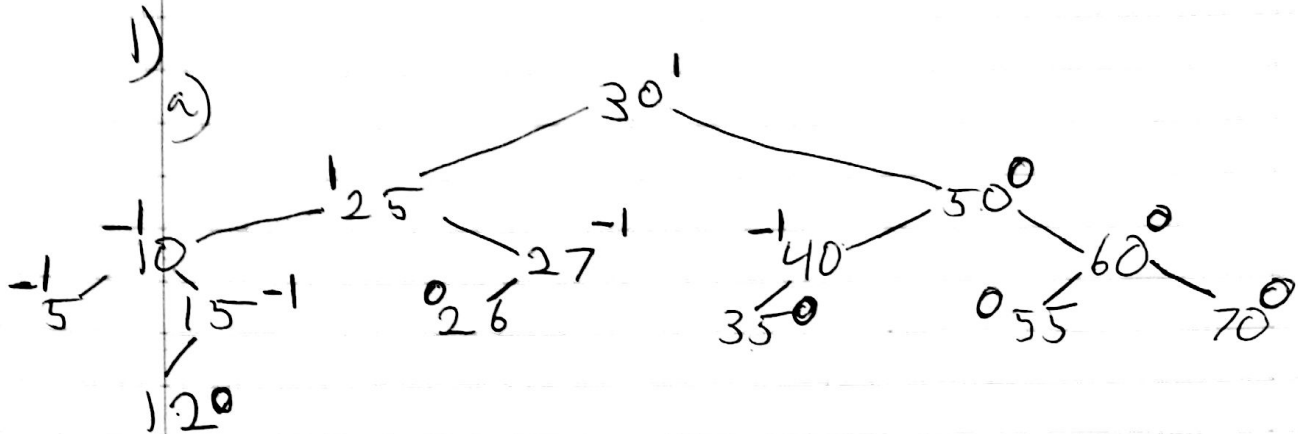
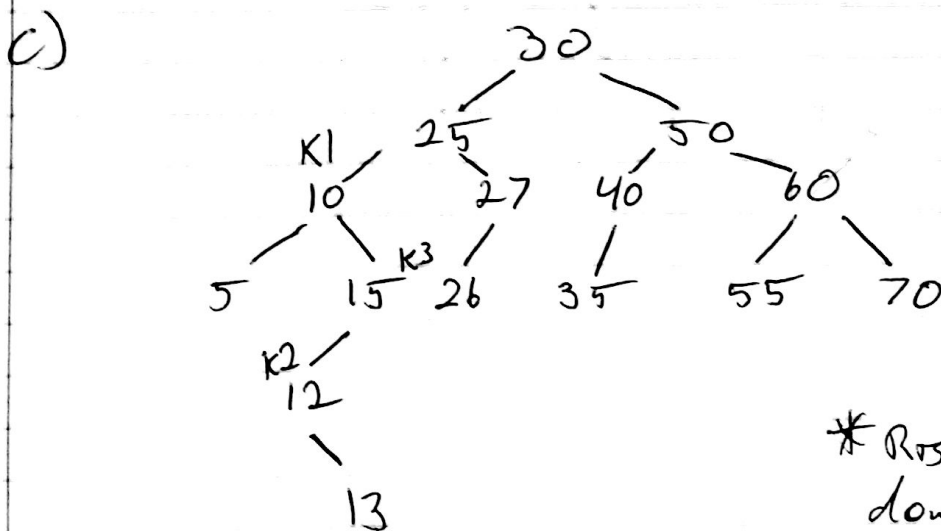


