

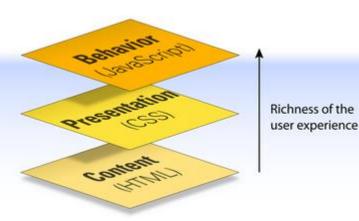
# **Tecnologias Web**

4ª AULA, 4 de me

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Structure

**Behaviors** 

**Styles** 

Motivação

Aumento da interactividade das páginas em HTML

Validação de formulários

Gerar conteúdos dinâmicos

Linguagem interpretada

Processamento do lado da máquina cliente

Código aberto

**API sobre DOM** 

Orientada a eventos, objectos

https://pt.wikipedia.org/wiki/JavaScript

https://www.w3schools.com/js/js\_history.asp

### Sintaxe básica

### Código interno

### Sintaxe básica

### Código interno

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript">
document.write("Olá Mundo!")
</script>
</head>
<body>
<!-- o que vai aparecer? -->
</body>
</html>
```



### Sintaxe básica

#### Código externo

```
<html>
```

<head>

<script src="funcoes.js">

### </script>

</head>

<body>

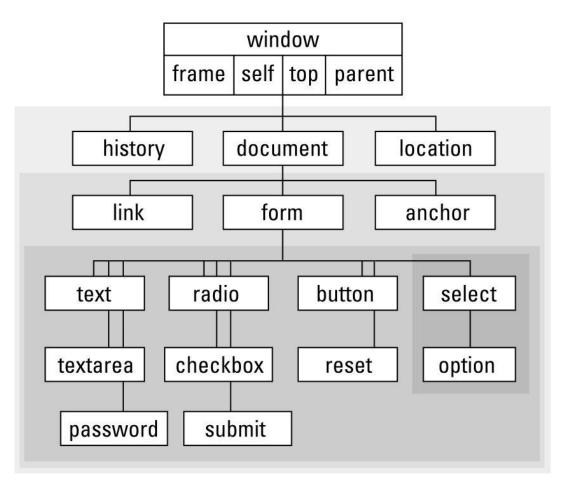
</body>

</html>

Ficheiro: funcoes.js sem elemento < script>

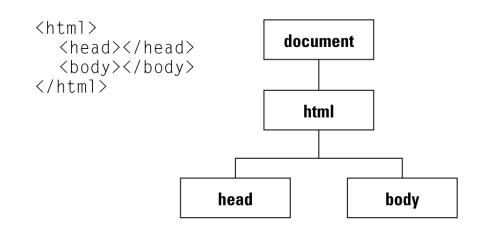


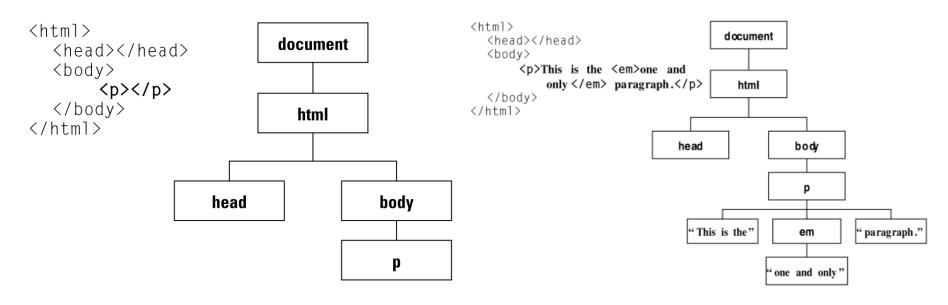
### DOM - Document Object Model













### Referência aos objectos do DOM

```
<html>
<head> <title>Minha pagina</title>
</head>
<body>
<form name="atexto" action="teste1.php" method="POST">
<textarea cols="40" rows="5" name="T1" id="Obs" ></textarea>
<input type="submit" value="ok" />
</form>
</body>
                          teste1.php
</html>
                          <?php
                             echo $_POST [ 'T1' ];
             document.getElementById("Obs")
```

document.getElementById("Obs").value



### Objectos (do DOM)?

Propriedades: definidas pelos atributos que lhes atribuídos,

```
<input type="text" id="entry" name="entry" value="User Name?">
<input type="button" id="clicker" name="clicker" value="Hit Me...">
```

**Métodos**: definem comportamentos dos objectos

```
document.getElementById("orderForm").submit()
document.getElementById("entry").focus()
```

Eventos: objectos tem associados manipuladores de eventos.

