table name	attribute	type	mandatory	default	unit	comment
v2_1d_boundary_condtio	ns					Boundary condition for 1D connection nodes. Boundaries can only be placed on nodes connected to a single channel or pipe.
/-	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	boundary_type	integer	*		1: m above datum 2: m/s 3: m3/s	Boundary type. 1: waterlevelbnd 2: velocitybnd 3: discharge boundary For types 2 and 3 the channel direction determines sign of the input value. If the boundary is placed on the channel endpoint, positive values mean water is being extracted from the model.
	connection_node_id	integer	*			Unique connection node id.
	timeseries	text	*		min,value min,value	Format: min,value Between time succesive lines values are interpolated. (note that during 1 timestep the values is still constant) - Leave no trailing spaces or empty rows at the end of your file Make sure there is no space between min,value - In case of multiple boundaries in 1 model: make sure they all have the same number of timeseries rows with exactly the same temporal interval In case of multiple boundaries in 1 model: also start- and end time of all timeseries must be the same In QGIS it is not posible to directly type enter/newline characters into a table. To enter this format into spatialite you must either use a text editor to compose your timeseries through the field calculator using "\n" to add a new line.
v2_1d_lateral						Lateral for 1D connection nodes
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	connection_node_id	integer	*			Unique connection node id.
	timeseries	text	*		min,m3/s	Format: min,value min,value Between time succesive lines values are interpolated. (note that during 1 timestep the values is still constant) - Leave no trailing spaces or empty rows at the end of your file Make sure there is no space between min,value - In case of multiple laterals in 1 model: make sure they all have the same number of timeseries rows with exactly the same temporal interval In case of multiple laterals in 1 model: also start- and end time of all timeseries must be the same In QGIS it is not posible to directly type enter/newline characters into a table. To enter this format into spatialite you must either use a text editor to compose your timeseries through the field calculator using '\n' to add a new line.
v2_2d_boundary_condition	ons					Boundary condition for 2D model edge (must be on edge of DEM file)
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	boundary_type	integer	*		1: m above datum 2: m/s 3: m3/s 5: -	1: waterlevelbnd 2: velocitybnd 3: discharge boundary 5: Sommerfeld rand (waterlevel slope) schematisation requirements: - the boundary linestring must be placed on the edge of the DEM (outer calculation cells) - the boundary linestring must intersect at least two calculation cells - the complete boundary Linestring must be on on active edge (read: on data pixels). If (a part of) the boundary is on nodata pixels then the boundarie is ignored - the boundary also looks at the cross section area at the outside of the model (so the outer pixels at the dem) whether flow is possible
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	timeseries	text	*		min,value min,value	Format: min,value min,value Between time succesive lines values are interpolated. (note that during 1 timestep the values is still constant) - Leave no trailing spaces or empty rows at the end of your file. - Make sure there is no space between min,value - In case of multiple boundaries in 1 model: make sure they all have the same number of timeseries rows with exactly the same temporal interval. - In case of multiple boundaries in 1 model: also start- and end time of all timeseries must be the same. - In QGIS it is not possible to directly type enter/newline characters into a table. To enter this format into spatialite you must either use a text editor to compose your timeseries through the field calculator using '\n' to add a new line.
v2_2d_lateral						Lateral discharge for location on 2D
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.

table name	attribute	type	mandatory	default	unit	comment
						"Format:
						min,value
						min,value
						Between time succesive lines values are interpolated. (note that during 1 timestep the values is still constant) - Leave no trailing spaces or empty rows at the end of your file.
						- Leave in training spaces of empty rows at the end of your line Make sure there is no space between min, value
						- In case of multiple laterals in 1 model: make sure they all have the same number of timeseries rows with exactly the same temporal interval.
						- In case of multiple laterals in 1 model: also start- and end time of all timeseries must be the same.
						- In QGIS it is not posible to directly type enter/newline characters into a table. To enter this format into spatialite you must either use a text editor to compose your
						timeseries through the field calculator using '\n' to add a new line. - The horizontal lines should be defined from west to east
	discharge	double	*		min, m3/s	The indication lines should be defined from south to north
	type	integer	*			1: surface
v2_aggregation_settings	-11					Settings for aggretation that are found in the flow_aggregate.nc
	id					Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	aggregation_in_space	boolean	*	FALSE	-	not yet implemented.
	aggregation_method	char(10)	*		-	Method of aggretation, choose from: avg, min, max, cum, med, cum_negative, cum_positive
						The name of output variable that is aggregated.
