	attribute	type	mandatory	default	unit	comment
v2_1d_boundary_conditions						Boundary condition for 1D connection nodes. Boundaries can only be placed on nodes connected to a single channel or pipe.
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	connection_node_id	integer	*			Unique connection node id.
	boundary_type	integer	*		1: m above datum 2: m/s 3: m3/s	Boundary type. 1: waterlevelbnd 2: velocitybnd 3: discharge boundary For types 2 and 3 the channel direction determines sign of the input value. If the boundary is placed on the channel endpoint, positive values mean water is being extracted from the model.
	timeseries	text	*		min,value min,value	Format: min,value min,value Between time succesive lines valueas are interpolated. In QGIS it is not possible to directly type enter/newline characters into a table. To enter this format into spatialite you must either use a text editor to compose your timeseries through the field calculator using '\n' to add a new line. Leave no trailing spaces or empty rows at the end of your file. In case of multiple boundaries in 1 model make sure they all have the same number of timeseries rows with exactly the same temporal interval. Also start- and end time of all timeserie must be the same.
v2_1d_lateral						Lateral for 1D connection nodes
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	connection_node_id	integer	*			Unique connection node id.
	timeseries	text	*		min,m3/s	Format: min,value min,value Between time succesive lines valueas are interpolated. In QGIS it is not possible to directly type enter/newline

						characters into a table. To enter this format into spatialite you must either use a text editor to compose your timeseries through the field calculator using '\n' to add a new line. Leave no trailing spaces or empty rows at the end of your file. In case of multiple laterals in 1 model make sure they all have the same number of timeseries rows with exactly the same temporal interval. Also start- and end time of all timeserie must be the same.
v2_2d_boundary_conditions						Boundary condition for 2D model edge
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	boundary_type	integer	*		1: m above datum 2: m/s 3: m3/s	1: waterlevelbnd 2: velocitybnd 3: discharge boundary Boundaries can only be placed on nodes connected to a single channel or pipe. For types 2 and 3 the channel direction determines sign of the input value. If the boundary is placed on the channel endpoint, positive values mean water is being extracted from the model.
	timeseries	text	*		min,value min,value	Format: min,value min,value Between time succesive lines valueas are interpolated. In QGIS it is not posible to directly type enter/newline characters into a table. To enter this format into spatialite you must either use a text editor to compose your timeseries through the field calculator using '\n' to add a new line. Leave no trailing spaces or empty rows at the end of your file. In case of multiple boundaries in 1 model make sure they all have the same number of timeseries rows with exactly the same temporal interval. Also start- and end time of all timeserie must be the same.
v2_2d_lateral						Lateral discharge for location on 2D
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	type	integer	*			1: surface

	discharge	double	*		min, m3/s	"Format: min,value min,value Between time succesive lines valueas are interpolated. In QGIS it is not posible to directly type enter/newline characters into a table. To enter this format into spatialite you must either use a text editor to compose your timeseries through the field calculator using '\n' to add a new line. Leave no trailing spaces or empty rows at the end of your file. In case of multiple boundaries in 1 model make sure they all have the same number of timeseries rows with exactly the same temporal interval. Also start- and end time of all timeserie must be the same."
v2_aggregation_settings						Settings for aggretation that are found in the flow_aggregate.nc
	id					Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	global_settings	integer				v2_global_settings scenario id. If not set, the aggregation rule is applied to all models in global_settings. if set, the aggregation rule is only applied to that specific model.
	var_name	char(100)	*		-	Name field for flow variable name. Mandatory when using multiple aggregations on the same variable
	flow_variable	char(100)			-	The name of output variable that is aggregated. Possible flow variables: discharge flow_velocity infiltration pump_discharge rainvolume waterlevel wet_cross-section wet_surface lateral_discharge
	aggregation_method	char(10)	*		-	Method of aggretation, choose from: avg, min, max, cum, med
	aggregation_in_space	boolean	*	FALSE	-	If set to true, aggregation will also be done spatially over calculation ponts