Eli Sobyah  
DS Midterm

9-Feb-16

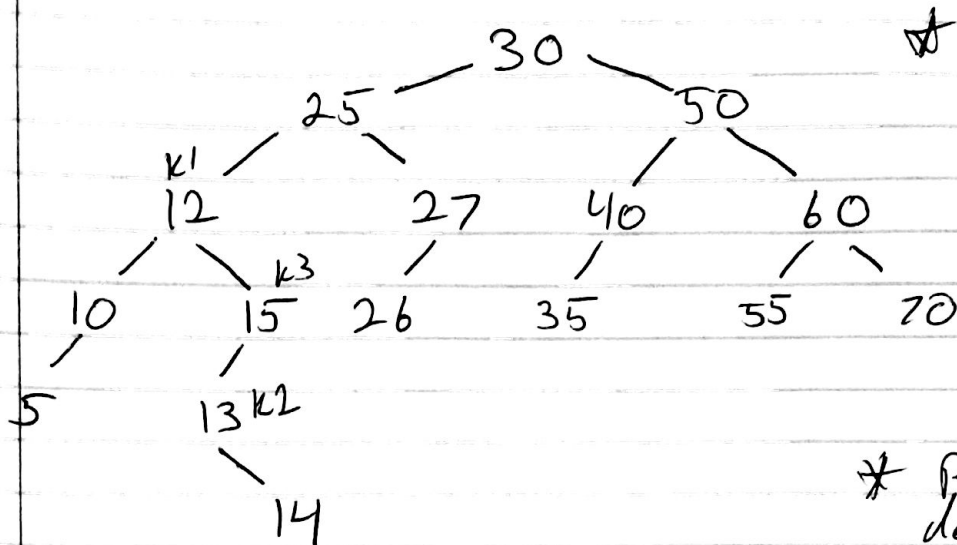


b) Yes it is an AVL tree. The requirements for an AVL tree is that the balance factor for any given node must be between -1 and 1, inclusive.



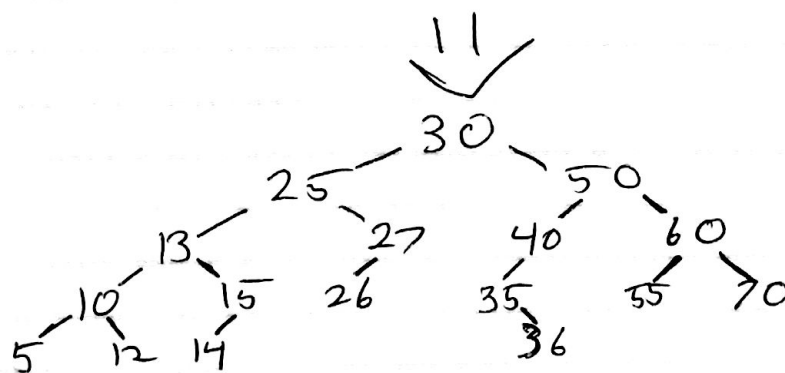
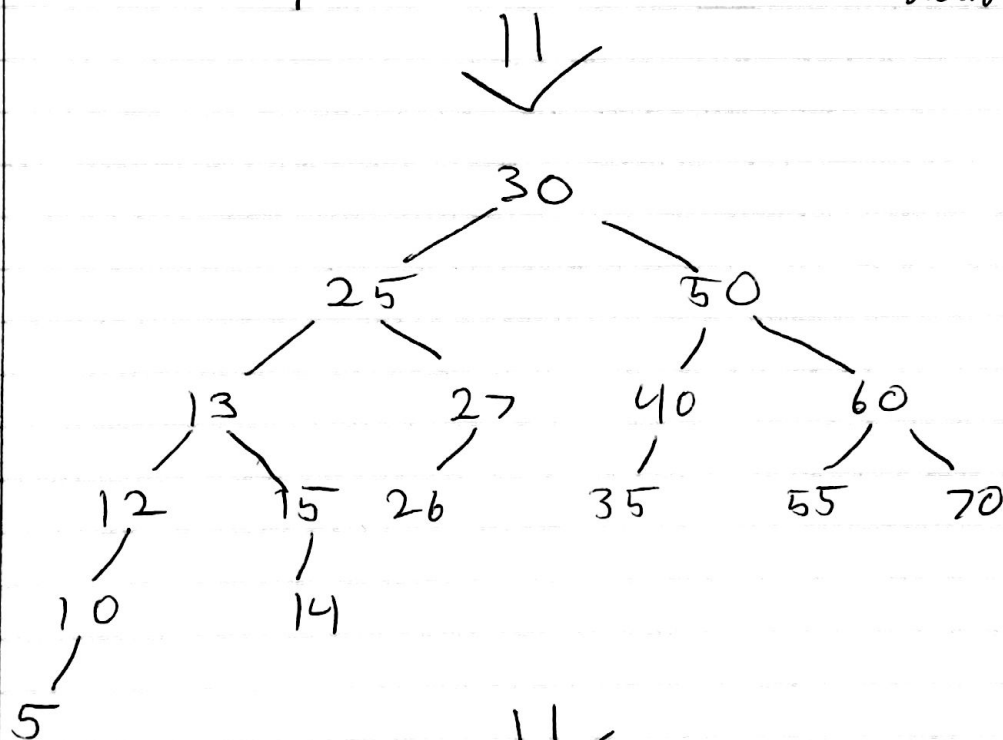
\* Right-left  
double rotation





