Practice quiz onTangent Lines to Functions

PUNTOS TOTALES DE 2

1. Suppose that $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ is a function. Which of the following expressions corresponds to f'(2), the slope of the tangent line to the graph of f(x) at x=2?

$$O f'(2) = mx + b$$

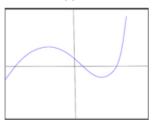
$$\bigcirc f'(2) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

$$O f'(2) = 2$$

✓ Correcto

This expression can be obtained from the first screen of our video by plugging in 2 for a.

2. Suppose that $h:\mathbb{R} o \mathbb{R}$ is a function whose graph is shown as the blue curve in the figure. For how many values of a is h'(a)=0?



- O 3
- O Never
- Always
- 2

✓ Correct

 $h^{\prime}(a)$ gives the slope of the tangent line to the graph of h at the point x=a.

When $h^\prime(a)=0$, this means that the tangent line is horizontal.

There are two places (one on each side of the y-axis) where this tangent line is horizontal, so this

Practice quiz on Exponents and Logarithms

PUNTOS TOTALES DE 12

1. Re write the number $784 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7$ using exponents.

1/1 puntos

1/1 puntos

1/1 puntos

- \bigcirc (16⁴)(49²)
- $\bigcirc (2 \times 7)^6$
- \bigcirc (2⁴)(7²)
- \bigcirc $(2^6)(7^6)$

✓ Correct

For this type of problem, count the number of times each relevant factor appears in the product. That number is the exponent for that factor.

- 2. What is $(x^2 5)^0$?
 - $\bigcirc -4$
 - 1
 - O (x2)
 - $(x^2) 5$

✓ Correc

Any real number (except zero) raised to the "zeroith" power =1.

- 3. Simplify $((x-5)^2)^{-3}$
 - $\bigcirc (x-5)$
 - $(x-5)^{-6}$
 - $(x-5)^{-5}$
- $(x-5)^{-1}$

✓ Correct

By Rule 2, "Power to a Power," multiply the exponents and get:

 $(x-5)^{(2\times-3)} = (x-5)^{-6}$

4. Simplify $(\frac{8^2}{8^7})^2$

1/1 puntos

- $O 8^{-1}$
- $O 8^{-5}$
- \odot 8⁻¹⁰
- $O 8^{-4}$



We can first simplify what is inside the parenthesis to $8^{-5} \text{using the Division}$ and Negative Powers Rule.

Then apply division and negative powers— the result is the same. $rac{8^4}{8^{14}}=8^{-10}$

5. $\log 35 = \log 7 + \log x$

1/1 puntos

Solve for \boldsymbol{x}

- O 4
- 5
- O 28
- 07

✓ Correcto

 $\log(x) = \log 35 - \log 7$

$$\log(x) = \log\left(\frac{35}{7}\right)$$

By the Quotient Rule $\log x = \log 5$

6. $\log_2(x^2 + 5x + 7) = 0$

1/1 puntos

Solve for \boldsymbol{x}

- $\bigcirc x = 3$
- $\bigcirc \hspace{-.7cm}) \hspace{.2cm} x=-2 \hspace{.2cm} \text{or} \hspace{.2cm} x=-3$
- $\bigcap x = 2 \text{ or } x = 3$

Solve for \boldsymbol{x}

- $\bigcirc x = 3$
- $\bigcirc \hspace{-.7cm}) \hspace{.2cm} x=-2 \hspace{.2cm} \text{or} \hspace{.2cm} x=-3$
- $\bigcirc \ x=2 \ \text{or} \ x=3$
- $\bigcirc x = 2$

✓ Correcto

. We use the property that $\,b^{\log_b a} = a\,$

Use both sides as exponent for 2.

$$2^{\log_2 x^2 + 5x + 7} = 2^0$$

$$x^2 + 5x + 7 = 1$$

$$x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$$

$$(x+3)(x+2) = 0$$

$$x=-3$$
 OR

7. Simplify $\log_2 72 - \log_2 9$

x = -2

3

 $\bigcirc \log_2 4$

 $\bigcirc \log_2 63$

O 4

✓ Correcto

By the quotient rule, this is $\log_2 \frac{72}{9} = \log_2 2^3 = 3$

8. Simplify $\log_3 9 - \log_3 3 + \log_3 5$

1/1 puntos

1/1 puntos

8.	Simplify	log ₂	9 -	log ₂	3 +	- log ₂	5

1/1 puntos

- O 15
- O log₃ 8
- log₃ 15
- \bigcirc 8

✓ Correcto

By the Quotient and Product Rules, this is $\log_3 \, rac{9 imes 5}{3} \, = \log_3 15$

9. Simplify $\log_2(3^8 imes 5^7)$

1/1 puntos

- \bigcirc 56 $\times \log_2 15$
- \bigcirc 15 × log₂ 56
- $\bigcirc (5 \times \log_2 3) + (8 \times \log_2 5)$

✓ Correcto

We first apply the Product Rule to convert to the sum: $\log_2(3^8) + \log_2(5^7)$. Then apply the power and root rule.

