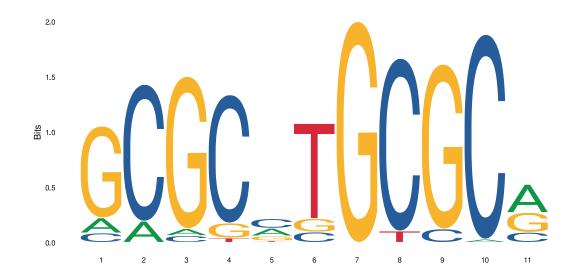
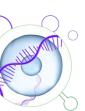


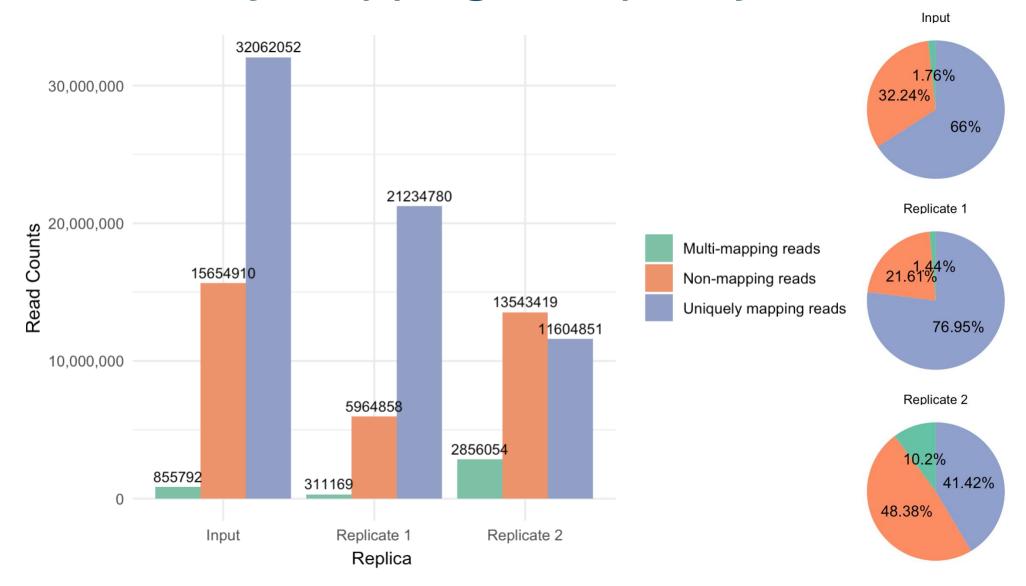
NRF1: background

- Homo sapiens nuclear respiratory factor 1
- Class: Basic leucine zipper factors (bZIP)
- Family: Jun-related
- It activates the expression of key metabolic genes that regulate cell growth, respiration, heme biosynthesis, and mitochondrial DNA transcription and replication





