Annotation Dbi: Introduction To Bioconductor Annotation Packages

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January 29, 2017

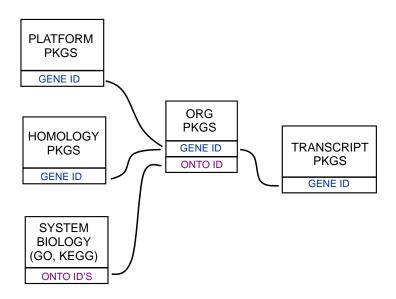


Figure 1: Annotation Packages: the big picture

Bioconductor provides extensive annotation resources. These can be gene centric, or genome centric. Annotations can be provided in packages curated by Bioconductor, or obtained from web-based resources. This vignette is primarily concerned with describing the annotation resources that are available as packages. More advanced users who wish to learn about how to make new annotation packages should see the vignette titled "Creating select Interfaces for custom Annotation resources" from the AnnotationForge package.

Gene centric *AnnotationDbi* packages include:

- Organism level: e.g. org.Mm.eg.db.
- Platform level: e.g. hgu133plus2.db, hgu133plus2.probes, hgu133plus2.cdf.
- Homology level: e.g. hom.Dm.inp.db.
- System-biology level: GO.db

Genome centric GenomicFeatures packages include

- Transcriptome level: e.g. TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene, EnsDb.Hsapiens.v75.
- Generic genome features: Can generate via GenomicFeatures

One web-based resource accesses biomart, via the biomaRt package:

• Query web-based 'biomart' resource for genes, sequence, SNPs, and etc.

The most popular annotation packages have been modified so that they can make use of a new set of methods to more easily access their contents. These four methods are named: columns, keytypes, keys and select. And they are described in this vignette. They can currently be used with all chip, organism, and $T \times Db$ packages along with the popular GO.db package.

For the older less popular packages, there are still conventient ways to retrieve the data. The *How to use bimaps from the ".db" annotation packages* vignette in the *AnnotationDbi* package is a key reference for learnign about how to use bimap objects.

Finally, all of the '.db' (and most other *Bioconductor* annotation packages) are updated every 6 months corresponding to each release of *Bioconductor*. Exceptions are made for packages where the actual resources that the packages are based on have not themselves been updated.

0.1 AnnotationDb objects and the select method

As previously mentioned, a new set of methods have been added that allow a simpler way of extracting identifier based annotations. All the annotation packages that support these new methods expose an object named exactly the same as the package itself. These objects are collectively called *AnntoationDb* objects for the class that they all inherit from. The more specific classes (the ones that you will actually see in the wild) have names like *OrgDb*, *ChipDb* or *TxDb* objects. These names correspond to the kind of package (and underlying schema) being represented. The methods that can be applied to all of these objects are columns, keys, keytypes and select.

In addition, another accessor has recently been added which allows extraction of one column at at time. the mapIds method allows users to extract data into either a named character vector, a list or even a SimpleCharacterList. This method should work with all the different kinds of *AnntoationDb* objects described below.

0.2 ChipDb objects and the select method

An extremely common kind of Annotation package is the so called platform based or chip based package type. This package is intended to make the manufacturer labels for a series of probes or probesets to a wide range of gene-based features. A package of this kind will load an *ChipDb* object. Below is a set of examples to show how you might use the standard 4 methods to interact with an object of this type.

First we need to load the package:

```
library(hgu95av2.db)
```

If we list the contents of this package, we can see that one of the many things loaded is an object named after the package "hgu95av2.db":

```
## [13] "hgu95av2ENZYME2PR0BE"
                                 "hgu95av2GENENAME"
                                                          "hgu95av2GO"
## [16] "hgu95av2G02ALLPR0BES"
                                                          "hgu95av2MAP"
                                 "hgu95av2G02PR0BE"
## [19] "hgu95av2MAPCOUNTS"
                                                          "hgu95av2ORGANISM"
                                 "hgu95av20MIM"
## [22] "hgu95av2ORGPKG"
                                 "hgu95av2PATH"
                                                          "hgu95av2PATH2PR0BE"
## [25] "hgu95av2PFAM"
                                                          "hgu95av2PMID2PR0BE"
                                 "hgu95av2PMID"
## [28] "hgu95av2PROSITE"
                                 "hgu95av2REFSEQ"
                                                          "hgu95av2SYMB0L"
## [31] "hgu95av2UNIGENE"
                                 "hgu95av2UNIPROT"
                                                          "hgu95av2_dbInfo"
## [34] "hgu95av2_dbconn"
                                                          "hgu95av2_dbschema"
                                 "hgu95av2_dbfile"
```

