

Master arrays

More Functions on arrays:

- 01- Find sum negatives and positive integers
- 02- Max & Min of given numbers
- 03- Find two first maximum numbers
- 04- Separate Even, odd numbers
- 05- Insert an element at a specified position
- 06- Delete a specified element
- 07- Remove repeated elements
- 08- Merge two arrays in sorted order
- 09- Union & intersection of the given array
- 10- Sum of two numbers equal to X, X integer given
- 11- Average of numbers at even position
- 12- Array elements in reverse order using swapping
- 13- Search for a specific element
- 14- Binary search

01- Find sum of negative and positive integers

```
// 01- Find sum of negative and positive integers
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int array[] = {-22, -17, 2, 5, 3, 4, 6, 8, 7, 1, 9};
    int size = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);
    int i, negs = 0, pos = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
    {
        if (array[i] < 0)
            negs += array[i];
        if (array[i] > 0)
            pos += array[i];
    }

    printf("Sum of negatives: %d\n", negs);
    printf("Sum of positives: %d\n", pos);

    return 0;
}
```

02- Max & Min of given numbers

```
// 02- Max & Min of given numbers
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int array[] = {-22, -17, 2, 5, 3, 4, 6, 8, 7, 1, 9, 13};
    int size = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);
    int i;
    int min = array[0];
    int max = array[0];

    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
    {
        if (min > array[i])
            min = array[i];
        if (max < array[i])
            max = array[i];
    }

    printf("Minimum: %d\n", min);
    printf("Maximum: %d\n", max);

    return 0;
}
```

03- Find two first maximum numbers

```
// 03- Find two first maximum numbers
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, size, max, max2, position = 0;
    int a[] = {-22, 2, 5, 3, 1, 9, 13};
    size = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);
    int temp[size - 1];
    max = a[0];

    // find first max number
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
    {
        if (a[i] > max)
        {
            max = a[i];
            position = i;
        }
    }

    // deleting first maximum number in array
    for (i = 0; i < size - 1; i++)
    {
        if (i < position)
            temp[i] = a[i];
        if (i >= position)
            temp[i] = a[i + 1];
    }

    max2 = temp[0];
    // finding second max in the remaining elements
    for (i = 0; i < size - 1; i++)
    {
        if (temp[i] > max2)
            max2 = temp[i];
    }
    printf("The first largest number is %d\n", max);
    printf("The second largest number is %d\n", max2);
}
```

04- Separate Even, odd numbers

```
// 04- Separate Even, odd numbers
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, size;
    int a[] = {-22, 2, 5, 3, 1, 9, 13, 77, 88, 99, 16, 14, 24};
    size = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);

    printf("Even numbers are:\n");
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        if (a[i] >= 0)
            if (a[i] % 2 == 0)
                printf("%d\t", a[i]);

    printf("\nOdd numbers are:\n");
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        if (a[i] >= 0)
            if (a[i] % 2 == 1)
                printf("%d\t", a[i]);
}
```

05- Insert an element at a specified position

```
// 05- Insert an element at a specified position
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, size, position, insitem;
    int a[] = {-22, 2, 5, 3, 1, 9, 13};
    size = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);
    int temp[size + 1];

    printf("Enter element to be inserted: ");
    scanf("%d", &insitem);
    printf("Enter position for an element to be inserted: ");
    scanf("%d", &position);
    position = position - 1;
    for (i = 0; i <= size; i++)
    {
        if (i < position)
            temp[i] = a[i];
        if (i > position)
            temp[i] = a[i - 1];
        if (i == position)
            temp[i] = insitem;
    }
    printf("Array after inserting %d\n", insitem);
    for (i = 0; i <= size; i++)
        printf("%d\t", temp[i]);
}
```

06- Delete a specified element

```
// 06- Delete a specified element
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
    int i, size, position, delitem, flag = 0;
    int a[] = {-22, 2, 5, 3, 1, 9, 13};
    size = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);
    int temp[size - 1];
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d\t", a[i]);
    printf("\nEnter element to be deleted: ");
    scanf("%d", &delitem);
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++) // find position of a number
    {
        if (a[i] == delitem)
        {
            position = i;
            flag = 1;
        }
    }
    if (flag == 1) {
        for (i = 0; i < size - 1; i++) // deleting number in array
        {
            if (i < position)
                temp[i] = a[i];
            if (i >= position)
                temp[i] = a[i + 1];
        }
        printf("Array after deleting %d\n", delitem);
        for (i = 0; i < size - 1; i++)
            printf("%d\t", temp[i]);
    }
    else
        printf("Number not found in array\n");
}
```

07- Remove repeated elements

```
// 07- Remove repeated elements
#include <stdio.h>
void removerep(int position, int a[], int size);
int main() {
    int i, j, size, count = 0, k, position;
    int a[] = {-22, 2, 5, 3, 1, 9, 13};
    size = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);
    int *temp = a;
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
    {
        for (j = i + 1; j < size; j++)
        {
            if (a[i] == a[j])
            {
                removerep(j, a, size);
                size--;
            }
            else
                j++;
        }
    }
    printf("After removing repeated elements\n");
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d\n", a[i]);
}

void removerep(int position, int a[], int size)
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++) // deleting repeated number in array
    {
        if (i < position)
            a[i] = a[i];
        if (i >= position)
            a[i] = a[i + 1];
    }
}
```