Preliminary mapping and quality control

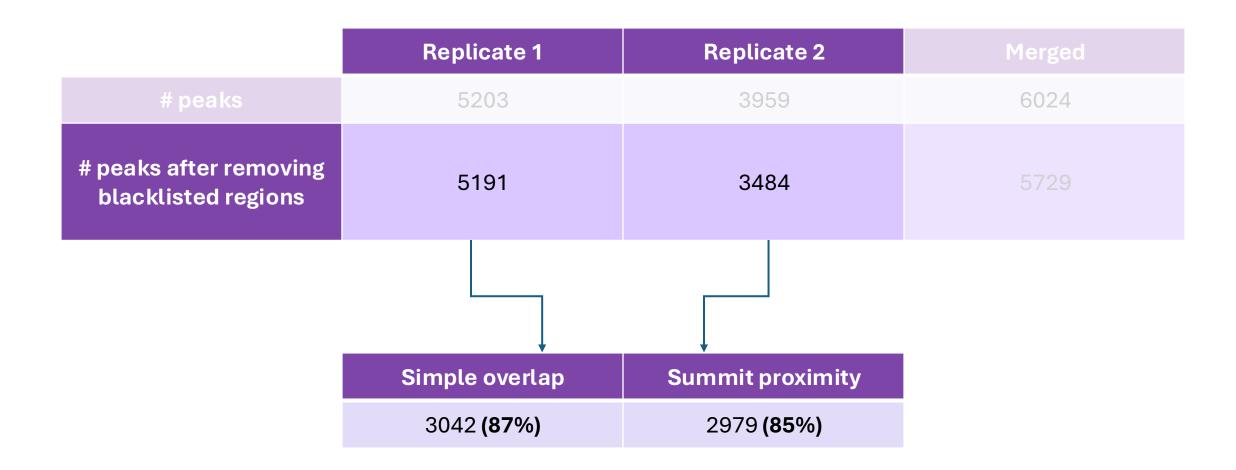


Peak calling

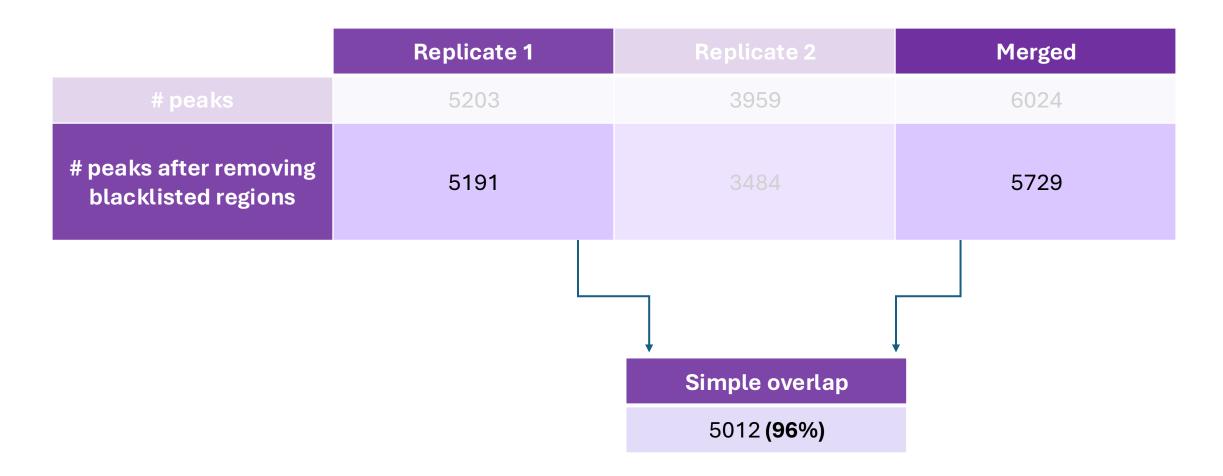
	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Merged
# peaks	5203	3959	6024
# peaks after removing blacklisted regions	5191	3484	5729
Redundant rate (in treatment)	0.09	0.07	0.09
Fragment size (d)	91	98	93

