Project Management user story

User Story: Project and Task Management with User Tracking

Description

As a user of the project management platform, I want to be able to create projects and assign tasks, as well as assign users to tasks, so that I can efficiently organize my work and collaborate with other users.

System Requirements

1. Users

- Users can register, log in, and be assigned to tasks.
- There are no differentiated roles.
- Users can only see their own projects on the dashboard.

User fields:

- first_name (string, required)
- last_name (string, required)
- email (string, unique, required)
- password (string, required)
- milestone (integer, updated every 100 users)

2. Projects

- A user can create multiple projects.
- A project can have multiple tasks.
- Only the user who created a project can delete it.
- A project can only be deleted if all its tasks are in the **pending** state.

Project fields:

- name (string, required)
- description (string, optional)
- user_id (integer, required, references users)

3. Tasks

- A user can create tasks within a project.
- A task can be assigned to a specific user or remain unassigned initially.
- Tasks have the following statuses:
 - pending (Default when created)
 - in_progress (When in development)
 - completed (When finished)

- Only the user who created the project can delete tasks from it. Otherwise, the system should return an "Unauthorized" message.
- Tasks are created in the **pending** state by default.
- Tasks can only be deleted if they are in the **pending** state.
- Tasks can be created without an assigned user, and they can be assigned later when edited.

Task fields:

- title (string, optional, max. 255 characters)
- description (string, optional)
- due_date (date, optional)
- status (string, allowed values: 'pending', 'in progress', 'completed')
- project_id (integer, required, references projects)
- user_id (integer, optional, references users)

Interactive Mockups

Create mockups with a prototype of the views that allow navigation between screens, simulating the real experience, but without functional logic.

Include them in the user_story/interactive_mockups folder.

Acceptance Criteria (Using BDD - Given/When/Then)

Scenario 1: Successfully creating a project

Given I am an authenticated user, **When** I send a request to create a new project with a valid name and description, **Then** the system should store the project in the database and return a 201 Created response with the created project.

Scenario 2: Cannot delete a project with tasks in progress or completed

Given I am the creator of a project, **And** the project has tasks in the in_progress or completed state, **When** I attempt to delete the project, **Then** the system should respond with a 400 Bad Request error stating: "Only projects without tasks or with pending tasks can be deleted."

Scenario 3: Assigning a user to an existing task

Given I am an authenticated user, **And** there is a task without an assigned user, **When** I edit the task to assign myself as the responsible user, **Then** the system should update the task and return a 200 OK response with the updated task.

Scenario 4: A user can only see their own projects on the dashboard

Given I am an authenticated user, **And** I have created some projects, **And** there are other projects created by different users, **When** I access my dashboard or request the /projects endpoint, **Then** I should only see the projects I have created, **And** projects from other users should not appear in my list.

Scenario 5: A new task is created with a pending status by default

Given I am an authenticated user, **And** I want to create a new task within a project, **When** I send a request to create a task without specifying the status field, **Then** the system should store the task in the database with the pending status automatically.

Scenario 6: A task can be created without an assigned user

Given I am an authenticated user, **And** I want to create a new task in a project, **When** I send a request to create a task without specifying the user_id field, **Then** the system should store the task in the database with user_id set to null, **And** the task can be assigned later through an update.

Scenario 7: A user can assign themselves to a task after its creation

Given I am an authenticated user, **And** there is a task without an assigned user (user_id is null), **When** I send a request to update the task with my user_id, **Then** the system should assign me as the responsible user, **And** it should return a 200 OK response with the updated task.

API Endpoints

Users

```
POST /api/register → Register a user.

POST /api/login → Log in.

GET /api/users → List users.

GET /api/users/{id} → Get a specific user.
```

Projects

```
POST /api/projects → Create a new project.

GET /api/projects → List all projects.

GET /api/projects/{id} → Get a specific project.

PUT /api/projects/{id} → Update a project.

DELETE /api/projects/{id} → Delete a project (only if all tasks are pending).
```

Tasks

```
POST /api/tasks \rightarrow Create a new task. GET /api/tasks \rightarrow List all tasks.
```

GET /api/tasks/{id} \rightarrow Get a specific task. PUT /api/tasks/{id} \rightarrow Update a task (including assigning a user). DELETE /api/tasks/{id} \rightarrow Delete a task (only if it is in pending state).