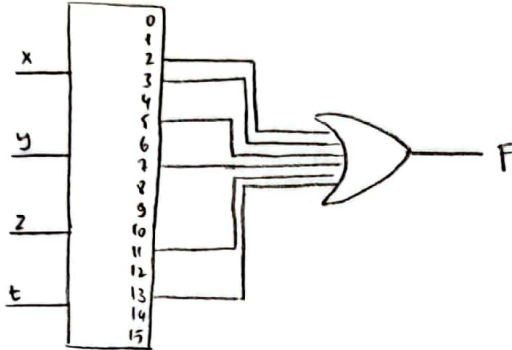


Q1:  $F = \Sigma (2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13)$

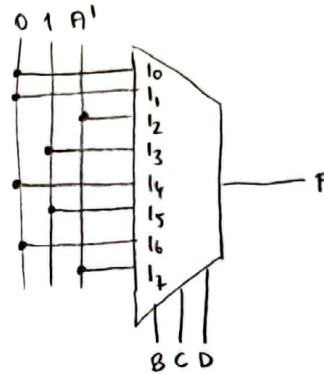
0010 0011 0101 0111 1011 1101

a) Using a 4x16 decoder:



b)

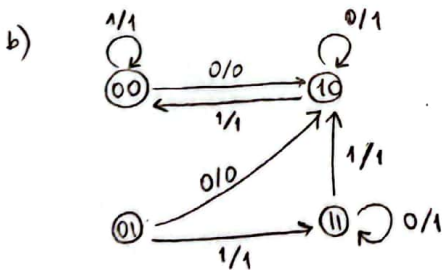
$I_0$	$I_1$	$I_2$	$I_3$	$I_4$	$I_5$	$I_6$	$I_7$
$A'$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
$A$	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	0	0	$A'$	1	0	1	0
							$A'$



Q2:

a)

Present state		input	Next state		Output
A	B	x	$A(t+1)$	$B(t+1)$	y
0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	0	1



Q4:

a)

$$F1 = CA + C'B$$

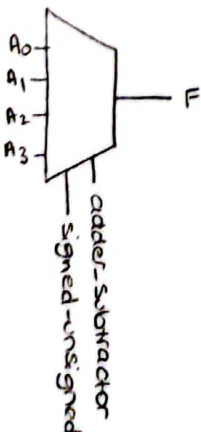
$$F2 = (B')' \cdot F1 = BF1$$

$$F3 = B'F1' + B'F1$$

$$F = (A')'C + A'F3 = AC + A'F3$$

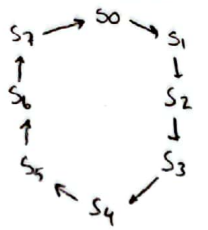
b) always @ (A or B or C);  
begin  
if (A==1 & C==1) F=1;  
else F=0;  
end

Q3: We need to use multiplexer to decide:



$A_0$ : result of signed adder  
 $A_1$ : " " signed subtractor  
 $A_2$ : " " unsigned adder  
 $A_3$ : " " unsigned subtractor

Q6: i) state diagram



ii) state assignment

$S_0 : 000$   
 $S_1 : 001$   
 $S_2 : 011$   
 $S_3 : 010$   
 $S_4 : 110$   
 $S_5 : 111$   
 $S_6 : 101$   
 $S_7 : 100$

iii) state table

present			next			counter		
$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	$D_0$	$D_1$	$D_2$
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

$$D_0 = \Sigma(3, 4, 5, 6)$$

$$D_1 = \Sigma(1, 2, 3, 4)$$

$$D_2 = \Sigma(0, 1, 4, 5)$$

iv) K-maps

$A_1, A_0$	00	01	11	10
$A_2$	0	0	0	1
	1	0	1	1

$$D_0 = A_2 A_0 + A_1 A_0'$$

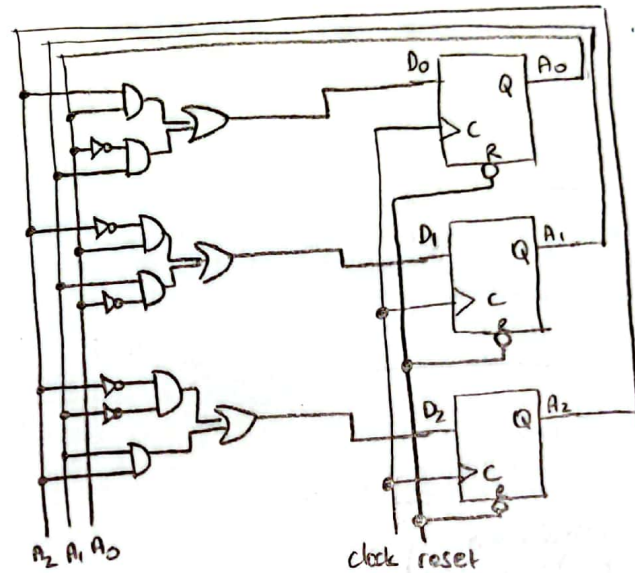
$A_1, A_0$	00	01	11	10
$A_2$	0	0	1	1
	1	0	0	0