Peak caller used: MACS2 with all default parameters

Peak calling: overlaps

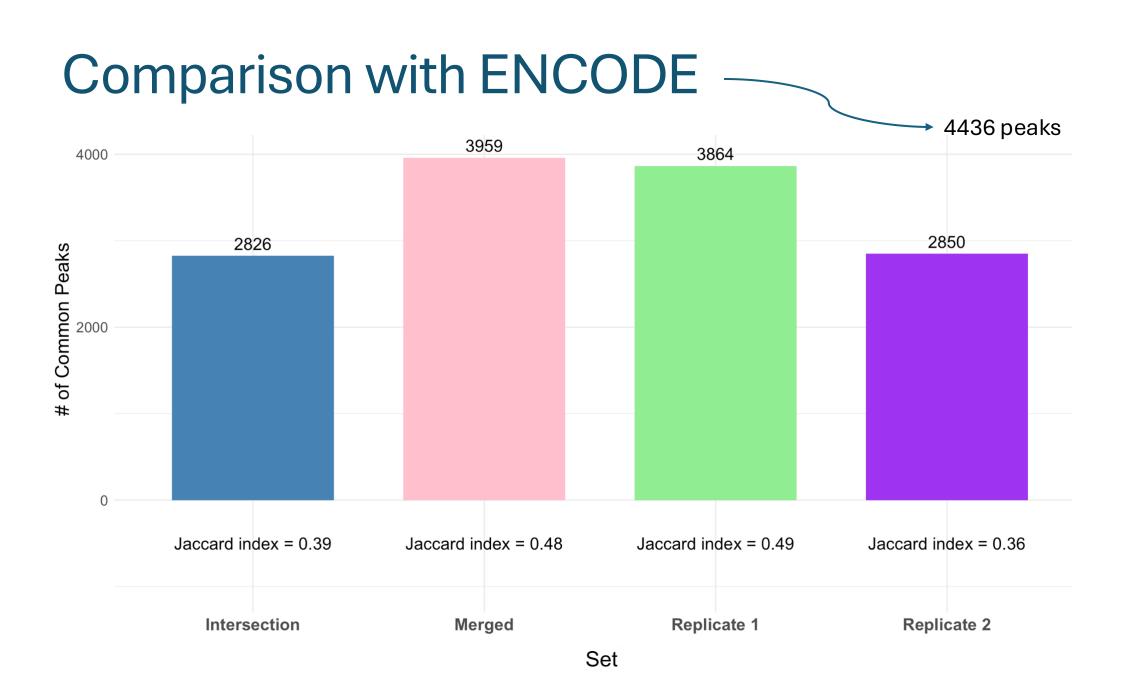


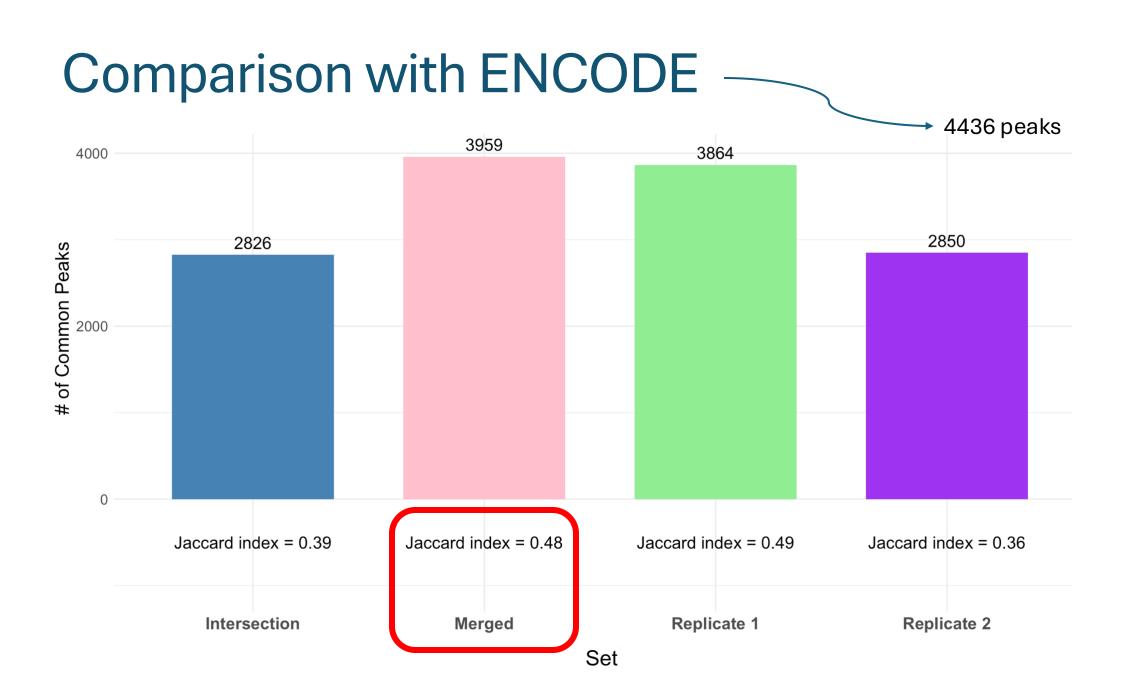
Peak calling: overlaps



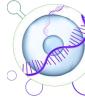
Peak calling: overlaps

	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Merged
# peaks	5203	3959	6024
# peaks after removing blacklisted regions		3484	5729
Simple overlap			
		3233 (93%)	