```
<input type="button" value="Click Me" onclick="window.alert ('Ai!')">
```



```
<html>
<head> <title>Minha pagina</title>
</head>
<body>
<form name\(\pi\)"atexto" >
<textarea cols="40" rows="5" name="T1" id="Obs"> </textarea>
<input type="button" value="ok" onclick=window.alert ("Ops")>
</form>
                                               MsgAlerta()
</body>
</html>
                       <script type="text/javascript">
                           function MsgAlerta(){
                                alert("ops!");
                       </script
```



```
<html>
<head> <title>Minha pagina</title>
</head>
<body>
<form name\(\pi\)"atexto" >
<textarea cols="40" rows="5" name="T1" id="Obs"> </textarea>
<input type="button" value="ok" onclick=window.alert ("Ops")>
</form>
                                               MsgAlerta()
</body>
</html>
           <script type="text/javascript">
               function MsgAlerta(){
                   alert(document.getElementById("Obs").value);
           </script
```



Acesso genérico aos <form>s e aos seus conteúdos

3= document.forms.length

document.forms[0]

document.forms[1]

document.forms[2]

2= document.forms[0].length

document.forms[0].elements[0].value

document.forms[0].elements[1].value

http://www.w3schools.com/jsref/default.asp



#### **Exemplos**

```
<html> <head> </head>
<body>
<form id="myForm">
Firstname: <input id="fname" type="text" value="Rato" />
Lastname: <input id="Iname" type="text" value="Mickey" />
<input id="sub" type="button" value="Submit" />
</form>
<script type="text/javascript">
var x=document.getElementById("myForm");
for (var i=0;i<x.length;i++)
{ document.write(x.elements[i].value);
document.write("<br />"); }
</script>
</body>
                  To do: Alterem o código de modo a colocarem o
</html>
                  script dentro do elemento <head>
```



#### **Exemplos**

```
2. <html>
  <head>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="funcoes.js" >
  </script>
  </head>
  <body>
  <form action="sucesso.htm" onsubmit="return validate()">
  Nome (max 10 caracters): <input type="text" id="fname" size="20"><br />
  Idade (1 to 100): <input type="text" id="age" size="20"><br />
  E-mail: <input type="text" id="email" size="20"><br />
  <br />
  <input type="submit" value="Submit">
  </form>
  </body>
  </html>
```



```
funcoes.js
        function validate(){
        var at=document.getElementById("email").value.indexOf("@");
        var age=document.getElementByld("age").value;
        var fname=document.getElementById("fname").value;
        submitOK="true";
             if (fname.length>10){
                 alert("The name must be less than 10 characters");
                 submitOK="false";
             if (isNaN(age)||age<1||age>100){
             alert("The age must be a number between 1 and 100")
             submitOK="false"
             if (at==-1) {
             alert("Not a valid e-mail!"); submitOK="false";
             if (submitOK=="false")
                 { return false; }
                                         programação? Rever!!!!!
         return submitOK;
                                         Contém erros!...
```



### Objectos javascript associados ao browser

Object	Description
	The top level object in the JavaScript hierarchy. The Window object represents a browser window. A Window object is created automatically with every instance of a <body> or <frameset> tag</frameset></body>
<u>Navigator</u>	Contains information about the client's browser
<u>Screen</u>	Contains information about the client's display screen
<u>History</u>	Contains the visited URLs in the browser window
<u>Location</u>	Contains information about the current URL

### Objectos HTML DOM

Object	Description
<u>Document</u>	Represents the entire HTML document and can be used to access all elements in a page
<u>Anchor</u>	Represents an <a> element</a>
<u>Area</u>	Represents an <area/> element inside an image-map
<u>Base</u>	Represents a <base/> element
Body	Represents the <body> element</body>
<u>Button</u>	Represents a <button> element</button>
<u>Event</u>	Represents the state of an event
<u>Form</u>	Represents a <form> element</form>
<u>Frame</u>	Represents a <frame/> element
<u>Frameset</u>	Represents a <frameset> element</frameset>
<u>Iframe</u>	Represents an <iframe> element</iframe>
<u>Image</u>	Represents an <img/> element
<u>Input button</u>	Represents a button in an HTML form
<u>Input checkbox</u>	Represents a checkbox in an HTML form
<u>Input file</u>	Represents a fileupload in an HTML form
<u>Input hidden</u>	Represents a hidden field in an HTML form



### Objectos HTML DOM

Object	Description
Input password	Represents a password field in an HTML form
<u>Input radio</u>	Represents a radio button in an HTML form
<u>Input reset</u>	Represents a reset button in an HTML form
<u>Input submit</u>	Represents a submit button in an HTML form
Input text	Represents a text-input field in an HTML form
<u>Link</u>	Represents a <link/> element
<u>Meta</u>	Represents a <meta/> element
<u>Option</u>	Represents an <option> element</option>
<u>Select</u>	Represents a selection list in an HTML form
<u>Style</u>	Represents an individual style statement
<u>Table</u>	Represents a  element
<u>TableData</u>	Represents a  element
<u>TableRow</u>	Represents a  element
<u>Textarea</u>	Represents a <textarea> element&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</textarea>



# Perguntas?