	timestep	integer	*		s	Timestep size for aggregation.
v2_channel						Channel lines between connection nodes. All channels must have at least one cross_section_location.
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	calculation_type	integer	*			100 = embedded channel 101 = stand-alone channel 102 = connected channel 105 = double connected channel Embedded or connected can only be used where a DEM is present. Any start-, end- or caculation node along a channel with these types may not lay outside the DEM.
	dist_calc_points	double	*		m	Distance between calculation points on linesegments.
	zoom_category	integer				Visibility in live site. - 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
	connection_node_start_id	integer	*			Start node for channel line. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes and the channel geometry startpoint must be snappen on the given connection node.
	connection_node_end_id	integer	*			End node for channel line. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes and the channel geometry endpoint must be snappen on the given connection node.
v2_connection_nodes						Location and ID of nodes between channels, pipes and structures.
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	storage_area				m2	Storage area for manhole in sewerage calculations. If a manhole is present on a connection node the storage area must be larger than zero. Storage area can also be added to a connection node without the use of a manhole. Nodes that are not connected to channels (for instance when betwee 2 culverts) require a storage area larger than zero, for

						others storage area is derived from the channel cross section, reference level and calculation distance.
	initial_waterlevel	double			m above datum (NL: NAP)	Initial water level at connection node. Initial waterlevel is interpolated across channel calculation nodes.
v2_cross_section_definition						Table of cross-section definitions
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	shape	integer	*			1 = rectangle; specify width and height 2 = circle; specify width 3= egg; specify width and height 5 = tabulated rectangle; specify space-seperated width and height intervals. Between intervals the profile is defined straight. Can be closed. 6 = tabulated trapezium; specify space-sperated width and height intervals. Between intervals the profile is interpolated. Can be closed.
	width	text	*		-	For tabulated fill in space-separated widths of profile. Fill in diameter for circle.
	height	text	**		m	For tabulated fill in space-separated heights of profile. All heigth values must be larger than zero. **Mandatory for types 3, 5 & 6.
v2_cross_section_location						Location of cross-section for channels. All cross-section locations must be snapped to a channel vertex. May not be placed on or within 1 cm within start- or endnode.
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	channel_id	integer	*			Reference to v2_channel id. Channel id must match the channel on which the location lies.
	definition_id	integer	*			Reference to v2_cross_section_definition id. Must be present in v2_cross-section_definition table.

	reference_level	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Reference level or bottom level for profile.
	friction_type	integer	*			1 = Chezy 2 = Manning
	friction_value	double	*		1: m1/2/s 2: s/m1/3	Friction or roughness value for profile
	bank_level	double	**		m above datum (NL: NAP)	For connected channels only. Reference level for exchange between 1D and 2D. ** Mandatory when channel type is 102.
v2_culvert						Table of culverts, connection between connection nodes
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	friction_value	double	*		1: m1/2/s 2: s/m1/3	Friction or roughness value for profile
	friction_type	integer	*			Friction type 1 = Chezy 2 = Manning
	dist_calc_points	double	*		m	Distance between calculation points on linesegments.
	zoom_category	integer				Visibility in live site. - 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
	cross_section_definition_id	integer	*			Reference to v2_cross_section_definition id. Must be present in v2_cross-section_definition table.
	discharge_coefficient_positive	*double*				*Not yet implemented.*
	discharge_coefficient_negative	*double*				*Not yet implemented.*
	invert_level_start_point	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Invert level at culvert startpoint. Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.
	invert_level_end_point	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Invert level at culvert endpoint. Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.