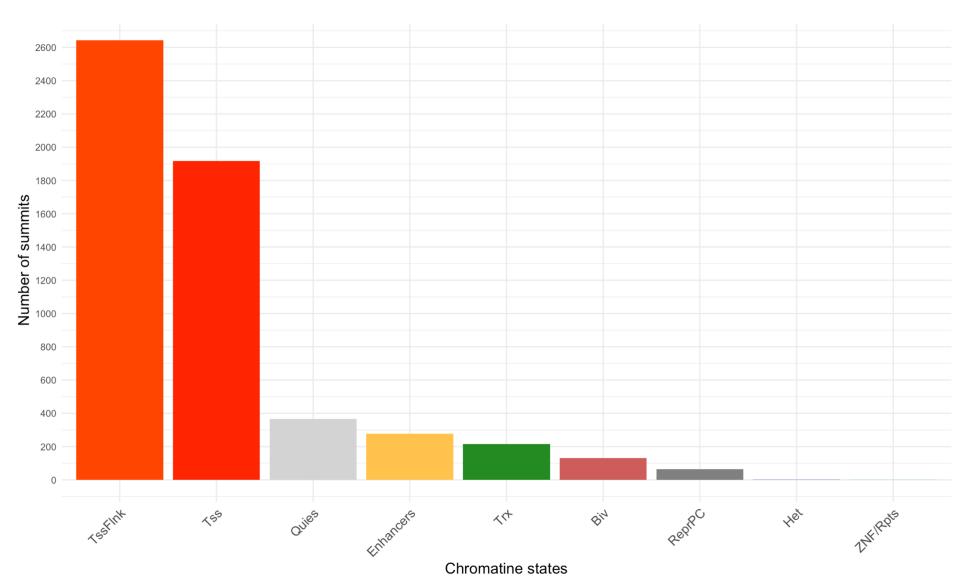


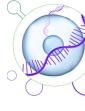




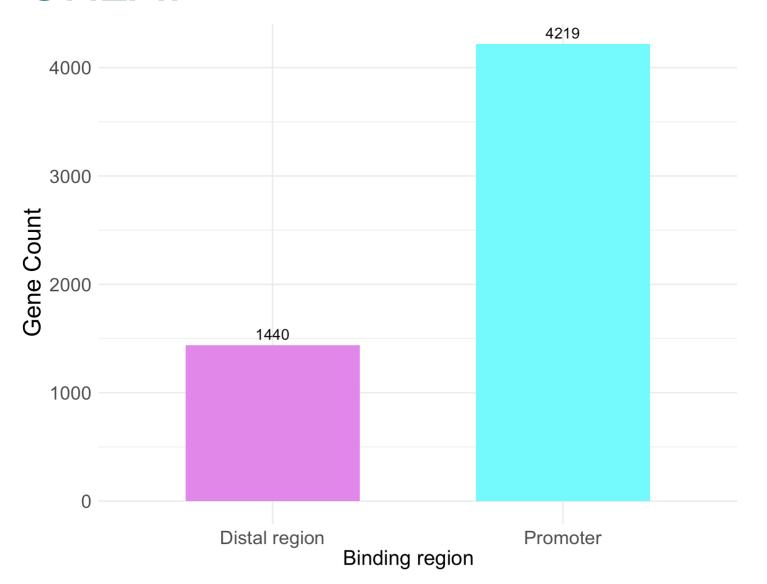


Chromatine states



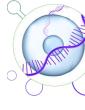


GREAT

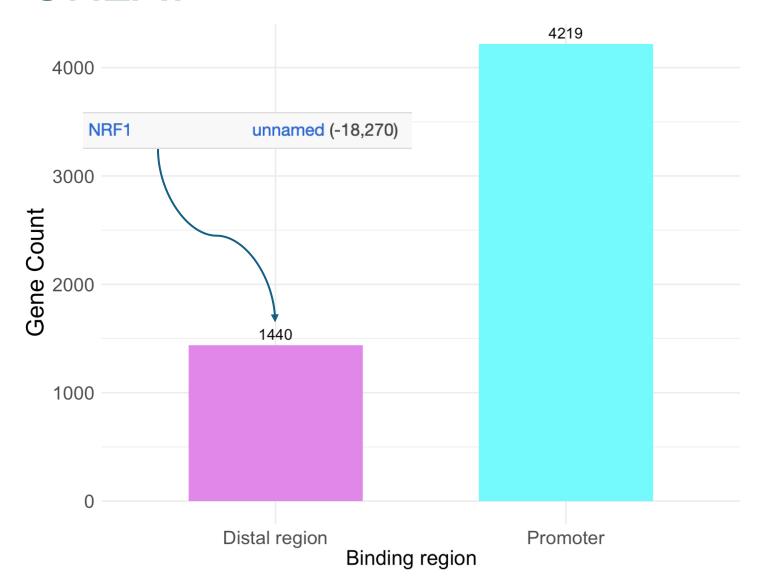


Promoters: max ± 1 Kb from TSS

Distal region: max ± 30 Kb from TSS



GREAT

