

$t$	$::=$	$b$ $n$ $op$ $(\lambda x. t)^{T \rightarrow T}$ $x$ $t t$ $\text{mlet } x : T = t \text{ in } t$ $t :: T$	terms boolean value numeric value operator abstraction variable application overloading let ascription
$b$	$::=$	$\text{true}$ $\text{false}$	boolean value true value false value
$op$	$::=$	$\text{add1}$ $\text{not}$	operators sum negation
$T$	$::=$	$\text{Int}$ $\text{Bool}$ $T \rightarrow T$	types type of integers type of booleans type of functions
$v$	$::=$	$b$ $n$ $op$ $((\lambda x. t)^{T \rightarrow T})[s]$	configuration – values boolean value numeric value operator closure
$c$	$::=$	$v$ $t[s]$ $c c$ $\text{mlet } x : T = c \text{ in } c$ $c :: T$ $\text{error}$	configurations
$s$	$::=$	$\bullet$ $x \mapsto \{(\overline{v : T})\}, s$	explicit substitutions empty substitution variable substitution

Figure 1: Syntax of the simply typed lambda-calculus with overloading.

- Deterministic.
- Type error detection.
- Dispatch error detection.
- Ambiguity error detection.
- Type annotation in lambda functions, `mlet` and ascription.
- More expressive than Semantic 3, with the use structural tags.
- Do not support context-dependent overloading.

	$c \longrightarrow c$
$b[s] \longrightarrow b$	(Bool)
$n[s] \longrightarrow n$	(Num)
$op[s] \longrightarrow op$	(Op)
$(t :: T)[s] \longrightarrow t[s] :: T$	(AscSub)
$(\mathbf{mlet} \ x : T_1 = t_1 \ \mathbf{in} \ t_2)[s] \longrightarrow \mathbf{mlet} \ x : T_1 = t_1[s] \ \mathbf{in} \ t_2[s]$	(LetSub)
$(t_1 \ t_2)[s] \longrightarrow t_1[s] \ t_2[s]$	(AppSub)
$v :: T \longrightarrow v$	(Asc)
$\mathbf{mlet} \ x : T_1 = v \ \mathbf{in} \ t_2[s] \longrightarrow t_2[x \mapsto (v : T_1) \oplus s]$	(Let)
$((\lambda x. t_2)^{T_1 \rightarrow T_2})[s] \ v \longrightarrow ([x \mapsto v]t_2)[s]$	(App)
$\mathbf{add1} \ n \longrightarrow n + 1$	(Sum)
$\mathbf{not} \ b \longrightarrow \neg b$	(Negation)

Figure 2: Configuration reduction rules.

	$\boxed{c \longrightarrow c}$
$\frac{v = \text{lookup}(x, [s], T)}{x[s] :: T \longrightarrow v :: T}$	(AscVar)
$\frac{v = \text{lookup}(x_1, [s_1], T_1)}{\text{mlet } x : T_1 = x_1[s_1] \text{ in } c_2 \longrightarrow \text{mlet } x : T_1 = v \text{ in } c_2}$	(LetVar)
$\frac{v_2 = \text{lookup}(x_2, [s_2], T_1)}{((\lambda x. t_2)^{T_1 \rightarrow T_2})[s] x_2[s_2] \longrightarrow ((\lambda x. t_2)^{T_1 \rightarrow T_2})[s] v_2}$	(AppVar1)
$\frac{T = \text{tag}(v_2) \quad v_1 = \text{lookup}(x_1, [s_1], T \rightarrow *)}{x_1[s_1] v_2 \longrightarrow v_1 v_2}$	(AppVar2)
$\frac{(v_1, v_2) = \text{lookup}(x_1, x_2, [s_1], [s_2])}{x_1[s_1] x_2[s_2] \longrightarrow v_1 v_2}$	(AppVar3)
$\frac{n = \text{lookup}(x, [s], \text{Int})}{\text{add1 } x[s] \longrightarrow \text{add1 } n}$	(SumVar)
$\frac{b = \text{lookup}(x, [s], \text{Bool})}{\text{not } x[s] \longrightarrow \text{not } b}$	(NegationVar)
$\frac{c \longrightarrow c' \quad \text{notVal\_Var}(c)}{c :: T \longrightarrow c' :: T}$	(Asc1)
$\frac{c_1 \longrightarrow c'_1 \quad \text{notVal\_Var}(c_1)}{\text{mlet } x : T_1 = c_1 \text{ in } c_2 \longrightarrow \text{mlet } x : T_1 = c'_1 \text{ in } c_2}$	(Let1)
$\frac{c_1 \longrightarrow c'_1 \quad \text{notVal\_Var}(c_1)}{c_1 c_2 \longrightarrow c'_1 c_2}$	(App1)
$\frac{c \longrightarrow c' \quad \text{notVal\_Var}(c)}{v c \longrightarrow v c'}$	(App2)
$\frac{c_2 \longrightarrow c'_2 \quad \text{notVal\_Var}(c_2)}{x[s] c_2 \longrightarrow x[s] c'_2}$	(App3)

Figure 3: Configuration reduction rules.