	connection_node_start_id	integer	*			Start node for culvert line. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes and the culvert geometry startpoint must be snappen on the given connection node.
	connection_node_end_id	integer	*			End node for culvert line. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes and the culvert geometry endpoint must be snappen on the given connection node.
v2_global_settings						Global settings
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	use_0d_inflow	integer	*			Include 0D inflow (NWRW/impervious surfaces) in simulation. 0 do not use 0d inflow 1 use v2_impervious_surface 2 use v2_surface
	use_2d_flow	boolean	*			Include 2D flow in simulation. When using only 2D flow, set manhole_storage_area to NULL.
	use_1d_flow	boolean	*			Include 1D flow in simulation. When using only 1D flow, manhole_storage_area must be larger than zero.
	manhole_storage_area	double	**		m2	Default manhole storage area. **Mandatory when using only 1d flow (no dem) manhole area must be larger than 0 (and an INTEGER) Must be NULL when using only 2d.
	name	text	*			Names must be unique globally. Do not use spaces or capitals. Keep names shorter than 10 characters. Don't use same name as sqlite name.
	sim_time_step	double	*		s	Simulation time step
	output_time_step	double	*		s	Timestep written in output file
	nr_timesteps	integer	*			Maximum nr of timesteps. This value is not used in the web portal.
	start_time	timestamp with time zone	*			Starttime of simulation. Format: 00:00:00
	start_date	date	*			Format: 2017-01-01

	grid_space	double	*		m	Size of smallest grid cell in quadtree, k=1. Must be a multitude of the raster pixel size.
	kmax	integer	*			Maximum multitude of smallest grid size in quadtree starting from grid_space at k=1. Grid size increases according to 2^(k-1) * grid_space.
	dist_calc_points	double			m	Global distance between calculation points for line elements.
	table_step_size	double	*		m	User-defined table stepsize/increment (m). Use 0.01 for detailed simulation or larger stepsize to speed up exploring model schematisation.
	flooding_threshold	double	*	1.d-2	m	Water depth threshold for flow between 2D cells. Depth relative to lowest bathymetry pixel in 2D cell.
	advection_1d	integer	*	0/1		Use advection in 1D, other schemes 2-6 are in experimental phase
	advection_2d	integer	*	0/1		Use advection in 2D.
	dem_file	text	*	raster/yourfile.tif	m above datum (NL: NAP)	Relative path to dem file (.tif)
	frict_type	integer				1: Chezy 2: Manning
	frict_coef	double	*		1:[m1/2/s], 2:[s/m1/3]	Constant friction coefficient for 2D.
	frict_coef_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	1:[m1/2/s], 2:[s/m1/3]	Relative path to friction file (.tif)
	water_level_ini_type	integer	**			0=max, 1=min, 2=avg **Mandatory when using initial water level file.
	initial_waterlevel	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Global initial water level.
	initial_waterlevel_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	m above datum (NL: NAP)	Relative path to initial water level file (.tif)
	infiltration_rate	double	*	0	mm/day	Global infiltration rate.

	infiltration_rate_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	mm/day	Relative path to infiltration file (.tif). Infiltration uses the sum of pixel values per calculation cell in case of rain and sum of wet pixels in case of standing water.
	max_infiltration_capacity_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	m	Relative path to max infiltration file (.tif). Maximum infiltration uses the sum of pixel values per calculation cell.
	interflow_type	integer	* **	0		Include interflow in simulation. 0: No Interflow 1: define 1 porosity value for model. This porsity will be rescaled per pixel (to lowest pixel per cell), so interflow volume is the same for each pixel within 1 cell --> define porosity, hydraulic_conductivity, porosity_layer_thickness and impervious_layer_elevation 2: define 1 porosity value for model. This porsity will be rescaled per pixel (to lowest pixel whole model), so interflow volume is the same for each pixel in whole model --> define porosity, hydraulic_conductivity, porosity_layer_thickness and impervious_layer_elevation 3: define 1 porosity value for model. This porsity will not be rescaled, but each pixel in the model has the same porosity. The interflow volume for each pixel depends on the impervious_layer_elevation, which is below lowest pixel of cell --> define porosity, hydraulic_conductivity and impervious_layer_elevation 4: define 1 porosity value for model. This porsity will not be rescaled, but each pixel in the model has the same porosity. The interflow volume for each pixel depends on the impervious_layer_elevation, which is below lowest pixel of whole model --> define porosity, hydraulic_conductivity and impervious_layer_elevation ** do not use interflow in combination with limiter_slope_crossectional_area_2d=1 AND/OR limiter_slope_crossectional_area_2d=1
	hydraulic_conductivity	double	**		m/day	Global hydraulic conductivity (Darcy) **When interflow_type > 0 then hydraulic_conductivity OR hydraulic_conductivity_file is mandatory
	hydraulic_conductivity_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	m/day	Relative path to hydraulic conductivity path (.tif) **When interflow_type > 0 then hydraulic_conductivity OR hydraulic_conductivity_file is mandatory