						Possible flow variables:
						discharge
						flow_velocity
						pump_discharge rain
						waterlevel
						wet_cross-section
						wet_surface
						lateral_discharge volume
						volune simple infiltration
	flow_variable	char(100)			-	leakage
						v2 global settings scenario id.
	global_settings	integer				If not set, the aggregation rule is applied to all models in global_settings. if set, the aggregation rule is only applied to that specific model.
	timestep	integer	*		s	Timestep size for aggregation.
	var_name	char(100)	*		-	Mandatory Name field for flow variable name.
						Channel lines between connection nodes.
v2_channel						All channels must have at least one cross_section_location.
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
						100 = embedded channel
						101 = stand-alone channel 102 = connected channel
						102 = double connected channel
	calculation_type	integer	*			Embedded or connected can only be used where a DEM is present. Any start-, end- or calculation node along a channel with these types may not lay outside the DEM.
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	connection_node_end_id	integer	*			End node for channel line. Must be present in v2 connection nodes and the channel geometry endpoint must be snappen on the given connection node.
	connection_node_start_id	integer	*			Start node for channel line. Must be present in v2 connection nodes and the channel geometry startpoint must be snappen on the given connection node.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	dist_calc_points	double	*		m	Distance between calculation points on linesegments.
	zoom_category	integer				Visibility in live site 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
						Location and ID of nodes between channels, pipes and structures.
						Make sure that:
						i) When removing a node or changing its ID, make sure the
						node is not referred to in any of the other tables,
						ii) When moving a node, make sure to also move any channels and culverts that are snapped to the node,
						iii) make sure no node is left without any connection, and
						iv) make sure that every node is connected to either a channel or is
v2_connection_nodes						used as a manhole (otherwise the calculation type is unknown).
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
		1				Initial water level at connection node.
	initial_waterlevel	double			(NL: NAP)	Initial waterlevel is interpolated across channel calculation nodes.
						Storage area for manhole in sewerage calculations.
						If a manhole is present on a connection node the storage area must be larger than zero. Storage area can also be added to a connection node without the use of a manhole.
						Nodes that are not connected to channels (for instance when betwee 2 culverts) require a storage area larger than zero, for others storage area is derived from the
	storage_area				m2	channel cross section, reference level and calculation distance.
v2_cross_section_definiti						Table of cross-section definitions

table name	attribute	type	mandatory	default	unit	comment
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
						For tabulated fill in space-separated heights of profile.
			**			All height values must be larger than zero, except for the first value
	height	text	**		m	**Mandatory for types 3, 5 & 6.
						1 = rectangle; specify width and height (profile/upper side is automatically closed) 2 = circle; specify width (profile/upper side is automatically closed)
						2 = egg; specify space-sperated width and height intervals. Between intervals the profile is interpolated. Can be closed by stating width 0 at heighest height
						5 = tabulated rectangle; specify space-seperated width and height intervals. Between intervals the profile is defined straight. Can be closed by stating width 0 at
						heighest heigth
	shape	integer	*			6 = tabulated trapezium; specify space-sperated width and height intervals. Between intervals the profile is interpolated. Can be closed by stating width 0 at heighest heighth
	width	text	*		m	For tabulated fill in space-separated widths of profile. Fill in diameter for circle.
						Location of cross-section for channels.
						All cross-section locations must be snapped to a channel vertex.
v2_cross_section_loca	ation					May not be placed on or within 1 cm within start- or endnode.
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
			**			For connected channels only. Reference level for exchange between 1D and 2D.
	bank_level	double	**		(NL: NAP)	** Mandatory when channel type is 102.
	channel id	integer	*			Reference to v2_channel id. Channel id must match the channel on which the location lies.
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	code	lext				Reference to v2_cross_section_definition id.
	definition_id	integer	*			Must be present in v2 cross-section definition table.
						1 = Chezy !not yet implemented
	friction_type	integer	*			2 = Manning
					1: m1/2/s	
	friction_value	double	*		2: s/m1/3	Friction or roughness value for profile
					m above datum	
	reference_level	double	*		(NL: NAP)	Reference level or bottom level for profile.
v2_culvert			*			Table of culverts, connection between connection nodes
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
						100 = embedded channel 101 = stand-alone channel
						102 = connected channel
						105 = double connected channel
	calculation_type	integer	*	1	101	Embedded or connected can only be used where a DEM is present. Any start-, end- or calculation node along a channel with these types may not lay outside the DEM.