10. If $\log_{10}y=100$, what is $\log_2y=?$

1/1 puntos

- \bigcirc 20
- 301.03
- 332.19
- O 500

. / Correct

Use the change of base formula, $\log_a b = rac{\log_x b}{\log_x a}$

Where the "old" base is \boldsymbol{x} and the "new" base is \boldsymbol{a} .

So
$$\frac{100}{\log_{10}(2)} = \frac{100}{0.30103} = 332.19$$

Use the change of base formula, $\log_a b = \frac{\log_x b}{\log_x a}$

Where the "old" base is x and the "new" base is a.

So
$$\frac{100}{\log_{10}(2)} = \frac{100}{0.30103} = 332.19$$

- 11. A tree is growing taller at a continuous rate. In the past 12 years it has grown from 3 meters to 15 meters.
 1/1 puntos
 What is its rate of growth per year?
- O 12.41%
- 0 10.41%
- O 11.41%
- 13.41%

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\text{Correcto}}{15}}}{12} = 0.1341$$

- 12. Bacteria can reproduce exponentially if not constrained. Assume a colony grows at a continually compounded rate of 400% per day. How many days before a colony with initial mass of 6.25 X 10^{-10} grams weights 1000 Kilograms?
- 1/1 puntos

- \bigcirc 87.5 days
- \odot 8.75 days
- \bigcirc 0.875 days
- O 875 days

$$\checkmark$$
 Correcto $6.25 imes 10^{-10} imes e^{4t} = 10^6$

$$4t = \ln \big(\frac{10^6}{\left(6.25 \times 10^{-10}\right)}\big) = 35.00878$$

$$t = \ln \frac{10^6}{6.25 \times 10^{-10}} = 8.752195$$

Continúa aprendiendo

CALIFICACIÓN 76,92 %

Graded quiz on Tangent Lines to Functions, Exponents and Logarithms

CALIFICACIÓN DEL ÚLTIMO ENVÍO

76.92%

1.	_	1		
	Convert	40	to exponential form, using 7 as the factor.	
		49		

1/1 puntos

- \bigcirc (7²)
- \odot 7⁻²
- \bigcirc 49⁻¹

The rule for a factor to a Negative exponent is to divide by the same factor to a positive exponent with the same absolute value.

2. A light-year (the distance light travels in a vacuum in one year) is 9,460 trillion meters. Express in scientific 1/1 puntos notation.

- \bigcirc 9.46×10^{15} kilometers
- \bigcirc 0.946 \times 10¹⁶
- \bigcirc 9460 \times 10¹² meters
- $\ \bigcirc \ 9.46 \times 10^{15} \ \text{meters}.$

9,460 is (9.4×10^3) meters and one trillion meters is 10^{12} meters. $(9.4\times10^3)(10^{12})$ = 9.4×10^3 10^{15} . A kilometer is 1000 meters.

3. Simplify $(x^8)(y^3)(x^{-10})(y^{-2})$

0 / 1 puntos

- $(x^{-2})(y)$
- $(x)(y^{-2})$
- $\bigcirc (x^{-80})(y^{-6})$

3. Simplify $(x^8)(y^3)(x^{-10})(y^{-2})$

- $\bigcirc (x^{-2})(y)$
- $(x)(y^{-2})$
- $\bigcirc (x^{-80})(y^{-6})$
- $O(x^2)(y)$

Incorrecto

By the Division and Negative Powers Rule, this is $(x^{(8-10)})(y^{(3-2)})$

0 / 1 puntos

1/1 puntos

1/1 puntos

4. Simplify $[(x^4)(y^{-6})]^{-1}$

- $\frac{(x^4)}{(x=6)}$
- $\bigcirc \frac{(x^-4)}{(y^6)}$
- $(x^{-4})(y^6)$
- $\bigcirc (x^3)(y^{-7})$

✓ Correcto

By the Power to a Power Rule, each of the exponents is multiplied by $\left(-1\right)$

Solve for x:

 $\log_2(39x) - \log_2(x-5) = 4$

- $\bigcirc \ \frac{39}{23}$
- $\bigcirc \frac{80}{38}$
- $\bigcirc \ \ \frac{23}{80}$

Correcto

 $\log_2 rac{39x}{(x-5)} = 4$ by the Quotient Rule.