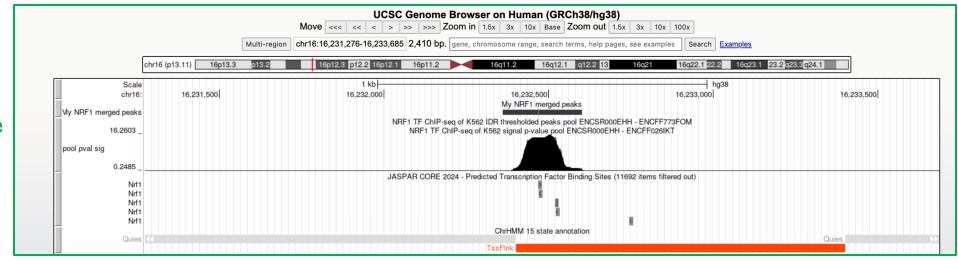


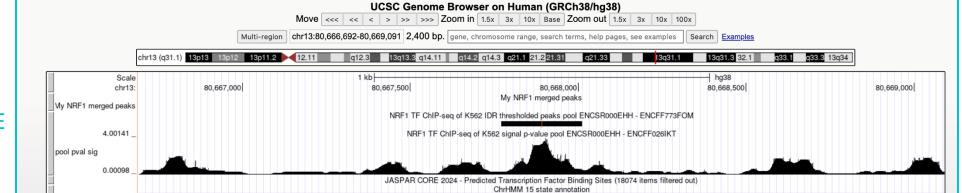
Promoters: max ± 1 Kb from TSS

Distal region: max ± 30 Kb from TSS

Visualization 1

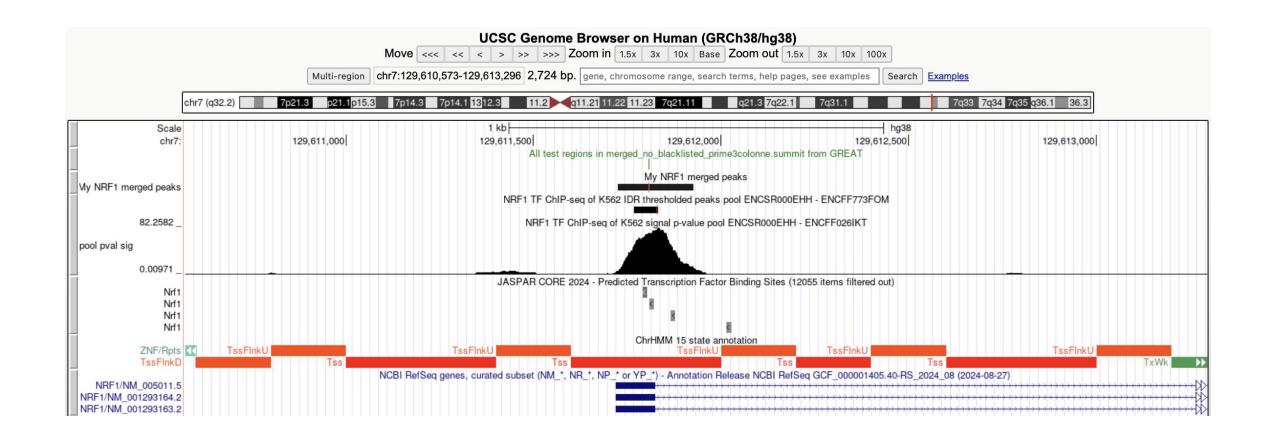
Only by me



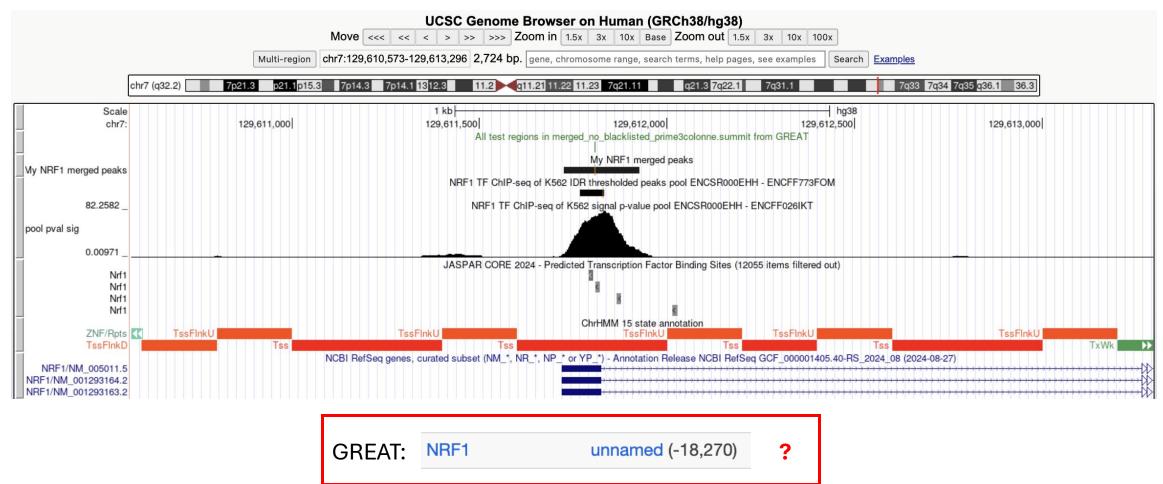


Only by ENCODE

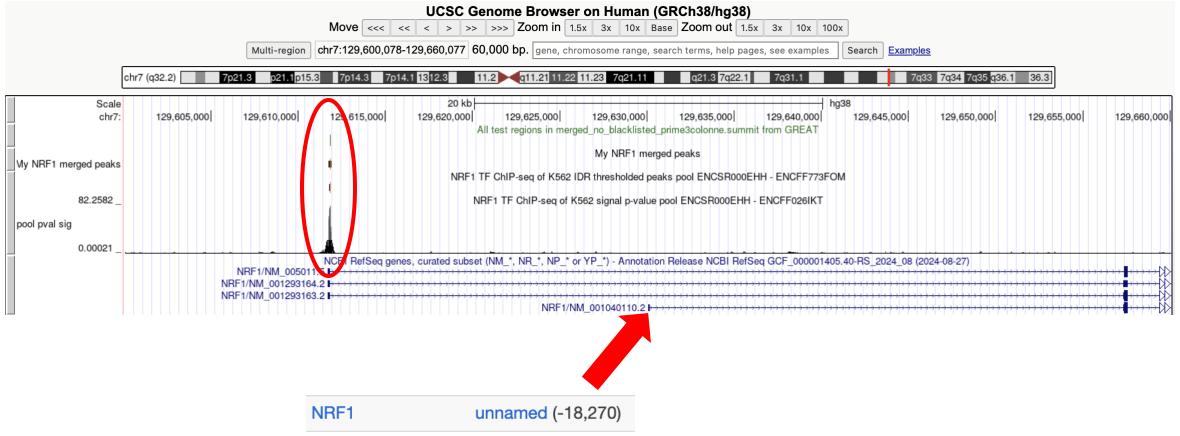