We can look at this object to learn more about it:

```
hgu95av2.db
## ChipDb object:
## | DBSCHEMAVERSION: 2.1
## | Db type: ChipDb
## | Supporting package: AnnotationDbi
## | DBSCHEMA: HUMANCHIP_DB
## | ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
## | SPECIES: Human
## | MANUFACTURER: Affymetrix
## | CHIPNAME: Human Genome U95 Set
## | MANUFACTURERURL: http://www.affymetrix.com/support/technical/byproduct.affx?product=hgu95
## | EGSOURCEDATE: 2015-Sep27
## | EGSOURCENAME: Entrez Gene
## | EGSOURCEURL: ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA
## | CENTRALID: ENTREZID
## | TAXID: 9606
## | GOSOURCENAME: Gene Ontology
## | GOSOURCEURL: ftp://ftp.geneontology.org/pub/go/godatabase/archive/latest-lite/
## | GOSOURCEDATE: 20150919
## | GOEGSOURCEDATE: 2015-Sep27
## | GOEGSOURCENAME: Entrez Gene
## | GOEGSOURCEURL: ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA
## | KEGGSOURCENAME: KEGG GENOME
## | KEGGSOURCEURL: ftp://ftp.genome.jp/pub/kegg/genomes
## | KEGGSOURCEDATE: 2011-Mar15
## | GPSOURCENAME: UCSC Genome Bioinformatics (Homo sapiens)
## | GPSOURCEURL: ftp://hgdownload.cse.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/hg19
## | GPSOURCEDATE: 2010-Mar22
## | ENSOURCEDATE: 2015-Jul16
## | ENSOURCENAME: Ensembl
## | ENSOURCEURL: ftp://ftp.ensembl.org/pub/current_fasta
## | UPSOURCENAME: Uniprot
## | UPSOURCEURL: http://www.uniprot.org/
## | UPSOURCEDATE: Thu Oct 1 23:31:58 2015
##
## Please see: help('select') for usage information
```

If we want to know what kinds of data are retriveable via select, then we should use the columns method like this:

```
columns(hgu95av2.db)
##
    [1] "ACCNUM"
                        "ALIAS"
                                        "ENSEMBL"
                                                        "ENSEMBLPROT"
                                                                        "ENSEMBLTRANS"
                                        "EVIDENCE"
   [6] "ENTREZID"
##
                        "ENZYME"
                                                        "EVIDENCEALL"
                                                                        "GENENAME"
                                        "IPI"
## [11] "GO"
                        "GOALL"
                                                        "MAP"
                                                                        "MIMO"
## [16] "ONTOLOGY"
                        "ONTOLOGYALL"
                                        "PATH"
                                                        "PFAM"
                                                                        "PMID"
## [21] "PROBEID"
                                        "REFSEQ"
                                                        "SYMBOL"
                                                                        "UCSCKG"
                        "PROSITE"
## [26] "UNIGENE"
                        "UNIPROT"
```

If we are further curious to know more about those values for columns, we can consult the help pages. Asking about any of these values will pull up a manual page describing the different fields and what they mean.

```
help("SYMBOL")
```

If we are curious about what kinds of fields we could potentiall use as keys to query the database, we can use the keytypes method. In a perfect world, this method will return values very similar to what was returned by columns, but in reality, some kinds of values make poor keys and so this list is often shorter.

```
keytypes(hgu95av2.db)
    [1] "ACCNUM"
                                                                       "ENSEMBLTRANS"
##
                        "ALIAS"
                                        "ENSEMBL"
                                                        "ENSEMBLPROT"
   [6] "ENTREZID"
                        "ENZYME"
                                        "EVIDENCE"
                                                        "EVIDENCEALL"
                                                                       "GENENAME"
## [11] "GO"
                        "GOALL"
                                        "IPI"
                                                        "MAP"
                                                                        "MIMO"
## [16] "ONTOLOGY"
                        "ONTOLOGYALL"
                                        "PATH"
                                                        "PFAM"
                                                                        "PMID"
## [21] "PROBEID"
                        "PROSITE"
                                        "REFSEQ"
                                                        "SYMBOL"
                                                                        "UCSCKG"
## [26] "UNIGENE"
                        "UNIPROT"
```