$$D_1 = A_2' A_0 + A_1 A_0'$$

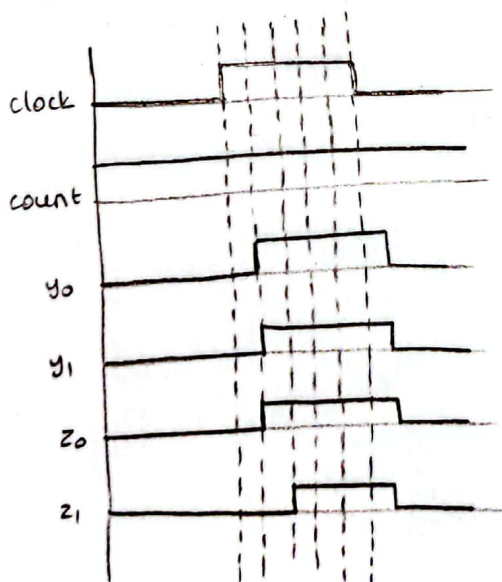
$A_1, A_0$	00	01	11	10
$A_2$	0	1	1	0
	1	0	0	1

$$D_2 = A_2' A_1' + A_2 A_1$$

v) Diagram



Q9:



Q7:

The output of the first multiplexer:  $(C')A + C'A' = CA + C'A'$

" " " " second " :  $A'C' + AC$

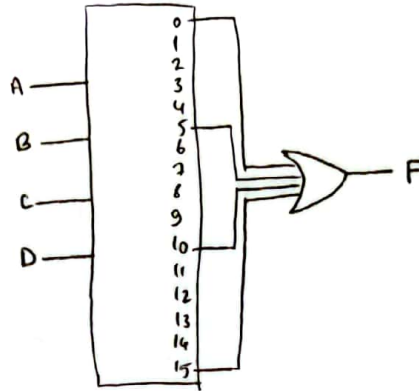
$$F = D'B'I_0 + D'BI_1 + DB'I_2 + DBI_3$$

$$= D'B'(CA + C'A') + D'B + DB' + DB(A'C' + AC) = (A'C' + AC)(DB + D'B') = (A \oplus C)(D \oplus B) \Rightarrow \text{when } A=C \text{ and } B=D$$

A	B	C	D	F
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	1

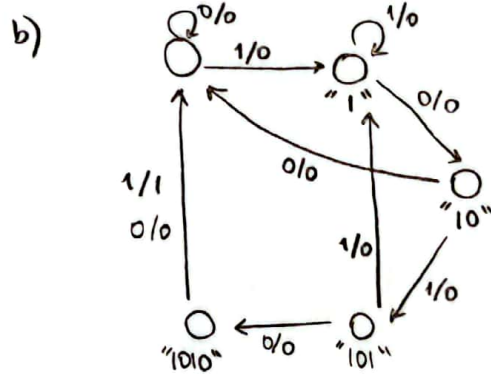
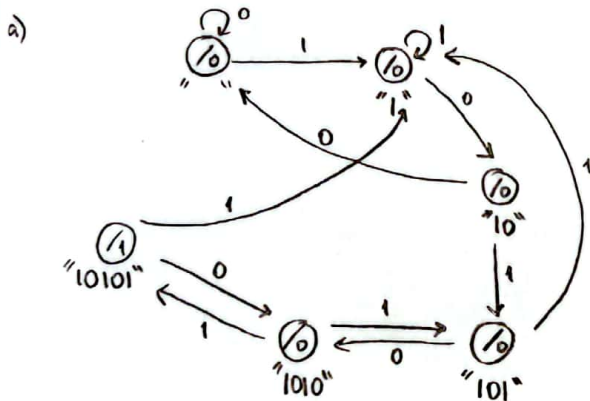
$$F = A'BC'D + A'B'C'D' + ABCD + AB'CD'$$

$$= \Sigma(5, 0, 15, 10)$$

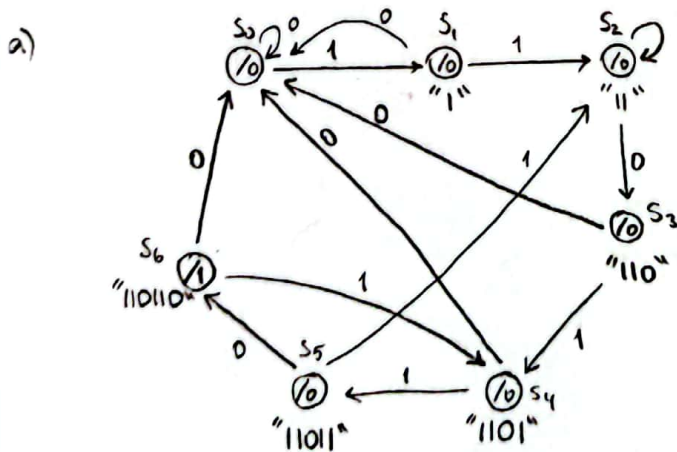


Q11: The question says "10101" contains two "101", this means there's overlap.

for edge  
infinite  
it's not??



Q10: 110110 detector: (I assumed that overlapping is allowed.)



b)

present	input	next	output
$A_2 A_1 A_0$	$x$	$A_2 A_1 A_0$	$y$
0 0 0	0	0 0 0	0
0 0 0	1	0 0 1	0
0 0 1	0	0 0 0	0
0 0 1	1	0 1 0	0
0 1 0	0	0 1 1	0
0 1 0	1	0 1 0	0
0 1 1	0	0 0 0	0
0 1 1	1	1 0 0	0
1 0 0	0	1 0 0	0
1 0 0	1	1 0 1	0
1 0 1	0	1 0 1	0
1 0 1	1	0 0 0	1
1 1 0	0	0 0 0	0
1 1 0	1	1 0 0	0