Since both sides are equal, we can use them as exponents in an equation.

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6. Simplify this expression:

 $(x^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{-3}{2}}$

- $\circ_{x^{-1}}$
- $0x^{\frac{1}{3}}$
- \bullet $x^{\frac{-3}{4}}$
- $0_{x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$

/ Correcto

We use the Power to a Power Rule -- multiply exponents:

$$x^{rac{1}{2} imesrac{-3}{2}}=x^{rac{-3}{4}}$$

7. Simplify $\log_2 8 - \log_2 4 - (\log_3 4.5 + \log_3 2)$

- \bigcirc 0
- O 1
- -1
- O 2

✓ Correcto

This is equivalent to:

$$\log_2(\frac{8}{4}) - \log_3(4.5 \times 2) = 1 - 2 = -1$$

 $^{\text{8.}}$ If $\log_3 19 = 2.680$, what is $\log_9 19$?

1/1 puntos

1/1 puntos

1/1 puntos

- 0.4347
- 1.304
- \bigcirc 0.8934
- O 5.216

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► I

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 $^{8.}$ If $\log_3 19 = 2.680$, what is $\log_9 19$?

1/1 puntos

- 0.4347
- 1.304
- 0.8934
- $\bigcirc\ 5.216$



To convert from \log_3 to \log_9 , divide by $\log_3 9.$ Which is equal to 2 , so the answer is 1.34

 $^{9.}$ If $\log_{10}b=1.8$ and $log_ab=2.5752$, what is a?

0 / 1 puntos

- \bigcirc 6
- \bigcirc 5
- \bigcirc 3

Incorrecto

To solve for a in the formula;

$$\log_a b = \frac{\log_x b}{\log_x a}$$

$$\log_a b = 2.5752$$
 and $\log_{10} b = 1.8$

Therefore,
$$\log_{10} a$$
 must equal to $\ \frac{1.8}{2.5752} = 0.69897$

Treating both sides of equation $\log_{10} a = 0.69897$ as exponents of 10 gives $a = 10^{0.69897} = ?$

If you didn't get the right answer, work the problem again. You can do this!

- $^{\rm 10.}$ An investment of 1,600 is worth 7,400 after 8.5 years. What is the continuously compounded rate of return of this investment?
- 0 / 1 puntos

- 0 19.01%
- 17.01%
- \circ 20.01
- O 18.02%

$$\frac{\ln\frac{7400}{1600}}{8.5} =$$

Try again! You can do this!

 $^{11.}$ A pearl grows in an oyster at a continuously compounded rate of $.24~\rm per$ year. If a 25-year old pearl weighs 1 gram, what did it weigh when it began to form?

- \bigcirc 0.02478
- 0.0002478
- 0.2478
- 0.002478

$$e^{(0.24 imes25)}=rac{1}{x}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{\left(e^{0.24 \times 25}\right)}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{403.4288}$$

$$x = 0.002478$$

$$^{ ext{12.}}\log_2z=6.754.$$
 What is $\log_{10}(z)$?

1/1 puntos

O 1 3508

4

$$e^{(0.21,20)} =$$

$$x=rac{1}{\left(e^{0.24 imes25}
ight)}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{403.4288}$$

$$x = 0.002478$$

 $^{12.}\log_2z=6.754.$ What is $\log_{10}(z)$?

1/1 puntos

- \circ 1.3508
- \bigcirc 0.49185
- **2.03316**
- 0.82956

$$\frac{\checkmark}{\log_2 z} = \frac{\log_2 z}{\log_2 10}$$

$$(\log_{10} z) \times (\log_2 10) = 3.321928$$

Therefore,
$$\log_{10}z=rac{6.754}{3.321928}=2.03316$$

- 13. Suppose that $g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ is a function, and that g(1)=10. Suppose that g'(a) is negative for every single value of a. Which of the following could possibly be g(1.5)?
 - $\bigcirc g(1.5) = 10.1$
 - $\bigcirc g(1.5) = 11$
 - \bigcirc g(1.5) = 103.4
 - g(1.5) = 9.7

✓ Correct

Since the slope of the tangent line to the graph of g is negative everywhere on the graph, we know that g is decreasing function! And therefore we must have g(1.5) < g(1). That is the case here, so this value is at least possible.

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