Azure Security Center Compliance Lab Instructions

1. Lab Overview

This lab guides you through using Microsoft Defender for Cloud to assess and remediate the security posture of a virtual machine (VM) in Azure. You will deploy a Windows Server VM, configure its network security, enable Defender for Cloud, review security recommendations, and take remediation steps to improve its secure score.

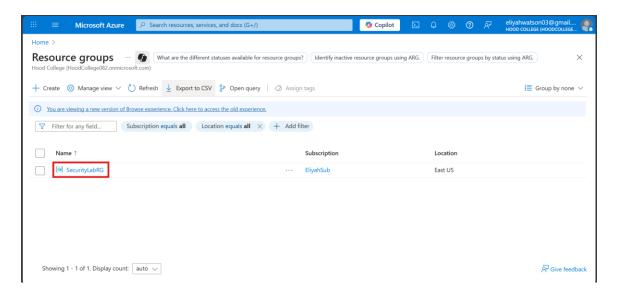
2. Prerequisites

Ensure you have the following before starting:

- An active Azure subscription (Pay-As-You-Go with free tier access)
- An active storage account
- Contributor or Owner permissions on the subscription
- -Optional: Familiarity with Azure Portal or Azure CLI

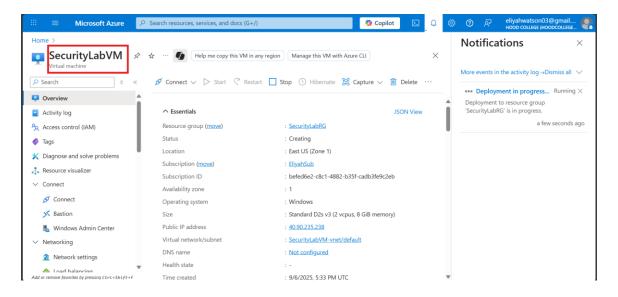
3. Step-by-Step Instructions

- 1. Create a Resource Group:
 - Navigate to Azure Portal > Resource Groups > Create.
 - Name: 'SecurityLabRG', Region: your preferred region.



2. Deploy a VM:

- Go to Azure Portal > Virtual Machines > Create.
- Name: 'SecurityLabVM', Size: B1s, Image: Windows Server 2025.
- Set administrator account's username and password.
- Use default settings for disk and networking.



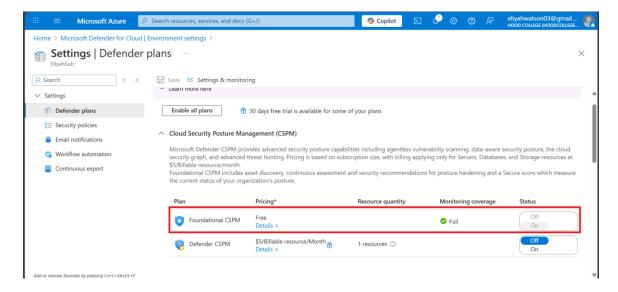
3. Configure NSG:

- Go to your VM > Networking > Network settings.
- Edit the Network Security Group attached to the VM.
- Allow inbound RDP (port 3389) only from your public IP address.



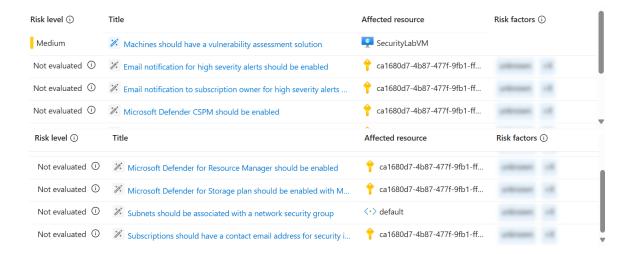
4. Enable Defender for Cloud:

- Go to Microsoft Defender for Cloud > Environment Settings.
- Select your subscription and enable Cloud Security Posture Management (CSPM).



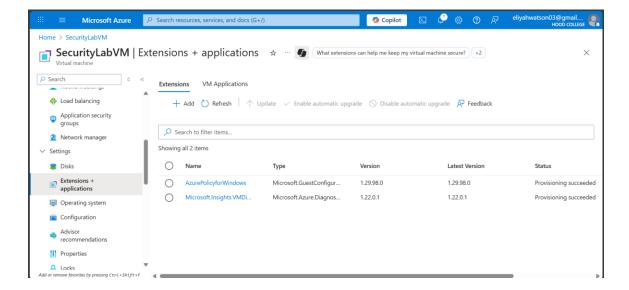
5. Review Security Recommendations:

- In Defender for Cloud, navigate to Recommendations.
- Review issues related to guest configuration, diagnostics, and NSG rules.

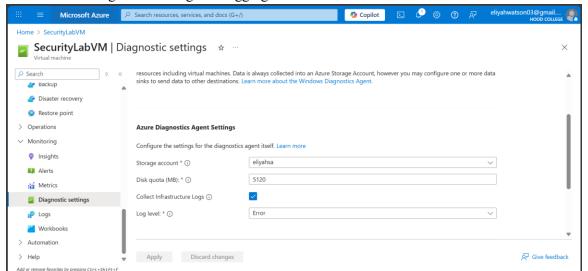


6. Remediate Issues:

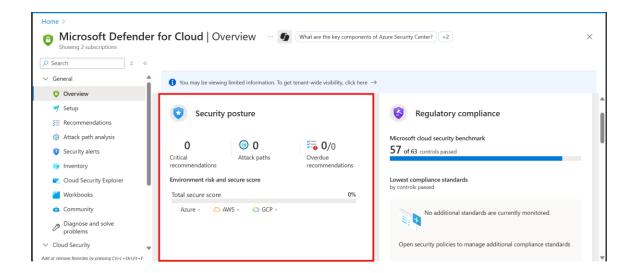
- Enable Azure Machine configuration extension for Windows Extension on the VM.



- Enable diagnostic settings for logging.



7. See Secure Score



4. Lessons Learned

- Secure Deployment Matters: I successfully deployed a virtual machine in Azure using hardened NSG rules, diagnostic logging, and Guest Configuration — all within the free-tier limits.
- Defender for Cloud Is Powerful (and Tricky): I learned how to navigate Microsoft Defender for Cloud's posture tools, distinguish between free and paid features, and avoid surprise charges while still improving security.
- Secure Score Isn't Everything: A low or zero Secure Score doesn't always mean poor security — it can reflect pending evaluations or missing premium features. I learned to interpret posture data critically and document real remediation steps.
- Cost Awareness Is a Skill: Avoiding paid Defender plans while still achieving compliance goals taught me how to balance security with budget constraints — a key skill for any IT professional.
- Documentation Is Key: I captured before/after screenshots, summarized remediation actions, and built a clear lab narrative that reflects both technical execution and strategic decision-making.