

rsudp: A Python package for real-time seismic monitoring with Raspberry Shake instruments

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Software

■ Review 🗗

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Statement of Need

The uses of low-cost seismographs in science and education are becoming more widely known as these devices become more popular (Anthony, Ringler, Wilson, & Wolin, 2018; Diaz, Schimmel, Ruiz, & Carbonell, 2020; Subedi, Hetényi, Denton, & Sauron, 2020; Walter et al., 2019). Raspberry Shake seismographs are commonly used in schools, by Shake community members, and other individuals having no formal training in seismology. The existence of this class of instruments highlighted the need for easy-to-use visualization and notification software to complement these devices. Because all Raspberry Shake instruments are able to forward data as user datagram protocol (UDP) packets, taking the opportunity to exploit the existence of this streaming data was obvious.

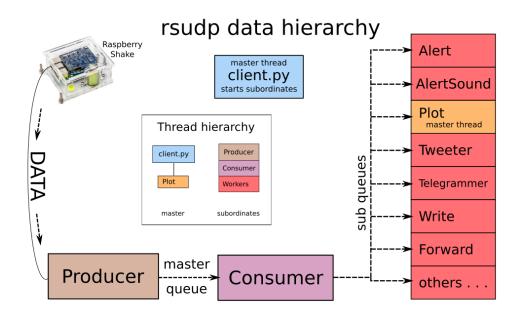


Figure 1: Chart of producer and consumer threads and the organization of data flow in rsudp. In order to maximize computational efficiency, features are broken into modules—each module constituting a thread—and data is passed to each module through an asynchronous queue. Inset: thread hierarchy and ownership chart, color-coded by function. Note that the Plot module is owned by the main thread, since matplotlib objects can only be created and destroyed by the main thread.

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Summary

rsudp is a multi-featured, continuous monitoring tool for both Raspberry Shake seismographs, used to record both weak and strong ground motion—and Raspberry Boom pressure transducer instruments, used to record infrasound waves. To encourage hands-on community involvement, rsudp is open-source, written in Python, and utilizes easy-to-use tools common to the seismology community, including matplotlib visualizations (Hunter, 2007) and the obspy seismic framework for Python (Beyreuther et al., 2010; Krischer et al., 2015; Megies, Beyreuther, Barsch, Krischer, & Wassermann, 2011). rsudp is multi-threaded and architected according to a modular producer-consumer data-flow paradigm (Figure 1). The detection algorithm employs a recursive short-term/long-term average ratio (STA/LTA) computation threshold function from obspy, executed repeatedly within a loop over the incoming data.

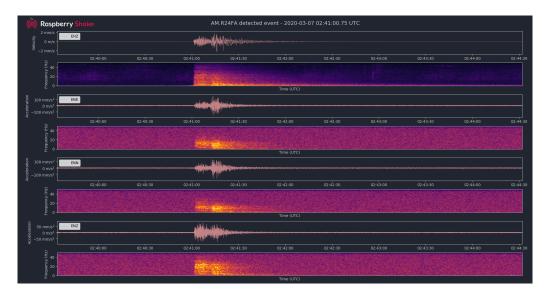


Figure 2: An earthquake trace plotted with a spectrogram on multiple data channels in rsudp. The spectrograms are a representation of the fraction of maximum frequency power of the signal on each channel over the duration of the plot. Note that the first channel is data recorded with a geophone (EHZ), and the next three are accelerometers (ENE, ENN, ENZ).

rsudp can be used by seismologists as a data analysis tool operating in real time, and as a way for students, citizen scientists, and other end-users to easily visualize and conceptualize live-streaming seismic data (Figure 2). Using the application's simple and straightforward framework, power-users can run their own custom code in the case of detected strong motion. The distribution already contains many useful data-processing modules, including: sound alerts, automated and instantaneous social media notifications, data-forwarding, real-time seismic amplitude (RSAM) forwarding, integrated logging, a miniSEED data archiver, and external script execution (for example, to control input/output pins or some other programmable action). The combination of speed, easy-to-interpret visualization, and ease of customization makes rsudp a valuable and instructive companion to the Raspberry Shake family of instruments for researchers, students, and amateur seismologists alike.

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