EE 3233 System Programming for Engineers - Fall 2024

Exam 2 (Monday, November 04)

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Total 6 pages [1 - 3] Refer to the follow		ınd result	s and ansv	wer the questions	S:
\$ ls -al					
-rw-rw-r 1 user:	1 staff 0	Nov 1	7 20:29	2.py	
-rw-rw-r 1 user					
-rw-rw-r 1 user					
-rw-rw-r 1 user:					
drwxrwxr-x 2 user:	l staff 4096	Nov 1	7 20:30	myDir	
\$ ls -al myDir					
-rw-rw-r 1 user:	1 staff 0	Nov 1	7 20:32	abc.txt	
\$ grep -r 123456 : 2.py:123456 func2.py: func2(.myDir/abc.txt:1234 (grep is a command)	, 123456) 456	string,	-r indic	cates recursiv	ve search)
1. What will be the resu command? \$ pytho	on3 func1.py		wing pyth	on code (func1.p	y) with the
<pre>#!/usr/bin/pyth import os import sys</pre>	10113				
for fna fpa		lere:		os.walk(star	rtdir):
ifname == func1(sys.a	'main': argv[1])				
ab 	/func1.py ./2.py ./foo.txt ./func2.py ./myDir/abc.txt	./f	.py unc2.py nyDir/abc.txt	d. None o	of them

What will be the result when you run the following python code (func2.py)?\$ python3 func2.py

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
import os

def func2(startdir, strToFind):
    for (thisDir, dirsHere, filesHere) in os.walk(startdir):
        for fname in filesHere:
            fpath = os.path.join(thisDir, fname)
            if strToFind in open(fpath).read():
                print(fpath)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    func2(".", "123456")
```

a.	./func1.py ./2.py ./foo.txt ./func2.py	b.	./func1.py ./2.py ./foo.txt ./func2.py ./myDir/abc.txt	C.	./2.py ./func2.py ./myDir/abc.txt	d. None of them
			./IIIyDII/abc.txt			

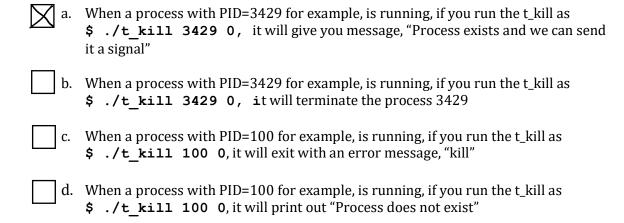
3. If you run the following python code (func3.py), what will be the result? **python3 func3.py**

```
#!/usr/bin/python
import fnmatch
import os

startdir = "."
for (thisDir, dirsHere, filesHere) in os.walk(startdir):
    for fname in dirsHere + filesHere:
        if fnmatch.fnmatch(fname, "*.txt"):
            print(fname)
```

4. When you run the following C code (**t_kill**), choose a CORRECT statement about the outcome?

```
include <stdio.h
#include <signal.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
   pid_t pid;
   if (argc != 3 || strcmp(argv[1], "--help") == 0) {
       printf("%s pid sig-num\n", argv[0]);
       exit(-1);
   sig = atoi(argv[2]);
   pid = atoi(argv[1]);
    s = kill(pid, sig);
   if (sig != 0) {
           printf("kill\n");
            exit(-1);
       if (s == 0) {
           printf("Process exists and we can send it a signal\n");
               printf("Process exists, but we don't have "
                       "permission to send it a signal\n");
               printf("Process does not exist\n");
               printf("kill\n");
               exit(-1);
```



5. Wh	nich code section will be not interrupted by SIGINT?	
a.	A b. B c. C	d. D
	<pre>sigset_t blockSet, prevMask;</pre>	
	A	
	<pre>sigemptyset(&blockSet); sigaddset(&blockSet, SIGINT);</pre>	
	В	
	<pre>if (sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, &blockSet, &prevMask) == -1) errExit("sigprocmask1");</pre>	
	С	
	<pre>if (sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, &prevMask, NULL) == -1) errExit("sigprocmask2");</pre>	
	D	
6. nic	re values are inherited by child processes? a. True b. False	

7. What do you expect when you run the following code assuming that child PID=71, parent PID=70?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
static int idata = 100;
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
    int istack = 200;
    pid_t childPid;
    switch (childPid = fork())
    case -1:
        printf("error: fork\n");
        exit(-1);
    case 0:
        idata++;
        istack++;
        break;
    default:
        sleep(2);
        idata *= 2;
        istack *= 2;
        break;
    printf("PID = %ld %s idata = %d istack = %d\n", (long)getpid(),
           (childPid == 0) ? "(child) " : "(parent)", idata, istack);
    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
```

a. PID=71 (child) idata=200 istack=400 PID=70 (parent) idata=101 istack=201

b. PID=71 (child) idata=0 istack=0 PID=70 (parent) idata=101 istack=201

c. PID=71 (child) idata=101 istack=201 PID=70 (parent) idata=200 istack=400

d. PID=71 (child) idata=0 istack=0 PID=70 (parent) idata=200 istack=400

- 8. **/proc** 1. What useful information can be found? 2. Can any file be changed? why or why not.
- 1. There are a lot of reporting tools found in prox like "mamtinfo", "status" and "state"
- 2. No, majority of files are Set to 444
 - 9. Why can't one make a hard link across two file systems?

A hard link act as a full copy, the refore, if the files year changes, the underlying architecture of how the files are stored is different, making it immpossible.

(Bonus) 10. What are some synchronization techniques when creating processes using fork?

Pipes, Signals, Semaphores, Sockets, Mutexes

11: (Code Submission) (turn in as separate file)

Write a program utilizing fork() to update /proc/sys/kernel/pid_max.

- 1. (5pts) Use command line args to input desired value
- 2. (5pts) The child process will read the old value, print it, and update the value (Remember to use a value <= to the old pid_max).
- 3. (5pts) The parent will read and print the new value. (you might need to run your program with sudo to change the value)
- 4. (15pts) You must use proper error handling for all library functions/system calls.