If we want to extract some sample keys of a particular type, we can use the keys method.

```
head(keys(hgu95av2.db, keytype="SYMBOL"))
## [1] "A1BG" "A2M" "A2MP1" "NAT1" "NAT2" "NATP"
```

And finally, if we have some keys, we can use select to extract them. By simply using appropriate argument values with select we can specify what keys we want to look up values for (keys), what we want returned back (columns) and the type of keys that we are passing in (keytype)

```
#1st get some example keys
k <- head(keys(hgu95av2.db,keytype="PROBEID"))</pre>
# then call select
select(hgu95av2.db, keys=k, columns=c("SYMBOL","GENENAME"), keytype="PROBEID")
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
##
       PROBEID SYMBOL
                                                                               GENENAME
       1000_at
                                                     mitogen-activated protein kinase 3
## 1
                 MAPK3
                  TIE1 tyrosine kinase with immunoglobulin like and EGF like domains 1
## 2
       1001_at
## 3 1002_f_at CYP2C19
                                         cytochrome P450 family 2 subfamily C member 19
## 4 1003_s_at
                                                       C-X-C motif chemokine receptor 5
                 CXCR5
## 5
       1004_at
                 CXCR5
                                                       C-X-C motif chemokine receptor 5
                                                         dual specificity phosphatase 1
       1005_at
                 DUSP1
## 6
```

And as you can see, when you call the code above, select will try to return a data.frame with all the things you asked for matched up to each other.

Finally if you wanted to extract only one column of data you could instead use the maplds method like this:

```
#1st get some example keys
k <- head(keys(hgu95av2.db,keytype="PROBEID"))</pre>
# then call mapIds
mapIds(hgu95av2.db, keys=k, column=c("GENENAME"), keytype="PROBEID")
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
##
                                                                1000_at
##
                                 "mitogen-activated protein kinase 3"
                                                                1001_at
##
## "tyrosine kinase with immunoglobulin like and EGF like domains 1"
##
                                                             1002_f_at
                     "cytochrome P450 family 2 subfamily C member 19"
##
                                                             1003_s_at
##
                                   "C-X-C motif chemokine receptor 5"
##
##
                                                                1004_at
##
                                   "C-X-C motif chemokine receptor 5"
##
                                                                1005_at
                                      "dual specificity phosphatase 1"
##
```

0.3 OrgDb objects and the select method

An organism level package (an 'org' package) uses a central gene identifier (e.g. Entrez Gene id) and contains mappings between this identifier and other kinds of identifiers (e.g. GenBank or Uniprot accession number, RefSeq id, etc.). The name of an org package is always of the form org.jAbi.jidi.db (e.g. org.Sc.sgd.db) where jAbi is a 2-letter abbreviation of the organism (e.g. Sc for Saccharomyces cerevisiae) and jidi is an abbreviation (in lower-case) describing the type of central identifier (e.g. sgd for gene identifiers assigned by the Saccharomyces Genome Database, or eg for Entrez Gene ids).

Just as the chip packages load a *ChipDb* object, the org packages will load a *OrgDb* object. The following exercise should acquaint you with the use of these methods in the context of an organism package.

Exercise 1

Display the OrgDb object for the org. Hs. eg. db package.

Use the columns method to discover which sorts of annotations can be extracted from it. Is this the same as the result from the keytypes method? Use the keytypes method to find out.

Finally, use the keys method to extract UNIPROT identifiers and then pass those keys in to the select method in such a way that you extract the gene symbol and KEGG pathway information for each. Use the help system as needed to learn which values to pass in to columns in order to achieve this.

