

# JUST / ALREADY / YET



## JUST

We use **just** with the Present Perfect to talk about things that happened a short time before now.

Examples:

Mary has **just** arrived from Rome.

I have **just** written to grandpa.



## ALREADY

We use **already** with the Present Perfect to emphasize that something happened before now, or before it was expected to happen.

Examples:

She has **already** studied for the test.

We have **already** eaten.



## YET

We use **yet** with a negative verb to say that something has not happened, but we think that will happen.

Examples:

I haven't been to Madrid **yet**.

She hasn't finished her work **yet**.

We use **yet** in questions to ask if something, that we expect to happen, has happened.

Examples:

Have you finished your work **yet**?

Has she posted the letter **yet**?

**Notice** that we usually put yet at the end of a negative statement or question.

## EXERCISE

Complete the following sentences with **just**, **already** or **yet**.

- 1-Have you learnt the English verbs \_\_\_\_\_?
- 2-Please don't send the letter \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3-Where is John? He has \_\_\_\_\_ left.
- 4-Susan has \_\_\_\_\_ visited London. She has \_\_\_\_\_ arrived from there.
- 5-I am hungry. I haven't eaten \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6-Have you bought the tickets \_\_\_\_\_? No, not \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7-Susan and Peter have \_\_\_\_\_ arrived from their honeymoon.
- 8-Paul has \_\_\_\_\_ studied for the History test, but he hasn't studied for the French test \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9- The doctor has \_\_\_\_\_ done a lot for this poor community.
- 10-They went to a picnic on the banks of Loch Ness and they haven't arrived \_\_\_\_\_.
- 11-Is Ken in? Yes, he has \_\_\_\_\_ arrived from school.
12. You mustn't pay for the bill \_\_\_\_\_.

