## Homework 1

## STAT40830-Adv Data Prog with R

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## Introduction

This analysis explores the **relationship between penguin species** and flipper length using the *palmerpenguins* dataset which is available as part of the base R package *palmerpenguins*. The dataset contains measurements of various penguin species collected at Palmer Station, Antarctica.

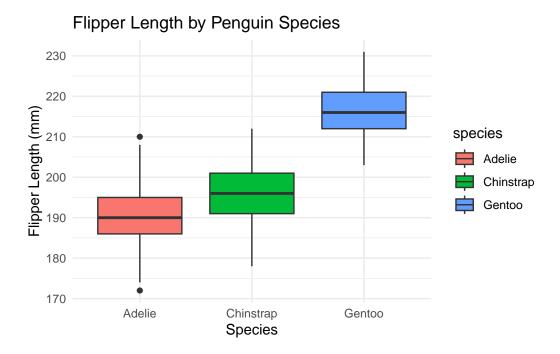
Below the first 6 rows of the dataset are displayed:

#	A tibble: 6 x 8					
	species	island	bill_length_mm	${\tt bill\_depth\_mm}$	${\tt flipper\_length\_mm}$	body_mass_g
	<fct></fct>	<fct></fct>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<int></int>	<int></int>
1	Adelie	Torgersen	39.1	18.7	181	3750
2	Adelie	Torgersen	39.5	17.4	186	3800
3	Adelie	Torgersen	40.3	18	195	3250
4	Adelie	Torgersen	NA	NA	NA	NA
5	Adelie	Torgersen	36.7	19.3	193	3450
6	Adelie	Torgersen	39.3	20.6	190	3650
#	i 2 more	e variables	s: sex <fct>, ye</fct>	ear <int></int>		

We can see that the dataset contains 8 columns.

## **Data and Visualization**

We can plot the data and visually analyze it using the R package ggplot2:



The above graph provides insights into the differences and similarities in flipper lengths among the penguin species. It depicts three box plots, each representing the flipper length in milimeters for a specific penguin species.

We can observe that Gentoo penguins have the longest median flipper length, followed by Chinstrap and Adelie penguins. We can also observe that in the dataset, only the Adalie Species contain outliers.