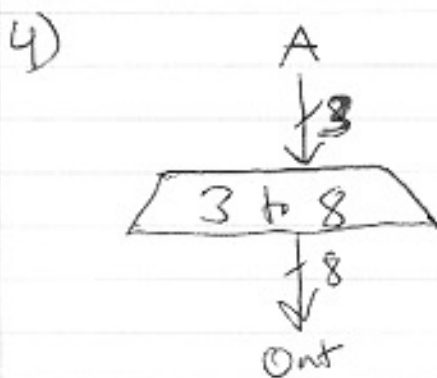
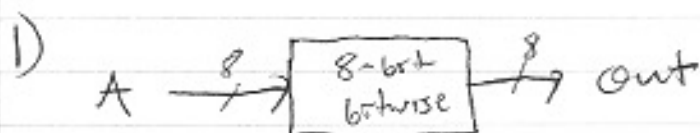


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Digital Logic: Asn 3

Problem set:  
Ch.3: 1, 4-11



5) Function table

A	Out [7:0]
0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
2	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
3	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0
4	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
5	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
6	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
7	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1

6) 2 to 1 mux on 4-bit

Function table

<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>sel</u>	<u>Out</u>
X	Y	0	X
X	Y	1	Y

7) a)  $K = 10110111$ ,  $op = 00$

$$= 10110111$$

b)  $K = 10110111$ ,  $op = 01$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10110111 \\ + 00000001 \\ \hline = 10111000 \end{array}$$

c)  $K = 10110111$ ,  $op = 10$

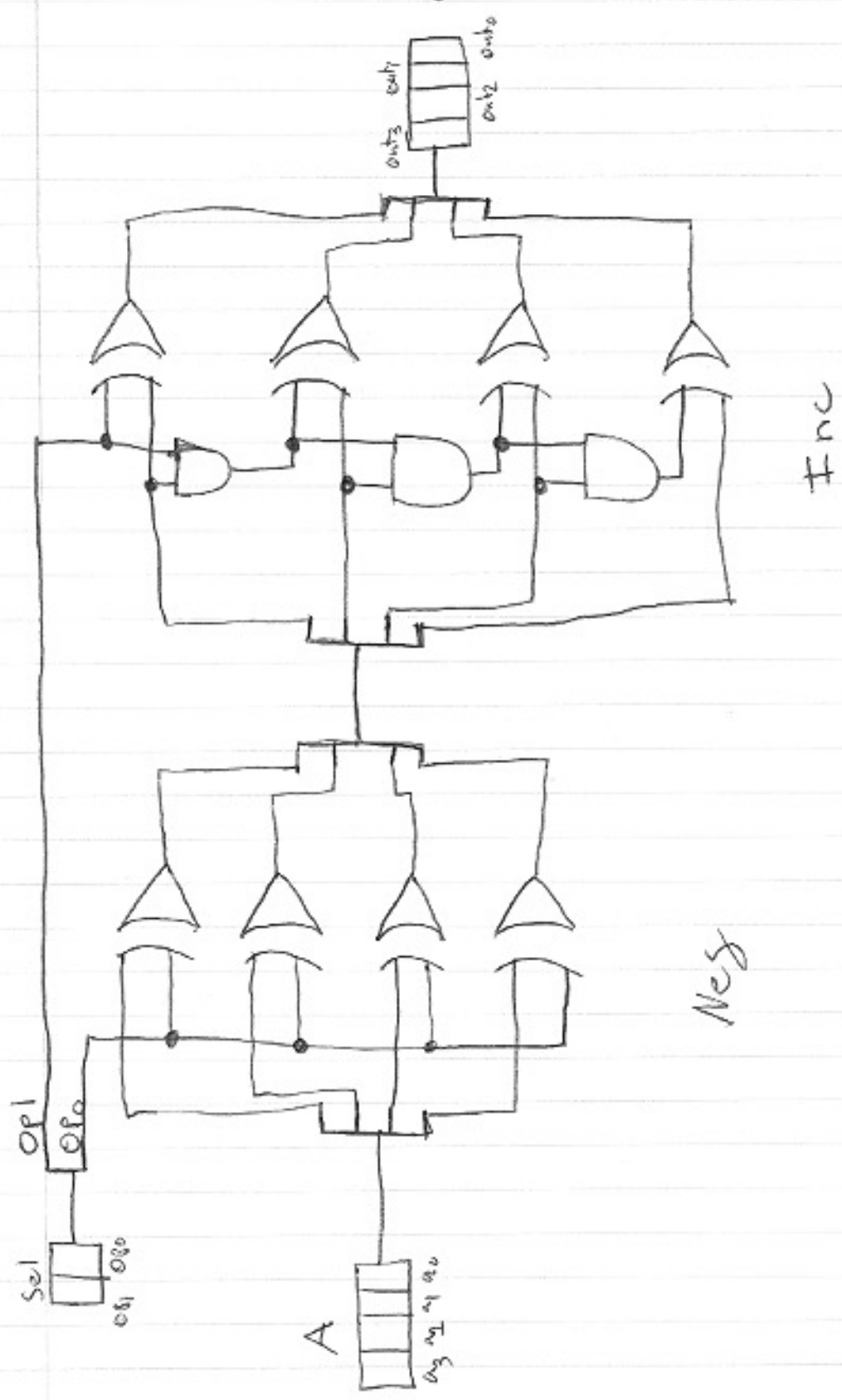
$$= 01001000$$

d)  $K = 10110111$ ,  $op = 11$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{invert} \\ 01001000 \\ + 1 \end{array}$$

$$= 01001001$$

8) 4-bit alu to



9)

$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	Op
<del>W</del>	X	Y	Z	00
W	X	Y	Z	01
W	X	Y	Z	10
W	X	Y	Z	11

- 10) You would need 4 select bits, with  $sel_3$  being undefined, which means that input should never be seen.

### Function table

$A$	$B$	$C$	$sel$	Out
X	Y	Z	00	X
X	Y	Z	01	Y
X	Y	Z	10	Z
X	Y	Z	11	'undefined'

- 11) You'd need 8 select bits for ~ 8 to 1 max.  
A Max component is used to implement an 8 to 1 multiplexer.