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	connection_node_end_id	integer	*			End node for culvert line. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes and the culvert geometry endpoint must be snappen on the given connection node.
	connection_node_start_id	integer	*			Start node for culvert line. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes and the culvert geometry startpoint must be snappen on the given connection node.
	cross_section_definition_id	integer	*			Reference to v2_cross_section_definition id. Must be present in v2_cross-section_definition table.
	discharge_coefficient_negative	double				Not yet implemented.
	discharge_coefficient_negative discharge_coefficient_positive	double				Not yet implemented. Not yet implemented.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	dist_calc_points	double	*		m	Distance between calculation points on linesegments.
	sc_carc_points	double				Friction type
						The Control of the Co
	friction_type	integer	*			2 = Manning
					1: m1/2/s	
	friction_value	double	*		2: s/m1/3	Friction or roughness value for profile
	invest level and the					Invert level at culvert endpoint.
	invert_level_end_point	double	-		(NL: NAP)	Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.
	invert_level_start_point	double	*		(NL: NAP)	Invert level at culvert startpoint. Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.
	zoom_category	integer			(112.10.1)	Visibility in live site 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
v2_global_settings		писве				Global settings
6,000500183	id	serial	*			Goods acting. Leave blank, Is filled automatically.
	landon astronomical	integer	*	0/1		Use advection in 1D, other schemes 2-6 are in experimental phase
	advection_1d	integer		0/1		
	advection_1d	integer	*	0/1		Use advection in 2D.

table name	attribute	type	mandatory	default	unit	comment
	dem_file	text	*	raster/yourfile.tif	m above datum (NL: NAP)	Relative path to dem file (.tif)
	dem_obstacle_detection	boolean	*	ruster, your meter	-	Automatically detect obstacles based on DEM-file. Works only in combination with dem_obstacle_height (has no relation with v2_obstacle)
	dem_obstacle_detection	boolean				Relative height (above lowest pixel of calc cell) for obstacle detection.
	dem_obstacle_height	double	**		m	** Mandatory when using dem obstacle detection.
	dist_calc_points	double			m	Global distance between calculation points for line elements.
	embedded_cutoff_threshold	double		0.05	factor [0 - 1]	Relative length of cell size. When embedded channel intersects 2D grid size over length shorter than the cellsize * cutoff threshold, the embedded channel skips this 2D cell. Usefull for preventing very short embedded channel segments (which slow down your model).
	epsg_code	integer	*		m	Define map projection for study area. Much match raster projection.
	flooding_threshold	double	*	>=0.0	m	Water depth threshold for flow between 2D cells. Depth relative to lowest bathymetry pixel at the edge between two 2D cell.
	frict_avg	integer	*	0	-	The roughness coefficient will be averaged within one cell.
	frict_coef	double	*		1:[m1/2/s], 2: [s/m1/3]	Constant friction coefficient for 2D.
					1:[m1/2/s], 2:	
	frict_coef_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	[s/m1/3]	Relative path to friction file (.tif)
						1: Chezy
	frict_type	integer				2: Manning
	grid_space	double	*		m	Size of smallest grid cell in quadtree, k=1. Must be a multitude of the raster pixel size.
	groundwater_settings_id	integer				Reference to id that contains groundwater settings for this scenario.
	8					
					m above datum	
	initial_groundwater_level	double			(NL: NAP)	
	initial_groundwater_level_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	m above datum (NL: NAP)	
	initial groundwater level type	integer	**			
	iiiitiai_grouiidwater_iever_type	integer			m above datum	
	initial waterlevel	double	*		(NL: NAP)	Global initial water level.
					m above datum	
	initial_waterlevel_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	(NL: NAP)	Relative path to initial water level file (.tif)
	interflow_settings_id	integer				Reference to id that contains interflow settings for this scenario.
	kmax	integer	*			Maximum multitude of smallest grid size in quadtree starting from grid_space at k=1. Grid size increases according to 2^(k-1) * grid_space.
			**		_	Default manhole storage area. **Mandatory when using only 1d flow (no dem) manhole area must be larger than 0 (and an INTEGER)
	manhole_storage_area	double	**		m2	Must be NULL when using only 2d.
	max_angle_1d_advection	double			degrees [0-90]	Maximum angle at which advection is considered. IS NOT IMPLEMENTED
	max_interception					IS NOT IMPLEMENTED
	max_interception_file max_infiltration_capacity_file					Is depricated in the global settings table, should be defined in the simple_infiltration table. Will soon be removed
	max_mjmration_capacity_me					Maximum timestep during simulation.
	maximum_sim_time_step	double	**		s	weaking timestep during simulation: ** Mandatory when using timestep plus.
	minimum_sim_time_step	double			S	Minimum timestep during smulation.
						Names must be unique globally.
