5.2

 $\mathbf{2}$

 \mathbf{a}

$$X = 73, n = 100$$

$$\alpha = .05 \Rightarrow Z_{\alpha/2} = 1.96$$

$$\widetilde{n} = 100 + 4 = 104$$

$$\widetilde{p} = \frac{X+2}{\widetilde{n}} = \frac{75}{104}$$

$$\widetilde{p} \pm Z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\widetilde{p}(1-\widetilde{p})}{\widetilde{n}}} = .7212 \pm .08619$$

 \mathbf{b}

$$X = 73, n = 100$$

$$\alpha = .01 \Rightarrow Z_{\alpha/2} = 2.58$$

$$\widetilde{n} = 100 + 4 = 104$$

$$\widetilde{p} = \frac{X+2}{\widetilde{n}} = \frac{75}{104}$$

$$\widetilde{p} \pm Z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\widetilde{p}(1-\widetilde{p})}{\widetilde{n}}} = .7212 \pm .113$$

 \mathbf{c}

$$.05 = Z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\widetilde{p}(1-\widetilde{p})}{\widetilde{n}}}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$n = \frac{\widetilde{p}(1-\widetilde{p})}{\frac{.05}{Z_{\alpha/2}}^2} - 4$$

$$= \frac{.7212(1-.7212)}{\frac{.05}{1.96}^2} - 4$$

$$= 304.97$$

$$= 305$$

 \mathbf{d}

$$.05 = Z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\widetilde{p}(1-\widetilde{p})}{\widetilde{n}}}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$n = \frac{\widetilde{p}(1-\widetilde{p})}{\frac{.05}{Z_{\alpha/2}}^2} - 4$$

$$= \frac{.7212(1-.7212)}{\frac{.05}{2.58}^2} - 4$$

$$= 535.36$$

$$= 536$$

5.3

7

For the data given it is appropriate to use the Student's t statistic to construct a 95% confidence interval for the mean shade of Mezza Perl tile. This is because as Seen in figure 1 There are no outliers. The construct the confidence interval can be seen below.

$$\bar{X} = 205.127, s = 1.72, n = 9$$

$$\bar{X} \pm t_{n-1,\alpha/2} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} = 205.127 \pm 2.306 * \frac{1.72}{\sqrt{9}}$$

$$= 205.127 \pm 1.322$$

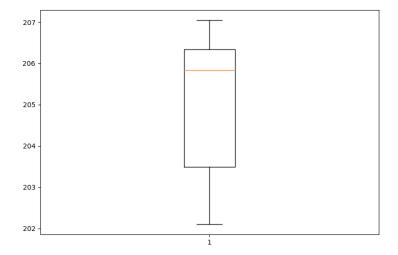


Figure 1: Box plot of the given data, Showing no outliers

8

a
$$\bar{X} \pm t_{n-1,\alpha/2} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} = 196.64 \pm 2.571 * \frac{.68}{\sqrt{6}} = 196.64 \pm 0.713 \text{ K}$$

b
$$\bar{X} \pm t_{n-1,\alpha/2} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} = 196.64 \pm 3.365 * \frac{.68}{\sqrt{6}} = 196.64 \pm 0.934 \text{ K}$$

c The confidence intervals above would not be valid as what can be seen in figure 2 there is an outlier.

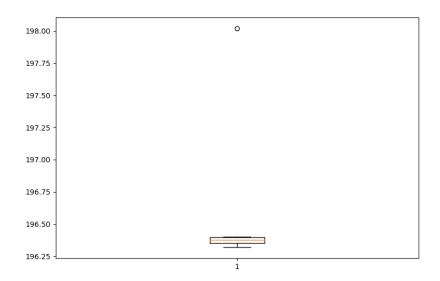


Figure 2: Box plot of the given data, Showing one outlier

problem from the lecture

For the data given in the lecture there is a CI available the box plot can be seen in figure 3. The calculation for the 95

$$\bar{X} = 196.768, s = 0.3651$$

$$\bar{X} \pm t_{n-1,\alpha/2} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} = 196.76 \pm 2.571 * \frac{.3651}{\sqrt{6}}$$

$$= 196.76 \pm 0.3832$$

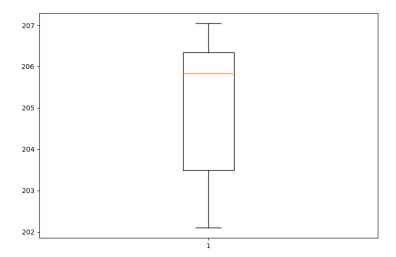


Figure 3: Box plot of the given data, Showing no outliers