```
terms
             b
                                          boolean value
                                          numeric value
                                                                                                       configuration-values\\
                                                                      ::=
                                                operator
                                                                             b
                                                                                                                 boolean value
                                              abstraction
                                                                                                                 numeric value
                                                 variable
                                                                              op \\ ((\lambda x. \ t)^{T \to T})[s] 
                                                                                                                       operator
                                              application
                                                                                                                         closure
             \mathsf{mlet}\ x:T=t\ \mathsf{in}\ t
                                         overloading let
             t :: T
                                               ascription
                                                                                                                configurations
                                                                      ::=
                                          boolean value
b
                                                                              t[s]
                                               true value
             true
             false
                                              false value
                                                                              \mathsf{mlet}\ x:T=c\ \mathsf{in}\ c
                                                                              c :: T
                                               operators
op
     ::=
                                                                              error
             \mathsf{add}1
                                                     sum
                                                                                                         explicit substitutions
                                                                      ::=
                                                negation
             not
                                                                                                           empty substitution
                                                                             x\mapsto \{(\overline{v:T})\}, s
                                                                                                         variable substitution
T
                                                    types
             Int
                                        type of integers
                                       type of booleans
             Bool
             T \to T
                                       type of functions
```

Figure 1: Syntax of the simply typed lambda-calculus vith overloading.

$$c \longrightarrow c$$

$$b[s] \longrightarrow b \qquad \qquad (Bool)$$

$$n[s] \longrightarrow n \qquad \qquad (Num)$$

$$op[s] \longrightarrow op \qquad \qquad (Op)$$

$$(t::T)[s] \longrightarrow t[s] ::T \qquad \qquad (AscSub)$$

$$(mlet $x:T_1=t_1 \text{ in } t_2)[s] \longrightarrow mlet \ x:T_1=t_1[s] \text{ in } t_2[s] \qquad \qquad (LetSub)$

$$(t_1 \ t_2)[s] \longrightarrow t_1[s] \ t_2[s] \qquad \qquad (AppSub)$$

$$v::T \longrightarrow v \qquad \qquad (Asc)$$

$$mlet \ x:T_1=v \text{ in } t_2[s] \longrightarrow t_2[x,(v:T_1):^*s] \qquad \qquad (Let)$$

$$((\lambda x.\ t_2)^{T_1 \rightarrow T_2})[s] \ v \longrightarrow ([x \mapsto v]t_2)[s] \qquad \qquad (App)$$

$$add1 \ n \longrightarrow n+1 \qquad \qquad (Sum)$$

$$not \ b \longrightarrow \neg \ b \qquad \qquad (Negation)$$$$

Figure 2: Configuration reduction rules.

$$\frac{v = \operatorname{lookup}(x, [s], T)}{x[s] :: T \longrightarrow v :: T} \qquad (AscVar)$$

$$\frac{v = \operatorname{lookup}(x_1, [s_1], T_1)}{v := \operatorname{lookup}(x_1, [s_1], T_1)} \qquad (LetVar)$$

$$\frac{v = \operatorname{lookup}(x_1, [s_1], T_1)}{((\lambda x. \ t_2)^{T_1 \to T_2})[s] \ x_2 := \operatorname{lookup}(x_2, [s_2], T_1)} \qquad (AppVar1)$$

$$\frac{v_2 = \operatorname{lookup}(x_2, [s_2], T_1)}{((\lambda x. \ t_2)^{T_1 \to T_2})[s] \ x_2 := \operatorname{lookup}(x_1, [s_1], T \to *)} \qquad (AppVar2)$$

$$\frac{T = \operatorname{tag}(v_2) \quad v_1 = \operatorname{lookup}(x_1, [s_1], T \to *)}{x_1[s_1] \ v_2 \to v_1 \ v_2} \qquad (AppVar2)$$

$$\frac{(v_1, v_2) = \operatorname{lookup}(x_1, x_2, [s_1], [s_2])}{x_1[s_1] \ x_2[s_2] \to v_1 \ v_2} \qquad (AppVar3)$$

$$\frac{n = \operatorname{lookup}(x, [s], \operatorname{Int})}{\operatorname{add1} \ x[s] \to \operatorname{add1} \ n} \qquad (SumVar)$$

$$\frac{b = \operatorname{lookup}(x, [s], \operatorname{Bool})}{\operatorname{not} \ x[s] \to b} \qquad (NegationVar)$$

$$\frac{b = \operatorname{lookup}(x, [s], \operatorname{Bool})}{\operatorname{not} \ x[s] \to b} \qquad (Asc1)$$

$$\frac{c \to c' \quad \operatorname{notVal.Var}(c)}{c :: T \to c' :: T} \qquad (Asc1)$$

$$\frac{c_1 \to c'_1 \quad \operatorname{notVal.Var}(c_1)}{\operatorname{cl} \ c_2 \to c'_1 \ c_2} \qquad (App1)$$

$$\frac{c_1 \to c'_1 \quad \operatorname{notVal.Var}(c)}{v \ c \to v \ c'} \qquad (App2)$$

$$\frac{c \to c' \quad \operatorname{notVal.Var}(c)}{v \ c \to v \ c'} \qquad (App3)$$

Figure 3: Configuration reduction rules.