						Do not use spaces or capitals.
	nama	tout				Keep names shorter than 10 characters.
	name	text				Don't use same name as sqlite name. Maximum nr of timesteps.
	nr_timesteps	integer	*			Maximum in or unresteps. This value is not used in the web portal.
	numerical_settings_id	integer				Reference to id that contains numerical settings for this scenario.
	output_time_step	double	*		s	Timestep written in output file
	sim_time_step	double	*		S	Simulation time step
	simple_infiltration_settings_id	integer				Reference to id that contains settings for simple infiltration for this scenario.
	start_date	date	*			Format: 2017-01-01
		timestamp				
	start_time	with time zone	*			Starttime of simulation. Format: 00:00:00 (LM: volgens mij mag dit format niet en moet het zoiets zijn: 2014-01-01 00:00:00)
						User-defined table stepsize/increment (m).
	table_step_size	double	*		m	Use 0.01 for detailed simulation or larger stepsize to speed up exploring model schematisation.
	table_step_size_1d	double			m	User-defined table stepsize/increment (m) for 1d cross-sections and volumes. default value = table_step_size
	table_step_size_volume_2d	double		table_step_size	m	User-defined table stepsize/increment (m) for defining 2D volumes. Can increase speed when this is set larger than table_step_size. default value = table_step_size
	timestep_plus	boolean	•		-	Allow switching to larger timestep when simulation is steady.

table name	attribute	type	mandatory	default	unit	comment
						Include 0D inflow (NWRW/impervious surfaces) in simulation.
						0 do not use 0d inflow
	use_0d_inflow	integer	*			1 use v2_impervious_surface 2 use v2_surface
						Include 10 flow in simulation.
	use_1d_flow	boolean	*			When using only 1D flow, manhole_storage_area must be larger than zero.
						Include 2D flow in simulation.
	use_2d_flow	boolean	*			When using only 2D flow, set manhole_storage_area to NULL.
	use_2d_rain	boolean	*			Use rainfall via 2D surface for this scenario
			**			0=max, 1=min, 2=avg
	water_level_ini_type	integer	**			**Mandatory when using initial water level file.
5 1 1	wind_shielding_file	text				
v2_groundwater	.,		*			do not use in combination with simple_infiltration
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	equilibrium_infiltration_rate	double			mm/day	
	equilibrium_infiltration_rate_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	inm/day	0=max, 1=min, 2=avg
	equilibrium_infiltration_rate_type	integer	**			U=max, I=min, Z=avg **Mandatory when using equilibrium infiltration file.
	groundwater_hydro_connectivity	double	*		m/day	munates) when only equalities minimized on the
	groundwater_hydro_connectivity_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif		
	groundwater_nydro_connectivity_nic	text		raster/yournic.tii	III) day	0=max, 1=min, 2=avg
	groundwater_hydro_connectivity_type	integer	**		-	**Mandatory when using groundwater_hydro_connectivity_file
	groundwater_impervious_layer_level	double	*		m tov NAP	
	groundwater_impervious_layer_level_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	m tov NAP	
						0=max, 1=min, 2=avg
	groundwater_impervious_layer_level_type	integer	**			**Mandatory when using groundwater_impervious_layer_level_file.
	infiltration_decay_period	double	*		days	
	infiltration_decay_period_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	days	
	infiltration_decay_period_type	integer	**			0=max, 1=min, 2=avg **Mandatory when using infiltration_decay_period_file.
	initial_infiltration_rate	double	*		mm/day	
	initial_infiltration_rate_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	mm/day	
						0=max, 1=min, 2=avg
	initial_infiltration_rate_type	integer	**			**Mandatory when using initial infiltration file.
	leakage	double	*		mm/d	positive is adding water to the domain, negative is extracting water from the domain.
	leakage_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	mm/d	positive is adding water to the domain, negative is extracting water from the domain.
	phreatic_storage_capacity	double	*	>0	-	
	phreatic_storage_capacity_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	-	
			**			0=max, 1=min, 2=avg
	phreatic_storage_capacity_type	integer			-	**Mandatory when using phreatic_storage_capacity_file.
v2_interflow	id		*		-	to black belled automatically
		serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	-		-	Name field, no constraints
	hydraulic_conductivity	double	**		m/day	Global hydraulic conductivity (Darcy) **When interflow_type > 0 then hydraulic_conductivity OR hydraulic_conductivity_file is mandatory
	, G. Gane_conductivity	double			, uu y	Relative path to hydraulic conductivity path (.tif)
	hydraulic_conductivity_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	m/day	**When interflow_type > 0 then hydraulic_conductivity OR hydraulic_conductivity_file is mandatory
						When using interflow: Depth of interflow layer defined below lowest pixel (so always positive). Imaginary bottom of interflow layer.
						For interflow types 1 and 2 it is ignored for the volume in the interflow layer (but still it must be filled in when using interflow). The volume in these types is determined by the porosity and the porosity layer thickness.