	porosity_layer_thickness	double	**	> 0	m	Thickness of porosity layer relative to DEM. **Mandatory for interflow_type 1 and 2.
	porosity	double	**			Porosity (betweem 0 and 1) of interflow layer. ** Mandatory when using interflow
	porosity_file	text		raster/yourfile.tif	-	Relative path to porosity file (.tif)
	impervious_layer_elevation	double	**	> 0	m	When using interflow: Depth of interflow layer defined below lowest pixel (so always positive). Imaginary bottom of interflow layer. For interflow types 1 and 2 it is ignored for the volume in the interflow layer (but still it must be filled in when using interflow). The volume in these types is determined by the porosity and the porosity layer thickness. For interflow types 3 and 4 it is used to determine the volume in the interflow layer. In all types the waterlevel in the interflow layer starts at this level. It does not influence flow. ** Mandatory when using interflow
	dem_obstacle_detection	boolean	*		-	Automatically detect obstacles based on DEM-file. Works only in combination with dem_obstacle_height (has no relation with v2_obstacle)
	dem_obstacle_height	double	**		m	Relative height (above lowest pixel of calc cell) for obstacle detection. ** Mandatory when using dem obstacle detection.
	embedded_cutoff_threshold	double		0.05	factor [0 - 1]	Relative length of cell size. When embedded channel intersects 2D grid size over length shorter than the cellsize * cutoff threshold, the embedded channel skips this 2D cell. Usefull for preventing very short embedded channel segments (which slow down your model).
	max_angle_1d_advection	double			degrees [0-90]	Maximum angle at which advection is considered.
	epsg_code	integer	*		m	Define map projection for study area. Much match raster projection.
	timestep_plus	boolean	*		-	Allow switching to larger timestep when simulation is steady.
	maximum_sim_time_step	double	**		s	Maximum timestep during simulation. ** Mandatory when using timestep plus.

	minimum_sim_time_step	double			s	Minimum timestep during smulation.
	infiltration_surface_option	integer		0		Option that sets how the infiltration works in calculation cells. 0: rain (whole surface when raining, only wet pixels when dry) 1: whole surface (always whole surface) 2: only wet surface (always only wet pixels)
	frict_avg	integer	*	0	-	The roughness coefficient will be averaged within one cell.
v2_numerical_settings						Advanced numerical settings
	integration_method	integer	*	0		Time integration method: 0=Euler implicit
	max_nonlin_iterations	integer	*	20		Maximum number of nonlinear iterations in single time step.
	convergence_eps	double	*	0.00001		Minimal residual for convergence of newton iteration.
	max_degree	integer	*	see comment		Setting for matrix solver. Values below are adviced for different model types 700 for 1D flow 7 for 1D and 2D flow 5 for 2D flow only
	use_of_cg	integer	*	20		Number of iteration of conjugate gradient method, before swtiching to another method
	precon_cg	integer		1	-	Use preconditioner for matrix solver. Increases simulation speed in most cases, Set to 0 or 1 (default).
	use_of_nested_newton	integer	*	0/1		1 for 1D calculation with closed profiles to handle non-linearity in volume-waterlevel relation. When using 0 nested newton is switch off by default but will be used when calculations become non-linear. For sewerage systems 1 is advised.
	preissmann_slot	double		0	m2	A conceptual vertical and narrow slot providing a conceptual free surface condition for the flow when the water level is above the top of a closed conduit. Often used to guarentee stability, in 3Di unnessary unless used for presurized pipe flow. Works only for circular profiles.
	cfl_strictness_factor_1d	double		1	-	Stricktness of CFL condition for 1D.
	cfl_strictness_factor_2d	double		1	-	Stricktness of CFL condition for 2D.

