

Design Patterns in C++: Structural - Adapter to Decorator

ADAPTER



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Course Overview



Second course in a series of courses on C++ Design Patterns

- Covers half of structural design patterns (Adapter to Decorator)

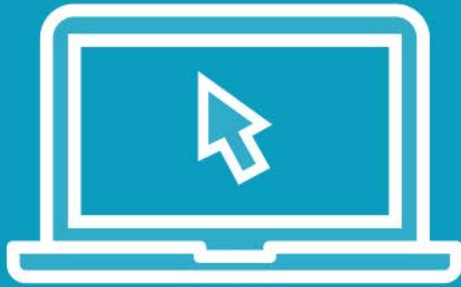
Covers every pattern from GoF book

- Motivation
- Classic implementation
- Pattern variations
- Library implementations
- Pattern interactions
- Important considerations (e.g., testability)

Patterns demonstrated via live coding!



Demo



Uses modern C++ (C++11/14/17)

Demos use Microsoft Visual Studio 2015, MSVC, ReSharper C++

Some simplifications:

- Classes are often defined inline (no .h/.cpp separation)
- Pass by value everywhere
- Liberal import of namespaces (e.g., `std::`) and headers



Course Structure



Adapter

Bridge

Composite

Decorator



Overview



Motivation

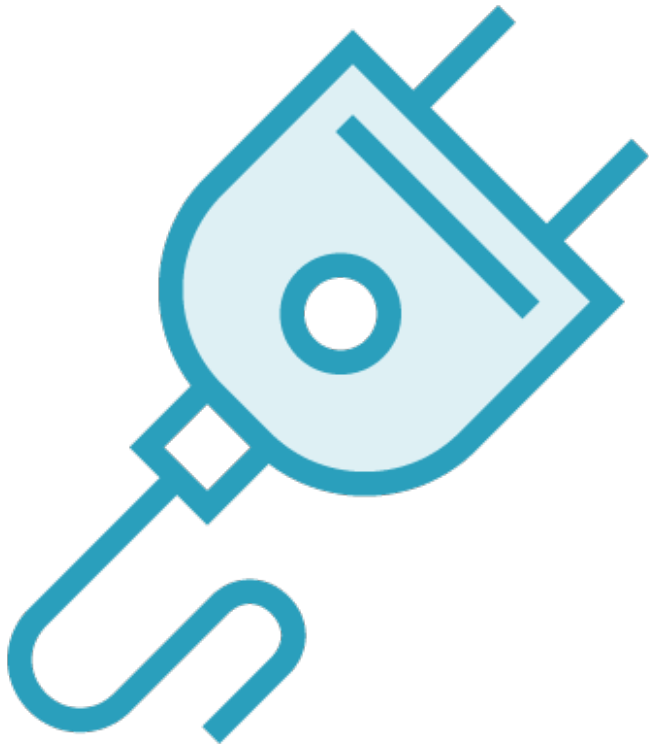
Stack as an Adapter

Simple String Adapter

Vector/Raster Demo

Adapter Caching





Electrical devices have different power (interface) requirements

- Voltage (5V, 220V)
- Socket/plug type (Europe, UK, USA)

We cannot modify our gadgets to support every possible interface

- Some support possible (120/220V)

Thus, we use a device (an adapter) that gives us the interface we require

Adapter

A construct which adapts an existing interface X to conform to the required interface Y.



Summary



Implementing an Adapter is easy

Determine the API you have and the API you need

Create a component which aggregates (has a reference to, ...) the adaptee

Intermediate representations can pile up; use caching and other optimizations