						For interflow types 3 and 4 it is used to determine the volume in the interflow layer.
	imperious laver elevation	double	**	. 0		In all types the waterlevel in the interflow layer starts at this level. It does not influence flow.
	impervious_layer_elevation	double	**	> 0	m	** Mandatory when using interflow

table name	attribute	type	mandatory	default	unit	comment
						Include interflow in simulation.
						0: No Interflow
						1: define 1 porosity value for model. This porsity will be rescaled per pixel (to lowest pixel per cell), so (interflow) volume is the same for each pixel within 1 cell>
						define porosity, hydraulic_conductivity, porosity_layer_thickness and impervious_layer_elevation 2: define 1 porosity value for model. This porsity will be rescaled per pixel (to lowest pixel whole model), so (interflow) volume is the same for each pixel in whole
						2: define 1 porosity value for model. This porsity win be rescaled per pixel (to lowest pixel whole model), so (internow) volume is the same for each pixel in whole model. >> define porosity, hydraulic_conductivity, porosity! Jayer, thickness and impervious, layer elevation
						3: define 1 porosity value for model. This porsity will not be rescaled, but each pixel in model has the same porosity. The (interflow) volume for each pixel deper
						on the impervious layer elevation, which is below lowest pixel of cell> define porosity, hydraulic conductivity and impervious layer elevation
						4: define 1 porosity value for model. This porsity will not be rescaled, but each pixel in the model has the same porosity. The (interflow) volume for each pixel deper
						on the impervious layer elevation, which is below lowest pixel of whole model> define porosity, hydraulic conductivity and impervious layer elevation
			*			* NOT NULL
	interflow_type	integer	**	()	** do not use interflow in combination with limiter_slope_crossectional_area_2d >0 AND/OR limiter_slope_friction_2d>0
						Porosity (between 0 and 1) of interflow layer.
	porosity	double	**			** Mandatory when using interflow
	porosity_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	-	Relative path to porosity file (.tif)
						Thickness of porosity layer relative to DEM.
	porosity_layer_thickness	double	**	> 0	m	**Mandatory for interflow_type 1 and 2.
numerical_settings						Advanced numerical settings
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	of strictness factor 1d	double		<u> </u>	1 -	Strickness of CFL condition for 1D.
	cfl_strictness_factor_1d					
	cfl_strictness_factor_2d	double			L -	Stricktness of CFL condition for 2D.
						For numerical computation several tresholds are needed in the code, to avoid deficiencies due to a limited numerical accuracy. Generally this is to keep the behavio
	convergence_cg	double		0.00000000		consistent.
	convergence_eps	double	*	0.0000	l l	Minimal residual for convergence of newton iteration.
						For numerical computation several tresholds are needed in the code, to avoid deficiencies due to a limited numerical accuracy. Generally this is to keep the behavio
	flow_direction_threshold	double		0.00000	l m/s	consistent.
						In case the friction assumptions based on the dominant friction balance gives a structurally underestimation of the friction, one can switch this setting on.
						0 is off, 1 is maximum between averaged friction and divided channel based friction, 2 is always linearized, 3 linearizes the depth based on a weighed averaged. In
	frict_shallow_water_correction	integer		() -	case the maximum depth of a thin layer needs to be defined. Do not use in combination with interflow
						For numerical computation several tresholds are needed in the code, to avoid deficiencies due to a limited numerical accuracy. Generally this is to keep the behavio
	general_numerical_threshold	double		0.00000000	L	consistent.
	integration_method	integer	*	()	Time integration method: 0=Euler implicit
	limiter_grad_1d	integer				The limiter on the water level gradient allows the model to deal with unrealistically steep gradients.
	limiter_grad_2d	integer) -	The limiter on the water level gradient allows the model to deal with unrealistically steep gradients. When field is left empty, it is switched on!!!
	mmter_grau_za	integer		,	,	This limiter starts working in case the depth based on the downstream water level is zero and may be useful in sloping areas.
						This limiter starts working in case the depth based on the downstream water level is zero and may be useful in stoping areas. 0 is off, and 1 is a limiter which ends in a a higher order scheme, but is sensitive too instabilities, 2, treats the cross-sections as an upwind method volume/surface a
						under the assumption that the flow acts like a thin layer, 3 makes a combination of the traditional method in combination with the thin layer apporach. In this case
						the maximum depth of a thin layer needs to be defined.
	limiter_slope_crossectional_area_2d	integer) -	Do not use in combination with interflow
						This limiter starts working in case the depth based on the downstream water level is zero and may be useful in sloping areas. 0 is off, and 1 is on.
	limiter_slope_friction_2d	integer		() -	This limiter is obliged in combination with limiter_slope_crossectional_area_2d>0. I Do not use in combination with interflow
	mmer_stope_medon_za	integer			,	Setting for matrix solver. Values below are adviced for different model types
						700 for 1D flow
						7 for 1D and 2D flow
	max_degree	integer	*	see comment		5 for 2D flow only
	max_nonlin_iterations	integer	*	20)	Maximum number of nonlinear iterations in single time step.