pump_implicit_ratio	double		0		Determines whether pump discharge is always maximum capacity (0) or discharge is limited to available inflow (1). The latter ensures a smooth discharge. Value between 0 and 1.
frict_shallow_water_correction	integer		0	-	In case the friction assumptions based on the dominant friction balance gives a structurally underestimation of the friction, one can switch this setting on. 0 is off, 1 is maximum between averaged friction and divided channel based friction, 2 is always linearized, 3 linearizes the depth based on a weighed averaged. Do not use in combination with interflow
limiter_slope_crossectional_area_2d	integer		0	-	This limiter starts working in case the depth based on the downstream water level is zero and may be useful in sloping areas. 0 is off, and 1 is a limiter which ens in a a higher order scheme., 2, treats the cross-sections as an upwind method volume/surface area under the assumption that the flow acts like a thin layer, 3 makes a combination of the traditional method in combination with the thin layer apporach. In this case the maximum depth of a thin layer needs to be defined. Do not use in combination with interflow
limiter_slope_friction_2d	integer		0	-	This limiter starts working in case the depth based on the downstream water level is zero and may be useful in sloping areas. 0 is off, and 1 is on. This limiter is obliged in combination with limiter_slope_crossectional_area_2d>0.. l Do not use in combination with interflow
limiter_grad_2d	integer		1	-	The limiter on the water level gradient allows the model to deal with unrealistically steep gradients.
limiter_grad_1d	integer		1		The limiter on the water level gradient allows the model to deal with unrealistically steep gradients.
flow_direction_threshold	double		0.000001	m/s	For numerical computation several tresholds are needed in the code, to avoid deficiencies due to a limited numerical accuracy. Generally this is to keep the behaviour consistent.
minimum_friction_velocity	double		0.05	m/s	For numerical computation several tresholds are needed in the code, to avoid deficiencies due to a limited numerical accuracy. Generally this is to keep the behaviour consistent.

	convergence_cg	double		0.000000001		For numerical computation several tresholds are needed in the code, to avoid deficiencies due to a limited numerical accuracy. Generally this is to keep the behaviour consistent.
	general_numerical_threshold	double		0.00000001		For numerical computation several tresholds are needed in the code, to avoid deficiencies due to a limited numerical accuracy. Generally this is to keep the behaviour consistent.
	minimum_surface_area	double		0.00000001	m2	For numerical computation several tresholds are needed in the code, to avoid deficiencies due to a limited numerical accuracy. Generally this is to keep the behaviour consistent.
	thin_water_layer_definition	double		???	???	????
v2_grid_refinement						Lines that determine local 2D calculation grid refinement.
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	refinement_level	integer	*			Local refinement level. Starting from 1. Values above kmax (v2_global_settings) are ignored.
v2_impervious_surface						Definition of 0D-surfaces.
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	*		-	Name field, no constraints
	code	text	*		-	Code field, no constraints
	connection_node_id	integer	*		-	?
	surface_class	text	*		-	gesloten verharding , open verharding , half verhard , onverhard , pand
	surface_inclination	text	*		-	vlak, hellend, uitgestrekt
	zoom_category	integer			-	Visibility in live site. - 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
	nr_of_inhabitants	double			-	Number of inhabitant used for dry wheather flow.
	dry_weather_flow	double			L/day per inhabitant	Dry weather flow per inhabitant.

	area	double precision	*			Cannot be left blank. A value of 0 is allowed.
v2_impervious_surface_map						Table that linkes v2_impervious_surfaces to connection node ID's.
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	impervious_surface_id	integer	*		-	ID of impervious surfce feature
	connection_node_id	integer	*		-	ID of connection node
	percentage	integer	*		%	Percentage of impervious surface area places on connection node
v2_levee						Line with fixed crest level that overides DEM- values at calculation cell borders.
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	crest_level	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Crest level of levee segment.
	material	integer	*		-	Material used for breach growth. 1: sand 2: clay
	max_breach_depth	double	*		m below levee crest_level	Maximum breach depth relative to crest level (thus a positive value must be filled in).
v2_manhole						Sewerage manhole
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	*		-	Name field, no constraints
	code	text	*		-	Name field, no constraints
	connection_node_id	integer	*		-	ID of connection node on which manhole is placed.
	shape	text	*		-	00: vierkant 01: rond 02: rechthoek