Visualization 2: my TF regulates itself

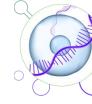


Visualization 2: my TF regulates itself

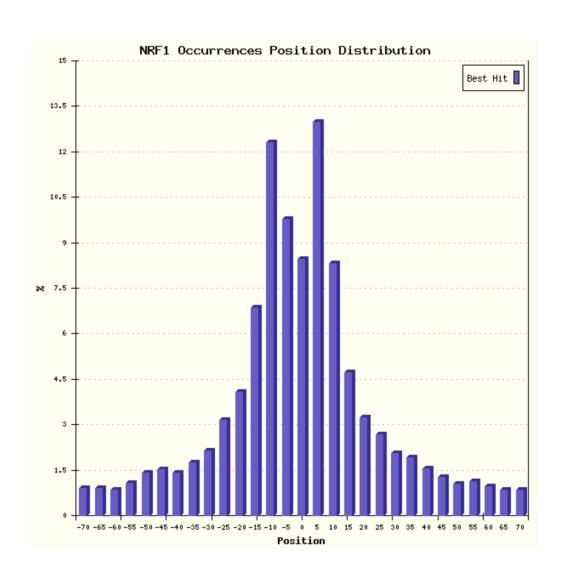


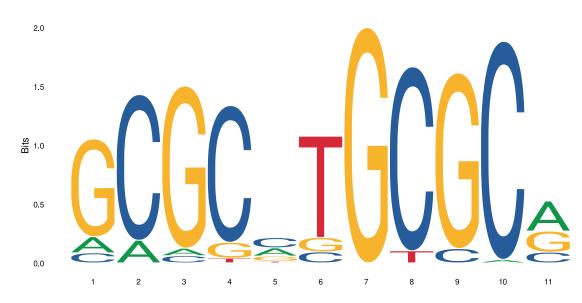
Visualization 2: my TF regulates itself



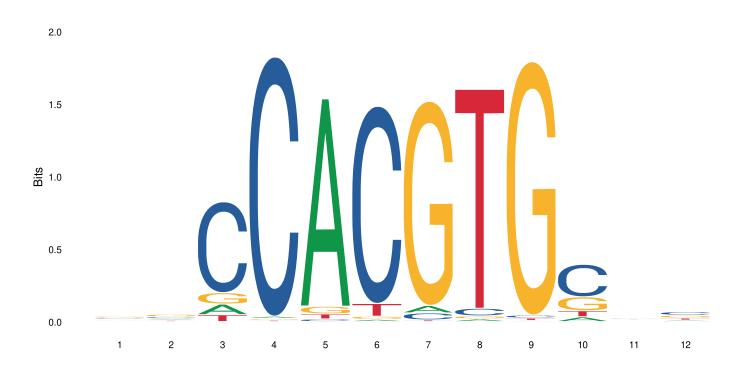


PscanChIP: NRF1





PscanChIP: interaction with MYC



- MYC regulates key processes such as cell proliferation, growth and differentiation.
- The interaction is well-known in cancer biology, where NRF1 and MYC collaborate to regulate genes involved in proliferation, self-renewal, and apoptosis resistance, driving tumor progression and metabolic reprogramming.