		teger		20		For numerical computation several tresholds are needed in the code, to avoid deficiencies due to a limited numerical accuracy. Generally this is to keep the behavior
	minimum_friction_velocity	double		0.0000000	m/s	For numerical computation several tresholds are needed in the code, to avoid deliciencies due to a limited numerical accuracy. Generally this is to keep the behavior consistent.
		double		0.0000000	, 3	
	minimum_surface_area	double			m2	For numerical computation several tresholds are needed in the code, to avoid deficiencies due to a limited numerical accuracy. Generally this is to keep the behavio consistent.
	precon_cg	integer		-	L -	Use preconditioner for matrix solver. Increases simulation speed in most cases, Set to 0 or 1 (default).
		l				A conceptual vertical and narrow slot providing a conceptual free surface condition for the flow when the water level is above the top of a closed conduit. Often use
	preissmann_slot	double		() m2	to guarentee stability, in 3Di unnessary unless used for presurized pipe flow. Works only for circular profiles.
						Determines whether pump discharge is always maximum capacity (0) or discharge is limited to available inflow (1). The latter ensures a smooth discharge. Value
	pump_implicit_ratio	double		3		between 0 and 1.
	thin_water_layer_definition	double	**	0.3	l m	** mandatory when using friction shallow water correction option 3 or limiter_slope_crossectional_area_2d on option 3
	use_of_cg	integer	*	20)	Number of iteration of conjugate gradient method, before swtiching to another method
	0					1 for 1D calculation with closed profiles to handle non-linearity in volume-waterlevel relation. When using 0 nested newton is switch off by default but will be used
	use_of_nested_newton	integer	*	0/1		when calculations become non-linear. For sewerage systems 1 is advised.
grid_refinement						Lines that determine local 2D calculation grid refinement.
_6o_remientent	id	serial	*			
						Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	•			Name field, no constraints
	refinement_level	integer				Local refinement level. Starting from 1. Values above kmax (v2_global_settings) are ignored.

table name	attribute	type	mandatory	default	unit	comment
v2_grid_refinement_area						Lines that determine local 2D calculation grid refinement.
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	refinement_level	integer	*			Local refinement level. Starting from 1. Values above kmax (v2_global_settings) are ignored.
v2_impervious_surface						Definition of 0D-surfaces.
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	area	double precisio	n *			Cannot be left blank. A value of 0 is allowed.
	code	text	*		-	Code field, no constraints
	display_name	text	*		-	Name field, no constraints
					L/day per	
	dry_weather_flow	double			inhabitant	Dry weather flow per inhabitant.
	nr_of_inhabitants	double			-	Number of inhabitant used for dry wheather flow.
	surface_class	text	*		-	gesloten verharding , open verharding , half verhard , onverhard , pand
	surface_inclination	text	*		-	vlak, hellend, uitgestrekt
	zoom_category	integer			-	Visibility in live site 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
v2_impervious_surface_n	nap					Table that linkes v2_impervious_surfaces to connection node ID's.
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	connection_node_id	integer	*		-	ID of connection node
	impervious_surface_id	integer	*		-	ID of impervious surfce feature
	percentage	integer	*		%	Percentage of impervious surface area places on connection node
v2_levee						Line with fixed crest level that overides DEM- values at calculation cell borders.
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
					m above datum	
	crest_level	double	*			Crest level of levee segment.
						** Mandatory when you want to use a levee breach during your calculation
						Material used for breach growth.
	material	integer	**		_	1: sand 2: clay
	mocerna.	micege.			m below levee	** Mandatory when you want to use a levee breach during your calculation
	max_breach_depth	double	**			Maximum breach depth relative to crest level (thus a positive value must be filled in).
v2_manhole						Sewerage manhole
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
					m above datum	
	bottom_level	double	*		(NL: NAP)	Manhole bottom level.
						Manhole calculation type for 1D-2D connection.
						0: embedded
	calculation_type	integer	*		_	1: isolated 2: connected
	code	text	*		-	Name field, no constraints
	connection_node_id	integer	*			ID of connection node on which manhole is placed.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	uispidy_name	text				Manhole drain level (**for connected manholes). If there is a connected manhole without drain level, 3Di will take the top of the pipe from the connection pipes as
	drain_level	double	**			wannou crain lever (* To connected mannoies). It there is a connected mannoie without drain lever, 350 win take the top of the pipe non-the connection pipes as drain level.
