Signal Processing for Underwater Acoustics : 4003-19

November 25, 2018

Home Assignment Number 1: Adaptive Estimators

Answer the below questions and implementation problems. In your response, make sure you provide the full derivations and source codes.

Analysis

- 1. Explain the theorem of underwater sound propagation. In your explanation, describe at least two ways to simulate the underwater acoustic channel.
- 2. Consider a sound source of 182 dB Re 1uPa @1m emitting chirp signals between 10kHz and 20kHz of duration 1 sec. Calculate bounds for the expected signal-to-noise ratio in terms of power and in terms of energy. Consider sea level 1 and sea level 2, propagation for a range of 1.5 km, depth of 100 m, sea temperature of 22 degrees Celsius, and water salinity of 35 ppt.
- 3. Consider a sequence of i.i.d Poisson distribution random variables, x, whose power density function is:

$$p(x) = \Lambda^x \cdot \frac{e^{-\Lambda}}{x!} \ . \tag{1}$$

Analyze the mean and variance of the random process.

Implementation. Choose one of the following:

- 1. Simulate the underwater acoustic channel through the Bellhop ray-tracing software. The channel, signal, and setup are for your choice as system parameters. Provide a plot of the channel impulse response for the case where the transmitter and receiver are 500 m apart and 550 m apart. Explain what are the observable changes between the two channels.
- 2. Generate a white Gaussian signal, and a pink Gaussian signal (power spectral decrease by f^{-2}). Pass the signals through a channel impulse response with four taps (parameters of your choice). Plot the power spectral density, and explain the difference between the two signal responses.

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