\* 13 inserted  
→ insert 14

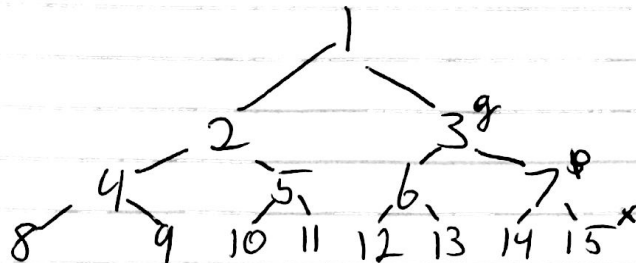
\* Right-left  
double rotation



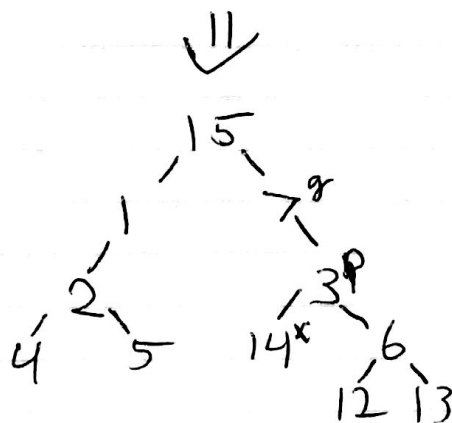
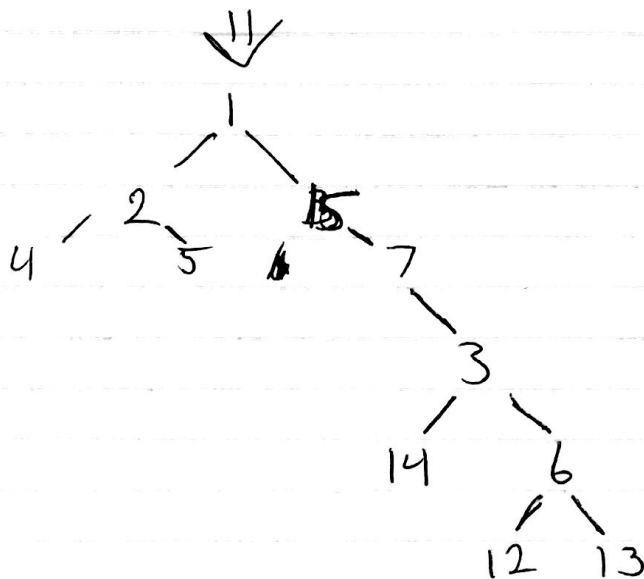
\* 14 inserted  
→ insert 36

2) Splay tree 1-15:

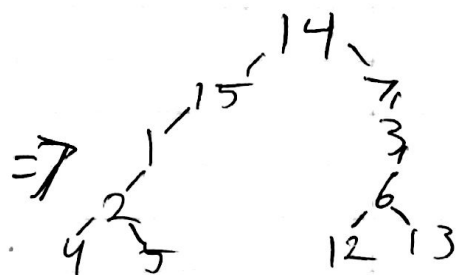
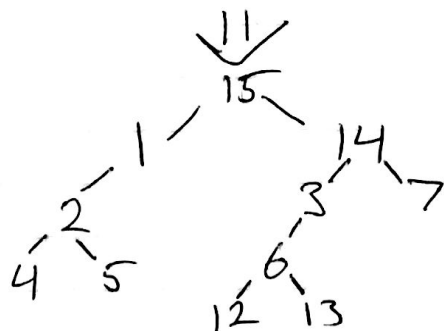
a)



\* Splay @ 15  
zig-zig

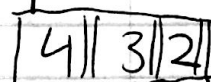
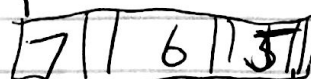
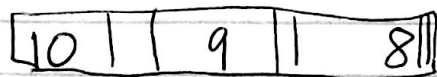


\* Splay @ 14  
zig-zig

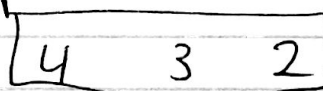
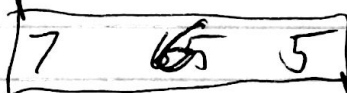
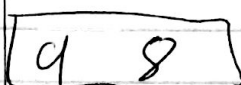


3) B-tree with  $M = L = 4$ , nonleaves hold  $M-1$

a)

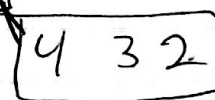
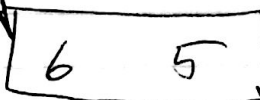
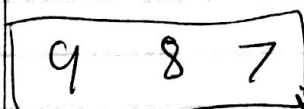


\* delete 10

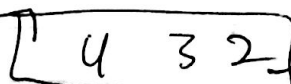
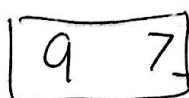