					,	Manhole length
	length	double	**		m	**Mandatory when shape = 02
						0: inspection (inspectieput)
						1: outlet
	manhole_indicator	integer	*		-	2; pump
						00: vierkant
	shape	text	*			01: rond 02: rechthoek
	эпарс	text			m above datum	V2. TCHINICK
	surface_level	double	*			Manhole surface level.
	width	double	*			Manhole width or diameter
	zoom_category	integer	*			Visibility in live site 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
						Line with fixed crest level that overides DEM-values at calculation cell borders.
v2 obstacle			*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
v2_obstacle	id	serial				
v2_obstacle	id	serial	· ·			zerte statut si inter ette internation.
v2_obstacle			*		m above datum	
v2_obstacle v2_orifice	rest_level	serial double			m above datum (NL: NAP)	Crest level of obstacle segment Structure that can be used for spillways or bridges

table name	attribute	type	mandatory	default unit	it	comment
	code	text	*	-		Name field, no constraints
	connection_node_end_id	integer	*	_		End node for orifice. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes
	connection_node_start_id	integer	*	_	9	Start node for orifice. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes
					above datum	Crest or bottom level.
	crest_level	double	*	(NL:		Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level. Type of weir formulation.
	crest_type	integer	*	-		Type of wen formulation. 3: broad crested 4: short crested
	cross_section_definition_id	integer	*	-		ID of cross section definition in v2_cross_section_definition
	discharge_coefficient_negative	double	*	1 -		Discharge coefficient for positive flow (from start to end node). Can be set to 0 when closed.
	discharge_coefficient_positive	double	*	1 -	1	Discharge coefficient for positive flow (from start to end node). Can be set to 0 when closed.
	display_name	text	*	-	-	Name field, no constraints
	friction_type	integer	*			Friction Type. 1: Chezy 2: Manning
			*		m1/2/s], 2:	
	friction_value	double	-			Friction or roughness value for profile
	sewerage	boolean	*	-		For internal book keeping. Can be used for statistics in QGIS plugin.
	zoom_category	integer	*			Visibility in live site 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
v2_pipe	1					Table of pipes
	id	serial		-		Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
						Calculation type for pipe. When start en end connection nodes are manholes only used for calculation points half-way pipe. 0 = embedded 1 = isolated 2 = connected 3 = broad crest
	calculation_type	integer	*	101		4 = short crest
	code	text		-		Name field, no constraints
	connection_node_end_id	integer				End node for pipe. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes
	connection_node_start_id	integer				Start node for pipe. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes
	cross_section_definition_id	integer	*	_		ID of cross section definition in v2_cross_section_definition
				-		
	display_name	text				Name field, no constraints
	dist_calc_points	double		m		Distance between calculation points on pipe.
	friction_type	integer	*			Friction type. 1: Chezy 2: Manning
	friction_value	double			m1/2/s], 2:	Friction or roughness value for profile; friction only accounted for in case of broad crested weir
				m al	above datum I	Invert level at culvert endpoint.
	invert_level_end_point	double	*	(NL:	.: NAP)	Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.
	invert_level_start_point	double	*			Invert level at culvert startpoint. Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.
	material	integer				Material of pipe, used for internal bookkeeping only. 0: concrete 1: pvc 2: gres 3: cast iron 4: brickwork 5: HPE 6: HDPE 7: plate iron 8: steel
	original_length	double		m		For internal use only.
	profile_num	integer				For internal use only.

table name	attribute	type	mandatory	default	unit	comment
						Pipe type. 3Di requires the sewerage_type to be one of the following:
						0: gemengd - mixed
						1: rwa - rain water
						2: dwa - dry wheather flow 3: transport
						3. transport 4. overstort - spillway
						5: zinker
						6: berging - storage
						7: bergbezinkbak - storage tank
	sewerage_type	integer			_	Some organisations use additional codes. This is not allowed in 3Di.
	zoom_category	integer				Visibility in live site 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
v2_pumpstation	zoom_category	micege.				List of pumpstations
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	capacity	double	*		L/s	Pump capacity.
	classification	integer				For internal book keeping.
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
						End node for pumpstation.
						Must be present in v2_connection_nodes.
	connection_node_end_id	integer				Can be left blanc in which case pump functions as boundary.
						Start node for pumpstation.
						Must be present in v2_connection_nodes.
	connection_node_start_id	integer				Can be left blanc in which case pump functions as boundary.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	lower_stop_level	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Level at pump start or end node at which pump stops pumping. Must be below start level.
	sewerage	boolean	*		(IVE. IVAI)	For internal book keeping.
	sewerage	boolean			m ahovo datum	Level at pump start or end node from from which it starts pumping.
	start_level	double	*		(NL: NAP)	Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.
					, ,	Type that determines pump function.
