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7 Oct 2014

Discrete Math: Homework 2  
ed. 7

Problem Set:

Section 1.5: 2, 4, 8

Section 1.6: 2, 4, 10

Section 1.7: 2, 4, 10, 18, 20

Section 1.5:

2)

a)  $\exists_x \forall_y (xy = y)$

>>> There is a real number  $x$  such that for every real number  $y$ ,  $(xy = y)$ .

b)  $\forall_x \forall_y (((x \geq 0) \wedge (y < 0)) \rightarrow (x - y > 0))$

>>> For all real numbers  $x$ , for all real numbers  $y$ ,  $((x \geq 0) \wedge (y < 0)) \rightarrow (x - y > 0)$

c)  $\forall_x \forall_y \exists_z (x = y + z)$

>>> For all real numbers  $x$  and for all real numbers  $y$  there is a real number  $z$  such that  $x = y + z$

4)

a)  $\exists_x \exists_y P(x, y)$

next page

~~There exist a real number such  $x$  such that a real number  $y$~~

$[x]$  consists of all students in class  
 $[y]$  consists of all CS courses

$$4) a) \exists x \exists y P(x, y)$$

There exists a student  $x$ , such that has taken a CS class

$$b) \exists x \forall y Q(x, y)$$

There exists a student  $x$ , such that they've taken all CS classes

$$c) \forall x \exists y P(x, y)$$

For all students  $x$ , there exists a CS at the school

$$d) \exists y \forall x P(x, y)$$

There exists a CS class  $y$ , such that all students have taken class  $y$ .

$$e) \forall y \exists x P(x, y)$$

For all classes  $y$ , there exists a student  $x$

$$f) \forall x \forall y P(x, y)$$

For all students  $x$ , they've taken all classes  $y$

8)  $\exists(x, y) Q(x, y)$  "Student  $x$  has been a contestant on quiz show  $y$ "

a)  $\exists x \forall y Q(x, y)$

b)  $\neg \exists x \forall y Q(x, y)$

c)  $\exists x \exists y_{\text{jeopardy}} \exists y_{\text{wheel of fortune}} Q(x, y_{\text{jeopardy}}, y_{\text{wheel of fortune}})$

d)  $\forall y \forall x Q(y, x)$

e)  $\exists x \exists y_{\text{jeopardy}} Q(x, y_{\text{jeopardy}})$

## Section 1.6

2) If George does not have 8 legs = p  
Then he is not a spider = q

George is a spider =  $\neg q$

$$P \rightarrow q$$

$$\neg q$$

$$\therefore \neg P$$

\* Modus Tollens (pg. 72)

We can conclude George has 8 legs,  
if the premises are true.

4)

- a) Simplification
- b) Disjunctive Syllogism
- c) Modus Ponens
- d) Addition
- e) Hypothetical Syllogism

10)

a) If play hockey  $\rightarrow$  Then sore

~~use without~~

If sore  $\rightarrow$  Then use whine

$\emptyset \rightarrow r$

$\therefore$  You did not play hockey

Hypothetical Syllogism

b) If work  $\rightarrow$  Then sunny or partly sunny

worked last monday or last friday

$\therefore$  I worked last Monday

Modus Tollens

c)

$\therefore$  Spiders are not insects

Contradiction

d)

$\therefore$  Homer is not a student and

Maggie is.

modus ponens  
modus tollens

e)

$\therefore$  cheeseburgers taste good  
Modus tollens

f)

$\therefore$  You see elephants running  
Modus tollens  
Modus Ponens

## Section 1.7

2)  $2k+2h=4k$

If  $x$  is even and  $y$  is even, then  $x+y = \text{even}$   
 $P(x)$                        $P(y)$                        $Q(\cancel{x+y})$

$$\forall x \forall y (P(x) \wedge P(y)) \rightarrow Q(\cancel{x+y})$$

$Q(n)$  is  $x+y = \text{even}$

$P(x)$  is  $x$  is even

$P(y)$  is  $y$  is even

$n = x+y$  where  $x$  is an even integer  
and where  $y$  is an even integer

4)  $x$  is an even integer

$x = 2n$  where  $n$  is an integer

modus tollens  
 $\downarrow$

$-x = \text{additive inverse of } x$

$$\therefore -x = -2n \text{ or } 2(-n)$$

$\beta = -n$  where  $\beta$  is an integer

$$-x = 2\beta$$

$\rightarrow x$  is even by definition

10)  $x$  and  $y$  are both rational numbers

$$x = \frac{a}{b} \quad y = \frac{c}{d} \quad \text{by definition of rational}$$

$a, b, c,$  and  $d$  are integers  
and  $b$  and  $d$  do not equal zero

$$xy = \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\left(\frac{c}{d}\right) \quad xy = \frac{ab}{cd}$$

$ab$  and  $cd$  are integers

$xy$  can be written as a  
quotient therefore a rational  
number