

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(a)	$\frac{(\sin \theta + 2 \cos \theta)(\cos \theta + 2 \sin \theta) - (\sin \theta - 2 \cos \theta)(\cos \theta - 2 \sin \theta)}{(\cos \theta - 2 \sin \theta)(\cos \theta + 2 \sin \theta)}$	*M1	Obtain an expression with a common denominator
	$\frac{5 \sin \theta \cos \theta + 2 \cos^2 \theta + 2 \sin^2 \theta - (5 \sin \theta \cos \theta - 2 \sin^2 \theta - 2 \cos^2 \theta)}{\cos^2 \theta - 4 \sin^2 \theta}$ $= \frac{4(\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta)}{\cos^2 \theta - 4 \sin^2 \theta}$	A1	
	$\frac{4}{\cos^2 \theta - 4(1 - \cos^2 \theta)}$	DM1	Use $\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$ twice
	$\frac{4}{5 \cos^2 \theta - 4}$	A1	AG
		4	
(b)	$\frac{4}{5 \cos^2 \theta - 4} = 5 \text{ leading to } 25 \cos^2 \theta = 24$ leading to $\cos \theta = \sqrt{\frac{24}{25}} [= (\pm) 0.9798]$	M1	Make $\cos \theta$ the subject
	$\theta = 11.5^\circ \text{ or } 168.5^\circ$	A1 A1 FT	FT on 180° – 1st solution
		3	