Solution:

```
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
columns(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

```
## [1] "ACCNUM"
                       "ALIAS"
                                      "ENSEMBL"
                                                     "ENSEMBLPROT"
                                                                    "ENSEMBLTRANS"
##
   [6] "ENTREZID"
                       "ENZYME"
                                      "EVIDENCE"
                                                     "EVIDENCEALL" "GENENAME"
## [11] "GO"
                       "GOALL"
                                      "IPI"
                                                     "MAP"
                                                                    "MIMO"
## [16] "ONTOLOGY"
                       "ONTOLOGYALL" "PATH"
                                                     "PFAM"
                                                                    "PMID"
## [21] "PROSITE"
                       "REFSEQ"
                                     "SYMBOL"
                                                     "UCSCKG"
                                                                    "UNIGENE"
## [26] "UNIPROT"
help("SYMBOL") ## for explanation of these columns and keytypes values
keytypes(org.Hs.eg.db)
## [1] "ACCNUM"
                       "ALIAS"
                                      "ENSEMBL"
                                                     "ENSEMBLPROT"
                                                                    "ENSEMBLTRANS"
## [6] "ENTREZID"
                       "ENZYME"
                                      "EVIDENCE"
                                                     "EVIDENCEALL"
                                                                    "GENENAME"
## [11] "GO"
                       "GOALL"
                                     "IPI"
                                                     "MAP"
                                                                    "MIMO"
## [16] "ONTOLOGY"
                       "ONTOLOGYALL" "PATH"
                                                     "PFAM"
                                                                    "PMID"
## [21] "PROSITE"
                       "REFSEQ"
                                     "SYMBOL"
                                                     "UCSCKG"
                                                                   "UNIGENE"
## [26] "UNIPROT"
uniKeys <- head(keys(org.Hs.eg.db, keytype="UNIPROT"))</pre>
cols <- c("SYMBOL", "PATH")</pre>
select(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=uniKeys, columns=cols, keytype="UNIPROT")
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
##
      UNIPROT SYMBOL PATH
## 1
       P04217
               A1BG <NA>
## 2 V9HWD8 A1BG <NA>
## 3 P01023
               A2M 04610
## 4 P18440 NAT1 00232
## 5 P18440 NAT1 00983
## 6 P18440
               NAT1 01100
## 7 Q400J6
               NAT1 00232
       Q400J6
               NAT1 00983
## 8
## 9
       Q400J6
               NAT1 01100
## 10 F5H5R8
               NAT1 00232
## 11 F5H5R8
               NAT1 00983
## 12 F5H5R8 NAT1 01100
```

So how could you use select to annotate your results? This next exercise should hlep you to understand how that should generally work.

Exercise 2

Please run the following code snippet (which will load a fake data result that I have provided for the purposes of illustration):

```
load(system.file("extdata", "resultTable.Rda", package="AnnotationDbi"))
head(resultTable)

## logConc logFC LR.statistic PValue FDR
## 100418920 -9.639471 -4.679498 378.0732 3.269307e-84 2.613484e-80
## 100419779 -10.638865 -4.264830 291.1028 2.859424e-65 1.142912e-61
```

The rownames of this table happen to provide entrez gene identifiers for each row (for human). Find the gene symbol and gene name for each of the rows in resultTable and then use the merge method to attach those annotations to it.

Solution:

```
annots <- select(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=rownames(resultTable),</pre>
                 columns=c("SYMBOL","GENENAME"), keytype="ENTREZID")
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
resultTable <- merge(resultTable, annots, by.x=0, by.y="ENTREZID")
head(resultTable)
##
    Row.names
                logConc
                             logFC LR.statistic
                                                       PValue
                                                                       FDR
                                                                                 SYMBOL
## 1 100127888 -10.57050 2.758937
                                       182.8937 1.131473e-41 1.130624e-38 SLC04A1-AS1
## 2 100131223 -12.37808 -4.654318
                                       179.2331 7.126423e-41 6.329847e-38 LOC100131223
## 3 100271381 -12.06340 3.511937
                                       188.4824 6.817155e-43 7.785191e-40
                                                                                RPS28P8
## 4 100271867 -11.44898 -4.009603
                                       222.3653 2.757135e-50 7.346846e-47
                                                                                MPVQTL1
## 5 100287169 -11.02670 -3.486593
                                       206.7771 6.934967e-47 1.385953e-43
                                                                                   <NA>
## 6 100287735 -11.03686 3.064980
                                       204.1235 2.630432e-46 4.205535e-43
                                                                                TTTY13B
##
                                              GENENAME
                               SLCO4A1 antisense RNA 1
## 1
## 2 ADP ribosylation factor like GTPase 8B pseudogene
                    ribosomal protein S28 pseudogene 8
## 3
## 4
                             Mean platelet volume QTL1
## 5
                                                   <NA>
## 6
              testis-specific transcript, Y-linked 13B
```

0.4 Using select with GO.db

When you load the GO.db package, a *GODb* object is also loaded. This allows you to use the columns, keys, keytypes and select methods on the contents of the GO ontology. So if for example, you had a few GO IDs and wanted to know more about it, you could do it like this:

