## **Evidence for Implementation and Testing Unit**

Ewa Lipinska

Cohort E20

# I.T 1- Demonstrate one example of encapsulation that you have written in a program.

```
public abstract class Player {
12
      private String name;
13
         private int hp;
       private int level;
       private ArrayList<Treasure> pack;
16
       private Room currentRoom;
      public Player(String name) {
18
19
          this.hp = 25;
           this.level = 1;
21
           this.pack = new ArrayList<>();
           this.name = name;
           this.currentRoom = null;
24
       }
25
26
        public String getName() {
27
            return name;
```

#### I.T 2 - Example the use of inheritance in a program.

Parent class:

```
22 lines (13 sloc) | 378 Bytes
     package Npcs.Healers;
  3 import CombatItems.HealingTool;
  4 import Npcs.Npc;
  6 public abstract class Healer extends Npc implements IHeal {
         private HealingTool healingtool;
  9
 10
        public Healer (String name) {
            super(name);
            this.healingtool = HealingTool.getRandomHealingTool();
 14
       public HealingTool getHealingtool() {
           return healingtool;
 18
 19
 20
 21 }
```

A class that inherits from the previous class:

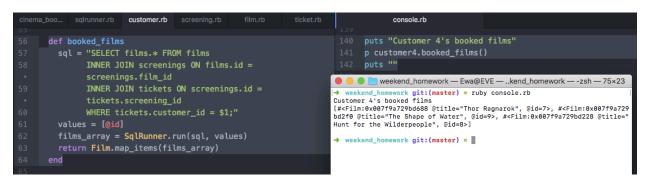
```
package Npcs.Healers;
import Players.Player;
public class Cleric extends Healer {
    public Cleric(String name) {
       super(name);
    public String heal(Player player1) {
        String result = "It looks like you can't afford cleric's services!\n";
       if (player1.canPayForHealing()) {
            result = "The cleric looks you over but sees no wounds to heal.\n";
            int playerHp = player1.getHp();
                if (playerHp < 25) {</pre>
                    if (25 - playerHp < 5) {</pre>
                        playerHp = 25;
                    } else {
                        player1.setHp(playerHp + getHealingtool().getHealingPower());
                    result = "The cleric heals you with " + getHealingtool().getName() + ". Your current hp: " + player1.getHp() +"\n";
                }
           }
        return result;
```

An object of the subclass:

```
@Before
public void before() {
    cleric1 = new Cleric("Dulgren");
    player1 = new Barbarian("Brutus", Weapon.CLUB);
}
```

Method that uses information from the parent class:

# I.T 3 - Example of searching



#### I.T 4 – Example of sorting

```
saved 🕤
                              ⊥ 4 🖪
                                                                                            ruby 2.5.0p0 (2017-12-25 revision 61468) [x86_64-linux]
∢ 📄 | main.rb
  1 def dictionary_sort(array)
2 recursive_sort(array, [])
                                                                                           d
hello
                                                                                           october
  6 - def recursive_sort(unsorted, sorted)
6 - if unsorted.length <= 0
7 return sorted</pre>
                                                                                           pink
                                                                                            > nil
           last_element = unsorted.pop
still_to_sort = []
 10
11
12 -
           unsorted.each do |tested_element|
 13 -
14
             if last_element.downcase > tested_element.downcase
   still_to_sort.push(last_element)
   last_element = tested_element
 15
16 -
             else
 17
18
                still_to_sort.push(tested_element)
              end
 19
 20
21
           sorted.push(last_element)
recursive_sort(still_to_sort, sorted)
 22
23
```