						1: pump reacts only on suction side
	type	integer	*			2: pump reacts only on delivery side
						Level at pump start or end node at which pump stops pumping.
	upper_stop_level	double			(NL: NAP)	Must be above start level.
	zoom_category	integer	*			Visibility in live site 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
v2_simple_infitration						do not use in combination with v2_groundwater
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	infiltration_rate	double	*	C	mm/day	Global infiltration rate.
						Relative path to infiltration file (.tif). Infiltration uses the sum of pixel values per calculation cell in case of rain and sum of wet pixels in case of standing water.
	infiltration_rate_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	mm/day	Immid atom uses the sum of pixer values per calculation cere in case or namena sum or wet pixels in case or standing water. Must be NULL (and not "") when not using infiltration otherwise 3di expects infiltration.
		14		,,	,,	Option that sets how the infiltration works in calculation cells.
						0: rain (whole surface when raining, only wet pixels when dry)
						1: whole surface (always whole surface)
	infiltration_surface_option	integer		C		2: only wet surface (always only wet pixels)
						Relative path to max infiltration file (.tif).
	max_infiltration_capacity_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	m	Maximum infiltration uses the sum of pixel values per calculation cell.
v2_surface	:4		*			Annual land to filled automatically
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	area	double	*		m2	Cannot be left blank. A value of 0 is allowed.
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	dry_weather_flow	double			L/day per inhabitant	Dry weather flow per inhabitant.
					HINDINGHE	
	function or of inhabitants	text				For your own administration.
	nr_of_inhabitants	double	*		-	Number of inhabitant used for dry wheather flow.
	surface_parameters_id	integer	*			Reference to v2_surface_parameters. The id filled in here must be present in this (v2_surface_parameters) table
	zoom_category	integer				Visibility in live site 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
v2_surface_map	:4		*			and block to fill of a standard life.
	id	serial	1.		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	connection_node_id	integer	*		-	ID of connection_node. Connecting the surface area from v2_surface to an connection_node
	percentage	double	•		%	percentage of area to the connection_node

table name	attribute	type	mandatory	default	unit	comment
	surface_id	integer	*		-	ID of surface feature
	surface_type	text	*		-	choice to use the 'v2_surface' or 'v2_impervious_surface'
v2_surface_parameters	For more information on these parameters see: Lei	draad riolering C2	100 page: 51			
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	infiltration	boolean	*			False or True
	infiltration_decay_constant	double	*		/h	time factor decay infiltration capacity of the surface
	infiltration_recovery_constant	double	*		/h	time factor recovery infiltration capacity of the surface
	max_infiltration_capacity	double	*		mm/h	Maximum ifiltration capacity of the surface
	min_infiltration_capacity	double	*		mm/h	Minimum ifiltration capacity of the surface
	outflow_delay	double	*		/min	delay of outflow
	surface_layer_thickness	double	*		mm	mm storage on the surface
v2 weir						List of weirs
	id	serial	*		_	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	code	text	*		-	Name field, no constraints
						End node for weir.
	connection_node_end_id	integer				Must be present in v2_connection_nodes and on channel end node
						Start node for weir.
	connection_node_start_id	integer				Must be present in v2_connection_nodes and on channel start node
					m above datum	Crest level.
	crest_level	double	*		(NL: NAP)	Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.
						Type of weir formulation.
						3: broad crested 4: short crested
	crest_type	integer	*		-	
	cross_section_definition_id	integer	*		-	ID of cross section definition in v2_cross_section_definition
	discharge_coefficient_negative	double	*		-	Discharge coefficient for positive flow (from start to end node).
	discharge_coefficient_positive		*			Discharge coefficient for positive flow (from start to end node).
	display_name	text	-		=	Name field, no constraints
	external	boolean				For internal book keeping
						Friction type. 1: Chezy
	friction_type	integer	*			2: Manning
					1:[m1/2/s], 2:	· ·
	friction_value	double	*		[s/m1/3]	Friction or roughness value for profile; friction only accounted for in case of broad crested weir
	sewerage	boolean				For internal book keeping, 0 (false) or 1 (true)
	zoom category	integer				Visibility in live site 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
v2_wind						Settings for wind external forcing.
	id	serial				Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	drag_coeffictient	double		0.005	-	Wind drag coeficient.
	time	integer			s	Point in time from start of simulation
	winddirection	double			degrees	Wind direction based on North Azimuth
	windspeed	double			m/s	Wind speed
v2_windshielding						List of drag coefficients for 1D channels. (does not work on 2D)
	id					Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
		doube				
	channel_id	integer				Reference to v2_channel id.
	north	double		1		windshielding coefficient for direction north (0 degrees)
	nothwest	double		1	-	windshielding coefficient for direction northwest (0 degrees)