	width	double	*		m	Manhole width or diameter
	length	double	**		m	Manhole length **Mandatory when shape = 02
	manhole_indicator	integer	*		-	0: inspection (inspectieput) 1: outlet 2: pump
	calculation_type	integer	*		-	Manhole calculation type for 1D-2D connection. 0: embedded 1: isolated 2: conneted
	bottom_level	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Manhole bottom level.
	surface_level	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Manhole surface level.
	drain_level	double			m above datum (NL: NAP)	Manhole drain level (for connected manholes)
	zoom_category	integer	*		-	Visibility in live site. - 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
v2_obstacle						Line with fixed crest level that overides DEM- values at calculation cell borders.
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	crest_level	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Crest level of obstacle segment
v2_orifice						Structure that can be used for spillways or bridges
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	*		-	Name field, no constraints
	code	text	*		-	Name field, no constraints

	crest_level	double	*			m above datum (NL: NAP)	Crest or bottom level. Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.
	sewerage	boolean				-	For internal book keeping. Can be used for statistics in QGIS plugin.
	cross_section_definition_id	integer	*			-	ID of cross section definition in v2_cross_section_definition
	friction_value	double	*			1:[m1/2/s], 2:[s/m1/3]	Friction or roughness value for profile
	friction_type	integer	*				Friction Type. 1: Chezy 2: Manning
	discharge_coefficient_positive	double	*		1	-	Discharge coefficient for positive flow (from start to end node). Can be set to 0 when closed.
	discharge_coefficient_negative	double	*		1	-	Discharge coefficient for positive flow (from start to end node). Can be set to 0 when closed.
	zoom_category	integer	*				Visibility in live site. - 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
	crest_type	integer	*			-	Type of weir formulation. 3: broad crested 4: short crested
	connection_node_start_id	integer	*			-	Start node for orifice. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes
	connection_node_end_id	integer	*			-	End node for orifice. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes
v2_pipe							Table of pipes
	id	serial				-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text				-	Name field, no constraints
	code	text				-	Name field, no constraints
	profile_num	integer					?
	sewerage_type	integer				-	Pipe type. 0: gemengd - mixed 1: rwa - rain water

						2: dwa - dry wheather flow 3: transport 4: overstort - spillway 5: zinker 6: berging - storage 7: bergbezinkbak - storage tank
	calculation_type	integer				Calculation type for pipe. When start en end connection nodes are manholes only used for calculation points half-way pipe. 0 = embedded 1 = isolated 2 = connected 3 = broad crest 4 = short crest
	invert_level_start_point	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Invert level at culvert startpoint. Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.
	invert_level_end_point	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Invert level at culvert endpoint. Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.
	cross_section_definition_id	integer	*		-	ID of cross section definition in v2_cross_section_definition
	friction_value	double	*		1:[m1/2/s], 2:[s/m1/3]	Friction or roughness value for profile; friction only accounted for in case of broad crested weir
	friction_type	integer	*			Friction type. 1: Chezy 2: Manning
	dist_calc_points	double			m	Distance between calculation points on pipe.
	material	integer				Material of pipe, used for internal bookkeeping only. 0: concrete 1: pvc 2: gres 3: cast iron 4: brickwork 5: HPE 6: HDPE 7: plate iron 8: steel

	original_length	double			m	For internal use only.
	zoom_category	integer				Visibility in live site. - 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
	connection_node_start_id	integer				Start node for pipe. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes
	connection_node_end_id	integer				End node for pipe. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes
v2_pumpstation						List of pumpstations
	id	serial	*			Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	classification	integer				For internal book keeping.
	sewerage	boolean	*			For internal book keeping.
	type	integer	*			Type that determines pump function. 1: pump reacts only on suction side 2: pump reacts only on delivery side
	start_level	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Level at pump start or end node from from which it starts pumping. Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.
	lower_stop_level	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Level at pump start or end node at which pump stops pumping. Must be below start level.
	upper_stop_level	double			m above datum (NL: NAP)	Level at pump start or end node at which pump stops pumping. Must be above start level.
	capacity	double	*		L/s	Pump capacity.
	zoom_category	integer	*			Visibility in live site. - 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)