```
library(GO.db)
GOIDs <- c("GO:0042254","GO:0044183")
select(GO.db, keys=GOIDs, columns="DEFINITION", keytype="GOID")
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
## GOID
## 1 GO:0042254
## 2 GO:0044183</pre>
```

```
##
## 1     A cellular process that results in the biosynthesis of constituent macromolecules, asse
## 2 Interacting selectively and non-covalently with any protein or protein complex (a complex of
```

0.5 Using select with TxDb packages

A *TxDb* package (a 'TxDb' package) connects a set of genomic coordinates to various transcript oriented features. The package can also contain Identifiers to features such as genes and transcripts, and the internal schema describes the relationships between these different elements. All TxDb containing packages follow a specific naming scheme that tells where the data came from as well as which build of the genome it comes from.

Exercise 3

Display the TxDb object for the TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene package.

As before, use the columns and keytypes methods to discover which sorts of annotations can be extracted from it.

Use the keys method to extract just a few gene identifiers and then pass those keys in to the select method in such a way that you extract the transcript ids and transcript starts for each.

Solution:

```
library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
## Loading required package: GenomicFeatures
## Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb
## Loading required package: GenomicRanges
txdb <- TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene
txdb
## TxDb object:
## # Db type: TxDb
## # Supporting package: GenomicFeatures
## # Data source: UCSC
## # Genome: hg19
## # Organism: Homo sapiens
## # Taxonomy ID: 9606
## # UCSC Table: knownGene
## # Resource URL: http://genome.ucsc.edu/
## # Type of Gene ID: Entrez Gene ID
## # Full dataset: yes
## # miRBase build ID: GRCh37
## # transcript_nrow: 82960
## # exon_nrow: 289969
## # cds_nrow: 237533
## # Db created by: GenomicFeatures package from Bioconductor
## # Creation time: 2015-10-07 18:11:28 +0000 (Wed, 07 Oct 2015)
```

```
## # GenomicFeatures version at creation time: 1.21.30
## # RSQLite version at creation time: 1.0.0
## # DBSCHEMAVERSION: 1.1
columns(txdb)
    [1] "CDSCHROM"
##
                      "CDSEND"
                                    "CDSID"
                                                 "CDSNAME"
                                                               "CDSSTART"
                                                                             "CDSSTRAND"
##
    [7] "EXONCHROM"
                      "EXONEND"
                                    "EXONID"
                                                 "EXONNAME"
                                                               "EXONRANK"
                                                                             "EXONSTART"
## [13] "EXONSTRAND"
                      "GENEID"
                                                 "TXEND"
                                                               "TXID"
                                                                             "TXNAME"
                                    "TXCHROM"
## [19] "TXSTART"
                      "TXSTRAND"
                                    "TXTYPE"
keytypes(txdb)
## [1] "CDSID"
                   "CDSNAME"
                              "EXONID"
                                          "EXONNAME" "GENEID"
                                                                 "TXID"
                                                                             "TXNAME"
keys <- head(keys(txdb, keytype="GENEID"))</pre>
cols <- c("TXID", "TXSTART")</pre>
select(txdb, keys=keys, columns=cols, keytype="GENEID")
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
         GENEID
##
                TXID
                         TXSTART
## 1
              1 70455
                        58858172
## 2
              1 70456 58859832
## 3
             10 31944 18248755
            100 72132 43248163
## 4
           1000 65378 25530930
## 5
## 6
           1000 65379 25530930
          10000 7895 243651535
## 7
## 8
          10000 7896 243663021
          10000 7897 243663021
## 9
## 10 100008586 75890 49217763
```

As is widely known, in addition to providing access via the select method, TxDb objects also provide access via the more familiar transcripts, exons, cds, transcriptsBy, exonsBy and cdsBy methods. For those who do not yet know about these other methods, more can be learned by seeing the vignette called: Making and $Utilizing\ TxDb\ Objects$ in the GenomicFeatures package.

0.6 Using select with EnsDb packages

Similar to the *TxDb* objects/packages discussed in the previous section, *EnsDb* objects/packages provide genomic coordinates of gene models along with additional annotations (e.g. gene names, biotypes etc) but are tailored to annotations provided by Ensembl. The central methods columns, keys, keytypes and select are all implemented for *EnsDb* objects. In addition, these methods allow also the use of the *EnsDb* specific filtering framework to retrieve only selected information from the database (see vignette of the *ensembldb* package for more information).

In the example below we first evaluate which columns, keys and keytypes are available for *EnsDb* objects and fetch then the transcript ids, genomic start coordinate and transcript biotype for some genes.