\* delete 9

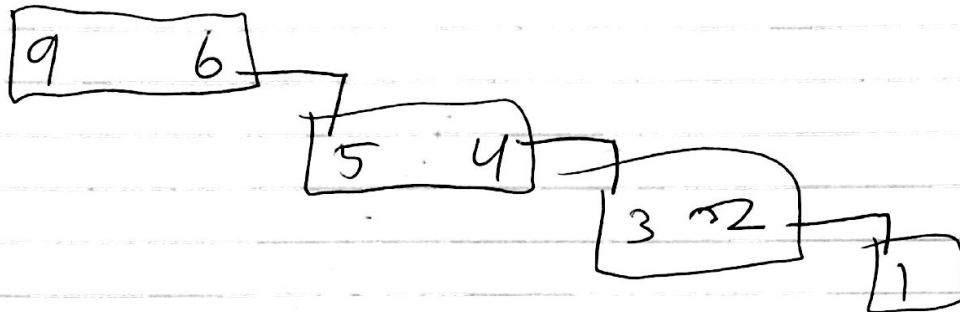
- too few items in root, move 7



\* delete 8



\* delete 7, too few items in root, move 6 and 4



4) Hash Tables

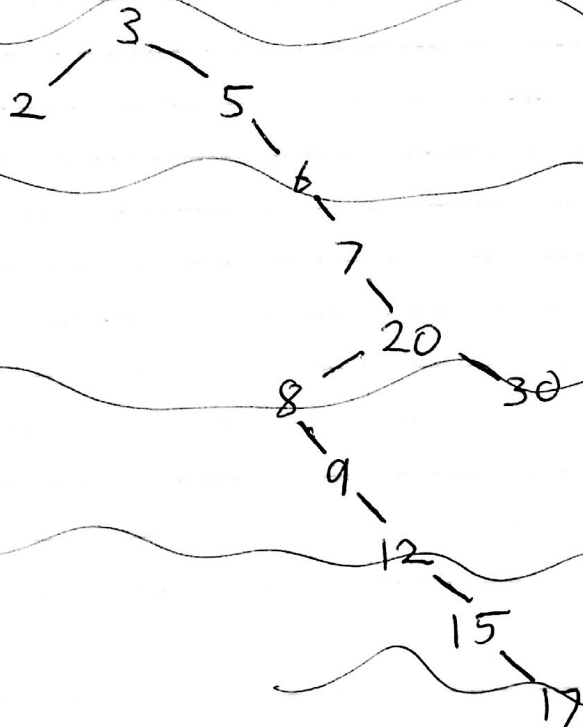
Inserts	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
7								7						
42				42				7						
25				42				7					25	
73				42				7	73				25	
14		14		42				7	73				25	
38		14		42				7	73				25	
													38	
8		14		42				7	73				25	
									8				38	
22		14		42				7	73	22			25	
									8				38	
34		14		42				7	73	22			25	
									8				38	
									34					
11		14		42				7	73	22		11	25	
									8				38	
									34					

6)

Deletions	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		<del>44</del>		42				7	73   8   34	22		11	25   38
73		14		42				7	8   34	22		11	25   38
22		14		42				7	8   34			11	25   38

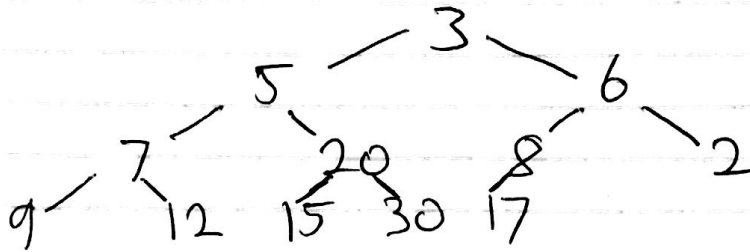
5) Heaps

a)



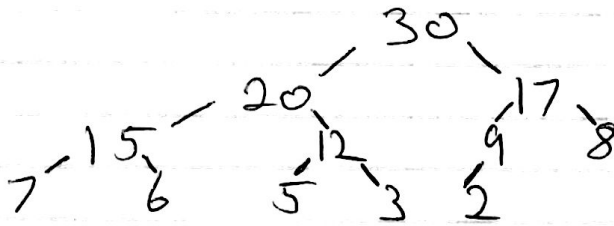
## 5) Heaps

n)

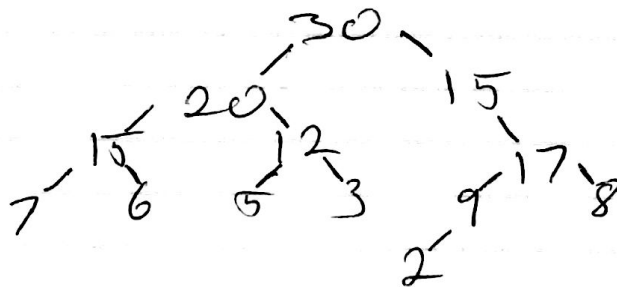


b) Find Map()  
delete()

the Map Heap = [-, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 15, 17, 20, 30]



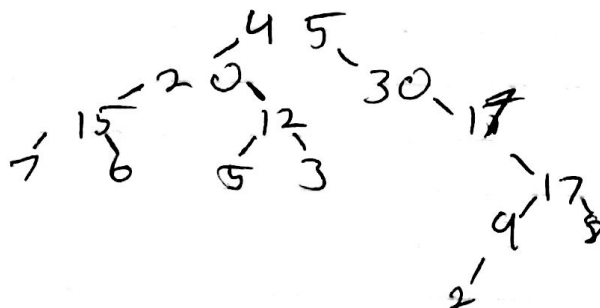
c) \* insert 15



\* insert 20

It's already in the Heap

\* insert 45



- 6) This code is to move holes down the heap, or percolate down. The hole passed on is the index where the percolate will begin, and it ends when the heap is restored.