Microorganisms



320. CLOSTRIDIUM CELLULOVORANS MEDIUM

$K_2HPO_4 \times 3 H_2O$	1.00	g
NH_4CI	1.00	g
KCI	0.50	g
$MgSO_4 \times 7 H_2O$	0.50	g
Trypticase peptone (BD BBL)	0.50	g
Yeast extract	0.50	g
Rumen fluid, clarified (see medium 1310) or		
Sludge fluid (see medium 119)	20.00	ml
Trace element solution SL-10 (see below)	1.00	ml
Na-resazurin solution (0.1% w/v)	0.50	ml
L-Cysteine-HCl x H₂O	0.15	g
Na_2CO_3	1.00	g
Cellobiose	5.00	g
Na ₂ S x 9 H ₂ O	0.15	g
Distilled water	1000.00	ml

Dissolve ingredients (except cysteine, carbonate, cellobiose and sulfide), bring medium to the boil, then cool to room temperature under 80% N_2 and 20% CO_2 gas mixture and add cysteine. Dispense under same gas atmosphere into anoxic Hungate-type tubes or serum vials and autoclave. Add sulfide from a sterile anoxic stock solution prepared under 100% N_2 gas and carbonate from a sterile anoxic stock solution prepared under 80% N_2 and 20% CO_2 gas mixture. Sterilize cellobiose separately by filtration under 100% N_2 gas. Adjust pH of the complete medium to 7.0, if necessary.

Note: Some strains can be adapted to cellulose as substrate using 10.0 g/l cellulose powder MN 301 (MACHEREY-NAGEL).

Trace element solution SL-10:

HCI (25%; 7.7 M)	10.00	ml
FeCl ₂ x 4 H ₂ O	1.50	g
ZnCl ₂	70.00	mg
MnCl ₂ x 4 H ₂ O	100.00	mg
H_3BO_3	6.00	mg
CoCl ₂ x 6 H ₂ O	190.00	mg
CuCl ₂ x 2 H ₂ O	2.00	mg
NiCl ₂ x 6 H ₂ O	24.00	mg
$Na_2MoO_4 \times 2 H_2O$	36.00	mg
Distilled water	990.00	ml

First dissolve $FeCl_2$ in the HCI, then dilute in water, add and dissolve the other salts. Finally make up to 1000.0 ml.