```
library(EnsDb.Hsapiens.v75)
## Loading required package:
                              ensembldb
edb <- EnsDb.Hsapiens.v75
edb
## EnsDb for Ensembl:
## |Backend: SQLite
## |Db type: EnsDb
## |Type of Gene ID: Ensembl Gene ID
## |Supporting package: ensembldb
## |Db created by: ensembldb package from Bioconductor
## |script_version: 0.2.3
## |Creation time: Tue Nov 15 23:35:19 2016
## |ensembl version: 75
## |ensembl_host: localhost
## |Organism: homo_sapiens
## |genome_build: GRCh37
## | DBSCHEMAVERSION: 1.0
## | No. of genes: 64102.
## | No. of transcripts: 215647.
## List all columns
columns(edb)
## [1] "ENTREZID"
                                          "EXONIDX"
                                                           "EXONSEQEND"
                                                                            "EXONSEQSTART"
                         "EXONID"
## [6] "GENEBIOTYPE"
                                                           "GENESEQEND"
                                                                            "GENESEQSTART"
                         "GENEID"
                                          "GENENAME"
                                                           "SEQNAME"
## [11] "ISCIRCULAR"
                         "SEQCOORDSYSTEM" "SEQLENGTH"
                                                                            "SEQSTRAND"
## [16] "SYMBOL"
                         "TXBIOTYPE"
                                         "TXCDSSEQEND"
                                                           "TXCDSSEQSTART" "TXID"
## [21] "TXNAME"
                         "TXSEQEND"
                                          "TXSEQSTART"
## List all keytypes
keytypes(edb)
## [1] "ENTREZID"
                      "EXONID"
                                    "GENEBIOTYPE" "GENEID"
                                                                "GENENAME"
                                                                              "SEQNAME"
## [7] "SEQSTRAND"
                      "SYMBOL"
                                    "TXBIOTYPE"
                                                  "TXID"
                                                                "TXNAME"
## Get the first
keys <- head(keys(edb, keytype="GENEID"))</pre>
## Get the data
select(edb, keys=keys, columns=c("TXID", "TXSEQSTART", "TXBIOTYPE"),
      keytype="GENEID")
##
              GENEID
                                 TXID TXSEQSTART
                                                            TXBIOTYPE
## 1 ENSG00000000003 ENST00000373020
                                                     protein_coding
                                       99883667
## 2 ENSG00000000003 ENST00000496771 99887538 processed_transcript
## 3 ENSG0000000003 ENST00000494424 99888439 processed_transcript
## 4 ENSG0000000005 ENST00000373031 99839799
                                                       protein_coding
## 5 ENSG00000000005 ENST00000485971 99848621 processed_transcript
## 6 ENSG00000000419 ENST00000371588 49551404 protein_coding
```

