x20000014
              LDR
                      R4, =0x20000018
 9
              LDR
10
11
                      R2, [R2]
              LDR
12
              LDR
                      R3, [R3]
13
              LDR
                      R4, [R4]
14
15
                      R5, #2
              MOV
16
     adding
17
                      R1, R1, R2
              ADD
                      R1, R1, R3
18
              ADD
19
              ADD
                      R1, R1, R4
20
                      R5, R5, #1
              SUBS
21
              BPL
                      adding
```