/// Method II :

```
// 07- Remove repeated elements
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, j, k, size, count = 0, position;
    int a[] = {-22, 2, 5, 3, 1, 9, 13};
    size = sizeof(a) / sizeof(a[0]);
    int *temp = a;
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
    {
        for (j = i + 1; j < size; j++)
        {
            if (a[i] == a[j])
            {
                for (k = j; k < size; k++)
                    a[k] = a[k + 1];
                size--;
            }
            else
                j++;
        }
    }
    printf("After removing repeated elements\n");
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d\n", a[i]);
}
```

08- Merge two arrays in sorted order

```
// 08- Merge two arrays in sorted order

#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, size1, size2, j = 0, temp;
    int a1[] = {1, 2, 3, 4};
    size1 = sizeof(a1) / sizeof(a1[0]);

    int a2[] = {5, 6, 7, 8};
    size2 = sizeof(a2) / sizeof(a2[0]);
    int a3[size1 + size2];

    // merging
    for (i = 0; i < size1; i++)
    {
        a3[j] = a1[i];
        j++;
    }
    for (i = 0; i < size2; i++)
    {
        a3[j] = a2[i];
        j++;
    }
    printf("\nArray after merging\n");
    for (i = 0; i < size1 + size2; i++)
        printf("%d\t", a3[i]);

    return 0;
}
```

09- Union & intersection of the given array

```
// 09- Union & intersection of the given array
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void display(int array[], int size);
void unions(int array1[], int array2[], int size1, int size2);
void intersection(int array1[], int array2[], int size1, int size2);

int main()
{
    int size1, size2;
    int array1[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
    int array2[] = {1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};
    size1 = sizeof(array1) / sizeof(array1[0]);
    size2 = sizeof(array2) / sizeof(array2[0]);
    printf("array1:\t");
    display(array1, size1);
    printf("array2:\t");
    display(array2, size2);
    intersection(array1, array2, size1, size2);
    printf("\n");
    unions(array1, array2, size1, size2);
    return 0;
}

void display(int array[], int size)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d, ", array[i]);
    printf("\n");
}
```



```

void intersection(int array1[], int array2[], int size1, int size2)
{
    printf("Inters:\t");
    for (int i = 0; i < size1; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < size2; j++)
            if (array1[i] == array2[j])
                printf("%d, ", array1[i]);
}

void unions(int array1[], int array2[], int size1, int size2)
{
    int i, j, k, size, count = 0;
    size = size1 + size2;
    int array[size];
    // merge
    for (i = 0; i < size1; i++)
    {
        array[count] = array1[i];
        count++;
    }
    for (i = 0; i < size2; i++)
    {
        array[count] = array2[i];
        count++;
    }

    // remove repeated elements
    for (i = 0; i < size - 1; i++)
    {
        for (j = i + 1; j < size; j++)
        {
            if (array[i] == array[j])
            {
                for (k = j; k < size; k++)
                {
                    if (k < j)
                        array[k] = array[k];
                    if (k >= j)
                        array[k] = array[k + 1];
                }
                size--;
            }
            else
                j++;
        }
    }

    printf("Unions:\t");
    display(array, size);
}

```

10- Sum of two numbers equal to X, X integer given

```
// 10- Sum of two numbers equal to X, X integer given
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    int x, size;
    int array[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};
    size = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);
    printf("Enter number: ");
    scanf("%d", &x);

    for (int i = 0; i < size - 1; i++)
        for (int j = i + 1; j < size; j++)
            if (array[i] + array[j] == x)
                printf("%d + %d = %d\n", array[i], array[j], x);

    return 0;
}
```

11- Average of numbers at even position

```
// 11- Average of numbers at even position
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    int i, size, sum = 0;
    int array[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};
    size = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
    {
        if ((i + 1) % 2 == 0)
            sum += array[i];
    }
    printf("Sum = %d\n", sum);
    printf("Average = %d\n", sum / 2);

    return 0;
}
```


12- Array elements in reverse order using swapping

```
// 12-   Array elements in reverse order using swapping
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    int i, k, size, temp;
    int array[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};
    size = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);

    printf("Before reverse: ");
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d, ", array[i]);

    for (k = size; k >= 0; k--)
    {
        for (i = 0; i < k - 1; i++)
        {
            temp = array[i];
            array[i] = array[i + 1];
            array[i + 1] = temp;
        }
    }
    printf("\nAfter reverse : ");
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d, ", array[i]);

    return 0;
}
```

13- Search for a specific element

```
// 13-   Search for a specific element
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    int i, x, size, found = 0;
    int array[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10};
    size = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);

    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d, ", array[i]);

    printf("\nFind: ");
    scanf("%d", &x);

    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        if (x == array[i])
            printf("%d found at position %d\n", x, i);

    return 0;
}
```

Created by Muhammed El Idrissi Laoukili

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