	connection_node_start_id	integer				Start node for pumpstation. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes. Can be left blanc in which case pump functions as boundary.
	connection_node_end_id	integer				End node for pumpstation. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes. Can be left blanc in which case pump functions as boundary.
v2_surface						
	id	serial	*			
	display_name	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	code	text	*			Name field, no constraints
	zoom_category	integer	*			Visibility in live site. - 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
	nr_of_inhabitants	double			-	Number of inhabitant used for dry wheather flow.
	dry_weather_flow	double			L/day per inhabitant	Dry weather flow per inhabitant.
	function	text				LM: I think this is for your own administration. You can fill in for instance: dak vlak, dak hellend
	area	double	*		m2	Cannot be left blank. A value of 0 is allowed.
	surface_parameters_id	integer	*			Reference to v2_surface_parameters. The id filled in here must be present in this (v2_surface_parameters) table
v2_surface_map						
	id	serial	*		-	
	surface_type	text	*		-	choice to use the 'v2_surface' or 'v2_impervious_surface'
	surface_id	integer	*		-	ID of surface feature
	connection_node_id	integer	*		-	ID of connection_node. Connecting the surface area from v2_surface to an connection_node
	percentage	douvle	*		%	percentage of area to the connection_node

v2_surface_parameters	For more information on these parameters see: Leidraad riolering C2100 page: 51 (L:\Intern\Digibieb\Leidraad Riolering)						
	id	serial	*		-		
	outflow_delay	double	*		/min	delay of outflow	
	surface_layer_thickness	double	*		mm	mm storage on the surface	
	infiltration	boolean	*			False or True	
	max_infiltraion_capacity	double	*		mm/h	Maximum ifiltration capacity of the surface	
	min_infiltration_capacity	double	*		mm/h	Minimum ifiltration capacity of the surface	
	infiltration_decay_constant	double	*		/h	time factor decay infiltration capacity of the surface	
	infiltration_recovery_constant	double	*		/h	time factor recovery infiltration capacity of the surface	
v2_weir						List of weirs	
	id	serial	*		-	Leave blank. Is filled automatically.	
	display_name	text	*		-	Name field, no constraints	
	code	text	*		-	Name field, no constraints	
	crest_level	double	*		m above datum (NL: NAP)	Crest level. Must be equal or above ajoining manhole or channel bottom/reference level.	
	crest_type	integer	*		-	Type of weir formulation. 3: broad crested 4: short crested	
	cross_section_definition_id	integer	*		-	ID of cross section definition in v2_cross_section_definition	
	sewerage	boolean				For internal book keeping	
	discharge_coefficient_positive	double	*		-	Discharge coefficient for positive flow (from start to end node).	
	discharge_coefficient_negative	double	*		-	Discharge coefficient for positive flow (from start to end node).	
	external	boolean				For internal book keeping	

	zoom category	integer				Visibility in live site. - 1 is lowest for smallest level (i.e. ditch) and 5 for highest (rivers)
	friction_value	double	*		1:[m1/2/s], 2:[s/m1/3]	Friction or roughness value for profile; friction only accounted for in case of broad crested weir
	friction_type	integer	*			Friction type. 1: Chezy 2: Manning
	connection_node_start_id	integer				Start node for weir. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes and on channel start node
	connection_node_end_id	integer				End node for weir. Must be present in v2_connection_nodes and on channel end node
v2_wind						Settings for wind external forcing.
	id	serial				Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	time	integer			s	Point in time from start of simulation
	windspeed	double			m/s	Wind speed
	winddirection	double			degrees	Wind direction based on North Azimuth
	drag_coeffictient	double		0.005	-	Wind drag coeficient.
v2_windshielding						List of drag coefficients for 1D channels.
	id					Leave blank. Is filled automatically.
	channel_id	integer				Reference to v2_channel id.
	north	double		1	-	windshielding coefficient for direction north (0 degrees)
	...	doube				...
	nothwest	double		1	-	windshielding coefficient for direction northwest (0 degrees)