```
## 7 ENSG00000000419 ENST00000466152
                                      49551404 processed_transcript
## 8 ENSG0000000419 ENST00000371582
                                       49551404
                                                      protein_coding
## 9 ENSG0000000419 ENST00000494752
                                       49551433 processed_transcript
## 10 ENSG0000000419 ENST00000371584
                                       49551482
                                                     protein_coding
## 11 ENSG00000000419 ENST00000413082
                                       49552685
                                                      protein_coding
## 12 ENSG00000000419 ENST00000371583
                                                      protein_coding
                                       49551490
## 13 ENSG0000000457 ENST00000367771
                                      169818772
                                                      protein_coding
## 14 ENSG0000000457 ENST00000367770
                                      169822215
                                                      protein_coding
## 15 ENSG0000000457 ENST00000423670
                                      169823652
                                                      protein_coding
                                      169828260 processed_transcript
## 16 ENSG0000000457 ENST00000470238
## 17 ENSG0000000457 ENST00000367772
                                      169821804
                                                      protein_coding
## 18 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000498289 169631245 processed_transcript
                                      169763871 processed_transcript
## 19 ENSG0000000460 ENST00000472795
                                     169764184 processed_transcript
## 20 ENSG0000000460 ENST00000496973
## 21 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000481744
                                      169764184 processed_transcript
## 22 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000359326
                                      169764190
                                                      protein_coding
## 23 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000466580 169764220 processed_transcript
## 24 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000459772 169764220 processed_transcript
## 25 ENSG0000000460 ENST00000286031
                                      169764550
                                                      protein_coding
## 26 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000456684
                                      169764220
                                                      protein_coding
## 27 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000413811
                                                     protein_coding
                                      169764181
## 28 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000374005
                                       27938575
                                                     protein_coding
## 29 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000374004
                                       27938811
                                                      protein_coding
## 30 ENSG0000000938 ENST00000374003
                                                      protein_coding
                                       27939180
                                                      protein_coding
## 31 ENSG0000000938 ENST00000457296
                                       27942025
## 32 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000475472
                                       27949895 processed_transcript
## 33 ENSG0000000938 ENST00000468038
                                       27949918 processed_transcript
                                                      protein_coding
## 34 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000545953
                                       27938803
## 35 ENSG0000000938 ENST00000399173
                                                      protein_coding
                                       27938803
```

We can modify the queries above to retrieve only genes encoded on chromosome Y. To this end we use filter objects available for *EnsDb* objects and its methods.

```
## Note: ordering of the results might not match ordering of keys!
nrow(txs)
## [1] 66
```

The version number of R and packages loaded for generating the vignette were:

```
## R version 3.3.2 (2016-10-31)
## Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
## Running under: Ubuntu 16.04.1 LTS
##
## locale:
## [1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8
                                                        LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8
                              LC_NUMERIC=C
## [4] LC_COLLATE=C
                               ## [7] LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8 LC_NAME=C
                                                        LC_ADDRESS=C
## [10] LC_TELEPHONE=C
                               LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] parallel stats4 stats graphics grDevices utils datasets methods
## [9] base
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] EnsDb.Hsapiens.v75_2.1.0
                                            ensembldb_1.6.2
## [3] TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene_3.2.2 GenomicFeatures_1.26.2
## [5] GenomicRanges_1.26.2
                                            GenomeInfoDb_1.10.2
## [7] GO.db_3.4.0
                                            hgu95av2.db_3.2.3
## [9] AnnotationForge_1.16.0
                                            org.Hs.eg.db_3.4.0
## [11] AnnotationDbi_1.36.2
                                            IRanges_2.8.1
## [13] S4Vectors_0.12.1
                                            Biobase_2.34.0
## [15] BiocGenerics_0.20.0
                                            DBI_0.5-1
## [17] knitr_1.15.1
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] Rcpp_0.12.9
                                 BiocInstaller_1.24.0
## [3] AnnotationHub_2.6.4
                                  highr_0.6
## [5] XVector_0.14.0
                                   bitops_1.0-6
## [7] tools_3.3.2
                                   zlibbioc_1.20.0
## [9] biomaRt_2.30.0
                                   digest_0.6.12
## [11] evaluate_0.10
                                   RSQLite_1.1-2
## [13] memoise_1.0.0
                                  lattice_0.20-34
## [15] Matrix_1.2-8
                                   shiny_1.0.0
## [17] yaml_2.1.14
                                 httr_1.2.1
                                 stringr_1.1.0
## [19] rtracklayer_1.34.1
## [21] Biostrings_2.42.1
                                   grid_3.3.2
## [23] R6_2.2.0
                                  XML_3.98-1.5
## [25] BiocParallel_1.8.1
                                   magrittr_1.5
## [27] htmltools_0.3.5
                                   Rsamtools_1.26.1
## [29] GenomicAlignments_1.10.0
                                   SummarizedExperiment_1.4.0
```

```
## [31] xtable_1.8-2 mime_0.5
## [33] interactiveDisplayBase_1.12.0 BiocStyle_2.2.1
## [35] httpuv_1.3.3 stringi_1.1.2
## [37] RCurl_1.95-4.8
```