# I.T 5 - Example of an array, a function that uses an array and the result

```
class Bear
    attr_reader :name, :stomach
                                                                                               def test_bear_is_starving__true
                                                                                                assert_equal(true, @bear.is_starving?)
     def initialize(input_name)
      @name = input_name
       @stomach = []
                                                                                               def test_bear_is_starving__false
                                                                                                 @bear.eat_a_fish(@fish1)
                                                                                                 assert_equal(false, @bear.is_starving?)
    def eat_a_fish(fish)
                                                                                                @bear.hunt_for_fish(@river)
    def is_starving?
      @stomach.empty?
                                                                                               assert_equal("Salmon", @bear.stomach[0].species)
@bear.hunt_for_fish(@river)
     end
      unless river.fish.empty?
                                                                                                assert_equal("Trout", @bear.stomach[1].species)
assert_equal("Salmon", @bear.stomach[2].species)
                                                                                               assert_equal(5, @river.fish_count())
 ● ○ ○ In homework — Ewa@EVE — ..ay_2/homework — -zsh — 75×23
→ homework git:(master) × ruby specs/bear_spec.rb
Run options: --seed 27055
                                                                                                       console.rb
                                                                                             Fish.new("Herring")])
                                                                                             puts "hunt_for_fish bear eats 3 fish"
Finished in 0.002129s, 4697.0409 runs/s, 9394.0817 assertions/s.
[10 runs, 20 assertions, 0 failures, 0 errors, 0 skips
→ homework git:(master) × ruby console.rb
hunt for fish bear eats 3 fish
nunt_ror_rish bear eats 3 rish [
[#<Fish:0x007f981610b7c8 @species="Salmon">, #<Fish:0x007f981610b778 @speci
es="Trout">, #<Fish:0x007f981610b728 @species="Salmon">]

→ homework git:(master) x ||
                                                                                                p @bear.stomach
```

# I.T 6 - Example of a hash, a function that uses a hash and the result

```
bounty.rb
                                                                                                          require('pry')
      require('pg')
                                                                                                          require_relative('models/bounty.rb')
     class Bounty
      attr_accessor :name, :species, :bounty_value, :danger_level
                                                                                                          'bounty_value'=> 4500, 'danger_level'=>'medium'}
                                                                                                         options_hash2 = {'name'=> 'Jack Dolan', 'species'=> 'human',
'bounty_value'=> 30000, 'danger_tevel'=>'ermagerdyerderd'}
        def initialize(options)
            @name = options['name']
@species = options['species']
            @bounty_value = options['bounty_value'].to_i
@danger_level = options['danger_level']
                                                                                                          options_hash3 = {'name'=> 'Vak Irruct', 'species'=>
● ● ■ space_cowboys — Ewa@EVE — ..space_cowboys — -zsh — 75×23
→ space_cowboys git:(master) × ruby console.rb
#<Bounty:0x007fdfd3ae2698 @name="C5P4", @species="android", @bounty_value=4
500, @danger_level="medium", @id=0>
                                                                                                        p bounty1 = Bounty.new(options_hash1)
#<Bounty:0x007fdfd3ae2418 @name="Jack Dolan", @species="human", @bounty_value=30000, @danger_level="ermagerdyerderd", @id=0>
                                                                                                         p bounty2 = Bounty.new(options_hash2)
#<Bounty:0x007fdfd3ae2260 @name="Vak Irruct", @species="klingon", @bounty_v
alue=10000, @danger_level="high", @id=0>
→ space_cowboys git:(master) x ||
                                                                                                         p bounty3 = Bounty.new(options_hash3)
```

## I.T 7 - Example of polymorphism in a program

```
import Interfaces.IEnjoyable;
import java.util.ArrayList;
public class ThemePark {
   private ArrayList<IEnjoyable> enjoyables;
   public ThemePark(ArrayList enjoyables) {
       this.enjoyables = enjoyables;
   public void addEnjoyable(IEnjoyable enjoyable) {
     enjoyables.add(enjoyable);
   public ArrayList<IEnjoyable> getEnjoyables() {
       return enjoyables;
    package Interfaces;
    public interface IEnjoyable {
         int getFunRating();
         public String getName();
    }
```

```
public class Rollercoaster implements IEnjoyable {
  private String name;
  private int funRating;
  public Rollercoaster(String name) {
    this.name = name;
    this.funRating = 4;
  }
  public String getName() {
      return name;
  }
  public int getFunRating() {
      return funRating;
public class Playground implements IEnjoyable {
  private String name;
  private int funRating;
  public Playground(String name) {
    this.name = name;
    this.funRating = 7;
  }
  public String getName() {
      return name;
  }
  public int getFunRating() {
      return funRating;
```