# Matematika 3 Euclidian Distance



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## 1 Euclidian Distance

### 1.1 Task 1

1. (2,4) & (3,6)

$$(2,4) & (3,6) = \sqrt{(3-2)^2 + (6-4)^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{1+4}$$
$$= \sqrt{5}$$
$$= 2.23$$

2. (2,4) & (5,3)

$$(2,4) & (5,3) = \sqrt{(5-2)^2 + (3-4)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{9+1}$$

$$= \sqrt{10}$$

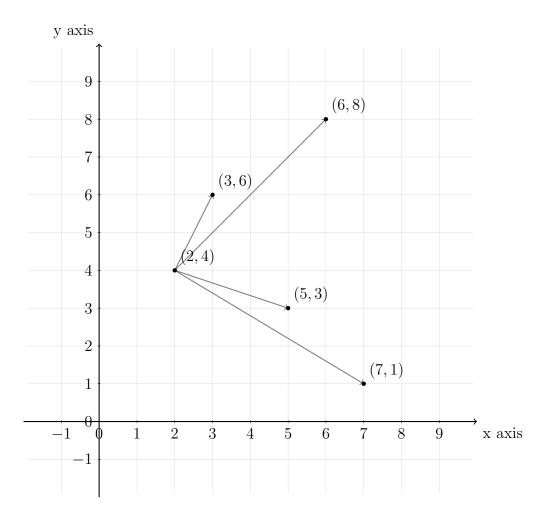
$$= 3.16$$

3. (2,4) & (7,1)

$$(2,4) & (7,1) = \sqrt{(7-2)^2 + (1-4)^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{25+9}$$
$$= \sqrt{34}$$
$$= 5.83$$

4. (2,4) & (6,8)

$$(2,4) & (6,8) = \sqrt{(6-2)^2 + (8-4)^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{16+16}$$
$$= \sqrt{32}$$
$$= 5.65$$



## 1.2 Task 2

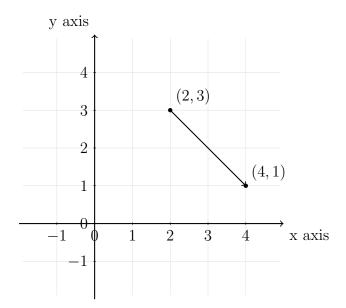
1. 
$$(-1,2) & (3,5)$$

$$(2,3) & (4,1) = \sqrt{(4-2)^2 + (1-3)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{4+4}$$

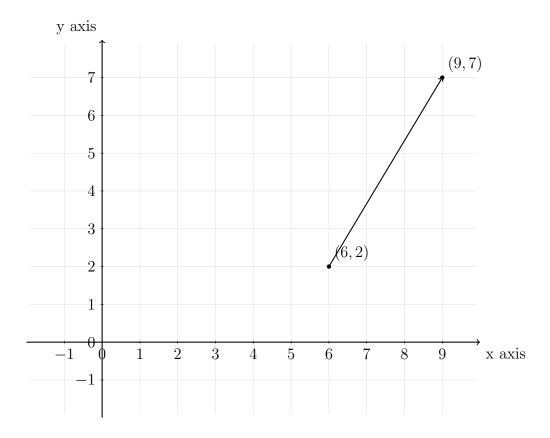
$$= \sqrt{8}$$

$$= 2.828$$



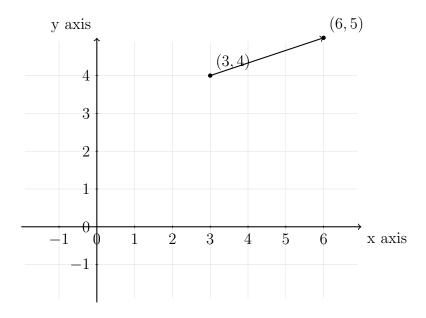
2. (6,2) & (9,7)

$$(6,2) & (9,7) = \sqrt{(9-6)^2 + (7-2)^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{9+25}$$
$$= \sqrt{34}$$
$$= 5.831$$



3. (3,4) & (6,5)

$$(3,4) & (6,5) = \sqrt{(6-3)^2 + (5-4)^2}$$
$$= \sqrt{9+1}$$
$$= \sqrt{10}$$
$$= 3.162$$



## 2 Cityblock Distance

### 2.1 Task 3

1. (2,4) & (3,6)

$$(2,4) & (3,6) = |3-2| + |6-4|$$
  
= 1 + 2  
= 3

2. (2,4) & (5,3)

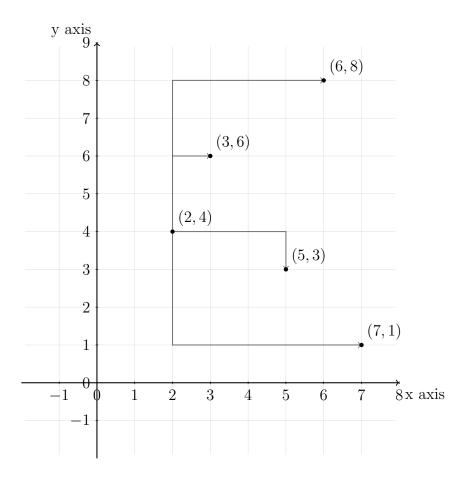
$$(2,4) & (5,3) = |5-2| + |3-4|$$
  
= 3+1  
= 4

3. (2,4) & (7,1)

$$(2,4) & (7,1) = |7-2| + |1-4|$$
  
= 5+3  
= 8

4. (2,4) & (6,8)

$$(2,4) & (6,8) = |6-2| + |8-4|$$
  
= 4+4  
= 8



### 2.2 Task 4

```
import numpy as np

def cityblock_distance(A, B):
    result = np.sum([abs(a - b) for (a, b) in zip(A, B)])
    return result

if __name__ == "__main__":
    array1 = [1, 2, 13, 5]
    array2 = [1, 27, 3, 4]
    result = cityblock_distance(array1, array2)

print("The CityBlock distance between 2 arrays is: ", result)

The CityBlock distance between 2 arrays is: 36
```

## 3 Conclusion

#### 3.1 Task 5

1. Euclidian distance is the distance between two points in a plane. The formula is:

$$d(p,q) = \sqrt{(q_1 - p_1)^2 + (q_2 - p_2)^2}$$

2. Cityblock distance is the distance between two points in a plane, but the distance is calculated by the sum of the absolute differences of their Cartesian coordinates. The formula is:

$$d(p,q) = |q_1 - p_1| + |q_2 - p_2|$$

Both of them can be used to find a distance between two points, this can be applied in real life such as finding the shortest distance between two landmarks, clustering, and etc.